

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

4-Trig-functions/4.5-Secant/240-4.5.4.7

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3.209	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1783
3.210	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1791
3.211	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1799
3.212	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1808
3.213	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1816
3.214	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1824
3.215	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1832
3.216	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1841
3.217	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1851
3.218	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1863
3.219	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(c+dx))^4} dx$	1877
3.220	$\int (a - a\sec^2(c+dx))^{7/2} dx$	1888
3.221	$\int (a - a\sec^2(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$	1895
3.222	$\int (a - a\sec^2(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$	1902
3.223	$\int \sqrt{a - a\sec^2(c+dx)} dx$	1908
3.224	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a\sec^2(c+dx)}} dx$	1914
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{(a - a\sec^2(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1920
3.226	$\int \frac{1}{(a - a\sec^2(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1927
3.227	$\int \frac{1}{(a - a\sec^2(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	1934
3.228	$\int \sec^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1942
3.229	$\int \sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1954
3.230	$\int \sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1965
3.231	$\int \cos(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1974
3.232	$\int \cos^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1980
3.233	$\int \cos^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1989
3.234	$\int \sec^6(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1999
3.235	$\int \sec^4(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2008
3.236	$\int \sec^2(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2016
3.237	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2023
3.238	$\int \cos^2(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2031
3.239	$\int \cos^4(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2038
3.240	$\int \cos^6(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2046
3.241	$\int \sec^5(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	2055
3.242	$\int \sec^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	2067
3.243	$\int \sec(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	2078

3.244	$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2088
3.245	$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2097
3.246	$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2106
3.247	$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2115
3.248	$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2124
3.249	$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2132
3.250	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2140
3.251	$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2149
3.252	$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2158
3.253	$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2165
3.254	$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	2173
3.255	$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx$	2182
3.256	$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx$	2189
3.257	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2196
3.258	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2207
3.259	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2215
3.260	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2221
3.261	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2228
3.262	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2237
3.263	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2247
3.264	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2255
3.265	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2262
3.266	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2268
3.267	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2275
3.268	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2281
3.269	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2290
3.270	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2300
3.271	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2312
3.272	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2320
3.273	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2330
3.274	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2339
3.275	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2349

3.276	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2359
3.277	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2367
3.278	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2374
3.279	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2379
3.280	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2386
3.281	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2395
3.282	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2405
3.283	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2415
3.284	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2426
3.285	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2437
3.286	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2448
3.287	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2457
3.288	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2469
3.289	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2481
3.290	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2489
3.291	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2495
3.292	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2501
3.293	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2509
3.294	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2518
3.295	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2528
3.296	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2539
3.297	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sec^2(x)}} dx$	2548
3.298	$\int (d \sec(e+fx))^m (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2554
3.299	$\int \sec^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2559
3.300	$\int \sec(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2566
3.301	$\int \cos(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2573
3.302	$\int \cos^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2579
3.303	$\int \cos^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2585
3.304	$\int \sec^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2591
3.305	$\int \sec^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2598
3.306	$\int \sec^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2604
3.307	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2609

3.308	$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$	2615
3.309	$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$	2621
3.310	$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$	2627
3.311	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$	2633
3.312	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$	2640
3.313	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx$	2647
3.314	$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2652
3.315	$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2658
3.316	$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2664
3.317	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx$	2670
3.318	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx$	2677
3.319	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx$	2684
3.320	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2690
3.321	$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2695
3.322	$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2701
3.323	$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	2707
3.324	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx$	2714
3.325	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$	2721
3.326	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx$	2728
3.327	$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2735
3.328	$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2742
3.329	$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2749
3.330	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx$	2755
3.331	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx$	2762
3.332	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx$	2769
3.333	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2775
3.334	$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2781
3.335	$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2787
3.336	$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	2793
3.337	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2800
3.338	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2807
3.339	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2813
3.340	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2818
3.341	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2824
3.342	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2831
3.343	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2838
3.344	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2847

3.345	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2855
3.346	$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2862
3.347	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2869
3.348	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2877
3.349	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2886
3.350	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2897
3.351	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2904
3.352	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2910
3.353	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2916
3.354	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2923
3.355	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2930
3.356	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2938
3.357	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2947
3.358	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2955
3.359	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2964
3.360	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2972
3.361	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2982
3.362	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2993
3.363	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3005
3.364	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3012
3.365	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3019
3.366	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3026
3.367	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3034
3.368	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3042
3.369	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3050
3.370	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3060
3.371	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3070
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3080
3.373	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3089
3.374	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3100
3.375	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3112

3.376	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$	3125
3.377	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$	3133
3.378	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx$	3141
3.379	$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3148
3.380	$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3157
3.381	$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3166
3.382	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$	3176
3.383	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$	3187
3.384	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$	3197
3.385	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3206
3.386	$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3214
3.387	$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3221
3.388	$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	3228
3.389	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$	3237
3.390	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$	3245
3.391	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx$	3254
3.392	$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3262
3.393	$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3271
3.394	$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3280
3.395	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$	3290
3.396	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$	3301
3.397	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$	3312
3.398	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3322
3.399	$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3331
3.400	$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3340
3.401	$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3348
3.402	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3357
3.403	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3364
3.404	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3371
3.405	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3377
3.406	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3385
3.407	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3394
3.408	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3404
3.409	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3413
3.410	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3422

3.411	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3430
3.412	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3437
3.413	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3444
3.414	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3453
3.415	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3462
3.416	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3469
3.417	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3477
3.418	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3484
3.419	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3492
3.420	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3502
3.421	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3512
3.422	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3522
3.423	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3531
3.424	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3538
3.425	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3545
3.426	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3554
3.427	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3563
3.428	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3573
3.429	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3580
3.430	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3588
3.431	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3596
3.432	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3605
3.433	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3614
3.434	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3624
3.435	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3634
3.436	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3643
3.437	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3652
3.438	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3660
3.439	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3669

3.440	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3679
3.441	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p (d\tan(e+fx))^m dx$	3689
3.442	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3695
3.443	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3701
3.444	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan(e+fx) dx$	3707
3.445	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3712
3.446	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3718
3.447	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^4(e+fx) dx$	3725
3.448	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	3731
3.449	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3737
3.450	$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3743
3.451	$\int \cot^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3749
3.452	$\int (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3755
3.453	$\int (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3761
3.454	$\int (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) \tan(e+fx) dx$	3767
3.455	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) dx$	3773
3.456	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) dx$	3779
3.457	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3787
3.458	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3796
3.459	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3807
3.460	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3813
3.461	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3822
3.462	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p (d\tan(e+fx))^m dx$	3832
3.463	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3837
3.464	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3843
3.465	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan(e+fx) dx$	3849
3.466	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3855
3.467	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3860
3.468	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	3865
3.469	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3870
3.470	$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3875

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [470]. This is test number [240].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.57 (468)	0.43 (2)
Mathematica	93.19 (438)	6.81 (32)
Maple	91.49 (430)	8.51 (40)
Fricas	88.51 (416)	11.49 (54)
Maxima	61.70 (290)	38.30 (180)
Giac	61.06 (287)	38.94 (183)
Mupad	51.70 (243)	48.30 (227)
Reduce	46.60 (219)	53.40 (251)
Sympy	4.68 (22)	95.32 (448)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

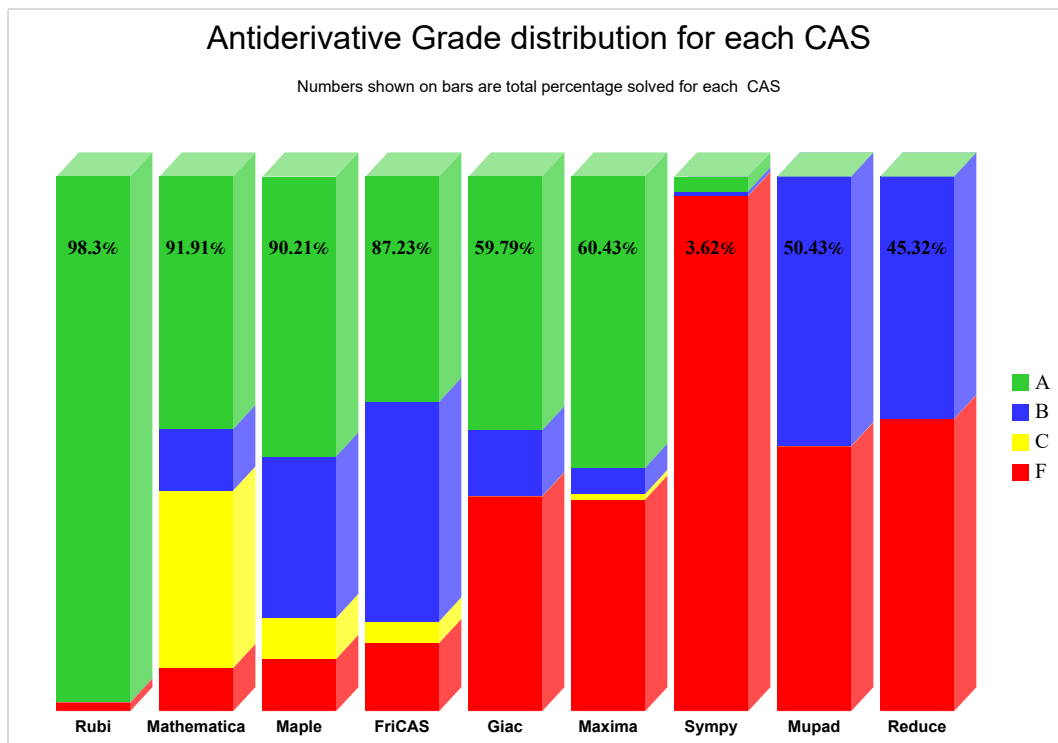
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

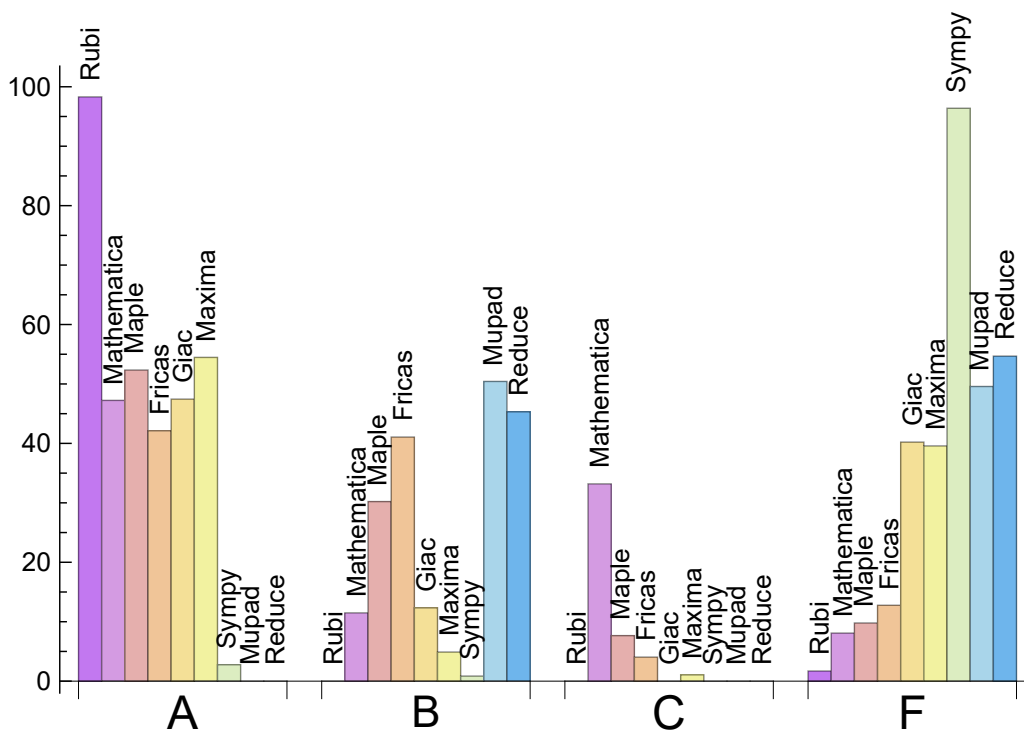
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	98.298	0.000	0.000	1.702
Maxima	54.468	4.894	1.064	39.574
Maple	52.340	30.213	7.660	9.787
Giac	47.447	12.340	0.000	40.213
Mathematica	47.234	11.489	33.191	8.085
Fricas	42.128	41.064	4.043	12.766
Sympy	2.766	0.851	0.000	96.383
Mupad	0.000	50.426	0.000	49.574
Reduce	0.000	45.319	0.000	54.681

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	2	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	32	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	40	97.50	2.50	0.00
Fricas	54	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	180	87.22	12.78	0.00
Giac	183	91.26	2.73	6.01
Mupad	227	0.00	100.00	0.00
Reduce	251	100.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	448	71.21	28.79	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.21
Giac	0.35
Rubi	0.35
Fricas	0.72
Reduce	1.21
Mathematica	3.30
Maple	9.18
Sympy	10.23
Mupad	14.49

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Sympy	73.41	1.68	63.50	1.31
Rubi	127.99	1.03	107.00	1.00
Maxima	223.76	2.82	101.50	1.19
Giac	254.11	2.24	117.00	1.29
Mathematica	414.37	3.55	166.00	1.52
Reduce	521.68	4.32	216.00	2.89
Fricas	608.75	4.44	401.00	3.62
Maple	653.60	3.92	147.00	1.29
Mupad	1563.74	11.06	105.00	1.18

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

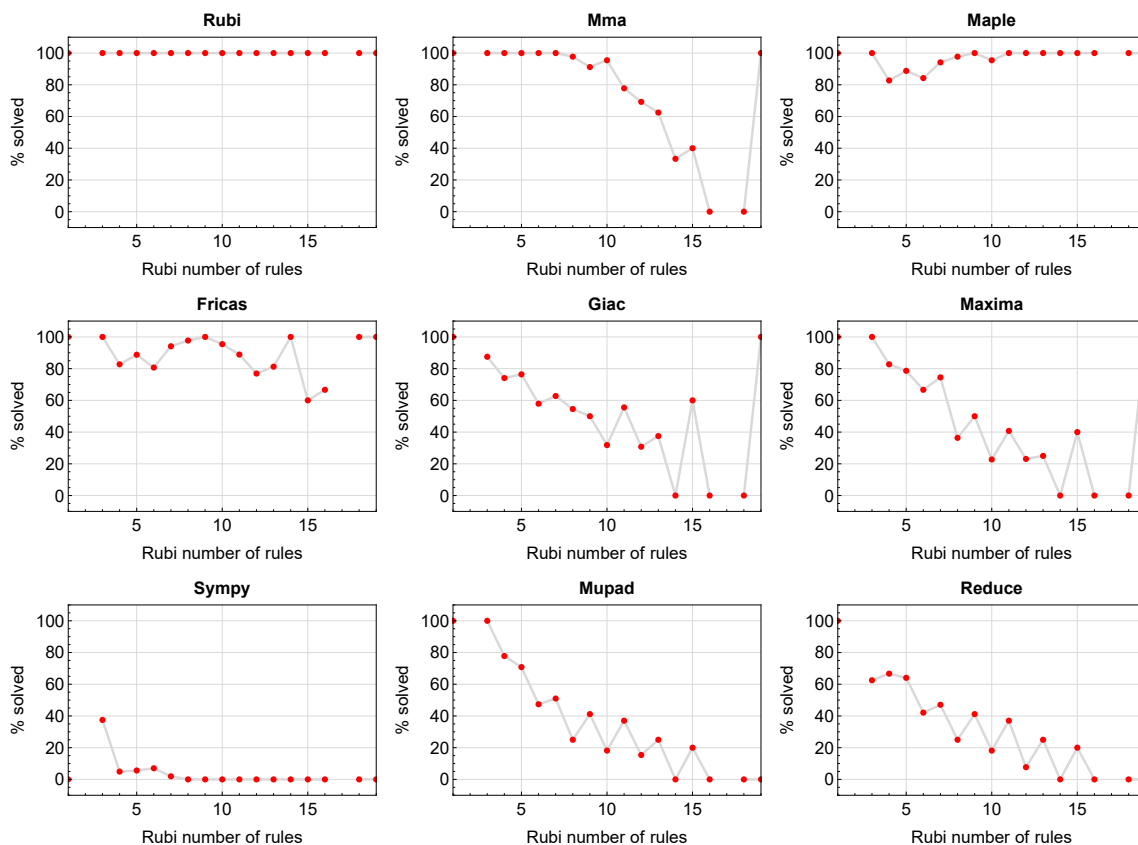


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

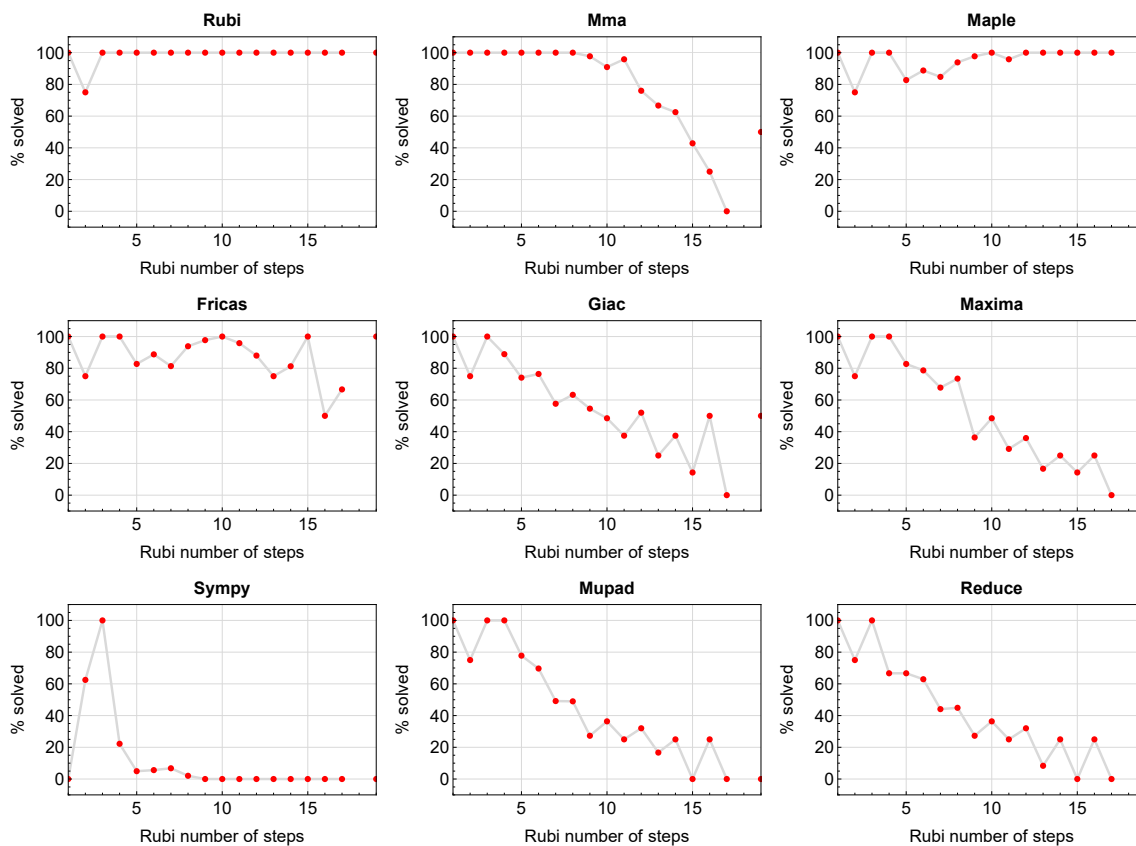


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

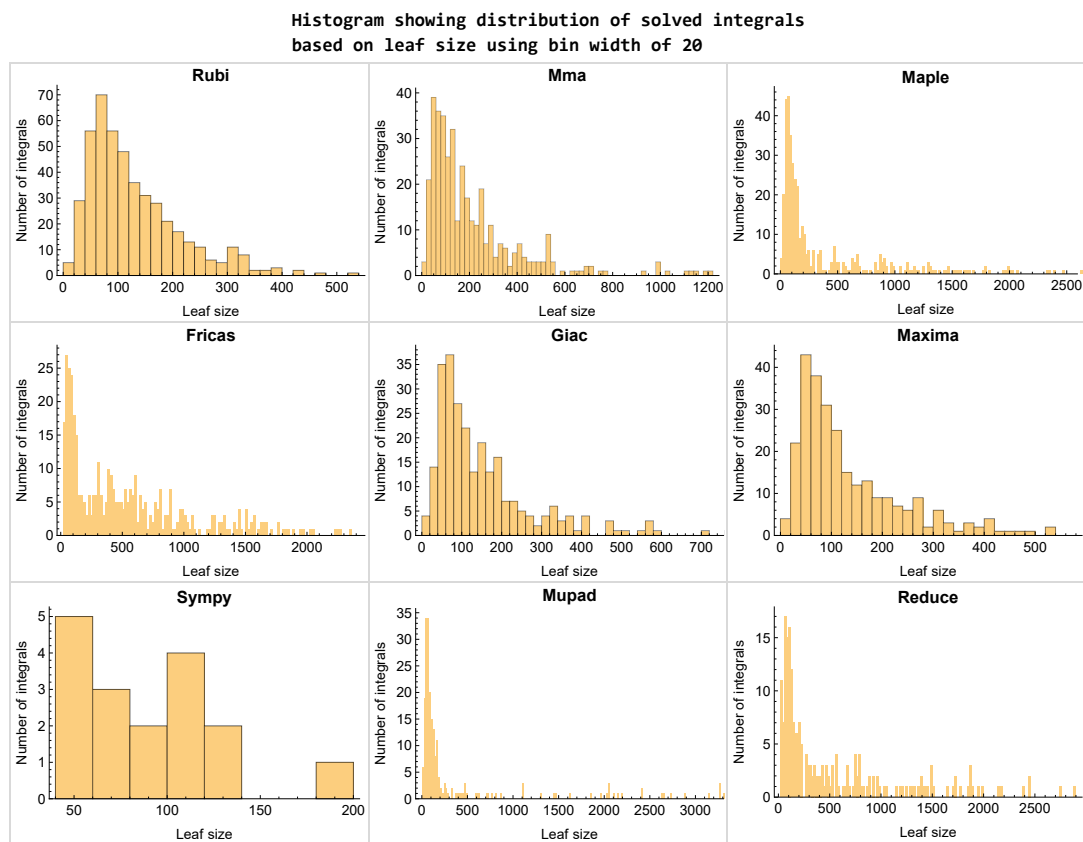


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

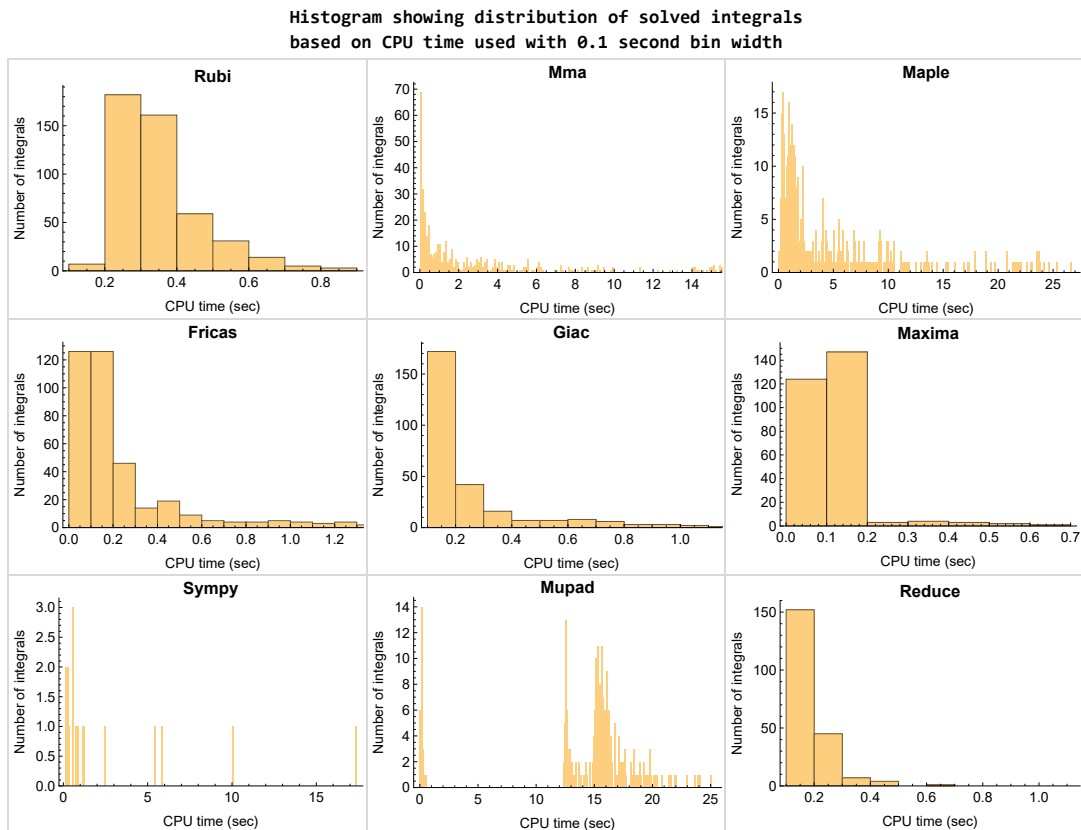


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

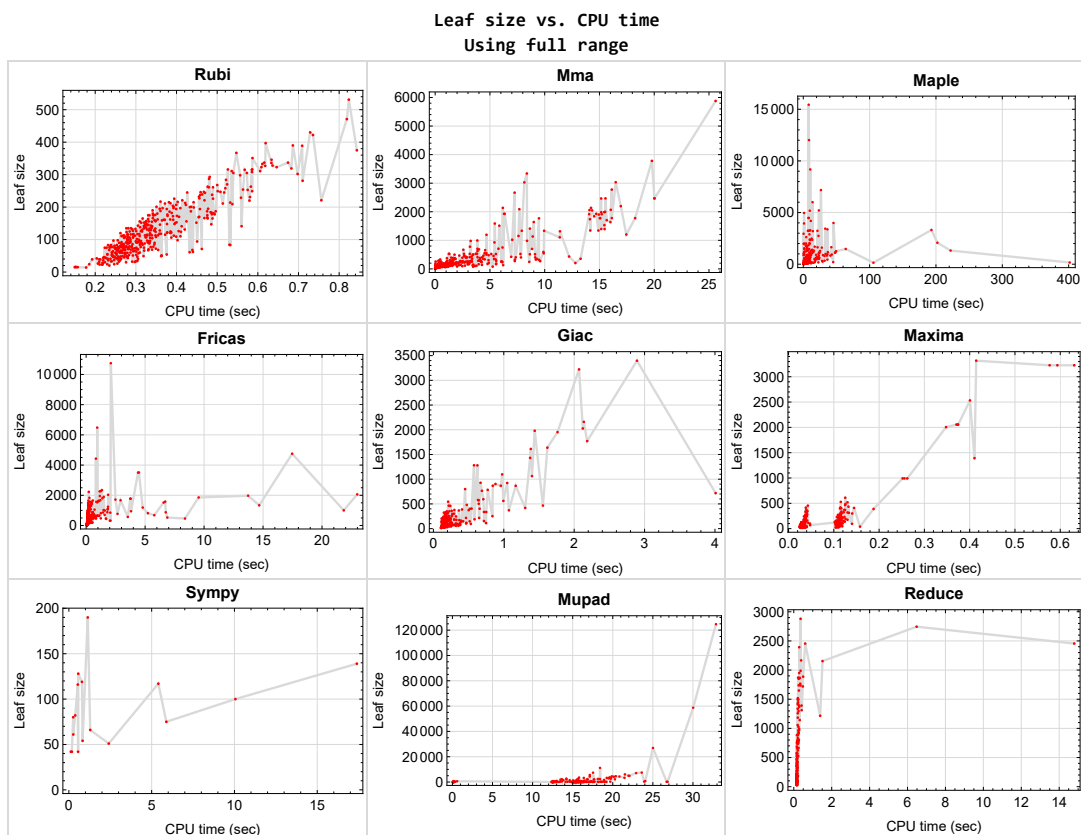


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{462, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {143, 304, 310, 311, 312, 324, 325, 326, 327, 337}

Mathematica {28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 75, 78, 88, 89, 91, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 180, 186, 187, 189, 193, 199, 201, 202, 205, 208,

211, 213, 214, 215, 217, 218, 219, 240, 250, 254, 264, 268, 269, 276, 277, 280, 281, 282, 289, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 307, 308, 309, 310, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 380, 384, 392, 393, 394, 397, 398, 399, 428, 429, 430, 437, 441, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 463, 464}

Maple {73, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 123, 124, 241, 247, 250, 251, 254, 255, 261, 262, 270, 271, 272, 273, 275, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 326, 380, 381, 382, 383, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 406, 407, 408, 409, 418, 419, 420, 421, 431, 432, 433}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'beselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'
```



```
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
```

```
if x is None:
    return 1
else:
    return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

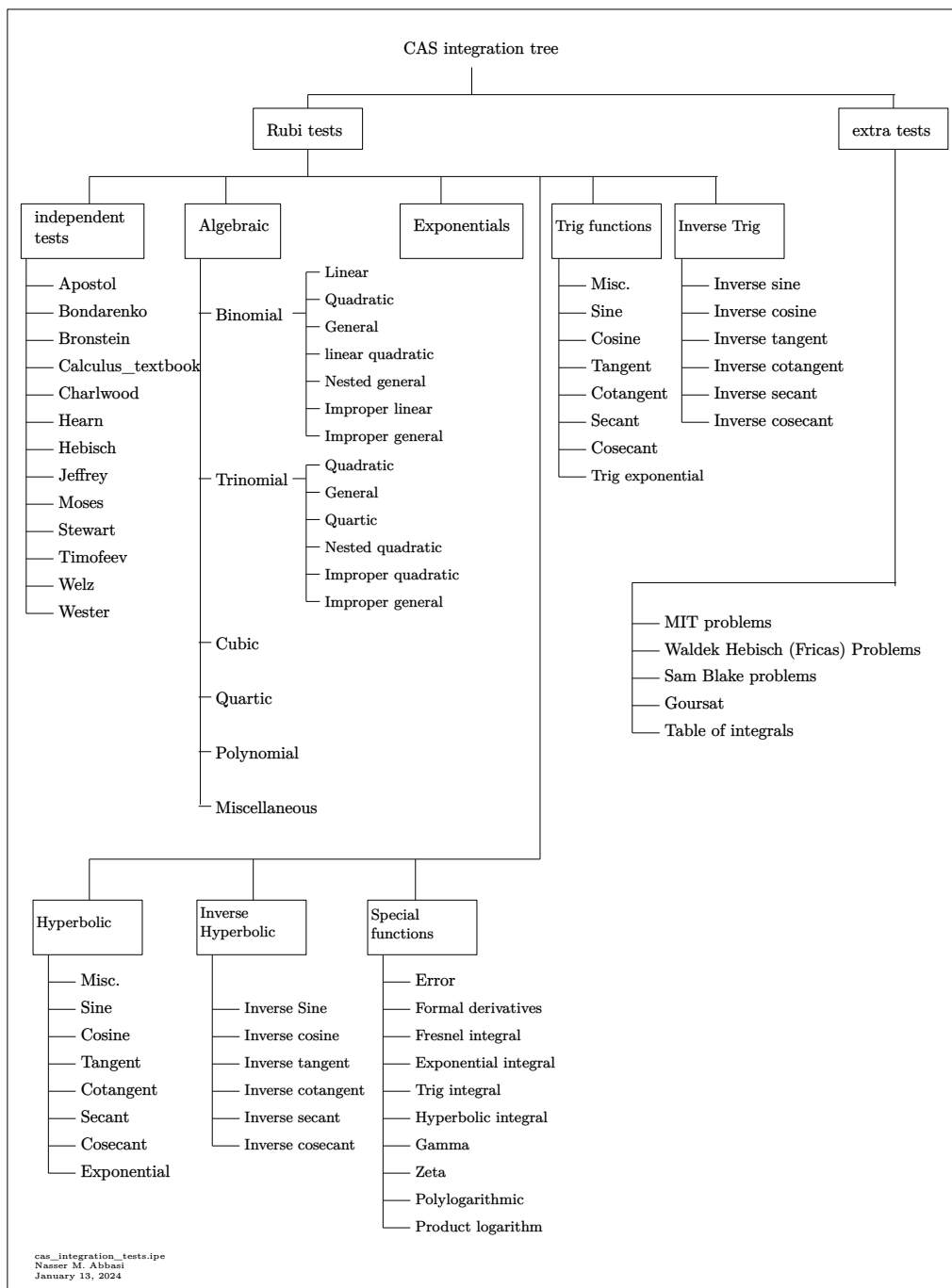
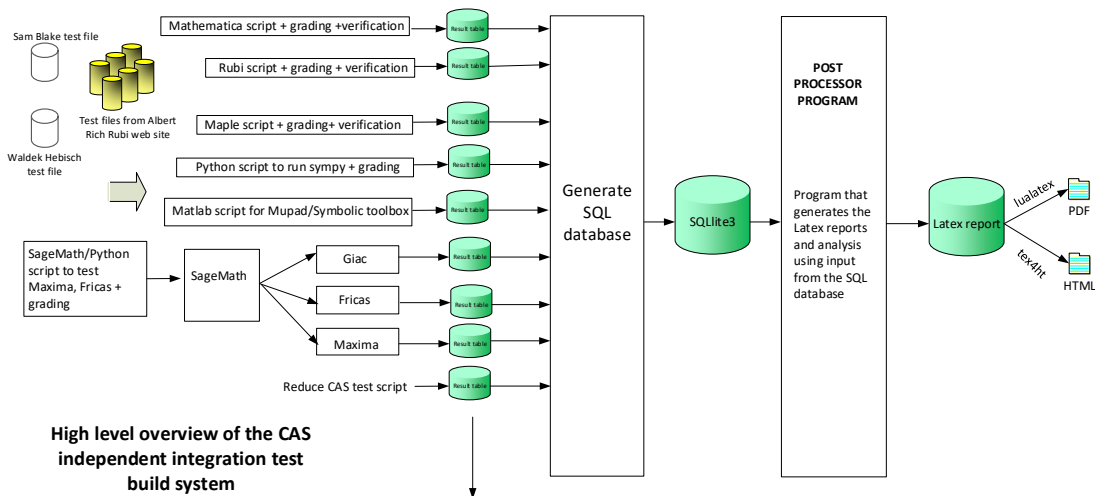


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

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Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 463, 464, 465

}

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 132, 298 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 129, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 188, 190, 191, 192, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 200, 203, 204, 206, 207, 209, 210, 212, 216, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 231, 238, 239, 245, 252, 253, 259, 267, 271, 278, 283, 290, 291, 304, 305, 306, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 333, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 376, 377, 379, 382, 383, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 395, 396, 402, 403, 404, 408, 409, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 421, 422, 425, 426, 427, 438, 439, 440, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 459, 463, 464, 465 }

B grade { 5, 6, 7, 18, 19, 21, 25, 27, 102, 115, 125, 126, 127, 132, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 236, 256, 265, 266, 279, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 307, 308, 309, 310, 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 378, 411, 423, 424, 434, 435, 436, 441, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451 }

C grade { 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 98, 110, 111, 122, 123, 124, 128, 148, 149, 150, 151, 180, 186, 187, 189, 193, 199, 201, 202, 205, 208, 211, 213, 214, 215, 217, 218, 219, 232, 234, 235, 237, 240, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 254, 255, 260, 263, 264, 268, 269, 272, 276, 277, 280, 281, 282, 284, 289, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 321, 322, 323, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 380, 384, 385, 391, 392, 393, 394, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 405, 410, 417, 428, 429, 430, 437, 457, 458, 460, 461 }

F normal fail { 73, 74, 86, 228, 229, 230, 233, 241, 242, 243, 244, 257, 258, 261, 262, 270, 273, 274, 275, 285, 286, 287, 288, 381, 406, 407, 418, 419, 420, 431, 432, 433 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 82, 93, 94, 95, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 129, 130, 131, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 278, 290, 291, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 378, 391, 404, 417, 430, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 459, 461 }

B grade { 19, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 109, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 289, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 376, 377, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440 }

C grade { 26, 144, 145, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 457, 458, 460 }

F normal fail { 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 463, 464, 465 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 112 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 47, 48, 49, 54, 55, 56, 60, 61, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 74, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 112, 113, 116, 117, 119, 120, 121, 125, 126, 129, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 198, 203, 204, 205, 218, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 234, 235, 239, 240, 247, 248, 249, 253, 263, 268, 269, 281, 282, 290, 295, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 321, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 345, 346, 350, 351, 352, 353, 363, 364, 365, 382, 395, 396, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 459 }

B grade { 5, 6, 7, 11, 18, 19, 20, 33, 39, 40, 44, 45, 46, 50, 51, 52, 53, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 88, 89, 97, 98, 101, 102, 109, 110, 111, 114, 115, 118, 122, 123, 124, 127, 128, 130, 131, 149, 150, 151, 161, 186, 187, 188, 197, 199, 200, 201, 202, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 219, 236, 237, 238, 250, 251, 252, 254, 255, 256, 264, 265, 266, 267, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 289, 291, 292, 293, 294, 296, 297, 320, 322, 323, 335, 336, 342, 343, 344, 347, 348, 349, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440 }

C grade { 228, 229, 230, 241, 242, 243, 257, 258, 259, 270, 271, 272, 283, 284, 285, 457, 458, 460, 461 }

F normal fail { 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 231, 232, 233, 244, 245, 246, 260, 261, 262, 273, 274, 275, 286, 287, 288, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 463, 464, 465 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 67, 68, 69, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 129, 130, 131, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 235, 236, 247, 248, 249, 263, 264, 265, 276, 277, 278, 290, 291, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461 }

B grade { 33, 46, 53, 58, 59, 64, 65, 66, 102, 115, 219, 234, 266, 279, 289, 297, 355, 367, 368, 411, 416, 423, 424 }

C grade { 76, 237, 256, 379, 385 }

F normal fail { 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 109, 112, 113, 114, 122, 125, 126, 127, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 293, 294, 295, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 376, 377, 378, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 412, 413, 415, 417, 418, 422, 425, 430, 431, 434, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 463, 464, 465 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 110, 111, 123, 124, 128, 292, 296, 414, 419, 420, 421, 426, 427, 428, 429, 432, 433, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 81, 82, 94, 95, 96, 107, 108, 120, 121, 144, 145, 146, 147, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 225, 226, 227, 238, 239, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461 }

B grade { 33, 67, 70, 71, 72, 80, 93, 97, 98, 109, 110, 111, 119, 122, 123, 124, 148, 149, 150, 151, 222, 223, 278, 290, 291, 321, 322, 323, 335, 336, 355, 367, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 389, 390, 391, 392, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 415, 416, 417, 419, 420, 428, 429, 430, 432, 433 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 101, 102, 104, 105, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 224, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 408, 409, 410, 411, 413, 414, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 449, 450, 451, 463, 464, 465 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 99, 100, 103, 106, 412 }

F(-2) exception fail { 83, 84, 85, 393, 394, 418, 431, 445, 446, 447, 448 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 82, 95, 103, 104, 105, 108, 116, 117, 121, 129, 135, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 278, 290, 291, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 378, 391, 404, 417, 430, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 118, 119, 120, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 376, 377, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 463, 464, 465 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 162, 312, 313, 317, 318, 319, 325, 326, 417, 430, 452, 453, 454 }

B grade { 311, 324, 339, 459 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 63, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 82, 83, 89, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 140, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 163, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 206, 207, 208, 212, 213, 214, 215, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 241, 242, 243, 244, 247, 248, 249, 250, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 296, 297, 298, 300, 306, 307, 314, 315, 316, 320, 321, 322, 323, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 337, 338, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 369, 370, 371, 372, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 443, 444, 445, 448, 449, 455, 456, 457, 458, 460, 461, 464, 465 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 8, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 40, 41, 42, 46, 47, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 73, 79, 80, 81, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 106, 107, 119, 120, 125, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 141, 142, 143, 164, 170, 177, 184, 185, 192, 197, 198, 205, 209, 210, 211, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 232, 233, 240, 245, 246, 251, 252, 253, 261, 262, 274, 275, 287, 288, 295, 299, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 308, 309, 310, 336, 351, 352, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 373, 374, 375, 393, 394, 400, 401, 441, 442, 446, 447, 450, 451, 463, 467 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 459 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 457, 458, 460, 461, 463, 464, 465 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	74	120	98	73	75	0	90	136	70
N.S.	1	0.89	1.45	1.18	0.88	0.90	0.00	1.08	1.64	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.281	1.259	0.026	0.077	0.000	0.163	0.149	0.084

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	59	88	81	58	60	0	68	106	55
N.S.	1	0.89	1.33	1.23	0.88	0.91	0.00	1.03	1.61	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.172	1.050	0.029	0.074	0.000	0.174	0.153	12.506

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	40	53	62	40	42	0	45	125	39
N.S.	1	0.91	1.20	1.41	0.91	0.95	0.00	1.02	2.84	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.127	0.914	0.027	0.076	0.000	0.132	0.151	0.069

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	23	35	25	25	27	0	25	34	25
N.S.	1	0.96	1.46	1.04	1.04	1.12	0.00	1.04	1.42	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.028	0.337	0.025	0.077	0.000	0.156	0.150	0.044

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	26	58	38	44	60	0	50	59	29
N.S.	1	0.96	2.15	1.41	1.63	2.22	0.00	1.85	2.19	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.149	0.299	0.028	0.080	0.000	0.135	0.148	0.092

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	60	236	90	76	124	0	90	138	62
N.S.	1	1.13	4.45	1.70	1.43	2.34	0.00	1.70	2.60	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.450	0.810	0.034	0.084	0.000	0.133	0.153	12.534

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	97	198	120	101	178	0	112	160	86
N.S.	1	1.20	2.44	1.48	1.25	2.20	0.00	1.38	1.98	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	1.471	0.925	0.029	0.084	0.000	0.182	0.186	12.518

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	124	78	89	111	86	0	104	132	105
N.S.	1	1.27	0.80	0.91	1.13	0.88	0.00	1.06	1.35	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.424	1.180	0.105	0.082	0.000	0.191	0.159	13.063

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	90	54	71	82	68	0	82	102	79
N.S.	1	1.29	0.77	1.01	1.17	0.97	0.00	1.17	1.46	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.397	0.975	0.107	0.079	0.000	0.134	0.158	12.625

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	55	54	46	47	50	0	47	61	35
N.S.	1	1.31	1.29	1.10	1.12	1.19	0.00	1.12	1.45	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.107	0.451	0.110	0.072	0.000	0.148	0.153	12.539

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	16	15	31	0	15	31	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.07	1.00	2.07	0.00	1.00	2.07	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.150	0.003	0.719	0.027	0.073	0.000	0.108	0.154	12.513

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	24	36	43	26	39	0	26	48	28
N.S.	1	0.92	1.38	1.65	1.00	1.50	0.00	1.00	1.85	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.228	0.800	0.032	0.066	0.000	0.142	0.151	12.540

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	41	84	73	43	66	0	50	72	46
N.S.	1	0.89	1.83	1.59	0.93	1.43	0.00	1.09	1.57	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.194	1.357	0.034	0.065	0.000	0.154	0.155	12.603

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	60	128	89	64	91	0	76	94	60
N.S.	1	0.88	1.88	1.31	0.94	1.34	0.00	1.12	1.38	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.209	1.500	0.037	0.074	0.000	0.172	0.206	12.717

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	86	118	155	89	90	0	115	261	87
N.S.	1	0.89	1.22	1.60	0.92	0.93	0.00	1.19	2.69	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	1.108	1.397	0.031	0.084	0.000	0.153	0.166	12.425

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	65	83	69	67	67	0	77	474	66
N.S.	1	0.90	1.15	0.96	0.93	0.93	0.00	1.07	6.58	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.833	1.123	0.032	0.077	0.000	0.181	0.162	12.506

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	41	75	42	42	44	0	43	138	45
N.S.	1	0.89	1.63	0.91	0.91	0.96	0.00	0.93	3.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.080	0.474	0.035	0.076	0.000	0.129	0.160	0.058

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	48	108	94	82	101	0	95	266	53
N.S.	1	0.92	2.08	1.81	1.58	1.94	0.00	1.83	5.12	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.839	0.521	0.032	0.082	0.000	0.124	0.160	0.118

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	117	1021	163	126	193	0	147	408	96
N.S.	1	1.46	12.76	2.04	1.58	2.41	0.00	1.84	5.10	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	7.037	1.213	0.028	0.083	0.000	0.124	0.159	12.535

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	162	218	211	165	286	0	191	446	135
N.S.	1	1.34	1.80	1.74	1.36	2.36	0.00	1.58	3.69	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	1.962	1.499	0.038	0.089	0.000	0.185	0.161	12.602

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	168	499	165	164	131	0	183	353	163
N.S.	1	1.19	3.54	1.17	1.16	0.93	0.00	1.30	2.50	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	1.766	1.770	0.112	0.094	0.000	0.295	0.184	12.944

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	129	153	100	120	107	0	123	275	116
N.S.	1	1.19	1.42	0.93	1.11	0.99	0.00	1.14	2.55	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	1.670	1.469	0.102	0.082	0.000	0.191	0.170	12.524

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	76	126	71	67	81	0	67	167	94
N.S.	1	1.17	1.94	1.09	1.03	1.25	0.00	1.03	2.57	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	1.351	0.746	0.112	0.079	0.000	0.150	0.159	12.652

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	44	41	46	44	58	0	49	106	42
N.S.	1	1.10	1.02	1.15	1.10	1.45	0.00	1.22	2.65	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.316	1.294	0.026	0.082	0.000	0.164	0.160	12.436

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	45	109	96	54	71	0	60	124	56
N.S.	1	0.90	2.18	1.92	1.08	1.42	0.00	1.20	2.48	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	1.354	0.959	0.030	0.072	0.000	0.191	0.156	12.479

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	68	151	130	80	101	0	98	145	85
N.S.	1	0.89	1.99	1.71	1.05	1.33	0.00	1.29	1.91	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	3.480	1.539	0.032	0.073	0.000	0.242	0.155	12.545

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	92	353	154	107	139	0	141	200	108
N.S.	1	0.89	3.43	1.50	1.04	1.35	0.00	1.37	1.94	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	1.868	1.839	0.030	0.073	0.000	0.193	0.156	12.817

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	91	425	115	102	229	0	146	315	123
N.S.	1	0.93	4.34	1.17	1.04	2.34	0.00	1.49	3.21	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	2.825	1.688	0.116	0.105	0.000	0.138	0.183	12.458

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	69	376	67	63	154	0	85	182	76
N.S.	1	0.97	5.30	0.94	0.89	2.17	0.00	1.20	2.56	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	1.077	0.915	0.112	0.094	0.000	0.137	0.221	0.109

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	46	329	44	40	118	0	42	76	39
N.S.	1	0.98	7.00	0.94	0.85	2.51	0.00	0.89	1.62	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.459	0.418	0.106	0.093	0.000	0.140	0.156	12.398

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	54	239	71	64	156	0	73	84	123
N.S.	1	0.98	4.35	1.29	1.16	2.84	0.00	1.33	1.53	2.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	1.013	0.421	0.111	0.102	0.000	0.167	0.158	0.199

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	99	371	115	128	327	0	140	162	392
N.S.	1	1.15	4.31	1.34	1.49	3.80	0.00	1.63	1.88	4.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	1.792	0.557	0.112	0.123	0.000	0.149	0.161	12.987

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	155	549	181	231	693	0	233	268	870
N.S.	1	1.20	4.26	1.40	1.79	5.37	0.00	1.81	2.08	6.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	4.677	0.728	0.117	0.148	0.000	0.138	0.168	15.937

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	199	357	170	209	428	0	237	384	1448
N.S.	1	1.20	2.15	1.02	1.26	2.58	0.00	1.43	2.31	8.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	3.374	2.303	0.110	0.120	0.000	0.174	0.196	13.844

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	141	303	119	137	332	0	152	230	494
N.S.	1	1.21	2.59	1.02	1.17	2.84	0.00	1.30	1.97	4.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	1.341	1.210	0.124	0.107	0.000	0.159	0.176	12.753

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	91	245	78	77	257	0	92	104	111
N.S.	1	1.20	3.22	1.03	1.01	3.38	0.00	1.21	1.37	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.549	0.697	0.116	0.110	0.000	0.172	0.204	12.666

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	182	46	44	231	0	65	85	460
N.S.	1	1.00	4.04	1.02	0.98	5.13	0.00	1.44	1.89	10.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	1.384	0.332	0.110	0.098	0.000	0.149	0.157	12.657

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	52	189	52	50	271	0	71	120	46
N.S.	1	0.96	3.50	0.96	0.93	5.02	0.00	1.31	2.22	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.920	0.449	0.111	0.105	0.000	0.191	0.158	12.507

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	77	226	69	82	397	0	103	204	80
N.S.	1	1.01	2.97	0.91	1.08	5.22	0.00	1.36	2.68	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	1.974	0.587	0.115	0.110	0.000	0.150	0.164	12.418

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	97	318	93	137	587	0	173	329	112
N.S.	1	0.92	3.03	0.89	1.30	5.59	0.00	1.65	3.13	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	1.671	0.764	0.102	0.112	0.000	0.244	0.189	12.944

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	136	454	159	148	405	0	206	782	195
N.S.	1	0.95	3.17	1.11	1.03	2.83	0.00	1.44	5.47	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	5.330	3.409	0.106	0.114	0.000	0.117	0.254	0.152

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	107	403	102	104	297	0	133	523	130
N.S.	1	0.94	3.54	0.89	0.91	2.61	0.00	1.17	4.59	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	2.911	1.915	0.115	0.114	0.000	0.114	0.234	0.137

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	393	69	70	201	0	72	525	72
N.S.	1	0.99	4.68	0.82	0.83	2.39	0.00	0.86	6.25	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	2.482	0.869	0.110	0.099	0.000	0.147	0.170	12.363

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	106	384	103	138	390	0	150	530	2188
N.S.	1	1.07	3.88	1.04	1.39	3.94	0.00	1.52	5.35	22.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	1.636	0.643	0.107	0.141	0.000	0.176	0.171	13.660

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	157	468	148	231	698	0	235	770	1845
N.S.	1	1.07	3.18	1.01	1.57	4.75	0.00	1.60	5.24	12.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	2.203	0.793	0.107	0.161	0.000	0.195	0.207	13.478

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	221	450	213	369	1202	0	325	895	4338
N.S.	1	1.12	2.28	1.08	1.87	6.10	0.00	1.65	4.54	22.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	2.659	1.059	0.125	0.200	0.000	0.201	0.231	17.136

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	298	2468	204	302	674	0	294	967	1461
N.S.	1	1.12	9.24	0.76	1.13	2.52	0.00	1.10	3.62	5.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	20.020	4.392	0.117	0.145	0.000	0.171	0.280	14.623

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	213	1105	147	205	522	0	193	664	435
N.S.	1	1.12	5.79	0.77	1.07	2.73	0.00	1.01	3.48	2.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	11.371	2.537	0.111	0.125	0.000	0.179	0.252	13.653

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	145	699	109	126	441	0	149	663	816
N.S.	1	1.12	5.38	0.84	0.97	3.39	0.00	1.15	5.10	6.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	8.846	1.408	0.112	0.120	0.000	0.194	0.186	13.015

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	111	240	90	106	435	0	114	562	2056
N.S.	1	1.21	2.61	0.98	1.15	4.73	0.00	1.24	6.11	22.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	2.707	0.494	0.114	0.125	0.000	0.168	0.169	14.229

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	92	242	78	117	407	0	127	427	91
N.S.	1	1.01	2.66	0.86	1.29	4.47	0.00	1.40	4.69	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	2.246	0.650	0.115	0.114	0.000	0.162	0.192	12.501

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	125	303	106	193	663	0	185	735	141
N.S.	1	1.02	2.46	0.86	1.57	5.39	0.00	1.50	5.98	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	4.873	0.882	0.115	0.147	0.000	0.225	0.215	13.421

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	195	777	124	268	987	0	254	927	198
N.S.	1	1.32	5.25	0.84	1.81	6.67	0.00	1.72	6.26	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	3.178	1.129	0.115	0.147	0.000	0.261	0.250	14.375

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	214	1641	190	204	579	0	254	1391	255
N.S.	1	1.07	8.20	0.95	1.02	2.90	0.00	1.27	6.96	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	9.004	7.334	0.111	0.142	0.000	0.221	0.412	12.510

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	152	1153	125	149	439	0	165	1390	172
N.S.	1	0.99	7.49	0.81	0.97	2.85	0.00	1.07	9.03	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	7.606	4.056	0.122	0.122	0.000	0.122	0.290	0.151

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	120	656	83	103	299	0	89	1410	105
N.S.	1	1.03	5.66	0.72	0.89	2.58	0.00	0.77	12.16	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	4.566	2.148	0.110	0.111	0.000	0.124	0.221	0.138

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	173	447	156	261	779	0	245	1447	3557
N.S.	1	1.12	2.90	1.01	1.69	5.06	0.00	1.59	9.40	23.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	2.672	1.178	0.114	0.203	0.000	0.161	0.227	15.792

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	237	532	198	399	1332	0	329	1863	2728
N.S.	1	1.11	2.50	0.93	1.87	6.25	0.00	1.54	8.75	12.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	3.705	1.339	0.114	0.244	0.000	0.194	0.285	14.206

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	284	549	259	528	1833	0	462	1988	5613
N.S.	1	1.11	2.14	1.01	2.05	7.13	0.00	1.80	7.74	21.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	4.511	1.724	0.115	0.275	0.000	0.239	0.359	17.132

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	346	1639	247	418	930	0	351	1719	2117
N.S.	1	1.10	5.22	0.79	1.33	2.96	0.00	1.12	5.47	6.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	15.999	8.401	0.115	0.180	0.000	0.227	0.477	15.567

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	261	2469	193	299	803	0	306	1736	1317
N.S.	1	1.10	10.37	0.81	1.26	3.37	0.00	1.29	7.29	5.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	20.024	4.609	0.141	0.163	0.000	0.204	0.352	15.051

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	216	1915	155	272	815	0	208	1738	2628
N.S.	1	1.17	10.41	0.84	1.48	4.43	0.00	1.13	9.45	14.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	14.057	3.026	0.114	0.156	0.000	0.246	0.257	15.713

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	175	332	147	231	819	0	196	1496	3271
N.S.	1	1.22	2.31	1.02	1.60	5.69	0.00	1.36	10.39	22.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	5.519	1.152	0.115	0.141	0.000	0.215	0.216	16.389

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	132	749	97	219	615	0	177	922	146
N.S.	1	1.06	6.04	0.78	1.77	4.96	0.00	1.43	7.44	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	6.148	1.185	0.116	0.130	0.000	0.326	0.262	13.177

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	166	994	140	323	1009	0	264	1367	207
N.S.	1	1.01	6.06	0.85	1.97	6.15	0.00	1.61	8.34	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	3.848	1.311	0.122	0.163	0.000	0.263	0.286	14.656

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	249	479	180	434	1423	0	367	1865	267
N.S.	1	1.20	2.30	0.87	2.09	6.84	0.00	1.76	8.97	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	4.881	1.816	0.132	0.175	0.000	0.361	0.321	15.135

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	143	152	326	171	306	0	1281	24	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.09	2.35	1.23	2.20	0.00	9.22	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.620	5.246	0.116	0.234	0.000	0.577	0.172	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	95	120	236	116	243	0	85	24	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.20	2.36	1.16	2.43	0.00	0.85	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.255	4.056	0.113	0.218	0.000	0.210	0.158	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	64	99	93	88	193	0	55	22	87
N.S.	1	0.97	1.50	1.41	1.33	2.92	0.00	0.83	0.33	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.094	0.240	0.114	0.208	0.000	0.176	0.162	12.862

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	80	119	554	0	536	0	405	22	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.45	6.76	0.00	6.54	0.00	4.94	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.091	3.984	0.000	0.161	0.000	0.543	0.167	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	131	163	1244	0	907	0	578	24	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.31	10.03	0.00	7.31	0.00	4.66	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.299	4.069	0.000	0.227	0.000	0.633	0.163	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	207	209	2007	0	1516	0	867	24	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.14	10.97	0.00	8.28	0.00	4.74	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	1.074	4.122	0.000	0.453	0.000	0.958	0.165	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	270	0	831	0	1715	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.00	3.46	0.00	7.15	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.000	35.727	0.000	2.485	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	197	0	645	0	1565	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	3.56	0.00	8.65	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.000	21.786	0.000	0.863	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	127	432	481	0	1417	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.51	3.91	0.00	11.52	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	3.327	18.800	0.000	0.402	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	C	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	77	284	351	3227	1227	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	0.97	3.59	4.44	40.85	15.53	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	1.373	17.822	0.631	0.298	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	66	61	324	50	306	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.90	4.76	0.74	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.176	17.876	0.035	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	100	285	589	82	436	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.95	2.71	5.61	0.78	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	5.574	18.878	0.032	0.272	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	157	422	903	143	656	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.05	2.83	6.06	0.96	4.40	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	6.943	19.313	0.038	1.117	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	175	188	498	277	362	0	1952	61	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.96	2.54	1.41	1.85	0.00	9.96	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.984	16.865	0.115	0.334	0.000	1.763	0.225	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	144	164	399	250	289	0	146	61	0
N.S.	1	0.89	1.01	2.46	1.54	1.78	0.00	0.90	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.524	9.302	0.113	0.313	0.000	0.396	0.236	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	98	73	121	142	242	0	87	57	61
N.S.	1	0.98	0.73	1.21	1.42	2.42	0.00	0.87	0.57	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.475	0.219	0.109	0.238	0.000	0.196	0.226	14.111

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	119	171	1466	0	755	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.40	12.02	0.00	6.19	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.424	8.936	0.000	0.224	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	162	202	2037	0	1024	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.25	12.65	0.00	6.36	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	1.062	9.216	0.000	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	226	262	2890	0	1551	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.20	13.26	0.00	7.11	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	2.553	9.266	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	311	0	1172	0	1855	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	3.93	0.00	6.22	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.606	0.000	37.056	0.000	9.540	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	221	225	961	0	1667	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.04	4.43	0.00	7.68	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	3.126	36.352	0.000	2.919	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	159	493	825	0	1535	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.99	3.06	5.12	0.00	9.53	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	3.439	23.526	0.000	0.937	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	116	527	673	0	1457	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.98	4.47	5.70	0.00	12.35	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	3.167	20.885	0.000	0.439	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	103	64	616	98	370	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.61	5.87	0.93	3.52	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.184	20.866	0.032	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	154	163	654	243	472	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.95	3.80	1.41	2.74	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	5.555	21.831	0.040	1.243	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	188	512	999	273	682	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.90	2.45	4.78	1.31	3.26	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	8.643	23.002	0.037	5.777	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	126	93	89	162	87	0	928	38	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.76	0.72	1.32	0.71	0.00	7.54	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.775	2.409	0.035	0.101	0.000	0.669	0.170	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	72	64	58	83	57	0	59	38	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.86	0.78	1.12	0.77	0.00	0.80	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.156	2.125	0.035	0.089	0.000	0.319	0.169	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	48	31	28	37	0	31	36	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.60	1.03	0.93	1.23	0.00	1.03	1.20	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.086	0.398	0.026	0.082	0.000	0.179	0.172	13.296

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	86	247	0	149	0	49	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.00	5.74	0.00	3.47	0.00	1.14	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.082	1.326	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.192	0.170	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	93	140	567	0	314	0	480	38	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.61	6.52	0.00	3.61	0.00	5.52	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.631	1.409	0.000	0.149	0.000	0.474	0.173	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	157	78	975	0	500	0	785	38	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.57	7.07	0.00	3.62	0.00	5.69	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.120	1.443	0.000	0.179	0.000	0.771	0.163	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	215	163	633	0	639	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.84	3.28	0.00	3.31	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	1.000	19.707	0.000	1.077	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	148	145	463	0	565	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.07	3.43	0.00	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.278	9.355	0.000	0.368	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	89	125	297	0	497	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.47	3.49	0.00	5.85	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.123	5.857	0.000	0.228	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	87	138	992	408	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.23	3.54	25.44	10.46	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.050	3.317	0.252	0.211	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	55	48	33	47	0	0	38	74
N.S.	1	1.00	1.67	1.45	1.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	1.15	2.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.078	2.289	0.040	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.177	12.811

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	76	74	77	96	96	0	0	38	123
N.S.	1	0.97	0.95	0.99	1.23	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.49	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.143	4.346	0.034	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.174	18.136

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	137	100	120	191	171	0	0	38	723
N.S.	1	1.04	0.76	0.91	1.45	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.29	5.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.248	6.227	0.037	0.393	0.000	0.000	0.163	24.053

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	160	130	163	250	136	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	1.03	1.57	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	6.209	401.533	0.037	0.159	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	106	93	113	141	98	0	117	54	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.86	1.05	1.31	0.91	0.00	1.08	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	2.480	1.727	0.038	0.123	0.000	0.469	0.163	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	60	64	59	57	67	0	48	52	155
N.S.	1	0.97	1.03	0.95	0.92	1.08	0.00	0.77	0.84	2.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.918	0.233	0.035	0.101	0.000	0.249	0.169	18.705

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	78	113	907	0	353	0	503	52	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.41	11.34	0.00	4.41	0.00	6.29	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.569	1.395	0.000	0.158	0.000	0.644	0.174	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	134	97	1190	0	556	0	903	54	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.77	9.44	0.00	4.41	0.00	7.17	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.263	1.510	0.000	0.215	0.000	0.882	0.174	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	200	100	1986	0	882	0	1612	54	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.56	11.22	0.00	4.98	0.00	9.11	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.355	1.499	0.000	0.264	0.000	1.384	0.164	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F(-1)	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	268	256	0	0	813	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.06	0.00	0.00	3.36	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	6.030	180.000	0.000	5.236	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	194	229	682	0	703	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.31	3.90	0.00	4.02	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	2.488	10.296	0.000	1.568	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	125	190	479	0	607	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.57	3.96	0.00	5.02	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.776	6.737	0.000	0.490	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	75	168	465	2055	601	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.18	6.04	26.69	7.81	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	1.001	4.322	0.371	0.262	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	66	76	84	64	102	0	0	54	2151
N.S.	1	0.97	1.12	1.24	0.94	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.79	31.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	1.203	4.565	0.034	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.166	20.267

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	117	102	139	156	189	0	0	54	124682
N.S.	1	1.02	0.89	1.21	1.36	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.47	1084.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.491	5.017	0.036	0.515	0.000	0.000	0.174	32.873

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	176	126	203	282	314	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.75	1.22	1.69	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.709	9.132	0.040	2.014	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	195	182	203	334	189	0	1638	70	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.89	1.00	1.64	0.93	0.00	8.03	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	3.063	1.578	0.037	0.295	0.000	1.619	0.172	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	138	129	143	195	138	0	154	70	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.86	0.95	1.30	0.92	0.00	1.03	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	2.179	105.738	0.035	0.203	0.000	0.718	0.169	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	88	90	86	101	0	70	68	26927
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.93	0.89	1.04	0.00	0.72	0.70	277.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.862	0.227	0.033	0.145	0.000	0.320	0.164	25.015

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	134	108	1320	0	601	0	1097	68	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.85	10.39	0.00	4.73	0.00	8.64	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	3.774	222.005	0.000	0.209	0.000	0.977	0.168	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	186	151	2074	0	950	0	1980	70	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	12.13	0.00	5.56	0.00	11.58	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	1.025	202.141	0.000	0.289	0.000	1.440	0.166	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	263	129	3313	0	1316	0	3221	70	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.55	14.16	0.00	5.62	0.00	13.76	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	1.308	193.193	0.000	0.387	0.000	2.069	0.171	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	315	1705	1127	0	1003	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.09	5.92	3.91	0.00	3.48	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	15.663	23.701	0.000	21.843	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	246	1315	894	0	873	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.08	5.79	3.94	0.00	3.85	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.459	11.395	11.608	0.000	6.752	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	177	983	888	0	879	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.06	5.89	5.32	0.00	5.26	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	8.390	7.733	0.000	1.800	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	135	1927	861	0	881	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.08	15.42	6.89	0.00	7.05	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	14.708	6.835	0.000	0.557	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	108	108	131	94	192	0	0	70	336
N.S.	1	1.02	1.02	1.24	0.89	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.66	3.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	1.554	8.292	0.035	0.533	0.000	0.000	0.168	23.915

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	154	138	207	216	320	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.86	1.29	1.35	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	4.268	11.165	0.037	2.066	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	211	173	291	373	460	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.80	1.35	1.73	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	4.783	9.226	0.039	8.382	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	0	286	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	3.931	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	180	253	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	3.355	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	115	178	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	1.839	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	68	68	0	0	0	0	0	23	79
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.671	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	14.836

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	77	1532	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.99	19.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	15.450	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	81	266	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.99	3.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	3.172	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	5878	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	65.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	25.607	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	3781	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	42.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	19.788	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	2137	0	0	0	0	0	16	0
N.S.	1	0.98	25.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	14.229	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	73	72	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.897	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	126	132	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	1.580	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	197	149	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	1.279	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	62	72	97	129	82	0	66	151	61
N.S.	1	0.84	0.97	1.31	1.74	1.11	0.00	0.89	2.04	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.031	2.790	0.032	0.087	0.000	0.137	0.166	14.924

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	49	58	75	81	69	0	53	113	49
N.S.	1	0.88	1.04	1.34	1.45	1.23	0.00	0.95	2.02	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.027	2.047	0.033	0.075	0.000	0.125	0.169	15.309

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	32	42	47	45	56	0	39	75	33
N.S.	1	0.84	1.11	1.24	1.18	1.47	0.00	1.03	1.97	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.018	1.451	0.033	0.082	0.000	0.123	0.164	14.902

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	26	17	16	32	0	16	31	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.62	1.06	1.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.94	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.007	0.769	0.037	0.076	0.000	0.106	0.165	15.144

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	20	31	24	26	31	0	45	31	19
N.S.	1	1.05	1.63	1.26	1.37	1.63	0.00	2.37	1.63	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.024	0.337	0.105	0.072	0.000	0.115	0.163	15.384

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	31	36	34	40	75	0	80	53	31
N.S.	1	0.84	0.97	0.92	1.08	2.03	0.00	2.16	1.43	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.023	0.378	0.105	0.078	0.000	0.126	0.169	15.308

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	50	36	44	50	109	0	111	69	41
N.S.	1	0.91	0.65	0.80	0.91	1.98	0.00	2.02	1.25	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.040	0.415	0.112	0.078	0.000	0.133	0.173	15.589

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	61	36	54	60	147	0	139	85	51
N.S.	1	0.84	0.49	0.74	0.82	2.01	0.00	1.90	1.16	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.016	0.490	0.108	0.083	0.000	0.148	0.165	15.762

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	94	137	108	126	114	0	121	436	102
N.S.	1	0.96	1.40	1.10	1.29	1.16	0.00	1.23	4.45	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	0.024	1.777	0.028	0.085	0.000	0.140	0.171	15.882

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	68	93	85	97	95	0	98	312	78
N.S.	1	0.97	1.33	1.21	1.39	1.36	0.00	1.40	4.46	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.017	1.482	0.031	0.081	0.000	0.132	0.166	0.154

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	48	55	58	72	0	60	177	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.38	1.45	1.80	0.00	1.50	4.42	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.014	0.816	0.032	0.079	0.000	0.121	0.167	15.526

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	35	30	38	40	0	40	42	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.25	1.58	1.67	0.00	1.67	1.75	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.032	0.302	0.024	0.083	0.000	0.116	0.159	15.297

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	50	31	27	28	0	34	29	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.67	1.03	0.90	0.93	0.00	1.13	0.97	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.036	0.911	0.027	0.073	0.000	0.117	0.166	0.049

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	47	71	49	43	45	0	57	51	43
N.S.	1	0.94	1.42	0.98	0.86	0.90	0.00	1.14	1.02	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.019	1.652	0.026	0.081	0.000	0.126	0.166	15.431

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	70	81	78	60	74	0	79	124	56
N.S.	1	0.80	0.93	0.90	0.69	0.85	0.00	0.91	1.43	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.230	1.630	0.026	0.073	0.000	0.131	0.166	15.694

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	58	61	58	43	56	0	57	92	42
N.S.	1	0.89	0.94	0.89	0.66	0.86	0.00	0.88	1.42	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.158	1.515	0.027	0.070	0.000	0.126	0.170	15.739

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	36	35	34	37	0	34	60	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.81	0.79	0.86	0.00	0.79	1.40	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.070	1.382	0.025	0.068	0.000	0.126	0.164	15.800

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	16	15	31	0	15	31	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.07	1.00	2.07	0.00	1.00	2.07	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.001	0.774	0.030	0.075	0.000	0.112	0.165	15.961

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	33	24	37	28	51	37	29	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.77	1.19	0.90	1.65	1.19	0.94	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.057	0.326	0.107	0.074	2.410	0.116	0.165	16.417

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	59	45	44	73	49	0	73	63	67
N.S.	1	0.97	0.74	0.72	1.20	0.80	0.00	1.20	1.03	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.118	0.942	0.109	0.081	0.000	0.140	0.162	15.973

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	85	68	61	103	68	0	96	97	91
N.S.	1	0.96	0.76	0.69	1.16	0.76	0.00	1.08	1.09	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.132	1.720	0.106	0.078	0.000	0.141	0.161	16.777

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	165	258	180	200	168	0	221	886	170
N.S.	1	1.08	1.69	1.18	1.31	1.10	0.00	1.44	5.79	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.043	2.608	0.038	0.092	0.000	0.168	0.166	15.903

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	136	187	147	166	143	0	183	690	134
N.S.	1	1.16	1.60	1.26	1.42	1.22	0.00	1.56	5.90	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.028	2.280	0.035	0.087	0.000	0.165	0.161	16.021

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	105	109	107	119	116	0	120	470	86
N.S.	1	1.30	1.35	1.32	1.47	1.43	0.00	1.48	5.80	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.025	1.513	0.031	0.093	0.000	0.142	0.163	16.095

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	59	80	69	87	94	0	79	215	55
N.S.	1	1.05	1.43	1.23	1.55	1.68	0.00	1.41	3.84	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.045	0.981	0.031	0.087	0.000	0.136	0.152	0.112

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	44	72	55	63	66	0	70	74	48
N.S.	1	0.90	1.47	1.12	1.29	1.35	0.00	1.43	1.51	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.043	1.013	0.032	0.087	0.000	0.137	0.153	14.881

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	48	106	67	55	59	0	76	64	44
N.S.	1	0.91	2.00	1.26	1.04	1.11	0.00	1.43	1.21	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.040	1.724	0.026	0.084	0.000	0.133	0.154	14.986

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	95	96	134	103	120	0	152	228	94
N.S.	1	0.90	0.91	1.26	0.97	1.13	0.00	1.43	2.15	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.337	2.407	0.031	0.077	0.000	0.148	0.157	15.127

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	72	75	104	81	94	0	114	180	70
N.S.	1	0.90	0.94	1.30	1.01	1.18	0.00	1.42	2.25	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.306	2.215	0.026	0.082	0.000	0.159	0.154	14.995

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	48	48	71	71	69	0	76	132	44
N.S.	1	0.91	0.91	1.34	1.34	1.30	0.00	1.43	2.49	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.221	2.065	0.027	0.074	0.000	0.135	0.159	15.493

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	44	41	46	44	58	0	49	106	42
N.S.	1	1.10	1.02	1.15	1.10	1.45	0.00	1.22	2.65	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.084	1.393	0.040	0.079	0.000	0.130	0.154	15.401

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	57	52	41	53	56	0	53	94	66
N.S.	1	1.21	1.11	0.87	1.13	1.19	0.00	1.13	2.00	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.163	0.980	0.107	0.079	0.000	0.180	0.151	16.058

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	100	58	54	87	62	0	87	78	76
N.S.	1	1.39	0.81	0.75	1.21	0.86	0.00	1.21	1.08	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.208	0.950	0.109	0.076	0.000	0.140	0.154	15.834

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	129	99	82	135	89	0	150	132	123
N.S.	1	1.19	0.92	0.76	1.25	0.82	0.00	1.39	1.22	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.265	1.730	0.109	0.080	0.000	0.178	0.158	16.582

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	74	70	84	83	90	0	91	208	73
N.S.	1	1.01	0.96	1.15	1.14	1.23	0.00	1.25	2.85	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.947	2.154	0.027	0.079	0.000	0.162	0.159	16.769

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	109	106	130	134	130	0	148	342	119
N.S.	1	0.98	0.95	1.17	1.21	1.17	0.00	1.33	3.08	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	3.636	2.381	0.036	0.088	0.000	0.144	0.157	15.460

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	95	1195	106	124	272	0	113	493	591
N.S.	1	1.10	13.90	1.23	1.44	3.16	0.00	1.31	5.73	6.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	4.687	0.718	0.104	0.106	0.000	0.137	0.183	0.589

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	53	49	63	83	157	0	74	159	456
N.S.	1	0.96	0.89	1.15	1.51	2.85	0.00	1.35	2.89	8.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.077	0.444	0.104	0.108	0.000	0.142	0.169	15.530

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	36	28	50	117	0	38	92	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	1.39	3.25	0.00	1.06	2.56	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.054	0.347	0.109	0.104	0.000	0.123	0.158	0.119

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	50	52	45	67	164	0	53	122	44
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	0.87	1.29	3.15	0.00	1.02	2.35	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.082	0.575	0.108	0.094	0.000	0.143	0.162	16.266

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	71	105	70	88	230	0	85	156	72
N.S.	1	0.93	1.38	0.92	1.16	3.03	0.00	1.12	2.05	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.237	0.923	0.112	0.094	0.000	0.129	0.172	16.323

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	100	136	110	117	305	0	129	199	111
N.S.	1	0.93	1.26	1.02	1.08	2.82	0.00	1.19	1.84	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.567	1.668	0.106	0.103	0.000	0.150	0.188	0.152

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	72	224	70	65	354	0	96	290	72
N.S.	1	0.94	2.91	0.91	0.84	4.60	0.00	1.25	3.77	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	2.979	0.810	0.109	0.104	0.000	0.139	0.192	17.174

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	50	192	45	45	286	0	66	118	44
N.S.	1	0.96	3.69	0.87	0.87	5.50	0.00	1.27	2.27	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	1.612	0.544	0.113	0.095	0.000	0.165	0.165	17.477

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	36	28	27	209	0	48	67	31
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.75	5.81	0.00	1.33	1.86	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.034	0.339	0.110	0.098	0.000	0.149	0.159	18.215

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	182	46	44	231	0	65	85	460
N.S.	1	1.00	4.04	1.02	0.98	5.13	0.00	1.44	1.89	10.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.281	0.310	0.119	0.105	0.000	0.130	0.157	16.505

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	91	67	76	72	272	0	94	146	373
N.S.	1	1.21	0.89	1.01	0.96	3.63	0.00	1.25	1.95	4.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.384	0.703	0.116	0.107	0.000	0.137	0.172	17.429

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	141	95	116	126	343	0	141	231	1114
N.S.	1	1.21	0.81	0.99	1.08	2.93	0.00	1.21	1.97	9.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.465	1.220	0.107	0.120	0.000	0.140	0.185	16.447

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	197	133	165	189	424	0	216	332	1979
N.S.	1	1.21	0.82	1.01	1.16	2.60	0.00	1.33	2.04	12.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.893	2.262	0.113	0.124	0.000	0.163	0.203	17.643

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	112	980	110	146	392	0	126	879	2039
N.S.	1	1.10	9.61	1.08	1.43	3.84	0.00	1.24	8.62	19.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	3.242	0.883	0.105	0.131	0.000	0.154	0.202	16.888

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	72	71	68	98	262	0	76	371	62
N.S.	1	0.97	0.96	0.92	1.32	3.54	0.00	1.03	5.01	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.272	0.548	0.112	0.095	0.000	0.145	0.173	0.144

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	81	82	80	111	301	0	91	583	71
N.S.	1	0.98	0.99	0.96	1.34	3.63	0.00	1.10	7.02	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.258	0.552	0.111	0.099	0.000	0.144	0.174	15.674

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	96	89	92	133	391	0	113	665	94
N.S.	1	0.95	0.88	0.91	1.32	3.87	0.00	1.12	6.58	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.402	1.081	0.106	0.113	0.000	0.136	0.179	0.192

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	118	139	120	154	490	0	146	746	124
N.S.	1	0.94	1.10	0.95	1.22	3.89	0.00	1.16	5.92	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.817	2.259	0.106	0.128	0.000	0.159	0.215	15.789

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	146	171	158	183	583	0	188	805	173
N.S.	1	0.93	1.09	1.01	1.17	3.71	0.00	1.20	5.13	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	1.609	3.438	0.110	0.131	0.000	0.148	0.267	0.193

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	95	248	89	110	516	0	120	622	113
N.S.	1	0.95	2.48	0.89	1.10	5.16	0.00	1.20	6.22	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	3.018	0.964	0.110	0.117	0.000	0.142	0.214	15.687

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	80	84	76	88	406	0	89	483	70
N.S.	1	0.98	1.02	0.93	1.07	4.95	0.00	1.09	5.89	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.204	0.593	0.114	0.107	0.000	0.141	0.173	15.614

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	71	211	64	71	368	0	83	318	69
N.S.	1	0.97	2.89	0.88	0.97	5.04	0.00	1.14	4.36	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	1.879	0.516	0.107	0.099	0.000	0.164	0.170	15.472

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	111	240	90	106	435	0	114	562	2056
N.S.	1	1.21	2.61	0.98	1.15	4.73	0.00	1.24	6.11	22.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	1.581	0.430	0.119	0.115	0.000	0.175	0.177	17.678

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	161	103	120	175	544	0	192	792	2401
N.S.	1	1.13	0.73	0.85	1.23	3.83	0.00	1.35	5.58	16.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	1.091	1.454	0.130	0.125	0.000	0.163	0.201	18.403

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	232	138	160	268	656	0	195	963	2880
N.S.	1	1.14	0.68	0.79	1.32	3.23	0.00	0.96	4.74	14.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	1.497	2.551	0.111	0.139	0.000	0.192	0.238	19.493

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	316	499	210	369	789	0	270	1142	3310
N.S.	1	1.14	1.79	0.76	1.33	2.84	0.00	0.97	4.11	11.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	4.680	4.435	0.123	0.149	0.000	0.162	0.313	21.460

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	113	90	108	179	472	0	117	834	113
N.S.	1	1.05	0.83	1.00	1.66	4.37	0.00	1.08	7.72	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.729	1.075	0.115	0.116	0.000	0.185	0.212	0.225

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	125	163	124	212	544	0	155	1184	129
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	0.99	1.70	4.35	0.00	1.24	9.47	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.670	1.266	0.112	0.112	0.000	0.229	0.211	16.750

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	156	927	142	233	613	0	178	1518	149
N.S.	1	1.11	6.62	1.01	1.66	4.38	0.00	1.27	10.84	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	5.413	1.218	0.114	0.121	0.000	0.211	0.213	0.278

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	148	176	149	253	727	0	197	1649	175
N.S.	1	0.95	1.13	0.96	1.62	4.66	0.00	1.26	10.57	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	1.061	2.219	0.115	0.126	0.000	0.243	0.271	17.038

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	170	194	177	272	856	0	229	1766	256
N.S.	1	0.94	1.07	0.98	1.50	4.73	0.00	1.27	9.76	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	3.111	3.974	0.109	0.147	0.000	0.188	0.340	0.363

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	200	2670	214	303	995	0	271	1887	257
N.S.	1	0.93	12.48	1.00	1.42	4.65	0.00	1.27	8.82	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	7.256	6.946	0.115	0.176	0.000	0.185	0.493	0.261

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	152	125	137	210	722	0	185	1296	149
N.S.	1	1.10	0.91	0.99	1.52	5.23	0.00	1.34	9.39	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.718	1.118	0.119	0.121	0.000	0.176	0.250	17.280

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	283	118	187	654	0	163	1026	125
N.S.	1	1.00	2.30	0.96	1.52	5.32	0.00	1.33	8.34	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	4.174	1.115	0.114	0.130	0.000	0.182	0.244	17.657

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	111	265	100	156	580	0	124	752	112
N.S.	1	1.05	2.50	0.94	1.47	5.47	0.00	1.17	7.09	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	3.333	1.191	0.105	0.122	0.000	0.174	0.241	15.730

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	175	332	147	231	819	0	196	1496	3271
N.S.	1	1.22	2.31	1.02	1.60	5.69	0.00	1.36	10.39	22.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	4.527	1.069	0.117	0.142	0.000	0.139	0.234	19.251

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	239	156	177	338	970	0	228	1949	3708
N.S.	1	1.19	0.78	0.88	1.68	4.83	0.00	1.13	9.70	18.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	2.988	3.142	0.117	0.159	0.000	0.175	0.286	19.593

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	305	1134	215	464	1129	0	464	2166	4158
N.S.	1	1.13	4.22	0.80	1.72	4.20	0.00	1.72	8.05	15.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	8.906	4.667	0.125	0.177	0.000	0.218	0.387	20.128

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	352	397	1770	267	611	1296	0	350	2455	4594
N.S.	1	1.13	5.03	0.76	1.74	3.68	0.00	0.99	6.97	13.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	9.476	8.789	0.125	0.226	0.000	0.190	0.601	20.376

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	245	1411	229	401	1323	0	324	2880	4506
N.S.	1	1.20	6.92	1.12	1.97	6.49	0.00	1.59	14.12	22.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	8.648	2.227	0.117	0.179	0.000	0.149	0.358	19.895

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	83	70	143	81	100	0	217	100	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.52	1.07	0.60	0.75	0.00	1.62	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	1.051	4.088	0.112	0.090	0.000	0.463	0.228	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	68	83	133	62	87	0	182	72	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.82	1.32	0.61	0.86	0.00	1.80	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.284	4.026	0.111	0.083	0.000	0.298	0.208	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	51	48	100	40	68	0	137	46	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.75	1.56	0.62	1.06	0.00	2.14	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.100	1.237	0.158	0.082	0.000	0.232	0.200	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	38	21	53	0	141	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.15	0.64	1.61	0.00	4.27	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.028	0.519	0.104	0.085	0.000	0.242	0.182	0.000

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	32	48	37	56	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	1.50	1.16	1.75	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.040	0.519	0.112	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	54	48	87	60	94	0	108	44	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.72	1.30	0.90	1.40	0.00	1.61	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.115	1.218	0.111	0.084	0.000	0.258	0.194	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	71	59	105	79	125	0	147	55	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.59	1.05	0.79	1.25	0.00	1.47	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.216	1.290	0.105	0.087	0.000	0.424	0.192	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	84	71	115	94	162	0	171	64	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.53	0.86	0.71	1.22	0.00	1.29	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.112	1.318	0.107	0.090	0.000	0.367	0.200	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	376	390	0	3376	0	887	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	8.98	0.00	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.000	36.366	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	305	0	2475	0	782	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	8.48	0.00	2.68	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	0.000	12.586	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	238	0	1831	0	603	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.00	8.25	0.00	2.72	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.000	7.983	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	90	69	1770	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.84	21.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.390	3.954	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	249	402	2386	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.61	9.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	9.131	9.783	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	328	0	3236	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.00	9.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	0.000	21.351	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	180	433	1106	317	468	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.43	6.21	1.78	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	12.226	47.892	0.040	0.842	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	117	349	797	173	390	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.96	2.86	6.53	1.42	3.20	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	9.291	31.992	0.033	0.239	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	74	210	509	69	320	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.76	6.70	0.91	4.21	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	1.217	23.766	0.048	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	C	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	77	284	353	3227	1227	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	0.97	3.59	4.47	40.85	15.53	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.321	4.978	0.594	0.296	0.000	0.000	0.149	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	86	136	278	0	499	0	78	24	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.66	3.39	0.00	6.09	0.00	0.95	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.488	5.560	0.000	0.235	0.000	0.247	0.158	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	143	152	441	0	567	0	117	24	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.09	3.15	0.00	4.05	0.00	0.84	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.897	9.616	0.000	0.337	0.000	0.239	0.158	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	215	1902	625	0	641	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.10	9.70	3.19	0.00	3.27	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	14.950	21.964	0.000	0.950	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	454	471	0	3995	0	981	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	8.80	0.00	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.819	0.000	45.559	0.000	0.177	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	375	389	0	3442	0	890	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	9.18	0.00	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.709	0.000	33.151	0.000	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	308	0	2743	0	798	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.00	9.33	0.00	2.71	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.000	22.911	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	244	0	1987	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.00	8.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.000	9.904	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	245	179	2625	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	10.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	1.836	4.511	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	323	356	3284	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	10.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	13.277	10.433	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	217	512	1474	415	566	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.92	2.16	6.22	1.75	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	9.117	63.987	0.038	3.536	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	152	400	1151	243	470	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.92	2.42	6.98	1.47	2.85	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	7.837	48.296	0.034	0.825	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	109	84	829	104	390	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.76	7.47	0.94	3.51	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.268	40.878	0.035	0.242	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	116	527	677	0	1457	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.98	4.47	5.74	0.00	12.35	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	1.294	10.138	0.000	0.433	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	128	466	507	0	1403	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.76	4.09	0.00	11.31	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	4.410	21.639	0.000	0.447	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	133	191	464	0	563	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.53	3.71	0.00	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.739	5.826	0.000	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	190	165	649	0	647	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.85	3.36	0.00	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	1.332	10.572	0.000	0.975	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	166	706	988	0	1611	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.25	5.95	0.00	9.70	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	5.777	33.528	0.000	1.055	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	109	181	0	160	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.60	4.31	0.00	3.81	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.134	9.306	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	C	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	57	135	1391	131	0	0	9	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.38	5.62	57.96	5.46	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.185	0.046	7.092	0.411	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	315	0	2359	0	784	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.00	7.06	0.00	2.35	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	0.000	13.509	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	201	0	1518	0	594	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.00	8.83	0.00	3.45	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.000	6.355	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	90	69	230	0	303	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.84	2.80	0.00	3.70	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.539	2.918	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	115	274	1526	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.56	14.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	7.270	5.539	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	259	258	0	2331	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.000	10.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	349	337	0	3198	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.00	9.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.000	14.443	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	142	326	879	160	396	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.45	6.61	1.20	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	7.282	29.715	0.041	0.252	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	79	326	572	74	324	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	4.02	7.06	0.91	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	9.193	23.800	0.033	0.164	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	87	241	23	215	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.23	6.18	0.59	5.51	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.079	9.138	0.034	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	87	138	992	408	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.23	3.54	25.44	10.46	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.046	3.508	0.262	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	91	126	295	0	502	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.45	3.39	0.00	5.77	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.183	6.211	0.000	0.228	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	156	1840	463	0	567	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.09	12.87	3.24	0.00	3.97	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	14.513	9.977	0.000	0.372	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	226	1739	636	0	643	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.11	8.52	3.12	0.00	3.15	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	14.130	22.079	0.000	0.923	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	316	0	3242	0	960	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	11.06	0.00	3.28	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.000	9.245	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	187	113	1783	0	894	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.74	11.73	0.00	5.88	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	2.720	5.399	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	233	247	206	1783	0	762	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	7.65	0.00	3.27	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	12.802	5.636	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	261	0	3227	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.00	13.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.000	7.560	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	336	0	4192	0	0	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	12.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	0.000	11.398	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	440	422	0	5206	0	0	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.00	11.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.736	0.000	23.532	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.155	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	143	259	1285	161	524	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.18	2.14	10.62	1.33	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	6.053	25.352	0.036	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.153	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	75	405	890	78	410	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.97	5.26	11.56	1.01	5.32	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	7.359	9.945	0.036	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	57	49	30	65	0	103	54	199
N.S.	1	1.00	1.78	1.53	0.94	2.03	0.00	3.22	1.69	6.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.439	3.611	0.035	0.096	0.000	0.465	0.158	17.729

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	75	168	450	2055	601	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.18	5.84	26.69	7.81	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	1.000	4.488	0.375	0.261	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	134	2059	666	0	699	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.02	15.72	5.08	0.00	5.34	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	14.090	7.393	0.000	0.445	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	207	2046	858	0	811	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.07	10.55	4.42	0.00	4.18	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	14.329	11.561	0.000	1.248	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	293	2068	1099	0	941	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.08	7.63	4.06	0.00	3.47	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	16.034	24.627	0.000	3.808	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	327	167	4473	0	1374	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.51	13.76	0.00	4.23	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.618	3.088	7.739	0.000	0.210	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	323	1204	3241	0	1244	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.73	10.03	0.00	3.85	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	17.453	6.990	0.000	0.205	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	C	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	331	333	0	4473	0	1293	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.00	13.51	0.00	3.91	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.000	8.365	0.000	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	353	351	0	5176	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	14.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.000	9.842	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.155	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	445	430	0	6007	0	0	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.00	13.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.729	0.000	13.989	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	563	531	0	7179	0	0	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.00	12.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.824	0.000	26.633	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	145	592	1637	275	688	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.14	4.66	12.89	2.17	5.42	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	9.886	21.561	0.040	0.316	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	79	74	75	117	134	0	336	70	153
N.S.	1	0.95	0.89	0.90	1.41	1.61	0.00	4.05	0.84	1.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	3.469	5.505	0.034	0.158	0.000	0.750	0.156	26.837

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	69	78	84	61	134	0	337	70	172
N.S.	1	0.97	1.10	1.18	0.86	1.89	0.00	4.75	0.99	2.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	5.251	5.869	0.035	0.182	0.000	0.718	0.153	26.723

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	135	1927	861	0	881	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.08	15.42	6.89	0.00	7.05	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	6.346	6.880	0.000	0.532	0.000	0.000	0.153	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	204	1775	1107	0	1023	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.09	9.49	5.92	0.00	5.47	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	15.069	9.105	0.000	1.484	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	287	1777	1342	0	1187	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.10	6.81	5.14	0.00	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	16.133	13.797	0.000	4.798	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	332	367	1776	1602	0	1337	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.11	5.35	4.83	0.00	4.03	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	18.257	27.990	0.000	14.675	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	201	1777	1292	0	1241	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.12	9.93	7.22	0.00	6.93	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	15.037	11.174	0.000	1.855	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	37	76	388	53	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.64	5.43	27.71	3.79	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.019	1.388	0.188	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.148	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	0	2195	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.00	19.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	16.948	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	113	1392	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.08	13.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	15.469	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	113	1394	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.08	13.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	15.163	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	111	1983	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.08	19.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	15.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	113	1987	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.08	18.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	15.438	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	113	1997	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.08	19.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	15.521	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	212	149	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	1.392	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	127	126	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	1.378	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	72	71	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.695	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	2137	0	0	0	0	0	16	0
N.S.	1	0.98	25.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	6.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	1343	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	15.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	14.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	1342	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	15.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	14.904	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	1914	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	22.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	15.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	63	60	55	95	69	116	64	91	52
N.S.	1	0.88	0.83	0.76	1.32	0.96	1.61	0.89	1.26	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.032	1.154	0.033	0.094	0.540	0.251	0.155	15.547

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	46	43	45	64	50	80	44	60	46
N.S.	1	0.94	0.88	0.92	1.31	1.02	1.63	0.90	1.22	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.077	0.628	0.029	0.091	0.260	0.185	0.165	16.225

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	28	30	26	33	37	42	29	29	32
N.S.	1	0.93	1.00	0.87	1.10	1.23	1.40	0.97	0.97	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.014	0.384	0.032	0.083	0.120	0.200	0.156	16.025

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	37	38	24	33	35	0	35	76	32
N.S.	1	1.32	1.36	0.86	1.18	1.25	0.00	1.25	2.71	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.016	0.377	0.028	0.086	0.000	0.159	0.155	15.108

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	41	46	39	29	50	0	31	86	51
N.S.	1	1.28	1.44	1.22	0.91	1.56	0.00	0.97	2.69	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.019	0.507	0.027	0.085	0.000	0.171	0.150	15.033

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	66	58	55	49	83	0	58	110	61
N.S.	1	1.29	1.14	1.08	0.96	1.63	0.00	1.14	2.16	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.022	0.958	0.027	0.087	0.000	0.135	0.150	15.642

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	60	73	57	56	89	66	72	393	51
N.S.	1	0.94	1.14	0.89	0.88	1.39	1.03	1.12	6.14	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.026	1.541	0.106	0.083	1.290	0.380	0.153	15.305

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	57	47	45	72	54	57	224	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	0.98	0.94	1.50	1.12	1.19	4.67	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.016	0.839	0.109	0.095	0.828	0.355	0.151	15.571

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	36	41	37	33	53	42	43	105	29
N.S.	1	1.12	1.28	1.16	1.03	1.66	1.31	1.34	3.28	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.017	0.536	0.111	0.081	0.556	0.226	0.155	15.491

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	16	15	31	0	15	31	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.07	1.00	2.07	0.00	1.00	2.07	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	0.001	0.850	0.032	0.072	0.000	0.118	0.146	15.315

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	26	43	33	25	34	0	53	42	19
N.S.	1	1.37	2.26	1.74	1.32	1.79	0.00	2.79	2.21	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.069	0.991	0.108	0.076	0.000	0.140	0.150	15.084

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	41	51	48	41	76	0	111	78	35
N.S.	1	1.24	1.55	1.45	1.24	2.30	0.00	3.36	2.36	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.020	0.682	0.110	0.080	0.000	0.147	0.150	15.674

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	49	51	63	52	110	0	170	113	46
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	1.24	1.02	2.16	0.00	3.33	2.22	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.026	1.280	0.105	0.079	0.000	0.163	0.158	15.963

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	91	126	86	147	99	190	94	154	124
N.S.	1	0.91	1.26	0.86	1.47	0.99	1.90	0.94	1.54	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.332	5.581	0.034	0.094	1.139	0.347	0.151	15.184

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	71	107	76	114	79	128	73	101	92
N.S.	1	0.92	1.39	0.99	1.48	1.03	1.66	0.95	1.31	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.183	2.971	0.032	0.090	0.567	0.289	0.150	15.627

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	46	83	41	67	53	61	46	46	61
N.S.	1	0.96	1.73	0.85	1.40	1.10	1.27	0.96	0.96	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.075	1.550	0.028	0.090	0.265	0.156	0.144	15.367

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	55	84	50	64	79	0	66	353	58
N.S.	1	1.04	1.58	0.94	1.21	1.49	0.00	1.25	6.66	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.157	1.298	0.033	0.094	0.000	0.159	0.150	15.529

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	64	81	64	60	100	0	71	187	68
N.S.	1	1.12	1.42	1.12	1.05	1.75	0.00	1.25	3.28	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.124	1.759	0.035	0.100	0.000	0.122	0.146	15.459

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	69	77	71	61	97	0	68	141	83
N.S.	1	1.35	1.51	1.39	1.20	1.90	0.00	1.33	2.76	1.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.191	3.460	0.034	0.088	0.000	0.156	0.143	15.256

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	90	275	88	84	137	0	113	574	126
N.S.	1	0.95	2.89	0.93	0.88	1.44	0.00	1.19	6.04	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	2.309	7.359	0.108	0.093	0.000	0.748	0.152	15.373

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	75	395	78	71	113	0	96	364	97
N.S.	1	0.97	5.13	1.01	0.92	1.47	0.00	1.25	4.73	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	1.468	4.052	0.109	0.083	0.000	0.532	0.148	15.198

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	60	281	68	58	86	0	81	208	69
N.S.	1	1.02	4.76	1.15	0.98	1.46	0.00	1.37	3.53	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	1.100	2.127	0.107	0.085	0.000	0.378	0.147	15.081

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	44	41	46	44	58	0	49	106	42
N.S.	1	1.10	1.02	1.15	1.10	1.45	0.00	1.22	2.65	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.088	1.502	0.039	0.077	0.000	0.127	0.146	15.174

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	40	82	66	46	67	0	46	91	44
N.S.	1	1.11	2.28	1.83	1.28	1.86	0.00	1.28	2.53	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	1.999	1.839	0.105	0.080	0.000	0.161	0.149	15.061

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	49	160	73	59	98	0	176	117	53
N.S.	1	1.09	3.56	1.62	1.31	2.18	0.00	3.91	2.60	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.983	3.043	0.106	0.078	0.000	0.152	0.152	15.201

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	66	256	107	72	136	0	273	172	68
N.S.	1	1.02	3.94	1.65	1.11	2.09	0.00	4.20	2.65	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	2.464	4.767	0.108	0.080	0.000	0.177	0.149	16.436

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	63	99	67	81	84	0	73	766	103
N.S.	1	0.91	1.43	0.97	1.17	1.22	0.00	1.06	11.10	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.196	1.243	0.033	0.130	0.000	0.183	0.175	16.230

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	41	42	50	41	0	45	207	64
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.93	1.11	0.91	0.00	1.00	4.60	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.079	0.721	0.034	0.105	0.000	0.151	0.156	16.079

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	26	35	26	21	117	22	35	63
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.52	1.13	0.91	5.09	0.96	1.52	2.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.131	0.382	0.025	0.086	5.403	0.143	0.146	16.082

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	52	43	68	50	42	0	53	135	65
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	1.48	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.15	2.93	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.075	0.637	0.027	0.119	0.000	0.118	0.153	16.289

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	77	100	119	87	126	0	102	283	98
N.S.	1	1.04	1.35	1.61	1.18	1.70	0.00	1.38	3.82	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.157	0.986	0.033	0.173	0.000	0.193	0.166	16.069

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	118	138	180	145	265	0	162	414	160
N.S.	1	1.09	1.28	1.67	1.34	2.45	0.00	1.50	3.83	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.449	1.723	0.036	0.291	0.000	0.144	0.170	15.754

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	98	229	101	95	373	0	121	654	1109
N.S.	1	1.18	2.76	1.22	1.14	4.49	0.00	1.46	7.88	13.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	2.452	1.616	0.140	0.120	0.000	0.262	0.183	15.343

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	70	206	72	66	297	0	75	196	410
N.S.	1	1.19	3.49	1.22	1.12	5.03	0.00	1.27	3.32	6.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	1.177	1.003	0.112	0.114	0.000	0.304	0.160	15.141

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	53	184	48	45	226	0	51	78	126
N.S.	1	1.15	4.00	1.04	0.98	4.91	0.00	1.11	1.70	2.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.409	0.694	0.113	0.104	0.000	0.250	0.150	15.639

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	182	46	44	231	0	65	85	460
N.S.	1	1.00	4.04	1.02	0.98	5.13	0.00	1.44	1.89	10.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.281	0.333	0.110	0.109	0.000	0.152	0.158	16.382

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	77	204	68	66	310	0	87	164	637
N.S.	1	1.24	3.29	1.10	1.06	5.00	0.00	1.40	2.65	10.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	1.479	0.816	0.117	0.114	0.000	0.150	0.160	17.283

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	109	390	90	106	533	0	134	280	2644
N.S.	1	1.27	4.53	1.05	1.23	6.20	0.00	1.56	3.26	30.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	2.811	1.315	0.114	0.117	0.000	0.195	0.165	19.749

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	147	671	118	161	833	0	212	423	4324
N.S.	1	1.22	5.59	0.98	1.34	6.94	0.00	1.77	3.52	36.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	2.574	2.359	0.118	0.129	0.000	0.183	0.191	20.831

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	70	109	72	98	118	0	91	756	170
N.S.	1	0.91	1.42	0.94	1.27	1.53	0.00	1.18	9.82	2.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.319	3.762	0.047	0.144	0.000	0.194	0.175	15.323

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	48	81	50	59	53	0	48	107	97
N.S.	1	0.94	1.59	0.98	1.16	1.04	0.00	0.94	2.10	1.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.638	2.098	0.031	0.095	0.000	0.152	0.146	15.199

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	44	79	59	57	52	0	46	108	90
N.S.	1	0.90	1.61	1.20	1.16	1.06	0.00	0.94	2.20	1.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.312	1.467	0.029	0.085	0.000	0.138	0.148	15.006

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	84	112	91	117	138	0	118	740	106
N.S.	1	1.01	1.35	1.10	1.41	1.66	0.00	1.42	8.92	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.261	2.283	0.037	0.209	0.000	0.147	0.174	15.281

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	108	130	141	192	312	0	173	1057	160
N.S.	1	0.97	1.17	1.27	1.73	2.81	0.00	1.56	9.52	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.951	4.213	0.037	0.338	0.000	0.147	0.204	15.420

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	148	162	201	279	557	0	308	1312	206
N.S.	1	1.06	1.16	1.44	1.99	3.98	0.00	2.20	9.37	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	1.377	7.773	0.041	0.628	0.000	0.184	0.415	16.261

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	131	286	125	127	514	0	145	799	765
N.S.	1	1.10	2.40	1.05	1.07	4.32	0.00	1.22	6.71	6.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	4.065	5.147	0.108	0.120	0.000	0.396	0.206	16.081

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	104	249	85	96	393	0	107	470	285
N.S.	1	1.16	2.77	0.94	1.07	4.37	0.00	1.19	5.22	3.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	2.235	2.882	0.110	0.112	0.000	0.319	0.168	15.602

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	95	346	77	75	458	0	83	519	711
N.S.	1	1.12	4.07	0.91	0.88	5.39	0.00	0.98	6.11	8.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	5.379	1.675	0.113	0.111	0.000	0.269	0.163	15.572

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	111	240	90	106	435	0	114	562	2056
N.S.	1	1.21	2.61	0.98	1.15	4.73	0.00	1.24	6.11	22.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	1.386	0.447	0.106	0.119	0.000	0.155	0.172	16.760

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	141	288	102	163	604	0	175	784	3146
N.S.	1	1.17	2.38	0.84	1.35	4.99	0.00	1.45	6.48	26.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	3.293	3.185	0.114	0.129	0.000	0.222	0.187	19.782

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	183	1588	124	235	979	0	212	993	4987
N.S.	1	1.14	9.92	0.78	1.47	6.12	0.00	1.32	6.21	31.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	5.444	5.809	0.114	0.145	0.000	0.221	0.281	21.963

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	231	3028	152	319	1505	0	298	1216	6017
N.S.	1	1.12	14.63	0.73	1.54	7.27	0.00	1.44	5.87	29.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	8.141	10.394	0.130	0.173	0.000	0.269	1.391	21.513

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	73	136	80	112	116	0	77	216	166
N.S.	1	0.94	1.74	1.03	1.44	1.49	0.00	0.99	2.77	2.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	1.942	11.794	0.044	0.101	0.000	0.197	0.160	16.500

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	75	131	73	113	111	0	74	226	153
N.S.	1	0.93	1.62	0.90	1.40	1.37	0.00	0.91	2.79	1.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.709	6.824	0.034	0.106	0.000	0.213	0.153	16.765

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	69	129	81	102	102	0	65	196	142
N.S.	1	0.93	1.74	1.09	1.38	1.38	0.00	0.88	2.65	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	1.245	6.691	0.034	0.100	0.000	0.182	0.144	17.108

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	128	158	144	243	307	0	190	1871	190
N.S.	1	0.98	1.22	1.11	1.87	2.36	0.00	1.46	14.39	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.829	9.878	0.039	0.409	0.000	0.156	0.229	18.950

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	151	176	193	344	584	0	305	2392	272
N.S.	1	0.98	1.14	1.25	2.23	3.79	0.00	1.98	15.53	1.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	1.277	17.365	0.042	0.756	0.000	0.175	0.286	19.693

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	194	208	254	454	859	0	359	2744	327
N.S.	1	1.01	1.08	1.32	2.36	4.47	0.00	1.87	14.29	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	4.899	29.097	0.043	1.423	0.000	0.260	6.480	19.040

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	170	523	134	193	664	0	188	1259	615
N.S.	1	1.16	3.56	0.91	1.31	4.52	0.00	1.28	8.56	4.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	5.121	15.479	0.113	0.133	0.000	0.584	0.211	15.686

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	153	1333	124	163	763	0	147	1337	1117
N.S.	1	1.12	9.73	0.91	1.19	5.57	0.00	1.07	9.76	8.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	9.949	9.061	0.111	0.132	0.000	0.515	0.209	15.694

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	161	1334	125	191	860	0	161	1422	2405
N.S.	1	1.17	9.67	0.91	1.38	6.23	0.00	1.17	10.30	17.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	7.909	6.913	0.126	0.142	0.000	0.393	0.211	18.132

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	175	332	147	231	819	0	196	1496	3271
N.S.	1	1.22	2.31	1.02	1.60	5.69	0.00	1.36	10.39	22.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	4.070	1.049	0.124	0.138	0.000	0.138	0.224	19.722

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	211	2089	149	311	1060	0	247	1851	4890
N.S.	1	1.17	11.54	0.82	1.72	5.86	0.00	1.36	10.23	27.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	7.683	13.257	0.133	0.165	0.000	0.321	0.260	22.078

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	263	3340	171	409	1649	0	302	2154	7057
N.S.	1	1.14	14.52	0.74	1.78	7.17	0.00	1.31	9.37	30.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.583	8.374	22.671	0.145	0.193	0.000	0.292	1.516	22.914

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	319	547	199	520	2229	0	388	2455	7460
N.S.	1	1.12	1.92	0.70	1.82	7.82	0.00	1.36	8.61	26.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	9.912	45.069	0.130	0.226	0.000	0.407	14.794	23.614

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	107	139	322	0	456	0	1280	199	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.25	2.90	0.00	4.11	0.00	11.53	1.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	1.176	28.317	0.000	1.675	0.000	0.625	0.198	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	79	74	234	0	386	0	800	133	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.92	2.92	0.00	4.82	0.00	10.00	1.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.496	10.569	0.000	0.413	0.000	0.451	0.187	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	56	119	58	0	312	0	377	57	46
N.S.	1	1.04	2.20	1.07	0.00	5.78	0.00	6.98	1.06	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.328	0.272	0.000	0.178	0.000	0.298	0.170	16.267

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	72	70	540	3317	963	0	402	22	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	7.71	47.39	13.76	0.00	5.74	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.168	1.497	0.414	0.246	0.000	0.519	0.163	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	113	527	1200	0	1342	0	574	24	0
N.S.	1	1.04	4.83	11.01	0.00	12.31	0.00	5.27	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	3.818	1.594	0.000	0.366	0.000	0.644	0.165	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	182	0	1944	0	1953	0	866	24	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.00	12.07	0.00	12.13	0.00	5.38	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.000	1.618	0.000	1.162	0.000	1.169	0.171	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	229	263	1257	0	1775	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.20	5.74	0.00	8.11	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	2.461	49.500	0.000	3.746	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	169	208	933	0	1621	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.26	5.65	0.00	9.82	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	1.858	42.960	0.000	1.049	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	115	526	636	0	1471	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.97	4.46	5.39	0.00	12.47	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	2.635	24.107	0.000	0.429	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	C	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	77	284	353	3227	1227	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	0.97	3.59	4.47	40.85	15.53	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.304	5.033	0.577	0.301	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	67	130	195	0	499	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.88	2.83	0.00	7.23	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.431	4.003	0.000	0.242	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	112	176	359	0	629	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.54	3.15	0.00	5.52	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.526	5.081	0.000	0.567	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	175	178	548	0	849	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.07	3.28	0.00	5.08	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	1.679	6.350	0.000	2.049	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	128	149	438	0	527	0	2026	295	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.10	3.24	0.00	3.90	0.00	15.01	2.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	1.382	36.375	0.000	6.883	0.000	2.123	0.246	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	102	99	337	0	443	0	1431	195	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.95	3.24	0.00	4.26	0.00	13.76	1.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	1.023	32.079	0.000	1.702	0.000	1.374	0.217	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	79	84	81	0	373	0	867	87	66
N.S.	1	1.01	1.08	1.04	0.00	4.78	0.00	11.12	1.12	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.182	0.233	0.000	0.406	0.000	0.844	0.176	18.614

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	506	1301	0	1075	0	718	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.56	14.30	0.00	11.81	0.00	7.89	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	3.470	6.801	0.000	0.399	0.000	4.010	0.221	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	118	622	901	0	1300	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	5.46	7.90	0.00	11.40	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	3.864	1.578	0.000	0.417	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	172	684	1451	0	1801	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.08	4.30	9.13	0.00	11.33	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	4.001	1.610	0.000	1.376	0.000	0.000	0.944	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	302	353	1644	0	1973	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.22	5.67	0.00	6.80	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.698	4.374	42.323	0.000	13.736	0.000	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	220	258	1306	0	1777	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.21	6.10	0.00	8.30	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	2.835	16.064	0.000	3.775	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	165	703	971	0	1627	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.99	4.23	5.85	0.00	9.80	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	3.862	11.237	0.000	1.064	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	116	527	673	0	1457	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.98	4.47	5.70	0.00	12.35	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	1.244	6.285	0.000	0.427	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	106	410	477	0	1446	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.95	3.69	4.30	0.00	13.03	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	3.868	3.138	0.000	0.459	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	110	100	250	0	597	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.89	2.23	0.00	5.33	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.251	3.657	0.000	0.648	0.000	0.000	0.418	0.000

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	165	139	450	0	767	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	2.73	0.00	4.65	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.974	4.702	0.000	2.661	0.000	0.000	2.256	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	87	107	193	0	410	0	765	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.20	2.17	0.00	4.61	0.00	8.60	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	1.029	11.875	0.000	0.467	0.000	0.689	0.151	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	59	56	154	0	328	0	373	38	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	2.75	0.00	5.86	0.00	6.66	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.378	4.445	0.000	0.191	0.000	0.501	0.153	0.000

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	42	0	261	0	111	36	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.27	0.00	7.91	0.00	3.36	1.09	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.078	0.145	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.380	0.164	16.023

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	72	294	343	0	1015	0	403	36	0
N.S.	1	1.03	4.20	4.90	0.00	14.50	0.00	5.76	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	1.637	0.301	0.000	0.240	0.000	0.657	0.164	0.000

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	128	0	1048	0	1550	0	595	38	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.00	9.03	0.00	13.36	0.00	5.13	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.000	0.434	0.000	0.417	0.000	0.709	0.169	0.000

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	194	0	1978	0	2257	0	924	38	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.00	11.92	0.00	13.60	0.00	5.57	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.000	0.487	0.000	1.145	0.000	1.048	0.212	0.000

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	181	230	1054	0	1673	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.33	6.09	0.00	9.67	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	2.248	12.996	0.000	1.201	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	122	196	732	0	1507	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.63	6.10	0.00	12.56	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	1.559	4.362	0.000	0.487	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	78	296	342	0	1259	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	3.70	4.28	0.00	15.74	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	1.505	2.188	0.000	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	87	138	992	408	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.23	3.54	25.44	10.46	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.050	1.107	0.256	0.196	0.000	0.000	0.153	0.000

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	72	127	298	0	525	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.72	4.03	0.00	7.09	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.147	2.016	0.000	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.152	0.000

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	126	168	505	0	723	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.41	4.24	0.00	6.08	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.935	5.053	0.000	0.479	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	187	199	741	0	987	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.16	4.31	0.00	5.74	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	2.089	7.647	0.000	1.581	0.000	0.000	0.356	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	121	337	0	458	0	560	54	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	3.83	0.00	5.20	0.00	6.36	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	3.419	7.118	0.000	0.627	0.000	0.994	0.164	0.000

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	65	62	874	2532	417	0	251	54	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.98	13.87	40.19	6.62	0.00	3.98	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.473	0.443	0.401	0.206	0.000	0.839	0.157	0.000

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	59	382	62	0	392	75	216	52	49
N.S.	1	1.04	6.70	1.09	0.00	6.88	1.32	3.79	0.91	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	4.091	0.072	0.000	0.194	5.887	0.650	0.159	17.535

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	113	0	2949	0	1569	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.00	29.49	0.00	15.69	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.000	0.496	0.000	0.429	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	173	0	3946	0	2347	0	1062	54	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.00	25.79	0.00	15.34	0.00	6.94	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.000	1.132	0.000	1.340	0.000	1.400	0.165	0.000

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	247	0	4962	0	3501	0	1771	54	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.00	23.30	0.00	16.44	0.00	8.31	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	0.000	1.209	0.000	4.402	0.000	2.185	0.522	0.000

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	178	247	1296	0	1895	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.44	7.53	0.00	11.02	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	6.118	13.582	0.000	1.494	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	121	201	921	0	1655	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.73	7.94	0.00	14.27	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	3.076	6.139	0.000	0.568	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	69	169	282	2005	548	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.38	3.97	28.24	7.72	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	1.694	2.287	0.348	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	75	168	465	2055	601	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.18	6.04	26.69	7.81	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.937	3.418	0.373	0.258	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	124	182	661	0	741	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.53	5.55	0.00	6.23	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	2.976	5.640	0.000	0.557	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	184	224	918	0	1061	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.29	5.28	0.00	6.10	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	2.663	10.023	0.000	1.815	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	254	237	1161	0	1517	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.98	4.82	0.00	6.29	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	4.241	15.240	0.000	6.568	0.000	0.000	2.276	0.000

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	96	187	1570	0	564	0	466	70	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.93	16.19	0.00	5.81	0.00	4.80	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	5.572	5.462	0.000	0.787	0.000	1.556	0.175	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	93	522	1541	0	522	0	418	70	0
N.S.	1	1.04	5.87	17.31	0.00	5.87	0.00	4.70	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	7.788	1.410	0.000	0.645	0.000	1.304	0.176	0.000

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	A	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	87	521	86	0	494	100	370	68	68
N.S.	1	1.05	6.28	1.04	0.00	5.95	1.20	4.46	0.82	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	5.545	0.083	0.000	0.526	10.058	1.073	0.169	19.215

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	161	0	9176	0	2279	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.00	66.98	0.00	16.64	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.000	10.529	0.000	1.245	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	227	0	12014	0	3507	0	2160	70	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.00	60.07	0.00	17.54	0.00	10.80	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.000	8.632	0.000	4.476	0.000	2.137	0.181	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	311	0	15443	0	4751	0	3397	70	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.00	57.62	0.00	17.73	0.00	12.68	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.000	8.175	0.000	17.468	0.000	2.892	8.843	0.000

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	178	316	1423	0	2035	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.13	2.01	9.06	0.00	12.96	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	9.484	5.409	0.000	1.865	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	122	409	489	0	661	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.02	3.41	4.08	0.00	5.51	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	4.296	2.838	0.000	0.777	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	120	410	692	0	773	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.01	3.45	5.82	0.00	6.50	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	3.165	3.877	0.000	0.650	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	135	1927	861	0	881	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.08	15.42	6.89	0.00	7.05	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	6.292	6.072	0.000	0.552	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	187	247	1109	0	1097	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.42	6.37	0.00	6.30	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	4.200	9.801	0.000	1.844	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	253	234	1397	0	1579	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.99	5.92	0.00	6.69	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	6.127	13.352	0.000	6.705	0.000	0.000	1.948	0.000

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	337	272	1698	0	2059	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.86	5.39	0.00	6.54	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.674	9.588	17.253	0.000	22.982	0.000	0.000	30.941	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	105	259	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	2.972	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	113	94	0	0	0	0	0	932	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.436	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.509	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	83	61	0	0	0	0	0	288	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	54	54	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	110	115	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	1.226	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	163	139	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	2.330	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	2777	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	30.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	16.126	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	2465	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	27.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	15.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	1512	0	0	0	0	0	16	0
N.S.	1	0.98	17.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	5.855	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	84	2469	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	28.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	15.548	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	3033	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	33.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	16.483	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.021	0.000

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	77	92	70	73	81	119	74	91	227
N.S.	1	0.84	1.00	0.76	0.79	0.88	1.29	0.80	0.99	2.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.199	1.914	0.031	0.089	0.791	0.288	0.180	18.513

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	55	59	49	51	59	82	52	61	167
N.S.	1	0.90	0.97	0.80	0.84	0.97	1.34	0.85	1.00	2.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.163	0.938	0.027	0.085	0.383	0.254	0.181	18.447

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	28	30	26	28	37	42	39	31	83
N.S.	1	0.93	1.00	0.87	0.93	1.23	1.40	1.30	1.03	2.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.009	0.434	0.027	0.081	0.181	0.182	0.187	15.982

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	51	57	42	45	61	0	52	82	72
N.S.	1	0.94	1.06	0.78	0.83	1.13	0.00	0.96	1.52	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.008	0.414	0.032	0.093	0.000	0.163	0.185	15.392

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	63	108	63	62	99	0	78	103	86
N.S.	1	0.97	1.66	0.97	0.95	1.52	0.00	1.20	1.58	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.053	0.804	0.034	0.088	0.000	0.168	0.183	15.172

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	A	C	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	209	251	233	218	4427	0	229	0	7402
N.S.	1	0.95	1.15	1.06	1.00	20.21	0.00	1.05	0.00	33.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.537	0.536	2.288	0.109	0.828	0.000	0.216	0.523	17.536

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	A	C	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	156	242	113	159	1052	0	163	25	1620
N.S.	1	0.94	1.46	0.68	0.96	6.34	0.00	0.98	0.15	9.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.412	2.698	0.112	0.715	0.000	0.178	0.185	18.913

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	35	21	21	139	22	72	114
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.52	0.91	0.91	6.04	0.96	3.13	4.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.014	1.039	0.031	0.093	17.392	0.156	0.185	15.388

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	A	C	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	281	215	288	306	6482	0	329	0	11182
N.S.	1	0.95	0.73	0.98	1.04	21.97	0.00	1.12	0.00	37.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.710	0.433	2.096	0.116	0.939	0.000	0.170	0.232	18.409

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	C	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	393	375	336	374	488	10746	0	545	0	58699
N.S.	1	0.95	0.85	0.95	1.24	27.34	0.00	1.39	0.00	149.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.844	1.647	5.512	0.126	2.094	0.000	0.209	0.294	30.025

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	29	27	29	29	26	29	32	31
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.00	1.07	1.07	0.96	1.07	1.19	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	3.503	0.724	5.802	0.091	98.501	0.735	0.212	14.681

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	221	245	0	0	0	0	0	1184	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.756	8.592	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.337	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	141	162	0	0	0	0	0	364	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	3.973	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	59	59	0	0	0	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.262	0.000

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	22	25	26	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.96	1.09	1.13	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	2.668	0.309	3.642	0.085	9.710	0.461	0.194	15.057

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	25	27	27	0	27	27	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08	0.00	1.08	1.08	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	19.688	0.331	9.315	0.087	0.000	0.856	200.028	15.982

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	25	27	27	24	27	28	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08	0.96	1.08	1.12	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	2.113	0.262	6.092	0.090	18.350	0.740	0.200	14.945

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	15	18	19	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.94	1.12	1.19	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	1.096	0.229	3.849	0.082	1.715	0.366	0.197	14.855

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	25	27	27	24	27	28	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08	0.96	1.08	1.12	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	1.763	0.319	6.227	0.087	48.819	0.920	0.219	15.579

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [227] had the largest ratio of [1.11765000000000003]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	4	0.89	21	0.190
2	A	5	4	0.89	21	0.190
3	A	5	4	0.91	21	0.190
4	A	5	4	0.96	19	0.211
5	A	5	4	0.96	19	0.211
6	A	7	6	1.13	21	0.286
7	A	9	8	1.20	21	0.381
8	A	10	9	1.27	21	0.429
9	A	7	6	1.29	21	0.286
10	A	7	6	1.31	21	0.286
11	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
12	A	5	4	0.92	21	0.190
13	A	5	4	0.89	21	0.190
14	A	5	4	0.88	21	0.190
15	A	5	4	0.89	23	0.174
16	A	5	4	0.90	23	0.174
17	A	5	4	0.89	21	0.190
18	A	5	4	0.92	21	0.190
19	A	8	7	1.46	23	0.304
20	A	10	9	1.34	23	0.391
21	A	9	8	1.19	23	0.348

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	7	6	1.19	23	0.261
23	A	7	6	1.17	23	0.261
24	A	5	4	1.10	14	0.286
25	A	5	4	0.90	23	0.174
26	A	5	4	0.89	23	0.174
27	A	5	4	0.89	23	0.174
28	A	5	4	0.93	23	0.174
29	A	6	5	0.97	23	0.217
30	A	5	4	0.98	21	0.190
31	A	6	5	0.98	21	0.238
32	A	7	6	1.15	23	0.261
33	A	8	7	1.20	23	0.304
34	A	10	9	1.20	23	0.391
35	A	8	7	1.21	23	0.304
36	A	7	6	1.20	23	0.261
37	A	6	5	1.00	14	0.357
38	A	5	4	0.96	23	0.174
39	A	6	5	1.01	23	0.217
40	A	5	4	0.92	23	0.174
41	A	8	7	0.95	23	0.304
42	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
43	A	6	5	0.99	21	0.238
44	A	7	6	1.07	21	0.286
45	A	9	8	1.07	23	0.348
46	A	11	10	1.12	23	0.435
47	A	12	11	1.12	23	0.478
48	A	11	10	1.12	23	0.435
49	A	9	8	1.12	23	0.348
50	A	7	6	1.21	14	0.429
51	A	6	5	1.01	23	0.217
52	A	7	6	1.02	23	0.261
53	A	8	7	1.32	23	0.304

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	8	7	1.07	23	0.304
55	A	8	7	0.99	23	0.304
56	A	7	6	1.03	21	0.286
57	A	8	7	1.12	21	0.333
58	A	12	11	1.11	23	0.478
59	A	12	11	1.11	23	0.478
60	A	14	13	1.10	23	0.565
61	A	12	11	1.10	23	0.478
62	A	10	9	1.17	23	0.391
63	A	8	7	1.22	14	0.500
64	A	7	6	1.06	23	0.261
65	A	8	7	1.01	23	0.304
66	A	9	8	1.20	23	0.348
67	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
68	A	8	7	0.95	25	0.280
69	A	6	5	0.97	23	0.217
70	A	9	8	0.98	23	0.348
71	A	9	8	1.06	25	0.320
72	A	12	11	1.13	25	0.440
73	A	12	11	1.12	25	0.440
74	A	10	9	1.09	25	0.360
75	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
76	A	8	7	0.97	16	0.438
77	A	6	5	0.97	25	0.200
78	A	7	6	0.95	25	0.240
79	A	8	7	1.05	25	0.280
80	A	10	9	0.89	25	0.360
81	A	9	8	0.89	25	0.320
82	A	7	6	0.98	23	0.261
83	A	11	10	0.98	23	0.435
84	A	11	10	1.01	25	0.400
85	A	15	14	1.04	25	0.560

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	14	13	1.04	25	0.520
87	A	13	12	1.02	25	0.480
88	A	11	10	0.99	25	0.400
89	A	9	8	0.98	16	0.500
90	A	7	6	0.98	25	0.240
91	A	8	7	0.90	25	0.280
92	A	10	9	0.90	25	0.360
93	A	7	6	1.02	25	0.240
94	A	6	5	0.97	25	0.200
95	A	4	3	1.00	23	0.130
96	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
97	A	7	6	1.07	25	0.240
98	A	9	8	1.14	25	0.320
99	A	9	8	1.11	25	0.320
100	A	8	7	1.10	25	0.280
101	A	7	6	1.05	25	0.240
102	A	5	4	1.00	16	0.250
103	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
104	A	5	4	0.97	25	0.160
105	A	6	5	1.04	25	0.200
106	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
107	A	7	6	0.98	25	0.240
108	A	5	4	0.97	23	0.174
109	A	7	6	0.98	23	0.261
110	A	9	8	1.06	25	0.320
111	A	12	11	1.13	25	0.440
112	A	11	10	1.11	25	0.400
113	A	10	9	1.11	25	0.360
114	A	8	7	1.03	25	0.280
115	A	6	5	0.97	16	0.312
116	A	5	4	0.97	25	0.160
117	A	6	5	1.02	25	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	7	6	1.05	25	0.240
119	A	9	8	0.96	25	0.320
120	A	8	7	0.92	25	0.280
121	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
122	A	9	8	1.06	23	0.348
123	A	11	10	1.09	25	0.400
124	A	14	13	1.12	25	0.520
125	A	14	13	1.09	25	0.520
126	A	11	10	1.08	25	0.400
127	A	10	9	1.06	25	0.360
128	A	8	7	1.08	16	0.438
129	A	6	5	1.02	25	0.200
130	A	7	6	0.96	25	0.240
131	A	8	7	0.98	25	0.280
132	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
133	A	8	7	1.01	23	0.304
134	A	7	6	0.97	23	0.261
135	A	5	4	0.99	21	0.190
136	A	6	5	0.99	21	0.238
137	A	5	4	0.99	23	0.174
138	A	5	4	0.98	23	0.174
139	A	5	4	0.98	23	0.174
140	A	5	4	0.98	14	0.286
141	A	5	4	0.97	23	0.174
142	A	6	5	0.97	23	0.217
143	A	7	6	1.02	23	0.261
144	A	11	11	0.84	15	0.733
145	A	9	9	0.88	15	0.600
146	A	7	7	0.84	15	0.467
147	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
148	A	5	5	1.05	15	0.333
149	A	7	7	0.84	15	0.467

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	9	9	0.91	15	0.600
151	A	11	11	0.84	15	0.733
152	A	8	8	0.96	21	0.381
153	A	6	6	0.97	21	0.286
154	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
155	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
156	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
157	A	7	6	0.94	21	0.286
158	A	6	5	0.80	21	0.238
159	A	6	5	0.89	21	0.238
160	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
161	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
162	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
163	A	5	5	0.97	21	0.238
164	A	7	7	0.96	21	0.333
165	A	9	8	1.08	23	0.348
166	A	8	7	1.16	23	0.304
167	A	7	6	1.30	21	0.286
168	A	5	4	1.05	21	0.190
169	A	5	4	0.90	23	0.174
170	A	5	4	0.91	23	0.174
171	A	5	4	0.90	23	0.174
172	A	5	4	0.90	23	0.174
173	A	5	4	0.91	23	0.174
174	A	5	4	1.10	14	0.286
175	A	5	4	1.21	23	0.174
176	A	6	5	1.39	23	0.217
177	A	7	6	1.19	23	0.261
178	A	5	4	1.01	14	0.286
179	A	5	4	0.98	14	0.286
180	A	8	7	1.10	23	0.304
181	A	6	5	0.96	23	0.217

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
183	A	5	4	0.96	21	0.190
184	A	5	4	0.93	23	0.174
185	A	5	4	0.93	23	0.174
186	A	5	4	0.94	23	0.174
187	A	5	4	0.96	23	0.174
188	A	4	3	1.00	23	0.130
189	A	6	5	1.00	14	0.357
190	A	8	7	1.21	23	0.304
191	A	10	9	1.21	23	0.391
192	A	12	11	1.21	23	0.478
193	A	8	7	1.10	23	0.304
194	A	5	4	0.97	23	0.174
195	A	5	4	0.98	21	0.190
196	A	5	4	0.95	21	0.190
197	A	5	4	0.94	23	0.174
198	A	5	4	0.93	23	0.174
199	A	5	4	0.95	23	0.174
200	A	5	4	0.98	23	0.174
201	A	5	4	0.97	23	0.174
202	A	7	6	1.21	14	0.429
203	A	10	9	1.13	23	0.391
204	A	12	11	1.14	23	0.478
205	A	14	13	1.14	23	0.565
206	A	6	5	1.05	23	0.217
207	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
208	A	7	6	1.11	21	0.286
209	A	5	4	0.95	21	0.190
210	A	5	4	0.94	23	0.174
211	A	5	4	0.93	23	0.174
212	A	6	5	1.10	23	0.217
213	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	6	5	1.05	23	0.217
215	A	8	7	1.22	14	0.500
216	A	11	10	1.19	23	0.435
217	A	14	13	1.13	23	0.565
218	A	16	15	1.13	23	0.652
219	A	10	9	1.20	14	0.643
220	A	12	12	0.62	17	0.706
221	A	10	10	0.67	17	0.588
222	A	8	8	0.80	17	0.471
223	A	6	6	1.00	17	0.353
224	A	7	7	1.06	17	0.412
225	A	11	11	0.81	17	0.647
226	A	15	15	0.71	17	0.882
227	A	19	19	0.63	17	1.118
228	A	17	16	1.04	25	0.640
229	A	15	14	1.04	25	0.560
230	A	13	12	1.07	23	0.522
231	A	7	6	1.10	23	0.261
232	A	12	11	1.00	25	0.440
233	A	14	13	0.96	25	0.520
234	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
235	A	7	6	0.96	25	0.240
236	A	6	5	0.97	25	0.200
237	A	8	7	0.97	16	0.438
238	A	6	5	1.05	25	0.200
239	A	7	6	1.02	25	0.240
240	A	11	10	1.10	25	0.400
241	A	19	18	1.04	25	0.720
242	A	17	16	1.04	25	0.640
243	A	15	14	1.05	23	0.609
244	A	13	12	1.07	23	0.522
245	A	11	10	1.00	25	0.400

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	13	12	1.00	25	0.480
247	A	10	9	0.92	25	0.360
248	A	8	7	0.92	25	0.280
249	A	7	6	0.98	25	0.240
250	A	9	8	0.98	16	0.500
251	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
252	A	7	6	1.06	25	0.240
253	A	8	7	0.98	25	0.280
254	A	10	9	1.00	16	0.562
255	A	9	8	1.00	10	0.800
256	A	7	6	1.00	10	0.600
257	A	15	14	0.94	25	0.560
258	A	10	9	1.17	25	0.360
259	A	7	6	1.10	23	0.261
260	A	7	6	1.07	23	0.261
261	A	12	11	1.00	25	0.440
262	A	14	13	0.97	25	0.520
263	A	8	7	1.07	25	0.280
264	A	6	5	0.98	25	0.200
265	A	5	4	1.00	25	0.160
266	A	5	4	1.00	16	0.250
267	A	6	5	1.05	25	0.200
268	A	10	9	1.09	25	0.360
269	A	11	10	1.11	25	0.400
270	A	15	14	1.08	25	0.560
271	A	9	8	1.23	25	0.320
272	A	12	11	1.06	23	0.478
273	A	12	11	1.07	23	0.478
274	A	14	13	0.99	25	0.520
275	A	16	15	0.96	25	0.600
276	A	7	6	1.18	25	0.240
277	A	6	5	0.97	25	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
279	A	6	5	0.97	16	0.312
280	A	9	8	1.02	25	0.320
281	A	11	10	1.07	25	0.400
282	A	13	12	1.08	25	0.480
283	A	14	13	1.01	25	0.520
284	A	14	13	1.00	25	0.520
285	A	14	13	1.01	23	0.565
286	A	13	12	0.99	23	0.522
287	A	16	15	0.97	25	0.600
288	A	17	16	0.94	25	0.640
289	A	7	6	1.14	25	0.240
290	A	5	4	0.95	25	0.160
291	A	5	4	0.97	25	0.160
292	A	8	7	1.08	16	0.438
293	A	10	9	1.09	25	0.360
294	A	12	11	1.10	25	0.440
295	A	14	13	1.11	25	0.520
296	A	9	8	1.12	16	0.500
297	A	5	4	1.00	10	0.400
298	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
299	A	7	6	1.08	23	0.261
300	A	7	6	1.08	21	0.286
301	A	7	6	1.08	21	0.286
302	A	7	6	1.08	23	0.261
303	A	7	6	1.08	23	0.261
304	A	8	7	0.99	23	0.304
305	A	6	5	0.97	23	0.217
306	A	5	4	0.97	23	0.174
307	A	5	4	0.98	14	0.286
308	A	5	4	0.98	23	0.174
309	A	5	4	0.98	23	0.174

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	5	4	0.98	23	0.174
311	A	6	5	0.88	21	0.238
312	A	6	5	0.94	21	0.238
313	A	5	4	0.93	19	0.211
314	A	6	5	1.32	19	0.263
315	A	6	5	1.28	21	0.238
316	A	6	5	1.29	21	0.238
317	A	7	6	0.94	21	0.286
318	A	7	6	1.00	21	0.286
319	A	7	6	1.12	21	0.286
320	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
321	A	6	5	1.37	21	0.238
322	A	7	6	1.24	21	0.286
323	A	8	7	0.96	21	0.333
324	A	6	5	0.91	23	0.217
325	A	6	5	0.92	23	0.217
326	A	6	5	0.96	21	0.238
327	A	6	5	1.04	21	0.238
328	A	6	5	1.12	23	0.217
329	A	6	5	1.35	23	0.217
330	A	6	5	0.95	23	0.217
331	A	6	5	0.97	23	0.217
332	A	6	5	1.02	23	0.217
333	A	5	4	1.10	14	0.286
334	A	6	5	1.11	23	0.217
335	A	6	5	1.09	23	0.217
336	A	6	5	1.02	23	0.217
337	A	6	5	0.91	23	0.217
338	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
339	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
340	A	6	5	1.13	21	0.238
341	A	6	5	1.04	23	0.217

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	6	5	1.09	23	0.217
343	A	10	9	1.18	23	0.391
344	A	8	7	1.19	23	0.304
345	A	7	6	1.15	23	0.261
346	A	6	5	1.00	14	0.357
347	A	9	8	1.24	23	0.348
348	A	10	9	1.27	23	0.391
349	A	12	11	1.22	23	0.478
350	A	6	5	0.91	23	0.217
351	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
352	A	6	5	0.90	21	0.238
353	A	6	5	1.01	21	0.238
354	A	6	5	0.97	23	0.217
355	A	6	5	1.06	23	0.217
356	A	9	8	1.10	23	0.348
357	A	8	7	1.16	23	0.304
358	A	8	7	1.12	23	0.304
359	A	7	6	1.21	14	0.429
360	A	9	8	1.17	23	0.348
361	A	11	10	1.14	23	0.435
362	A	13	12	1.12	23	0.522
363	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
364	A	6	5	0.93	23	0.217
365	A	6	5	0.93	21	0.238
366	A	6	5	0.98	21	0.238
367	A	6	5	0.98	23	0.217
368	A	6	5	1.01	23	0.217
369	A	10	9	1.16	23	0.391
370	A	10	9	1.12	23	0.391
371	A	9	8	1.17	23	0.348
372	A	8	7	1.22	14	0.500
373	A	10	9	1.17	23	0.391

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	12	11	1.14	23	0.478
375	A	14	13	1.12	23	0.565
376	A	6	5	0.96	25	0.200
377	A	9	8	0.99	25	0.320
378	A	7	6	1.04	23	0.261
379	A	8	7	1.03	23	0.304
380	A	9	8	1.04	25	0.320
381	A	12	11	1.13	25	0.440
382	A	13	12	1.05	25	0.480
383	A	12	11	1.02	25	0.440
384	A	10	9	0.97	25	0.360
385	A	8	7	0.97	16	0.438
386	A	9	8	0.97	25	0.320
387	A	9	8	0.98	25	0.320
388	A	11	10	1.05	25	0.400
389	A	6	5	0.95	25	0.200
390	A	10	9	0.98	25	0.360
391	A	8	7	1.01	23	0.304
392	A	10	9	1.00	23	0.391
393	A	9	8	1.04	25	0.320
394	A	12	11	1.08	25	0.440
395	A	15	14	1.04	25	0.560
396	A	14	13	1.03	25	0.520
397	A	12	11	0.99	25	0.440
398	A	9	8	0.98	16	0.500
399	A	11	10	0.95	25	0.400
400	A	10	9	0.98	25	0.360
401	A	12	11	1.00	25	0.440
402	A	6	5	0.98	25	0.200
403	A	8	7	1.05	25	0.280
404	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
405	A	8	7	1.03	23	0.304

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
406	A	9	8	1.10	25	0.320
407	A	12	11	1.17	25	0.440
408	A	11	10	1.05	25	0.400
409	A	10	9	1.02	25	0.360
410	A	9	8	0.98	25	0.320
411	A	5	4	1.00	16	0.250
412	A	9	8	0.97	25	0.320
413	A	10	9	1.06	25	0.360
414	A	11	10	1.09	25	0.400
415	A	6	5	1.00	25	0.200
416	A	8	7	1.03	25	0.280
417	A	7	6	1.04	23	0.261
418	A	10	9	1.13	23	0.391
419	A	11	10	1.13	25	0.400
420	A	14	13	1.16	25	0.520
421	A	11	10	1.03	25	0.400
422	A	10	9	1.04	25	0.360
423	A	7	6	0.97	25	0.240
424	A	6	5	0.97	16	0.312
425	A	9	8	1.04	25	0.320
426	A	10	9	1.06	25	0.360
427	A	11	10	1.05	25	0.400
428	A	6	5	0.99	25	0.200
429	A	9	8	1.04	25	0.320
430	A	8	7	1.05	23	0.304
431	A	12	11	1.18	23	0.478
432	A	13	12	1.14	25	0.480
433	A	16	15	1.16	25	0.600
434	A	13	12	1.13	25	0.480
435	A	9	8	1.02	25	0.320
436	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
437	A	8	7	1.08	16	0.438
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
438	A	10	9	1.07	25	0.360
439	A	12	11	1.07	25	0.440
440	A	13	12	1.07	25	0.480
441	A	6	5	0.98	25	0.200
442	A	6	5	0.92	23	0.217
443	A	7	6	0.95	23	0.261
444	A	5	4	0.98	21	0.190
445	A	8	7	0.96	21	0.333
446	A	9	8	1.03	23	0.348
447	A	6	5	0.98	23	0.217
448	A	6	5	0.98	23	0.217
449	A	5	4	0.98	14	0.286
450	A	6	5	0.98	23	0.217
451	A	6	5	0.98	23	0.217
452	A	5	4	0.84	21	0.190
453	A	5	4	0.90	21	0.190
454	A	5	4	0.93	19	0.211
455	A	5	4	0.94	19	0.211
456	A	8	7	0.97	21	0.333
457	A	5	4	0.95	23	0.174
458	A	13	12	0.94	23	0.522
459	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
460	A	5	4	0.95	21	0.190
461	A	5	4	0.95	23	0.174
462	N/A	2	0	1.00	27	0.000
463	A	5	4	0.97	25	0.160
464	A	6	5	0.97	25	0.200
465	A	7	6	0.98	23	0.261
466	N/A	2	0	1.00	23	0.000
467	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
468	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000
469	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
470	N/A	2	0	1.00	25	0.000

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$	195
3.2	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx$	201
3.3	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx$	207
3.4	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx$	213
3.5	$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	218
3.6	$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	224
3.7	$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	232
3.8	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$	240
3.9	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$	249
3.10	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx$	256
3.11	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	263
3.12	$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	268
3.13	$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	273
3.14	$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	279
3.15	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx$	285
3.16	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$	292
3.17	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx$	299
3.18	$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	305
3.19	$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	311
3.20	$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	320
3.21	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx$	329
3.22	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$	338
3.23	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$	346
3.24	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	353
3.25	$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	359
3.26	$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	365
3.27	$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	371

3.28	$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	378
3.29	$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	385
3.30	$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	392
3.31	$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	398
3.32	$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	404
3.33	$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	412
3.34	$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	422
3.35	$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	432
3.36	$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	440
3.37	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	448
3.38	$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	455
3.39	$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	461
3.40	$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	468
3.41	$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	475
3.42	$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	484
3.43	$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	492
3.44	$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	500
3.45	$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	508
3.46	$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	518
3.47	$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	529
3.48	$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	540
3.49	$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	551
3.50	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	561
3.51	$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	569
3.52	$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	577
3.53	$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	585
3.54	$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	595
3.55	$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	605
3.56	$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	614
3.57	$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	622
3.58	$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	632

3.59	$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	644
3.60	$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	656
3.61	$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	670
3.62	$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	681
3.63	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	691
3.64	$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	700
3.65	$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	709
3.66	$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	719
3.67	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \sin^5(e+fx) dx$	729
3.68	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \sin^3(e+fx) dx$	738
3.69	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx) dx$	745
3.70	$\int \csc(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	752
3.71	$\int \csc^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	760
3.72	$\int \csc^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	769
3.73	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \sin^6(e+fx) dx$	780
3.74	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \sin^4(e+fx) dx$	790
3.75	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \sin^2(e+fx) dx$	799
3.76	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	808
3.77	$\int \csc^2(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	816
3.78	$\int \csc^4(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	822
3.79	$\int \csc^6(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	830
3.80	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e+fx) dx$	839
3.81	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e+fx) dx$	849
3.82	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sin(e+fx) dx$	857
3.83	$\int \csc(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	864
3.84	$\int \csc^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	872
3.85	$\int \csc^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	881
3.86	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e+fx) dx$	891
3.87	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e+fx) dx$	902
3.88	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e+fx) dx$	912
3.89	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	921
3.90	$\int \csc^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	930
3.91	$\int \csc^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	938
3.92	$\int \csc^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	946
3.93	$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	955

3.94	$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	963
3.95	$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	969
3.96	$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	974
3.97	$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	980
3.98	$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	988
3.99	$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	997
3.100	$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	1006
3.101	$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	1014
3.102	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	1021
3.103	$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	1028
3.104	$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	1033
3.105	$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	1039
3.106	$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1047
3.107	$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1054
3.108	$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1061
3.109	$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1067
3.110	$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1074
3.111	$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1083
3.112	$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1093
3.113	$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1102
3.114	$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1111
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1118
3.116	$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1125
3.117	$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1131
3.118	$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	1139
3.119	$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1147
3.120	$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1156
3.121	$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1164
3.122	$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1171
3.123	$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1180

3.124	$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1190
3.125	$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1201
3.126	$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1212
3.127	$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1222
3.128	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1231
3.129	$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1239
3.130	$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1245
3.131	$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	1252
3.132	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p (d\sin(e+fx))^m dx$	1260
3.133	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \sin^5(e+fx) dx$	1265
3.134	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \sin^3(e+fx) dx$	1272
3.135	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \sin(e+fx) dx$	1278
3.136	$\int \csc(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	1283
3.137	$\int \csc^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	1289
3.138	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \sin^4(e+fx) dx$	1295
3.139	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \sin^2(e+fx) dx$	1300
3.140	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	1306
3.141	$\int \csc^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	1312
3.142	$\int \csc^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	1317
3.143	$\int \csc^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	1323
3.144	$\int (a-a\sec^2(c+dx))^4 dx$	1330
3.145	$\int (a-a\sec^2(c+dx))^3 dx$	1337
3.146	$\int (a-a\sec^2(c+dx))^2 dx$	1344
3.147	$\int (a-a\sec^2(c+dx)) dx$	1350
3.148	$\int \frac{1}{a-a\sec^2(c+dx)} dx$	1355
3.149	$\int \frac{1}{(a-a\sec^2(c+dx))^2} dx$	1360
3.150	$\int \frac{1}{(a-a\sec^2(c+dx))^3} dx$	1366
3.151	$\int \frac{1}{(a-a\sec^2(c+dx))^4} dx$	1372
3.152	$\int \sec^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1379
3.153	$\int \sec^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1387
3.154	$\int \sec(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1394
3.155	$\int \cos(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1400
3.156	$\int \cos^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1406
3.157	$\int \cos^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1411
3.158	$\int \sec^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1417
3.159	$\int \sec^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	1424

3.160	$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	1430
3.161	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	1436
3.162	$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	1441
3.163	$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	1446
3.164	$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$	1452
3.165	$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1459
3.166	$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1468
3.167	$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1477
3.168	$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1485
3.169	$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1491
3.170	$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1497
3.171	$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1503
3.172	$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1510
3.173	$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1516
3.174	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1522
3.175	$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1528
3.176	$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1534
3.177	$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$	1540
3.178	$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$	1547
3.179	$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$	1553
3.180	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1560
3.181	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1569
3.182	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1576
3.183	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1582
3.184	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1588
3.185	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1594
3.186	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1600
3.187	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1607
3.188	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1613
3.189	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1619
3.190	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1626
3.191	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1634
3.192	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	1643
3.193	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1653
3.194	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1662

3.195	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1669
3.196	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1676
3.197	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1683
3.198	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1690
3.199	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1698
3.200	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1705
3.201	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1712
3.202	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1719
3.203	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1727
3.204	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1737
3.205	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	1747
3.206	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1758
3.207	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1766
3.208	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1774
3.209	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1783
3.210	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1791
3.211	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1799
3.212	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1808
3.213	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1816
3.214	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1824
3.215	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1832
3.216	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1841
3.217	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1851
3.218	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	1863
3.219	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(c+dx))^4} dx$	1877
3.220	$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	1888
3.221	$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1895
3.222	$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1902
3.223	$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx$	1908
3.224	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx$	1914
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1920

3.226	$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1927
3.227	$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$	1934
3.228	$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1942
3.229	$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1954
3.230	$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1965
3.231	$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1974
3.232	$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1980
3.233	$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1989
3.234	$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	1999
3.235	$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	2008
3.236	$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	2016
3.237	$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	2023
3.238	$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	2031
3.239	$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	2038
3.240	$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$	2046
3.241	$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2055
3.242	$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2067
3.243	$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2078
3.244	$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2088
3.245	$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2097
3.246	$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2106
3.247	$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2115
3.248	$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2124
3.249	$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2132
3.250	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2140
3.251	$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2149
3.252	$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2158
3.253	$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	2165
3.254	$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	2173
3.255	$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx$	2182
3.256	$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx$	2189
3.257	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$	2196
3.258	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$	2207
3.259	$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$	2215
3.260	$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$	2221
3.261	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$	2228

3.262	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2237
3.263	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2247
3.264	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2255
3.265	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2262
3.266	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2268
3.267	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2275
3.268	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2281
3.269	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	2290
3.270	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2300
3.271	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2312
3.272	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2320
3.273	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2330
3.274	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2339
3.275	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2349
3.276	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2359
3.277	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2367
3.278	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2374
3.279	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2379
3.280	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2386
3.281	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2395
3.282	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	2405
3.283	$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2415
3.284	$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2426
3.285	$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2437
3.286	$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2448
3.287	$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2457
3.288	$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2469
3.289	$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2481
3.290	$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2489

3.291	$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2495
3.292	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2501
3.293	$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2509
3.294	$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2518
3.295	$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	2528
3.296	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2539
3.297	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sec^2(x)}} dx$	2548
3.298	$\int (d\sec(e+fx))^m (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2554
3.299	$\int \sec^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2559
3.300	$\int \sec(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2566
3.301	$\int \cos(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2573
3.302	$\int \cos^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2579
3.303	$\int \cos^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2585
3.304	$\int \sec^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2591
3.305	$\int \sec^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2598
3.306	$\int \sec^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2604
3.307	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2609
3.308	$\int \cos^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2615
3.309	$\int \cos^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2621
3.310	$\int \cos^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	2627
3.311	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	2633
3.312	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	2640
3.313	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) \tan(e+fx) dx$	2647
3.314	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2652
3.315	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2658
3.316	$\int \cot^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2664
3.317	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) \tan^6(e+fx) dx$	2670
3.318	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) \tan^4(e+fx) dx$	2677
3.319	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	2684
3.320	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2690
3.321	$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2695
3.322	$\int \cot^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2701
3.323	$\int \cot^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx$	2707
3.324	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	2714
3.325	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	2721
3.326	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan(e+fx) dx$	2728
3.327	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2735

3.328	$\int \cot^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2742
3.329	$\int \cot^5(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2749
3.330	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan^6(e+fx) dx$	2755
3.331	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan^4(e+fx) dx$	2762
3.332	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	2769
3.333	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2775
3.334	$\int \cot^2(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2781
3.335	$\int \cot^4(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2787
3.336	$\int \cot^6(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$	2793
3.337	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2800
3.338	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2807
3.339	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2813
3.340	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2818
3.341	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2824
3.342	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2831
3.343	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2838
3.344	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2847
3.345	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2855
3.346	$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2862
3.347	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2869
3.348	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2877
3.349	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	2886
3.350	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2897
3.351	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2904
3.352	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2910
3.353	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2916
3.354	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2923
3.355	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2930
3.356	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2938
3.357	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2947
3.358	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2955
3.359	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2964
3.360	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2972

3.361	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2982
3.362	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$	2993
3.363	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3005
3.364	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3012
3.365	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3019
3.366	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3026
3.367	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3034
3.368	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3042
3.369	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3050
3.370	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3060
3.371	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3070
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3080
3.373	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3089
3.374	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3100
3.375	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$	3112
3.376	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3125
3.377	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3133
3.378	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \tan(e+fx) dx$	3141
3.379	$\int \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3148
3.380	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3157
3.381	$\int \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3166
3.382	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \tan^6(e+fx) dx$	3176
3.383	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \tan^4(e+fx) dx$	3187
3.384	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	3197
3.385	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3206
3.386	$\int \cot^2(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3214
3.387	$\int \cot^4(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3221
3.388	$\int \cot^6(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$	3228
3.389	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3237
3.390	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3245
3.391	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \tan(e+fx) dx$	3254
3.392	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	3262
3.393	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	3271
3.394	$\int \cot^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$	3280

3.395	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$	3290
3.396	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$	3301
3.397	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$	3312
3.398	$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3322
3.399	$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3331
3.400	$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3340
3.401	$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$	3348
3.402	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3357
3.403	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3364
3.404	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3371
3.405	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3377
3.406	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3385
3.407	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3394
3.408	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3404
3.409	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3413
3.410	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3422
3.411	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3430
3.412	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3437
3.413	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3444
3.414	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$	3453
3.415	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3462
3.416	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3469
3.417	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3477
3.418	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3484
3.419	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3492
3.420	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3502
3.421	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3512
3.422	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3522
3.423	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3531
3.424	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3538
3.425	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3545

3.426	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3554
3.427	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$	3563
3.428	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3573
3.429	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3580
3.430	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3588
3.431	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3596
3.432	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3605
3.433	$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3614
3.434	$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3624
3.435	$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3634
3.436	$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3643
3.437	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3652
3.438	$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3660
3.439	$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3669
3.440	$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$	3679
3.441	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p (d\tan(e+fx))^m dx$	3689
3.442	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3695
3.443	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3701
3.444	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan(e+fx) dx$	3707
3.445	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3712
3.446	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3718
3.447	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^4(e+fx) dx$	3725
3.448	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	3731
3.449	$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3737
3.450	$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3743
3.451	$\int \cot^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$	3749
3.452	$\int (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3755
3.453	$\int (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3761
3.454	$\int (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) \tan(e+fx) dx$	3767
3.455	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) dx$	3773
3.456	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^3(e+fx)) dx$	3779
3.457	$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3787
3.458	$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3796
3.459	$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3807

3.460	$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3813
3.461	$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$	3822
3.462	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p (d\tan(e+fx))^m dx$	3832
3.463	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e+fx) dx$	3837
3.464	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e+fx) dx$	3843
3.465	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan(e+fx) dx$	3849
3.466	$\int \cot(e+fx) (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3855
3.467	$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3860
3.468	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx$	3865
3.469	$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3870
3.470	$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx$	3875

3.1 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(a - 3b) \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{(a - b) \cos^3(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(3a - b) \cos^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{a \cos^7(e + fx)}{7f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-(a-3*b)*cos(f*x+e)/f+(a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*(3*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^5/f+1/7*a*cos(f*x+e)^7/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx = -\frac{35a \cos(e + fx)}{64f} + \frac{19b \cos(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{7a \cos(3(e + fx))}{64f} - \frac{3b \cos(3(e + fx))}{16f} - \frac{7a \cos(5(e + fx))}{320f} + \frac{b \cos(5(e + fx))}{80f} + \frac{a \cos(7(e + fx))}{448f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^7,x]`

output `(-35*a*Cos[e + f*x])/(64*f) + (19*b*Cos[e + f*x])/(8*f) + (7*a*Cos[3*(e + f*x)])/(64*f) - (3*b*Cos[3*(e + f*x)])/(16*f) - (7*a*Cos[5*(e + f*x)])/(320*f) + (b*Cos[5*(e + f*x)])/(80*f) + (a*Cos[7*(e + f*x)])/(448*f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^7(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^7 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4621$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 355$$

$$\frac{\int (-a \cos^6(e + fx) + (3a - b) \cos^4(e + fx) - 3(a - b) \cos^2(e + fx) + b \sec^2(e + fx) + a(1 - \frac{3b}{a})) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}(3a - b) \cos^5(e + fx) - (a - b) \cos^3(e + fx) + (a - 3b) \cos(e + fx) - \frac{1}{7}a \cos^7(e + fx) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^7,x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a - 3b)\cos[e + fx] - (a - b)\cos[e + fx]^3 + (3a - b)\cos[e + fx]^5}{5} - \frac{a\cos[e + fx]^7}{7} - b\sec[e + fx]\right)/f$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 355

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-980a+4900b) \cos(2fx+2e)+(196a-392b) \cos(4fx+4e)+(-44a+28b) \cos(6fx+6e)+5a \cos(8fx+8e)+(-2048a+14336b) \cos(fx+e)-1225a+9800b}{4480f \cos(fx+e)}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a \left(\frac{16}{5} + \sin(fx+e)^6 + \frac{6 \sin(fx+e)^4}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(fx+e)^2}{5} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{7} + b \frac{\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^8}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{16}{5} + \sin(fx+e)^6 + \frac{6 \sin(fx+e)^4}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(fx+e)^2}{5} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
default	$-\frac{a \left(\frac{16}{5} + \sin(fx+e)^6 + \frac{6 \sin(fx+e)^4}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(fx+e)^2}{5} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{7} + b \frac{\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^8}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{16}{5} + \sin(fx+e)^6 + \frac{6 \sin(fx+e)^4}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(fx+e)^2}{5} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
parts	$-\frac{a \left(\frac{16}{5} + \sin(fx+e)^6 + \frac{6 \sin(fx+e)^4}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(fx+e)^2}{5} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{7f} + \frac{b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^8}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{16}{5} + \sin(fx+e)^6 + \frac{6 \sin(fx+e)^4}{5} + \frac{8 \sin(fx+e)^2}{5} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{32a-224b}{35f} - \frac{32(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{f} + \frac{6(32a-224b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{35f} + \frac{2(32a-224b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{5f} + \frac{2(32a-224b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{5f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right) \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 \right)^7}$
risch	$\frac{19 e^{i(fx+e)} b}{16f} - \frac{35 e^{i(fx+e)} a}{128f} + \frac{19 e^{-i(fx+e)} b}{16f} - \frac{35 e^{-i(fx+e)} a}{128f} + \frac{2b e^{i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} + \frac{a \cos(7fx+7e)}{448f} - \frac{7 \cos(fx+e)}{448f}$

```
input int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4480*((-980*a+4900*b)*cos(2*f*x+2*e)+(196*a-392*b)*cos(4*f*x+4*e)+(-44*a+28*b)*cos(6*f*x+6*e)+5*a*cos(8*f*x+8*e)+(-2048*a+14336*b)*cos(f*x+e)-1225*a+9800*b)/f/cos(f*x+e)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5 a \cos(fx + e)^8 - 7(3 a - b) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 35(a - b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 35(a - 3 b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 35 b}{35 f \cos(fx + e)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/35*(5*a*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 7*(3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 35*(a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 35*(a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 35*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e)**7,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5a \cos(fx + e)^7 - 7(3a - b) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 35(a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 35(a - 3b) \cos(fx + e) + \frac{35b}{\cos(fx + e)}}{35f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/35*(5*a*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 7*(3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 35*(a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 35*(a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e) + 35*b/cos(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5a \cos(fx + e)^7 - 21a \cos(fx + e)^5 + 7b \cos(fx + e)^5 + 35a \cos(fx + e)^3 - 35b \cos(fx + e)^3 - 35a}{35f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/35*(5*a*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 21*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 7*b*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 35*a
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 35*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 35*a*cos(f*x + e) + 105*b*cos(f*x
+ e) + 35*b/cos(f*x + e))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a \cos(e+fx)^7}{7} - \cos(e + fx) (a - 3b) - \cos(e + fx)^5 \left(\frac{3a}{5} - \frac{b}{5}\right) + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)} + \cos(e + fx)^3 (a - b)}{f}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^7*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
((a*cos(e + f*x)^7)/7 - cos(e + f*x)*(a - 3*b) - cos(e + f*x)^5*((3*a)/5 -
b/5) + b/cos(e + f*x) + cos(e + f*x)^3*(a - b))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^7(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^6 a - 6 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 8 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 16 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^0 a + 112 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^6 b - 112 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 b - 112 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^2 b - 112 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^0 b + 112 b}{35 \cos(e + fx) f}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^7,x)
```

output

```
( - 5*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**6*a - 6*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**
4*a - 8*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 16*cos(e + f*x)**2*a + 16*cos(
e + f*x)*a - 112*cos(e + f*x)*b - 7*sin(e + f*x)**6*b - 14*sin(e + f*x)**4
*b - 56*sin(e + f*x)**2*b + 112*b)/(35*cos(e + f*x)*f)
```

3.2 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	202
Maple [A] (verified)	203
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Sympy [F]	205
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(a - 2b) \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{(2a - b) \cos^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{a \cos^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-(a-2*b)*cos(f*x+e)/f+1/3*(2*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*a*cos(f*x+e)^5/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{5a \cos(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{7b \cos(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{5a \cos(3(e + fx))}{48f} - \frac{b \cos(3(e + fx))}{12f} - \frac{a \cos(5(e + fx))}{80f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-5*a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x])}{(8*f)} + \frac{(7*b*\text{Cos}[e + f*x])}{(4*f)} + \frac{(5*a*\text{Cos}[3*(e + f*x)])}{(48*f)} - \frac{(b*\text{Cos}[3*(e + f*x)])}{(12*f)} - \frac{(a*\text{Cos}[5*(e + f*x)])}{(80*f)} + (b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x])/f$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & - \frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{355} \\ & - \frac{\int (a \cos^4(e + fx) - (2a - b) \cos^2(e + fx) + b \sec^2(e + fx) + a(1 - \frac{2b}{a})) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{-\frac{1}{3}(2a - b) \cos^3(e + fx) + (a - 2b) \cos(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5}a \cos^5(e + fx) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^5, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a - 2b)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x] - ((2*a - b)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^5)/5 - b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]}{f}\right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 355 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-125a+400b) \cos(2fx+2e)+(22a-20b) \cos(4fx+4e)-3 \cos(6fx+6e)a+(-256a+1280b) \cos(fx+e)-150a+900b}{480f \cos(fx+e)}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e}}{5} + b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e}}{5} + b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
parts	$-\frac{a \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e}}{5f} + \frac{b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{16a-80b}{15f} - \frac{32(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{3f} + \frac{4(16a-80b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{15f} + \frac{(16a-80b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{3f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right) \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 \right)^5}$
risch	$-\frac{5e^{i(fx+e)}a}{16f} + \frac{7e^{i(fx+e)}b}{8f} - \frac{5e^{-i(fx+e)}a}{16f} + \frac{7e^{-i(fx+e)}b}{8f} + \frac{2be^{i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} - \frac{\cos(5fx+5e)a}{80f} + \frac{5 \cos(3fx+3e)b}{48f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/480*((-125*a+400*b)*cos(2*f*x+2*e)+(22*a-20*b)*cos(4*f*x+4*e)-3*cos(6*f*x+6*e))*a+(-256*a+1280*b)*cos(f*x+e)-150*a+900*b)/f/cos(f*x+e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3a \cos(fx + e)^6 - 5(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 15(a - 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 15b}{15f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 5*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*(a - 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 15*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a \cos(fx + e)^5 - 5(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15(a - 2b) \cos(fx + e) - \frac{15b}{\cos(fx + e)}}{15f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a - 2*b)*cos(f*x + e) - 15*b/cos(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{3a \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10a \cos(fx + e)^3 + 5b \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a \cos(fx + e) - 30b \cos(fx + e) - \frac{1}{\cos(fx + e)}}{15f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/15*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 5*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a*cos(f*x + e) - 30*b*cos(f*x + e) - 15*b/cos(f*x + e))/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{2a}{3} - \frac{b}{3}\right) - \cos(e + fx) (a - 2b) - \frac{a \cos(e + fx)^5}{5} + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)}}{f}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/\cos(e + f*x)^2), x)$$

output

$$(\cos(e + f*x)^3*((2*a)/3 - b/3) - \cos(e + f*x)*(a - 2*b) - (a*\cos(e + f*x)^5)/5 + b/\cos(e + f*x))/f$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 4 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 8 \cos(fx + e)^2 a + 8 \cos(fx + e) a - 3 \cos(fx + e)^5 a + 5 b \cos(fx + e)}{15 \cos(fx + e) f}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)*\sin(f*x+e)^5,x)$$

output

$$(-3*\cos(e + f*x)**2*\sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 4*\cos(e + f*x)**2*\sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 8*\cos(e + f*x)**2*a + 8*\cos(e + f*x)*a - 40*\cos(e + f*x)*b - 5*\sin(e + f*x)**4*b - 20*\sin(e + f*x)**2*b + 40*b)/(15*\cos(e + f*x)*f)$$

3.3 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	208
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Sympy [F]	210
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	211
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	211
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	211
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	212

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(a - b) \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \cos^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-(a-b)*cos(f*x+e)/f+1/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^3/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a \cos(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \cos(3(e + fx))}{12f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]
```


output

$$\frac{-3a\cos[e + fx]}{4f} + \frac{b\cos[e + fx]}{f} + \frac{a\cos[3(e + fx)]}{12f} + \frac{b\sec[e + fx]}{f}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin^3(e + fx) (a + b\sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b\sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & -\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{355} \\ & -\frac{\int (-a \cos^2(e + fx) + b \sec^2(e + fx) + a(1 - \frac{b}{a})) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{(a - b) \cos(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}a \cos^3(e + fx) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b\sec[e + fx]^2)*\sin[e + fx]^3, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a - b)\cos[e + fx] - (a\cos[e + fx]^3)/3 - b\sec[e + fx]}{f}\right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 355 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

- rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a(2+\sin(fx+e)^2)\cos(fx+e)}{3} + b\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^4}{\cos(fx+e)} + (2+\sin(fx+e)^2)\cos(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	62
default	$-\frac{a(2+\sin(fx+e)^2)\cos(fx+e)}{3} + b\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^4}{\cos(fx+e)} + (2+\sin(fx+e)^2)\cos(fx+e)\right)$	62
parallelrisc	$\frac{(-8a+12b)\cos(2fx+2e)+\cos(4fx+4e)a+(-16a+48b)\cos(fx+e)-9a+36b}{24f\cos(fx+e)}$	63
parts	$-\frac{a(2+\sin(fx+e)^2)\cos(fx+e)}{3f} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^4}{\cos(fx+e)} + (2+\sin(fx+e)^2)\cos(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	64
norman	$\frac{\frac{4a-12b}{3f} - \frac{4(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{f} + \frac{2(4a-12b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{3f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)^3}$	87
risc	$-\frac{3e^{i(fx+e)}a}{8f} + \frac{e^{i(fx+e)}b}{2f} - \frac{3e^{-i(fx+e)}a}{8f} + \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}b}{2f} + \frac{2be^{i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} + \frac{\cos(3fx+3e)a}{12f}$	105

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/3*a*(2+sin(f*x+e)^2)*cos(f*x+e)+b*(sin(f*x+e)^4/cos(f*x+e)+(2+sin(f*x+e)^2)*cos(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \cos^4(fx + e) - 3(a - b) \cos^2(fx + e) + 3b}{3f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*(a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sin^3(e+fx) dx = \frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 3(a-b) \cos(fx+e) + \frac{3b}{\cos(fx+e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a - b)*cos(f*x + e) + 3*b/cos(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sin^3(e+fx) dx = \frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 3a \cos(fx+e) + 3b \cos(fx+e) + \frac{3b}{\cos(fx+e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a*cos(f*x + e) + 3*b*cos(f*x + e) + 3*b/cos(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sin^3(e+fx) dx = \frac{\frac{a \cos(e+fx)^3}{3} - \cos(e+fx)(a-b) + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `((a*cos(e + f*x)^3)/3 - cos(e + f*x)*(a - b) + b/cos(e + f*x))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 a + \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 2 \cos(fx + e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{3f \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 - 1\right)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)`output `(- cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 2*cos(e + f*x)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a + 2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a - 12*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b - 2*a)/(3*f*(tan((e + f*x)/2)**4 - 1))`

3.4 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	213
Mathematica [A] (verified)	213
Rubi [A] (verified)	214
Maple [A] (verified)	215
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	216
Sympy [F]	216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	216
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	217
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	217
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	217

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `-a*cos(f*x+e)/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \cos(e) \cos(fx)}{f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \sin(e) \sin(fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x],x]`

output `-((a*cos[e]*Cos[f*x])/f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x])/f + (a*sin[e]*Sin[f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & - \frac{\int (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{244} \\
 & - \frac{\int (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{a \cos(e + fx) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x],x]`

output `-((a*Cos[e + f*x] - b*Sec[e + f*x])/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sec(fx+e)b - \frac{a}{\sec(fx+e)}}{f}$	25
default	$\frac{\sec(fx+e)b - \frac{a}{\sec(fx+e)}}{f}$	25
parts	$-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{f}$	25
parallelrisc	$\frac{-a \cos(2fx+2e) + (-2a+2b) \cos(fx+e) - a+2b}{2f \cos(fx+e)}$	47
risch	$-\frac{a e^{3i(fx+e)} + (3a-4b) \cos(fx+e) + i(a-4b) \sin(fx+e)}{2f (e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}$	59
norman	$\frac{\frac{2a-2b}{f} - \frac{2(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right) \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)}$	63

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)*sin(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(sec(f*x+e)*b-a/sec(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 - b}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \cos(fx + e) - \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(a*cos(f*x + e) - b/cos(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \cos(fx + e) - \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(a*cos(f*x + e) - b/cos(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \cos(e + fx) - \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `-(a*cos(e + f*x) - b/cos(e + f*x))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{-\cos(fx + e)^2 a - \cos(fx + e) b + b}{\cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e),x)`output `(- cos(e + f*x)**2*a - cos(e + f*x)*b + b)/(cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.5 $\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	218
Mathematica [B] (verified)	218
Rubi [A] (verified)	219
Maple [A] (verified)	220
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	221
Sympy [F]	221
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	222
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	222
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	223
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	223

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `-(a+b)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 58 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{b \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)))}{f} + \frac{b \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)))}{f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((a*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]])/f) - (b*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]])/f + (b*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]])/f + (b*Sec[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 359, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\sin(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx)) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-(((a + b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]] - b*Sec[e + f*x])/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 359 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e^{m+1})), x] + \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m+2 \cdot p+3)) / (a \cdot e^{2 \cdot (m+1)}) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4621 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) \cdot \sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)])^n)^{p_} \cdot \sin[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x))]^m, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-ff/f \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(m-1)/2} \cdot ((b + a \cdot (ff \cdot x)^n)^p / (ff \cdot x)^{n \cdot p}), x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{(b + \ln(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}))(a+b) \cos(fx+e) + b}{f \cos(fx+e)}$	38
norman	$-\frac{2b}{f(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2})^2 - 1)} + \frac{(a+b) \ln(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}))}{f}$	40
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e)) + b(\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)} + \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e)))}{f}$	51
default	$\frac{a \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e)) + b(\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)} + \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e)))}{f}$	51
risch	$\frac{2b e^{i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + 1)a}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + 1)b}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - 1)a}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - 1)b}{f}$	100

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*((b+ln(tan(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))*(a+b))*cos(f*x+e)+b)/cos(f*x+e)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + b) \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - (a + b) \cos(fx + e) \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 2b}{2f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - (a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - 2*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \csc(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a + b) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) - (a + b) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2b}{\cos(fx + e)}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*((a + b)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1) - (a + b)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*b/cos(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2f}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2f}$$

$$+ \frac{b}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(a + b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f + 1/2*(a + b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + b/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b}{f \cos(e + fx)} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\cos(e + fx)) (a + b)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/sin(e + f*x),x)`output `b/(f*cos(e + f*x)) - (atanh(cos(e + f*x))*(a + b))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) a + \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) b - \cos(fx + e) b + b}{\cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a + cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)) *b - cos(e + f*x)*b + b)/(cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.6 $\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	224
Mathematica [B] (verified)	224
Rubi [A] (verified)	225
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	229
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	230
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	230
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	231

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + 3b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{2f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+3*b)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/f-1/2*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{8f} - \frac{b \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{8f} - \frac{a \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{2f} - \frac{3b \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{2f} + \frac{a \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{2f} + \frac{3b \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{2f} + \frac{a \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{8f} + \frac{b \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{8f} + \frac{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{f \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)} - \frac{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{f \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/8*(a*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/f - (b*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(8*f) - (a*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]])/(2*f) - (3*b*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]])/(2*f) + (a*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]])/(2*f) + (3*b*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]])/(2*f) + (a*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(8*f) + (b*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(8*f) + (b*Ssin[(e + f*x)/2])/(f*(Cos[(e + f*x)/2] - Sin[(e + f*x)/2])) - (b*Ssin[(e + f*x)/2])/(f*(Cos[(e + f*x)/2] + Sin[(e + f*x)/2]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 361, 25, 359, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \csc^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}{\sin(e+fx)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
& - \frac{\frac{(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int - \frac{((a+b)\cos^2(e+fx)+2b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{((a+b)\cos^2(e+fx)+2b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx) + \frac{(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((a+3b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx) - 2b\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx)) - 2b\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((((a + b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + ((a + 3*b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]] - 2*b*Sec[e + f*x])/2)/f)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2))/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)\cot(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2}\right) + b\left(-\frac{1}{2\sin(fx+e)^2\cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3}{2\cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)\cot(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2}\right) + b\left(-\frac{1}{2\sin(fx+e)^2\cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3}{2\cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a+b}{8f} + \frac{(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{8f} - \frac{(a+9b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{4f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)} + \frac{(a+3b)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{2f}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{4\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right)(a+3b)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) + (a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + (a+b)\cot\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 2a - 18b}{8f\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 8f}$
risc	$\frac{e^{i(fx+e)}(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 3be^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} - 2be^{2i(fx+e)} + a + 3b)}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^2} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - 1)a}{2f} + \frac{3\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - 1)b}{2f}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))+b*(-1/2/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)+3/2/cos(f*x+e)+3/2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a + 3b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - ((a + 3b) \cos(fx + e))^3 - (a + 3b) \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) + (a + 3b) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) - \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4(f \cos(fx + e))^3 - f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*(2*(a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - ((a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e))*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e))*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - 4*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \csc^3(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + 3b) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) - (a + 3b) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2((a+3b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - 2b)}{\cos(fx+e)^3 - \cos(fx+e)}}{4f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*((a + 3*b)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1) - (a + 3*b)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*((a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^3 - cos(f*x + e)))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + 3b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{4f} + \frac{(a + 3b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{4f} + \frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3b \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2b}{2(\cos(fx + e)^3 - \cos(fx + e))f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(a + 3*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f + 1/4*(a + 3*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + 1/2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b)/((cos(f*x + e)^3 - cos(f*x + e))*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b - \cos(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{3b}{2}\right)}{f (\cos(e + fx) - \cos(e + fx)^3)} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\cos(e + fx)) \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{3b}{2}\right)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/sin(e + f*x)^3,x)`

output `(b - cos(e + f*x)^2*(a/2 + (3*b)/2))/(f*(cos(e + f*x) - cos(e + f*x)^3)) - (atanh(cos(e + f*x))*(a/2 + (3*b)/2))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a + 12 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 b - \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 b + 4 \sin(fx + e)^2 a + 12 \sin(fx + e)^2 b - 4a - 4b}{8 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 f}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(4*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 12*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 9*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 12*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 4*a - 4*b)/(8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*f)`

3.7 $\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	232
Mathematica [B] (verified)	232
Rubi [A] (verified)	233
Maple [A] (verified)	235
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	236
Sympy [F]	237
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	237
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	238
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{3(a + 5b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{8f} - \frac{(3a + 7b) \cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx)}{8f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot(e + fx) \csc^3(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-3/8*(a+5*b)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/f-1/8*(3*a+7*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/f-1/4*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 198 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{-2(3a + 7b) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) - (a + b) \csc^4\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) + \frac{2(-3(a+13b)+4 \cos(e+fx)(8b+3(a+5b) \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx))))}{64f}}{64f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output $(-2*(3*a + 7*b)*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2 - (a + b)*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^4 + (2*(-3*(a + 13*b) + 4*Cos[e + f*x]*(8*b + 3*(a + 5*b)*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - 3*(a + 5*b)*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]))*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2 - (a + b)*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^4 + (4*(a + 2*b) + (3*a + 7*b)*Cos[e + f*x])*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^4*Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(-1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(64*f)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 361, 25, 361, 25, 359, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\sin(e + fx)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int - \frac{(3(a+b) \cos^2(e+fx)+4b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3(a+b) \cos^2(e+fx)+4b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e + fx) + \frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{361}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+7b) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int - \frac{((3a+7b) \cos^2(e+fx)+8b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{((3a+7b) \cos^2(e+fx)+8b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{(3a+7b) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 359 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3(a+5b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) - 8b \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(3a+7b) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (3(a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx)) - 8b \sec(e+fx)) + \frac{(3a+7b) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `-((((a + b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(4*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((3*a + 7*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + 5*b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]] - 8*b*Sec[e + f*x])/2)/4)/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 359

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 361

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c
- a*d)*x^(-m + 2))/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/
2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left(\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \csc(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cot(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e))}{8} \right) + b \left(-\frac{1}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4 \cos(fx+e)} - \frac{5}{8 \sin(fx+e)^2 \cos(fx+e)} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a \left(\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \csc(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cot(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e))}{8} \right) + b \left(-\frac{1}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4 \cos(fx+e)} - \frac{5}{8 \sin(fx+e)^2 \cos(fx+e)} \right)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{24 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1 \right) \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1 \right) (a+5b) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) + (a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 + (7a+15b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + (a-b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 64f}{64f \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 64f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a+b}{64f} + \frac{(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{10}}{64f} + \frac{(7a+15b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{64f} + \frac{(7a+15b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{64f} - \frac{(a+10b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{4f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)} + \frac{3(a+5b) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{8f}$
risch	$\frac{e^{i(fx+e)} (3a e^{8i(fx+e)} + 15b e^{8i(fx+e)} - 8a e^{6i(fx+e)} - 40b e^{6i(fx+e)} - 22a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 18b e^{4i(fx+e)} - 8a e^{2i(fx+e)} - 40b e^{2i(fx+e)} - 3a - 3b)}{4f (e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^4 (e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(a*((-1/4*csc(f*x+e)^3-3/8*csc(f*x+e))*cot(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))+b*(-1/4/sin(f*x+e)^4/cos(f*x+e)-5/8/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)+15/8/cos(f*x+e)+15/8*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{6(a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 10(a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3((a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^5 - 2(a + 5b) \cos(fx + e))}{f}$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*(6*(a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 10*(a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*((a + 5
*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e))*
log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 3*((a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a + 5*b)*co
s(f*x + e)^3 + (a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e))*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 16*b
)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + f*cos(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \csc^5(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**5, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(a + 5b) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) - 3(a + 5b) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 5(a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2)}{\cos(fx + e)^5 - 2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + \cos(fx + e)}}{16f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*(3*(a + 5*b)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(a + 5*b)*log(cos(f*x + e) -
1) - 2*(3*(a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 5*(a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*b)/(co
s(f*x + e)^5 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + cos(f*x + e)))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(a + 5b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{16f}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a + 5b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{16f} + \frac{b}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

$$+ \frac{3a \cos(fx + e)^3 + 7b \cos(fx + e)^3 - 5a \cos(fx + e) - 9b \cos(fx + e)}{8(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2 f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/16*(a + 5*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f + 3/16*(a + 5*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + b/(f*cos(f*x + e)) + 1/8*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 7*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*a*cos(f*x + e) - 9*b*cos(f*x + e))/((cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{3a}{8} + \frac{15b}{8}\right) \cos(e + fx)^4 + \left(-\frac{5a}{8} - \frac{25b}{8}\right) \cos(e + fx)^2 + b}{f (\cos(e + fx)^5 - 2 \cos(e + fx)^3 + \cos(e + fx))}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\cos(e + fx)) \left(\frac{3a}{8} + \frac{15b}{8}\right)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/sin(e + f*x)^5,x)`output `(b + cos(e + f*x)^4*((3*a)/8 + (15*b)/8) - cos(e + f*x)^2*((5*a)/8 + (25*b)/8))/(f*(cos(e + f*x) - 2*cos(e + f*x)^3 + cos(e + f*x)^5)) - (atanh(cos(e + f*x))*((3*a)/8 + (15*b)/8))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a + 15 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 b - \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 b}{8 \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)^4 f}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(3*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a + 15*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 10*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b + 3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a + 15*sin(e + f*x)**4*b - sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 5*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 2*a - 2*b)/(8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*f)`

3.8 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{5}{16}(a - 6b)x - \frac{(11a - 18b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{(13a - 6b) \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{24f} - \frac{a \cos^5(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{6f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
5/16*(a-6*b)*x-1/16*(11*a-18*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/24*(13*a-6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/f-1/6*a*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/f+b*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{60ae - 360be + 60afx - 360bfx + (-45a + 96b) \sin(2(e + fx)) + (9a - 6b) \sin(4(e + fx)) - a \sin(6(e + fx))}{192f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `(60*a*e - 360*b*e + 60*a*f*x - 360*b*f*x + (-45*a + 96*b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + (9*a - 6*b)*Sin[4*(e + f*x)] - a*Ssin[6*(e + f*x)] + 192*b*Tan[e + f*x]) / (192*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 360, 25, 2345, 27, 1471, 299, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{6b \tan^6(e+fx)+6a \tan^4(e+fx)-6a \tan^2(e+fx)+a}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{6b \tan^6(e+fx)+6a \tan^4(e+fx)-6a \tan^2(e+fx)+a}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(13a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3(-8b \tan^4(e+fx) - 8(a-b) \tan^2(e+fx) + 3a-2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(13a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{-8b \tan^4(e+fx) - 8(a-b) \tan^2(e+fx) + 3a-2b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 1471

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(13a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(11a-18b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{16b \tan^2(e+fx) + 5a - 14b}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \right) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(13a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-5(a-6b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) - 16b \tan(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(11a-18b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(13a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (-5(a-6b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - 16b \tan(e+fx)) + \frac{(11a-18b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `(-1/6*(a*Tan[e + f*x])/(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3 + (((13*a - 6*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (3*((-5*(a - 6*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] - 16*b*Tan[e + f*x])/2 + ((11*a - 18*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/6)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`
- rule 1471 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]`

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(-36a+90b) \sin(3fx+3e)+(8a-6b) \sin(5fx+5e)-\sin(7fx+7e)a+120fx(a-6b) \cos(fx+e)-45\left(a-\frac{32b}{3}\right) \sin(fx+e)}{384 \cos(fx+e)f}$
derivativdivides	$a \left(-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)$
default	$a \left(-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)$
parts	$a \left(-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + \frac{b \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
risc	$\frac{5ax}{16} - \frac{15xb}{8} + \frac{15ie^{2i(fx+e)}a}{128f} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{4f} - \frac{15ie^{-2i(fx+e)}a}{128f} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{4f} + \frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} - \frac{a \sin(6fx+6e)}{128f}$
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{5a}{16} + \frac{15b}{8}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45a}{16} + \frac{135b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + \left(-\frac{25a}{16} + \frac{75b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{25a}{16} + \frac{75b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 + \left(\frac{5a}{16} - \frac{15b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/384*((-36*a+90*b)*sin(3*f*x+3*e)+(8*a-6*b)*sin(5*f*x+5*e)-sin(7*f*x+7*e)*a+120*f*x*(a-6*b)*cos(f*x+e)-45*(a-32/3*b)*sin(f*x+e))/cos(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(a - 6b)fx \cos(fx + e) - (8a \cos(fx + e))^6 - 2(13a - 6b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3(11a - 18b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3(11a - 18b) \cos(fx + e)}{48 f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/48*(15*(a - 6*b)*f*x*cos(f*x + e) - (8*a*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 2*(13*a - 6*b)
*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(11*a - 18*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 48*b*sin(f*x + e))/(f*
cos(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(fx + e)(a - 6b) + 48b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3(11a - 18b) \tan(fx + e)^5 + 8(5a - 12b) \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3(5a - 14b) \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^6 + 3 \tan(fx + e)^4 + 3 \tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{48f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/48*(15*(f*x + e)*(a - 6*b) + 48*b*tan(f*x + e) - (3*(11*a - 18*b)*tan(f*
x + e)^5 + 8*(5*a - 12*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a - 14*b)*tan(f*x + e))/(t
an(f*x + e)^6 + 3*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 3*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(fx + e)(a - 6b) + 48b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{33a \tan(fx + e)^5 - 54b \tan(fx + e)^5 + 40a \tan(fx + e)^3 - 96b \tan(fx + e)^3 + 15a \tan(fx + e) - 42b \tan(fx + e)}{(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1)^3}}{48f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*(15*(f*x + e)*(a - 6*b) + 48*b*tan(f*x + e) - (33*a*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 54*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 96*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a*tan(f*x + e) - 42*b*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{5a}{16} - \frac{15b}{8} \right) - \frac{\left(\frac{11a}{16} - \frac{9b}{8} \right) \tan(e + fx)^5 + \left(\frac{5a}{6} - 2b \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{5a}{16} - \frac{7b}{8} \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^6 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^4 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `x*((5*a)/16 - (15*b)/8) - (tan(e + f*x)^3*((5*a)/6 - 2*b) + tan(e + f*x)^5*((11*a)/16 - (9*b)/8) + tan(e + f*x)*((5*a)/16 - (7*b)/8))/(f*(3*tan(e + f*x)^2 + 3*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^6 + 1)) + (b*tan(e + f*x))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-8 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^5 a - 10 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e) a + 15 \cos(fx + e) a^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 + 15 \cos(fx + e) a^2 \sin(fx + e)^2 + 15 \cos(fx + e) a^2 \sin(fx + e)^0}{48 \cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x)`output `(- 8*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**5*a - 10*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a - 15*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)*a + 15*cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x - 90*cos(e + f*x)*b*e - 90*cos(e + f*x)*b*f*x - 12*sin(e + f*x)**5*b - 30*sin(e + f*x)**3*b + 90*sin(e + f*x)*b)/(48*cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.9 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	249
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Rubi [A] (verified)	250
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{3}{8}(a - 4b)x - \frac{(5a - 4b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{a \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
3/8*(a-4*b)*x-1/8*(5*a-4*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/4*a*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin
(f*x+e)/f+b*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{12(a - 4b)(e + fx) - 8(a - b) \sin(2(e + fx)) + a \sin(4(e + fx)) + 32b \tan(e + fx)}{32f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]
```

output

$$(12*(a - 4*b)*(e + f*x) - 8*(a - b)*\text{Sin}[2*(e + f*x)] + a*\text{Sin}[4*(e + f*x)] + 32*b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(32*f)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 360, 1471, 299, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 360$$

$$\frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{-4b \tan^4(e+fx)-4a \tan^2(e+fx)+a}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 1471$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a-4b}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{(5a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 299$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3(a - 4b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) + 8b \tan(e + fx) \right) - \frac{(5a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (3(a-4b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) + 8b \tan(e+fx)) - \frac{(5a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((a*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((3*(a - 4*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + 8*b*Tan[e + f*x])/2 - ((5*a - 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 1471

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-7a+8b)\sin(3fx+3e)+\sin(5fx+5e)a+24fx(a-4b)\cos(fx+e)-8\sin(fx+e)(a-9b)}{64\cos(fx+e)f}$
derivativedivides	$a\left(-\frac{(\sin(fx+e)^3+\frac{3\sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{4})\cos(fx+e)}{4}+\frac{3fx+3e}{8}\right)+b\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{\cos(fx+e)}+(\sin(fx+e)^3+\frac{3\sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2})\cos(fx+e)-\frac{3fx}{2}\right)$
default	$a\left(-\frac{(\sin(fx+e)^3+\frac{3\sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{4})\cos(fx+e)}{4}+\frac{3fx+3e}{8}\right)+b\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{\cos(fx+e)}+(\sin(fx+e)^3+\frac{3\sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2})\cos(fx+e)-\frac{3fx}{2}\right)$
parts	$a\left(-\frac{(\sin(fx+e)^3+\frac{3\sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{4})\cos(fx+e)}{4}+\frac{3fx+3e}{8}\right)+\frac{b\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{\cos(fx+e)}+(\sin(fx+e)^3+\frac{3\sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2})\cos(fx+e)-\frac{3fx}{2}\right)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{3ax}{8}-\frac{3xb}{2}+\frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}a}{8f}-\frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{8f}-\frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}a}{8f}+\frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{8f}+\frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}+\frac{\sin(4fx+4e)}{32f}$
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{3a}{8}+\frac{3b}{2}\right)x+\left(-\frac{9a}{8}+\frac{9b}{2}\right)x\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2+\left(-\frac{3a}{4}+3b\right)x\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4+\left(\frac{3a}{4}-3b\right)x\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6+\left(\frac{3a}{8}-\frac{3b}{2}\right)x\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\right)^2}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{64} * ((-7*a+8*b) * \sin(3*f*x+3*e) + \sin(5*f*x+5*e) * a + 24*f*x * (a-4*b) * \cos(f*x+e) - 8 * \sin(f*x+e) * (a-9*b)) / \cos(f*x+e) / f$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a - 4b)fx \cos(fx + e) + (2a \cos(fx + e)^4 - (5a - 4b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8b) \sin(fx + e)}{8f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{8} * (3 * (a - 4*b) * f * x * \cos(f * x + e) + (2 * a * \cos(f * x + e)^4 - (5 * a - 4 * b) * \cos(f * x + e)^2 + 8 * b) * \sin(f * x + e)) / (f * \cos(f * x + e))$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(fx + e)(a - 4b) + 8b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{(5a - 4b) \tan(fx + e)^3 + (3a - 4b) \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^4 + 2 \tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{8f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*(3*(f*x + e)*(a - 4*b) + 8*b*tan(f*x + e) - ((5*a - 4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a - 4*b)*tan(f*x + e)))/(tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(fx + e)(a - 4b) + 8b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{5a \tan(fx + e)^3 - 4b \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3a \tan(fx + e) - 4b \tan(fx + e)}{(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1)^2}}{8f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(3*(f*x + e)*(a - 4*b) + 8*b*tan(f*x + e) - (5*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 4*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a*tan(f*x + e) - 4*b*tan(f*x + e)))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{3a}{8} - \frac{3b}{2} \right) - \frac{\left(\frac{5a}{8} - \frac{b}{2}\right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{3a}{8} - \frac{b}{2}\right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^4 + 2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
x*((3*a)/8 - (3*b)/2) - (tan(e + f*x)^3*((5*a)/8 - b/2) + tan(e + f*x)*((3*a)/8 - b/2))/(f*(2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4 + 1)) + (b*tan(e + f*x))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 a - 3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e) a + 3 \cos(fx + e) a f x - 12 \cos(fx + e) b}{8 \cos(fx + e) f}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a - 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)*a + 3*cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x - 12*cos(e + f*x)*b*e - 12*cos(e + f*x)*b*f*x - 4*sin(e + f*x)**3*b + 12*sin(e + f*x)*b)/(8*cos(e + f*x)*f)
```


3.10 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	256
Mathematica [A] (verified)	256
Rubi [A] (verified)	257
Maple [A] (verified)	259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Sympy [F]	260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	260
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	261
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{1}{2}(a - 2b)x - \frac{a \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/2*(a-2*b)*x-1/2*a*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{a(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{b \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a \sin(2(e + fx))}{4f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(a*(e + f*x))/(2*f) - (b*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/f - (a*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/(4*f) + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 360, 25, 299, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((a - 2b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) + 2b \tan(e + fx) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((a - 2b) \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + 2b \tan(e + fx) \right) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `((a - 2*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + 2*b*Tan[e + f*x])/2 - (a*Tan[e + f*x])/`
`(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A`
`rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a`
`, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x`
`*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2`
`*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -`
`a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :`
`> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p`
`+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Expan`
`dToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2`
`- 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] &`
`& (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + b(\tan(fx+e) - fx - e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + b(\tan(fx+e) - fx - e)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{b(\tan(fx+e) - fx - e)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\sin(3fx+3e)a + 4fx(a-2b)\cos(fx+e) - \sin(fx+e)(a-8b)}{8\cos(fx+e)f}$
risch	$\frac{ax}{2} - xb + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}a}{8f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}a}{8f} + \frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{2}+b\right)x + \frac{(a-2b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{(a-2b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{f} + \left(-\frac{a}{2}+b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a}{2}-b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + \left(\frac{a}{2}-b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)^2}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)+1/2*f*x+1/2*e)+b*(tan(f*x+e)-f*x-e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - 2b)fx \cos(fx + e) - (a \cos(fx + e))^2 - 2b \sin(fx + e)}{2f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((a - 2*b)*f*x*cos(f*x + e) - (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*sin(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{(fx + e)(a - 2b) + 2b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{a \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((f*x + e)*(a - 2*b) + 2*b*tan(f*x + e) - a*tan(f*x + e)/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sin^2(e+fx) dx = \frac{(fx+e)(a-2b) + 2b \tan(fx+e) - \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^2+1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((f*x + e)*(a - 2*b) + 2*b*tan(f*x + e) - a*tan(f*x + e)/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sin^2(e+fx) dx = \frac{b \tan(e+fx) - \frac{a \sin(2e+2fx)}{4} + fx \left(\frac{a}{2} - b\right)}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `(b*tan(e + f*x) - (a*sin(2*e + 2*f*x))/4 + f*x*(a/2 - b))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sin^2(e+fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\cos(fx+e)^2 \sin(fx+e) a + \cos(fx+e) a fx - 2 \cos(fx+e) b fx + 2 \sin(fx+e) b}{2 \cos(fx+e) f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output

```
( - cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)*a + cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x - 2*cos(e + f*x)*b
*f*x + 2*sin(e + f*x)*b)/(2*cos(e + f*x)*f)
```

3.11 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	263
Mathematica [A] (verified)	263
Rubi [A] (verified)	264
Maple [A] (verified)	265
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	265
Sympy [F]	266
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	266
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	266
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	267
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	267

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `a*x+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	16
parts	$ax + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	16
derivativedivides	$\frac{(fx+e)a+b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	21
parallelrisc	$\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)f} + ax$	24
risc	$ax + \frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$	25
norman	$\frac{ax \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - ax - \frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1}$	51

input `int(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{afx \cos(fx + e) + b \sin(fx + e)}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*f*x*cos(f*x + e) + b*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + b*tan(f*x + e)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + b*tan(f*x + e)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx) + a f x}{f}$$

input `int(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `(b*tan(e + f*x) + a*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\cos(fx + e) a f x + \sin(fx + e) b}{\cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `(cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x + sin(e + f*x)*b)/(cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.12 $\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	268
Mathematica [A] (verified)	268
Rubi [A] (verified)	269
Maple [A] (verified)	270
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	271
Sympy [F]	271
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	271
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	272
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	272
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	272

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + b) \cot(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `-(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)/f+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{b \cot(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((a*Cot[e + f*x])/f) - (b*Cot[e + f*x])/f + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\sin(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 4620 \\
 \frac{\int \cot^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b) d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow 244 \\
 \frac{\int ((a + b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b) d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{b \tan(e + fx) - (a + b) \cot(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((-(a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]) + b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\cot(fx+e)a+b\left(\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-2\cot(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	43
default	$\frac{-\cot(fx+e)a+b\left(\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-2\cot(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	43
risch	$-\frac{2i(ae^{2i(fx+e)}+a+2b)}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}$	49
parallelrisch	$\frac{\left((a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4+(-2a-6b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2+a+b\right)\cot\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{2f\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-2f}$	68
norman	$\frac{\frac{a+b}{2f}+\frac{(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{2f}-\frac{(a+3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$	77

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-cot(f*x+e)*a+b*(1/sin(f*x+e)/cos(f*x+e)-2*cot(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - b}{f \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \csc^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{a+b}{\tan(fx+e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*tan(f*x + e) - (a + b)/tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{a+b}{\tan(fx+e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*tan(f*x + e) - (a + b)/tan(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a + b}{f \tan(e + fx)}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/sin(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `(b*tan(e + f*x))/f - (a + b)/(f*tan(e + f*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\sin(fx + e)^2 a + 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 b - a - b}{\cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - a - b)/(cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*f)`

3.13 $\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	277
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	277
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	278

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + 2b) \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `-(a+2*b)*cot(f*x+e)/f-1/3*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/f+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{2a \cot(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{5b \cot(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{a \cot(e + fx) \csc^2(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{b \cot(e + fx) \csc^2(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(-2*a*Cot[e + f*x])/(3*f) - (5*b*Cot[e + f*x])/(3*f) - (a*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc
[e + f*x]^2)/(3*f) - (b*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/(3*f) + (b*Tan[e + f*
x])/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b) d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{355} \\
 & \frac{\int ((a + b) \cot^4(e + fx) + (a + 2b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b) d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}(a + b) \cot^3(e + fx) - (a + 2b) \cot(e + fx) + b \tan(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-((a + 2*b)*Cot[e + f*x]) - ((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/3 + b*Tan[e + f*x])/
f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 355 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q
_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] &
& IGtQ[q, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4620 Int[((a._) + (b._)*sec[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(n._))^(p._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x
_)]^(m._), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\cot(fx+e)+b\left(-\frac{1}{3\sin(fx+e)^3\cos(fx+e)}+\frac{4}{3\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-\frac{8\cot(fx+e)}{3}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\cot(fx+e)+b\left(-\frac{1}{3\sin(fx+e)^3\cos(fx+e)}+\frac{4}{3\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-\frac{8\cot(fx+e)}{3}\right)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{4i(3ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+8be^{2i(fx+e)}-a-4b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{\cot\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3\left((a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8+(8a+20b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6+(-18a-90b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4+(8a+20b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)}{24f\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-24f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a+b}{24f}+\frac{(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{24f}-\frac{3(a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{4f}+\frac{(2a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{6f}+\frac{(2a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{6f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-2/3-1/3*csc(f*x+e)^2)*cot(f*x+e)+b*(-1/3/sin(f*x+e)^3/cos(f*x+e)+4/3/sin(f*x+e)/cos(f*x+e)-8/3*cot(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(a + 4b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 3(a + 4b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3b}{3(f \cos(fx + e)^3 - f \cos(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(2*(a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*(a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b)/((f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \csc^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{3b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3(a+2b) \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b}{\tan(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(3*b*tan(f*x + e) - (3*(a + 2*b)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{3b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 6b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b}{\tan(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(3*b*tan(f*x + e) - (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 6*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + 2b) \tan(e + fx)^2 + \frac{a}{3} + \frac{b}{3}}{f \tan(e + fx)^3}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/sin(e + f*x)^4,x)`

output

```
(b*tan(e + f*x))/f - (a/3 + b/3 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + 2*b))/(f*tan(e + f*x)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin(fx + e)^4 a + 8 \sin(fx + e)^4 b - \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 4 \sin(fx + e)^2 b - a - b}{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 f}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sin(e + f*x)**4*a + 8*sin(e + f*x)**4*b - sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - a - b)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*f)
```

3.14 $\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	280
Maple [A] (verified)	281
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	282
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	283
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	283
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	284
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	284

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + 3b) \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(2a + 3b) \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

$$-(a+3*b)*\cot(f*x+e)/f-1/3*(2*a+3*b)*\cot(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*(a+b)*\cot(f*x+e)^5/f+b*\tan(f*x+e)/f$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{8a \cot(e + fx)}{15f} - \frac{11b \cot(e + fx)}{5f} - \frac{4a \cot(e + fx) \csc^2(e + fx)}{15f} - \frac{3b \cot(e + fx) \csc^2(e + fx)}{5f} - \frac{a \cot(e + fx) \csc^4(e + fx)}{5f} - \frac{b \cot(e + fx) \csc^4(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-8*a*Cot[e + f*x])/(15*f) - (11*b*Cot[e + f*x])/(5*f) - (4*a*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/(15*f) - (3*b*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/(5*f) - (a*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^4)/(5*f) - (b*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^4)/(5*f) + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\sin(e + fx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^6(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b) d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{355} \\
 & \frac{\int ((a + b) \cot^6(e + fx) + (2a + 3b) \cot^4(e + fx) + (a + 3b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b) d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{5}(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}(2a + 3b) \cot^3(e + fx) - (a + 3b) \cot(e + fx) + b \tan(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{-((a + 3b)\cot[e + fx]) - ((2a + 3b)\cot[e + fx]^3)/3 - (a + b)\cot[e + fx]^5/5 + b\tan[e + fx]}{f}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 355

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\sec\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5 \csc\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5 \left((a+6b)\cos(2fx+2e)+\frac{4(-a-6b)\cos(4fx+4e)}{5}+\frac{(a+6b)\cos(6fx+6e)}{5}+2a\right)}{384f\cos(fx+e)}$
risc	$-\frac{16i(10ae^{6i(fx+e)}+5ae^{4i(fx+e)}+30be^{4i(fx+e)}-4ae^{2i(fx+e)}-24be^{2i(fx+e)}+a+6b)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^5(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$
derivativdivides	$a\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\csc(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\cot(fx+e)+b\left(-\frac{1}{5\sin(fx+e)^5\cos(fx+e)}-\frac{2}{5\sin(fx+e)^3\cos(fx+e)}+\frac{8}{5\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}\right)\frac{1}{f}$
default	$a\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\csc(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\cot(fx+e)+b\left(-\frac{1}{5\sin(fx+e)^5\cos(fx+e)}-\frac{2}{5\sin(fx+e)^3\cos(fx+e)}+\frac{8}{5\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}\right)\frac{1}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a+b}{160f}+\frac{(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{12}}{160f}-\frac{5(a+7b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{8f}+\frac{5(5a+21b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{96f}+\frac{5(5a+21b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{96f}+\frac{(11a+21b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{240f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/384*sec(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^5*csc(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^5*((a+6*b)*cos(2*f*x+2*e)+4/5*(-a-6*b)*cos(4*f*x+4*e)+1/5*(a+6*b)*cos(6*f*x+6*e)+2*a)/f/cos(f*x+e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \csc^6(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))dx = \frac{8(a+6b)\cos(fx+e)^6 - 20(a+6b)\cos(fx+e)^4 + 15(a+6b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - 15b}{15(f\cos(fx+e))^5 - 2f\cos(fx+e)^3 + f\cos(fx+e)}\sin(fx+e)$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(8*(a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^6-20*(a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^4+15*(a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^2-15*b)/((f*cos(f*x+e))^5-2*f*cos(f*x+e)^3+f*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{15 b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{15(a+3b) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 5(2a+3b) \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3a+3b}{\tan(fx+e)^5}}{15 f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/15*(15*b*tan(f*x + e) - (15*(a + 3*b)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 5*(2*a + 3*b)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a + 3*b)/tan(f*x + e)^5)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{15 b \tan(fx + e) - \frac{15 a \tan(fx+e)^4 + 45 b \tan(fx+e)^4 + 10 a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 15 b \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3 a + 3 b}{\tan(fx+e)^5}}{15 f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/15*(15*b*tan(f*x + e) - (15*a*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 45*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 10*
a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 15*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a + 3*b)/tan(f*x + e)^5)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + 3b) \tan(e + fx)^4 + \left(\frac{2a}{3} + b\right) \tan(e + fx)^2 + \frac{a}{5} + \frac{b}{5}}{f \tan(e + fx)^5}$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/sin(e + f*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
(b*tan(e + f*x))/f - (a/5 + b/5 + tan(e + f*x)^2*((2*a)/3 + b) + tan(e + f
*x)^4*(a + 3*b))/(f*tan(e + f*x)^5)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sin(fx + e)^6 a + 48 \sin(fx + e)^6 b - 4 \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 24 \sin(fx + e)^4 b - \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 6 \sin(fx + e)^2 b}{15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^5 f}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(8*sin(e + f*x)**6*a + 48*sin(e + f*x)**6*b - 4*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 24*sin
(e + f*x)**4*b - sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 6*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 3*a - 3*b)/(15*
cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*f)
```

3.15 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2a(a - b) \cos^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{a^2 \cos^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{2(a - b)b \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
-(a^2-4*a*b+b^2)*cos(f*x+e)/f+2/3*a*(a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^5/f+2*(a-b)*b*sec(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{(425a^2 - 4400ab + 2000b^2 + 24(22a^2 - 215ab + 120b^2) \cos(2(e + fx)) + 12(7a^2 - 60ab + 20b^2) \cos(4(e + fx))) \sin(e + fx)}{1920f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/1920*((425*a^2 - 4400*a*b + 2000*b^2 + 24*(22*a^2 - 215*a*b + 120*b^2)*
Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 12*(7*a^2 - 60*a*b + 20*b^2)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] - 16*a^2*
Cos[6*(e + f*x)] + 40*a*b*Cos[6*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*Cos[8*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e
+ f*x]^3)/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4621$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^4(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 355$$

$$\frac{\int \left(a^2 \cos^4(e + fx) - 2a(a - b) \cos^2(e + fx) + b^2 \sec^4(e + fx) + 2(a - b)b \sec^2(e + fx) + a^2 \left(\frac{b(b-4a)}{a^2} + 1 \right) \right) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \cos(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5}a^2 \cos^5(e + fx) - \frac{2}{3}a(a - b) \cos^3(e + fx) - 2b(a - b) \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```

-(((a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*Cos[e + f*x] - (2*a*(a - b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (a^
2*Cos[e + f*x]^5)/5 - 2*(a - b)*b*Sec[e + f*x] - (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f
)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 355

```

Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q
_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q,
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] &
& IGtQ[q, 0]

```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

rule 3042

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

rule 4621

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{5} + 2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right) + b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)$
default	$-\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{5} + 2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right) + b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{5f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3} - \frac{\sin(fx+e)^6}{\cos(fx+e)} - \left(\frac{8}{3} + \sin(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-256a^2 + 2560ab - 1280b^2) \cos(3fx+3e) + (-528a^2 + 5160ab - 2880b^2) \cos(2fx+2e) + (-84a^2 + 720ab - 240b^2) \cos(4fx+4e)}{480f \cos(3fx+3e)}$
norman	$\frac{16a^2 - 160ab + 80b^2}{15f} + \frac{16(5a^2 - 2ab - 7b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{3f} + \frac{2(16a^2 - 160ab + 80b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{15f} - \frac{2(16a^2 - 160ab + 80b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{15f}$ $\frac{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)^3 \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 \right)}{15f}$
risch	$-\frac{a^2 e^{5i(fx+e)}}{160f} + \frac{5 e^{3i(fx+e)} a^2}{96f} - \frac{e^{3i(fx+e)} ab}{12f} - \frac{5 e^{i(fx+e)} a^2}{16f} + \frac{7 e^{i(fx+e)} ab}{4f} - \frac{e^{i(fx+e)} b^2}{2f} - \frac{5 e^{-i(fx+e)} a^2}{16f}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/5*a^2*(8/3+sin(f*x+e)^4+4/3*sin(f*x+e)^2)*cos(f*x+e)+2*a*b*(sin(f*x+e)^6/cos(f*x+e)+(8/3+sin(f*x+e)^4+4/3*sin(f*x+e)^2)*cos(f*x+e))+b^2*(1/3*sin(f*x+e)^6/cos(f*x+e)^3-sin(f*x+e)^6/cos(f*x+e)-(8/3+sin(f*x+e)^4+4/3*sin(f*x+e)^2)*cos(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{-3 a^2 \cos (fx + e)^8 - 10 (a^2 - ab) \cos (fx + e)^6 + 15 (a^2 - 4 ab + b^2) \cos (fx + e)^4 - 30 (ab - b^2) \cos (fx + e)^2}{15 f \cos (fx + e)^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/15*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 10*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 15*(a^2 - 4*
a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 30*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 5*b^2)/(f*cos(
f*x + e)^3)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*sin(f*x+e)**5,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10(a^2 - ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e) - \frac{5(6(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2)}{\cos(fx + e)^3}}{15f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/15*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 - 4*
a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e) - 5*(6*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/cos(f*x +
e)^3)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10a^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 10ab \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a^2 \cos(fx + e) - 60ab \cos(fx + e)}{15f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/15*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 10*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*cos(f*x + e) - 60*a*b*cos(f*x + e) + 15*b^2*cos(f*x + e) - 5*(6*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 6*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{\frac{b^2}{3} + \cos(e+fx)^2 (2ab - 2b^2)}{\cos(e+fx)^3} - \cos(e + fx) (a^2 - 4ab + b^2) - \frac{a^2 \cos(e+fx)^5}{5} + \frac{2a \cos(e+fx)^3 (a-b)}{3}}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `((b^2/3 + cos(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b - 2*b^2))/cos(e + f*x)^3 - cos(e + f*x)*(a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2) - (a^2*cos(e + f*x)^5)/5 + (2*a*cos(e + f*x)^3*(a - b))/3)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^6 a^2 - \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - 4 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 8 c}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^5,x)`output `(- 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 4*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 8*cos(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 80*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 40*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 + 80*cos(e + f*x)*a*b - 40*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 - 10*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b - 30*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 15*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 120*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 60*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 80*a*b + 40*b**2)/(15*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1)`

3.16 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a(a - 2b) \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \cos^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{(2a - b)b \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
-a*(a-2*b)*cos(f*x+e)/f+1/3*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3/f+(2*a-b)*b*sec(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{(-26a^2 + 168ab - 16b^2 - 3(11a^2 - 64ab + 16b^2) \cos(2(e + fx)) - 6a(a - 4b) \cos(4(e + fx)) + a^2 \cos(6(e + fx)))}{96f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((-26*a^2 + 168*a*b - 16*b^2 - 3*(11*a^2 - 64*a*b + 16*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] - 6*a*(a - 4*b)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Cos[6*(e + f*x)]*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(96*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4621$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^4(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 355$$

$$\frac{\int (b^2 \sec^4(e + fx) + (2a - b)b \sec^2(e + fx) - a^2 \cos^2(e + fx) + a(a - 2b)) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}a^2 \cos^3(e + fx) + a(a - 2b) \cos(e + fx) - b(2a - b) \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-((a*(a - 2*b)*Cos[e + f*x] - (a^2*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/3 - (2*a - b)*b*Sec[e + f*x] - (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 355 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

- rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^p_.*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 \sec^3(fx+e) + 2 \sec(fx+e)ab - \sec(fx+e)b^2 + \frac{a^2}{3 \sec^3(fx+e)} - \frac{a(a-2b)}{\sec(fx+e)}}{f}$
default	$\frac{b^2 \sec^3(fx+e) + 2 \sec(fx+e)ab - \sec(fx+e)b^2 + \frac{a^2}{3 \sec^3(fx+e)} - \frac{a(a-2b)}{\sec(fx+e)}}{f}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2(2 + \sin^2(fx+e)) \cos(fx+e)}{3f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sec^3(fx+e)}{3} - \sec(fx+e) \right)}{f} + \frac{2ab \left(\frac{\sin^4(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)} + (2 + \sin^2(fx+e))^2 \cos(fx+e) \right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{4a^2 - 24ab + 4b^2}{3f} + \frac{32(a^2 - b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{3f} - \frac{(4a^2 + 8ab + 4b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{f} - \frac{(8a^2 - 16ab + 8b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{f}$ $\frac{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)^3 \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 \right)^3}{f}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{(-16a^2 + 96ab - 16b^2) \cos(3fx+3e) + (-33a^2 + 192ab - 48b^2) \cos(2fx+2e) - 6a(a-4b) \cos(4fx+4e) + a^2 \cos(6fx+6e)}{24f(\cos(3fx+3e) + 3 \cos(fx+e))}$
risc	$\frac{e^{3i(fx+e)} a^2}{24f} - \frac{3e^{i(fx+e)} a^2}{8f} + \frac{e^{i(fx+e)} ab}{f} - \frac{3e^{-i(fx+e)} a^2}{8f} + \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)} ab}{f} + \frac{e^{-3i(fx+e)} a^2}{24f} - \frac{2be^{i(fx+e)} (-1)}{24f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3+2*sec(f*x+e)*a*b-sec(f*x+e)*b^2+1/3*a^2/sec(f*x+e)^3-a*(a-2*b)/sec(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \cos(fx + e)^6 - 3(a^2 - 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3(2ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 3*(a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(2*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*sin(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3(a^2 - 2ab) \cos(fx + e) + \frac{3(2ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2}{\cos(fx + e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e) + (3*(2*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3a^2 \cos(fx + e) + 6ab \cos(fx + e) + \frac{6ab \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2}{\cos(fx + e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^2*cos(f*x + e) + 6*a*b*cos(f*x + e) + (6*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b^2}{3} + \cos(e+fx)^2 (2ab - b^2)}{\cos(e+fx)^3} + \frac{a^2 \cos(e+fx)^3}{3} - a \cos(e + fx) (a - 2b)}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `((b^2/3 + cos(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b - b^2))/cos(e + f*x)^3 + (a^2*cos(e + f*x)^3)/3 - a*cos(e + f*x)*(a - 2*b))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 a^2 + \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^4}{f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)`

output

```
( - cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2 + cos(e + f*x)
)**2*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan((e + f*x)/
2)**4*a**2 + cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)**2*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)
)**2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2 - 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan((e + f
*x)/2)**4*a*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**2 -
2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2
- 2*cos(e + f*x)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2 + 24*cos(e + f*x)*tan((e + f*x)/
2)**4*a*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**2
+ 2*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**2 + 3*sin
(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**2 - 2*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f
*(sin(e + f*x)**2*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4 - sin(e + f*x)**2 - tan((e + f*x)/2)
**4 + 1))
```

3.17 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	299
Mathematica [A] (verified)	299
Rubi [A] (verified)	300
Maple [A] (verified)	301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Sympy [F]	302
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	304

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^2 \cos(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2ab \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
-a^2*cos(f*x+e)/f+2*a*b*sec(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{4(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (b^2 + 6ab \cos^2(e + fx) - 3a^2 \cos^4(e + fx)) \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x],x]
```

output

$$(4*(b + a*\cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*(b^2 + 6*a*b*\cos[e + f*x]^2 - 3*a^2*\cos[e + f*x]^4)*\sec[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & - \frac{\int (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^4(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{244} \\ & - \frac{\int (b^2 \sec^4(e + fx) + 2ab \sec^2(e + fx) + a^2) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{a^2 \cos(e + fx) - 2ab \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3} b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*\sin[e + f*x], x]$$

output

$$-((a^2*\cos[e + f*x] - 2*a*b*\sec[e + f*x] - (b^2*\sec[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 244 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand
Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p
, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4621 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sec^3(fx+e)}{3} + 2 \sec(fx+e)ab - \frac{a^2}{\sec(fx+e)}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sec^3(fx+e)}{3} + 2 \sec(fx+e)ab - \frac{a^2}{\sec(fx+e)}}{f}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \cos(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{2ab \sec(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(fx+e)}{3f}$
risch	$-\frac{e^{i(fx+e)} a^2}{2f} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)} a^2}{2f} + \frac{4b(3a e^{5i(fx+e)} + 6a e^{3i(fx+e)} + 2b e^{3i(fx+e)} + 3a e^{i(fx+e)})}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2(-3a^2 + 6ab + b^2) \cos(3fx+3e) - 12a(a-2b) \cos(2fx+2e) - 3a^2 \cos(4fx+4e) + 6(-3a^2 + 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e) - 9a^2 + 24ab}{6f(\cos(3fx+3e) + 3 \cos(fx+e))}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{6a^2 - 12ab - 2b^2}{3f} + \frac{2(3a^2 + 2ab - b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{f} - \frac{2(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{f} - \frac{2(9a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{3f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)^3 \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3+2*sec(f*x+e)*a*b-a^2/sec(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 - 6ab \cos(fx + e)^2 - b^2}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 6*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sin(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a^2 \cos(fx + e) - \frac{6ab}{\cos(fx+e)} - \frac{b^2}{\cos(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e) - 6*a*b/cos(f*x + e) - b^2/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a^2 \cos(fx + e) - \frac{6ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}{\cos(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e) - (6*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{\frac{b^2}{3} + 2ab \cos(e + fx)^2}{f \cos(e + fx)^3} - \frac{a^2 \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `(b^2/3 + 2*a*b*cos(e + f*x)^2)/(f*cos(e + f*x)^3) - (a^2*cos(e + f*x))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 3 \cos(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 6 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 ab - \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 6 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 ab - \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2}{3 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e),x)`output `(- 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 6*cos(e + f*x)*a*b + cos(e + f*x)*b**2 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 6*a*b - b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.18 $\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	305
Mathematica [B] (verified)	305
Rubi [A] (verified)	306
Maple [A] (verified)	307
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	308
Sympy [F]	308
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	310
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	310

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b(2a + b) \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

$$\frac{-(a+b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{b(2a+b) \sec(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{b^2 \sec^3(fx+e)}{f}$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs. 2(52) = 104.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{4(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (-b^2 - 3b(2a + b) \cos^2(e + fx) + 3(a + b)^2 \cos^3(e + fx) (\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx))))^2}{3f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(-4*(b + a*\cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*(-b^2 - 3*b*(2*a + b)*\cos[e + f*x]^2 + 3*(a + b)^2*\cos[e + f*x]^3*(\log[\cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - \log[\sin[(e + f*x)/2]]))*\sec[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sin(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4621$$

$$\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^4(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 364$$

$$\int \left(b^2 \sec^4(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \sec^2(e + fx) - \frac{(a+b)^2}{\cos^2(e + fx) - 1} \right) d \cos(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx)) - b(2a + b) \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3} b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Csc}[e + f*x]*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$-(((a + b)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]] - b*(2*a + b)*\text{Sec}[e + f*x] - (b^2*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 364 Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (In
tegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4621 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))+2ab\left(\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)}+\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))\right)+b^2\left(\frac{1}{3\cos(fx+e)^3}+\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)}+\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))+2ab\left(\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)}+\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))\right)+b^2\left(\frac{1}{3\cos(fx+e)^3}+\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)}+\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))\right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{(8ab+4b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{f}-\frac{12ab+8b^2}{3f}-\frac{(4ab+4b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^3}+\frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{f}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3(a+b)^2\left(\frac{\cos(3fx+3e)}{3}+\cos(fx+e)\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\right)+6\left(\frac{(a+\frac{2b}{3})\cos(3fx+3e)}{3}+\frac{(2a+b)\cos(2fx+2e)}{3}+\left(a+\frac{2b}{3}\right)\cos(fx+e)\right)}{f(\cos(3fx+3e)+3\cos(fx+e))}$
risc	$\frac{2be^{i(fx+e)}(6ae^{4i(fx+e)}+3be^{4i(fx+e)}+12ae^{2i(fx+e)}+10be^{2i(fx+e)}+6a+3b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^3}-\frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)a^2}{f}-\frac{2\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)}{f}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))+2*a*b*(1/cos(f*x+e)+ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))+b^2*(1/3/cos(f*x+e)^3+1/cos(f*x+e)+ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{-3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{6f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - 3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - 6*(2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \csc(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*csc(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) - 3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(2ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2)}{\cos(fx + e)^3}}{6f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*(3*(2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2f} + \frac{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2f} + \frac{6ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f + 1/2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + 1/3*(6*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx)^2 (b^2 + 2ab) + \frac{b^2}{3}}{f \cos(e + fx)^3} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\cos(e + fx)) (a + b)^2}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/sin(e + f*x),x)`output `(cos(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + b^2) + b^2/3)/(f*cos(e + f*x)^3) - (atanh(cos(e + f*x))*(a + b)^2)/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.12

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 6 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 ab + 3 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2}{f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(3*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 6*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b - 3*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 6*cos(e + f*x)*a*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 6*a*b - 4*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.19 $\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a + b)(a + 5b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{2f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{2b(a + b) \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b)*(a+5*b)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/f-1/2*(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/f+2*b*(a+b)*sec(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1021 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 7.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1021, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.76

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```

((-a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Csc[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f
*x]^2)^2)/(2*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) - (2*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2
)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Log[Cos[e/2 + (f*x)/2]]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)/(f*(a +
2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) + (2*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Lo
g[Sin[e/2 + (f*x)/2]]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e +
2*f*x])^2) + (2*b*(12*a + 13*b)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sec[e]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^
2)^2)/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) + ((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*Cos[e
+ f*x]^4*Sec[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)/(2*f*(a + 2*b + a
Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) + (2*b^2*Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*SIN[
(f*x)/2])/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*(Cos[e/2] - Sin[e/2])*(Cos
[e/2 + (f*x)/2] - Sin[e/2 + (f*x)/2])^3) + (Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e +
f*x]^2)^2*(b^2*Cos[e/2] + b^2*Sin[e/2]))/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x
])^2*(Cos[e/2] - Sin[e/2])*(Cos[e/2 + (f*x)/2] - Sin[e/2 + (f*x)/2])^2) +
(2*Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*(12*a*b*Sin[(f*x)/2] + 13*b^2*S
in[(f*x)/2]))/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*(Cos[e/2] - Sin[e/2])*(
Cos[e/2 + (f*x)/2] - Sin[e/2 + (f*x)/2])) - (2*b^2*Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b
Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*SIN[(f*x)/2])/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*(Cos
[e/2] + Sin[e/2])*(Cos[e/2 + (f*x)/2] + Sin[e/2 + (f*x)/2])^3) + (Cos[e +
f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*(b^2*Cos[e/2] - b^2*Sin[e/2]))/(3*f*(a + 2
*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*(Cos[e/2] + Sin[e/2])*(Cos[e/2 + (f*x)/2] + ...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 365, 361, 25, 359, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sin(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4621$$

$$\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2 \sec^4(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e+fx)$$

↓ 365

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(3a^2 \cos^2(e+fx)+b(6a+5b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e+fx) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 361

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+6ab+5b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int - \frac{((3a^2+6ba+5b^2) \cos^2(e+fx)+2b(6a+5b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{((3a^2+6ba+5b^2) \cos^2(e+fx)+2b(6a+5b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+5b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 359

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3(a+b)(a+5b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) - 2b(6a+5b) \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+5b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+6ab+5b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{1}{2} (3(a+b)(a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx)) - 2b(6a+5b) \sec(e+fx)) \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-((-1/3*(b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2) + (((3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*(a + 5*b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]] - 2*b*(6*a + 5*b)*Sec[e + f*x])/2)/3)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2))/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`
- rule 365 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)\cot(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2} \right) + 2ab \left(-\frac{1}{2\sin(fx+e)^2 \cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3}{2\cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)\cot(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2} \right) + 2ab \left(-\frac{1}{2\sin(fx+e)^2 \cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3}{2\cos(fx+e)} + \frac{3\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2} \right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{8f} + \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{10}}{8f} - \frac{(7a^2+46ab+55b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{8f} - \frac{(9a^2+66ab+65b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{12f} + \frac{(11a^2+86ab+55b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{12f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3(a+b) \left(\frac{\cos(3fx+3e)}{3} + \cos(fx+e) \right) (a+5b) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{2} - \frac{3 \left((a^2 + \frac{22}{3}ab + \frac{65}{9}b^2) \cos(3fx+3e) + \frac{32(a^2+2ab+\frac{5}{3}b^2)\cos(2fx+2e)}{3} \right)}{2}$
risc	$\frac{e^{i(fx+e)} (3a^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 18abe^{8i(fx+e)} + 15b^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 12a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 24abe^{6i(fx+e)} + 20b^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 18a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 36abe^{4i(fx+e)} + 15b^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 12a^2e^{2i(fx+e)} + 24abe^{2i(fx+e)} + 15b^2e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3a^2 + 6ab + 3b^2)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^3 (e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^3}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(a^2*(-1/2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))+2*a*b*(-1/2/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)+3/2/cos(f*x+e)+3/2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))+b^2*(1/3/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)^3-5/6/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)+5/2/cos(f*x+e)+5/2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(74) = 148$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 4(6ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4b^2 - 3((a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 - (a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3) \log\left(\frac{1/2 \cos(fx + e) + 1/2}{-1/2 \cos(fx + e) + 1/2}\right)}{f \cos(fx + e)^5 - f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(6*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 4*(6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*b^2 - 3*((a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 3*((a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^5 - f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \csc^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*csc(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{3(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) - 3(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2))}{12f}}{12f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(3*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*(3*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(6*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b^2)/(cos(f*x + e)^5 - cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{4f}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{4f}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 \cos(fx + e) + 2ab \cos(fx + e) + b^2 \cos(fx + e)}{2(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)f}$$

$$+ \frac{6ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + 6b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f + 1/4*(a^2 + 6*a*b
+ 5*b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + 1/2*(a^2*cos(f*x + e) + 2*a*b*cos
(f*x + e) + b^2*cos(f*x + e))/((cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*f) + 1/3*(6*a*b*cos(f*
x + e)^2 + 6*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b^2}{3} + \cos(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{5b^2}{3} + 2ab \right) - \cos(e + fx)^4 \left(\frac{a^2}{2} + 3ab + \frac{5b^2}{2} \right)}{f (\cos(e + fx)^3 - \cos(e + fx)^5)}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\cos(e + fx)) (a + b) (a + 5b)}{2f}$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/sin(e + f*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(b^2/3 + cos(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + (5*b^2)/3) - cos(e + f*x)^4*(3*a*b + a^2/
2 + (5*b^2)/2))/(f*(cos(e + f*x)^3 - cos(e + f*x)^5)) - (atanh(cos(e + f*x
)))*(a + b)*(a + 5*b))/(2*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 + 72 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 ab + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(12*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 72*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 60*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 12*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 72*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 60*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 9*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 66*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 65*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 9*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 66*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 65*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 12*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 72*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 60*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 24*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 96*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 80*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 12*a**2 + 24*a*b + 12*b**2)/(24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```


3.20 $\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	320
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Rubi [A] (verified)	321
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{8f} - \frac{(a + b)(3a + 11b) \cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx)}{8f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx) \csc^3(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b(2a + 3b) \sec(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
-1/8*(3*a^2+30*a*b+35*b^2)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/f-1/8*(a+b)*(3*a+11*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/f-1/4*(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3/f+b*(2*a+3*b)*sec(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 ((90a^2 + 132ab - 102b^2 + (6a^2 + 60ab + 70b^2) \cos(4(e + fx)) - 3(3a^2 + 30ab +$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/192*((b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*((90*a^2 + 132*a*b - 102*b^2 + (6*a^2 + 60*a*b + 70*b^2)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] - 3*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*Cos[6*(e + f*x)]])*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^3 + ((105*a^2 + 282*a*b + 329*b^2)*(Cos[e + f*x] + Cos[3*(e + f*x)]))*Csc[e + f*x]^4)/2 + 96*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*(Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]])*Sec[e + f*x]^4)/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 365, 361, 25, 361, 25, 359, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sin(e + fx)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4621$$

$$\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^4(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3} d \cos(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{\quad}{f}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 365 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(3a^2 \cos^2(e+fx) + b(6a+7b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3} d \cos(e+fx) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\ & \downarrow 361 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+6ab+7b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int - \frac{(3(3a^2+6ba+7b^2) \cos^2(e+fx) + 4b(6a+7b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e+fx) \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(3(3a^2+6ba+7b^2) \cos^2(e+fx) + 4b(6a+7b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+7b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\ & \downarrow 361 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+7b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int - \frac{((3a+7b)^2 \cos^2(e+fx) + 8b(6a+7b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+7b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{((3a+7b)^2 \cos^2(e+fx) + 8b(6a+7b)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{(3a+7b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+7b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\ & \downarrow 359 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) - 8b(6a+7b) \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(3a+7b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+7b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\ & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx)) - 8b(6a+7b) \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(3a+7b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{(3a^2+6ab+7b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{4(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} \right) - \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e+fx)}{3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```

-((-1/3*(b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (((3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 7
*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x])/(4*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((3*a + 7*b)^2*Cos[e + f
*x])/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*ArcTanh[Cos[e
+ f*x]] - 8*b*(6*a + 7*b)*Sec[e + f*x])/2)/4)/3)/f)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```

Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

rule 219

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

```

rule 359

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]

```

rule 361

```

Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c
- a*d)*x^(-m + 2))/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/
2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])

```

rule 365

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^2, x
_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x]
- Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p
+ 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]

```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4621 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \csc(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cot(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e))}{8} \right) + 2ab \left(-\frac{1}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4 \cos(fx+e)} - \frac{5}{8 \sin(fx+e)^2} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \csc(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cot(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e))}{8} \right) + 2ab \left(-\frac{1}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4 \cos(fx+e)} - \frac{5}{8 \sin(fx+e)^2} \right)$
norman	$\frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{64f} + \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{14}}{64f} + \frac{(5a^2+26ab+21b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{64f} + \frac{(5a^2+26ab+21b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{12}}{64f} - \frac{(3a^2+29ab+15b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4}{64f} - \frac{(3a^2+29ab+15b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{64f}$
parallelrisch	$55296 \left(\frac{\cos(3fx+3e)}{3} + \cos(fx+e) \right) (a^2+10ab+\frac{35}{3}b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) - 63 \left((3a^2+\frac{218}{7}ab+\frac{121}{3}b^2) \cos(3fx+3e) + \left(\frac{80}{3}a^2+10ab+\frac{10}{3}b^2\right) \cos(fx+e) \right)$
risch	$e^{i(fx+e)} (9a^2e^{12i(fx+e)} + 90abe^{12i(fx+e)} + 105b^2e^{12i(fx+e)} - 6a^2e^{10i(fx+e)} - 60abe^{10i(fx+e)} - 70b^2e^{10i(fx+e)} - 105a^2e^{8i(fx+e)} - 105ab^2e^{8i(fx+e)} - 105b^3e^{8i(fx+e)})$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(a^2*((-1/4*csc(f*x+e)^3-3/8*csc(f*x+e))*cot(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))+2*a*b*(-1/4/sin(f*x+e)^4/cos(f*x+e)-5/8/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)+15/8/cos(f*x+e)+15/8*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)))+b^2*(-1/4/sin(f*x+e)^4/cos(f*x+e)^3+7/12/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)^3-35/24/sin(f*x+e)^2/cos(f*x+e)+35/8/cos(f*x+e)+35/8*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 10(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 16(6ab + 7b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 16b^2 - 3((3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^7 - 2(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 + (3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3) \log(1/2 \cos(fx + e) + 1/2) + 3((3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^7 - 2(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 + (3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3) \log(-1/2 \cos(fx + e) + 1/2)}{(f \cos(fx + e))^7 - 2f \cos(fx + e)^5 + f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/48*(6*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 10*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 16*(6*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*b^2 - 3*((3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 3*((3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^5 + f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) - 3(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \cos^2(fx + e) - 3a^2 - 30ab - 35b^2)}{48f}}{48f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$\frac{-1/48*(3*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*\log(\cos(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*\log(\cos(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*(3*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^6 - 5*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(6*a*b + 7*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*b^2)/(\cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*\cos(f*x + e)^5 + \cos(f*x + e)^3))/f}{48f}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{16f} + \frac{(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{16f} + \frac{3a^2 \cos^3(fx + e) + 14ab \cos^3(fx + e) + 11b^2 \cos^3(fx + e) - 5a^2 \cos(fx + e) - 18ab \cos(fx + e) - 11b^2}{8(\cos^2(fx + e) - 1)^2 f} + \frac{6ab \cos^2(fx + e) + 9b^2 \cos^2(fx + e) + b^2}{3f \cos^3(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/16*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f + 1/16*(3*a^2
+ 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + 1/8*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)
^3 + 14*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 11*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*a^2*cos(f*x + e) -
18*a*b*cos(f*x + e) - 13*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/((cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2*f) + 1/
3*(6*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b^2}{3} + \cos(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{7b^2}{3} + 2ab\right) + \cos(e + fx)^6 \left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + \frac{15ab}{4} + \frac{35b^2}{8}\right) - \cos(e + fx)^4 \left(\frac{5a^2}{8} + \frac{25ab}{4} + \frac{17b^2}{2}\right)}{f (\cos(e + fx)^7 - 2 \cos(e + fx)^5 + \cos(e + fx)^3)}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\cos(e + fx)) \left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + \frac{15ab}{4} + \frac{35b^2}{8}\right)}{f}$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/sin(e + f*x)^5,x)
```

output

```
(b^2/3 + cos(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + (7*b^2)/3) + cos(e + f*x)^6*((15*a*b)/4 +
(3*a^2)/8 + (35*b^2)/8) - cos(e + f*x)^4*((25*a*b)/4 + (5*a^2)/8 + (175*b
^2)/24))/(f*(cos(e + f*x)^3 - 2*cos(e + f*x)^5 + cos(e + f*x)^7)) - (atanh
(cos(e + f*x))*((15*a*b)/4 + (3*a^2)/8 + (35*b^2)/8))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{72 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^6 a^2 + 720 \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^6 ab - \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```


output

```
(72*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 + 720*cos(e +
f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b + 840*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan(
(e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 - 72*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 720*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x
)**4*a*b - 840*cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 6
3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - 654*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b
- 847*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 + 63*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4
*a**2 + 654*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 847*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*
x)**4*b**2 + 72*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 + 720*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b + 840*sin(e
+ f*x)**6*b**2 - 96*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 960*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 1120
*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 24*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 144*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b
+ 168*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 48*a**2 + 96*a*b + 48*b**2)/(192*cos(e + f*x)
*sin(e + f*x)**4*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.21 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5}{16}(a^2 - 12ab + 8b^2)x - \frac{(11a^2 - 36ab + 8b^2) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{16f}$$

$$+ \frac{a(13a - 12b) \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{24f} - \frac{a^2 \cos^5(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{6f}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a - b)b \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
5/16*(a^2-12*a*b+8*b^2)*x-1/16*(11*a^2-36*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)
/f+1/24*a*(13*a-12*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/f-1/6*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f
*x+e)/f+2*(a-b)*b*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```


$$\int \sin^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 366

$$\frac{a^2 \tan^7(e+fx)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(7a^2-6(a+b)^2-6b^2 \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 360

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{-24b^2 \tan^6(e+fx)+4a(a-12b) \tan^4(e+fx)-4a(a-12b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a(a-12b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{a(a-12b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) + \frac{a^2}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{a(a-12b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{-24b^2 \tan^6(e+fx)+4a(a-12b) \tan^4(e+fx)-4a(a-12b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a(a-12b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{a^2}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f

↓ 2345

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{48b^2 \tan^4(e+fx)-8(a^2-12ba+6b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)+7a^2+24b^2-84ab}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{3(3a^2-36ab+8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a(a-12b)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

↓ 1467

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \left(48b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) - 8(a^2 - 12ba + 12b^2) + \frac{15(a^2 - 12ba + 8b^2)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} \right) d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{3(3a^2 - 36ab + 8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) \right)$$

f

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (15(a^2 - 12ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) - 8(a^2 - 12ab + 12b^2) \tan(e + fx) + 16b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)) - \frac{3(a^2 - 12ab + 8b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \right) \right)$$

f

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `((a^2*Tan[e + f*x]^7)/(6*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((a*(a - 12*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-3*(3*a^2 - 36*a*b + 8*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + (15*(a^2 - 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] - 8*(a^2 - 12*a*b + 12*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x] + 16*b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/2)/4)/6)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 366 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b^2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b^2*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1) + 2*b^2*c^2*(p + 1) + 2*a*b*d^2*(p + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1467 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2345

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{109 \left(-\frac{120fx(a^2 - 12ab + 8b^2) \cos(3fx + 3e)}{109} + (a^2 - 12ab + \frac{1040}{109}b^2) \sin(3fx + 3e) + \frac{3(7a^2 - 52ab + 16b^2) \sin(5fx + 5e)}{109} - \frac{6a(a - \dots)}{1536} \right)}{1536}$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} \right) \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{\cos(fx+e)} + \left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} \right) \right)$
parts	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \sin(fx+e)}{8} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3} - \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)^7}{3 \cos(fx+e)} - \frac{4 \left(\sin(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \sin(fx+e)^3}{4} \right)}{3 \cos(fx+e)} \right)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{5a^2x}{16} - \frac{15xab}{4} + \frac{5xb^2}{2} - \frac{3ie^{4i(fx+e)}a^2}{128f} + \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}ab}{32f} + \frac{15ie^{2i(fx+e)}a^2}{128f} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}ab}{2f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b^2}{8f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2*sin(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-109/1536*(-120/109*f*x*(a^2-12*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(3*f*x+3*e)+(a^2-12*a*b+1040/109*b^2)*sin(3*f*x+3*e)+3/109*(7*a^2-52*a*b+16*b^2)*sin(5*f*x+5*e)-6/109*a*(a-2*b)*sin(7*f*x+7*e)+1/109*a^2*sin(9*f*x+9*e)-360/109*f*x*(a^2-12*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)+81/109*sin(f*x+e)*(a^2-380/27*a*b+160/27*b^2))*sec(f*x+e)^3/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(a^2 - 12ab + 8b^2)fx \cos(fx + e)^3 - (8a^2 \cos(fx + e))^8 - 2(13a^2 - 12ab) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 3(11a^2 - 12ab) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 16(6ab - 7b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 16b^2 \sin(fx + e)}{48 f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/48*(15*(a^2 - 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (8*a^2*cos(f*x + e))^8 - 2*(13*a^2 - 12*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 3*(11*a^2 - 36*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 16*(6*a*b - 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 16*b^2*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*sin(f*x+e)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 b^2 \tan (fx + e)^3 + 15 (a^2 - 12 ab + 8 b^2)(fx + e) + 96 (ab - b^2) \tan (fx + e) - \frac{3(11 a^2 - 36 ab + 8 b^2) \tan (fx + e)}{48 f}}{48 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/48*(16*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 - 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) + 96*(a*b - b^2)*tan(f*x + e) - (3*(11*a^2 - 36*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 8*(5*a^2 - 24*a*b + 6*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^2 - 28*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)))/(tan(f*x + e)^6 + 3*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 3*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16 b^2 \tan (fx + e)^3 + 96 ab \tan (fx + e) - 96 b^2 \tan (fx + e) + 15 (a^2 - 12 ab + 8 b^2)(fx + e) - \frac{33 a^2 \tan (fx + e)}{48 f}}{48 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/48*(16*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 96*a*b*tan(f*x + e) - 96*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 15*(a^2 - 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) - (33*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 108*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 24*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 192*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 48*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e) - 84*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 24*b^2*tan(f*x + e)))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3)/f
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx = x \left(\frac{5a^2}{16} - \frac{15ab}{4} + \frac{5b^2}{2} \right) - \frac{\left(\frac{11a^2}{16} - \frac{9ab}{4} + \frac{b^2}{2} \right) \tan(e + fx)^5 + \left(\frac{5a^2}{6} - 4ab + b^2 \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{5a^2}{16} - \frac{7ab}{4} + \frac{b^2}{2} \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^6 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^4 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^3}{3f} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) (4b^2 - 2b(a + b))}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `x*((5*a^2)/16 - (15*a*b)/4 + (5*b^2)/2) - (tan(e + f*x)*((5*a^2)/16 - (7*a*b)/4 + b^2/2) + tan(e + f*x)^3*((5*a^2)/6 - 4*a*b + b^2) + tan(e + f*x)^5*((11*a^2)/16 - (9*a*b)/4 + b^2/2))/(f*(3*tan(e + f*x)^2 + 3*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^6 + 1)) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/(3*f) - (tan(e + f*x)*(4*b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{-8 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^7 a^2 - 2 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^5 a^2 - 5 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 + 1}{f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^6,x)`

output

```
( - 8*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)
)**5*a**2 - 5*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 15*cos(e + f*x)**2*si
n(e + f*x)*a**2 + 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 180*cos(e + f
*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b*e - 180*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b*f*x + 120
*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2*e + 120*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b*
*2*f*x - 15*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 180*cos(e + f*x)*a*b*e + 180*cos(e + f
*x)*a*b*f*x - 120*cos(e + f*x)*b**2*e - 120*cos(e + f*x)*b**2*f*x - 24*sin
(e + f*x)**7*a*b - 36*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b + 24*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**2 + 240*
sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 160*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 180*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + 12
0*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(48*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.22 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{1}{8}(3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2) x - \frac{a(5a - 8b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{a^2 \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{(2a - b)b \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2-24*a*b+8*b^2)*x-1/8*a*(5*a-8*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/4*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/f+(2*a-b)*b*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^3(e + fx) (32b^2 \sec(e) \sin(fx) + 64(3a - 2b)b \cos^2(e + fx) \sec(e) \sin(fx) + 3 \cos^4(e + fx))}{24f(a + 2b)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(32*b^2*Sec[e]*Sin[f*x] + 64*(3*a - 2*b)*b*Cos[e + f*x]^2*Sec[e]*Sin[f*x] + 3*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(4*(3*a^2 - 24*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x - 8*a*(a - 2*b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Sin[4*(e + f*x)]) + 32*b^2*Cos[e + f*x]*Tan[e]))/(24*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 366, 360, 1467, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{366} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan^5(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(5a^2-4(a+b)^2-4b^2 \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8b^2 \tan^4(e+fx) - 2a(a-8b) \tan^2(e+fx) + a(a-8b)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{a(a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{a^2 \tan^5(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{1467}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \left(8b^2 \tan^2(e+fx) - 2(a^2 - 8ba + 4b^2) + \frac{3a^2 - 24ba + 8b^2}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} \right) d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{a(a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan^5(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - 2(a^2 - 8ab + 4b^2) \tan(e+fx) + \frac{8}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e+fx) \right) - \frac{a(a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((a^2*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (-1/2*(a*(a - 8*b)*Tan[e + f*x]))/(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2) + ((3*a^2 - 24*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] - 2*(a^2 - 8*a*b + 4*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x] + (8*b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3)/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 366 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b^2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b^2*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1) + 2*b^2*c^2*(p + 1) + 2*a*b*d^2*(p + 1)*x^2, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 1467

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
 x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x],
 x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e
 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
 x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{48ab \tan(fx+e) \cos(2fx+2e) - 24a^2 \sin(2fx+2e) + 3a^2 \sin(4fx+4e) + (32b^2 \sec(fx+e)^2 + 240(a - \frac{8b}{15})b) \tan(fx+e) + 36fx^2f(a^2 - 8ab + 8/3b^2)}{96f}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{(\sin(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{\cos(fx+e)} + (\sin(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2}) \cos(fx+e) - \frac{3fx}{2} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{(\sin(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{\cos(fx+e)} + (\sin(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2}) \cos(fx+e) - \frac{3fx}{2} \right)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{(\sin(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \sin(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + fx+e \right)}{f} + \frac{2ab \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{\cos(fx+e)} \right)}{f}$
risc	$\frac{3a^2x}{8} - 3xab + xb^2 - \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}a^2}{64f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}a^2}{8f} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}ab}{4f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}a^2}{8f} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}ab}{4f} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{8}a^2 + 3ab - b^2)x + (-\frac{9}{8}a^2 + 9ab - 3b^2)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8 + (-\frac{9}{8}a^2 + 9ab - 3b^2)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{10} + (-\frac{3}{8}a^2 + 3ab - b^2)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{12}}{24f \cos(fx+e)^3}$

```
input int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/96*(48*a*b*tan(f*x+e)*cos(2*f*x+2*e)-24*a^2*sin(2*f*x+2*e)+3*a^2*sin(4*f*x+4*e)+(32*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^2+240*(a-8/15*b)*b)*tan(f*x+e)+36*x*f*(a^2-8*a*b+8/3*b^2))/f
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2)fx \cos(fx + e)^3 + (6a^2 \cos(fx + e)^6 - 3(5a^2 - 8ab) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 16(3ab - 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2)}{24f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{24} \cdot (3 \cdot (3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(fx + e)^3 + (6a^2 \cdot \cos(fx + e)^6 - 3 \cdot (5a^2 - 8ab) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^4 + 16 \cdot (3ab - 2b^2) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8b^2 \cdot \sin(fx + e)) / (f \cdot \cos(fx + e)^3)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*sin(f*x+e)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3(3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2)(fx + e) + 24(2ab - b^2) \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3((5a^2 - 8ab) \tan(fx + e)^3 + \dots)}{\tan(fx + e)^4 + 2 \tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{24f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{24} \cdot (8b^2 \cdot \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3 \cdot (3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2) \cdot (fx + e) + 24 \cdot (2ab - b^2) \cdot \tan(fx + e) - 3 \cdot ((5a^2 - 8ab) \cdot \tan(fx + e)^3 + (3a^2 - 8ab) \cdot \tan(fx + e)) / (\tan(fx + e)^4 + 2 \cdot \tan(fx + e)^2 + 1)) / f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 48ab \tan(fx + e) - 24b^2 \tan(fx + e) + 3(3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2)(fx + e) - \frac{3(5a^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3a^2 \tan(fx + e) - 8ab \tan(fx + e))}{\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{24f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*(8*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 48*a*b*tan(f*x + e) - 24*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 3*(3*a^2 - 24*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) - 3*(5*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 8*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a^2*tan(f*x + e) - 8*a*b*tan(f*x + e)))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{3a^2}{8} - 3ab + b^2 \right) + \frac{\left(ab - \frac{5a^2}{8} \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(ab - \frac{3a^2}{8} \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^4 + 2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^3}{3f} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) (3b^2 - 2b(a + b))}{f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `x*((3*a^2)/8 - 3*a*b + b^2) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a*b - (3*a^2)/8) + tan(e + f*x)^3*(a*b - (5*a^2)/8))/(f*(2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4 + 1)) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/(3*f) - (tan(e + f*x)*(3*b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^5 a^2 - 3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e) a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin^3(fx + e) a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin^5(fx + e) a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin^3(fx + e) a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin^5(fx + e) a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin^3(fx + e) a^2 + 9 \cos(fx + e) \sin^5(fx + e) a^2}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 6*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 9*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 + 9*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 72*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b*e - 72*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b*f*x + 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2*f*x - 9*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 72*cos(e + f*x)*a*b*e + 72*cos(e + f*x)*a*b*f*x - 24*cos(e + f*x)*b**2*f*x - 24*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b + 96*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 32*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 72*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + 24*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(24*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.23 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{1}{2}a(a - 4b)x - \frac{a^2 \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{2ab \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
1/2*a*(a-4*b)*x-1/2*a^2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+2*a*b*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^3(e + fx) (-4b^2 \sec(e) \sin(fx) - 4(6a - b)b \cos^2(e + fx) \sec(e) \sin(fx) + 3a)}{3f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*sec[e + f*x]^3*(-4*b^2*sec[e]*sin[f*x] - 4*
(6*a - b)*b*cos[e + f*x]^2*sec[e]*sin[f*x] + 3*a*cos[e + f*x]^3*(-2*(a - 4
*b)*f*x + a*sin[2*(e + f*x)]) - 4*b^2*cos[e + f*x]*tan[e]))/(f*(a + 2*b +
a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 366, 363, 262, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{366} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \tan^3(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(3a^2-2(a+b)^2-2b^2 \tan^2(e+fx))}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e + fx) - a(a - 4b) \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e + fx) - a(a - 4b) \left(\tan(e + fx) - \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) \right) \right) + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^2 \tan^3(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e+fx) - a(a-4b)(\tan(e+fx) - \arctan(\tan(e+fx))) \right)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `((a^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + ((2*b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 - a*(a - 4*b)*(-ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + Tan[e + f*x]))/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m+2*p+3, 0]`

rule 366 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)^2*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*a*b^2*e*(p+1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b^2*(p+1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1)*Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(m+1) + 2*b^2*c^2*(p+1) + 2*a*b*d^2*(p+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + 2ab(\tan(fx+e) - fx - e) + \frac{b^2 \sin(fx+e)^3}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3}}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + 2ab(\tan(fx+e) - fx - e) + \frac{b^2 \sin(fx+e)^3}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3}}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sin(fx+e)^3}{3f \cos(fx+e)^3} + \frac{2ab(\tan(fx+e) - fx - e)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{a^2 x}{2} - 2xab + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)} a^2}{8f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)} a^2}{8f} - \frac{2ib(-6ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 3be^{4i(fx+e)} - 12ae^{2i(fx+e)} - 6a + b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12afx(a-4b) \cos(3fx+3e) + (-9a^2 + 48ab - 8b^2) \sin(3fx+3e) - 3 \sin(5fx+5e) a^2 + 36afx(a-4b) \cos(fx+e) - 6 \sin(fx+e)}{24f(\cos(3fx+3e) + 3 \cos(fx+e))}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 + 2ab)x + (-\frac{1}{2}a^2 + 2ab)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8 + (\frac{1}{2}a^2 - 2ab)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + (\frac{1}{2}a^2 - 2ab)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{10} + (-a^2 + 4ab)}{f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)+1/2*f*x+1/2*e)+2*a*b*(tan(f*x+e)-f*x-e)+1/3*b^2*sin(f*x+e)^3/cos(f*x+e)^3)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^2 - 4ab)fx \cos(fx + e)^3 - (3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(6ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{6f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(3*(a^2 - 4*a*b)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*sin(f*x+e)**2,x)`output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 12ab \tan(fx + e) + 3(a^2 - 4ab)(fx + e) - \frac{3a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{6f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{6}*(2*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + 12*a*b*\tan(f*x + e) + 3*(a^2 - 4*a*b)*(f*x + e) - 3*a^2*\tan(f*x + e)/(\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 12ab \tan(fx + e) + 3(a^2 - 4ab)(fx + e) - \frac{3a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{6f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6}*(2*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + 12*a*b*\tan(f*x + e) + 3*(a^2 - 4*a*b)*(f*x + e) - 3*a^2*\tan(f*x + e)/(\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^3}{3f} - \frac{a^2 \sin(2e + 2fx)}{4f}$$

$$- \frac{\tan(e + fx) (2b^2 - 2b(a + b))}{f}$$

$$- \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \tan(e + fx)(a - 4b)}{2(2ab - \frac{a^2}{2})}\right) (a - 4b)}{2f}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

$$\frac{b^2*\tan(e + f*x)^3}{(3*f)} - \frac{a^2*\sin(2*e + 2*f*x)}{(4*f)} - \frac{(\tan(e + f*x)*(2*b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)))/f - (a*\operatorname{atan}((a*\tan(e + f*x)*(a - 4*b))/(2*(2*a*b - a^2/2))))*(a - 4*b)}{(2*f)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 + 3 \cos(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e) a^2 + 3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 fx - \dots}{6 \cos(e + fx) f (\sin(e + fx)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`output `(- 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 3*cos(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 + 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b*f*x - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 12*cos(e + f*x)*a*b*f*x + 12*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 12*sin(e + f*x)*a*b)/(6*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.24 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
a^2*x+b*(2*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2fx + 3b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx) + b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^2*f*x + 3*b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{300} \\
 \int \left(\frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} + b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4616 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
parts	$a^2x - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(fx+e)}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(fx+e) + 2ab \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(fx+e)}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2(fx+e) + 2ab \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(fx+e)}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$a^2x + \frac{4ib(3ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 6ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 3be^{2i(fx+e)} + 3a+b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 - a^2x + 3a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 3a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 - \frac{2b(2a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2b(2a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{f} + \frac{4b}{f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 a^2 f + (-12ab - 6b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5 - 9x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 a^2 f + (24ab + 4b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3 + 9x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{3f \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*x-b^2/f*(-2/3-1/3*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)+2*a*b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2fx \cos(fx + e)^3 + (2(3ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (2*(3*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{(\tan(fx+e))^3 + 3\tan(fx+e)b^2}{3f} + \frac{2ab\tan(fx+e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*x + 1/3*(tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*tan(f*x + e))*b^2/f + 2*a*b*tan(f*x + e)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2\tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(fx+e)a^2 + 6ab\tan(fx+e) + 3b^2\tan(fx+e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(f*x + e)*a^2 + 6*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 3*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{\frac{b^2\tan(e+fx)^3}{3} - \tan(e+fx)(b^2 - 2b(a+b)) + a^2fx}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `((b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/3 - tan(e + f*x)*(b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)) + a^2*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 fx - 3 \cos(fx + e) a^2 fx + 6 \sin(fx + e)^3 ab + 2 \sin(fx + e)^3 b^2 - 6 \sin(fx + e) b^2}{3 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 6*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b + 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - 3*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.25 $\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	359
Mathematica [B] (verified)	359
Rubi [A] (verified)	360
Maple [A] (verified)	361
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	362
Sympy [F]	362
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	363
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	364

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2b(a + b) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
-(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)/f+2*b*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{4(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^3(e + fx) (b^2 \sec(e) \sin(fx) + \cos^2(e + fx) (3(a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx) \csc(e) + b(6$$

$$3f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```


output

```
(4*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*sec[e + f*x]^3*(b^2*sec[e]*sin[f*x] + cos[e +
f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)^2*cot[e + f*x]*csc[e] + b*(6*a + 5*b)*sec[e])*sin[f*x] +
b^2*cos[e + f*x]*tan[e]))/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sin(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{f} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 244$$

$$\int \frac{((a + b)^2 \cot^2(e + fx) + b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + 2b(a + b))}{f} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2b(a + b) \tan(e + fx) - (a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-((a + b)^2*Cot[e + f*x]) + 2*b*(a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^
3)/3)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^2 \cot(fx+e)+2ab\left(\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)} - 2 \cot(fx+e)\right)+b^2\left(\frac{1}{3 \sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)^3} + \frac{4}{3 \sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)} - \frac{8 \cot(fx+e)}{3}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{-a^2 \cot(fx+e)+2ab\left(\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)} - 2 \cot(fx+e)\right)+b^2\left(\frac{1}{3 \sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)^3} + \frac{4}{3 \sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)} - \frac{8 \cot(fx+e)}{3}\right)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{2i(3a^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+9a^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+12abe^{4i(fx+e)}+9a^2e^{2i(fx+e)}+24abe^{2i(fx+e)}+16b^2e^{2i(fx+e)}+3a^2+12ab+8b^2)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\left((a+b)^2 \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8 - 4(a+3b)(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6 + (6a^2+28ab+\frac{50}{3}b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4 - 4(a+3b)(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + (a^2+4ab+3b^2)\right)}{2f\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)+1\right)^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{2f} + \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{2f} - \frac{2(a^2+4ab+3b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{f} - \frac{2(a^2+4ab+3b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6}{f} + \frac{(9a^2+42ab+25b^2)}{3f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)^3}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/f*(-a^2*cot(f*x+e)+2*a*b*(1/sin(f*x+e)/cos(f*x+e)-2*cot(f*x+e))+b^2*(1/3
/sin(f*x+e)/cos(f*x+e)^3+4/3/sin(f*x+e)/cos(f*x+e)-8/3*cot(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - b^2}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3 \sin(fx + e)}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 - b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3*sin(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \csc^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*csc(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 6(ab + b^2) \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{\tan(fx + e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 6*(a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e) - 3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/tan(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 6ab \tan(fx + e) + 6b^2 \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{\tan(fx + e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 6*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 6*b^2*tan(f*x + e) - 3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/tan(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^3}{3f} - \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{f \tan(e + fx)} + \frac{2b \tan(e + fx) (a + b)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/sin(e + f*x)^2,x)`output `(b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/(3*f) - (2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)/(f*tan(e + f*x)) + (2*b*tan(e + f*x)*(a + b))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 + 12 \sin(fx + e)^4 ab + 8 \sin(fx + e)^4 b^2 - 6 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 18 \sin(fx + e)^2 ab - 12 \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 3a^2 + 6ab + 3b^2}{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 12*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 8*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 6*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 18*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 12*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 3*a**2 + 6*a*b + 3*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.26 $\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	365
Mathematica [A] (verified)	365
Rubi [A] (verified)	366
Maple [C] (verified)	367
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Sympy [F(-1)]	369
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	369
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	369
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	370
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	370

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a + b)(a + 3b) \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b(2a + 3b) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

$$-(a+b)*(a+3*b)*cot(f*x+e)/f-1/3*(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)^3/f+b*(2*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\csc(2e) \csc^3(2(e + fx)) (8a(a + 2b) \sin(2e) - 6(a + 2b)^2 \sin(2fx) - 3a^2 \sin(2(e + fx)) - 6ab \sin(2(e -$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]$$

output

```
-1/6*(Csc[2*e]*Csc[2*(e + f*x)]^3*(8*a*(a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - 6*(a + 2*b)^2*
Sin[2*f*x] - 3*a^2*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)] - 6*a*b*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Ssin[6*(
e + f*x)] + 2*a*b*Ssin[6*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*Ssin[4*e + 2*f*x] + a^2*Ssin[4*e
+ 6*f*x] + 8*a*b*Ssin[4*e + 6*f*x] + 8*b^2*Ssin[4*e + 6*f*x]))/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\frac{\int \cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2 d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 355$$

$$\frac{\int ((a + b)^2 \cot^4(e + fx) + (a + b)(a + 3b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + b(2a + 3b)) d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b(2a + 3b) \tan(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}(a + b)^2 \cot^3(e + fx) - (a + b)(a + 3b) \cot(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3}b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-((a + b)(a + 3b)\cot[e + fx]) - ((a + b)^2\cot[e + fx]^3)/3 + b(2a + 3b)\tan[e + fx] + (b^2\tan[e + fx]^3)/3}{f}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 355

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{4i(3a^2e^{8i(fx+e)}+8a^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+16ab e^{6i(fx+e)}+6a^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+24ab e^{4i(fx+e)}+24b^2e^{4i(fx+e)}-a^2-8ab-8b^2)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-8a^2-16ab-24\cos(2fx+2e)ab-9\cos(2fx+2e)a^2+8b^2\cos(6fx+6e)-24\cos(2fx+2e)b^2+a^2\cos(6fx+6e)+8ab\cos(6fx+6e))}{96f(\cos(3fx+3e)+3\cos(fx+e))}$
derivativedivides	$a^2\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\cot(fx+e)+2ab\left(-\frac{1}{3\sin(fx+e)^3\cos(fx+e)}+\frac{4}{3\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-\frac{8\cot(fx+e)}{3}\right)+b^2\left(\frac{f}{3\sin(fx+e)^3}\right)$
default	$a^2\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\csc(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\cot(fx+e)+2ab\left(-\frac{1}{3\sin(fx+e)^3\cos(fx+e)}+\frac{4}{3\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-\frac{8\cot(fx+e)}{3}\right)+b^2\left(\frac{f}{3\sin(fx+e)^3}\right)$
norman	$\frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{24f}+\frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{12}}{24f}+\frac{(a^2+6ab+5b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{4f}+\frac{(a^2+6ab+5b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{10}}{4f}-\frac{(11a^2+86ab+91b^2)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}{4f}$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 4/3*I*(3*a^2*exp(8*I*(f*x+e))+8*a^2*exp(6*I*(f*x+e))+16*a*b*exp(6*I*(f*x+e))
)+6*a^2*exp(4*I*(f*x+e))+24*a*b*exp(4*I*(f*x+e))+24*b^2*exp(4*I*(f*x+e))-
a^2-8*a*b-8*b^2)/f/(exp(2*I*(f*x+e))+1)^3/(exp(2*I*(f*x+e))-1)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \csc^4(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{-2(a^2+8ab+8b^2)\cos(fx+e)^6-3(a^2+8ab+8b^2)\cos(fx+e)^4+6(ab+b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2+b^2}{3(f\cos(fx+e))^5-f\cos(fx+e)^3}\sin(fx+e)$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/3*(2*(a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^6-3*(a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*cos
(f*x+e)^4+6*(a*b+b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^2+b^2)/((f*cos(f*x+e))^5-f*cos
(f*x+e)^3)*sin(f*x+e)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 3(2ab + 3b^2) \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3(a^2 + 4ab + 3b^2) \tan^2(fx + e) + a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{\tan^3(fx + e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(2*a*b + 3*b^2)*tan(f*x + e) - (3*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 6ab \tan(fx + e) + 9b^2 \tan^2(fx + e) - \frac{3a^2 \tan^2(fx + e) + 12ab \tan(fx + e) + 9b^2 \tan^2(fx + e) + a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{\tan^3(fx + e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{3}(b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 6ab \tan(fx + e) + 9b^2 \tan(fx + e) - (3a^2 \tan(fx + e)^2 + 12ab \tan(fx + e)^2 + 9b^2 \tan(fx + e)^2 + a^2 + 2ab + b^2)/\tan(fx + e)^3)/f$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^3}{3f} - \frac{\frac{2ab}{3} + \tan(e + fx)^2 (a^2 + 4ab + 3b^2) + \frac{a^2}{3} + \frac{b^2}{3}}{f \tan(e + fx)^3} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) (2a + 3b)}{f}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a + b/\cos(e + fx))^2/\sin(e + fx)^4, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(b^2 \tan(e + fx)^3)/(3f) - ((2ab)/3 + \tan(e + fx)^2(4ab + a^2 + 3b^2) + a^2/3 + b^2/3)/(f \tan(e + fx)^3) + (b \tan(e + fx)(2a + 3b))/f}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin(fx + e)^6 a^2 + 16 \sin(fx + e)^6 ab + 16 \sin(fx + e)^6 b^2 - 3 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - 24 \sin(fx + e)^4 ab - 3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\csc(fx+e)^4*(a+b*\sec(fx+e))^2,x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2*\sin(e + fx)**6*a**2 + 16*\sin(e + fx)**6*a*b + 16*\sin(e + fx)**6*b**2 - 3*\sin(e + fx)**4*a**2 - 24*\sin(e + fx)**4*a*b - 24*\sin(e + fx)**4*b**2 + 6*\sin(e + fx)**2*a*b + 6*\sin(e + fx)**2*b**2 + a**2 + 2*a*b + b**2)/(3*\cos(e + fx)*\sin(e + fx)**3*f*(\sin(e + fx)**2 - 1))}$$

3.27 $\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2(a + b)(a + 2b) \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{2b(a + 2b) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

$$-(a^2+6*a*b+6*b^2)*\cot(f*x+e)/f-2/3*(a+b)*(a+2*b)*\cot(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*(a+b)^2*\cot(f*x+e)^5/f+2*b*(a+2*b)*\tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*\tan(f*x+e)^3/f$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 353 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{\csc(e) \csc^5(e + fx) \sec(e) \sec^3(e + fx) (20a(5a + 12b) \sin(2e) - 32(2a^2 + 9ab + 12b^2) \sin(2fx) - 24a^2 \sin(4e) + 32(2a^2 + 9ab + 12b^2) \sin(2fx) - 24a^2 \sin(4e))}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/1920*(Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sec[e]*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(20*a*(5*a + 12*b)*Sin[2*e] - 32*(2*a^2 + 9*a*b + 12*b^2)*Sin[2*f*x] - 24*a^2*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)] - 108*a*b*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)] - 54*b^2*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)] + 8*a^2*Ssin[4*(e + f*x)] + 36*a*b*Ssin[4*(e + f*x)] + 18*b^2*Ssin[4*(e + f*x)] + 8*a^2*Ssin[6*(e + f*x)] + 36*a*b*Ssin[6*(e + f*x)] + 18*b^2*Ssin[6*(e + f*x)] - 4*a^2*Ssin[8*(e + f*x)] - 18*a*b*Ssin[8*(e + f*x)] - 9*b^2*Ssin[8*(e + f*x)] + 8*a^2*Ssin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 96*a*b*Ssin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 128*b^2*Ssin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 40*a^2*Ssin[4*e + 2*f*x] + 8*a^2*Ssin[4*e + 6*f*x] + 96*a*b*Ssin[4*e + 6*f*x] + 128*b^2*Ssin[4*e + 6*f*x] - 4*a^2*Ssin[6*e + 8*f*x] - 48*a*b*Ssin[6*e + 8*f*x] - 64*b^2*Ssin[6*e + 8*f*x]))/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 355, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sin(e + fx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^6(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2 d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{355} \\
 & \frac{\int ((a + b)^2 \cot^6(e + fx) + 2(a + b)(a + 2b) \cot^4(e + fx) + (a^2 + 6ba + 6b^2) \cot^2(e + fx) + b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + 2b^2)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) \cot(e + fx) + 2b(a + 2b) \tan(e + fx) - \frac{1}{5}(a + b)^2 \cot^5(e + fx) - \frac{2}{3}(a + b)(a + 2b) \cot^3(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((-(a^2 + 6*a*b + 6*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]) - (2*(a + b)*(a + 2*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/3 - ((a + b)^2*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/5 + 2*b*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x] + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 355 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{((-13a^2 - 36ab - 48b^2) \cos(2fx + 2e) + (a^2 + 12ab + 16b^2) \cos(4fx + 4e) + (a^2 + 12ab + 16b^2) \cos(6fx + 6e) + (-\frac{1}{2}a^2 - 6ab - 8b^2) \cos(8fx + 8e) - 25/2 a^2 - 30ab) \operatorname{csc}(1/2 fx + 1/2 e)^5 \sec(1/2 fx + 1/2 e)^5 / f / (\cos(3fx + 3e) + 3 \cos(fx + e))}{960 f (\cos(3fx + 3e) + 3 \cos(fx + e))}$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\operatorname{csc}(fx + e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{csc}(fx + e)^2}{15} \right) \cot(fx + e) + 2ab \left(-\frac{1}{5 \sin(fx + e)^5 \cos(fx + e)} - \frac{2}{5 \sin(fx + e)^3 \cos(fx + e)} + \frac{8}{5 \sin(fx + e) \cos(fx + e)} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\operatorname{csc}(fx + e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \operatorname{csc}(fx + e)^2}{15} \right) \cot(fx + e) + 2ab \left(-\frac{1}{5 \sin(fx + e)^5 \cos(fx + e)} - \frac{2}{5 \sin(fx + e)^3 \cos(fx + e)} + \frac{8}{5 \sin(fx + e) \cos(fx + e)} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{16i(10a^2 e^{10i(fx+e)} + 25a^2 e^{8i(fx+e)} + 60ab e^{8i(fx+e)} + 16a^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 72ab e^{6i(fx+e)} + 96b^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} - 2a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} - 24ab e^{4i(fx+e)} - 16b^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} - 8a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} - 16ab e^{2i(fx+e)} - 8b^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} - 8a^2 - 16ab - 8b^2)}{15 f (e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3 (e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^3}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/960*((-13*a^2-36*a*b-48*b^2)*cos(2*f*x+2*e)+(a^2+12*a*b+16*b^2)*cos(4*f*x+4*e)+(a^2+12*a*b+16*b^2)*cos(6*f*x+6*e)+(-1/2*a^2-6*a*b-8*b^2)*cos(8*f*x+8*e)-25/2*a^2-30*a*b)*csc(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^5*sec(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^5/f/(cos(3*f*x+3*e)+3*cos(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \operatorname{csc}^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{8(a^2 + 12ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^8 - 20(a^2 + 12ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 15(a^2 + 12ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 8(a^2 + 12ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 8a^2 - 16ab - 8b^2}{15(f \cos(fx + e)^7 - 2f \cos(fx + e)^5 + f \cos(fx + e)^3) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(8*(a^2 + 12*a*b + 16*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 20*(a^2 + 12*a*b + 16*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 15*(a^2 + 12*a*b + 16*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 10*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 5*b^2)/((f*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^5 + f*cos(f*x + e)^3)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{5b^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 30(ab + 2b^2) \tan(fx + e) - \frac{15(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) \tan^4(fx + e) + 10(a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \tan^2(fx + e) + 3a^2 + 6ab}{\tan^5(fx + e)}}{15f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(5*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 30*(a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e) - (15*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 6*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 10*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/tan(f*x + e)^5)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{5b^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 30ab \tan(fx + e) + 60b^2 \tan(fx + e) - \frac{15a^2 \tan^4(fx+e) + 90ab \tan^4(fx+e) + 90b^2 \tan^4(fx+e) + 10a^2 \tan^2(fx + e) + 30ab \tan^2(fx + e) + 20b^2 \tan^2(fx + e) + 3a^2 + 6ab + 3b^2}{\tan^5(fx + e)}}{15f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*(5*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 30*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 60*b^2*tan(f*x + e) - (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 90*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 90*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 10*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 30*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 20*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/tan(f*x + e)^5)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{2ab}{5} + \tan^4(e + fx)(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) + \frac{a^2}{5} + \frac{b^2}{5} + \tan^2(e + fx) \left(\frac{2a^2}{3} + 2ab + \frac{4b^2}{3} \right)}{f \tan^5(e + fx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b \tan(e + fx)(a + 2b)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/sin(e + f*x)^6,x)`

output `(b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/(3*f) - ((2*a*b)/5 + tan(e + f*x)^4*(6*a*b + a^2 + 6*b^2) + a^2/5 + b^2/5 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + (2*a^2)/3 + (4*b^2)/3))/(f*tan(e + f*x)^5) + (2*b*tan(e + f*x)*(a + 2*b))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \sin^8(fx + e) a^2 + 96 \sin^8(fx + e) ab + 128 \sin^8(fx + e) b^2 - 12 \sin^6(fx + e) a^2 - 144 \sin^6(fx + e) ab}{15 \cos(e + fx) \sin^5(fx + e)}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(8*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2 + 96*sin(e + f*x)**8*a*b + 128*sin(e + f*x)**8*b**2 - 12*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - 144*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b - 192*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 36*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 48*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 8*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 3*a**2 + 6*a*b + 3*b**2)/(15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.28 $\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	378
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Rubi [A] (verified)	379
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	382
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	383
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	383
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	384

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{7/2} f} - \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{a^3 f} + \frac{(2a+b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a^2 f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5af}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*(a+b)^2*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/f-(a+b)^2*cos(f*x+e)/a^3/f+1/3*(2*a+b)*cos(f*x+e)^3/a^2/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \left(15(5a^3+64a^2b+128ab^2+64b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^2}) \sin(e)}{\dots}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(15*(5*a^3 + 64*a^2*b + 128*a*b^2 + 64*b^3) \\ &) * \text{ArcTan}[((- \sqrt{a} - I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\sin[e]*\text{Tan} \\ & [(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}*\text{Tan} \\ & [(f*x)/2])]/\sqrt{b}] + 15*(5*a^3 + 64*a^2*b + 128*a*b^2 + 64*b^3)*\text{ArcTan}[(\\ & (-\sqrt{a} + I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\sin[e]*\text{Tan}[(f*x)/2] \\ & + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}*\text{Tan}[(f*x)/2]) \\ &]/\sqrt{b}] - 75*a^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\text{Tan}[(e + f*x)/2]]/\sqrt{b} \\ &] - 75*a^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\text{Tan}[(e + f*x)/2]]/\sqrt{b}] - 8*\text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[a]*\sqrt{b}*\cos[e + f*x]*(89*a^2 + 220*a*b + 120*b^2 - 4*a*(7*a + 5*b)* \\ & \cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*\cos[4*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/(1920*a^{(7/2)}* \\ & \sqrt{b}*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{364} \\ & \int \left(\frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{(2a + b) \cos^2(e + fx)}{a^2} + \frac{(a + b)^2}{a^3} + \frac{-b^3 - 2ab^2 - a^2b}{a^3(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} \right) d \cos(e + fx) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{2009} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{7/2}} + \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{a^3} - \frac{(2a+b)\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a^2} + \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a} \\ f \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/a^(7/2)) + ((a + b)^2*Cos[e + f*x])/a^3 - ((2*a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/(3*a^2) + Cos[e + f*x]^5/(5*a))/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\cos(fx+e)^5 a^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - \frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 b}{3} + a^2 \cos(fx+e) + 2ab \cos(fx+e) + b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{b(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\cos(fx+e)^5 a^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - \frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 b}{3} + a^2 \cos(fx+e) + 2ab \cos(fx+e) + b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{b(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{ab}}$
risch	$-\frac{5e^{i(fx+e)}}{16af} - \frac{7e^{i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} - \frac{e^{i(fx+e)}b^2}{2a^3f} - \frac{5e^{-i(fx+e)}}{16af} - \frac{7e^{-i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}b^2}{2a^3f} - \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)}\right)}{2a^3f}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/a^3*(1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*a^2-2/3*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3-1/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^3*b+a^2*cos(f*x+e)+2*a*b*cos(f*x+e)+b^2*cos(f*x+e))+b*(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/a^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{6a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10(2a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 15(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2a\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{a \cos(fx+e)^2}\right)}{30a^3f} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 5(2a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 15(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \cos(fx+e)}{b}\right) + 15}{15a^3f} \right]$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/30*(6*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(2*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(a^2 +
2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x +
e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 30*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/(a
^3*f), -1/15*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(2*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(
a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) + 15*(a^2
+ 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^3*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 (a^2 b + 2 a b^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - \frac{3 a^2 \cos(fx+e)^5 - 5 (2 a^2 + ab) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 15 (a^2 + 2 ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)}{a^3}}{15 f}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/15*(15*(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*
b)*a^3) - (3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(2*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2
+ 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/a^3)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab} a^3 f} - \frac{3a^4 f^4 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10a^4 f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 5a^3 b f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a^4 f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 30a^3 b f^4}{15a^5 f^5}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output $(a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3) \arctan(a \cos(fx + e) / \sqrt{ab}) / (\sqrt{ab} a^3 f) - 1/15 * (3a^4 f^4 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10a^4 f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 5a^3 b f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a^4 f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 30a^3 b f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 15a^2 b^2 f^4 \cos(fx + e)) / (a^5 f^5)$ **Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{b}{3a^2} + \frac{2}{3a}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{5af} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b}{a^2} + \frac{2}{a}\right)}{a}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{b} \cos(e + fx) (a + b)^2}{a^2 b + 2ab^2 + b^3}\right) (a + b)^2}{a^{7/2} f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output $(\cos(e + f*x)^3 * (b / (3*a^2) + 2 / (3*a))) / f - \cos(e + f*x)^5 / (5*a*f) - (\cos(e + f*x) * (1/a + (b * (b/a^2 + 2/a)) / a)) / f + (b * (1/2) * \operatorname{atan}((a^{(1/2)} * b^{(1/2)} * \cos(e + f*x) * (a + b)^2) / (2*a*b^2 + a^2*b + b^3))) * (a + b)^2 / (a^{(7/2)} * f)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 - 30\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) ab - 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2}{(15a^4f)}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 8*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 - 25*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b - 15*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 8*a**3 + 25*a**2*b + 15*a*b**2)/(15*a**4*f)`

3.29 $\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	385
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	385
Rubi [A] (verified)	386
Maple [A] (verified)	388
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	388
Sympy [F(-1)]	389
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	389
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	390
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	390
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	391

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{a^2 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3af}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*(a+b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.30

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \left(3(a^2+8ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right)+\cos(e)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[((- \text{Sqrt}[a] \\ & - I*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Cos}[e] - I*\text{Sin}[e])^2])* \text{Sin}[e]*\text{Tan}[(f*x)/2] + \text{Cos}[e] \\ & *(\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Cos}[e] - I*\text{Sin}[e])^2])* \text{Tan}[(f*x)/2]))/\text{Sqrt}[b] \\ &] + 3*(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[((- \text{Sqrt}[a] + I*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Cos}[e] \\ & - I*\text{Sin}[e])^2])* \text{Sin}[e]*\text{Tan}[(f*x)/2] + \text{Cos}[e]*(\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt} \\ & (\text{Cos}[e] - I*\text{Sin}[e])^2])* \text{Tan}[(f*x)/2]))/\text{Sqrt}[b] - 3*a^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[a + b]*\text{Tan}[(e + f*x)/2])/\text{Sqrt}[b] - 3*a^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b] \\ &]*\text{Tan}[(e + f*x)/2])/\text{Sqrt}[b] + 4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*(-5*a - 6*b \\ & + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/(48*a^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[b]*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e \\ & + f*x]^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 363, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\ & \frac{(a+b) \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx) - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a}}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b f \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{a} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a}$$

f

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `-((-1/3*Cos[e + f*x]^3/a + ((a + b)*(-(Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2)) + Cos[e + f*x]/a))/a/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m+2*p+3, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 - \cos(fx+e)a - \cos(fx+e)b}{a^2} + \frac{b(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{ab}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 - \cos(fx+e)a - \cos(fx+e)b}{a^2} + \frac{b(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{ab}}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{3e^{i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{e^{i(fx+e)}b}{2a^2f} - \frac{3e^{-i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}b}{2a^2f} + \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ab}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2f} + \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln}{2a^2f}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^2*(1/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-cos(f*x+e)*a-cos(f*x+e)*b)+b*(a+b)/a^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2a \cos(fx + e)^3 + 3(a + b) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2a \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \cos(fx + e) - b}{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}\right) - 6(a + b) \cos(fx + e) a \cos}{6a^2f}, \dots \right]$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a + b)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2
*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 6*(a + b)*cos(f*
x + e))/(a^2*f), 1/3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a + b)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt
(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - 3*(a + b)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{3(ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}} + \frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 3(a+b) \cos(fx+e)}{3f a^2}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*(3*(a*b + b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) + (a*c
os(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a + b)*cos(f*x + e))/a^2)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab} a^2 f} + \frac{a^2 f^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3a^2 f^2 \cos(fx + e) - 3abf^2 \cos(fx + e)}{3a^3 f^3}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(a*b + b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*f) + 1/3*(a^2*f^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^2*f^2*cos(f*x + e) - 3*a*b*f^2*cos(f*x + e))/(a^3*f^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3}{3af} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{b}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \cos(e+fx)(a+b)}{b^2+ab}\right) (a+b)}{a^{5/2} f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `cos(e + f*x)^3/(3*a*f) - (cos(e + f*x)*(b/a^2 + 1/a))/f + (b^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x)*(a + b))/(a*b + b^2))*(a + b)/(a^(5/2)*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{f}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * a - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * a + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a*b + 2*a**2 + 3*a*b)/(3*a**3*f)`

3.30 $\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	392
Rubi [A] (verified)	393
Maple [A] (verified)	395
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{af}$$

output `b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-cos(f*x+e)/a/f`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.00

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\left((a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) (\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right))}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{a^{3/2} f} + (a + \dots)$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output

```

(((a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])
*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[
e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]] + (a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a +
b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sq
rt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]] - a*ArcTan[(
Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]] - a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a] + Sqr
t[a + b]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]] - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Cos[e + f*x]*(a +
2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/(8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*f*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} d \cos(e + fx)}{a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((-(Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2)) + Cos[e + f*x]/a)/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{1}{a \sec(fx+e)}$
default	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{1}{a \sec(fx+e)}$
risch	$-\frac{e^{i(fx+e)}}{2af} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}}{2af} - \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{ab}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2f} + \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ab}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2f}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/f*(-b/a/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*sec(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))-1/a/sec(f*x+e))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2a\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \cos(fx+e) - b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) - 2 \cos(fx+e)}{2af}, \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \cos(fx+e)}{b}\right) - \cos(fx+e)}{af} \right]$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*cos(f*x + e))/(a*f), (sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - cos(f*x + e))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - \frac{\cos(fx+e)}{a}}{f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a) - cos(f*x + e)/a)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - \frac{\cos(fx+e)}{a}}{\sqrt{ab}f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*f) - cos(f*x + e)/(a*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `(b^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x))/b^(1/2)))/(a^(3/2)*f) - cos(e + f*x)/(a*f)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \cos(fx + e) a}{a^2 f}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) - cos(e + f*x)*a)/(a**2*f)`

3.31 $\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	399
Maple [A] (verified)	401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	401
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	403

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)f} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)f}$$

output `b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a+b)/f-arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)/f`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) \left(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}+i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)+i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) \left(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)+i\sin(e))^2} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]])/Sqrt[a] + (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]])/Sqrt[a] - Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] + Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]/((a + b)*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 383, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

↓ 4621

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos(e + fx)$$

↓ 383

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)}{a + b} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} d \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)}{a + b} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a + b)}$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((-(Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[a]*(a + b))) + ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]]/(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 383 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[c*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LeQ[2, m, 3]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a+b)\sqrt{ab}} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a+b)\sqrt{ab}} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)}{f(a+b)} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)}{f(a+b)} + \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{ab}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a(a+b)f} - \frac{i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{ab}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a(a+b)f}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/(2*a+2*b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))+1/(2*a+2*b)*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2a\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \cos(fx+e) - b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) - \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx+e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx+e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right]}{2(a+b)f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a + b)*f), 1/2*(2*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a + b)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}(a+b)} - \frac{\log(\cos(fx+e)+1)}{a+b} + \frac{\log(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{a+b}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*(a + b)) - log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a + b) + log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a + b))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}(af + bf)} - \frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2(af + bf)} + \frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2(af + bf)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*(a*f + b*f)) - 1/2*log(abs(c
os(f*x + e) + 1))/(a*f + b*f) + 1/2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a*f + b*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)(2a^3+2ab^2) - \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8a^5+8a^4b-8a^3b^2-8a^2b^3)}{4(a+b)^2}}{2ab(a+b)}\right)}{f(a+b)} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{-ab}}{f(a^2+ba)}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)
```

output

```
- atanh((cos(e + f*x)*(2*a*b^2 + 2*a^3) - (cos(e + f*x)*(8*a^4*b + 8*a^5 -
8*a^2*b^3 - 8*a^3*b^2)))/(4*(a + b)^2))/(2*a*b*(a + b))/(f*(a + b)) - (at
anh((cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2))/b)*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(f*(a*b + a^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) a}{af(a+b)}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
+ sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
+ log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a)/(a*f*(a + b))
```

3.32 $\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{(a-b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{2(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f}$$

output

$a^{1/2} * b^{1/2} * \arctan(a^{1/2} * \cos(f*x+e) / b^{1/2}) / (a+b)^2 / f - 1/2 * (a-b) * \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(f*x+e)) / (a+b)^2 / f - 1/2 * \cot(f*x+e) * \csc(f*x+e) / (a+b) / f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \left(-8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e)(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+b})}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/16*((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-8*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{b}*\text{ArcTan}[((-\sqrt{a} \\ &] - I*\sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e] \\ &]*(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\tan[(f*x)/2]))/\sqrt{b} \\ &] - 8*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{b}*\text{ArcTan}[((-\sqrt{a} + I*\sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I* \\ & \sin[e])^2})*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[\\ & e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\tan[(f*x)/2]))/\sqrt{b}] + a*\text{Csc}[(e + f*x)/2]^2 + b*\text{Csc}[(\\ & e + f*x)/2]^2 + 4*a*\text{Log}[\cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - 4*b*\text{Log}[\cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - 4* \\ & a*\text{Log}[\sin[(e + f*x)/2]] + 4*b*\text{Log}[\sin[(e + f*x)/2]] - a*\text{Sec}[(e + f*x)/2]^2 \\ & - b*\text{Sec}[(e + f*x)/2]^2*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b)^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^ \\ & 2)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 373, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\ & \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{2(a + b)(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))} - \frac{\int \frac{b - a \cos^2(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos(e + fx)}{2(a + b)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 397 \\
 \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{2ab \int \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(a-b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((-1/2*((2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/sqrt[b]])/(a + b) - ((a - b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]])/(a + b))/(a + b) + Cos[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 373

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2)/(((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4621

```
Int[((a._) + (b._)*sec[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(n._))^(p._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(m._), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{1}{(4a+4b)(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a+b)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a-b)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a+b)^2\sqrt{ab}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{(4a+4b)(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a+b)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a-b)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a+b)^2\sqrt{ab}}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{e^{3i(fx+e)} + e^{i(fx+e)}}{f(a+b)(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^2} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - 1)a}{2f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - 1)b}{2f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + 1)a}{2f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + 1)b}{2f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{i\sqrt{a}}{f}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/(4*a+4*b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a+b)^2*(-a+b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/(4*a+4*b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4*(a-b)/(a+b)^2*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+a*b/(a+b)^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2\sqrt{-ab}(\cos(fx+e)^2-1)\log\left(-\frac{a\cos(fx+e)^2+2\sqrt{-ab}\cos(fx+e)-b}{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}\right) + 2(a+b)\cos(fx+e) - ((a-b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - a + b)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(fx+e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) + ((a-b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - a + b)\log\left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos(fx+e) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4((a^2+2ab+b^2)f\cos(fx+e)^2 - (a^2+2ab+b^2)f)} \right]$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(-a*b)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(a + b)*cos(f*x + e) - ((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a + b)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a + b)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f), 1/4*(4*sqrt(a*b)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)*cos(f*x + e)/b) + 2*(a + b)*cos(f*x + e) - ((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a + b)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a + b)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ab \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - \frac{(a-b) \log(\cos(fx+e)+1)}{a^2+2ab+b^2} + \frac{(a-b) \log(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{a^2+2ab+b^2} + \frac{2 \cos(fx+e)}{(a+b) \cos(fx+e)^2 - a - b}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(4*a*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a*b)) - (a - b)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) + (a - b)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) + 2*cos(f*x + e)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^2 f + 2 ab f + b^2 f) \sqrt{ab}} - \frac{(a - b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{4(a^2 f + 2 ab f + b^2 f)}$$

$$+ \frac{(a - b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{4(a^2 f + 2 ab f + b^2 f)}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{2(af + bf)(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f)*sqrt(a*b)) - 1/4*(a - b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) + 1/4*(a - b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) + 1/2*cos(f*x + e)/((a*f + b*f)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.56

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2a \cos(e + fx) + 2b \cos(e + fx) - a \ln(\cos(e + fx) - 1) + a \ln(\cos(e + fx) + 1) + b \ln(\cos(e + fx) - 1) + b \ln(\cos(e + fx) + 1)}{a^2 + b^2}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`

output `-(2*a*cos(e + f*x) + 2*b*cos(e + f*x) - atan((a^3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2))*1i + a*b^2*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2)*1i + a^2*b*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2))*2i)/(a*b^3 + a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2))*(-a*b)^(1/2)*4i - a*log(cos(e + f*x) - 1) + a*log(cos(e + f*x) + 1) + b*log(cos(e + f*x) - 1) - b*log(cos(e + f*x) + 1) + cos(e + f*x)^2*atan((a^3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2))*1i + a*b^2*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2)*1i + a^2*b*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2))*2i)/(a*b^3 + a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2))*(-a*b)^(1/2)*4i + a*log(cos(e + f*x) - 1)*cos(e + f*x)^2 - a*log(cos(e + f*x) + 1)*cos(e + f*x)^2 - b*log(cos(e + f*x) - 1)*cos(e + f*x)^2 + b*log(cos(e + f*x) + 1)*cos(e + f*x)^2)/(4*a^2*f + 4*b^2*f - 4*a^2*f*cos(e + f*x)^2 - 4*b^2*f*cos(e + f*x)^2 + 8*a*b*f - 8*a*b*f*cos(e + f*x)^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^2(fx + e) + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^2(fx + e) - \cos(e + fx)a - \cos(e + fx)b + \log(\tan((e + fx)/2))\sin^2(e + fx)a - \log(\tan((e + fx)/2))\sin^2(e + fx)b}{2 \sin^2(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * sin(e + f*x)**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * sin(e + f*x)**2 - cos(e + f*x)*a - cos(e + f*x)*b + log(tan((e + f*x)/2)) * sin(e + f*x)**2*a - log(tan((e + f*x)/2)) * sin(e + f*x)**2*b)/(2*sin(e + f*x)**2*f*(a**2 + 2*a*b + b**2))`

3.33 $\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{8(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(3a-b) \cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx) \csc^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b) f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/(a+b)^3/f-1/8*(3*a^2-6*
a*b-b^2)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^3/f-1/8*(3*a-b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(
a+b)^2/f-1/4*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \left(-64a^{3/2} \sqrt{b} \arctan \left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a} - i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e) - i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e)(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a+b})}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{...}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-1/128*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-64*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])]/Sqrt[b]] - 64*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])]/Sqrt[b]] + 6*a^2*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2 + 4*a*b*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2 - 2*b^2*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2 + a^2*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^4 + 2*a*b*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^4 + b^2*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^4 + 24*a^2*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - 48*a*b*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - 8*b^2*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] - 24*a^2*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]] + 48*a*b*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]] + 8*b^2*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]] - 6*a^2*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2 - 4*a*b*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2 + 2*b^2*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2 - a^2*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^4 - 2*a*b*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^4 - b^2*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^4)*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 373, 402, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
& \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
& \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b-3a\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
& \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b(5a+b)-a(3a-b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(3a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
& \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{8a^2b \int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{(3a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{8a^{3/2}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(3a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{8a^{3/2}\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} - \frac{(3a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]/(4*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - ((8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(a + b) - ((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]]/(a + b))/(2*(a + b)) - ((3*a - b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 373 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`


```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4621 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(-1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-3a+b}{16(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{16(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{1}{16(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} - \frac{1}{f}$
default	$-\frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(-1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-3a+b}{16(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{16(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{1}{16(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} - \frac{1}{f}$
risch	$\frac{3ae^{7i(fx+e)} - be^{7i(fx+e)} - 11ae^{5i(fx+e)} - 7be^{5i(fx+e)} - 11ae^{3i(fx+e)} - 7be^{3i(fx+e)} + 3ae^{i(fx+e)} - be^{i(fx+e)}}{4f(a+b)^2(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^4} - \frac{31}{8f(a+b)}$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/2/(8*a+8*b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-3*a+b)/(a+b)^2/(-1+cos(f*x+e))
)+1/16*(3*a^2-6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^3*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2/(8*a+8*b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2-1/16*(-3*a+b)/(a+b)^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/16/(a+b)^3*(-3*a^2+6*a*b+b^
2)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+a^2*b/(a+b)^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1
/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 331 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 693, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.37

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(2*(3*a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 8*(a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a*
cos(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sqrt(-a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*cos(f
*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*(5*a^2 + 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e
) - ((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*
x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((3*a^2 - 6*
a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2
- 6*a*b - b^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 +
b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f), 1/16*(2*(3*a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^3 + 16*(a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sqrt(a*b)*arcta
n(sqrt(a*b)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - 2*(5*a^2 + 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e) - ((3*a
^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ 3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 - 6*a*b
- b^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*co
s(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 +
3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^2 b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{(3 a^2-6 a b-b^2) \log(\cos(fx+e)+1)}{a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3} + \frac{(3 a^2-6 a b-b^2) \log(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3} + \frac{2((3 a-b) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (5 a+b) \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^2 + 2 a b + b^2)}{(a^2+2 a b+b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(a^2+2 a b+b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^2 + 2 a b + b^2}$$

$16 f$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(16*a^2*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a*b)) - (3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) + (3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) + 2*((3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2))/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^3 f + 3 a^2 b f + 3 a b^2 f + b^3 f) \sqrt{ab}} - \frac{(3 a^2 - 6 a b - b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{16 (a^3 f + 3 a^2 b f + 3 a b^2 f + b^3 f)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3 a^2 - 6 a b - b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{16 (a^3 f + 3 a^2 b f + 3 a b^2 f + b^3 f)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a \cos(fx + e)^3 - b \cos(fx + e)^3 - 5 a \cos(fx + e) - b \cos(fx + e)}{8 (a^2 f + 2 a b f + b^2 f) (\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^2*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f)*sqrt(a*b)) - 1/16*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/16*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/8*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*a*cos(f*x + e) - b*cos(f*x + e))/((a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 870, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.74

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`

output

```
(atan((a^5*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*9i + a^2*b^3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*12i + a^3*b^2*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*30i + a*b^4*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*1i + a^4*b*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*28i)/(9*a^6*b + a^2*b^5 + 12*a^3*b^4 + 30*a^4*b^3 + 28*a^5*b^2))*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*8i - 5*a^2*cos(e + f*x) - b^2*cos(e + f*x) + 3*a^2*cos(e + f*x)^3 - b^2*cos(e + f*x)^3 - 3*a^2*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) + b^2*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) - atan((a^5*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*9i + a^2*b^3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*12i + a^3*b^2*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*30i + a*b^4*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*1i + a^4*b*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*28i)/(9*a^6*b + a^2*b^5 + 12*a^3*b^4 + 30*a^4*b^3 + 28*a^5*b^2))*cos(e + f*x)^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*16i + atan((a^5*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*9i + a^2*b^3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*12i + a^3*b^2*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*30i + a*b^4*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*1i + a^4*b*cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*28i)/(9*a^6*b + a^2*b^5 + 12*a^3*b^4 + 30*a^4*b^3 + 28*a^5*b^2))*cos(e + f*x)^4*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*8i - 6*a*b*cos(e + f*x) + 6*a^2*cos(e + f*x)^2*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) - 3*a^2*cos(e + f*x)^4*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) - 2*b^2*cos(e + f*x)^2*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) + b^2*cos(e + f*x)^4*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) + 2*a*b*cos(e + f*x)^3 + 6*a*b*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) - 12*a*b*cos(e + f*x)^2*atanh(cos(e + f*x)) + 6*a*b*cos(e + f*x)^4*atanh(cos(e + f*x)))/(8*a^3*f + 8*b^3*f - 16*a^3*f*cos(e + f*x)^2 + 8*a^3*f*cos(e + f*x)^4 - 16*b^3*f*cos(e + f*x)^2 + 8*b^3*f*cos(e + f*x)^4 + 2...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^4(fx + e) a + 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^4(fx + e) a}{8a^3f + 8b^3f - 16a^3f\cos^2(e + fx) + 8a^3f\cos^4(e + fx) - 16b^3f\cos^2(e + fx) + 8b^3f\cos^4(e + fx) + 2}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)
) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a
**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b*
*2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 + 3*lo
g(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e +
f*x)**4*a*b - log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2)/(8*sin(e + f*x)
**4*f*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b + 3*a*b**2 + b**3))
```

3.34 $\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(5a^3 + 30a^2b + 40ab^2 + 16b^3) x}{16a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^4 f} - \frac{(11a^2 + 18ab + 8b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{16a^3 f} + \frac{(3a+2b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin^3(e+fx)}{6af}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3+30*a^2*b+40*a*b^2+16*b^3)*x/a^4-b^(1/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/f-1/16*(11*a^2+18*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f+1/8*(3*a+2*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)^3/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(3\sqrt{b}(9a^4 + 136a^3b + 384a^2b^2 + 384ab^3 + 128b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)}{\cos(e + fx)}\right) \right)}{}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(3*Sqrt[b]*(9*a^4 + 136*a^3*b + 384*a^2*b^2 + 384*a*b^3 + 128*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e))*(-(a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]*(3*a^3*(9*a + 8*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]] + 2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(-12*a^3*e + 60*a^3*f*x + 360*a^2*b*f*x + 480*a*b^2*f*x + 192*b^3*f*x - 3*a*(15*a^2 + 32*a*b + 16*b^2)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*(3*a + 2*b)*Sin[4*(e + f*x)] - a^3*Sin[6*(e + f*x)])))/(768*a^4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 27, 440, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^6}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx) \left(-((2a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b) \right)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \left(-((2a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b) \right)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b) - (8a^2+13ba+6b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{(3a+2b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{(11a^2+18ab+8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(a+2b)(5a+4b) - b(11a^2+18ba+8b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(3a+2b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{(11a^2+18ab+8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{(5a^3+30a^2b+40ab^2+16b^3) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{16b(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a} - \frac{2a}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{2a}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\frac{(11a^2+18ab+8b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{(5a^3+30a^2b+40ab^2+16b^3)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{16b(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a}}{2a} - \frac{(3a+2b)}{4a} \frac{f}{f}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\frac{(11a^2+18ab+8b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{(5a^3+30a^2b+40ab^2+16b^3)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{16\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{5/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a}}{4a}}{2a} - \frac{(3a+2b)}{4a} \frac{f}{f}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]^3/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3) - (-1/4*((3*a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (-1/2*(((5*a^3 + 30*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (16*sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]])/a)/a + ((11*a^2 + 18*a*b + 8*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a))/(2*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2)/(((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b^2*(c*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2 - \frac{11}{16}a^3\right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + \left(-2a^2b - ab^2 - \frac{5}{8}a^3\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{7}{8}a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{(5a^3 + 30a^2b + 40ab^2 + 16b^3)}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^3}}{a^4} f$
default	$\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2 - \frac{11}{16}a^3\right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + \left(-2a^2b - ab^2 - \frac{5}{8}a^3\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{7}{8}a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{(5a^3 + 30a^2b + 40ab^2 + 16b^3)}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^3}}{a^4} f$
risch	$\frac{5x}{16a} + \frac{15xb}{8a^2} + \frac{5xb^2}{2a^3} + \frac{xb^3}{a^4} + \frac{15ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{128af} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b^2}{8a^3f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^2f} - \frac{15ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{128af}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^4*(((9/8*a^2*b-1/2*a*b^2-11/16*a^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5+(-2*a^2*b-a*b^2-5/6*a^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-5/16*a^3-7/8*a^2*b-1/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^3+1/16*(5*a^3+30*a^2*b+40*a*b^2+16*b^3)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))-b/a^4*(a+b)^3/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(5a^3 + 30a^2b + 40ab^2 + 16b^3)fx + 12(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\sqrt{-ab - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 3a^2}{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 3a^2}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(5*a^3 + 30*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*f*x + 12*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - (8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(13*a^3 + 6*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a^3 + 18*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^4*f), 1/48*(3*(5*a^3 + 30*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*f*x + 24*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - (8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(13*a^3 + 6*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a^3 + 18*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^4*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(11a^2 + 18ab + 8b^2) \tan(fx+e)^5 + 8(5a^2 + 12ab + 6b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(5a^2 + 14ab + 8b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{a^3 \tan(fx+e)^6 + 3a^3 \tan(fx+e)^4 + 3a^3 \tan(fx+e)^2 + a^3} - \frac{3(5a^3 + 30a^2b + 40ab^2 + 16b^3)(f)}{48f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*((3*(11*a^2 + 18*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 8*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 6
*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^2 + 14*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)))/(a^3*tan(f
*x + e)^6 + 3*a^3*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^3*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^3) - 3*(5*a^3
+ 30*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^4 + 48*(a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*
a*b^3 + b^4)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^4)
/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\frac{3(5a^3 + 30a^2b + 40ab^2 + 16b^3)(fx + e)}{a^4} - \frac{48(a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + 3ab^3 + b^4) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx + e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2} a^4} - \frac{33a^2 \tan(fx + e)^5 + 54a^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 15a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{a^4}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/48*(3*(5*a^3 + 30*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^4 - 48*(a^3*b +
3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(
b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^4) - (33*a^2*tan(f*x +
e)^5 + 54*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 96*a*b*tan(f*x + e)
+ 42*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 24*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3*a^3)
/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1448, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.72

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
(atanh((25*b^3*tan(e + f*x)*(- 5*a*b^5 - a^5*b - b^6 - 10*a^2*b^4 - 10*a^3
*b^3 - 5*a^4*b^2)^(1/2)))/(128*((227*a*b^5)/128 + (217*b^6)/128 + (119*a^2*
b^4)/128 + (25*a^3*b^3)/128 + (13*b^7)/(16*a) + (5*b^8)/(32*a^2))) + (11*b
^4*tan(e + f*x)*(- 5*a*b^5 - a^5*b - b^6 - 10*a^2*b^4 - 10*a^3*b^3 - 5*a^4
*b^2)^(1/2)))/(32*((217*a*b^6)/128 + (13*b^7)/16 + (227*a^2*b^5)/128 + (119
*a^3*b^4)/128 + (25*a^4*b^3)/128 + (5*b^8)/(32*a))) + (5*b^5*tan(e + f*x)*
(- 5*a*b^5 - a^5*b - b^6 - 10*a^2*b^4 - 10*a^3*b^3 - 5*a^4*b^2)^(1/2))/(32
*((13*a*b^7)/16 + (5*b^8)/32 + (217*a^2*b^6)/128 + (227*a^3*b^5)/128 + (11
9*a^4*b^4)/128 + (25*a^5*b^3)/128)))*(-b*(a + b)^5)^(1/2))/(a^4*f) - (atan
(((((((512*a^8*b^5 + 1408*a^9*b^4 + 1216*a^10*b^3 + 320*a^11*b^2)/(256*a^9
) - (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^8*b^3 + 1024*a^9*b^2)*(a*b^2*40i + a^2*b*30i + a
^3*5i + b^3*16i)))/(4096*a^10))*(a*b^2*40i + a^2*b*30i + a^3*5i + b^3*16i))
)/(32*a^4) - (tan(e + f*x)*(2816*a*b^8 + 512*b^9 + 6400*a^2*b^7 + 7680*a^3*
b^6 + 5140*a^4*b^5 + 1836*a^5*b^4 + 281*a^6*b^3))/(128*a^6))*(a*b^2*40i +
a^2*b*30i + a^3*5i + b^3*16i)*1i)/(32*a^4) - (((((512*a^8*b^5 + 1408*a^9*b
^4 + 1216*a^10*b^3 + 320*a^11*b^2)/(256*a^9) + (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^8*b^3
+ 1024*a^9*b^2)*(a*b^2*40i + a^2*b*30i + a^3*5i + b^3*16i)))/(4096*a^10))*
(a*b^2*40i + a^2*b*30i + a^3*5i + b^3*16i))/(32*a^4) + (tan(e + f*x)*(2816
*a*b^8 + 512*b^9 + 6400*a^2*b^7 + 7680*a^3*b^6 + 5140*a^4*b^5 + 1836*a^5*b
^4 + 281*a^6*b^3))/(128*a^6))*(a*b^2*40i + a^2*b*30i + a^3*5i + b^3*16i...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 - 96\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) ab - 48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2}{a^2 - 96\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) ab - 48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2}$$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3 - 10*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b - 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3 - 42*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b - 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 15*a**3*e + 15*a**3*f*x + 90*a**2*b*e + 90*a**2*b*f*x + 120*a*b**2*e + 120*a*b**2*f*x + 48*b**3*e + 48*b**3*f*x)/(48*a**4*f)
```


3.35 $\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)x}{8a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^3 f} - \frac{(5a+4b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2+12*a*b+8*b^2)*x/a^3-b^(1/2)*(a+b)^(3/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/f-1/8*(5*a+4*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(\sqrt{b}(3a^3 + 34a^2b + 64ab^2 + 32b^3) \arctan \left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(Sqrt[b]*(3*a^3 + 34*a^2*b + 64*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-(a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]*(a^2*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*(-2*a^2*e + 12*a^2*f*x + 48*a*b*f*x + 32*b^2*f*x - 8*a*(a + b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Sin[4*(e + f*x)])))/(64*a^3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^4}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(b-4(a+b)) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(3a+4b)-b(5a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{8b(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{8b(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{8\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (-1/2*((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (8*sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]])/a)/a + ((5*a + 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 372 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot e^{3x} \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-3} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[e^{4x} / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-4} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot (m-3) + (a \cdot d \cdot (m+2 \cdot q-1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}ab - \frac{5}{8}a^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}a^2 - \frac{1}{2}ab\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)}{8} \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{f}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{b(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}ab - \frac{5}{8}a^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{8}a^2 - \frac{1}{2}ab\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)}{8} \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{f}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{8a} + \frac{3xb}{2a^2} + \frac{xb^2}{a^3} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8af} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab-b^2} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2i\right)}{2fa^2}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-b/a^3*(a+b)^2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+1/a^3*(((1/2*a*b-5/8*a^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-3/8*a^2-1/2*a*b)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(3*a^2+12*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)fx + 2\sqrt{-ab - b^2}(a + b) \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a+2b) \cos(fx+e) + 2b)}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}\right)}{8a^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x + 2*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*(a + b)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + (2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f), 1/8*((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x + 4*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*(a + b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + (2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\frac{(5a+4b) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (3a+4b) \tan(fx+e)}{a^2 \tan(fx+e)^4 + 2a^2 \tan(fx+e)^2 + a^2} - \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{8(a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^3}}}{8f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/8*(((5*a + 4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a + 4*b)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2) - (3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^3 + 8*(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^3))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)(fx + e)}{a^3} - \frac{8(a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx + e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2} a^3} - \frac{5a \tan(fx + e)^3 + 4b \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3a \tan(fx + e)}{(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1)^2 a^2}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*(((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^3 - 8*(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^3) - (5*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b*tan(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2*a^2))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{9b^3 \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{-a^3 b - 3a^2 b^2 - 3ab^3 - b^4}}{32 \left(\frac{13ab^4}{16} + \frac{25b^5}{32} + \frac{9a^2 b^3}{32} + \frac{b^6}{4a}\right)} + \frac{b^4 \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{-a^3 b - 3a^2 b^2 - 3ab^3 - b^4}}{4 \left(\frac{9a^3 b^3}{32} + \frac{13a^2 b^4}{16} + \frac{25ab^5}{32} + \frac{b^6}{4}\right)}\right) \sqrt{-b(a + b)^3}}{a^3 f} - \frac{\frac{\tan(e + fx)(3a + 4b)}{8a^2} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3(5a + 4b)}{8a^2}}{f (\tan(e + fx)^4 + 2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{159b^3 \tan(e + fx)}{256 \left(\frac{27ab^2}{256} + \frac{159b^3}{256} + \frac{75b^4}{64a} + \frac{29b^5}{32a^2} + \frac{b^6}{4a^3}\right)} + \frac{75b^4 \tan(e + fx)}{64 \left(\frac{159ab^3}{256} + \frac{75b^4}{64} + \frac{27a^2 b^2}{256} + \frac{29b^5}{32a} + \frac{b^6}{4a^2}\right)} + \frac{29b^5 \tan(e + fx)}{32 \left(\frac{75ab^4}{64} + \frac{29b^5}{32} + \frac{159a^2 b^3}{256} + \frac{27a^3 b^2}{256}\right)}}{8a}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `(atanh((9*b^3*tan(e + f*x)*(- 3*a*b^3 - a^3*b - b^4 - 3*a^2*b^2)^(1/2)))/(3
2*((13*a*b^4)/16 + (25*b^5)/32 + (9*a^2*b^3)/32 + b^6/(4*a))) + (b^4*tan(e
+ f*x)*(- 3*a*b^3 - a^3*b - b^4 - 3*a^2*b^2)^(1/2))/(4*((25*a*b^5)/32 + b
^6/4 + (13*a^2*b^4)/16 + (9*a^3*b^3)/32)))*(-b*(a + b)^3)^(1/2))/(a^3*f) -
((tan(e + f*x)*(3*a + 4*b))/(8*a^2) + (tan(e + f*x)^3*(5*a + 4*b))/(8*a^2
))/(f*(2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4 + 1)) - (atan((159*b^3*tan(e + f*
x))/(256*((27*a*b^2)/256 + (159*b^3)/256 + (75*b^4)/(64*a) + (29*b^5)/(32*
a^2) + b^6/(4*a^3))) + (75*b^4*tan(e + f*x))/(64*((159*a*b^3)/256 + (75*b^
4)/64 + (27*a^2*b^2)/256 + (29*b^5)/(32*a) + b^6/(4*a^2))) + (29*b^5*tan(e
+ f*x))/(32*((75*a*b^4)/64 + (29*b^5)/32 + (159*a^2*b^3)/256 + (27*a^3*b^
2)/256 + b^6/(4*a))) + (b^6*tan(e + f*x))/(4*((29*a*b^5)/32 + b^6/4 + (75*
a^2*b^4)/64 + (159*a^3*b^3)/256 + (27*a^4*b^2)/256)) + (27*b^2*tan(e + f*x
))/(256*((27*b^2)/256 + (159*b^3)/(256*a) + (75*b^4)/(64*a^2) + (29*b^5)/(
32*a^3) + b^6/(4*a^4))))*(a*b*12i + a^2*3i + b^2*8i)*1i)/(8*a^3*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a - 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b - 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a - 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b}{(a+b)^2}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sq
rt(b))*a - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt
(a))/sqrt(b))*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)
+ sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 3*co
s(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + 3*a**2*e
+ 3*a**2*f*x + 12*a*b*e + 12*a*b*f*x + 8*b**2*e + 8*b**2*f*x)/(8*a**3*f)`

3.36 $\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	440
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Rubi [A] (verified)	441
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b)x}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^2 f} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{2af}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+2*b)*x/a^2-b^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))
)/a^2/f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bf}} - \frac{-4(a+2b)x - \frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bf}}}{16(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))} \right)}{16(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*f) - (-4*(a + 2*b)*x - ((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (2*a*Cos[2*f*x]*Sin[2*e])/f + (2*a*Cos[2*e]*Sin[2*f*x])/f)/a^2)/(16*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 373, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^2}{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{2b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{2b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/a)/(2*a) - Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

rule 373 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2 / (2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (m-1) + d \cdot (m+2 \cdot p+2 \cdot q+3) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) \cdot \sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x))]^{n_})^{p_} \cdot \sin[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x))]^{m_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff^{m+1} / f \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (\text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p / (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 + 1}), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x] / ff], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(a+b)b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{f}{a^2}$
default	$\frac{(a+b)b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{f}{a^2}$
risch	$\frac{x}{2a} + \frac{xb}{a^2} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab-b^2} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-ab-b^2}-a-2b}{a}\right)}{2fa^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab-b^2} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-ab-b^2}-a-2b}{a}\right)}{2fa^2}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-(a+b)*b/a^2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+1/a^2*(-1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a+2*b)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a + 2b)fx - 2a \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + \sqrt{-ab - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + a^2 \cos^2(fx + e)}{a^2 \cos^2(fx + e)}\right)}{4a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*(a + 2*b)*f*x - 2*a*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/(a^2*f), 1/2*((a + 2*b)*f*x - a*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))))/(a^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\frac{(fx+e)(a+2b)}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{a \tan(fx+e)^2 + a} - \frac{2(ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^2}}}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*((f*x + e)*(a + 2*b)/a^2 - tan(f*x + e)/(a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a) - 2*(a*b + b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^2))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(fx+e)(a+2b)}{a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) \sqrt{ab+b^2}}{a^2} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{(\tan(fx+e)^2+1)a}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*((f*x + e)*(a + 2*b)/a^2 - 2*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*sqrt(a*b + b^2)/a^2 - tan(f*x + e)/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)*a))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-b^2-ab}}{a \cos(e+fx)+b \cos(e+fx)}\right) \sqrt{-b^2-ab} - a \left(\frac{\sin(2e+2fx)}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\cos(e+fx)}\right)}{2} \right) + b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\cos(e+fx)}\right)}{a^2 f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `(atanh((sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b - b^2)^(1/2))/(a*cos(e + f*x) + b*cos(e + f*x)))*(- a*b - b^2)^(1/2) - a*(sin(2*e + 2*f*x)/4 - atan(sin(e + f*x)/cos(e + f*x)))/2) + b*atan(sin(e + f*x)/cos(e + f*x)))/(a^2*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}{2a^2 f}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a + a*e + a*f*x + 2*b*e + 2*b*f*x)/(2*a**2*f)`

3.37 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	448
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	448
Rubi [A] (verified)	449
Maple [A] (verified)	450
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	451
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	452
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	452
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	453
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	453

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output

```
x/a+b^(1/2)*arctan((a+b)^(1/2)*cot(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a/(a+b)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(\sqrt{a + bfx} \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4} + b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+bf}}\right) \right)}{2a\sqrt{a+bf} (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(Sqrt[a + b]*f*x*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4] + b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 4615, 3042, 3660, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4615} \\
 & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + b} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3660} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(a+b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b} d \cot(e + fx)}{af} + \frac{x}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{af\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{x}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1),x]`

output `x/a + (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3660 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[1/(a + (a + b)*ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x]`

rule 4615 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/a, x] - Simp[b/a Int[1/(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$	46
default	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$	46
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b-a-2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa}$	114

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4fx + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e))}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4af} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*f*x + sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))/(a*f), 1/2*(2*f*x + sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba}} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt((a + b)*b)*a - (f*x + e)/a)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) b}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} a} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a) - (f*x + e)/a)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.22

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\text{atan} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) - \left(2a^2b^2 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) + \left(2a^2b^2 + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) + \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) - \left(2a^2b^2 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) + \left(2a^2b^2 + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{f(a^2 + ba)}$$

```
input int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

```
output x/a - (atan((((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + a^2) + ((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + a^2))/(((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + a^2) - ((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(f*(a*b + a^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + afx + bfx}{af(a+b)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b)) - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b)) + a*f*x + b*f*x)/(a*f*(a + b))`

3.38 $\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	455
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	455
Rubi [A] (verified)	456
Maple [A] (verified)	457
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	458
Sympy [F]	458
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	459
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	459
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	460
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	460

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2} f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)f}$$

output

$-b^{(1/2)}*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f-\cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b}(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}\right) \right) (\cos(2e+fx))}{2(a+b)^{3/2} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b}(\cos(2e+fx))}$$

input

`Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*sec[e + f*x]^2*(b*arctan[(sec[f*x]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*sin[f*x]) + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))]/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4]))*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e]) + sqrt[a + b]*csc[e]*csc[e + f*x]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4]*sin[f*x]))/(2*(a + b)^(3/2))*f*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 264, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4620}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{264}$$

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{a + b} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{(a + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

input

```
Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output $(-\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b} \tan(e + f x)]}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right) / (a + b)^{3/2}) - \operatorname{Cot}[e + f x] / (a + b) / f$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 264 $\operatorname{Int}[(c x)^m (a + (b x)^2)^p, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c x)^{m+1} (a + b x^2)^{p+1} / (a c (m+1))], x] - \operatorname{Simp}[b (m+2p+3) / (a c^2 (m+1))] \operatorname{Int}[(c x)^{m+2} (a + b x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 3042 $\operatorname{Int}[u, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620 $\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b x) \operatorname{sec}[e + (f x)]^n)^p \sin[e + (f x)]^m, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{\operatorname{ff} = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\tan[e + f x], x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ff}^{m+1} / f \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^m (\operatorname{ExpandToSum}[a + b (1 + \operatorname{ff}^2 x^2)^{n/2}], x)^p / (1 + \operatorname{ff}^2 x^2)^{m/2 + 1}], x], x, \tan[e + f x] / \operatorname{ff}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{(a+b) \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b) \sqrt{(a+b)b}} \frac{1}{f}$
default	$-\frac{1}{(a+b) \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b) \sqrt{(a+b)b}} \frac{1}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{2i}{f(a+b)(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b-a-2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^2 f} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b-a-2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^2 f}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/(a+b)/tan(f*x+e)-1/(a+b)*b/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \sin(fx+e)}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4(a+b)f \sin(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*cos(f*x + e))/((a + b)*f*sin(f*x + e)), 1/2*(sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*cos(f*x + e))/((a + b)*f*sin(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}(a+b)} + \frac{1}{(a+b) \tan(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*(a + b)) + 1/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) b}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}(a+b)} + \frac{1}{(a+b) \tan(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*(a + b)) + 1/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\cot(e + fx)}{f(a + b)} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{f(a + b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`output `- cot(e + f*x)/(f*(a + b)) - (b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(f*(a + b)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e) - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)}{\sin(fx + e) f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- (sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x) + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x) + cos(e + f*x)*a + cos(e + f*x)*b)/(sin(e + f*x)*f*(a**2 + 2*a*b + b**2))`

3.39 $\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{a \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)f}$$

output

$-a*b^{(1/2)}*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/(a+b)^{(5/2)}/f-a*\cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f-1/3*\cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)/f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(3ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b}(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}\right)\right)}{6(a+b)^{5/2}f}$$

input

`Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(3*a*b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + (Sqrt[a + b]*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]*(6*a*Sin[f*x] - 3*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] + (-2*a + b)*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x]))/4)/(6*(a + b)^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 359, 264, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{3(a + b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{a \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b}}{a + b} \right) - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{3(a + b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-1/3*Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b) + (a*(-((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2)) - Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b)))/(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 264 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{3(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{3(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$\frac{2i(3be^{4i(fx+e)} + 6ae^{2i(fx+e)} - 2a + b)}{3f(a+b)^2(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} a \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} + a + 2b}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} a \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} + a + 2b}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^3 f}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/3/(a+b)/tan(f*x+e)^3-a/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)-a*b/(a+b)^2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.22

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3(a \cos(fx + e)^2 - a) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2}{a^2}\right)}{12((a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f \cos(fx + e))^2 - 6((a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f \cos(fx + e))^2 - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f \sin(fx + e)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3(a \cos(fx + e)^2 - a) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}} \arctan\left(\frac{((a+2b) \cos(fx+e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}}}{2b \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}\right) \sin(fx + e)}{6((a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f \cos(fx + e))^2 - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f \sin(fx + e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(4*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) - 12*a*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/6*(2*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) - 6*a*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e)]]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{3ab \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b}{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*a*b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{3 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) ab}{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b}{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3*(3*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*a*b/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{1}{3(a+b)} + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)^2}{(a+b)^2} - \frac{a \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx) (a^2+2ab+b^2)}{(a+b)^{5/2}}\right)}{f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)
```

output

```
- (1/(3*(a + b)) + (a*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(a + b)^2)/(f*tan(e + f*x)^3) - (a*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x)*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2))/(a + b)^(5/2)))/(f*(a + b)^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx+e)^3 a - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx+e)^3 b}{(a+b)^2}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*a*b - cos(e + f*x)*b**2)/(3*sin(e + f*x)**3*f*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b + 3*a*b**2 + b**3))
```

3.40 $\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	469
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	473
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{a^2 \sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{7/2} f} - \frac{a^2 \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(2a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b) f}$$

output

```
-a^2*b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-a^2*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f-1/3*(2*a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)^2/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(240a^2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(240*a^2*b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x] * (Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + Sqrt[a + b]*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]*(10*(8*a^2 + b^2)*Sin[f*x] - 30*b*(3*a + b)*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 40*a^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 30*a*b*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 10*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 15*a*b*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 8*a^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] - 9*a*b*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] - 2*b^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x]))/(480*(a + b)^(7/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{364} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(2a+b) \cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{a^2 \cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{a^2 b}{(a+b)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{a^2\sqrt{b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{7/2}} - \frac{a^2\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{(2a+b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((-(a^2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(7/2)) - (a^2*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b)^3 - ((2*a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(3*(a + b)^2) - Cot[e + f*x]^5/(5*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativdivides	$-\frac{1}{5(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{a^2}{(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{2a+b}{3(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2 b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^3 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{5(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{a^2}{(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{2a+b}{3(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2 b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^3 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$\frac{2i(15ab e^{8i(fx+e)} - 90ab e^{6i(fx+e)} - 30b^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} - 80a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} - 10b^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 40a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} - 30ab e^{2i(fx+e)} - 10a^2)}{15f(a+b)^3 (e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^5}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/5/(a+b)/tan(f*x+e)^5-a^2/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)-1/3*(2*a+b)/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)^3-a^2*b/(a+b)^3/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.59

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(8a^2 - 9ab - 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 - 20(4a^2 - 3ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 15(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2)}{60((a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3))} \right]$$

$$- \frac{2(8a^2 - 9ab - 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10(4a^2 - 3ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 15(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2)}{30((a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3))}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/60*(4*(8*a^2 - 9*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 20*(4*a^2 - 3*a*b - b^2)
)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2)*sq
rt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^
2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*
cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2
*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 60*a^2*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^3 + 3
*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^
3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1
/30*(2*(8*a^2 - 9*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(4*a^2 - 3*a*b - b^2)*c
os(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2)*sqrt(
b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos
s(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) + 30*a^2*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^3 + 3*a
^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)
*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15 a^2 b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{15 a^2 \tan(fx+e)^4+5 (2 a^2+3 a b+b^2) \tan(fx+e)^2+3 a^2+6 a b+3 b^2}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3) \tan(fx+e)^5}$$

$$15 f$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/15*(15*a^2*b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3
*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 5*(2*a^2 + 3*a*b
+ b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2
+ b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{15 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) a^2 b}{(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{15 a^2 \tan(fx+e)^4 + 10 a^2 \tan(fx+e)^2 + 15 ab \tan(fx+e)^2 + 5 b^2 \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3 a^2 + 3 b^2}{(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \tan(fx+e)^5}$$

15 f

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/15*(15*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt
(a*b + b^2)))*a^2*b/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (
15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 10*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 15*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 5*
b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^
3)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{1}{5(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(2a+b)}{3(a+b)^2} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e+fx)^4}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx) (a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)}{(a+b)^{7/2}}\right)}{f(a+b)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)
```

output

```
- (1/(5*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a + b))/(3*(a + b)^2) + (a^2*tan(e +
f*x)^4)/(a + b)^3)/(f*tan(e + f*x)^5) - (a^2*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e
+ f*x)*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3))/(a + b)^(7/2)))/(f*(a + b)^(7/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^5 a^2 - 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^5 a^2}{1}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*s
in(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 11*cos(e + f*x
)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**3 - 4*cos(e +
f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 7*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 2*cos
(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3 - 3*c
os(e + f*x)*a**3 - 9*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b - 9*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - 3*cos(e
+ f*x)*b**3)/(15*sin(e + f*x)**5*f*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b + 6*a**2*b**2 + 4*a*b
**3 + b**4))
```

3.41 $\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	475
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	476
Rubi [A] (verified)	476
Maple [A] (verified)	479
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Sympy [F(-1)]	480
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	482
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	483

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b)(3a+7b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{9/2}f} - \frac{(a+b)(a+3b) \cos(e+fx)}{a^4 f} + \frac{2(a+b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a^3 f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a^2 f} - \frac{b(a+b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{2a^4 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*(a+b)*(3*a+7*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/f-(
a+b)*(a+3*b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^4/f+2/3*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)^3/a^3/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^
5/a^2/f-1/2*b*(a+b)^2*cos(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(3a^4 + 384a^2b^2 + 1280ab^3 + 896b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\left(-\sqrt{a-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}}\right) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) \left(\sqrt{a-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}}\right) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((15*(3*a^4 + 384*a^2*b^2 + 1280*a*b^3 + 896*b^4)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2) + (15*(3*a^4 + 384*a^2*b^2 + 1280*a*b^3 + 896*b^4)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2) - (45*a^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2) - (45*a^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]])/b^(3/2) - (16*Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x]*(150*a^3 + 1436*a^2*b + 2960*a*b^2 + 1680*b^3 + a*(125*a^2 + 688*a*b + 560*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] - 2*a^2*(11*a + 14*b)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^3*Cos[6*(e + f*x)]))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/(3840*a^(9/2)*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 366, 25, 363, 254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^5}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{366} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^5(e+fx)}{2a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2a^2+2b\cos^2(e+fx)a-5(a+b)^2)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a^2b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2a^2+2b\cos^2(e+fx)a-5(a+b)^2)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a^2b} + \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^5(e+fx)}{2a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2}{5}b\cos^5(e+fx) - (a+b)(3a+7b) \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a^2b} + \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^5(e+fx)}{2a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{254} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2}{5}b\cos^5(e+fx) - (a+b)(3a+7b) \int \left(\frac{b^2}{a^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b}{a^2} + \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a} \right) d\cos(e+fx)}{2a^2b} + \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^5(e+fx)}{2a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^5(e+fx)}{2a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\frac{2}{5}b\cos^5(e+fx) - (a+b)(3a+7b) \left(\frac{b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} - \frac{b\cos(e+fx)}{a^2} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a} \right)}{2a^2b}}{f}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a+b)^2 \cos[e+fx]^5}{2a^2 b(b+a \cos[e+fx]^2)} + \frac{(2b \cos[e+fx]^5)/5 - (a+b)(3a+7b)((b^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{b}}])/a^{5/2} - (b \cos[e+fx])/a^2 + \cos[e+fx]^3/(3a))}{2a^2 b}\right)/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 254

$$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m)}/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{PolynomialDivide}[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 3]$$

rule 363

$$\operatorname{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(b*e*(m+2*p+3)), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) \operatorname{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[m+2*p+3, 0]$$

rule 366

$$\operatorname{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b*c - a*d)^2*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2*a*b^2*e*(p+1)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2*a*b^2*(p+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\operatorname{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)^2*(m+1) + 2*b^2*c^2*(p+1) + 2*a*b*d^2*(p+1)*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 2009

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{\cos(fx+e)^5 a^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - \frac{2a \cos(fx+e)^3 b}{3} + a^2 \cos(fx+e) + 4ab \cos(fx+e) + 3b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^4} + \frac{b \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^2 - ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{\cos(fx+e)^5 a^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - \frac{2a \cos(fx+e)^3 b}{3} + a^2 \cos(fx+e) + 4ab \cos(fx+e) + 3b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^4} + \frac{b \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^2 - ab - \frac{1}{2}b^2}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} \right) \cos(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{5 e^{3i(fx+e)}}{96 a^2 f} + \frac{e^{3i(fx+e)} b}{12 a^3 f} - \frac{5 e^{i(fx+e)}}{16 f a^2} - \frac{7 e^{i(fx+e)} b}{4 f a^3} - \frac{3 e^{i(fx+e)} b^2}{2 f a^4} - \frac{5 e^{-i(fx+e)}}{16 f a^2} - \frac{7 e^{-i(fx+e)} b}{4 f a^3} - \frac{3 e^{-i(fx+e)} b^2}{2 f a^4}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/a^4*(1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*a^2-2/3*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3-2/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^3*b+a^2*cos(f*x+e)+4*a*b*cos(f*x+e)+3*b^2*cos(f*x+e))+b/a^4*((-1/2*a^2-a*b-1/2*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a^2+10*a*b+7*b^2)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 a^3 \cos (fx + e)^7 - 4(10 a^3 + 7 a^2 b) \cos (fx + e)^5 + 20(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^3 - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e) - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^3 - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^5 + 10(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^7 - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^9}{6 a^3 \cos (fx + e)^7 - 2(10 a^3 + 7 a^2 b) \cos (fx + e)^5 + 10(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^3 - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e) - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^3 - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^5 + 10(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^7 - 15(3 a^3 + 10 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos (fx + e)^9}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/60*(12*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 4*(10*a^3 + 7*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 20*(3*a^3 + 10*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(3*a^2*b + 10*a*b^2 + 7*b^3 + (3*a^3 + 10*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 30*(3*a^2*b + 10*a*b^2 + 7*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b*f) , -1/30*(6*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(10*a^3 + 7*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 10*(3*a^3 + 10*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(3*a^2*b + 10*a*b^2 + 7*b^3 + (3*a^3 + 10*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) + 15*(3*a^2*b + 10*a*b^2 + 7*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{15(a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3) \cos(fx + e)}{a^5 \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^4b} - \frac{15(3a^2b + 10ab^2 + 7b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}} + \frac{2(3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10(a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15(a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e))}{a^4}}{30f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*(15*(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)/(a^5*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b) - 15*(3*a^2*b + 10*a*b^2 + 7*b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) + 2*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/a^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(3a^2b + 10ab^2 + 7b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aba^4}f} - \frac{a^2b \cos(fx + e) + 2ab^2 \cos(fx + e) + b^3 \cos(fx + e)}{2(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)a^4f} - \frac{3a^8f^4 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10a^8f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 10a^7bf^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a^8f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 60a^7bf^4 \cos(fx + e)}{15a^{10}f^5}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}(3a^2b + 10ab^2 + 7b^3) \arctan(a \cos(fx + e) / \sqrt{ab}) / (\sqrt{ab} a^4 f) - \frac{1}{2}(a^2b \cos(fx + e) + 2ab^2 \cos(fx + e) + b^3 \cos(fx + e)) / ((a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) a^4 f) - \frac{1}{15}(3a^8 f^4 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10a^8 f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 10a^7 b f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a^8 f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 60a^7 b f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 45a^6 b^2 f^4 \cos(fx + e)) / (a^{10} f^5)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{2b}{3a^3} + \frac{2}{3a^2} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{5a^2 f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{b^2}{a^4} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{2b}{a^3} + \frac{2}{a^2} \right)}{a} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{a^2 b}{2} + ab^2 + \frac{b^3}{2} \right)}{f (a^5 \cos(e + fx)^2 + ba^4)} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{b} \cos(e + fx) (a + b) (3a + 7b)}{3a^2 b + 10ab^2 + 7b^3} \right) (a + b) (3a + 7b)}{2a^{9/2} f}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(\sin(e + fx)^5 / (a + b / \cos(e + fx)^2)^2, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{2b}{3a^3} + \frac{2}{3a^2} \right))}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{(5a^2 f)} - \frac{(\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{b^2}{a^4} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{2b}{a^3} + \frac{2}{a^2} \right)}{a} \right))}{f} - \frac{(\cos(e + fx) (ab^2 + (a^2 b)/2 + b^3/2))}{(f(a^4 b + a^5 \cos(e + fx)^2))} + \frac{(b^{1/2} \operatorname{atan}((a^{1/2} b^{1/2} \cos(e + fx) (a + b) (3a + 7b)) / (10ab^2 + 3a^2 b + 7b^3))) (a + b) (3a + 7b)}{(2a^{9/2} f)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 782, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 150*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3 + 195*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b + 255*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2 + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3 + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 150*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3 - 195*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b - 255*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 14*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 72*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 70*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e...
```

3.42
$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}f} - \frac{(a+2b) \cos(e+fx)}{a^3f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a^2f} - \frac{b(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{2a^3f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+5*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/f-(a+2*b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^3/f+1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3/a^2/f-1/2*b*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{3(3a^3+192ab^2+320b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) (\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right))}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{3(3a^3+192ab^2+320b^3)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((3*(3*a^3 + 192*a*b^2 + 320*b^3)*\text{ArcTan}[(-\sqrt{a} - I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}]*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}*\tan[(f*x)/2])/(\sqrt{b}))/b^{(3/2)} + (3*(3*a^3 + 192*a*b^2 + 320*b^3)*\text{ArcTan}[(-\sqrt{a} + I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}]*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}*\tan[(f*x)/2])/(\sqrt{b}))/b^{(3/2)} - (9*a^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\tan[(e + f*x)/2])/(\sqrt{b}))/b^{(3/2)} - (9*a^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\tan[(e + f*x)/2])/(\sqrt{b}))/b^{(3/2)} - (32*\sqrt{a}*\cos[e + f*x]*(9*a^2 + 56*a*b + 60*b^2 + 4*a*(2*a + 5*b)*\cos[2*(e + f*x)] - a^2*\cos[4*(e + f*x)]))/(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/(384*a^{(7/2)}*f) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 360, 1467, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\ & \frac{b(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{2a^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{2a^2 \cos^4(e+fx) - 2a(a+b) \cos^2(e+fx) + b(a+b)}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{2a^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1467 \\
 \frac{\frac{b(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \left(2a\cos^2(e+fx) - 2(a+2b) + \frac{5b^2+3ab}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b}\right) d\cos(e+fx)}{2a^3}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{b(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+5b)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - 2(a+2b)\cos(e+fx) + \frac{2}{3}a\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a^3}}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-(((b*(a + b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*a^3*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)) - ((Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 5*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/Sqrt[a] - 2*(a + 2*b)*Cos[e + f*x] + (2*a*cos[e + f*x]^3)/3)/(2*a^3))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 1467 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;` `SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - \cos(fx+e)a - 2 \cos(fx+e)b}{a^3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(-\frac{a}{2} - \frac{b}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3 f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - \cos(fx+e)a - 2 \cos(fx+e)b}{a^3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(-\frac{a}{2} - \frac{b}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3 f}$
risch	$\frac{e^{3i(fx+e)}}{24a^2 f} - \frac{3e^{i(fx+e)}}{8f a^2} - \frac{e^{i(fx+e)}b}{f a^3} - \frac{3e^{-i(fx+e)}}{8f a^2} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}b}{f a^3} + \frac{e^{-3i(fx+e)}}{24a^2 f} - \frac{(a+b)b(e^{3i(fx+e)} + e^{-3i(fx+e)})}{a^3 f (ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{-2i(fx+e)} + e^{-4i(fx+e)})}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^3*(1/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-cos(f*x+e)*a-2*cos(f*x+e)*b)+b/a^3*((-1/2*a-1/2*b)*cos(f*x+e)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a+5*b)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 4(3a^2 + 5ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 3((3a^2 + 5ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3ab + 5b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e) + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{a \cos(fx + e) - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}\right) - 6(3ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e) / (a^4 f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3 b f), 1/6(2a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 2(3a^2 + 5ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 3((3a^2 + 5ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3ab + 5b^2) \sqrt{b/a} \arctan(a \sqrt{b/a} \cos(fx + e)/b) - 3(3ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e) / (a^4 f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3 b f)]}{12(a^4 f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3 b f)}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(4*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 4*(3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*((3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a*b + 5*b^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 6*(3*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f), 1/6*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*((3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a*b + 5*b^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - 3*(3*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3(ab+b^2)\cos(fx+e)}{a^4\cos(fx+e)^2+a^3b} - \frac{3(3ab+5b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{a\cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} - \frac{2(a\cos(fx+e)^3-3(a+2b)\cos(fx+e))}{a^3}}{6f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(3*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a^4*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b) - 3*(3*a*b + 5*b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3) - 2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e))/a^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3ab + 5b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{a\cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aba^3}f} - \frac{ab\cos(fx+e) + b^2\cos(fx+e)}{2(a\cos(fx+e)^2 + b)a^3f} + \frac{a^4f^2\cos(fx+e)^3 - 3a^4f^2\cos(fx+e) - 6a^3bf^2\cos(fx+e)}{3a^6f^3}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(3*a*b + 5*b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3*f) - 1/2*(a*b*cos(f*x + e) + b^2*cos(f*x + e))/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^3*f) + 1/3*(a^4*f^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^4*f^2*cos(f*x + e) - 6*a^3*b*f^2*cos(f*x + e))/(a^6*f^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3}{3a^2 f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{2b}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{b^2}{2} + \frac{ab}{2}\right)}{f (a^4 \cos(e + fx)^2 + ba^3)} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \cos(e+fx)(3a+5b)}{5b^2+3ab}\right) (3a+5b)}{2a^{7/2} f}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
cos(e + f*x)^3/(3*a^2*f) - (cos(e + f*x)*((2*b)/a^3 + 1/a^2))/f - (cos(e + f*x)*((a*b)/2 + b^2/2))/(f*(a^3*b + a^4*cos(e + f*x)^2)) + (b^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x)*(3*a + 5*b))/(3*a*b + 5*b^2))*(3*a + 5*b))/(2*a^(7/2)*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*
x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sq
rt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*a
tan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 15*sqrt(b)*sqr
t(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + 9*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e +
f*x)**2*a**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqr
t(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((
sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin
(e + f*x)**4*a**3 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 10*cos(e + f*x)*
sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 19*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 15
*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 15*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b
- 4*a**3 - 19*a**2*b - 15*a*b**2)/(6*a**4*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a - a - b))
```

3.43 $\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}f} - \frac{3 \cos(e+fx)}{2a^2f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2af(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/2*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-3/2*cos(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/2*cos(f*x+e)^3/a/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.68

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a^2+24b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) (\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))})}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2} \frac{1}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*((a^2 + 24*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(-\sqrt{a} - I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}]*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}*\tan[(f*x)/2]))/\sqrt{b}]/b^{3/2} \\ & + ((a^2 + 24*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(-\sqrt{a} + I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}]*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}*\tan[(f*x)/2]))/\sqrt{b}]/b^{3/2} \\ & - (a^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\tan[(e + f*x)/2]]/\sqrt{b}]/b^{3/2} - (a^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\tan[(e + f*x)/2]]/\sqrt{b}]/b^{3/2} \\ & - (16*\sqrt{a}*\cos[e + f*x]*(a + 3*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\sec[e + f*x]^4)/(64*a^{5/2}*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 252, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\ & \quad \downarrow f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 262 \\
 \frac{3 \left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b f \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 \frac{f}{f} \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{3 \left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 \frac{f}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-(((3*(-((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2)) + Cos[e + f*x]/a))/(2*a) - Cos[e + f*x]^3/(2*a*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)))/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 252 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - Simp[c^2*(m-1)/(2*b*(p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m-1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)}{2a+2b \sec(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a^2 \sec(fx+e)}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)}{2a+2b \sec(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a^2 \sec(fx+e)}$
risch	$-\frac{e^{i(fx+e)}}{2fa^2} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}}{2fa^2} - \frac{b(e^{3i(fx+e)}+e^{i(fx+e)})}{a^2 f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)} - \frac{3i\sqrt{ab} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{ab}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a}\right)}{4a^3 f}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b/a^2*(1/2*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)+3/2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*sec(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))-1/a^2/sec(f*x+e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4 a \cos (fx + e)^3 - 3 (a \cos (fx + e)^2 + b) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log \left(-\frac{a \cos (fx + e)^2 + 2 a \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \cos (fx + e) - b}{a \cos (fx + e)^2 + b} \right) + 6 b \cos (fx + e)}{4 (a^3 f \cos (fx + e)^2 + a^2 b f)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2 a \cos (fx + e)^3 - 3 (a \cos (fx + e)^2 + b) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan \left(\frac{a \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \cos (fx + e)}{b} \right) + 3 b \cos (fx + e)}{2 (a^3 f \cos (fx + e)^2 + a^2 b f)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(4*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 6*b*cos(f*x + e))/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f), -1/2*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b + 3*b*cos(f*x + e))/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{b \cos(fx+e)}{a^3 \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^2 b} - \frac{3 b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}} + \frac{2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*cos(f*x + e)/(a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b) - 3*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b)))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) + 2*cos(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{3 b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{aba^2} f} - \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{a^2 f} - \frac{b \cos(fx + e)}{2 (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*f) - cos(f*x + e)/(a^2*f) - 1/2*b*cos(f*x + e)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^2*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \cos(e + fx)}{2f (a^3 \cos(e + fx)^2 + ba^2)} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a^2 f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `(3*b^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x))/b^(1/2)))/(2*a^(5/2)*f) - (b*cos(e + f*x))/(2*f*(a^2*b + a^3*cos(e + f*x)^2)) - cos(e + f*x)/(a^2*f)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 3\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^2}{\dots}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)
)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqr
t(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*ata
n((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)
)**2*a**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a)
)/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((
e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)
)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a
 + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f
*x)**2*a**3 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**3
 + 5*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 3*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3
 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 2*a**3 - 5*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2)/(2*a**3*f*(sin(e
 + f*x)**2*a**2 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - a**2 - 2*a*b - b**2))
```

3.44
$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	500
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	500
Rubi [A] (verified)	501
Maple [A] (verified)	503
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	504
Sympy [F]	505
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	506
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	507

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{b \cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output `1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a+b)^2/f-arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*b*cos(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(-\frac{2b(a+b)}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\sec[e + f*x]^3*(-2*b*(a + b))/a + (\sqrt{b} \\ &]*(3*a + b)*\arctan[(-\sqrt{a} - I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2}] \\ & *\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[\\ & e])^2}*\tan[(f*x)/2])/ \sqrt{b})*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]*\sec[e + f*x] \\ &)/a^{3/2} + (\sqrt{b}*(3*a + b)*\arctan[(-\sqrt{a} + I*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{(\cos \\ & [e] - I*\sin[e])^2}]*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{ \\ & rt[(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2]*\tan[(f*x)/2])/ \sqrt{b})*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + \\ & f*x)]*\sec[e + f*x])/a^{3/2} - 2*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]*\log[\cos[(e \\ & + f*x)/2]]*\sec[e + f*x] + 2*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]*\log[\sin[(e + f \\ & *x)/2]]*\sec[e + f*x]))/(8*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 372, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\ & \frac{\frac{b \cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b-(2a+b) \cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d \cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p._)*sin[(e_) + (f._)*(x_
)]^(m._), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left(-\frac{(a+b) \cos(fx+e)}{2a(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e)) - \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2}$
default	$\frac{b \left(-\frac{(a+b) \cos(fx+e)}{2a(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e)) - \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{b(e^{3i(fx+e)}+e^{i(fx+e)})}{af(a+b)(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)}{f(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)}{f(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{3i\sqrt{ab} \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)})}{4}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(b/(a+b)^2*(-1/2*(a+b)/a*cos(f*x+e)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a+b)/a/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))+1/2/(a+b)^2*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))-1/2/(a+b)^2*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((3a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3ab + b^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log \left(-\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2a \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \cos(fx + e) - b}{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b} \right) - 2(ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)}{4((a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)f \cos(fx + e) + (a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(((3*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e) - 2*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 2*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f), 1/2*(((3*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e) - (a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + (a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \cos(fx+e)}{a^2b+ab^2+(a^3+a^2b) \cos(fx+e)^2} - \frac{(3ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)\sqrt{ab}} + \frac{\log(\cos(fx+e)+1)}{a^2+2ab+b^2} - \frac{\log(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{a^2+2ab+b^2}$$

$$2f$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*cos(f*x + e)/(a^2*b + a*b^2 + (a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2) - (3*a*b + b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt(a*b)) + log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) - log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(3ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2(a^3f + 2a^2bf + ab^2f)\sqrt{ab}}$$

$$- \frac{b \cos(fx + e)}{2(a^2f + abf)(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)}$$

$$+ \frac{\log(|-\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2(a^2f + 2abf + b^2f)} - \frac{\log(|-\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2(a^2f + 2abf + b^2f)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}*(3*a*b + b^2)*\arctan(a*\cos(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b})/((a^3*f + 2*a^2*b*f + a*b^2*f)*\sqrt{a*b}) - \frac{1}{2}*b*\cos(f*x + e)/((a^2*f + a*b*f)*(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + \frac{1}{2}*\log(\text{abs}(-\cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) - \frac{1}{2}*\log(\text{abs}(-\cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2188, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.10

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output $(\text{atan}(\frac{((3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*((\cos(e + f*x)*(6*a*b^3 + 4*a^4 + b^4 + 9*a^2*b^2)))/(2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3)) + ((3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*((2*a^6*b + 2*a^2*b^5 + 8*a^3*b^4 + 12*a^4*b^3 + 8*a^5*b^2))/(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2) - (\cos(e + f*x)*(3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*(48*a^7*b + 16*a^8 - 16*a^3*b^5 - 48*a^4*b^4 - 32*a^5*b^3 + 32*a^6*b^2))/(8*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3)*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2))}{(4*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2))}) * i) / (4*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + ((3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*((\cos(e + f*x)*(6*a*b^3 + 4*a^4 + b^4 + 9*a^2*b^2)))/(2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3)) - ((3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*((2*a^6*b + 2*a^2*b^5 + 8*a^3*b^4 + 12*a^4*b^3 + 8*a^5*b^2))/(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2) + (\cos(e + f*x)*(3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*(48*a^7*b + 16*a^8 - 16*a^3*b^5 - 48*a^4*b^4 - 32*a^5*b^3 + 32*a^6*b^2))/(8*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3)*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)))/((5*a*b^2)/2 + 3*a^2*b + b^3/2)/(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2) - ((3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*((\cos(e + f*x)*(6*a*b^3 + 4*a^4 + b^4 + 9*a^2*b^2)))/(2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3)) + ((3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*((2*a^6*b + 2*a^2*b^5 + 8*a^3*b^4 + 12*a^4*b^3 + 8*a^5*b^2))/(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2) - (\cos(e + f*x)*(3*a + b)*(-a^3*b)^{1/2}*(48*a^7*b + 16*a^8 - 16*a^3*b^5 - 48*a^4*b^4 - 32*a^5*b^3 + 32*a^6*b^2))/(8*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3)*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)))/((5*a*b^2)/2 + 3*a^2*b + b^3/2))/(4*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)))/((5*a*b^2)/2 + 3*a^2*b + b^3/2))/(4*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + ((...$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.35

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/
2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(
a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan(
(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*at
an((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2
*a**2 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*
x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((
e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + cos(e + f*
x)*a*b**2 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 2*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2))*a**3 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b -
a**2*b - a*b**2)/(2*a**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*
b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.45
$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(3a-b)\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(a-3b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{2(a+b)^3 f} + \frac{(a-b) \cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{2(a+b) f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*(3*a-b)*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/f-1/2*(a-3*b)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^3/f+1/2*(a-b)*cos(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^3(e + fx) \left(-8b(a + b) - \frac{4\sqrt{b}(-3a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a}-i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e)-i\sin(e))^2}}{\sin(e)\tan}\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(-8*b*(a + b) - (4*sqrt[b]*(-3*a + b)*ArcTan[((-sqrt[a] - I*sqrt[a + b])*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(sqrt[a] - sqrt[a + b])*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])/sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a] - (4*sqrt[b]*(-3*a + b)*ArcTan[((-sqrt[a] + I*sqrt[a + b])*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(sqrt[a] + sqrt[a + b])*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])/sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a] - (a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2*Sec[e + f*x] - 4*(a - 3*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sec[e + f*x] + 4*(a - 3*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sec[e + f*x] + (a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2*Sec[e + f*x]))/(32*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 372, 402, 27, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^3 (a+b\sec(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{f}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{f}{2(a+b)} \int \frac{b-(a-2b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{f}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{f}{2(a+b)} \int \frac{2b(2b-(a-b)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{f}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{f}{a+b} \int \frac{2b-(a-b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx) + \frac{(a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{f}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b(3a-b) \int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{f}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}} - \frac{(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{b}(3a-b)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}} - \frac{(a-3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{a+b}}{a+b} + \frac{(a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\quad}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - (((3*a - b)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[a]*(a + b)) - ((a - 3*b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]]/(a + b))/(a + b) + ((a - b)*Cos[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*(a + b))/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 372 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`


```
rule 397 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4621 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left(\frac{(-\frac{a}{2} - \frac{b}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a+3b) \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{1}{f}$
default	$\frac{b \left(\frac{(-\frac{a}{2} - \frac{b}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a+3b) \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{1}{f}$
risch	$\frac{a e^{7i(fx+e)} - b e^{7i(fx+e)} + 3a e^{5i(fx+e)} + 5b e^{5i(fx+e)} + 3a e^{3i(fx+e)} + 5b e^{3i(fx+e)} + a e^{i(fx+e)} - b e^{i(fx+e)}}{f(a+b)^2(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^2(a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)})}{2f(a^3 + 3b^3)}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(b/(a+b)^3*((-1/2*a-1/2*b)*cos(f*x+e)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a-b)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))+1/4/(a+b)^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a+b)^3*(-a+3*b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a+b)^2/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4*(a-3*b)/(a+b)^3*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*(a^2 - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - ((3*a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (3*a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 4*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e) - ((a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^2 - 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b + 3*b^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^2 - 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b + 3*b^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f), 1/4*(2*(a^2 - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*((3*a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (3*a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) + 4*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e) - ((a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^2 - 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b + 3*b^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + ((a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^2 - 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b + 3*b^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(a-3b)\log(\cos(fx+e)+1)}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} - \frac{(a-3b)\log(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} - \frac{2(3ab-b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{a\cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{2((a-b)\cos(fx+e))}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)\cos(fx+e)^4 - a^2b - 2ab}$$

$4f$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*((a - 3*b)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) - (a - 3*b)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) - 2*(3*a*b - b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a*b)) - 2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - b^3 - (a^3 + a^2*b - a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a - 3b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{4(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)} + \frac{(a - 3b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{4(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3ab - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)\sqrt{ab}}$$

$$+ \frac{a \cos(fx + e)^3 - b \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)}{2(a \cos(fx + e)^4 - a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b \cos(fx + e)^2 - b)(a^2f + 2abf + b^2f)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(a - 3*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/4*(a - 3*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/2*(3*a*b - b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f)*sqrt(a*b)) + 1/2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))/((a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1845, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.55

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output

```

- ((cos(e + f*x)^3*(a - b))/(2*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)) + (b*cos(e + f*x))/(2*
a*b + a^2 + b^2))/(f*(b - a*cos(e + f*x)^4 + cos(e + f*x)^2*(a - b))) - (1
og(cos(e + f*x) - 1)*(b/(a + b)^3 - 1/(4*(a + b)^2)))/f - (log(cos(e + f*x
) + 1)*(a - 3*b))/(4*f*(a + b)^3) - (atan((((-a*b)^(1/2))*((cos(e + f*x)*(a
*b^4 - 6*a^4*b + a^5 - 6*a^2*b^3 + 18*a^3*b^2)))/(2*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^
4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2)) + ((-a*b)^(1/2))*((4*a^8*b + 4*a^2*b^7 + 24*a^3*b^6 +
60*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 60*a^6*b^3 + 24*a^7*b^2))/(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a
^6 + b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2) - (cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1
/2)*(3*a - b)*(80*a^8*b + 16*a^9 - 16*a^2*b^7 - 80*a^3*b^6 - 144*a^4*b^5 -
80*a^5*b^4 + 80*a^6*b^3 + 144*a^7*b^2))/(8*(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2
*b^2))*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2)))*(3*a - b))/(4*(a*b^3 +
3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2)))*(3*a - b)*11)/(4*(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*
a^2*b^2)) + ((-a*b)^(1/2))*((cos(e + f*x)*(a*b^4 - 6*a^4*b + a^5 - 6*a^2*b^
3 + 18*a^3*b^2))/(2*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2)) - ((-a*b)
^(1/2))*((4*a^8*b + 4*a^2*b^7 + 24*a^3*b^6 + 60*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 60*a
^6*b^3 + 24*a^7*b^2))/(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 20*a^3*
b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2) + (cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(3*a - b)*(80*a^8*b + 16*a^
9 - 16*a^2*b^7 - 80*a^3*b^6 - 144*a^4*b^5 - 80*a^5*b^4 + 80*a^6*b^3 + 144*
a^7*b^2))/(8*(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2))*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4
+ b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2)))*(3*a - b))/(4*(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 + 3*a^2*b^2))...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.24

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)
)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqr
t(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 4*sqr
t(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*a*b - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqr
t(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*
tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4
*a*b - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqr
t(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((
sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 2*
cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2
+ 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*
log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 - 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e
+ f*x)**4*a**2*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 4*log(t
an((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e +
f*x)**2*a*b**2 - sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + sin(e +
f*x)**2*a**3 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2)/(4...
```

3.46
$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a}(a-b)\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{3(a^2-6ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{8(a+b)^4 f} + \frac{3a(a-3b) \cos(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(a-5b) \cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\cot(e+fx) \csc^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b) f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/2*a^(1/2)*(a-b)*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/(a+b)^4/f-3/8
*(a^2-6*a*b+b^2)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^4/f+3/8*a*(a-3*b)*cos(f*x+e)/(a
+b)^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/8*(a-5*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/4*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \left(96\sqrt{a}(a - b)\sqrt{b} \arctan \left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a} - i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e) - i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e)(\sqrt{a} - i\sqrt{a+b})}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(96*\sqrt{a}*(a - b)*\sqrt{b}*ArcTan[(-\sqrt{a} \\ & [a] - I*\sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] + \cos \\ & [e]*(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\tan[(f*x)/2])/ \sqrt{a} \\ & [b]]*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 96*\sqrt{a}*(a - b)*\sqrt{b}*ArcTan[(- \\ & -\sqrt{a} + I*\sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\sin[e]*\tan[(f*x)/2] \\ & + \cos[e]*(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{(\cos[e] - I*\sin[e])^2})*\tan[(f*x)/2]) \\ & / \sqrt{a} [b]]*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 2*(a + b)*(11*a^2 + 43*a*b - 4* \\ & b^2 + 4*(2*a^2 - 5*a*b + 5*b^2)*\cos[2*(e + f*x)] - 3*a*(a - 3*b)*\cos[4*(e \\ & + f*x)])*\cot[e + f*x]*\csc[e + f*x]^3 - 24*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*(a + 2*b + a \\ & * \cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\log[\cos[(e + f*x)/2]] + 24*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*(a + 2*b \\ & + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\log[\sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*\sec[e + f*x]^4 / (256*(a + b) \\ & ^4*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 372, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{b-(a-4b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3(a-b)b-a(a-5b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(a-b)b-a(a-5b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{a(a-3b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b((3a-b)b-a(a-3b)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)} \right)}{2(a+b)}}{4(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{(3a-b)b-a(a-3b)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{a(a-3b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

397

$$\frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{4ab(a-b)\int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2)\int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{a(a-3b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

218

$$\frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(a-b)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2)\int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{a(a-3b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

219

$$\frac{\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(a-b)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} + \frac{a(a-3b)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]/(4*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2))^2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - (-1/2*((a - 5*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(((4*sqrt[a]*(a - b)*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/sqrt[b]])/(a + b) - ((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]])/(a + b))/(a + b) + (a*(a - 3*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)))))/(2*(a + b)))/(4*(a + b))/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 372 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^{3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + (a*d*(m+2*q-1) + 2*b*c*(p+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{ab \left(\frac{(-\frac{a}{2} - \frac{b}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3(a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^4} + \frac{1}{16(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-3a+5b}{16(a+b)^3(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-3a^2+18ab-3b^2) \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4f(a+b)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}$
default	$\frac{ab \left(\frac{(-\frac{a}{2} - \frac{b}{2}) \cos(fx+e)}{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3(a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^4} + \frac{1}{16(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-3a+5b}{16(a+b)^3(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-3a^2+18ab-3b^2) \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4f(a+b)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}$
risch	$-\frac{-3a^2e^{11i(fx+e)}+9abe^{11i(fx+e)}+5a^2e^{9i(fx+e)}-11abe^{9i(fx+e)}+20b^2e^{9i(fx+e)}+30a^2e^{7i(fx+e)}+66abe^{7i(fx+e)}+11b^3e^{7i(fx+e)}}{4f(a+b)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(a*b/(a+b)^4*((-1/2*a-1/2*b)*cos(f*x+e)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+3/2*(a-b)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))+1/16/(a+b)^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-3*a+5*b)/(a+b)^3/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/16/(a+b)^4*(-3*a^2+18*a*b-3*b^2)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))-1/16/(a+b)^2/(-1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-3*a+5*b)/(a+b)^3/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/16/(a+b)^4*(3*a^2-18*a*b+3*b^2)*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 586 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1202, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(6*(a^3 - 2*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(5*a^3 - 9*a^2*b - 9
*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 12*((a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^2 -
3*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^2 - 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b
- b^2)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(
a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 6*(3*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e) - 3*((a^
3 - 6*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^3 - 13*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - b^3)*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a^3 - 8*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)
*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 3*((a^3 - 6*a^2*b + a*b^2)*
cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^3 - 13*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b
- 6*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a^3 - 8*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(
-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)
*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b
^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 -
2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5)*
f), 1/16*(6*(a^3 - 2*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(5*a^3 - 9*a^2*b
- 9*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 24*((a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^
2 - 3*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^2 - 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a
*b - b^2)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - 6*(3*a^2*b + 2*a*b^
2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e) - 3*((a^3 - 6*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^3
- 13*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 + b^3 + (...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 369 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1)}{a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4} - \frac{3(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1)}{a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4} - \frac{24(a^2b - ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{1}{(a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + 3ab^3 + b^4)}$$

16 f

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*(3*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4) - 3*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4) - 24*(a^2*b - a*b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*sqrt(a*b)) - 2*(3*(a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (5*a^2 - 14*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(3*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^4 + 5*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4 + (a^4 + a^3*b - 3*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3 - 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{ab \cos(fx + e)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \log(|-\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{16(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)}$$

$$- \frac{3(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \log(|-\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{16(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a^2b - ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)\sqrt{ab}}$$

$$+ \frac{3a \cos(fx + e)^3 - 5b \cos(fx + e)^3 - 5a \cos(fx + e) + 3b \cos(fx + e)}{8(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)/((a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f)*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 3/16*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f) - 3/16*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f) + 3/2*(a^2*b - a*b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f)*sqrt(a*b)) + 1/8*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*a*cos(f*x + e) + 3*b*cos(f*x + e))/((a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4338, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.02

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output

```
(atan((((-a*b)^(1/2))*((cos(e + f*x)*(9*a^7 - 108*a^6*b + 153*a^3*b^4 - 396
*a^4*b^3 + 486*a^5*b^2)))/(32*(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 +
20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2))) + (3*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(a - b)*((9*a^11*b)/2 - (3*a
^2*b^10)/2 - (15*a^3*b^9)/2 - 6*a^4*b^8 + 42*a^5*b^7 + 147*a^6*b^6 + 231*a
^7*b^5 + 210*a^8*b^4 + 114*a^9*b^3 + (69*a^10*b^2)/2)/(9*a*b^8 + 9*a^8*b +
a^9 + b^9 + 36*a^2*b^7 + 84*a^3*b^6 + 126*a^4*b^5 + 126*a^5*b^4 + 84*a^6*
b^3 + 36*a^7*b^2) - (3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(a - b)*(1792*a^10*b + 25
6*a^11 - 256*a^2*b^9 - 1792*a^3*b^8 - 5120*a^4*b^7 - 7168*a^5*b^6 - 3584*a
^6*b^5 + 3584*a^7*b^4 + 7168*a^8*b^3 + 5120*a^9*b^2))/(128*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a
^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2))*(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 +
20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2))))/(4*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2
)))*(a - b)*3i)/(4*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2)) + ((-a*b)
^(1/2))*((cos(e + f*x)*(9*a^7 - 108*a^6*b + 153*a^3*b^4 - 396*a^4*b^3 + 486*
a^5*b^2)))/(32*(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^3 + 1
5*a^4*b^2)) - (3*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(a - b)*((9*a^11*b)/2 - (3*a^2*b^10)/2 - (1
5*a^3*b^9)/2 - 6*a^4*b^8 + 42*a^5*b^7 + 147*a^6*b^6 + 231*a^7*b^5 + 210*a
^8*b^4 + 114*a^9*b^3 + (69*a^10*b^2)/2)/(9*a*b^8 + 9*a^8*b + a^9 + b^9 + 36
*a^2*b^7 + 84*a^3*b^6 + 126*a^4*b^5 + 126*a^5*b^4 + 84*a^6*b^3 + 36*a^7*b
^2) + (3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(a - b)*(1792*a^10*b + 256*a^11 - 256*a
^2*b^9 - 1792*a^3*b^8 - 5120*a^4*b^7 - 7168*a^5*b^6 - 3584*a^6*b^5 + 358...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 895, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```


output

```
( - 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b - 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 48*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 72*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 72*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 40*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3 + 16*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 48*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 48*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 16*cos(e + f*x)*b**3 + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3 - 144*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**2 - 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 120*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 120*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 - 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))...
```

3.47 $\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	529
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(5a^3 + 60a^2b + 120ab^2 + 64b^3) x}{16a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{3/2}(3a+8b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^5 f} - \frac{(33a^2 + 82ab + 48b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{48a^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(9a+8b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin^3(e+fx)}{6af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b(19a^2 + 52ab + 32b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{16a^4 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3+60*a^2*b+120*a*b^2+64*b^3)*x/a^5-1/2*b^(1/2)*(a+b)^(3/2)*(3*a+
8*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^5/f-1/48*(33*a^2+82*a*b+48*b
^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/24*(9*a+8*b)*cos(f*
x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)^3
/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)-1/16*b*(19*a^2+52*a*b+32*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(
a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2468, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.24

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
-1/512*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(16*x + ((-a^3 + 6
*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a
+ 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*S
in[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I
*Sin[e])^4]) + ((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))
/(b*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + S
in[e]))))/(a^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x
])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-64*(a + 2*b)*x + ((a^4 - 16*a^3*b - 144*a^2*b^2 - 25
6*a*b^3 - 128*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*S
in[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4
])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^
4]) + (16*a*Cos[2*f*x]*Sin[2*e])/f + (16*a*Cos[2*e]*Sin[2*f*x])/f - ((a^3
+ 18*a^2*b + 48*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(b*(a
+ b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])
)))/(4096*a^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x
])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])
/(a + b)^(3/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*
(e + f*x)]))))/(2048*b^(3/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) - ((a + 2*b + a*C
os[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-((a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt
[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[b]*(a + 2*b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 440, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((b-6(a+b))\tan^2(e+fx)+3(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(9a+8b) - (24a^2+65ba+40b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{6a} - \frac{(9a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3((a+b)(5a^2+22ba+16b^2) - b(33a^2+82ba+48b^2))\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a}}{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(a+b)(5a^2+22ba+16b^2) - b(33a^2+82ba+48b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{4a} = \frac{6a}{f}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{2(a+b)((a+b)(5a^2+36ba+32b^2) - b(19a^2+52ba+32b^2)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}}{4a} = \frac{6a}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(a+b)(5a^2+36ba+32b^2) - b(19a^2+52ba+32b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{a}}{4a} = \frac{6a}{f}$$

↓ 397

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(5a^3+60a^2b+120ab^2+64b^3) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{a}}{a}}{4a} = \frac{6a}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3\left(\frac{(5a^3+60a^2b+120ab^2+64b^3)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{8b(a+b)^2}{a}\right)}{4a}}{f}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+82ab+48b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3\left(\frac{(5a^3+60a^2b+120ab^2+64b^3)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{8\sqrt{b}(a+b)^3}{a}\right)}{4a}}{f}}$$

input

```
Int[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Tan[e + f*x]^3/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) - (-1/4*((9*a + 8*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + (((33*a^2 + 82*a*b + 48*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*(((5*a^3 + 60*a^2*b + 120*a*b^2 + 64*b^3)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (8*sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(3/2)*(3*a + 8*b)*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]])/a) - (b*(19*a^2 + 52*a*b + 32*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(2*a))/(4*a))/(6*a)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 372 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot e^{3 \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-3}} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-4} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot (m-3) + (a \cdot d \cdot (m+2 \cdot q-1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 440 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[g^2 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m-1) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+2 \cdot q+1) - b \cdot 2 \cdot (c \cdot f - d \cdot e) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b(a+b)^2 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a+8b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^5} + \frac{\left(-\frac{9}{4}a^2b - \frac{3}{2}ab^2 - \frac{11}{16}a^3 \right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (-4a^2b - 3ab^2 - \frac{5}{6}a^3)}{(1+\tan(fx+e))^3 f}$
default	$-\frac{b(a+b)^2 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a+8b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^5} + \frac{\left(-\frac{9}{4}a^2b - \frac{3}{2}ab^2 - \frac{11}{16}a^3 \right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (-4a^2b - 3ab^2 - \frac{5}{6}a^3)}{(1+\tan(fx+e))^3 f}$
risch	$\frac{5x}{16a^2} + \frac{15xb}{4a^3} + \frac{15xb^2}{2a^4} + \frac{4xb^3}{a^5} - \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}b}{32a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{128a^2f} - \frac{3ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{128a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{2a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^4f}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-b*(a+b)^2/a^5*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a+8*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^5*((( -9/4*a^2*b-3/2*a*b^2-11/16*a^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5+(-4*a^2*b-3*a*b^2-5/6*a^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-5/16*a^3-7/4*a^2*b-3/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^3+1/16*(5*a^3+60*a^2*b+120*a*b^2+64*b^3)*arctan(tan(f*x+e))))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 674, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(5*a^4 + 60*a^3*b + 120*a^2*b^2 + 64*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(5*a^3*b + 60*a^2*b^2 + 120*a*b^3 + 64*b^4)*f*x + 6*(3*a^2*b + 11*a*b^2 + 8*b^3 + (3*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - (8*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(13*a^4 + 8*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (33*a^4 + 82*a^3*b + 48*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(19*a^3*b + 52*a^2*b^2 + 32*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b*f), 1/48*(3*(5*a^4 + 60*a^3*b + 120*a^2*b^2 + 64*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(5*a^3*b + 60*a^2*b^2 + 120*a*b^3 + 64*b^4)*f*x + 12*(3*a^2*b + 11*a*b^2 + 8*b^3 + (3*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - (8*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(13*a^4 + 8*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (33*a^4 + 82*a^3*b + 48*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(19*a^3*b + 52*a^2*b^2 + 32*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(19a^2b + 52ab^2 + 32b^3) \tan(fx+e)^7 + (33a^3 + 253a^2b + 516ab^2 + 288b^3) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (40a^3 + 319a^2b + 564ab^2 + 288b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(5a^4b \tan(fx+e)^8 + (a^5 + 4a^4b) \tan(fx+e)^6 + a^5 + a^4b + 3(a^5 + 2a^4b) \tan(fx+e)^4 + (3a^5 + 4a^4b) \tan(fx+e)^2) - 3(5a^3 + 60a^2b + 120ab^2 + 64b^3)(fx+e)/a^5 + 24(3a^3b + 14a^2b^2 + 19ab^3 + 8b^4) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{a^4b \tan(fx+e)^8 + (a^5 + 4a^4b) \tan(fx+e)^6 + a^5 + a^4b + 3(a^5 + 2a^4b) \tan(fx+e)^4 + (3a^5 + 4a^4b) \tan(fx+e)^2} - \frac{24(a^2b \tan(fx+e))}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^5} + \frac{24(a^2b \tan(fx+e))}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^5}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/48*((3*(19*a^2*b + 52*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (33*a^3 + 253*a^2*b + 516*a*b^2 + 288*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (40*a^3 + 319*a^2*b + 564*a*b^2 + 288*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^3 + 41*a^2*b + 68*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^4*b*tan(f*x + e)^8 + (a^5 + 4*a^4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + a^5 + a^4*b + 3*(a^5 + 2*a^4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + (3*a^5 + 4*a^4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 3*(5*a^3 + 60*a^2*b + 120*a*b^2 + 64*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^5 + 24*(3*a^3*b + 14*a^2*b^2 + 19*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^5))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\frac{3(5a^3 + 60a^2b + 120ab^2 + 64b^3)(fx+e)}{a^5} - \frac{24(3a^3b + 14a^2b^2 + 19ab^3 + 8b^4) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^5} - \frac{24(a^2b \tan(fx+e))}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^5}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/48*(3*(5*a^3 + 60*a^2*b + 120*a*b^2 + 64*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^5 - 24*(3*a^3*
b + 14*a^2*b^2 + 19*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) +
arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^5) - 24*(a^2*b*
tan(f*x + e) + 2*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2
+ a + b)*a^4) - (33*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 108*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 72*b^2*
tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 192*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 144*b^2*
tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 84*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 72*b^2*tan(f*
x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3*a^4))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1461, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(atanh((75*b^3*tan(e + f*x)*(- 3*a*b^3 - a^3*b - b^4 - 3*a^2*b^2)^(1/2)))/(
256*((211*a*b^4)/128 + (811*b^5)/256 + (75*a^2*b^3)/256 + (41*b^6)/(16*a)
+ (3*b^7)/(4*a^2))) + (17*b^4*tan(e + f*x)*(- 3*a*b^3 - a^3*b - b^4 - 3*a^
2*b^2)^(1/2))/(16*((811*a*b^5)/256 + (41*b^6)/16 + (211*a^2*b^4)/128 + (75
*a^3*b^3)/256 + (3*b^7)/(4*a))) + (3*b^5*tan(e + f*x)*(- 3*a*b^3 - a^3*b -
b^4 - 3*a^2*b^2)^(1/2))/(4*((41*a*b^6)/16 + (3*b^7)/4 + (811*a^2*b^5)/256
+ (211*a^3*b^4)/128 + (75*a^4*b^3)/256)))*(-b*(a + b)^3)^(1/2)*(3*a + 8*b
))/((2*a^5*f) - (atan((((((8*a^10*b^5 + 17*a^11*b^4 + (41*a^12*b^3)/4 + (5
*a^13*b^2)/4)/a^12 - (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^10*b^3 + 1024*a^11*b^2)*(a*b^2*
120i + a^2*b*60i + a^3*5i + b^3*64i))/(4096*a^13))*(a*b^2*120i + a^2*b*60i
+ a^3*5i + b^3*64i))/(32*a^5) - (tan(e + f*x)*(34816*a*b^8 + 8192*b^9 + 5
9520*a^2*b^7 + 52160*a^3*b^6 + 24640*a^4*b^5 + 5976*a^5*b^4 + 601*a^6*b^3)
))/(128*a^8))*(a*b^2*120i + a^2*b*60i + a^3*5i + b^3*64i)*1i))/(32*a^5) - ((
(((8*a^10*b^5 + 17*a^11*b^4 + (41*a^12*b^3)/4 + (5*a^13*b^2)/4)/a^12 + (ta
n(e + f*x)*(2048*a^10*b^3 + 1024*a^11*b^2)*(a*b^2*120i + a^2*b*60i + a^3*5
i + b^3*64i))/(4096*a^13))*(a*b^2*120i + a^2*b*60i + a^3*5i + b^3*64i))/(3
2*a^5) + (tan(e + f*x)*(34816*a*b^8 + 8192*b^9 + 59520*a^2*b^7 + 52160*a^3
*b^6 + 24640*a^4*b^5 + 5976*a^5*b^4 + 601*a^6*b^3))/(128*a^8))*(a*b^2*120i
+ a^2*b*60i + a^3*5i + b^3*64i)*1i))/(32*a^5)))/((376*a*b^10 + 64*b^11 + 93
7*a^2*b^9 + (10285*a^3*b^8)/8 + (33701*a^4*b^7)/32 + (8333*a^5*b^6)/16 ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 967, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 72*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 264*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 72*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3 + 336*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b + 456*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2 + 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3 - 72*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 264*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 72*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3 + 336*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b + 456*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2 + 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4 - 16*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b - 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4 - 50*cos...
```

3.48
$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	540
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	541
Rubi [A] (verified)	542
Maple [A] (verified)	545
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	548
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	549

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{3(a^2+8ab+8b^2)x}{8a^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^4 f} - \frac{(5a+6b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} - \frac{3b(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/8*(a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*x/a^4-3/2*b^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a+2*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)
*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/f-1/8*(5*a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(
a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)-3
/8*b*(3*a+4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1105, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
-1/256*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(16*x + ((-a^3 + 6
*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e))*(-(a
+ 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*S
in[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I
*Sin[e])^4]) + ((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))
/(b*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + S
in[e]))) / (a^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x
])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]
)/(a + b)^(3/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2
*(e + f*x)])))) / (1024*b^(3/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((a + 2*b + a*
Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-((a^5 - 30*a^4*b - 480*a^3*b^2 - 160
0*a^2*b^3 - 1920*a*b^4 - 768*b^5)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])
*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e]
- I*Sin[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I
*Sin[e])^4])) + (Sec[2*e]*(32*b*(5*a^4 + 39*a^3*b + 106*a^2*b^2 + 120*a*b^
3 + 48*b^4)*f*x*cos[2*e] + 16*a*b*(5*a^3 + 29*a^2*b + 48*a*b^2 + 24*b^3)*f
*x*cos[2*f*x] + 80*a^4*b*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 464*a^3*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e +
2*f*x] + 768*a^2*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 384*a*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x]
+ a^5*sin[2*e] + 34*a^4*b*sin[2*e] + 224*a^3*b^2*sin[2*e] + 576*a^2*b^3*Si
n[2*e] + 640*a*b^4*sin[2*e] + 256*b^5*sin[2*e] - a^5*sin[2*f*x] - 62*a...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{-((4a+5b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{3((a+b)(a+2b)-b(5a+6b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3\int \frac{(a+b)(a+2b)-b(5a+6b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4a} - \frac{\int \frac{2(a+b)((a+b)(a+4b)-b(3a+4b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}$$

27

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4a} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(a+4b)-b(3a+4b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{b(3a+4b)}{a(a+b)}$$

397

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4a} - \frac{\left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2)}{a} \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{4b(a+b)(a+2b)}{a} \right)}{2a}$$

216

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4a} - \frac{\left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2)}{a} \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \frac{4b(a+b)(a+2b)}{a} \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a} d\tan(e+fx) \right)}{2a}$$

218

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{(5a+6b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{4a} - \frac{\left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2)}{a} \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \frac{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}(a+2b)}{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \right)}{2a}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) - ((
(5*a + 6*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]
]^2)) - (3*(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (4*Sqrt[b]*S
qrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/a)/a - (b
*(3*a + 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(2*a)/(4*a))/
f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 372

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(-ab - \frac{5}{8}a^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (-\frac{3}{8}a^2 - ab) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8}}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^2}}{a^4} (a+b)b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a + 2b + 2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8a^4} \right) - \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8a^4} \frac{1}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(-ab - \frac{5}{8}a^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (-\frac{3}{8}a^2 - ab) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8}}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^2}}{a^4} (a+b)b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a + 2b + 2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8a^4} \right) - \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8a^4} \frac{1}{f}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{8a^2} + \frac{3xb}{a^3} + \frac{3xb^2}{a^4} - \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{64a^2f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^3f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^3f} + \frac{ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{64a^2f}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^4*((-a*b-5/8*a^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-3/8*a^2-a*b)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan
(f*x+e)^2)+3/8*(a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-(a+b)*b/a^4*(1/2*a*
tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+3/2*(a+2*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f
*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(a^3 + 8a^2b + 8ab^2)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3(a^2b + 8ab^2 + 8b^3)fx + 3((a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + ab + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(3*(a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(a^2*b + 8*a*b^2
+ 8*b^3)*f*x + 3*((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(-a*b -
b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*s
in(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + (2
*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (5*a^3 + 6*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(3*a^2*b + 4*a*
b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b*f), 1/8*(3*
(a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)
*f*x + 6*((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arct
an(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*
x + e))) + (2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (5*a^3 + 6*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(3
*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*
b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(3ab+4b^2)\tan(fx+e)^5+(5a^2+24ab+24b^2)\tan(fx+e)^3+3(a^2+5ab+4b^2)\tan(fx+e)}{a^3b\tan(fx+e)^6+(a^4+3a^3b)\tan(fx+e)^4+a^4+a^3b+(2a^4+3a^3b)\tan(fx+e)^2} - \frac{3(a^2+8ab+8b^2)(fx+e)}{a^4} + \frac{12(a^2b+3ab^2-3b^3)\arctan(b\tan(fx+e)/\sqrt{(a+b)b})}{8f\sqrt{(a+b)b}a^4}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*((3*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (5*a^2 + 24*a*b + 24*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a^2 + 5*a*b + 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^3*b*tan(f*x + e)^6 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 + a^3*b + (2*a^4 + 3*a^3*b)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 3*(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^4 + 12*(a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2)(fx + e)}{a^4} - \frac{12(a^2b + 3ab^2 + 2b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx + e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2} a^4} - \frac{4(ab \tan(fx + e) + b^2 \tan^2(fx + e))}{(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b) a^3} - \frac{5a \tan^3(fx + e)}{(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b) a^3}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(3*(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^4 - 12*(a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^4) - 4*(a*b*tan(f*x + e) + b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*a^3) - (5*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 8*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a*tan(f*x + e) + 8*b*tan(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2*a^3))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{27b^3 \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-b^2-ab}}{64 \left(\frac{27ab^3}{64} + \frac{81b^4}{64} + \frac{27b^5}{32a}\right)} + \frac{27b^4 \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-b^2-ab}}{32 \left(\frac{27a^2b^3}{64} + \frac{81ab^4}{64} + \frac{27b^5}{32}\right)}\right) (a + 2b) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{2a^4 f}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{3 \tan(e+fx)^5 (4b^2 + 3ab)}{8a^3} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^3 (5a^2 + 24ab + 24b^2)}{8a^3} + \frac{3 \tan(e+fx) (a^2 + 5ab + 4b^2)}{8a^3}}{f (b \tan(e + fx))^6 + (a + 3b) \tan(e + fx)^4 + (2a + 3b) \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{27b^2 \tan(e+fx)}{256 \left(\frac{27b^2}{256} + \frac{243b^3}{256a} + \frac{27b^4}{16a^2} + \frac{27b^5}{32a^3}\right)} + \frac{243b^3 \tan(e+fx)}{256 \left(\frac{27ab^2}{256} + \frac{243b^3}{256} + \frac{27b^4}{16a} + \frac{27b^5}{32a^2}\right)} + \frac{27b^4 \tan(e+fx)}{16 \left(\frac{243ab^3}{256} + \frac{27b^4}{16} + \frac{27a^2b^2}{256} + \frac{27b^5}{32a}\right)} + \frac{27a^3 \tan(e+fx)}{32 \left(\frac{27a^3b}{256} + \frac{27a^2b^2}{256} + \frac{27ab^3}{256} + \frac{27b^4}{16} + \frac{27a^2b^2}{256} + \frac{27b^5}{32a}\right)}\right)}{8a^4 f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(3*atanh((27*b^3*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b - b^2)^(1/2))/(64*((27*a*b^3)/64 + (8
1*b^4)/64 + (27*b^5)/(32*a))) + (27*b^4*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b - b^2)^(1/2))/
(32*((81*a*b^4)/64 + (27*b^5)/32 + (27*a^2*b^3)/64)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b
))^1/2)/(2*a^4*f) - (atan((27*b^2*tan(e + f*x))/(256*((27*b^2)/256 + (24
3*b^3)/(256*a) + (27*b^4)/(16*a^2) + (27*b^5)/(32*a^3))) + (243*b^3*tan(e
+ f*x))/(256*((27*a*b^2)/256 + (243*b^3)/256 + (27*b^4)/(16*a) + (27*b^5)/
(32*a^2))) + (27*b^4*tan(e + f*x))/(16*((243*a*b^3)/256 + (27*b^4)/16 + (2
7*a^2*b^2)/256 + (27*b^5)/(32*a))) + (27*b^5*tan(e + f*x))/(32*((27*a*b^4)
/16 + (27*b^5)/32 + (243*a^2*b^3)/256 + (27*a^3*b^2)/256)))*(a*b*8i + a^2*
1i + b^2*8i)*3i)/(8*a^4*f) - ((3*tan(e + f*x)^5*(3*a*b + 4*b^2))/(8*a^3) +
(tan(e + f*x)^3*(24*a*b + 5*a^2 + 24*b^2))/(8*a^3) + (3*tan(e + f*x)*(5*a
*b + a^2 + 4*b^2))/(8*a^3))/(f*(a + b + tan(e + f*x))^2*(2*a + 3*b) + b*tan
(e + f*x)^6 + tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + 3*b))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 664, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 36*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 36*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3 + 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*e + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*f*x + 24*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*e + 24*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*f*x + 24*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*e + 24*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x - 3*a**3*e - 3*a**3*f*x - 27*a**2*b*e - 27*a**2*b*f*x - 48*a*b**2*e - 48*a*b**2*f*x - 24*b**3*e - 24*b**3*f*x)/(8*a**4*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a - a - b))
```

3.49 $\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+4b)x}{2a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^3 \sqrt{a+b} f} - \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{a^2 f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+4*b)*x/a^3-1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+4*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(1/2)/f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)-b*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```


Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 699, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \sec^4(e + fx)}{2 \left(16x + \frac{(-a^3 + 6a^2b + 24ab^2 + 16b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e)) - ((a + 2b) \sin(fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))}}\right)}{b(a+b)^{3/2} f \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-2*(16*x + ((-a^3 + 6*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + ((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(b*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))) / a^2 - (-64*(a + 2*b)*x + ((a^4 - 16*a^3*b - 144*a^2*b^2 - 256*a*b^3 - 128*b^4)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (16*a*cos[2*f*x]*Sin[2*e])/f + (16*a*cos[2*e]*Sin[2*f*x])/f - ((a^3 + 18*a^2*b + 48*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(b*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))/a^3 + (2*((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])))/(b^(3/2)*f) + (-((a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)^(3/2) + (Sqrt[b]*(a + 2*b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])))/(b^(3/2)*f))/(256*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 373, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-3b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2(a+b)(-2b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{2b\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-2b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{2b\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(3a+4b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{(a+4b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b(3a+4b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{(a+4b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{2b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(-1/2*Tan[e + f*x]/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + ((a + 4*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b])/a - (2*b*Tan[e + f*x]/(a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 373 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2 / (2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (m-1) + d \cdot (m+2 \cdot p+2 \cdot q+3) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) \cdot \sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)]^{n_})^{p_} \cdot \sin[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)]^{m_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff^{m+1} / f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (\text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p / (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 + 1}), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x] / ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+4b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+4b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{2a^2} + \frac{2xb}{a^3} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} - \frac{ib(ae^{2i(fx+e)}+2be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)}{a^3f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)} - \frac{3\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln(\dots)}{a^3}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^3*(-1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a+4*b)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))-1/a^3*b*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a+4*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(a^2 + 4ab)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4(ab + 4b^2)fx + ((3a^2 + 4ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3ab + 4b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(4*(a^2 + 4*a*b)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*(a*b + 4*b^2)*f*x + ((3*a^2 + 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a*b + 4*b^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f), 1/4*(2*(a^2 + 4*a*b)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a*b + 4*b^2)*f*x + ((3*a^2 + 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a*b + 4*b^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 2*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b \tan(fx+e)^3 + (a+2b) \tan(fx+e)}{a^2b \tan(fx+e)^4 + a^3 + a^2b + (a^3 + 2a^2b) \tan(fx+e)^2} - \frac{(fx+e)(a+4b)}{a^3} + \frac{(3ab+4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^3}}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*((2*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (a + 2*b)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^2*b*tan(f*x + e)^4
+ a^3 + a^2*b + (a^3 + 2*a^2*b)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - (f*x + e)*(a + 4*b)/a^3
+ (3*a*b + 4*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*
a^3))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(fx+e)(a+4b)}{a^3} - \frac{\left(\pi \lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) (3ab+4b^2)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} a^3}}{2f} - \frac{2b \tan(fx+e)^3 + a \tan(fx+e) + 2b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^4 + a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 2b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b) a^2}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*((f*x + e)*(a + 4*b)/a^3 - (pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arct
an(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^3)
- (2*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + a*tan(f*x + e) + 2*b*tan(f*x + e))/((b*tan(f*x + e
)^4 + a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*a^2))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(16*a*b^4 + 16*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^3))/a^4 + ((4*a^6*b^3 + 2*a^7*b^2)/a^6 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^6*b^3 + 8*a^7*b^2)*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^3*b + a^4))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a^3*b + a^4) + ((tan(e + f*x)*(16*a*b^4 + 16*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^3))/a^4 - ((4*a^6*b^3 + 2*a^7*b^2)/a^6 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^6*b^3 + 8*a^7*b^2)*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^3*b + a^4))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a^3*b + a^4))/((8*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + (3*a^2*b^3)/2)/a^6 + ((tan(e + f*x)*(16*a*b^4 + 16*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^3))/a^4 + ((4*a^6*b^3 + 2*a^7*b^2)/a^6 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^6*b^3 + 8*a^7*b^2)*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^3*b + a^4))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^3*b + a^4) - ((tan(e + f*x)*(16*a*b^4 + 16*b^5 + 5*a^2*b^3))/a^4 - ((4*a^6*b^3 + 2*a^7*b^2)/a^6 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^6*b^3 + 8*a^7*b^2)*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^3*b + a^4))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a^3*b + a^4)))*((3*a)/4 + b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*2i)/(f*(a^3*b + a^4)) - (atan((b^2*tan(e + f*x))/(4*(b^2/4 + b^3/a)) + (b^3*tan(e + f*x))/((a*b^2)/4 + b^3))*(a*1i + b*4i)*1i)/(2*a^3*f) - ((tan(e + f*x)*(a + 2*b))/(2*a^2) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^3)/a^2)/(f*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + 2*b))))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```


output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 7*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 7*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3 + 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*e + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*f*x + 5*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*e + 5*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*f*x + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*e + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x - a**3*e - a**3*f*x - 6*a**2*b*e - 6*a**2*b*f*x - 9*a*b**2*e - 9*a*b**2*f*x - 4*b**3*e - 4*b**3*f*x)/(2*a**3*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - a**2 - 2*a*b - b**2))
```

3.50 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	561
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Rubi [A] (verified)	562
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

$$x/a^2-1/2*b^{(1/2)}*(3*a+2*b)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^2/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f-1/2*b*\tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)$$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(2x(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + \frac{b(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{8a^2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{2(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{2(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-2), x]
```

output

```
((2*(a + b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))`
`), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x`
`^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x`
`] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !`
`(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,`
`p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_`
`Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[`
`(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e`
`, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =`
`FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p`
`/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]`
`&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{ib(a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}{a^2(a+b)f(a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} + a + 2b}{a}}{a}\right)}{4(a+b)^2 f a} +$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{-b/a^2 \cdot (1/2 \cdot a/(a+b) \cdot \tan(fx+e) / (a+b \cdot \tan(fx+e)^2) + 1/2 \cdot (3a+2b) / (a+b) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{1/2} \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \tan(fx+e) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{1/2})) + 1/a^2 \cdot \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8(a^2 + ab)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4ab \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + 8(ab + b^2)fx + ((3a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + 8((a^4 +$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{8} \cdot (8 \cdot (a^2 + a \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + 8 \cdot (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot f \cdot x + ((3 \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \sqrt{-b/(a + b)} \cdot \log(((a^2 + 8 \cdot a \cdot b + 8 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^4 - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot b + 4 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + 4 \cdot ((a^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^3 - (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)) \cdot \sqrt{-b/(a + b)} \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + b^2) / (a^2 \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^4 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + b^2))) / ((a^4 + a^3 \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + (a^3 \cdot b + a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f), \frac{1}{4} \cdot (4 \cdot (a^2 + a \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 - 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + 4 \cdot (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot f \cdot x + ((3 \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \sqrt{b/(a + b)} \cdot \arctan(1/2 \cdot ((a + 2 \cdot b) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 - b) \cdot \sqrt{b/(a + b)}) / (b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e))) / ((a^4 + a^3 \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + (a^3 \cdot b + a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{a^3+2a^2b+ab^2+(a^2b+ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3ab+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3+a^2b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*tan(f*x + e)/(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2 + (a^2*b + a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + (3*a*b + 2*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) (3ab+2b^2)}{(a^3+a^2b)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)(a^2+ab)} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/2*((\pi*\text{floor}((f*x + e)/\pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2}))* (3*a*b + 2*b^2)/((a^3 + a^2*b)*\sqrt{a*b + b^2}) + b*\tan(f*x + e)/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a^2 + a*b)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2056, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + f x))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{atan}(\frac{((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i)}{(2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / (2*a^2) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)) / a^2 - (((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i) / (2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / (2*a^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / a^2) / (((((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i) / (2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))) * i) / (2*a^2) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)*i) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / a^2 + (((((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i) / (2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))) * i) / (2*a^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)*i) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / a^2 + ((3*a*b^3)/2 + b^4) / (2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) / (a^2*f) + (\text{atan}(\frac{(\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3))}{(2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} - ((-b*(a + b)^3)^{1/2} * ((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2) / (2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(-b*(a + b)^3)^{1/2} * (3*a + 2*b) * (32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)) * (3*a^4*b \dots \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*f*x + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*f*x + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x - 2*a**3*f*x - 6*a**2*b*f*x - 6*a*b**2*f*x - 2*b**3*f*x)/(2*a**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.51
$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	569
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	569
Rubi [A] (verified)	570
Maple [A] (verified)	572
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	573
Sympy [F]	574
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	574
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	574
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	575
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{5/2} f} - \frac{3 \cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^2 f} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b) f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-3/2*b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-3/2*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f+1/2*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(\frac{3b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}} \right) (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))$$

$$8(a+b)^2 f (a \cdot$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((3*b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + 2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sin[f*x] + (b*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(a*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))))/(8*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 253, 264, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 4620 \\
 \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow 253 \\
 \frac{3 \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2(a + b)} + \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{2(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} \\
 \downarrow 264
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{3 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((3*(-((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2)) - Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b)))/(2*(a + b)) + Cot[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 253 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + 2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 264 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^2}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^2}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{i(2a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + ab e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2b^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 4a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 8ab e^{2i(fx+e)} - 2b^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2a^2 - ab)}{a(a+b)^2 f (a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a) (e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)} - \frac{3\sqrt{-(a+b)}}{f}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)-1/(a+b)^2*b*(1/2*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+3/2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4b^2}{a^2} \right)}{8((a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3)f \sin(fx + e))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}} \arctan \left(\frac{((a+2b) \cos(fx+e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}}}{2b \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)} \right) \sin(fx + e)}{4((a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3)f \sin(fx + e))} \right]$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(4*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 12*b*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/4*(2*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) + 6*b*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)]]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{3b \tan(fx+e)^2+2a+2b}{(a^2b+2ab^2+b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3+(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3) \tan(fx+e)} \frac{1}{2f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(3*b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (3*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a + 2*b)/((a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3\left(\pi\left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right)b}{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{3b \tan(fx+e)^2+2a+2b}{(b \tan(fx+e)^3+a \tan(fx+e)+b \tan(fx+e))(a^2+2ab+b^2)} \frac{1}{2f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/2*(3*(\pi*\text{floor}((f*x + e)/\pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2}))*b/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*\sqrt{a*b + b^2}) + (3*b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a + 2*b)/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + a*\tan(f*x + e) + b*\tan(f*x + e))*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2))/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{a+b} + \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)^2}{2(a+b)^2}}{f (b \tan(e + fx)^3 + (a + b) \tan(e + fx))} - \frac{3\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx) (a^2+2ab+b^2)}{(a+b)^{5/2}}\right)}{2f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output
$$- (1/(a + b) + (3*b*\tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*(a + b)^2))/(f*(b*\tan(e + f*x)^3 + \tan(e + f*x)*(a + b))) - (3*b^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atan}((b^{(1/2)}*\tan(e + f*x)*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2))/(a + b)^{(5/2)}))/(2*f*(a + b)^{(5/2)})$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^3 a + 3\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)}{2f(a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*b**2)/(2*sin(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - a**4 - 4*a**3*b - 6*a**2*b**2 - 4*a*b**3 - b**4))
```

3.52
$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	577
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	577
Rubi [A] (verified)	578
Maple [A] (verified)	581
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	581
Sympy [F]	582
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	583
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	584

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{(3a-2b)\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{(a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2f} - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-1/2*(3*a-2*b)*b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/
f-(a-b)*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*a*b*tan(f*x+e)
/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx) \left(-2(a + b)(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \cot(e) \csc^2(e + fx) + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-2*(a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Cot[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + (3*(3*a - 2*b)*b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + 4*(a - 2*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sin[f*x] + 2*(a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sin[f*x] - 3*a*b*Sec[2*e]*Sin[2*f*x] + 3*b*(a + 2*b)*Tan[2*e]))/(24*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 361, 25, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \left(-\frac{a \tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{2a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{2}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{361} \\
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \left(-\frac{a \tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{2a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{2}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \left(-\frac{a \tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{2a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{2}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{1584} \\
 \int \frac{\left(\frac{2 \cot^4(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{2(a-b) \cot^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^3} + \frac{2b-3a}{(a+b)^3(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right) d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \int \frac{\left(-\frac{(3a-2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{7/2}} - \frac{2 \cot^3(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)^2} - \frac{2(a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^3} \right) - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*(-(((3*a - 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(7/2)))) - (2*(a - b)*Cot[e + f*x])/(b*(a + b)^3) - (2*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(3*b*(a + b)^2))/2 - (a*b*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2)]/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`
- rule 1584 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3(a+b)^2 \tan^3(fx+e)} - \frac{a-b}{(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a-2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^3}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3(a+b)^2 \tan^3(fx+e)} - \frac{a-b}{(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a-2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^3}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{i(9e^{8i(fx+e)}ab - 6e^{8i(fx+e)}b^2 + 12a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 18abe^{6i(fx+e)} + 66b^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 20a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 44abe^{4i(fx+e)} - 66b^2e^{2i(fx+e)} - 3a^2e^{2i(fx+e)} - 3a^2)}{3f(a+b)^3(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^3(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)})}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/3/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)^3-(a-b)/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)-1/(a+b)^3*b*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a-2*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(4*(4*a^2 - 11*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(3*a^2 - 8*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^3 + 3*((3*a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (3*a^2 - 5*a*b + 2*b^2)*c
os(f*x + e)^2 - 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b
^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x +
e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e)
- 12*(3*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f
*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*
b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/12*(2*(4*a^2 - 11*a*b)
*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 4*(3*a^2 - 8*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*((3*a^2 - 2
*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (3*a^2 - 5*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*a*b + 2*
b^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a +
b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 6*(3*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f
*x + e))/(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2
*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 +
b^4)*f)*sin(f*x + e)]]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(csc(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{3(3ab - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{3(3ab - 2b^2) \tan(fx + e)^4 + 2(3a^2 + ab - 2b^2) \tan(fx + e)^2 + 2a^2 + 4ab + 2b^2}{(a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + 3ab^3 + b^4) \tan(fx + e)^5 + (a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4) \tan(fx + e)^3}$$

6 f

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/6*(3*(3*a*b - 2*b^2)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{(a + b)*b}))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*\sqrt{(a + b)*b}) + (3*(3*a*b - 2*b^2)*\tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(3*a^2 + a*b - 2*b^2)*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2 + 4*a*b + 2*b^2)/((a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*\tan(f*x + e)^5 + (a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*\tan(f*x + e)^3))/f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{3ab \tan(fx+e)}{(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)} + \frac{3 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) (3ab-2b^2)}{(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{2(3a \tan(fx+e)^2-3b \tan(fx+e))}{(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)}}{6f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/6*(3*a*b*\tan(f*x + e)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*(b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)) + 3*(\pi*\operatorname{floor}((f*x + e)/\pi + 1/2)*\operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2}))* (3*a*b - 2*b^2)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*\sqrt{a*b + b^2}) + 2*(3*a*\tan(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*\tan(f*x + e)^3))/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{3(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(3a-2b)}{3(a+b)^2} + \frac{b \tan(e+fx)^4(3a-2b)}{2(a+b)^3}}{f (b \tan(e + fx)^5 + (a + b) \tan(e + fx)^3)} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx) (a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)}{(a+b)^{7/2}}\right) (3a-2b)}{2f (a+b)^{7/2}}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output `- (1/(3*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(3*a - 2*b))/(3*(a + b)^2) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^4*(3*a - 2*b))/(2*(a + b)^3))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b) + b*tan(e + f*x)^5)) - (b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x)*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3))/(a + b)^(7/2))*(3*a - 2*b))/(2*f*(a + b)^(7/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 735, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.98

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output `(- 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 7*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 11*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 14*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 6*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 6*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*b**3)/(6*sin(e + f*x)**3*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5 + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b + 6*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**2 + 4*sin(e ...`

3.53 $\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	585
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{a(3a-4b)\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{9/2}f} - \frac{a(a-2b) \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{2a \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{a^2 b \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(3*a-4*b)*b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(9/2)
)/f-a*(a-2*b)*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f-2/3*a*cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)^3/f-1/5*cot(f*
x+e)^5/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*a^2*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 777, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx) \left(\frac{960a(3a-4b)b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e)) - ((a+2b)\sin(fx) + a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right)}{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx)}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((960*a*(3*a - 4*b)*b*ArcTan[
(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e))*(-(a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f
*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e
+ f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])
^4]) - Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sec[2*e]*(10*a*(16*a^2 + 34*a*b + 123*b^2)*Si
n[f*x] - a*(16*a^2 - 223*a*b + 1336*b^2)*Sin[3*f*x] + 240*a^3*Sin[2*e - f*
x] + 640*a^2*b*Sin[2*e - f*x] - 1460*a*b^2*Sin[2*e - f*x] + 240*b^3*Sin[2*
e - f*x] - 240*a^3*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 715*a^2*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 860*a*b^2*S
in[2*e + f*x] - 240*b^3*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 160*a^3*Sin[4*e + f*x] + 415*a^2*
b*Sin[4*e + f*x] + 1830*a*b^2*Sin[4*e + f*x] + 165*a^2*b*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x]
- 30*a*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 120*b^3*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 16*a^3*Sin[4*e +
3*f*x] + 208*a^2*b*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 1036*a*b^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 180*a^
2*b*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] - 330*a*b^2*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] + 120*b^3*Sin[6*e + 3*f*
x] + 48*a^3*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] - 268*a^2*b*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] + 290*a*b^2*Sin[
2*e + 5*f*x] - 24*b^3*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] + 48*a^3*Sin[6*e + 5*f*x] - 223*a^
2*b*Sin[6*e + 5*f*x] + 230*a*b^2*Sin[6*e + 5*f*x] - 24*b^3*Sin[6*e + 5*f*x]
- 45*a^2*b*Sin[8*e + 5*f*x] + 60*a*b^2*Sin[8*e + 5*f*x] - 16*a^3*Sin[4*e
+ 7*f*x] + 83*a^2*b*Sin[4*e + 7*f*x] - 6*a*b^2*Sin[4*e + 7*f*x] - 15*a^2*b
*Sin[6*e + 7*f*x] - 16*a^3*Sin[8*e + 7*f*x] + 68*a^2*b*Sin[8*e + 7*f*x] -
6*a*b^2*Sin[8*e + 7*f*x]))/(7680*(a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 361, 25, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{365} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+10a+3b)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}b \int -\frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \left(-\frac{(5a^2+2b^2)\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{2(5a^2+2b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{2(10a+3b)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a^2+2b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \left(-\frac{(5a^2+2b^2)\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{2(5a^2+2b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{2(10a+3b)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a^2+2b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1584}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \left(\frac{2(10a+3b) \cot^4(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} - \frac{2(-5a^2+10ba+b^2) \cot^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^3} - \frac{5a(3a-4b)}{(a+b)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right) d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a^2+2b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left(-\frac{2(5a^2-10ab-b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^3} - \frac{5a(3a-4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{7/2}} - \frac{2(10a+3b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)^2} \right) - \frac{b(5a^2+2b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(-1/5*Cot[e + f*x]^5/((a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + ((b*((-5*a*(3*a - 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(7/2))) - (2*(5*a^2 - 10*a*b - b^2)*Cot[e + f*x])/(b*(a + b)^3) - (2*(10*a + 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(3*b*(a + b)^2)))/2 - (b*(5*a^2 + 2*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(5*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2)]/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 365 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 1584 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{ba \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a-4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^4} - \frac{1}{5(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{a(a-2b)}{(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{2a}{3(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)}$
default	$\frac{ba \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3a-4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^4} - \frac{1}{5(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{a(a-2b)}{(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{2a}{3(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)}$
risch	$i(-45a^2b e^{12i(fx+e)} + 60a b^2 e^{12i(fx+e)} + 180a^2 b e^{10i(fx+e)} - 330a b^2 e^{10i(fx+e)} + 120b^3 e^{10i(fx+e)} + 160a^3 e^{8i(fx+e)} + \dots)$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-b*a/(a+b)^4*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a-4*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))-1/5/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)^5-a*(a-2*b)/(a+b)^4/tan(f*x+e)-2/3*a/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)^3)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 450 vs. 2(132) = 264.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 987, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.67

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/120*(4*(16*a^3 - 83*a^2*b + 6*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 4*(40*a^3 - 201*
a^2*b + 68*a*b^2 - 6*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 20*(6*a^3 - 29*a^2*b + 28*a*b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*((3*a^3 - 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (6*a^3 - 11*a^2*
b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2 + (3*a^3 - 10*a^2*b + 8*a*
b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*
x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/
(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 60*(3*a^
2*b - 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*
b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4
- b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^
4 - 2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b
^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/60*(2*(16*a^3 - 83*a^2*b + 6*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
7 - 2*(40*a^3 - 201*a^2*b + 68*a*b^2 - 6*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 10*(6*a^3 -
29*a^2*b + 28*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*((3*a^3 - 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^
6 - (6*a^3 - 11*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2 + (3*a
^3 - 10*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a +
2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*si
n(f*x + e) + 30*(3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3
*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. $2(132) = 264$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{15(3a^2b - 4ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{15(3a^2b - 4ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^6 + 10(3a^3 - a^2b - 4ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 6a^3 + 18a^2b + 18ab^2 + 6b^3 + 2(a^4b + 4a^3b^2 + 6a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 + b^5) \tan(fx+e)^7 + (a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) \tan(fx+e)^5}{30f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*(15*(3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (15*(3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + 10*(3*a^3 - a^2*b - 4*a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 6*a^3 + 18*a^2*b + 18*a*b^2 + 6*b^3 + 2*(10*a^3 + 23*a^2*b + 16*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{15a^2b \tan(fx+e)}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)} + \frac{15(3a^2b - 4ab^2) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{2(15a^2 \tan(fx+e)^6 + 10(3a^3 - a^2b - 4ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 6a^3 + 18a^2b + 18ab^2 + 6b^3 + 2(10a^3 + 23a^2b + 16ab^2 + 3b^3) \tan(fx+e)^2 + (a^4b + 4a^3b^2 + 6a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 + b^5) \tan(fx+e)^7 + (a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) \tan(fx+e)^5)}{30f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/30*(15*a^2*b*tan(f*x + e)/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*
(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)) + 15*(3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/p
i + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b
+ 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 2*(15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 -
30*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 10*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 10*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3
*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*x
+ e)^5))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx) (3a - 4b) (a^4 + 4a^3 b + 6a^2 b^2 + 4a b^3 + b^4)}{(a + b)^{9/2} (4ab - 3a^2)}\right) (3a - 4b)}{2 f (a + b)^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{1}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4 (4ab-3a^2)}{3(a+b)^3} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2 (10a+3b)}{15(a+b)^2} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)^6 (4ab-3a^2)}{2(a+b)^4}}{f (b \tan(e + fx)^7 + (a + b) \tan(e + fx)^5)}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)
```

output

```
(a*b^(1/2)*atan((a*b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x)*(3*a - 4*b)*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a
^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2))/((a + b)^(9/2)*(4*a*b - 3*a^2)))*(3*a - 4*b))/(2*f*
(a + b)^(9/2)) - (1/(5*(a + b)) - (tan(e + f*x)^4*(4*a*b - 3*a^2))/(3*(a +
b)^3) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(10*a + 3*b))/(15*(a + b)^2) - (b*tan(e + f*x)^6*
(4*a*b - 3*a^2))/(2*(a + b)^4))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b) + b*tan(e + f*x
)^7))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 927, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.26

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**2 - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**2 - 16*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4 + 67*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b + 77*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**3 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 40*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 98*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 44*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**3 + 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**4 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 30*cos(...
```

3.54 $\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+70ab+63b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}f} - \frac{(a^2+6ab+6b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{a^5f} + \frac{(2a+3b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a^4f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a^3f} + \frac{b^2(a+b)^2 \cos(e+fx)}{4a^5f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(a+b)(9a+17b) \cos(e+fx)}{8a^5f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*b^(1/2)*(15*a^2+70*a*b+63*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(1
1/2)/f-(a^2+6*a*b+6*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)/a^5/f+1/3*(2*a+3*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3/a^4/f
-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5/a^3/f+1/4*b^2*(a+b)^2*cos(f*x+e)/a^5/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)^2-1/8*b*(a+b)*(9*a+17*b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^5/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1641, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.20

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(-900*a^(11/2)*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 109000*a^(9/2)*b^(5/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 936000*a^(7/2)*b^(7/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 2803072*a^(5/2)*b^(9/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 3763200*a^(3/2)*b^(11/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 1935360*Sqrt[a]*b^(13/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 900*a^(11/2)*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 900*a^(9/2)*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 24000*a^(7/2)*b^(5/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 43200*a^(5/2)*b^(7/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 225*a^5*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + 115200*a^2*b^3*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + 537600*a*b^4*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + 483840*b^5*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + 225*a^5*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 366, 25, 360, 2341, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^5}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{366} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^7(e+fx)}{4a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos^6(e+fx)(4a^2+4b\cos^2(e+fx)a-7(a+b)^2)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a^2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)(4a^2+4b\cos^2(e+fx)a-7(a+b)^2)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a^2b} + \frac{(a+b)^2 \cos^7(e+fx)}{4a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\
 & \frac{b^2(a+b)(3a+11b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -8a^4b\cos^6(e+fx)+2a^3(a+b)(3a+11b)\cos^4(e+fx)-2a^2b(a+b)(3a+11b)\cos^2(e+fx)+ab^2(a+b)(3a+11b) d\cos(e+fx)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2341}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{b^2(a+b)(3a+11b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int(-8a^3b\cos^4(e+fx)+2a^2(a+3b)(3a+5b)\cos^2(e+fx)-4ab(3a^2+14ba+13b^2)+\frac{63ab^4+70a^2b^3+15a^3b^2}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b})d\cos(e+fx)}{2a^4}}{4a^2b} + \frac{(c}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a+b)^2\cos^7(e+fx)}{4a^2b(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{\frac{b^2(a+b)(3a+11b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\frac{8}{5}a^3b\cos^5(e+fx)+\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(15a^2+70ab+63b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)-4ab(3a^2+14ab+13b^2)}{2a^4}}{4a^2b}}{f}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-((((a + b)^2*Cos[e + f*x]^7)/(4*a^2*b*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((b^2*(a + b)*(3*a + 11*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*a^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - (Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*(15*a^2 + 70*a*b + 63*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]] - 4*a*b*(3*a^2 + 14*a*b + 13*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x] + (2*a^2*(a + 3*b)*(3*a + 5*b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/3 - (8*a^3*b*Cos[e + f*x]^5)/5)/(2*a^4))/(4*a^2*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 366

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2,
x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d)^2)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b^2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b^2*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1) + 2*b^2*c^2*(p + 1) + 2*a*b*d^2*(p + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p
, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2341

```
Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Pq*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{\cos(fx+e)^5 a^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - a \cos(fx+e)^3 b + a^2 \cos(fx+e) + 6ab \cos(fx+e) + 6b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^5} + \frac{b \left(\frac{-\frac{9}{8} a^3 - \frac{13}{4} a^2 b - \frac{17}{8} a b^2}{\cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{1}{8} b (7a^2 + 22ab + 15b^2) \cos(fx+e)} \right)}{f}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{\cos(fx+e)^5 a^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{3} - a \cos(fx+e)^3 b + a^2 \cos(fx+e) + 6ab \cos(fx+e) + 6b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^5} + \frac{b \left(\frac{-\frac{9}{8} a^3 - \frac{13}{4} a^2 b - \frac{17}{8} a b^2}{\cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{1}{8} b (7a^2 + 22ab + 15b^2) \cos(fx+e)} \right)}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{e^{5i(fx+e)}}{160a^3 f} + \frac{5e^{3i(fx+e)}}{96a^3 f} + \frac{e^{3i(fx+e)} b}{8a^4 f} - \frac{5e^{i(fx+e)}}{16a^3 f} - \frac{21e^{i(fx+e)} b}{8a^4 f} - \frac{3e^{i(fx+e)} b^2}{a^5 f} - \frac{5e^{-i(fx+e)}}{16a^3 f} - \frac{21e^{-i(fx+e)} b}{8a^4 f}$

```
input int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-1/a^5*(1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*a^2-2/3*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3-a*cos(f*x+e)^3*b+a^2*cos(f*x+e)+6*a*b*cos(f*x+e)+6*b^2*cos(f*x+e))+b/a^5*(((9/8*a^3-13/4*a^2*b-17/8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^3-1/8*b*(7*a^2+22*a*b+15*b^2)*cos(f*x+e))/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(15*a^2+70*a*b+63*b^2)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 a^4 \cos^9(fx + e) - 16 (10 a^4 + 9 a^3 b) \cos^7(fx + e) + 16 (15 a^4 + 70 a^3 b + 63 a^2 b^2) \cos^5(fx + e) + 24 a^4 \cos^3(fx + e) - 8 (10 a^4 + 9 a^3 b) \cos(fx + e) + 8 (15 a^4 + 70 a^3 b + 63 a^2 b^2) \cos^3(fx + e) + 25 a^4}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3}$$

```
input integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/240*(48*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 16*(10*a^4 + 9*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 16
*(15*a^4 + 70*a^3*b + 63*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 50*(15*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b
^2 + 63*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*((15*a^4 + 70*a^3*b + 63*a^2*b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 70*a*b^3 + 63*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 + 63
*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)
*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 30*(15*a^2*b^2 + 70*a*b^3 + 6
3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)/(a^7*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^6*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^
5*b^2*f), -1/120*(24*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 8*(10*a^4 + 9*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e
)^7 + 8*(15*a^4 + 70*a^3*b + 63*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 25*(15*a^3*b + 7
0*a^2*b^2 + 63*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*((15*a^4 + 70*a^3*b + 63*a^2*b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 70*a*b^3 + 63*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b
^2 + 63*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b
) + 15*(15*a^2*b^2 + 70*a*b^3 + 63*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)/(a^7*f*cos(f*x + e)^
4 + 2*a^6*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{15 \left((9a^3b + 26a^2b^2 + 17ab^3) \cos(fx+e)^3 + (7a^2b^2 + 22ab^3 + 15b^4) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{a^7 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^6b \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^5b^2} - \frac{15(15a^2b + 70ab^2 + 63b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}} + \frac{8(3a^2b^2 + 6ab^3 + 3b^4)}{120f}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/120*(15*((9*a^3*b + 26*a^2*b^2 + 17*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2
+ 22*a*b^3 + 15*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^7*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^6*b*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + a^5*b^2) - 15*(15*a^2*b + 70*a*b^2 + 63*b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)
/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) + 8*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 6*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))/a^5)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15 a^2 b + 70 a b^2 + 63 b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{ab} a^5 f} - \frac{9 a^3 b \cos(fx + e)^3 + 26 a^2 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 17 a b^3 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 7 a^2 b^2 \cos(fx + e) + 22 a b^3 \cos(fx + e)}{8 (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 a^5 f} - \frac{3 a^{12} f^4 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 10 a^{12} f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 15 a^{11} b f^4 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15 a^{12} f^4 \cos(fx + e) + 90 a^{11} b f^4 \cos(fx + e)}{15 a^{15} f^5}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*(15*a^2*b + 70*a*b^2 + 63*b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(
a*b)*a^5*f) - 1/8*(9*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 26*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 17
*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 7*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e) + 22*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e) + 1
5*b^4*cos(f*x + e))/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2*a^5*f) - 1/15*(3*a^12*f^4*co
s(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a^12*f^4*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*a^11*b*f^4*cos(f*x + e)^3 +
15*a^12*f^4*cos(f*x + e) + 90*a^11*b*f^4*cos(f*x + e) + 90*a^10*b^2*f^4*c
os(f*x + e))/(a^15*f^5)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{b}{a^4} + \frac{2}{3a^3} \right)}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{9a^3b}{8} + \frac{13a^2b^2}{4} + \frac{17ab^3}{8} \right) \cos(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{7a^2b^2}{8} + \frac{11ab^3}{4} + \frac{15b^4}{8} \right) \cos(e + fx)}{f (a^7 \cos(e + fx)^4 + 2a^6 b \cos(e + fx)^2 + a^5 b^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{5a^3 f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{1}{a^3} - \frac{3b^2}{a^5} + \frac{3b \left(\frac{3b}{a^4} + \frac{2}{a^3} \right)}{a} \right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{b} \cos(e + fx) (15a^2 + 70ab + 63b^2)}{15a^2b + 70ab^2 + 63b^3} \right)}{8a^{11/2} f} (15a^2 + 70ab + 63b^2)$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`output
$$\left(\frac{\cos(e + f*x)^3 \left(\frac{b}{a^4} + \frac{2}{3a^3} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + f*x)^3 \left(\frac{17ab^3}{8} + \left(\frac{9a^3b}{8} + \frac{13a^2b^2}{4} \right) + \cos(e + f*x) \left(\frac{11ab^3}{4} + \frac{15b^4}{8} + \left(\frac{7a^2b^2}{8} \right) \right)}{f (a^7 \cos(e + f*x)^4 + 2a^6 b \cos(e + f*x)^2)} \right) - \frac{\cos(e + f*x)^5}{5a^3 f} - \frac{\cos(e + f*x) \left(\frac{1}{a^3} - \frac{3b^2}{a^5} + \frac{3b \left(\frac{3b}{a^4} + \frac{2}{a^3} \right)}{a} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^{1/2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{a^{1/2} b^{1/2} \cos(e + f*x) (70ab + 15a^2 + 63b^2)}{(70ab^2 + 15a^2b + 63b^3) (70ab + 15a^2 + 63b^2)} \right)}{(8a^{11/2}) f} \right)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1391, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.96

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 225*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 1050*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 945*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*
*2*b**2 + 450*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a)
)/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 2550*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 3990*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)
**2*a**2*b**2 + 1890*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) -
sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 225*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt
(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 1500*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*a
tan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 3270*sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2
- 2940*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*a*b**3 - 945*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqr
t(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 + 225*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/
2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 1050*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((s
qrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 9
45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*
sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 450*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan(...
```

$$3.55 \quad \int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{b}(3a+7b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}f} - \frac{(a+3b) \cos(e+fx)}{a^4 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a^3 f} + \frac{b^2(a+b) \cos(e+fx)}{4a^4 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(9a+13b) \cos(e+fx)}{8a^4 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
5/8*b^(1/2)*(3*a+7*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/f-(a+3*b)
*cos(f*x+e)/a^4/f+1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3/a^3/f+1/4*b^2*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(9*a+13*b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1153, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.49

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(3*(9*a^4 + 1920*a*b^3 +
4480*b^4)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*S
in[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]
)^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2]))/Sqrt[b]] - (-27*a^(11/2)*Sqrt[b]*Cos[e + f*x] + 162*a^
(9/2)*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x] + 10816*a^(7/2)*b^(5/2)*Cos[e + f*x] + 51552*a^
(5/2)*b^(7/2)*Cos[e + f*x] + 87424*a^(3/2)*b^(9/2)*Cos[e + f*x] + 53760*Sqr
rt[a]*b^(11/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 27*a^(11/2)*Sqrt[b]*Cos[e + f*x]*Cos[2*(e +
f*x)] + 47936*a^(5/2)*b^(7/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 44800*a^(3/2
)*b^(9/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 27*a^(9/2)*Sqrt[b]*Cos[e + f*x]*
(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 216*a^(7/2)*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b
+ a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 3600*a^(5/2)*b^(5/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Co
s[2*(e + f*x)]) - 5184*a^(3/2)*b^(7/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e
+ f*x)]) - 27*a^4*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]
)^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] -
I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2]))/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 - 57
60*a*b^3*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Si
n[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]
)^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2]))/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 - 13440*b^4*A
rcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f
*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 360, 25, 2345, 1467, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^3}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{4a^3\cos^6(e+fx)+4a^2(a+b)\cos^4(e+fx)-4ab(a+b)\cos^2(e+fx)+b^2(a+b)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4} - \frac{b^2(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{4a^3\cos^6(e+fx)+4a^2(a+b)\cos^4(e+fx)-4ab(a+b)\cos^2(e+fx)+b^2(a+b)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4} - \frac{b^2(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{b(9a+13b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \int \frac{8a^2b\cos^4(e+fx)-8ab(a+2b)\cos^2(e+fx)+b^2(7a+11b)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4} - \frac{b^2(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1467}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{b(9a+13b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \left(8ab\cos^2(e+fx) - 8b(a+3b) + \frac{5(7b^3+3ab^2)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} \right) d\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4}}{4a^4} - \frac{b^2(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(9a+13b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{5b^{3/2}(3a+7b)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{8}{3}ab\cos^3(e+fx) - 8b(a+3b)\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4} - \frac{b^2(a+b)\cos(e+fx)}{4a^4(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

```
output -((-1/4*(b^2*(a + b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(a^4*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((b*(9
*a + 13*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - ((5*b^(3/2)*(3*a +
*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/Sqrt[a] - 8*b*(a + 3*b)*Cos[e
+ f*x] + (8*a*b*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/3)/(2*b))/(4*a^4))/f)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 360 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Expan
dToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2
- 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] &
& (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])
```

```
rule 1467 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \cos^3(fx+e) - \cos(fx+e)a - 3 \cos(fx+e)b}{a^4} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(-\frac{9}{8}a^2 - \frac{13}{8}ab) \cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{b(7a+11b) \cos(fx+e)}{8}}{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{5(3a+7b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \cos^3(fx+e) - \cos(fx+e)a - 3 \cos(fx+e)b}{a^4} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(-\frac{9}{8}a^2 - \frac{13}{8}ab) \cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{b(7a+11b) \cos(fx+e)}{8}}{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{5(3a+7b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{e^{3i(fx+e)}}{24a^3f} - \frac{3e^{i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} - \frac{3e^{i(fx+e)}b}{2a^4f} - \frac{3e^{-i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} - \frac{3e^{-i(fx+e)}b}{2a^4f} + \frac{e^{-3i(fx+e)}}{24a^3f} - \frac{b(9a^2e^{7i(fx+e)} + 13abe)}{24a^3f}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/f*(1/a^4*(1/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-cos(f*x+e)*a-3*cos(f*x+e)*b)+b/a^4*(((9/8*
a^2-13/8*a*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3-1/8*b*(7*a+11*b)*cos(f*x+e))/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
^2+5/8*(3*a+7*b)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^7 - 16 (3 a^3 + 7 a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^5 - 50 (3 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15 ((3 a^3 + 7 a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3 a^2 b^2 + 7 a b^3 + 2 (3 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{-b/a} \log(-a \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2 a \sqrt{-b/a} \cos(fx + e) - b) / (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) - 30 (3 a^2 b + 7 a b^2) \cos(fx + e) / (a^6 f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2 a^5 b f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^4 b^2 f)}{48 (a^6 f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2 a^5 b f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^4 b^2 f)}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 16*(3*a^3 + 7*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 50*(3
*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*((3*a^3 + 7*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
3*a*b^2 + 7*b^3 + 2*(3*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-a
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))
- 30*(3*a*b^2 + 7*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^5*b*f*co
s(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b^2*f), 1/24*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 8*(3*a^3 + 7*a^2*b
)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 25*(3*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*((3*a^3 + 7*
a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a*b^2 + 7*b^3 + 2*(3*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) - 15*(3*a*b^2 + 7*b^3)*
cos(f*x + e))/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^5*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b^2*f
)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \left((9a^2b + 13ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 + (7ab^2 + 11b^3) \cos(fx+e) \right)}{a^6 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^5b \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^4b^2} - \frac{15(3ab + 7b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}} - \frac{8(a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 3(a+3b) \cos(fx+e))}{a^4}$$

24 f

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/24*(3*((9*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a*b^2 + 11*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^6*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^5*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b^2) - 15*(3*a*b + 7*b^2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) - 8*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e))/a^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{5(3ab + 7b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}a^4f} - \frac{9a^2b \cos(fx + e)^3 + 13ab^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 7ab^2 \cos(fx + e) + 11b^3 \cos(fx + e)}{8(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 a^4 f} + \frac{a^6 f^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3a^6 f^2 \cos(fx + e) - 9a^5 b f^2 \cos(fx + e)}{3a^9 f^3}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$\frac{5/8*(3*a*b + 7*b^2)*\arctan(a*\cos(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4*f) - 1/8*(9*a^2*b*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + 13*a*b^2*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + 7*a*b^2*\cos(f*x + e) + 11*b^3*\cos(f*x + e))/((a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2*a^4*f) + 1/3*(a^6*f^2*\cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^6*f^2*\cos(f*x + e) - 9*a^5*b*f^2*\cos(f*x + e))/(a^9*f^3)}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3}{3a^3 f} - \frac{\left(\frac{9a^2b}{8} + \frac{13ab^2}{8}\right) \cos(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{11b^3}{8} + \frac{7ab^2}{8}\right) \cos(e + fx)}{f(a^6 \cos(e + fx)^4 + 2a^5 b \cos(e + fx)^2 + a^4 b^2)} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(\frac{3b}{a^4} + \frac{1}{a^3}\right)}{f} + \frac{5\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \cos(e+fx)(3a+7b)}{7b^2+3ab}\right) (3a+7b)}{8a^{9/2} f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
cos(e + f*x)^3/(3*a^3*f) - (cos(e + f*x)^3*((13*a*b^2)/8 + (9*a^2*b)/8) +
cos(e + f*x)*((7*a*b^2)/8 + (11*b^3)/8))/(f*(a^4*b^2 + a^6*cos(e + f*x)^4
+ 2*a^5*b*cos(e + f*x)^2)) - (cos(e + f*x)*((3*b)/a^4 + 1/a^3))/f + (5*b^(
1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x)*(3*a + 7*b))/(3*a*b + 7*b^2))*(3*a
+ 7*b))/(8*a^(9/2)*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1390, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.03

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(
b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 150*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*a
tan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2
*b**2 + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 390*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((
e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 510*sqrt(b)*sqrt(
a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*
a**2*b**2 + 210*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(
a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)
*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 240*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqr
t(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 450*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)
*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 360*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**
3 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*b**4 + 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a)
))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 150*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 105*sqrt(b)*s
qrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)
**4*a**2*b**2 - 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + ...
```

$$3.56 \quad \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	614
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	614
Rubi [A] (verified)	615
Maple [A] (verified)	618
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Sympy [F(-1)]	619
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	619
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	620
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	620
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	621

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}f} - \frac{15 \cos(e+fx)}{8a^3f} + \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{4af(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{5 \cos^3(e+fx)}{8a^2f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
15/8*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/f-15/8*cos(f*x+e)/
a^3/f+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^5/a/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+5/8*cos(f*x+e)^3/a^2/f/(b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 656, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.66

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^3 \sec^6(e + fx) \left(15(a^3 + 64b^3) \arctan \left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a} - i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e) - i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{\right)} \right)}{\right)}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(15*(a^3 + 64*b^3)*ArcTan
[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/
2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/
2])]/Sqrt[b]] + 15*(a^3 + 64*b^3)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(C
os[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*
Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2])]/Sqrt[b]] + (Sqrt[a]*(24*a^4*Sqr
t[b]*Cos[e + f*x] - 24*a^3*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 144*a^2*b^(5/2)*Cos[e +
f*x] + 512*b^(9/2)*Cos[e + f*x] - 72*a^3*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*Cos[2*(e + f
*x)] - 24*a^3*Sqrt[b]*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 72*a^2
*b^(3/2)*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 1152*b^(7/2)*Cos[e
+ f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 15*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[
a + b]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 - 15*a^
(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b +
a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 - 512*b^(5/2)*Cos[e]*Cos[f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e
+ f*x)])^2 + 512*b^(5/2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sin[e]*Sin[f*x]
+ 6*a^4*Sqrt[b]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sin[4*(e + f*x)]))/(4096*a^(7/2)*b^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 252, 252, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{4a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{4a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{4a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{4a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```

-((-1/4*Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (5*((3*(-((Sqrt[b]*A
rcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2)) + Cos[e + f*x]/a))/(2*a) -
Cos[e + f*x]^3/(2*a*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*a))/f)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

```

rule 252

```

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x
)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*(m - 1)/(2*b*
(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomi
alQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]

```

rule 262

```

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x
)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/
(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c
, 2, m, p, x]

```

rule 3042

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

rule 4621

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)),
x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/
2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{1}{a^3 \sec(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{7b \sec(fx+e)^3}{8} + \frac{9a \sec(fx+e)}{8} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3 f}$
default	$\frac{1}{a^3 \sec(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{7b \sec(fx+e)^3}{8} + \frac{9a \sec(fx+e)}{8} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{b \sec(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3 f}$
risch	$-\frac{e^{i(fx+e)}}{2a^3 f} - \frac{e^{-i(fx+e)}}{2a^3 f} - \frac{b(9ae^{7i(fx+e)}+27ae^{5i(fx+e)}+28be^{5i(fx+e)}+27ae^{3i(fx+e)}+28be^{3i(fx+e)}+9ae^{i(fx+e)}+9a)}{4a^3(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)^2 f}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/a^3/sec(f*x+e)-1/a^3*b*((7/8*b*sec(f*x+e)^3+9/8*a*sec(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)+15/8/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*sec(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^2 \cos (fx + e)^5 + 50 ab \cos (fx + e)^3 + 30 b^2 \cos (fx + e) - 15 (a^2 \cos (fx + e)^4 + 2 ab \cos (fx + e)^2 + a^3 b^2)}{16 (a^5 f \cos (fx + e)^4 + 2 a^4 b f \cos (fx + e)^2 + a^3 b^2 f)}$$

$$- \frac{8 a^2 \cos (fx + e)^5 + 25 ab \cos (fx + e)^3 + 15 b^2 \cos (fx + e) - 15 (a^2 \cos (fx + e)^4 + 2 ab \cos (fx + e)^2 + a^3 b^2)}{8 (a^5 f \cos (fx + e)^4 + 2 a^4 b f \cos (fx + e)^2 + a^3 b^2 f)}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16*(16*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 50*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 30*b^2*cos(f*x + e)
) - 15*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(
a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)
))/ (a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f), -1/8*(8*
a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 25*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*b^2*cos(f*x + e) - 15*(a^2
*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)
*cos(f*x + e)/b))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b
^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{9ab \cos(fx+e)^3 + 7b^2 \cos(fx+e)}{a^5 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^4b \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^3b^2} - \frac{15b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} + \frac{8 \cos(fx+e)}{a^3}$$

$$8f$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*((9*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 7*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/(a^5*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*
a^4*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2) - 15*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(s
qrt(a*b)*a^3) + 8*cos(f*x + e)/a^3)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{15 b \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{ab} a^3 f} - \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{a^3 f} - \frac{9 ab \cos(fx + e)^3 + 7 b^2 \cos(fx + e)}{8 (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 a^3 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `15/8*b*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3*f) - cos(f*x + e)/(a^3*f) - 1/8*(9*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 7*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2*a^3*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{15 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8 a^{7/2} f} - \frac{\frac{7 b^2 \cos(e + fx)}{8} + \frac{9 a b \cos(e + fx)^3}{8}}{f (a^5 \cos(e + fx)^4 + 2 a^4 b \cos(e + fx)^2 + a^3 b^2)} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a^3 f}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`output `(15*b^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x))/b^(1/2)))/(8*a^(7/2)*f) - ((7*b^2*cos(e + f*x))/8 + (9*a*b*cos(e + f*x)^3)/8)/(f*(a^3*b^2 + a^5*cos(e + f*x)^4 + 2*a^4*b*cos(e + f*x)^2)) - cos(e + f*x)/(a^3*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1410, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.16

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/s...
```

3.57
$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	622
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	623
Rubi [A] (verified)	623
Maple [A] (verified)	626
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	627
Sympy [F(-1)]	628
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	629
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	629
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	630
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	631

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{b \cos^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cos(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2 f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*b^(1/2)*(15*a^2+10*a*b+3*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(a+b)^3/f-arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*b*cos(f*x+e)^3/a/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(7*a+3*b)*cos(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^5(e + fx) \left(\frac{8b^2(a+b)^2}{a^2} - \frac{2b(a+b)(9a+5b)(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+10ab+3b^2)}{a} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5*((8*b^2*(a + b)^2)/a^2 - (2*b*(a + b)*(9*a + 5*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/a^2 + (Sqrt[b]*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTan[((-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])]/Sqrt[b])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sec[e + f*x])/a^(5/2) + (Sqrt[b]*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTan[((-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])]/Sqrt[b])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sec[e + f*x])/a^(5/2) - 8*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sec[e + f*x] + 8*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sec[e + f*x))/(64*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 372, 440, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)(a+b\sec(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{b\cos^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)(3b-(4a+3b)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & \frac{b\cos^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b(7a+3b)-(8a^2+7ba+3b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{b\cos^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{b(15a^2+10ab+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b(7a+3b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{b\cos^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+10ab+3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{8a^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b(7a+3b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{b \cos^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+10ab+3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{8a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b}}{2a(a+b)}}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-(((b*cos[e + f*x]^3)/(4*a*(a + b)*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (((Sqrt[b]*
(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[a]
*(a + b)) - (8*a^2*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]]/(a + b))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(7*a
+ 3*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b))
/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 372 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 440 `Int[((g_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b^2*(c*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4621 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_)])^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)], x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{(9a^2+14ab+5b^2)\cos(fx+e)^3}{8a} - \frac{b(7a^2+10ab+3b^2)\cos(fx+e)}{8a^2} + \frac{(15a^2+10ab+3b^2)}{8a^3} \right)}{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 (a+b)^3}$
default	$-\frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{(9a^2+14ab+5b^2)\cos(fx+e)^3}{8a} - \frac{b(7a^2+10ab+3b^2)\cos(fx+e)}{8a^2} + \frac{(15a^2+10ab+3b^2)}{8a^3} \right)}{f (a+b)^3}$
risch	$-\frac{b(9a^2e^{7i(fx+e)}+5abe^{7i(fx+e)}+27a^2e^{5i(fx+e)}+43abe^{5i(fx+e)}+12b^2e^{5i(fx+e)}+27a^2e^{3i(fx+e)}+43abe^{3i(fx+e)}+12b^2e^{3i(fx+e)}+9a^2e^{i(fx+e)}+5abe^{i(fx+e)}+3b^2e^{i(fx+e)}+3a^2)}{4a^2f(a+b)^2(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)^2}$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-1/2/(a+b)^3*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2/(a+b)^3*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+b/(a+b)^3
*(-1/8*(9*a^2+14*a*b+5*b^2)/a*cos(f*x+e)^3-1/8*b*(7*a^2+10*a*b+3*b^2)/a^2
*cos(f*x+e))/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(15*a^2+10*a*b+3*b^2)/a^2/(a*b)^(1/2)
)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. 2(140) = 280.
 Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/16*(2*(9*a^3*b + 14*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - ((15*a^4 + 10*
a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 + 3*b^4 + 2*(15*
a^3*b + 10*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(7*a^
2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 + 3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e) + 8*(a^4*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^3*b*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - 8*(a^4*cos(f*x + e)
^4 + 2*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^7
+ 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2
+ 3*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4
+ a^2*b^5)*f), -1/8*((9*a^3*b + 14*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - ((
15*a^4 + 10*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 + 3*
b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 10*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan
(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) + (7*a^2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 + 3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)
+ 4*(a^4*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2)*log(1/2*cos(f
*x + e) + 1/2) - 4*(a^4*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2)
*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + (a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(15a^2b + 10ab^2 + 3b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{(9a^2b + 5ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (7ab^2 + 3b^3) \cos(fx + e)}{a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + a^2b^4 + (a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^5b + 2a^4b^2 + a^3b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2} - \frac{4 \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1)}{a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3} + \frac{4 \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1)}{a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*((15*a^2*b + 10*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*sqrt(a*b)) - ((9*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4 + (a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2) - 4*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) + 4*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(15a^2b + 10ab^2 + 3b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8(a^5f + 3a^4bf + 3a^3b^2f + a^2b^3f)\sqrt{ab}} + \frac{\log(|-\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)} - \frac{\log(|-\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)} - \frac{9a^2b \cos(fx + e)^3 + 5ab^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + 7ab^2 \cos(fx + e) + 3b^3 \cos(fx + e)}{8(a^4f + 2a^3bf + a^2b^2f)(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{8} \frac{(15a^2b + 10ab^2 + 3b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) / \left((a^5f + 3a^4bf + 3a^3b^2f + a^2b^3f) \sqrt{ab}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(\abs{-\cos(fx + e) + 1}) / (a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f) - \frac{1}{2} \log(\abs{-\cos(fx + e) - 1}) / (a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f) - \frac{1}{8} (9a^2b \cos(fx + e)^3 + 5ab^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 7ab^2 \cos(fx + e) + 3b^3 \cos(fx + e))}{(a^4f + 2a^3bf + a^2b^2f)(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3557, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.10

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)
```

output

```
(atan(((((-a^5*b)^(1/2))*((cos(e + f*x)*(60*a*b^5 + 64*a^6 + 9*b^6 + 190*a^2*b^4 + 300*a^3*b^3 + 225*a^4*b^2)))/(32*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2)) + (((224*a^10*b + 96*a^3*b^8 + 800*a^4*b^7 + 2784*a^5*b^6 + 5280*a^6*b^5 + 5920*a^7*b^4 + 3936*a^8*b^3 + 1440*a^9*b^2)/(64*(6*a^8*b + a^9 + a^3*b^6 + 6*a^4*b^5 + 15*a^5*b^4 + 20*a^6*b^3 + 15*a^7*b^2)) - (cos(e + f*x)*(-a^5*b)^(1/2)*(10*a*b + 15*a^2 + 3*b^2)*(1280*a^11*b + 256*a^12 - 256*a^5*b^7 - 1280*a^6*b^6 - 2304*a^7*b^5 - 1280*a^8*b^4 + 1280*a^9*b^3 + 2304*a^10*b^2)))/(512*(3*a^7*b + a^8 + a^5*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^2))*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2)))*(-a^5*b)^(1/2)*(10*a*b + 15*a^2 + 3*b^2))/(16*(3*a^7*b + a^8 + a^5*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^2)))*(10*a*b + 15*a^2 + 3*b^2)*1i)/(16*(3*a^7*b + a^8 + a^5*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^2)) + ((-a^5*b)^(1/2))*((cos(e + f*x)*(60*a*b^5 + 64*a^6 + 9*b^6 + 190*a^2*b^4 + 300*a^3*b^3 + 225*a^4*b^2)))/(32*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2)) - (((224*a^10*b + 96*a^3*b^8 + 800*a^4*b^7 + 2784*a^5*b^6 + 5280*a^6*b^5 + 5920*a^7*b^4 + 3936*a^8*b^3 + 1440*a^9*b^2)/(64*(6*a^8*b + a^9 + a^3*b^6 + 6*a^4*b^5 + 15*a^5*b^4 + 20*a^6*b^3 + 15*a^7*b^2)) + (cos(e + f*x)*(-a^5*b)^(1/2)*(10*a*b + 15*a^2 + 3*b^2)*(1280*a^11*b + 256*a^12 - 256*a^5*b^7 - 1280*a^6*b^6 - 2304*a^7*b^5 - 1280*a^8*b^4 + 1280*a^9*b^3 + 2304*a^10*b^2)))/(512*(3*a^7*b + a^8 + a^5*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^2))*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2)))*(-a^5*b)^(1/2)*(10*a*b + 15*a^2 + 3*b^2))/(16*(3*a^7*b + ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1447, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.40

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 50*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 26*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 40*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 38*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(...
```


3.58
$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	632
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	633
Rubi [A] (verified)	634
Maple [A] (verified)	638
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	639
Sympy [F(-1)]	640
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	640
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	641
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	641
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	642

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 - 10ab - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{(a-5b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{2(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{(2a-b)b \cos(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{(4a^2 - 9ab - b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{8a(a+b)^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\cos(e+fx) \cot^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b) f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2}$$

output

```
1/8*b^(1/2)*(15*a^2-10*a*b-b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
/(a+b)^4/f-1/2*(a-5*b)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^4/f-1/4*(2*a-b)*b*cos(f*x
+e)/a/(a+b)^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(4*a^2-9*a*b-b^2)*cos(f*x+e)/a/(a
+b)^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)^2
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^5(e + fx) \left(\frac{8b^2(a+b)^2}{a} - \frac{2b(a+b)(9a+b)(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(-15a^2+10ab+b^2)}{a} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5*((8*b^2*(a + b)^2)/a - (2*b*(a + b)*(9*a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/a - (Sqrt[b]*(-15*a^2 + 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] - I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Sec[e + f*x])/a^(3/2) - (Sqrt[b]*(-15*a^2 + 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Tan[(f*x)/2])/Sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Sec[e + f*x])/a^(3/2) - (a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2*Sec[e + f*x] - 4*(a - 5*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sec[e + f*x] + 4*(a - 5*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*Sec[e + f*x] + (a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2*Sec[e + f*x]))/(64*(a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 372, 440, 27, 402, 25, 27, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^3 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)(3b-(a-2b)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2((2a-b)b-(2a^2-8ba-b^2)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b(2a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{2(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(2a-b)b-(2a^2-8ba-b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(2a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{2(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b((11a-b)b - (4a^2 - 9ba - b^2)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(2a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 25

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{b((11a-b)b - (4a^2 - 9ba - b^2)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{(4a^2 - 9ab - b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b(2a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(11a-b)b - (4a^2 - 9ba - b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{(4a^2 - 9ab - b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b(2a-b)\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 397

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{b(15a^2 - 10ab - b^2) \int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{4a(a-5b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{(4a^2 - 9ab - b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 - 10ab - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{4a(a-5b) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{(4a^2 - 9ab - b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2-10ab-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{4a(a-5b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b}}{2(a+b)} + \frac{(4a^2-9ab-b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{2a(a+b)}{2(a+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]^3/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (-1/2*((2*a - b)*b*Cos[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((Sqrt[b]*(15*a^2 - 10*a*b - b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[a]*(a + b)) - (4*a*(a - 5*b)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]])/(a + b))/(2*(a + b)) + ((4*a^2 - 9*a*b - b^2)*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*a*(a + b)))/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2)/(((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b^2*(c*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}a^2 - \frac{5}{4}ab - \frac{1}{8}b^2\right) \cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{b(7a^2+6ab-b^2) \cos(fx+e)}{8a} + \frac{(15a^2-10ab-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^4} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^3(-1+\cos f)}$
default	$\frac{b \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}a^2 - \frac{5}{4}ab - \frac{1}{8}b^2\right) \cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{b(7a^2+6ab-b^2) \cos(fx+e)}{8a} + \frac{(15a^2-10ab-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{(a+b)^4} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^3(-1+\cos f)}$
risch	$-\frac{4a^3 e^{11i(fx+e)} + 9a^2 b e^{11i(fx+e)} + a b^2 e^{11i(fx+e)} - 20a^3 e^{9i(fx+e)} - 23a^2 b e^{9i(fx+e)} + 29a b^2 e^{9i(fx+e)} - 4b^3 e^{9i(fx+e)}}{f}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(b/(a+b)^4*((( -9/8*a^2-5/4*a*b-1/8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^3-1/8*b*(7*a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/a*cos(f*x+e))/(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)+1/8*(15*a^2-10*a*b-b^2)/a/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))+1/4/(a+b)^3/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4*(a-5*b)/(a+b)^4*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a+b)^3/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a+b)^4*(-a+5*b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 649 vs. $2(195) = 390$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1332, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(2*(4*a^4 - 5*a^3*b - 10*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(17*a^3*b + 11*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - ((15*a^4 - 10*a^3*b - a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (15*a^4 - 40*a^3*b + 19*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 + b^4 - (30*a^3*b - 35*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(11*a^2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e) - 4*((a^4 - 5*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 10*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3 - (2*a^3*b - 11*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 4*((a^4 - 5*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 10*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3 - (2*a^3*b - 11*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^7 + 2*a^6*b - 2*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^6*b + 7*a^5*b^2 + 8*a^4*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^3*b^4 + 4*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f), 1/8*((4*a^4 - 5*a^3*b - 10*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (17*a^3*b + 11*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + ((15*a^4 - 10*a^3*b - a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (15*a^4 - 40*a^3*b + 19*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 15*a^2*b^2 + 10*a*b^3 + b^4 - (30*a^3*b - 35*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b/a)*cos(f*x + e)/b) + (...
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. 2(195) = 390.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(a-5b)\log(\cos(fx+e)+1)}{a^4+4a^3b+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4} - \frac{2(a-5b)\log(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{a^4+4a^3b+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4} - \frac{(15a^2b-10ab^2-b^3)\arctan\left(\frac{a\cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^5+4a^4b+6a^3b^2+4a^2b^3+ab^4)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{\dots}{(a^6+3a^5b+3a^4b^2+a^3b^3)\cos(fx+e)}$$

8f

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*(2*(a - 5*b)*\log(\cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4) - 2*(a - 5*b)*\log(\cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4) - (15*a^2*b - 10*a*b^2 - b^3)*\arctan(a*\cos(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b}))/((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*\sqrt{a*b}) - ((4*a^3 - 9*a^2*b - a*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^5 + (17*a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 + b^3)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + (11*a*b^2 - b^3)*\cos(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*\cos(f*x + e)^6 - a^4*b^2 - 3*a^3*b^3 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a*b^5 - (a^6 + a^5*b - 3*a^4*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^4)*\cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^5*b + 5*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 - a^2*b^4 - a*b^5)*\cos(f*x + e)^2))/f \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a - 5b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{4(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)}$$

$$+ \frac{(a - 5b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{4(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)}$$

$$+ \frac{(15a^2b - 10ab^2 - b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8(a^5f + 4a^4bf + 6a^3b^2f + 4a^2b^3f + ab^4f)\sqrt{ab}}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

$$- \frac{9a^2b \cos(fx + e)^3 + ab^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 7ab^2 \cos(fx + e) - b^3 \cos(fx + e)}{8(a^4f + 3a^3bf + 3a^2b^2f + ab^3f)(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(a - 5*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f) + 1/4*(a - 5*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f) + 1/8*(15*a^2*b - 10*a*b^2 - b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^5*f + 4*a^4*b*f + 6*a^3*b^2*f + 4*a^2*b^3*f + a*b^4*f)*sqrt(a*b)) + 1/2*cos(f*x + e)/((a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) - 1/8*(9*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 7*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e) - b^3*cos(f*x + e))/((a^4*f + 3*a^3*b*f + 3*a^2*b^2*f + a*b^3*f)*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2728, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.81

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)`

output

```

- ((cos(e + f*x)^3*(17*a^2*b - 6*a*b^2 + b^3))/(8*(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4 +
3*a^2*b^2)) - (cos(e + f*x)^5*(9*a*b - 4*a^2 + b^2))/(8*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*
b + a^3 + b^3)) + (b^2*cos(e + f*x)*(11*a - b))/(8*(a*b^3 + 3*a^3*b + a^4
+ 3*a^2*b^2)))/(f*(b^2 - cos(e + f*x)^4*(2*a*b - a^2) + cos(e + f*x)^2*(2*
a*b - b^2) - a^2*cos(e + f*x)^6)) - (log(cos(e + f*x) - 1)*((3*b)/(2*(a +
b)^4) - 1/(4*(a + b)^3)))/f - (log(cos(e + f*x) + 1)*(a - 5*b))/(4*f*(a +
b)^4) - (atan((((cos(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^5 - 160*a^5*b + 16*a^6 + b^6 + 70*a
^2*b^4 - 300*a^3*b^3 + 625*a^4*b^2))/(32*(a*b^6 + 6*a^6*b + a^7 + 6*a^2*b^
5 + 15*a^3*b^4 + 20*a^4*b^3 + 15*a^5*b^2)) + ((-a^3*b)^(1/2))*(((11*a^11*b)
/2 - (a^2*b^10)/2 + (3*a^3*b^9)/2 + 30*a^4*b^8 + 126*a^5*b^7 + 273*a^6*b^6
+ 357*a^7*b^5 + 294*a^8*b^4 + 150*a^9*b^3 + (87*a^10*b^2)/2)/(a*b^9 + 9*a
^9*b + a^10 + 9*a^2*b^8 + 36*a^3*b^7 + 84*a^4*b^6 + 126*a^5*b^5 + 126*a^6*
b^4 + 84*a^7*b^3 + 36*a^8*b^2) - (cos(e + f*x)*(-a^3*b)^(1/2))*(10*a*b - 15
*a^2 + b^2)*(1792*a^11*b + 256*a^12 - 256*a^3*b^9 - 1792*a^4*b^8 - 5120*a^
5*b^7 - 7168*a^6*b^6 - 3584*a^7*b^5 + 3584*a^8*b^4 + 7168*a^9*b^3 + 5120*a
^10*b^2))/(512*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2))*(a*b^6 +
6*a^6*b + a^7 + 6*a^2*b^5 + 15*a^3*b^4 + 20*a^4*b^3 + 15*a^5*b^2)))*(10*a*
b - 15*a^2 + b^2))/(16*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2)))
*(-a^3*b)^(1/2)*(10*a*b - 15*a^2 + b^2)*1i)/(16*(4*a^6*b + a^7 + a^3*b^4 +
4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^2)) + (((cos(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^5 - 160*a^5*b + 16*a...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1863, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.75

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4 + 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 22*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4 - 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**2...
```

3.59 $\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	644
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	645
Rubi [A] (verified)	646
Maple [A] (verified)	650
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	651
Sympy [F(-1)]	652
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	652
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	653
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	653
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	654

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}(5a^2 - 10ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}(a+b)^5 f} - \frac{3(a^2 - 10ab + 5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{8(a+b)^5 f} + \frac{(a^2 - 9ab + 2b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{3(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^4 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(a-7b) \cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{4(a+b) f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2}$$

output

```
3/8*b^(1/2)*(5*a^2-10*a*b+b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/
(a+b)^5/f-3/8*(a^2-10*a*b+5*b^2)*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^5/f+1/8*(a^2-9*
a*b+2*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*(a^2-6*a*b+b^2)*c
os(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/8*(a-7*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(
a+b)^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)^2
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \left(\frac{48\sqrt{b}(5a^2 - 10ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a} - i\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e) - i\sin(e))^2}) \sin(e) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}\right) + \cos(e) (\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{(\cos(e) - i\sin(e))^2})}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^3}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((48*sqrt[b]*(5*a^2 - 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan
[(-sqrt[a] - I*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/
2] + Cos[e]*(sqrt[a] - sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2
]))/sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)/sqrt[a] + (48*sqrt[b]*(5*a^
2 - 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan[(-sqrt[a] + I*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]
)^2])*Sin[e]*Tan[(f*x)/2] + Cos[e]*(sqrt[a] + sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[(Cos[e] -
I*Sin[e])^2]*Tan[(f*x)/2]))/sqrt[b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)/sqr
t[a] - 2*(a + b)*(30*a^3 + 112*a^2*b + 182*a*b^2 - 140*b^3 + (35*a^3 + 78*
a^2*b - 93*a*b^2 + 224*b^3)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*(a^3 - 8*a^2*b + 53*a*b^2
- 10*b^3)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] - 3*a^3*cos[6*(e + f*x)] + 18*a^2*b*cos[6*(e +
f*x)] - 3*a*b^2*cos[6*(e + f*x)]*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^3 - 48*(a^2 -
10*a*b + 5*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]] +
48*(a^2 - 10*a*b + 5*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Log[Sin[(e + f*
x)/2]])*Sec[e + f*x]^6)/(1024*(a + b)^5*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4621, 372, 440, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 218, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4621} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)(3b-(a-4b)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f}}{4(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(a-7b)b - (3a^2 - 29ba + 8b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{(a-7b)\cos(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{f}}{4(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^2 - 9ab + 2b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{12b((a-3b)b - (a^2 - 9ba + 2b^2)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)}}{2(a+b)}}{f}}{4(a+b)} - \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(a-3b)b - (a^2-9ba+2b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-9ab+2b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{4(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b(4(a-b)b - (a^2-6ba+b^2)\cos^2(e+fx))}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-9ab+2b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{4(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{4(a-b)b - (a^2-6ba+b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-9ab+2b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{4(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 397

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{b(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \int \frac{1}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2-10ab+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-9ab+2b^2)\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(a-7)}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{4(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d\cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab+5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab+5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab+5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \right)}{a+b} + \frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e+fx))}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]^3/(4*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (-1/2*((a - 7*b)*Cos[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((a^2 - 9*a*b + 2*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(((Sqrt[b]*(5*a^2 - 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(Sqrt[a]*(a + b)) - ((a^2 - 10*a*b + 5*b^2)*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]])/(a + b))/(a + b) + ((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*Cos[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2))))/(a + b))/(2*(a + b)))/(4*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 372 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot e^3 \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-3} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1}) / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-4} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot (m-3) + (a \cdot d \cdot (m+2 \cdot q-1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1}) / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 440 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1}) / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[g^2 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m-1) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+2 \cdot q+1) - b \cdot 2 \cdot (c \cdot f - d \cdot e) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4621

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-ff/f Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/(ff*x)^(n*p)], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}a^3 - \frac{3}{4}a^2b + \frac{3}{8}ab^2\right) \cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{b(7a^2+2ab-5b^2) \cos(fx+e)}{8} + \frac{3(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}}}{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} \right)}{(a+b)^5} + \frac{1}{16(a+b)^3(1+\cos(fx+e))}$
default	$\frac{b \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{9}{8}a^3 - \frac{3}{4}a^2b + \frac{3}{8}ab^2\right) \cos(fx+e)^3 - \frac{b(7a^2+2ab-5b^2) \cos(fx+e)}{8} + \frac{3(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}}}{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} \right)}{(a+b)^5} + \frac{1}{16(a+b)^3(1+\cos(fx+e))}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(b/(a+b)^5*(((9/8*a^3-3/4*a^2*b+3/8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^3-1/8*b*(7*a^2+2*a*b-5*b^2)*cos(f*x+e))/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*(5*a^2-10*a*b+b^2)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(a*cos(f*x+e)/(a*b)^(1/2)))+1/16/(a+b)^3/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-3*a+9*b)/(a+b)^4/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/16/(a+b)^5*(-3*a^2+30*a*b-15*b^2)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))-1/16/(a+b)^3/(-1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-3*a+9*b)/(a+b)^4/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/16/(a+b)^5*(3*a^2-30*a*b+15*b^2)*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 901 vs. $2(237) = 474$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1833, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.13

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(6*(a^4 - 5*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(5*a^4 - 2
6*a^3*b + 26*a*b^3 - 5*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(19*a^3*b - 15*a^2*b^2 - 15
*a*b^3 + 19*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*((5*a^4 - 10*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^8 - 2*(5*a^4 - 15*a^3*b + 11*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (5*a^4
- 30*a^3*b + 46*a^2*b^2 - 14*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 5*a^2*b^2 - 10
*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(5*a^3*b - 15*a^2*b^2 + 11*a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*s
qrt(-b/a)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*sqrt(-b/a)*cos(f*x + e) - b)/(a*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 24*(a^2*b^2 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e) - 3*((a^4 - 10*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^4 - 11*a^3*b + 15*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3)*cos
(f*x + e)^6 + (a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 46*a^2*b^2 - 30*a*b^3 + 5*b^4)*cos(f*x + e
)^4 + a^2*b^2 - 10*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b - 11*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3 - 5*b^
4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 3*((a^4 - 10*a^3*b + 5*a^
2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^4 - 11*a^3*b + 15*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x
+ e)^6 + (a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 46*a^2*b^2 - 30*a*b^3 + 5*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
a^2*b^2 - 10*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b - 11*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3 - 5*b^4)*co
s(f*x + e)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2))/((a^7 + 5*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 +
10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 5
*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6*b
- 9*a^5*b^2 - 25*a^4*b^3 - 25*a^3*b^4 - 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6 + b^7)*f*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4*a*b^6 - b^7)...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 528 vs. $2(237) = 474$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{3(a^2 - 10ab + 5b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1)}{a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5} - \frac{3(a^2 - 10ab + 5b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1)}{a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5} - \frac{6(5a^2b - 10ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{(a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{1}{(a^6 + 6a^5b + 15a^4b^2 + 20a^3b^3 + 15a^2b^4 + 6ab^5 + b^6)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*(3*(a^2 - 10*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5) - 3*(a^2 - 10*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5) - 6*(5*a^2*b - 10*a*b^2 + b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/(a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5)*sqrt(a*b) - 2*(3*(a^3 - 6*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - (5*a^3 - 31*a^2*b + 31*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (19*a^2*b - 34*a*b^2 + 19*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 12*(a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^3 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^4 + 4*a*b^5 + b^6 + (a^6 - 9*a^4*b^2 - 16*a^3*b^3 - 9*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 - 2*a^2*b^4 - 3*a*b^5 - b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3(a^2-10ab+5b^2)\log(|-\cos(fx+e)+1|)}{16(a^5f+5a^4bf+10a^3b^2f+10a^2b^3f+5ab^4f+b^5f)} - \frac{3(a^2-10ab+5b^2)\log(|-\cos(fx+e)-1|)}{16(a^5f+5a^4bf+10a^3b^2f+10a^2b^3f+5ab^4f+b^5f)} + \frac{3(5a^2b-10ab^2+b^3)\arctan\left(\frac{a\cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8(a^5f+5a^4bf+10a^3b^2f+10a^2b^3f+5ab^4f+b^5f)\sqrt{ab}} + \frac{3a^3\cos(fx+e)^7-18a^2b\cos(fx+e)^7+3ab^2\cos(fx+e)^7-5a^3\cos(fx+e)^5+31a^2b\cos(fx+e)^3-19ab^2\cos(fx+e)^3+34a^2b^2\cos(fx+e)+12b^3\cos(fx+e)}{8(a^4f+4a^3bf+6a^2b^2f+4ab^3f+b^4f)(a\cos(fx+e)^4-a\cos(fx+e)^2+b\cos(fx+e)^2-b)^2}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/16*(a^2 - 10*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^5*f + 5*a^4*b*f + 10*a^3*b^2*f + 10*a^2*b^3*f + 5*a*b^4*f + b^5*f) - 3/16*(a^2 - 10*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a^5*f + 5*a^4*b*f + 10*a^3*b^2*f + 10*a^2*b^3*f + 5*a*b^4*f + b^5*f) + 3/8*(5*a^2*b - 10*a*b^2 + b^3)*arctan(a*cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b))/((a^5*f + 5*a^4*b*f + 10*a^3*b^2*f + 10*a^2*b^3*f + 5*a*b^4*f + b^5*f)*sqrt(a*b)) + 1/8*(3*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 18*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 5*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 31*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 31*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 5*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 19*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 34*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 19*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 12*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e) + 12*b^3*cos(f*x + e))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f)*(a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5613, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.84

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)`

output

```
(atan((((cos(e + f*x)*(9*a*b^6 - 180*a^6*b + 9*a^7 - 180*a^2*b^5 + 1215*a^3*b^4 - 1800*a^4*b^3 + 1215*a^5*b^2))/(32*(8*a*b^7 + 8*a^7*b + a^8 + b^8 + 28*a^2*b^6 + 56*a^3*b^5 + 70*a^4*b^4 + 56*a^5*b^3 + 28*a^6*b^2)) + (3*(-a*b)^(1/2)*((6*a^13*b - 6*a^2*b^12 - 54*a^3*b^11 - 210*a^4*b^10 - 450*a^5*b^9 - 540*a^6*b^8 - 252*a^7*b^7 + 252*a^8*b^6 + 540*a^9*b^5 + 450*a^10*b^4 + 210*a^11*b^3 + 54*a^12*b^2))/(12*a*b^11 + 12*a^11*b + a^12 + b^12 + 66*a^2*b^10 + 220*a^3*b^9 + 495*a^4*b^8 + 792*a^5*b^7 + 924*a^6*b^6 + 792*a^7*b^5 + 495*a^8*b^4 + 220*a^9*b^3 + 66*a^10*b^2)) - (3*cos(e + f*x)*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(5*a^2 - 10*a*b + b^2)*(2304*a^12*b + 256*a^13 - 256*a^2*b^11 - 2304*a^3*b^10 - 8960*a^4*b^9 - 19200*a^5*b^8 - 23040*a^6*b^7 - 10752*a^7*b^6 + 10752*a^8*b^5 + 23040*a^9*b^4 + 19200*a^10*b^3 + 8960*a^11*b^2)))/(512*(a*b^5 + 5*a^5*b + a^6 + 5*a^2*b^4 + 10*a^3*b^3 + 10*a^4*b^2))*(8*a*b^7 + 8*a^7*b + a^8 + b^8 + 28*a^2*b^6 + 56*a^3*b^5 + 70*a^4*b^4 + 56*a^5*b^3 + 28*a^6*b^2)))*(5*a^2 - 10*a*b + b^2))/(16*(a*b^5 + 5*a^5*b + a^6 + 5*a^2*b^4 + 10*a^3*b^3 + 10*a^4*b^2)))*(-a*b)^(1/2)*(5*a^2 - 10*a*b + b^2)*3i)/(16*(a*b^5 + 5*a^5*b + a^6 + 5*a^2*b^4 + 10*a^3*b^3 + 10*a^4*b^2)) + (((cos(e + f*x)*(9*a*b^6 - 180*a^6*b + 9*a^7 - 180*a^2*b^5 + 1215*a^3*b^4 - 1800*a^4*b^3 + 1215*a^5*b^2))/(32*(8*a*b^7 + 8*a^7*b + a^8 + b^8 + 28*a^2*b^6 + 56*a^3*b^5 + 70*a^4*b^4 + 56*a^5*b^3 + 28*a^6*b^2)) - (3*(-a*b)^(1/2)*((6*a^13*b - 6*a^2*b^12 - 54*a^3*b^11 - 210*a^4*b^10 - 450*a^5*b^9 - 540*a^6*b^8...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1988, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.74

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**4 + 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**3*b - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2*b**2 + 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4 - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b - 216*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**2 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**3 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 168*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**3 - 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**4 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**4 - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**3*b + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2*b**2 - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(...
```


3.60 $\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{5(a+2b)(a^2+16ab+16b^2)x}{16a^6} - \frac{5\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}(a+4b)(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^6 f} - \frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\cos(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{48a^3 f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{(9a+10b)\cos^3(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)\sin^3(e+fx)}{6af(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{5b(9a^2+32ab+24b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{48a^4 f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{5b(5a^2+20ab+16b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{16a^5 f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
5/16*(a+2*b)*(a^2+16*a*b+16*b^2)*x/a^6-5/8*b^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a+4*b)*(3*
a+4*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^6/f-1/48*(33*a^2+110*a*b+8
0*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/24*(9*a+10*b)*
cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(
f*x+e)^3/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-5/48*b*(9*a^2+32*a*b+24*b^2)*tan(f*x+e
)/a^4/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-5/16*b*(5*a^2+20*a*b+16*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^5
/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1639, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.22

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(5*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*sec[e + f*x]^6*((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*tan[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]]/(a + b)^(5/2) - (a*sqrt[b]*(3*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 3*a*(a + 2*b)*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*sin[2*(e + f*x)]/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)))/(65536*b^(5/2)*f*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) - (15*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*sec[e + f*x]^6*((-6*a^2*ArcTan[(sec[f*x]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*sin[f*x]) + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4])]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e]))/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4]) + (a*sec[2*e]*((-9*a^4 - 16*a^3*b + 48*a^2*b^2 + 128*a*b^3 + 64*b^4)*sin[2*f*x] + a*(-3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + (3*a^4 - 64*a^2*b^2 - 128*a*b^3 - 64*b^4)*sin[4*e + 2*f*x]) + (9*a^5 + 18*a^4*b - 64*a^3*b^2 - 256*a^2*b^3 - 320*a*b^4 - 128*b^5)*tan[2*e]))/(a^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)))/(262144*b^2*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) + (3*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*sec[e + f*x]^6*(-1536*(a + 2*b)*x - (3*(a^6 - 8*a^5*b + 120*a^4*b^2 + 1280*a^3*b^3 + 3200*a^2*b^4 + 3072*a*b^5 + 1024*b^6)*ArcTan[(sec[f*x]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*sin[f*x]) + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4])]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e]))/(b^2*(a + b)^(5/2)*f*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4]) + (4*(a^4 + 32*a^3*b + 160*a^2*b^2 + 256*a*b^3 + 128*b^4)*sec[2*e]*((a + 2*b)*sin[2*e] - a*sin[2*f*x]))/(b*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) + ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 440, 402, 27, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^6}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 4620

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{(a+b)(a^2+8ba+8b^2)-b(9a^2+32ba+24b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} dx}{5} \right)}{4a} = \frac{f}{6a}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{2(a+b)((a+b)(a^2+12ba+16b^2)-b(5a^2+20ba+16b^2))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} dx}{5} \right)}{4a} = \frac{f}{6a}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{(a+b)(a^2+12ba+16b^2)-b(5a^2+20ba+16b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} dx}{5} \right)}{4a} = \frac{f}{6a}$$

↓ 397

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{(a+2b)(a^2+16ab+16b^2)}{a} \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx) \right)}{5} \right)$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{(a+2b)(a^2+16ab+16b^2)}{a} \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \frac{2b(a+b)}{a} \right)}{5} \right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(33a^2+110ab+80b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{(a+2b)(a^2+16ab+16b^2)}{a} \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}}{a} \right)}{5} \right)$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\tan[e + f*x]^3 / (6*a*(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) \\ & - (-1/4*((9*a + 10*b)*\tan[e + f*x]) / (a*(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) \\ & + (((33*a^2 + 110*a*b + 80*b^2)*\tan[e + f*x]) / (2*a*(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) \\ & - (5*(-((b*(9*a^2 + 32*a*b + 24*b^2)*\tan[e + f*x]) / (a*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^2)) + (3*(((a + 2*b) \\ & *(a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[\tan[e + f*x]])) / a - (2*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a + b}*(a + 4*b) \\ & *(3*a + 4*b)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\tan[e + f*x]) / \sqrt{a + b}]) / a) / a - (b*(5*a^2 + 20*a*b + 16*b^2) \\ & *\tan[e + f*x]) / (a*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)))) / a) / (2*a)) / (4*a)) / (6*a)) / f \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 372

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \\ & \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^{3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1}) / (2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] \\ & + \text{Simp}[e^4 / (2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q * \text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + \\ & (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 397

$$\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2) / (((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f) / (b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f) / (b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$$

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b*2*(c*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(-\frac{27}{8}a^2b-3ab^2-\frac{11}{16}a^3\right)\tan(fx+e)^5+\left(-6a^2b-6ab^2-\frac{5}{6}a^3\right)\tan(fx+e)^3+\left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3-\frac{21}{8}a^2b-3ab^2\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{5(a^3+18a^2b+48ab^2+32b^3)\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)^3}}{a^6}$
default	$\frac{\left(-\frac{27}{8}a^2b-3ab^2-\frac{11}{16}a^3\right)\tan(fx+e)^5+\left(-6a^2b-6ab^2-\frac{5}{6}a^3\right)\tan(fx+e)^3+\left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3-\frac{21}{8}a^2b-3ab^2\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{5(a^3+18a^2b+48ab^2+32b^3)\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)^3}}{a^6}$
risch	$\frac{5x}{16a^3} + \frac{45xb}{8a^4} + \frac{15xb^2}{a^5} + \frac{10xb^3}{a^6} - \frac{3ie^{4i(fx+e)}b}{64a^4f} + \frac{3ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{128a^3f} - \frac{ie^{-6i(fx+e)}}{384a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^4f} - \frac{15ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{128a^3f}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{a^6} \cdot \left(\left(\left(-\frac{27}{8}a^2b - 3ab^2 - \frac{11}{16}a^3 \right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + \left(-6a^2b - 6ab^2 - \frac{5}{6}a^3 \right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{21}{8}a^2b - 3ab^2 \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{5(a^3 + 18a^2b + 48ab^2 + 32b^3)\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)^3} \right) \right) - (a+b) \cdot \frac{b}{a^6} \cdot \left(\left(\left(\frac{7}{8}a^2b + 2ab^2 \right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{1}{8}a \cdot (9a^2 + 25ab + 16b^2) \tan(fx+e) \right) / (a+b \cdot \tan(fx+e)^2)^2 + \frac{5}{8} \cdot (3a^2 + 16ab + 16b^2) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{(1/2)} \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \tan(fx+e) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{(1/2)}) \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 930, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(30*(a^5 + 18*a^4*b + 48*a^3*b^2 + 32*a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
60*(a^4*b + 18*a^3*b^2 + 48*a^2*b^3 + 32*a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 30*(a
^3*b^2 + 18*a^2*b^3 + 48*a*b^4 + 32*b^5)*f*x + 15*((3*a^4 + 16*a^3*b + 16*
a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3 + 16*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 16*
a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8
*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*co
s(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 2*(8*a^5*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 2*
(13*a^5 + 10*a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + (33*a^5 + 110*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2)*cos
(f*x + e)^5 + 20*(6*a^4*b + 23*a^3*b^2 + 18*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(
5*a^3*b^2 + 20*a^2*b^3 + 16*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^8*f*cos(
f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^7*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^6*b^2*f), 1/48*(15*(a^5 + 18*a^4
*b + 48*a^3*b^2 + 32*a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 30*(a^4*b + 18*a^3*b^2
+ 48*a^2*b^3 + 32*a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 15*(a^3*b^2 + 18*a^2*b^3 + 4
8*a*b^4 + 32*b^5)*f*x + 15*((3*a^4 + 16*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ 3*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3 + 16*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*cos
(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sq
rt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - (8*a^5*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 2*(13*
a^5 + 10*a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + (33*a^5 + 110*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^5 + 20*(6*a^4*b + 23*a^3*b^2 + 18*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(5...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{15(5a^2b^2 + 20ab^3 + 16b^4) \tan(fx+e)^9 + 40(3a^3b + 19a^2b^2 + 39ab^3 + 24b^4) \tan(fx+e)^7 + (33a^4 + 470a^3b + 1910a^2b^2 + 2880ab^3 + 1440b^4) \tan(fx+e)^5 + 40(a^4 + 14a^3b + 46a^2b^2 + 57ab^3 + 24b^4) \tan(fx+e)^3 + 15(a^4 + 14a^3b + 41a^2b^2 + 44ab^3 + 16b^4) \tan(fx+e)}{a^5b^2 \tan(fx+e)^{10} + (2a^6b + 5a^5b^2) \tan(fx+e)^8 + a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2 + (a^7 + 8a^6b + 10a^5b^2) \tan(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/48 * ((15 * (5 * a^2 * b^2 + 20 * a * b^3 + 16 * b^4) * \tan(f * x + e)^9 + 40 * (3 * a^3 * b + \\ & 19 * a^2 * b^2 + 39 * a * b^3 + 24 * b^4) * \tan(f * x + e)^7 + (33 * a^4 + 470 * a^3 * b + 191 \\ & 0 * a^2 * b^2 + 2880 * a * b^3 + 1440 * b^4) * \tan(f * x + e)^5 + 40 * (a^4 + 14 * a^3 * b + 4 \\ & 6 * a^2 * b^2 + 57 * a * b^3 + 24 * b^4) * \tan(f * x + e)^3 + 15 * (a^4 + 14 * a^3 * b + 41 * a^ \\ & 2 * b^2 + 44 * a * b^3 + 16 * b^4) * \tan(f * x + e)) / (a^5 * b^2 * \tan(f * x + e)^{10} + (2 * a^6 \\ & * b + 5 * a^5 * b^2) * \tan(f * x + e)^8 + a^7 + 2 * a^6 * b + a^5 * b^2 + (a^7 + 8 * a^6 * b \\ & + 10 * a^5 * b^2) * \tan(f * x + e)^6 + (3 * a^7 + 12 * a^6 * b + 10 * a^5 * b^2) * \tan(f * x + e \\ &)^4 + (3 * a^7 + 8 * a^6 * b + 5 * a^5 * b^2) * \tan(f * x + e)^2) - 15 * (a^3 + 18 * a^2 * b + \\ & 48 * a * b^2 + 32 * b^3) * (f * x + e) / a^6 + 30 * (3 * a^3 * b + 19 * a^2 * b^2 + 32 * a * b^3 + \\ & 16 * b^4) * \arctan(b * \tan(f * x + e) / \sqrt{(a + b) * b}) / (\sqrt{(a + b) * b} * a^6) / f \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$\frac{15(a^3 + 18a^2b + 48ab^2 + 32b^3)(fx+e)}{a^6} - \frac{30(3a^3b + 19a^2b^2 + 32ab^3 + 16b^4) \left(\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} a^6} - \frac{6(7a^2b^2 \tan(fx+e) + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/48*(15*(a^3 + 18*a^2*b + 48*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^6 - 30*(3*a^3*b
+ 19*a^2*b^2 + 32*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + a
rctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^6) - 6*(7*a^2*b^
2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 23*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 16*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^3
*b*tan(f*x + e) + 34*a^2*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 41*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e) + 16*b^4
*tan(f*x + e))/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2*a^5) - (33*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5
+ 162*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 144*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3
+ 288*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 288*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e) +
126*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 144*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3*a^5)
)/f

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2117, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.74

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(5*atan(((5*((tan(e + f*x))*(179200*a*b^8 + 51200*b^9 + 249600*a^2*b^7 + 17
6000*a^3*b^6 + 65800*a^4*b^5 + 12300*a^5*b^4 + 925*a^6*b^3)))/(128*a^10) -
(((20*a^12*b^5 + 35*a^13*b^4 + (65*a^14*b^3)/4 + (5*a^15*b^2)/4)/a^15 - (t
an(e + f*x)*(2048*a^12*b^3 + 1024*a^13*b^2)*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b
^2)*5i)/(4096*a^16))*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b^2)*5i)/(32*a^6))*(a +
2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b^2))/(32*a^6) + (5*((tan(e + f*x))*(179200*a*b^8 +
51200*b^9 + 249600*a^2*b^7 + 176000*a^3*b^6 + 65800*a^4*b^5 + 12300*a^5*b
^4 + 925*a^6*b^3)))/(128*a^10) + (((20*a^12*b^5 + 35*a^13*b^4 + (65*a^14*b^
3)/4 + (5*a^15*b^2)/4)/a^15 + (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^12*b^3 + 1024*a^13*b^2
)*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b^2)*5i)/(4096*a^16))*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a
^2 + 16*b^2)*5i)/(32*a^6))*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b^2))/(32*a^6)))/((
4750*a*b^10 + 1000*b^11 + (18875*a^2*b^9)/2 + (40625*a^3*b^8)/4 + (204875*
a^4*b^7)/32 + (305125*a^5*b^6)/128 + (256125*a^6*b^5)/512 + (53125*a^7*b^4
)/1024 + (1875*a^8*b^3)/1024)/a^15 - (((tan(e + f*x))*(179200*a*b^8 + 51200
*b^9 + 249600*a^2*b^7 + 176000*a^3*b^6 + 65800*a^4*b^5 + 12300*a^5*b^4 + 9
25*a^6*b^3)))/(128*a^10) - (((20*a^12*b^5 + 35*a^13*b^4 + (65*a^14*b^3)/4 +
(5*a^15*b^2)/4)/a^15 - (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^12*b^3 + 1024*a^13*b^2)*(a +
2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b^2)*5i)/(4096*a^16))*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 1
6*b^2)*5i)/(32*a^6))*(a + 2*b)*(16*a*b + a^2 + 16*b^2)*5i)/(32*a^6) + (((t
an(e + f*x))*(179200*a*b^8 + 51200*b^9 + 249600*a^2*b^7 + 176000*a^3*b^6...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1719, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```


3.61
$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3(a^2+12ab+16b^2)x}{8a^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^5\sqrt{a+b}f} - \frac{(5a+8b)\cos(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{8a^2f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{4af(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(7a+12b)\tan(e+fx)}{8a^3f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{3b(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a^4f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/8*(a^2+12*a*b+16*b^2)*x/a^5-3/8*b^(1/2)*(5*a^2+20*a*b+16*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^5/(a+b)^(1/2)/f-1/8*(5*a+8*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(7*a+12*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-3/2*b*(a+2*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2469, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.37

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
(3*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 3*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2))/(16384*b^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((-3*a*(a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) + (Sqrt[b]*(3*a^3 + 14*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3 + a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2))/(16384*b^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) - (3*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((2*(3*a^5 - 10*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2 + 480*a^2*b^3 + 640*a*b^4 + 256*b^5)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (Sec[2*e]*(256*b^2*(a + b)^2*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x*cos[2*e] + 512*a*b^2*(a + b)^2*(a + 2*b)*f*x*cos[2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 512*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2048*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2560*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 1024*a*b^5*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] - 9*a^6*Sin[2*e] + 12*a^5*b*Sin[2*e]...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 402, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \int \frac{-((4a+7b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \int \frac{(a+b)(3a+8b)-5b(5a+8b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{12(a+b)((a+b)(a+4b)-b(7a+12b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{2a}{4a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3\int \frac{(a+b)(a+4b)-b(7a+12b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b}{a}}{4a} - \frac{f}{2a}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3\int \frac{2(a+b)(a^2+8ba+8b^2-4b(a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b}{a}}{4a} - \frac{f}{2a}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3\left(\int \frac{a^2+8ba+8b^2-4b(a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{4}{a}\right)}{a} - \frac{b}{a}}{4a} - \frac{f}{2a}$$

↓ 397

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3\left(\frac{(a^2+12ab+16b^2)}{a}\int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a^2+20ab+16b^2)}{a}\right)}{a} - \frac{b}{a}}{4a} - \frac{f}{2a}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{3\left(\frac{(a^2+12ab+16b^2)}{a}\arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \frac{b(5a^2+20ab+16b^2)}{a}\right)}{a} - \frac{b}{a}}{4a} - \frac{f}{2a}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{(a^2+12ab+16b^2)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(5a^2+20ab+16b^2)}{a} \right)}{4a}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (((5*a + 8*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) - ((b*(7*a + 12*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2)) + (3*(((a^2 + 12*a*b + 16*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(5*a^2 + 20*a*b + 16*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))) / a - (4*b*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x]) / (a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))) / a) / (2*a)) / (4*a)) / f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 372

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7}{8} a^2 b + \frac{3}{2} a b^2 \right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3a(3a^2+7ab+4b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{8}}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{3(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^5} + \frac{\left(-\frac{3}{2} ab - \frac{5}{8} a^2 \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7}{8} a^2 b + \frac{3}{2} a b^2 \right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3a(3a^2+7ab+4b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{8}}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{3(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^5} + \frac{\left(-\frac{3}{2} ab - \frac{5}{8} a^2 \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{8a^3} + \frac{9xb}{2a^4} + \frac{6xb^2}{a^5} + \frac{ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{64a^3f} - \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{64a^3f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} - \frac{ib(9a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+36a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+36ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+b^3e^{6i(fx+e)})}{64a^3f}$

```
input int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-b/a^5*(((7/8*a^2*b+3/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+3/8*a*(3*a^2+7*a*b+4*b^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*(5*a^2+20*a*b+16*b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^5*(((3/2*a*b-5/8*a^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-3/8*a^2-3/2*a*b)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*(a^2+12*a*b+16*b^2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 803, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(12*(a^4 + 12*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 24*(a^3*b + 12*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 12*(a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*f*x + 3*((5*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 5*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 16*b^4 + 2*(5*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*(2*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - (5*a^4 + 8*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (19*a^3*b + 36*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 12*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^7*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^6*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b^2*f), 1/16*(6*(a^4 + 12*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 12*(a^3*b + 12*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 6*(a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*f*x + 3*((5*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 5*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 16*b^4 + 2*(5*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + 2*(2*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - (5*a^4 + 8*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (19*a^3*b + 36*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 12*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^7*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^6*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{12(ab^2+2b^3)\tan(fx+e)^7+(19a^2b+72ab^2+72b^3)\tan(fx+e)^5+(5a^3+46a^2b+108ab^2+72b^3)\tan(fx+e)^3+3(a^3+9a^2b+16ab^2+8b^3)\tan(fx+e)}{a^4b^2\tan(fx+e)^8+2(a^5b+2a^4b^2)\tan(fx+e)^6+a^6+2a^5b+a^4b^2+(a^6+6a^5b+6a^4b^2)\tan(fx+e)^4+2(a^6+3a^5b+2a^4b^2)\tan(fx+e)^2} - \frac{8f}{f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*((12*(a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (19*a^2*b + 72*a*b^2 + 72*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (5*a^3 + 46*a^2*b + 108*a*b^2 + 72*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a^3 + 9*a^2*b + 16*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^4*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^8 + 2*(a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2 + (a^6 + 6*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 3*(a^2 + 12*a*b + 16*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^5 + 3*(5*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^5)) /f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$\frac{3(a^2+12ab+16b^2)(fx+e)}{a^5} - \frac{3(5a^2b+20ab^2+16b^3)\left(\pi\left\lfloor\frac{fx+e}{\pi}+\frac{1}{2}\right\rfloor\operatorname{sgn}(b)+\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^5} - \frac{12ab^2\tan(fx+e)^7+24b^3\tan(fx+e)^5}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*(3*(a^2 + 12*a*b + 16*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^5 - 3*(5*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 16*
b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b
+ b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^5) - (12*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 24*b^3*tan(f*
x + e)^7 + 19*a^2*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 72*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 72*b^3*tan(
f*x + e)^5 + 5*a^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 46*a^2*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 108*a*b^2*ta
n(f*x + e)^3 + 72*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a^3*tan(f*x + e) + 27*a^2*b*tan(f
*x + e) + 48*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 24*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/(b*tan(f*x + e)^4
+ a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2*a^4)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1317, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.53

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(4608*a*b^6 + 2304*b^7 + 3312*a^2*b^5 + 1008*a^3*b^
4 + 117*a^4*b^3))/(16*a^8) - (3*((12*a^10*b^4 + 12*a^11*b^3 + (3*a^12*b^2)
/2)/a^12 - (3*tan(e + f*x)*(256*a^10*b^3 + 128*a^11*b^2)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2
))*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(256*a^8*(a^5*b + a^6)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*
(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(16*(a^5*b + a^6)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b +
5*a^2 + 16*b^2)*3i)/(16*(a^5*b + a^6)) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(4608*a*b^6 + 23
04*b^7 + 3312*a^2*b^5 + 1008*a^3*b^4 + 117*a^4*b^3))/(16*a^8) + (3*((12*a^
10*b^4 + 12*a^11*b^3 + (3*a^12*b^2)/2)/a^12 + (3*tan(e + f*x)*(256*a^10*b^
3 + 128*a^11*b^2)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(256*a^8*(
a^5*b + a^6)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(16*(a^5*b +
a^6)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2)*3i)/(16*(a^5*b + a^6)
))/((540*a*b^7 + 216*b^8 + (999*a^2*b^6)/2 + (837*a^3*b^5)/4 + (1215*a^4*b^
4)/32 + (135*a^5*b^3)/64)/a^12 - (3*((tan(e + f*x)*(4608*a*b^6 + 2304*b^7
+ 3312*a^2*b^5 + 1008*a^3*b^4 + 117*a^4*b^3))/(16*a^8) - (3*((12*a^10*b^4
+ 12*a^11*b^3 + (3*a^12*b^2)/2)/a^12 - (3*tan(e + f*x)*(256*a^10*b^3 + 128
*a^11*b^2)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(256*a^8*(a^5*b +
a^6)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(16*(a^5*b + a^6)))*
(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*(20*a*b + 5*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(16*(a^5*b + a^6)) + (3*((ta
n(e + f*x)*(4608*a*b^6 + 2304*b^7 + 3312*a^2*b^5 + 1008*a^3*b^4 + 117*a^4*
b^3))/(16*a^8) + (3*((12*a^10*b^4 + 12*a^11*b^3 + (3*a^12*b^2)/2)/a^12 ...
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1736, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.29

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 150*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 216*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 183*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 156*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30...`

3.62
$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	681
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	682
Rubi [A] (verified)	683
Maple [A] (verified)	686
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	686
Sympy [F(-1)]	687
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	688
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	689
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(a+6b)x}{2a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+40ab+24b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^4(a+b)^{3/2}f}$$

$$- \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)}{4a^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(11a+12b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+6*b)*x/a^4-1/8*b^(1/2)*(15*a^2+40*a*b+24*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-3/4*b*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(11*a+12*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 14.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1915, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.41

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
(5*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 3*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2)))/(8192*b^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((-3*a*(a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) + (Sqrt[b]*(3*a^3 + 14*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3 + a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2)))/(2048*b^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) - ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((2*(3*a^5 - 10*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2 + 480*a^2*b^3 + 640*a*b^4 + 256*b^5)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (Sec[2*e]*(256*b^2*(a + b)^2*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x*cos[2*e] + 512*a*b^2*(a + b)^2*(a + 2*b)*f*x*cos[2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 512*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2048*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2560*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 1024*a*b^5*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] - 9*a^6*Sin[2*e] + 12*a^5*b*Sin[2*e] + ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 373, 402, 27, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-5b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2(a+b)(-9b\tan^2(e+fx)+2a+3b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{3b\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-9b\tan^2(e+fx)+2a+3b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{3b\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{4a^2+17ba+12b^2-b(11a+12b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{b(11a+12b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3b\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

397

$$\frac{4(a+b)(a+6b)\int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{b(15a^2+40ab+24b^2)\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+12b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3b\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

216

$$\frac{4(a+b)(a+6b)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2+40ab+24b^2)\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+12b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3b\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

218

$$\frac{4(a+b)(a+6b)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+40ab+24b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+12b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{3b\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*Tan[e + f*x]/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-3*b*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((4*(a + b)*(a + 6*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(15*a^2 + 40*a*b + 24*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(11*a + 12*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*a))/(2*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 373 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(m-1) + d*(m+2*p+2*q+3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + a(9a+8b)\tan(fx+e)}{8a+8b} + \frac{(15a^2+40ab+24b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^4} + \frac{-\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+6b)}{a^4}}{f}$
default	$\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + a(9a+8b)\tan(fx+e)}{8a+8b} + \frac{(15a^2+40ab+24b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^4} + \frac{-\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+6b)}{a^4}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{x}{2a^3} + \frac{3xb}{a^4} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} - \frac{ib(9a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+32a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+24ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+27a^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+4a^4)}{4a^4}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/a^4*b*((1/8*a*b*(7*a+8*b)/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*a*(9*a+8*b)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(15*a^2+40*a*b+24*b^2)/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^4*(-1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a+6*b)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 364 vs. 2(166) = 332.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*(16*(a^4 + 7*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*(a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a^2*b^2 + 7*a*b^3 + 6*b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 40*a^3*b + 24*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 40*a*b^3 + 24*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 40*a^2*b^2 + 24*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(4*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (17*a^3*b + 18*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (11*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f), 1/16*(8*(a^4 + 7*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 16*(a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(a^2*b^2 + 7*a*b^3 + 6*b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 40*a^3*b + 24*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 40*a*b^3 + 24*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 40*a^2*b^2 + 24*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 2*(4*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (17*a^3*b + 18*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (11*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{(15a^2b + 40ab^2 + 24b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + a^4b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(11ab^2 + 12b^3) \tan(fx + e)^5 + (17a^2b + 40ab^2 + 24b^3) \tan(fx + e)^3 + (4a^3 + 21a^2b + 29ab^2 + 12b^3) \tan(fx + e)}{(a^4b^2 + a^3b^3) \tan(fx + e)^6 + a^6 + 3a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + a^3b^3 + (2a^5b + 5a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3) \tan(fx + e)^4 + (a^6 + 5a^5b + 7a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3) \tan(fx + e)^2 - 4(fx + e)(a + 6b)/a^4} {8f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 24*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((11*a*b^2 + 12*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (17*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 24*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (4*a^3 + 21*a^2*b + 29*a*b^2 + 12*b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/((a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3 + (2*a^5*b + 5*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + (a^6 + 5*a^5*b + 7*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 4*(f*x + e)*(a + 6*b)/a^4)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{(15a^2b + 40ab^2 + 24b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx + e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^5 + a^4b)\sqrt{ab + b^2}} + \frac{7ab^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 8b^3 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 9a^2b \tan(fx + e) + 17ab^2 \tan(fx + e)}{(a^4 + a^3b)(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 24*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b)
+ arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*sqrt(a*b + b^2))
+ (7*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 8*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^2*b*tan(f*x + e) +
17*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 8*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*(b*tan(f*x + e)
^2 + a + b)^2) - 4*(f*x + e)*(a + 6*b)/a^4 + 4*tan(f*x + e)/((tan(f*x + e)
^2 + 1)*a^3))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2628, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.28

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(3264*a*b^6 + 1152*b^7 + 3296*a^2*b^5 + 1424*a^3*b^4
+ 241*a^4*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) - (((6*a^8*b^5 + (29*a^9*b
b^4)/2 + (21*a^10*b^3)/2 + 2*a^11*b^2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b^2) - (tan(
e + f*x)*(a*1i + b*6i)*(512*a^8*b^5 + 1280*a^9*b^4 + 1024*a^10*b^3 + 256*a
^11*b^2))/(128*a^4*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)))*(a*1i + b*6i))/(4*a^4))*(a*
1i + b*6i)*1i)/(4*a^4) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(3264*a*b^6 + 1152*b^7 + 3296*a^2
*b^5 + 1424*a^3*b^4 + 241*a^4*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) + (((6*
a^8*b^5 + (29*a^9*b^4)/2 + (21*a^10*b^3)/2 + 2*a^11*b^2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11
+ a^9*b^2) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a*1i + b*6i)*(512*a^8*b^5 + 1280*a^9*b^4 + 102
4*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^4*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)))*(a*1i + b
*6i))/(4*a^4))*(a*1i + b*6i)*1i)/(4*a^4))/(((297*a*b^6)/4 + 27*b^7 + (279*
a^2*b^5)/4 + (805*a^3*b^4)/32 + (165*a^4*b^3)/64)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b
^2) - (((tan(e + f*x)*(3264*a*b^6 + 1152*b^7 + 3296*a^2*b^5 + 1424*a^3*b^4
+ 241*a^4*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) - (((6*a^8*b^5 + (29*a^9*b
^4)/2 + (21*a^10*b^3)/2 + 2*a^11*b^2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b^2) - (tan(e
+ f*x)*(a*1i + b*6i)*(512*a^8*b^5 + 1280*a^9*b^4 + 1024*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^
11*b^2))/(128*a^4*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)))*(a*1i + b*6i))/(4*a^4))*(a*1
i + b*6i))/(4*a^4) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(3264*a*b^6 + 1152*b^7 + 3296*a^2*b^5
+ 1424*a^3*b^4 + 241*a^4*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) + (((6*a^8*
b^5 + (29*a^9*b^4)/2 + (21*a^10*b^3)/2 + 2*a^11*b^2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1738, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.45

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 40*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 110*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 128*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 70*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 119*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 88*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 40*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*...
```

3.63 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	691
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Rubi [A] (verified)	692
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output $x/a^3-1/8*b^{(1/2)}*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^3/(a+b)^{(5/2)}/f-1/4*b*\tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(7*a+4*b)*\tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(8x(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 + \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - \sin(2e + fx))}{\cos(e) - \sin(e)}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - \sin(e))^4}} \right)}{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \sec^6(e + fx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(8*x*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + (b*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/((a + b)^(5/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) - (4*b^2*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])) + (b*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((9*a^2 + 28*a*b + 16*b^2)*Sin[2*e] - 3*a*(3*a + 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)^2*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))) / (64*a^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
& \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^3} d \tan(e + fx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
& \int \frac{-3b \tan^2(e + fx) + 4a + b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
& \int \frac{8a^2 + 9ba + 4b^2 - b(7a + 4b) \tan^2(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
& \frac{8(a + b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)} - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& \frac{8(a + b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)} - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{8(a + b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2a(a + b)} - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/4*(b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((8*(a + b)^2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x]])/a - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*\text{ArcTan} \\ & [(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b]])/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(7*a + 4*b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b))/f \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 316

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} \\ & [(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ ! \\ & (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 397

$$\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$$

rule 402

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_})*((e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \\ & \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \end{aligned}$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{ib(9a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+28a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+16ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+27a^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+90a^2be^{4i(fx+e)}+120ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+48b^3e^{4i(fx+e)})}{4a^3(a+b)^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)})}$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b/a^3*((1/8*a*b*(7*a+4*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(9*a+4*b)*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 819, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(32*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 64*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 32*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(3*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f), 1/16*(16*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)) - 2*(3*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-3), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^2b + 20ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(7ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a^2b + 13ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)}{a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4 + (a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 2(a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3)}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) /((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((7*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (9*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4 + (a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^2b + 20ab^2 + 8b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{7ab^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 9a^2b \tan(fx+e) + 13ab^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) +
arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(a
*b + b^2)) + (7*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^2*b*tan(
f*x + e) + 13*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a
^2*b^2)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3271, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
atan((((((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 + 2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/(2*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/a^3 - (((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 + 2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/(2*a^3) - (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/a^3)/(((17*a*b^5)/4 + b^6 + (25*a^2*b^4)/4 + (105*a^3*b^3)/32)/(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2) + (((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 + 2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))*1i)/(2*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3)*1i)/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2))...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1496, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 70*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 56*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 50*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 36*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)...
```

3.64 $\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	701
Rubi [A] (verified)	702
Maple [A] (verified)	704
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	704
Sympy [F(-1)]	705
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	706
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	706
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	707
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	707

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{15\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{15 \cot(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^3f} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{4(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{5 \cot(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-15/8*b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-15/8*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f+1/4*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+5/8*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 749, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(\frac{120b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx) + a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right) (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^6(e+fx)}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((120*b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[2*e]*((-32*a^4 - 64*a^3*b + 22*a^2*b^2 + 80*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*Sin[f*x] + 2*a*(16*a^3 + 23*a^2*b - 27*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*Sin[3*f*x] - 4*8*a^4*Sin[2*e - f*x] - 128*a^3*b*Sin[2*e - f*x] - 106*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e - f*x] + 80*a*b^3*Sin[2*e - f*x] + 16*b^4*Sin[2*e - f*x] + 48*a^4*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 146*a^3*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 182*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 80*a*b^3*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 16*b^4*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 32*a^4*Sin[4*e + f*x] - 82*a^3*b*Sin[4*e + f*x] - 54*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e + f*x] - 80*a*b^3*Sin[4*e + f*x] - 16*b^4*Sin[4*e + f*x] - 8*a^4*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 18*a^3*b*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 54*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 8*a*b^3*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 32*a^4*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 73*a^3*b*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 24*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 8*a*b^3*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 8*a^4*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] - 9*a^3*b*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] - 24*a^2*b^2*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] - 8*a*b^3*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] + 8*a^4*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] - 9*a^3*b*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] - 2*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] + 9*a^3*b*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 2*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 8*a^4*Sin[6*e + 5*f*x]))/a^2)/(512*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 253, 253, 264, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^2 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{253} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{253} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b}}{(a+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Cot[e + f*x]/(4*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (5*((3*(-((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2)) - Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b)))/(2*(a + b)) + Cot[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 253 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + 2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 264 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/32*(4*(8*a^2 - 9*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 20*(5*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 60*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/16*(2*(8*a^2 - 9*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 10*(5*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) + 30*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{15 b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{15 b^2 \tan(fx+e)^4+25 (ab+b^2) \tan(fx+e)^2+8 a^2+16 ab+8 b^2}{(a^3 b^2+3 a^2 b^3+3 a b^4+b^5) \tan(fx+e)^5+2 (a^4 b+4 a^3 b^2+6 a^2 b^3+4 a b^4+b^5) \tan(fx+e)^3+(a^5+5 a^4 b+10 a^3 b^2+5 a^2 b^3+5 a b^4+b^5) \tan(fx+e)} \frac{1}{8 f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-1/8*(15*b*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{(a + b)*b}))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*\sqrt{(a + b)*b}) + (15*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)^4 + 25*(a*b + b^2)*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a^2 + 16*a*b + 8*b^2)/((a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5)*\tan(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5)*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + (a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5)*\tan(f*x + e)))/f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{15 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) b}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{7 b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3+9 a b \tan(fx+e)+9 b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3)(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)} + \frac{8}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 a b^2+b^3) \tan(fx+e)} \frac{1}{8 f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*(15*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt
(a*b + b^2)))*b/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (7*b^2
*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 9*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b
+ 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) + 8/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a
b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{a+b} + \frac{25 b \tan(e+fx)^2}{8(a+b)^2} + \frac{15 b^2 \tan(e+fx)^4}{8(a+b)^3}}{f (\tan(e + fx)^3 (2b^2 + 2ab) + \tan(e + fx) (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^5)}$$

$$- \frac{15 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx) (a^3 + 3a^2 b + 3ab^2 + b^3)}{(a+b)^{7/2}}\right)}{8 f (a+b)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)
```

output

```
- (1/(a + b) + (25*b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(8*(a + b)^2) + (15*b^2*tan(e + f*x)^
4)/(8*(a + b)^3))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^3*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + tan(e + f*x)*(2*a*b
+ a^2 + b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^5)) - (15*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f
*x)*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3))/(a + b)^(7/2)))/(8*f*(a + b)^(7/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 922, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.44

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b**2 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 11*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**3 + 16*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 23*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 9*cos(e ...
```

3.65 $\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{5(3a-4b)\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{9/2}f} - \frac{(a-2b) \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{(7a-4b)b \tan(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^4 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-5/8*(3*a-4*b)*b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(9/2)/
f-(a-2*b)*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*a*b*tan(f*x+
e)/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*(7*a-4*b)*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(
a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 994, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(\frac{480(3a-4b)b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b)\sin(fx) + a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right)}{(a+2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx)}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((480*(3*a - 4*b)*b*ArcTan[
(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]
)))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e +
f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])
^4]) - (Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sec[2*e]*(4*(44*a^4 + 122*a^3*b + 63*a^2*b^2
+ 126*a*b^3 + 36*b^4)*Sin[f*x] + (-96*a^4 - 71*a^3*b + 344*a^2*b^2 - 1208
*a*b^3 + 48*b^4)*Sin[3*f*x] + 224*a^4*Sin[2*e - f*x] + 576*a^3*b*Sin[2*e -
f*x] + 124*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e - f*x] - 2184*a*b^3*Sin[2*e - f*x] + 144*b^4*S
in[2*e - f*x] - 224*a^4*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 657*a^3*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 538*a^
2*b^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 984*a*b^3*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 144*b^4*Sin[2*e + f*x] +
176*a^4*Sin[4*e + f*x] + 569*a^3*b*Sin[4*e + f*x] + 666*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e +
f*x] + 1704*a*b^3*Sin[4*e + f*x] - 144*b^4*Sin[4*e + f*x] + 48*a^4*Sin[2*
e + 3*f*x] + 111*a^3*b*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 360*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 3
12*a*b^3*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 48*b^4*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 96*a^4*Sin[4*e + 3*f
*x] - 152*a^3*b*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 146*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 728*a*b^
3*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 48*b^4*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 48*a^4*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] + 1
92*a^3*b*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] + 558*a^2*b^2*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] - 168*a*b^3*Sin[6
*e + 3*f*x] + 48*b^4*Sin[6*e + 3*f*x] + 16*a^4*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] - 598*a^2*
b^2*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] + 48*a*b^3*Sin[2*e + 5*f*x] + 72*a^3*b*Sin[4*e + 5*f*
x] + 150*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] - 48*a*b^3*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 16*a^4*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 361, 25, 1582, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}b \int -\frac{\cot^4(e+fx)\left(-\frac{3a\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{4a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{4}{b(a+b)}\right)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{ab\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)\left(-\frac{3a\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{4a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{4}{b(a+b)}\right)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{ab\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1582} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}b \left(\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)\left(-\frac{(7a-4b)b^2\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b} + 8(a-b)b\tan^2(e+fx) + 8b(a+b)\right)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{(7a-4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{ab\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1584}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\int \left(8b \cot^4(e+fx) + \frac{8(a-2b)b \cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{5b^2(4b-3a)}{(a+b)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right) d \tan(e+fx)}{2b^2(a+b)^3} - \frac{(7a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{f} - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{-\frac{5b^{3/2}(3a-4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{8b(a-2b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{8}{3}b \cot^3(e+fx)}{2b^2(a+b)^3} - \frac{(7a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{f} - \frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(a*b*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (b*((-5*(3*a - 4*b)*b^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2) - (8*(a - 2*b)*b*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b) - (8*b*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/3)/(2*b^2*(a + b)^3) - ((7*a - 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)^4*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2)]/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 1582

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*e^(2*p + m/2)*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)/(2*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[Together[(1/(d + e*x^2))*(2*(-d)^(-m/2 + 1)*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p/(e^(m/2)*x^m))*(d + e*(2*q + 3)*x^2))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0]
```

rule 1584

```
Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```


output

```

[-1/96*(4*(16*a^3 - 83*a^2*b + 6*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 4*(24*a^3 - 134*a
^2*b + 145*a*b^2 - 12*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 20*(15*a^2*b - 32*a*b^2 + 16*b
^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*((3*a^3 - 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (3*a^3 - 10*a^
2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*a*b^2 + 4*b^3 - (6*a^2*b - 11*a*b^2 + 4*
b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*
x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/
(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) - 60*(3*a*
b^2 - 4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*
b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a^4*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^3 - 7*a^2*b^4
- 2*a*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^5*b + 7*a^4*b^2 + 8*a^3*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^
4 - 2*a*b^5 - b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^4 + 4
*a*b^5 + b^6)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/48*(2*(16*a^3 - 83*a^2*b + 6*a*b^2)*cos
(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(24*a^3 - 134*a^2*b + 145*a*b^2 - 12*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 -
10*(15*a^2*b - 32*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*((3*a^3 - 4*a^2*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^6 - (3*a^3 - 10*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*a*b^2 + 4
*b^3 - (6*a^2*b - 11*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan
(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*
x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 30*(3*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^6 + 4*a^5*
b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b ...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{15(3ab - 4b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{15(3ab^2 - 4b^3) \tan(fx + e)^6 + 25(3a^2b - ab^2 - 4b^3) \tan(fx + e)^4 + 8a^3 + 24a^2b}{(a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + 6a^2b^4 + 4ab^5 + b^6) \tan(fx + e)^7 + 2(a^5b + 5a^4b^2 + 10a^3b^3 + 10a^2b^4 + 5ab^5 + b^6) \tan(fx + e)^5 + (a^6 + 6a^5b + 15a^4b^2 + 20a^3b^3 + 15a^2b^4 + 6ab^5 + b^6) \tan(fx + e)^3} / f$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/24*(15*(3*a*b - 4*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (15*(3*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + 25*(3*a^2*b - a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^3 + 24*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 8*b^3 + 8*(3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^4 + 4*a*b^5 + b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 2*(a^5*b + 5*a^4*b^2 + 10*a^3*b^3 + 10*a^2*b^4 + 5*a*b^5 + b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (a^6 + 6*a^5*b + 15*a^4*b^2 + 20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 6*a*b^5 + b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{15 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) (3ab - 4b^2)}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{3(7ab^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 4b^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 9a^2b \tan(fx+e) + 5ab^2 \tan(fx+e))}{(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/24*(15*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*(3*a*b - 4*b^2)/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 3*(7*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^2*b*tan(f*x + e) + 5*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) - 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) + 8*(3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 6*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3(a+b)} + \frac{25 \tan(e+fx)^4 (3ab-4b^2)}{24(a+b)^3} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2 (3a-4b)}{3(a+b)^2} + \frac{5 \tan(e+fx)^6 (3ab^2-4b^3)}{8(a+b)^4}}{f (\tan(e + fx)^3 (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) + \tan(e + fx)^5 (2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^7)}$$

$$\frac{5 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx) (a^4 + 4a^3 b + 6a^2 b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)}{(a+b)^{9/2}}\right) (3a - 4b)}{8 f (a + b)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)
```

output

```
- (1/(3*(a + b)) + (25*tan(e + f*x)^4*(3*a*b - 4*b^2))/(24*(a + b)^3) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(3*a - 4*b))/(3*(a + b)^2) + (5*tan(e + f*x)^6*(3*a*b^2 - 4*b^3))/(8*(a + b)^4))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^3*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2) + tan(e + f*x)^5*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^7)) - (5*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x)*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2))/(a + b)^(9/2))*(3*a - 4*b))/(8*f*(a + b)^(9/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1367, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.34

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output `(- 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**2 - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 75*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**3 - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3 + 60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b + 90*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**2 - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*...`

3.66
$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	719
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	720
Rubi [A] (verified)	720
Maple [A] (verified)	724
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	724
Sympy [F(-1)]	725
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	726
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	726
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	727
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	728

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 - 40ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{11/2} f} - \frac{(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^5 f} - \frac{(2a-b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{a^2 b \tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^4 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{a(7a-8b)b \tan(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^5 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-1/8*b^(1/2)*(15*a^2-40*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/
(a+b)^(11/2)/f-(a^2-4*a*b+b^2)*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^5/f-1/3*(2*a-b)*cot(f*x+e)
^3/(a+b)^4/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*a^2*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(a+
b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*a*(7*a-8*b)*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^5/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+
e)^2)
```


Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(-8(4a - 11b)(a + b)(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \cot(e) \csc^2(e) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(-8*(4*a - 11*b)*(a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Cot[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^2 - 24*(a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Cot[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^4 + (15*b*(15*a^2 - 40*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + 8*(8*a^2 - 59*a*b + 23*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sin[f*x] + 8*(4*a - 11*b)*(a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sin[f*x] + 24*(a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sin[f*x] - 60*b^2*(a + b)*Sec[2*e]*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]) + 15*b*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[2*e]*((9*a^2 + 16*a*b - 8*b^2)*Sin[2*e] + 3*a*(-3*a + 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/(960*(a + b)^5*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 361, 25, 1582, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{365} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+10a+b)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}b \int \left(-\frac{\cot^4(e+fx)\left(-\frac{3(5a^2+4b^2)\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{4(5a^2+4b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{4(10a+b)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a^2+4b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \right)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}b \int \left(-\frac{\cot^4(e+fx)\left(-\frac{3(5a^2+4b^2)\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{4(5a^2+4b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{b(a+b)^2} + \frac{4(10a+b)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a^2+4b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \right)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1582} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)\left(-\frac{b^2(35a^2-40ba+24b^2)\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b} + 8b(5a^2-10ba+3b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+8b(a+b)(10a+b) \right)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{(35a^2-40ab+24b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{5(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1584}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\int \left(8b(10a+b) \cot^4(e+fx) + \frac{8b(5a^2-20ba+2b^2) \cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{5b^2(15a^2-40ba+8b^2)}{(a+b)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right) d \tan(e+fx)}{2b^2(a+b)^3} - \frac{(35a^2-40ab+24b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) - \frac{b(5a^2+4)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} \quad f$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{-\frac{5b^{3/2}(15a^2-40ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{8b(5a^2-20ab+2b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{8}{3}b(10a+b) \cot^3(e+fx) - \frac{(35a^2-40ab+24b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) - \frac{b(5a^2+4)}{4(a+b)^3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} \quad f$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/5*Cot[e + f*x]^5/((a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (-1/4*(b*(5*a^2 + 4*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (b*((-5*b^(3/2)*(15*a^2 - 40*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2) - (8*b*(5*a^2 - 20*a*b + 2*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b) - (8*b*(10*a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/3)/(2*b^2*(a + b)^3) - ((35*a^2 - 40*a*b + 24*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)^4*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/(5*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2))]/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

rule 365

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^2, x_
_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x]
- Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p
+ 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1582

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^
4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p*x*((d
+ e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*e^(2*p + m/2)*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)/(2*e^
(2*p)*(q + 1)) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[Together[(1/(d + e
*x^2))*(2*(-d)^(-m/2 + 1)*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - ((c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)^p/(e^(m/2)*x^m))*(d + e*(2*q + 3)*x^2)], x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]
&& ILtQ[m/2, 0]
```

rule 1584

```
Int[((f._)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (
c._)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*
(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[
b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e._) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{2a-b}{3(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2-4ab+b^2}{(a+b)^5 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7}{8}a^2b-ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{a(9a^2+ab-8b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{8}}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} \right)}{(a+b)^5}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{2a-b}{3(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2-4ab+b^2}{(a+b)^5 \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7}{8}a^2b-ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{a(9a^2+ab-8b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{8}}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} \right)}{(a+b)^5}}{f}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/5/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)^5-1/3*(2*a-b)/(a+b)^4/tan(f*x+e)^3-(a^2-4*a*b+b^2)/(a+b)^5/tan(f*x+e)-b/(a+b)^5*((7/8*a^2*b-a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*a*(9*a^2+a*b-8*b^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2+1/8*(15*a^2-40*a*b+8*b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 668 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1423, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.84

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/480*(4*(64*a^4 - 607*a^3*b + 274*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 4*(160*a^4
- 1533*a^3*b + 1599*a^2*b^2 - 488*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 4*(120*a^4 - 120
5*a^3*b + 2769*a^2*b^2 - 1392*a*b^3 + 184*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 20*(75*a^3
*b - 305*a^2*b^2 + 320*a*b^3 - 56*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*((15*a^4 - 40*a
^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(15*a^4 - 55*a^3*b + 48*a^2*b^2 - 8*a
*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (15*a^4 - 100*a^3*b + 183*a^2*b^2 - 72*a*b^3 + 8*b^
4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 - 40*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b - 55*a^2*b
^2 + 48*a*b^3 - 8*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b
+ 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a
*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*si
n(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f
*x + e) + 60*(15*a^2*b^2 - 40*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))/(((a^7 + 5*a^6*
b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a
^7 + 4*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6
+ (a^7 + a^6*b - 9*a^5*b^2 - 25*a^4*b^3 - 25*a^3*b^4 - 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6
+ b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4
*a*b^6 - b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^
2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/240*(2*(64*a^4 - 607*a^3*b + 2
74*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 2*(160*a^4 - 1533*a^3*b + 1599*a^2*b^2 - 488*
a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 2*(120*a^4 - 1205*a^3*b + 2769*a^2*b^2 - 1392*a...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 434 vs. $2(190) = 380$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{15(15a^2b - 40ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{15(15a^2b^2 - 40ab^3 + 8b^4) \tan(fx+e)^8 + 25(15a^3b - 25a^2b^2 - 32ab^3 + 8b^4) \tan(fx+e)}{(a^5b^2 + 5a^4b^3 + 10a^3b^4 + 10a^2b^5 + 5ab^6 + b^7) \tan(fx+e)^9 + 2(a^6b + b^7)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/120*(15*(15*a^2*b - 40*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (15*(15*a^2*b^2 - 40*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^8 + 25*(15*a^3*b - 25*a^2*b^2 - 32*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + 8*(15*a^4 - 10*a^3*b - 57*a^2*b^2 - 24*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 24*a^4 + 96*a^3*b + 144*a^2*b^2 + 96*a*b^3 + 24*b^4 + 8*(10*a^4 + 31*a^3*b + 33*a^2*b^2 + 13*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7)*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 2*(a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 15*a^4*b^3 + 20*a^3*b^4 + 15*a^2*b^5 + 6*a*b^6 + b^7)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (a^7 + 7*a^6*b + 21*a^5*b^2 + 35*a^4*b^3 + 35*a^3*b^4 + 21*a^2*b^5 + 7*a*b^6 + b^7)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{15(15a^2b - 40ab^2 + 8b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{15(7a^2b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 8ab^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 9a^3b \tan(fx+e) + a^2b^2)}{(a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) (b \tan(fx+e) + a^2)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/120*(15*(15*a^2*b - 40*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn
(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2
+ 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 15*(7*a^2*b^2*tan(f*x +
e)^3 - 8*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^3*b*tan(f*x + e) + a^2*b^2*tan(f*x + e
) - 8*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*
b^4 + b^5)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) + 8*(15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 60*a
*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 15*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 10*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 5*a*b*
tan(f*x + e)^2 - 5*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^5 + 5*a
^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4 + b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(10a+b)}{15(a+b)^2} + \frac{5 \tan(e+fx)^6(15a^2b-40ab^2+8b^3)}{24(a+b)^4} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4(15a^2-40ab+8b^2)}{15(a+b)^3} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^8(15a^2b^2)}{8(a+b)}}{f(\tan(e+fx)^5(a^2+2ab+b^2) + \tan(e+fx)^7(2b^2+2ab) + b^2 \tan(e+fx)^9)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)(a^5+5a^4b+10a^3b^2+10a^2b^3+5ab^4+b^5)}{(a+b)^{11/2}}\right)(15a^2-40ab+8b^2)}{8f(a+b)^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)
```

output

```
- (1/(5*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(10*a + b))/(15*(a + b)^2) + (5*tan(e +
f*x)^6*(15*a^2*b - 40*a*b^2 + 8*b^3))/(24*(a + b)^4) + (tan(e + f*x)^4*(1
5*a^2 - 40*a*b + 8*b^2))/(15*(a + b)^3) + (tan(e + f*x)^8*(8*b^4 - 40*a*b^
3 + 15*a^2*b^2))/(8*(a + b)^5))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^5*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2) + t
an(e + f*x)^7*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^9)) - (b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1
/2)*tan(e + f*x)*(5*a*b^4 + 5*a^4*b + a^5 + b^5 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^2)
)/(a + b)^(11/2))*(15*a^2 - 40*a*b + 8*b^2))/(8*f*(a + b)^(11/2))
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1865, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.97

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output `(- 225*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**4 + 600*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**3*b - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**2*b**2 + 450*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4 - 750*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3*b - 960*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b**2 + 240*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a*b**3 - 225*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4 + 150*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b + 855*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**2 + 360*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**3 - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**4 - 225*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**4 + 600*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**3*b - 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a...`

3.67 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	729
Mathematica [A] (verified)	730
Rubi [A] (verified)	730
Maple [B] (verified)	733
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	734
Sympy [F(-1)]	734
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	735
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	735
Mupad [F(-1)]	736
Reduce [F]	737

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{2(5a + b) \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{15a^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{\cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{5af}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-cos(f*x+e)*
(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+2/15*(5*a+b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3
/2)/a^2/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(-2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+a \cos^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + 2\sqrt{b + a \cos^2(e + fx)} - \frac{2(2a+b)(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a^2} + \frac{2(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5a^2} \right)}{\sqrt{2} f \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
-((Cos[e + f*x]*(-2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] + 2*Sqrt[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2] - (2*(2*a + b)*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^2) + (2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^2))*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 365, 25, 358, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^6(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} dx}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 365$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+ad} \sec(e+fx) - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{5a}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+ad} \sec(e+fx) - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{5a}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{358} \\
 & \frac{-5a \int \cos^2(e+fx)\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+ad} \sec(e+fx) - \frac{2(5a+b) \cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a}}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{5a}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{-5a \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) - \cos(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \frac{2(5a+b) \cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a}}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{5a}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{-5a \left(b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} - \cos(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \frac{2(5a+b) \cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a}}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{5a}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{-5a \left(\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - \cos(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \frac{2(5a+b) \cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a}}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{5a}}{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `(-1/5*(Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/a - ((-2*(5*a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*a) - 5*a*(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(5*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 247 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / (\text{c} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[2 * \text{b} * (\text{p} / (\text{c}^2 * (\text{m} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[(\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3)/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, 2, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 358 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d}/\text{e}^2 \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 365 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^2, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}^2 * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a} * \text{e}^2 * (\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * \text{Simp}[2 * \text{b} * \text{c}^2 * (\text{p} + 1) + \text{c} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - 2 * \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{a} * \text{d}^2 * (\text{m} + 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 5.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result
default	$\left(15\sqrt{b} \ln\left(-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \sec(fx+e) - 4b\sec(fx+e)\right) a^2 + (-3\cos(fx+e)^5 - 3\cos(fx+e)^4 + 10\cos(fx+e)^3 + 10\cos(fx+e)^2 - 15\cos(fx+e) - 15) \left(\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}\right)^{1/2} a^2 + (-\cos(fx+e)^3 - \cos(fx+e)^2 + 10\cos(fx+e) + 10) \left(\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}\right)^{1/2} a^2 b + (2\cos(fx+e) + 2) \left(\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}\right)^{1/2} b^2 \cos(fx+e) (a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)^{1/2} / (1+\cos(fx+e)) / \left(\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}\right)^{1/2}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15/f/a^2*(15*b^(1/2)*ln(-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)
-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)-4*b*sec(f*x+e)
)*a^2+(-3*cos(f*x+e)^5-3*cos(f*x+e)^4+10*cos(f*x+e)^3+10*cos(f*x+e)^2-15*cos
(f*x+e)-15)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2+(-cos(f*x+e)^3-co
s(f*x+e)^2+10*cos(f*x+e)+10)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2
b+(2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^2*cos(f*x+e)
*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^2 \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 2b}{\cos(fx+e)^2} \right) - 2 (3 a^2 \cos(fx+e)^5 - (10 a^2 - ab) \cos(fx+e)^3 + (15 a^2 - 10 a b - 2 b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}}{30 a^2 f} + \frac{15 a^2 \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e)}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b} \right) + (3 a^2 \cos(fx+e)^5 - (10 a^2 - ab) \cos(fx+e)^3 + (15 a^2 - 10 a b - 2 b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}}{15 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*a^2*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) - 2*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (10*a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 - 10*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^2*f), -1/15*(15*a^2*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + (3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (10*a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 - 10*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^2*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{20 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^3(fx+e)^3 - 30 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - 15 \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b}} \right)}{30 f} - \frac{2}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/30*(20*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3/a - 30*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b))/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(b))) - 2*(3*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(5/2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*b*cos(f*x + e)^3)/a^2)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1281 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1281, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.22

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/15*(15*b*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) - 2*(15*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^9*b + 165*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^8*sqrt(a + b)*b - 20*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^7*(16*a^2 + 5*a*b - 27*b^2) + 20*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^6*(32*a^2 - 83*a*b + 33*b^2)*sqrt(a + b) + 2*(416*a^3 + 625*a^2*b - 1230*a*b^2 - 15*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^5 - 10*(256*a^3 - 391*a^2*b + 90*a*b^2 + 81*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^4*sqrt(a + b) + 20*(16*a^4 - 161*a^3*b + 157*a^2*b^2 + 45*a*b^3 - 33*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.68 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	738
Mathematica [A] (verified)	738
Rubi [A] (verified)	739
Maple [B] (verified)	741
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	742
Sympy [F(-1)]	742
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	743
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	743
Mupad [F(-1)]	744
Reduce [F]	744

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f} + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3af}$$

output $b^{(1/2)} \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)} \sec(fx + e) / (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^{(1/2)}) / f - \cos(fx + e) * (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^{(1/2)} / f + 1/3 * \cos(fx + e)^3 * (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^{(3/2)} / a / f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(e + fx) \left(3a \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b + a \cos^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{b + a \cos^2(e + fx)} (-3a + b + a \cos^2(e + fx)) \right) \sqrt{a}}{3af \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Cos[e + f*x]*(3*a*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]*(-3*a + b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2))*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(3*a*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 358, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \frac{\int -\cos^4(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos^4(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{358} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec(e + fx) + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3a} - \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 224

$$b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a} - \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a} - \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2] + (Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !IlTQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 358 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/e^2 Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 235 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 4.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result
default	$\left(3\sqrt{b} \ln\left(-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \sec(fx+e) - 4b \sec(fx+e)\right) a + \left(\cos(fx+e)^3 + \cos(fx+e)^2 - 3 \cos(fx+e)\right) \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} + 3fa(1+\cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/f/a*(3*b^(1/2)*ln(-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)-4*b*sec(f*x+e))*a+(cos(f*x+e)^3+cos(f*x+e)^2-3*cos(f*x+e)-3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a+(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3a\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 2b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}\right) + 2(a \cos(fx+e))^3 - (3a-b) \cos(fx+e) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}}{6af} - \frac{3a\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e)}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) - (a \cos(fx+e))^3 - (3a-b) \cos(fx+e) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}}{3af}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*a*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*f), -1/3*(3*a*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - (a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^3(fx+e) - 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - 3\sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b}} \right)}{6f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(2*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3/a - 6*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b))/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(b))))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{3b \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b}}{\sqrt{-b}} \right)}{\sqrt{-b}} - \frac{(a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 3 \sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b} a^3}{a^3} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(3*b*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) - ((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2)*a^2 - 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^3)/a^3)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^3(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**3,x)
```

3.69 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	745
Mathematica [A] (verified)	745
Rubi [A] (verified)	746
Maple [A] (verified)	748
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	748
Sympy [F]	749
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	749
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	750
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	750
Reduce [F]	751

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

output `b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(e + fx) \left(-\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b + a \cos^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{b + a \cos^2(e + fx)} \right) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x],x]`

output

$$-\left(\left(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*\left(-\left(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTanh}\left[\text{Sqrt}[b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2\right]/\text{Sqrt}[b]\right)\right) + \text{Sqrt}[b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2]\right)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2]\right)/\left(f*\text{Sqrt}[a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*e + 2*f*x]]\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 247$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) - \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} - \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right) - \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]$$

output $(\sqrt{b} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b} \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]] / \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^2}) - \operatorname{Cos}[e + f x] \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^2} / f$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (1 - b x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b x^2}] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 247 $\operatorname{Int}[(c_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_} ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c x)^{m+1} ((a + b x^2)^p / (c^{m+1}))], x] - \operatorname{Simp}[2 b (p / (c^2 (m+1))) \operatorname{Int}[(c x)^{m+2} (a + b x^2)^{p-1}], x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{ILtQ}[(m + 2 p + 3) / 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 3042 $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4622 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)((c_ \cdot) \operatorname{sec}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)])^{n_})^{p_}) \operatorname{sin}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)])^{m_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{\operatorname{ff} = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\operatorname{Cos}[e + f x], x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (f \operatorname{ff}^m) \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(-1 + \operatorname{ff}^2 x^2)^{(m-1)/2} (a + b (c \operatorname{ff} x)^n)^p / x^{m+1}], x], x, \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x] / \operatorname{ff}], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[m, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n, 4])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{fa\sec(fx+e)} + \frac{b\sec(fx+e)\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{fa} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\ln\left(\sqrt{b}\sec(fx+e)+\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}\right)}{f}$	93
default	$-\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{fa\sec(fx+e)} + \frac{b\sec(fx+e)\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{fa} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\ln\left(\sqrt{b}\sec(fx+e)+\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}\right)}{f}$	93

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/f/a/sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/f*b/a*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/f*b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)+(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) - \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 2b}{\cos(fx+e)^2} \right)}{2f}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{\sqrt{-b} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e)}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)}{f} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*(2*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b)
)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f, -(sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)) + sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e))/f]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*sin(f*x+e),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b}}\right)}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b/
cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b))/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*
x + e) + sqrt(b))))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx$$

$$= - \frac{\left(\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} + \sqrt{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(b*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx = - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}}}{f}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a} \cos(e + fx)}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a} f \sqrt{\frac{b}{a \cos^2(e + fx)} + 1}}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `-(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2))/f - (b^(1/2)*asin((b^(1/2)*li)/(a^(1/2)*cos(e + f*x)))*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)*li)/(a^(1/2)*f*(b/(a*cos(e + f*x)^2) + 1)^(1/2))`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} \sin(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x),x)`

3.70 $\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	752
Mathematica [A] (verified)	752
Rubi [A] (verified)	753
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Mupad [F(-1)]	758
Reduce [F]	759

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-(a+b)^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \right) \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 301, 224, 219, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sin(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{301} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) - (a + b) \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} - (a + b) \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) - (a+b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) - (a+b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 301 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (EqQ[p, 1/2] || EqQ[Denominator[p], 4] || (EqQ[p, 2/3] && EqQ[b*c + 3*a*d, 0]))`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 553 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 3.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.76

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2} \left((1-\cos(fx+e))^2 \csc(fx+e)^2 - 1 \right) \left(2\sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{4b(1-\cos(fx+e))^2 \csc(fx+e)^2 + 8\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} + 4b}}{(1-\cos(fx+e))^2 \csc(fx+e)^2 - 1}} \right) \right) \sqrt{a+b}}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/f/(a+b)^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*((1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2
-1)*(2*b^(1/2)*ln(4*(b*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/((1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*(a+
b)^(1/2)-ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a-b*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))-ln(-4*((a+b
)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e
)))*a-ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a
+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*b)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + b} \log \left(\frac{2 \left(a \cos^2(fx + e) - 2 \sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \cos(fx + e) + a + 2b \right)}{\cos^2(fx + e) - 1} \right) + \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \cos(fx + e) + a + 2b}{\cos^2(fx + e)} \right)}{2f} - \frac{2 \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \cos(fx + e)}{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b} \right) - \sqrt{a + b} \log \left(\frac{2 \left(a \cos^2(fx + e) - 2 \sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \cos(fx + e) + a + 2b \right)}{\cos^2(fx + e) - 1} \right)}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f, 1/2*(2*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f, -1/2*(2*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)))/f, (sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)))/f]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \csc(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*csc(f*x + e), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\left(\frac{4b \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e) - \sqrt{a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 - 2a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + 2b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + a + b - \sqrt{a+b}}{2\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} \right) + \sqrt{a}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(4*b*\arctan(-1/2*(\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - \sqrt{a+b})/\sqrt{-b})/\sqrt{-b} + \sqrt{a+b}*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + \sqrt{a+b})) - \sqrt{a+b}*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - \sqrt{a+b})) - \sqrt{a+b}*\log(\text{abs}((\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a+b) - \sqrt{a+b}*(a-b))) * \text{sgn}(\cos(f*x + e))/f \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sin(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x),x)`

3.71 $\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	760
Mathematica [A] (verified)	761
Rubi [A] (verified)	761
Maple [B] (verified)	764
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	765
Sympy [F]	766
Maxima [F]	766
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	766
Mupad [F(-1)]	767
Reduce [F]	767

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(a + 2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + b}f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/2*(a+2*b)
*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(1/2)/f-1/
2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(2\sqrt{b}(a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{a+b}(a + 2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{2}(a + b)f\sqrt{a + 2b + a\cos(2(e + fx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(2*Sqrt[b]*(a + b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 2*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]] - (a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 369, 398, 224, 219, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sin(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2} d \sec(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 369$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - (a+2b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - \frac{(a+2b)\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `((2*sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - (a + 2*b)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/sqrt[a + b])/2 + (Sec[e + f*x]*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2] \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 369 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (m-1) + d \cdot (m+2 \cdot q-1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_ \cdot x_)^2] / ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \cdot \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \cdot \text{Int}[1/((a + b \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4622 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot x_) \cdot ((c_) \cdot \sec[(e_) + (f_ \cdot x_)])^{n_})^{p_} \cdot \sin[(e_) + (f_ \cdot x_)]^{m_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(f \cdot ff^m) \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (a + b \cdot (c \cdot ff \cdot x)^n)^p / x^{m+1}], x], x, \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x] / ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 4])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1243 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.03

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1244

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/4/f/(a+b)^{(5/2)} * ((4*\cos(f*x+e)-4)*b^{(1/2)}*(a+b)^{(3/2)}*\ln(4*(b*\cot(f*x+e) \\
 &)^2-2*b*\cot(f*x+e)*\csc(f*x+e)+b*\csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2) \\
 & /((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}+b)/(\cot(f*x+e)^2-2*\csc(f*x+e)*\cot(f*x+e)+\csc(f*x+ \\
 & e)^2-1))*a+(-5*\cos(f*x+e)+5)*\ln(2/(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e) \\
 &)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1 \\
 & +\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))) * a*b^2+(-5*\cos(f*x+e) \\
 & +5)*\ln(-4*((a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x \\
 & +e)+(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*a+b \\
 &)/(-1+\cos(f*x+e))) * a*b^2+(-4*\cos(f*x+e)+4)*\ln(2/(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((a+b)^{(1/2)}*(\\
 & (b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*co \\
 & s(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))) * a^2*b+ \\
 & (-4*\cos(f*x+e)+4)*\ln(-4*((a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2) \\
 &)^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}+ \\
 & \cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+\cos(f*x+e))) * a^2*b+(4*\cos(f*x+e)-4)*b^{(3/2)}*(a+b)^{(3/2) \\
 &)*\ln(4*(b*\cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*\cot(f*x+e)*\csc(f*x+e)+b*\csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^{(1/2)}* \\
 & ((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}+b)/(\cot(f*x+e)^2-2*\csc(f*x+e)* \\
 & \cot(f*x+e)+\csc(f*x+e)^2-1))+(-\cos(f*x+e))*\ln(2/(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((a+b)^{(1/2)}*(\\
 & (b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*co \\
 & s(f*x+e)^2)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/((1+\cos(f*x+e))) * a^3+(- \\
 & 2*\cos(f*x+e)+2)*\ln(2/(a+b)^{(1/2)}*((a+b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/((1+co...
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 907, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.31

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) +
((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - 2*b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2
- 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) +
a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + 2*((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(
b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a
+ b)*f), 1/2*(((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - 2*b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sq
rt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + (a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*co
s(f*x + e) + ((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2
*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f), -1/4*(4*((a +
b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*(a + b)*sq
rt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - ((a + 2*b)*cos(f*
x + e)^2 - a - 2*b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sq
rt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x
+ e)^2 - 1)))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f), 1/2*(((a + 2*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^2 - a - 2*b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*((a ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \csc^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \csc^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*csc(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 578, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(4*(a + 2*b)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/sqrt(-a - b) - 16*b*
arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2
*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + 2*(a + 2*b)*
log(abs(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)
^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) + sqrt(a + b)*(a - b)))/sqrt(a + b) - sqrt
(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1
/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - 2*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 -
2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a - b)
- (a + b)^(3/2))/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*
tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - a - b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sin(e + fx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^3(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)
```


output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.72 $\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	770
Rubi [A] (verified)	770
Maple [B] (verified)	774
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	775
Sympy [F]	776
Maxima [F]	777
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	777
Mupad [F(-1)]	778
Reduce [F]	779

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8(a + b)^{3/2} f}$$

$$- \frac{(3a + 4b) \cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{8(a + b) f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot(e + fx) \csc^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{4f}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/8*(3*a^2+
12*a*b+8*b^2)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+
b)^(3/2)/f-1/8*(3*a+4*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a
+b)/f-1/4*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \csc^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e+fx)\left(8\sqrt{b}(a+b)^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{a+b}(3a^2+12ab+8b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{2}(a+b)^2f\sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
(Cos[e + f*x]*(8*Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]] + ((a + b)*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-7*a - 8*b + (3*a + 4*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^4)/(2*Sqrt[2]))*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b)^2*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 369, 440, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sin^5(e+fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3} d\sec(e+fx)}{f}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3} d\sec(e+fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{f}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{369} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)(4b\sec^2(e+fx)+3a)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{8b(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(3a+4b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{(3a+4b)\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \right) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+4b)\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\int \frac{8b(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(3a+4b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} \right) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+4b)\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) - 8b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+4b)\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) - 8b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+4b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) - 8\sqrt{b}(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2(a+b)} \right)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+4b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} - 8\sqrt{b}(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2(a+b)} \right)$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a+4b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - 8\sqrt{b}(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2(a+b)} \right)$$

f

input `Int [Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(-1/4*(Sec[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (-1/2*(-8*Sqrt[b]*(a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]]) + ((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a + b]/(a + b) + ((3*a + 4*b)*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/4)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2] * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0]$
- rule 369 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} - 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} / (2 * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}^2 / (2 * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} - 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{m} - 1) + \text{d} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{q} - 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^2] / (((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) / \text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1/((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2) * \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 440 $\text{Int}[(\text{g}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)} * ((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{g} * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) * (\text{g} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} - 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)} / (2 * \text{b} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{g}^2 / (2 * \text{b} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{g} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} - 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) * (\text{m} - 1) + (\text{d} * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{q} + 1) - \text{b} * 2 * (\text{c} * \text{f} - \text{d} * \text{e}) * (\text{p} + 1)) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1]$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2006 vs. 2(161) = 322.

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2007, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.97

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2007

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/16/f/(a+b)^(9/2)*((-16*cos(f*x+e)+16)*sin(f*x+e)^2*(a+b)^(5/2)*b^(5/2)*l
n(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot
(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))+(-32*cos(f*x+e)+32)*sin(f*x+e)^2*(a+b)^(5/2)*b^(3
/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2
))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e
)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*a+(-16*cos(f*x+e)+16)*sin(f*x+e)^2*(a+b)^(5/
2)*b^(1/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2
*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*cs
c(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*a^2+(6*cos(f*x+e)^2-10)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(a+b)^(5/2)+(14*cos(f*x+e)^2-22)*(a+b)^(
5/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b+(8*cos(f*x+e)^2-12)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(a+b)^(5/2)+(3*cos(f*x+e)-
3)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^5+(21*cos(f*x+e)-21)*sin(f*x+e)
^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(
f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^4*b+(53*cos(f*x+e)-53)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+
b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1516, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.28

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/16*(((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + 8*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*((3*a^2 + 7*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 11*a*b + 6*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f), 1/8*(((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 4*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + ((3*a^2 + 7*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 11*a*b + 6*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f), -1/16*(16*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \csc^5(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**5, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \csc(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*csc(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 867 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 867, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/64*(sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)*(tan(1/2*f*x + 1/
2*e)^2 + (9*a + 11*b)/(a + b)) + 128*b*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 -
2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - sqrt(a
+ b))/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) - 8*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b
))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)) - 4*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*log(a
b*(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 +
b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) + sqrt(a + b)*(a - b)))/(a + b)^(3/2) + 4*(2*(s
qrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)
^2 + a + b))^3*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2) - (sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqr
t(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*(3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)
*sqrt(a + b) - 2*(3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*
f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4
- 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)) + 5...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sin(e + fx)^5} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^5,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^5, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \csc^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.73 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	780
Mathematica [F]	781
Rubi [A] (verified)	781
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	786
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	787
Sympy [F(-1)]	787
Maxima [F]	788
Giac [F]	788
Mupad [F(-1)]	788
Reduce [F]	789

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(5a^3 - 15a^2b - 5ab^2 - b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{5/2} f}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{(a - b)(5a + b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16a^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{(5a - b) \cos(e + fx) \sin^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{24af}$$

$$- \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{6f}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3-15*a^2*b-5*a*b^2-b^3)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/16*(a-b)*(5*a+b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f-1/24*(5*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f-1/6*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^6, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 369, 440, 27, 440, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx)^6 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{369} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(6b \tan^2(e+fx)+5(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{440} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx)(8ab \tan^2(e+fx)+(5a-b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{(5a-b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) - \frac{\tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(8ab \tan^2(e+fx)+(5a-b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{(5a-b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) - \frac{\tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f

↓ 440

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{16a^2b \tan^2(e+fx)+(5a+b)(a^2-b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(a-b)(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(5a-b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{16a^2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - (16a^2b - (5a+b)(a^2-b^2)) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(a-b)(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a}$$

f

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{16a^2b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - (16a^2b - (5a+b)(a^2-b^2)) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(a-b)(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a}$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{16a^2 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - (16a^2 b - (5a+b)(a^2 - b^2)) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(a-b)(5a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a} \right)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{16a^2 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - (16a^2 b - (5a+b)(a^2 - b^2)) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(a-b)(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a} \right)$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{16a^2 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - \frac{(16a^2 b - (5a+b)(a^2 - b^2)) \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(a-b)(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a} \right)$$

f

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output
$$\frac{(-1/6*(\tan[e + f*x]^5*\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2})/(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2)^3 + (-1/4*((5*a - b)*\tan[e + f*x]^3*\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2})/(a*(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*((-((16*a^2*b - (5*a + b)*(a^2 - b^2))*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a}*\tan[e + f*x])/\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2}])/\sqrt{a}) + 16*a^2*\sqrt{b}*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b}*\tan[e + f*x])/\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2}])/(2*a) - ((a - b)*(5*a + b)*\tan[e + f*x]*\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2})/(2*a*(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*a))/6)/f$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 216
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224
$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 291
$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 369

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*
b*(p + 1)), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0
] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 398

```
Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c +
d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b*2*(c
*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] &&
LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 830 vs. $2(214) = 428$.

Time = 35.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 831, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

method	result
default	$-\left(-24 \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{-a} a^2 - 24 \ln \left(\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \right)}{\dots} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/48/f/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)*(-24*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2-24*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)
))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(1/
2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2-15*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3+45*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b+15*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2+3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^3+(8*cos(f*x+e)^5+8*cos(f*x+e)^4-26*cos(f*x
+e)^3-26*cos(f*x+e)^2+33*cos(f*x+e)+33)*sin(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2+2*(cos(f*x+e)^3+cos(f*x+e)^2-7*cos(f*x
+e)-7)*sin(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a
*b+3*(-1-cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)*(-a)^(1/2)*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a
*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1715, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.15

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/384*(96*a^3*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 3*(5*a^3 - 15*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 - b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 8*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(13*a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (33*a^3 - 14*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f), 1/384*(192*a^3*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 3*(5*a^3 - 15*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 - b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)...`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)**6,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sin^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sin(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sin^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sin(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sin^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.74 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{3/2} f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{(3a - b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8af}$$

$$- \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{4f}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2-6*a*b-b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
)/a^(3/2)/f+b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/f-1/8*(3*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f-1/4*co
s(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^4, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 369, 440, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{369} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx) (4b \tan^2(e + fx) + 3(a + b))}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{4(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{8ab \tan^2(e+fx) + (3a-b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(3a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + 8ab \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{(3a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)$$

f

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + 8ab \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2a} - \frac{(3a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + 8a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(3a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + 8a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(3a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(3a^2-6ab-b^2) \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) + 8a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(3a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `(-1/4*(Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + 8*a*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*a) - ((3*a - b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 369 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 440 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b*2*(c*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 644 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 21.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 645, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

method	result
default	$\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) + 4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b} \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \right)}{\dots} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/8/f/a/(-a)^(1/2)*(4*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a+4*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*ln(
-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)
-1))*a+3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e
)*a)*a^2-6*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos
(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x
+e)*a)*a*b-ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos
(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x
+e)*a)*b^2+(2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2-5*cos(f*x+e)-5)*sin(f*x+e)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a+(1+cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x
+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b)*cos(f*x+e)*
(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1565, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.65

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/64*(16*a^2*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + (3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^2*f), 1/64*(32*a^2*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + (3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sin(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sin(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sin^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.75 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	799
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	799
Rubi [A] (verified)	800
Maple [B] (verified)	803
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	804
Sympy [F]	805
Maxima [F]	806
Giac [F]	806
Mupad [F(-1)]	806
Reduce [F]	807

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/2*cos(f
*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$e^{-i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos(e + fx) \left(i(-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}) + \frac{2e^{2i(e+fx)} (2afx - 2bfx - i(a-b) \log}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2]/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]*(I*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) + (2*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))*(2*a*f*x - 2*b*f*x - I*(a - b)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)] + I*(a - b)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)] - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Log[(-(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) + I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2))*f]/(2*b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))))]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2))*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(4*Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 369, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 369

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + (a - b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((a - b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + 2b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((a - b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((a - b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(a-b) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `((((a - b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/2 - (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 369 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 480 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 18.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

method	result
default	$\left(\ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) \right) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{-a} + \ln \left(- \frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b \right)}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e
)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)+ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e
))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)+ln(
4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a-ln(4*
(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b+(-1-cos
(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1417, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.52

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f
*x + e) - sqrt(-a)*(a - b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 -
28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a
*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b +
7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 4*a*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*
x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) +
8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4))/(a*f), -1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos
(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - 8*a*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - sqrt(-a)*(a -
b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a
^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 -
28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8
*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*
a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sin(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sin(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sin(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sin^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.76 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	808
Mathematica [C] (verified)	808
Rubi [A] (verified)	809
Maple [B] (verified)	811
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	812
Sympy [F]	813
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	814
Giac [F]	815
Mupad [F(-1)]	815
Reduce [F]	815

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

output

$$a^{(1/2)} * \arctan(a^{(1/2)} * \tan(f*x+e) / (a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}) / f + b^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)} * \tan(f*x+e) / (a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}) / f$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{i(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}) \left(2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a+2b+ae^{2i(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} f}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((-1/2*I)*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})*(2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})/Sqrt[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2}] + Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(a + 2*b + a*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2}])] - Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(a + a*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2}])]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2}]*f) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 301, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4616 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 301 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow 224 \\ & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 219 \\
 a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 301 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/
d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(
p - 1)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (EqQ[p, 1/2] || EqQ[Denominator[p], 4] || (EqQ[p, 2/3] && E
qQ[b*c + 3*a*d, 0]))`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 17.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

method	result
default	$\left(\ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - \sin(fx+e) a + a + b \right)}{\sin(fx+e) - 1} \right) \right) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{-a} + \ln \left(\frac{4 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + \dots}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)+ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)+2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1227, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 2*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4))/f, 1/8*(4*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/f, -1/4*(sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3227, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*sqrt(a)*b^(3/2)*arctan2(a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^
2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*c
os(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*
arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2*cos(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*
a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a
)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos
(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + a + 2*b) + a^(3/2)*sq
rt(b)*arctan2(2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2
+ 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin
(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2
+ 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos
(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2
*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) +
a)), 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*...
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.77 $\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	816
Mathematica [C] (verified)	816
Rubi [A] (verified)	817
Maple [B] (verified)	819
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	819
Sympy [F]	820
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	820
Giac [F]	821
Mupad [F(-1)]	821
Reduce [F]	821

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

output

$b^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)} * \tan(f * x + e) / (a + b + b * \tan(f * x + e)^2)^{(1/2)}) / f - \cot(f * x + e) * (a + b + b * \tan(f * x + e)^2)^{(1/2)} / f$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{b \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}\right) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-((Cot[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, (b*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sin^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} - \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}\right) - \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] - Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 17.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.76

method	result
default	$\left(\ln \left(\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - \sin(fx+e) a + a + b \right)}{\sin(fx+e) - 1} \right) \right) \sqrt{b} \sin(fx+e) + \ln \left(\frac{4 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)}{2f(1+\cos(fx+e))} \right)$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/f*(ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)+ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)-2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cot(f*x+e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a-b) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \sin(fx+e) + 8b^2}{\cos(fx+e)^4} \right)}{4f \sin(fx+e)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)
*sin(f*x + e) - 4*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)
)/(f*sin(f*x + e)), 1/2*(sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*
b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)
)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2*cos(f*x + e))/(f*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \csc^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b}}{\tan(fx+e)}}{f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*arsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) - sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 +
a + b)/tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \csc^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*csc(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sin(e + fx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.78 $\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	822
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	822
Rubi [A] (verified)	823
Maple [B] (verified)	825
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	826
Sympy [F]	827
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	827
Giac [F]	828
Mupad [F(-1)]	828
Reduce [F]	828

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{f} - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3(a + b)f}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-cot(f*x+e)
*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)
/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \cot(e + fx) \csc^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \left(\frac{4b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)}{3f \sqrt{a + 2b + a}}\right)$$

$$3f \sqrt{a + 2b + a}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[2]*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((4*b*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 + (a + b + 2*a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + ArcSin[Sqrt[-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]])*Sqrt[-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])))/(f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 358, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \cot^4(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 358 \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^2(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 247 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)} - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)} - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)} - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] - Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 358 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/e^2 Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 588 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 18.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.61

method	result
default	$\left((-3 \cos(fx+e)+3) \sin(fx+e) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right) + (-3 \cos(fx+e) + 3) \sin(fx+e) b^{\frac{3}{2}}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{f}{(a+b)} \left((-3 \cos(fx+e)+3) \sin(fx+e) b^{3/2} \ln(4 b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2})^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) + b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \sin(fx+e) a - a - b \right) / (\sin(fx+e)+1) + (-3 \cos(fx+e)+3) \sin(fx+e) b^{1/2} \ln(4 b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2})^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) + b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \sin(fx+e) a - a - b) / (\sin(fx+e)+1) * a + (-3 \cos(fx+e)+3) \sin(fx+e) b^{3/2} \ln(-4 b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2})^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) + b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \sin(fx+e) a + a + b) / (\sin(fx+e)-1) + (-3 \cos(fx+e)+3) \sin(fx+e) b^{1/2} \ln(-4 b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2})^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) + b^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \sin(fx+e) a + a + b) / (\sin(fx+e)-1) * a + (4 \cos(fx+e)^2 - 6) \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}^{1/2} * a + (6 \cos(fx+e)^2 - 8) \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}^{1/2} * b * (a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{1/2} / ((b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 / (1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2} * \cot(fx+e) * \csc(fx+e)^2$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \csc^4(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3((a+b) \cos(fx+e)^2 - a - b) \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a-b) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx+e))}{\cos(fx+e)^4} \right)}{12((a+b)f \cos(fx+e))}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3
+ 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*s
in(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((2*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 - (3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/6*(3*((a +
b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 +
2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((
a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*((2*a + 3*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*
x + e)^2)))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f)*sin(f*x + e)]]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \csc^4(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*csc(e + f*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \frac{3\sqrt{b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b}}{\tan(fx+e)} - \frac{(b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b) \tan^3(fx+e)}}{3f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*(3*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x
+ e)^2 + a + b)/tan(f*x + e) - (b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)/((a + b)*t
an(f*x + e)^3))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \csc(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*csc(f*x + e)^4, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^4, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.79 $\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	830
Mathematica [C] (verified)	831
Rubi [A] (verified)	831
Maple [B] (verified)	834
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	835
Sympy [F(-1)]	836
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Giac [F]	837
Mupad [F(-1)]	837
Reduce [F]	838

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

$$- \frac{2(5a + 4b) \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{15(a + b)^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot^5(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{5(a + b) f}$$

output

```
b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-cot(f*x+e)
*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-2/15*(5*a+4*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+
e)^2)^(3/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \csc^6(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos(e+fx) \left(-\frac{i(8a^2(1-6e^{2i(e+fx)}+16e^{4i(e+fx)}-6e^{6i(e+fx)}+e^{8i(e+fx)}))}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2]/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]*((( -I)*(8*a^2*(1 - 6*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 16*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) - 6*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + E^((8*I)*(e + f*x))) + b^2*(15 - 80*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 178*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) - 80*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 15*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x))) + a*b*(25 - 136*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 318*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) - 136*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 25*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)))))/(a + b)^2*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^5) - (15*Sqrt[b]*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (4*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(15*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 358, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^6(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)^2}}{\sin(e+fx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4620 \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^6(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+bd \tan(e+fx)} dx}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 365 \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^4(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} (5(a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+2(5a+4b)) d \tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 358 \\
 & \frac{5(a+b) \int \cot^2(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+bd \tan(e+fx)} - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)} dx}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 247 \\
 & \frac{5(a+b) \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{5(a+b) \left(b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{5(a+b) \left(\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{5(a+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-1/5*(Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(a + b) + ((-2*(5*a + 4*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*(a + b)) + 5*(a + b)*(Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] - Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(5*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 358 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/e^2 Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 365 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 902 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 19.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	903

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/30/f/(a+b)^2*(sin(f*x+e)^3*(15*cos(f*x+e)-15)*b^(5/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+sin(f*x+e)
^3*(30*cos(f*x+e)-30)*b^(3/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a+sin(f*x+e)^3*(15*cos(f*x+e)-15)*b^(
1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+
b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin
(f*x+e)+1))*a^2+sin(f*x+e)^3*(15*cos(f*x+e)-15)*b^(5/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))+sin(f*x+e)
^3*(30*cos(f*x+e)-30)*b^(3/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a+sin(f*x+e)^3*(15*cos(f*x+e)-15)*b^(
1/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(s
in(f*x+e)-1))*a^2+(16*cos(f*x+e)^4-40*cos(f*x+e)^2+30)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2+(50*cos(f*x+e)^4-118*cos(f*x+e)^2+80)*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b+(30*cos(f*x+e)^4-70*cos(f*x+e)^2+
46)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 656, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/60*(15*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((8*a^2 + 25*a*b + 15*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (20*a^2 + 59*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 + 40*a*b + 23*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/30*(15*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*((8*a^2 + 25*a*b + 15*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (20*a^2 + 59*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 + 40*a*b + 23*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \frac{15 \sqrt{b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b}}{\tan(fx+e)} - \frac{10 (b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b) \tan^3(fx+e)} + \frac{2 (b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} b}{(a+b)^2 \tan^3(fx+e)} - \frac{3 (b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+b) \tan^3(fx+e)}}{15 f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(15*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 15*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/tan(f*x + e) - 10*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3) + 2*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b/((a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)^3) - 3*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \csc^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*csc(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sin(e + fx)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^6,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(e + f*x)^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.80 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	840
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [B] (verified)	843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	844
Sympy [F(-1)]	845
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	845
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	846
Mupad [F(-1)]	847
Reduce [F]	848

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{(3a - 4b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{(3a - 4b)b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2af} - \frac{(3a - 4b) \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3af} + \frac{2 \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{3af} - \frac{\cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{5af}$$

output

```
1/2*(3*a-4*b)*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/f+1/2*(3*a-4*b)*b*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f-1/3*(3*a-4*b)*c
os(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/a/f+2/3*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)
^(5/2)/a/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/a/f
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{6b(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{a} + 15 \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)) \right)}{15bf($$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*((-6*b*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/a + 15*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2) - 5*(3*a - 4*b)*(-3*b^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 4*b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/(15*b*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 365, 27, 359, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^6(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\frac{\int -5a \cos^4(e+fx)(2-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2} d \sec(e+fx) - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5a}}{5a} \quad \downarrow \quad 365$$

$$\frac{-\int \cos^4(e+fx)(2-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2} d \sec(e+fx) - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5a}}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{(3a-4b) \int \cos^2(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2} d \sec(e+fx) - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5a} + \frac{2 \cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a}}{3a} \quad \downarrow \quad 359$$

$$\frac{(3a-4b) \left(3b \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a} d \sec(e+fx) - \cos(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right) - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5a} + \frac{2 \cos^3(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a}}{3a} \quad \downarrow \quad 247$$

$$\frac{(3a-4b) \left(3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a} \quad \downarrow \quad 211$$

$$\frac{(3a-4b) \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right)}{3a} \quad \downarrow \quad 224$$

$$\frac{(3a-4b) \left(3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right)}{3a} \quad \downarrow \quad 219$$

$$\frac{(3a-4b) \left(3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right)}{3a} \quad \downarrow \quad 219$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `((2*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(3*a) - (Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(5*a) + ((3*a - 4*b)*(-(Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + 3*b*((a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/2)))/(3*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 365 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 16.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(60 \ln \left(-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \sec(fx+e) - 4b\sec(fx+e) \right) b^{\frac{5}{2}} a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 45 \ln \right)}{}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/30/f/a/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(60*ln(-4*b^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)-4*b*sec(f*x+e))*b^(5/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-45
*ln(-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*b^(1/2)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)-4*b*sec(f*x+e))*b^(3/2)*
a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*(6*cos(
f*x+e)^8+6*cos(f*x+e)^7-20*cos(f*x+e)^6-20*cos(f*x+e)^5+30*cos(f*x+e)^4+30
*cos(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*(12*cos(f
*x+e)^6+12*cos(f*x+e)^5-80*cos(f*x+e)^4-80*cos(f*x+e)^3-15*cos(f*x+e)^2-15
*cos(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(6*cos(f*x+e)
^4+6*cos(f*x+e)^3))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{15(3a^2 - 4ab)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) + 2b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}\right) + 2(6a^2 \cos(fx + e)^6 - 4(5a^2 - 3ab) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 30af \cos(fx + e)^4 - 4(5a^2 - 3ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 6a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4(5a^2 - 3ab) \cos(fx + e) + 6a^2)}{30af \cos(fx + e)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/60*(15*(3*a^2 - 4*a*b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*(6*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 4*(5*a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(15*a^2 - 40*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 15*a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/30*(15*(3*a^2 - 4*a*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) + (6*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 4*(5*a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(15*a^2 - 40*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 15*a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*f*cos(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)**5,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{12 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{5/2} \cos^5(fx+e)}{a} - 40 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{3/2} \cos^3(fx+e) + 60 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a \cos(fx+e) - 120$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60*(12*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(5/2)*cos(f*x + e)^5/a - 40*(a + b/cos(f*
x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 60*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a*cos(f*x +
e) - 120*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e) - 30*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*
x + e)^2)*a*b*cos(f*x + e)/((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b) + 4
5*a*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b))/(sqrt(
a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(b))) - 60*b^(3/2)*log((sqrt(a +
b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b))/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(
f*x + e) + sqrt(b))))/f
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1952 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1952, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.96

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/15*(15*(3*a*b - 4*b^2)*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
- sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-b
))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/sqrt(-b) + 30*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 -
sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*(a*b + 2*b^2)*sgn(cos
(f*x + e)) - (sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/
2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1
/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*(3*a*b - 2*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)
) + (3*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt
(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1
/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - (a^2*b
- a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*
a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - 2*(sq
r(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ a + b))*sqrt(a + b) + a - 3*b)^2 - 4*(15*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2
*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^9*(2*a*b - b...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \sin^5(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^5(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^5,x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**5,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**5,x)*a
```

3.81 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	850
Rubi [A] (verified)	850
Maple [B] (verified)	853
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	854
Sympy [F(-1)]	854
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	855
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	855
Mupad [F(-1)]	856
Reduce [F]	856

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{(3a - 2b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{(3a - 2b)b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2af} - \frac{(3a - 2b) \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3af} + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{3af}$$

output

```
1/2*(3*a-2*b)*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/f+1/2*(3*a-2*b)*b*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f-1/3*(3*a-2*b)*c
os(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/a/f+1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)
^(5/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \left(3 \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))^{5/2} - (3a - 2b) \right)}{3bf(a + 2b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*(3*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2) - (3*a - 2*b)*(-3*b^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 4*b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/(3*b*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 359, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\ & \frac{\int -\cos^4(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \cos^4(e+fx) (1 - \sec^2(e+fx)) (b \sec^2(e+fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{(3a-2b) \int \cos^2(e+fx) (b \sec^2(e+fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{(3a-2b) \left(3b \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a} d \sec(e+fx) - \cos(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a} \right) + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{(3a-2b) \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a}} d \sec(e+fx) + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{(3a-2b) \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{(3a-2b) \left(3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{3a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `((Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(3*a) + ((3*a - 2*b)*(-(Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + 3*b*((a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/2)))/(3*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 211 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / (2 * \text{p} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} / (2 * \text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 * \text{p}] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6 * \text{p}])$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{(-1)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x} / \text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a} / \text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x} / \text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 247 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / (\text{c} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[2 * \text{b} * (\text{p} / (\text{c}^2 * (\text{m} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3) / 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, 2, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 359 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3)) / (\text{a} * \text{e}^2 * (\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 398 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 9.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-6b^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln \left(-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \sec(fx+e) - 4b \sec(fx+e) \right) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 9b^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(\dots \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/f/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(-6*b^(5/2)*ln(-4*b^(1/2
)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)-4*b^(1/2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)*sec(f*x+e)-4*b*sec(f*x+e))*cos(f*x+e)^3+9*b^(3/2
)*ln(-4*b^(1/2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)-4*b^(1/2)*(b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)*sec(f*x+e)-4*b*sec(f*x+e))*a*cos(f
*x+e)^3+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*(2*cos(f*x+e)^6+2*
cos(f*x+e)^5-6*cos(f*x+e)^4-6*cos(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(8*cos(f*x+e)^4+8*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*cos(f*x+e)^2+3*cos(f*x+
e)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{3(3a - 2b)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) + 2b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}\right) - 2(2a \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3a - 4b) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{12f \cos(fx + e)} - \frac{3(3a - 2b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)}{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}\right) \cos(fx + e) - (2a \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3a - 4b) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{6f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(3*(3*a - 2*b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) - 2*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a - 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/6*(3*(3*a - 2*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) - (2*a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a - 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{3/2} \cos^3(fx+e) - 12 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a \cos(fx+e) + 12 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} b \cos(fx+e)}{6f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{3/2} \cos^3(fx+e) - 12 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a \cos(fx+e) + 12 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} b \cos(fx+e) + 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a b \cos(fx+e) / \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^2 \cos^2(fx+e) - b \right) - 9 a \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b}} \right) + 6 b^{3/2} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b}} \right)}{6f}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \left(\frac{3(3ab - 2b^2) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b}}{\sqrt{-b}} \right)}{a\sqrt{-b}} - \frac{3\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + bb}}{a \cos^2(fx+e)} - \frac{2 \left((a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b) \right)^{3/2} a^2 - 3 \sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + ba^3} + 3 \sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b} a^3}{a^3} \right)}{6f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/6*a*(3*(3*a*b - 2*b^2)*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/sqrt(-b))/(a*sqrt(-b)) - 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*b/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2) - 2*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2)*a^2 - 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^3 + 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^2*b)/a^3)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^3(e + fx) dx &= \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \sin^3(fx + e) dx \right) b \\ &+ \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^3(fx + e) dx \right) a \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**3,x)*a
```

3.82 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	857
Mathematica [C] (verified)	857
Rubi [A] (verified)	858
Maple [A] (verified)	860
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	861
Sympy [F]	861
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	862
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	862
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	863
Reduce [F]	863

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{3a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{3b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{f}$$

output

```
3/2*a*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+3/2*b*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \cos(e + fx) (a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}, 1 + \frac{a \cos^2(e + fx)}{b}\right) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{20b^2 f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x],x]`

output `-1/20*(a*cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 5/2, 7/2, 1 + (a*cos[e + f*x]^2)/b]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(b^2*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos^2(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{3b \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} d \sec(e + fx) - \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \right) - \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \cos(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x],x]`

output `(-(Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + 3*b*((a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/2))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(
(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[
(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p,
0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2,
m, p, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{fa\sec(fx+e)} + \frac{b\sec(fx+e)(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{fa} + \frac{3b\sec(fx+e)\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{2f} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}a\ln(\sqrt{b}\sec(fx+e))}{2f}$
default	$-\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{fa\sec(fx+e)} + \frac{b\sec(fx+e)(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{fa} + \frac{3b\sec(fx+e)\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{2f} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}a\ln(\sqrt{b}\sec(fx+e))}{2f}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/f/a/sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)+1/f*b/a*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x
+e)^2)^(3/2)+3/2*b*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+3/2/f*b^(1/2)*a*1
n(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)+(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{3a\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) + 2b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}\right) - 2(2a \cos(fx + e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{4f \cos(fx + e)} + \frac{3a\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)}{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}\right) \cos(fx + e) + (2a \cos(fx + e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{2f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(3*a*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) - 2*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/2*(3*a*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) + (2*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sin(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a \cos(fx+e) - \frac{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} ab \cos(fx+e)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right) \cos^2(fx+e) - b} + 3 a \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b}}\right)}{4 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(4*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a*cos(f*x + e) - 2*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a*b*cos(f*x + e)/((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b) + 3*a*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(b))/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(b))))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3 b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b}}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} + 2 \sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b} - \frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b}}{a \cos^2(fx+e)}\right) a \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))}{2 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(3*b*arctan(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/sqrt(-b))/sqrt(-b) + 2*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) - sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*b/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2))*a*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{b}{a \cos(e+fx)^2}\right)}{f \left(\frac{b}{a \cos(e+fx)^2} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `-(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, -b/(a*cos(e + f*x)^2)))/(f*(b/(a*cos(e + f*x)^2) + 1)^(3/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \sin(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x),x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x),x)*a`

3.83 $\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	864
Mathematica [A] (verified)	864
Rubi [A] (verified)	865
Maple [B] (verified)	868
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	869
Sympy [F]	869
Maxima [F]	870
Giac [F(-2)]	870
Mupad [F(-1)]	870
Reduce [F]	871

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a + 2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} - \frac{(a + b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+2*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/f-(a+b)^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+
1/2*b*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\left(2\sqrt{b}(3a + 2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos^2(e + fx) - 4(a + b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}f\sqrt{a + 2b + a}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]]*Cos[e + f*x]^2 - 4*(a + b)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]]*Cos[e + f*x]^2 + Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 318, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{b(3a + 2b) \sec^2(e + fx) + a(2a + b)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b(3a+2b) \sec^2(e+fx) + a(2a+b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) - 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} - 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - 2(a+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - 2*(a + b)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/2 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/2/f
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F x, x], x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2] \cdot ((c) + (d) \cdot (x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2)^{(p)} \cdot ((c) + (d) \cdot (x)^2)^{(q)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-1)} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q-2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+2 \cdot q - 1) + 1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[(e) + (f) \cdot (x)^2] / ((a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c) + (d) \cdot (x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \quad \text{Int}[1/((a + b \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_) ]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1465 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 8.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1466, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.02

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1466

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/f/b/(a+b)^(5/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(2*b^(5/2)*(
a+b)^(5/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2
*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*cs
c(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*b^(3/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*ln
(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(
f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*a*cos(f*x+e)^3+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*b^2*(cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e))-ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^4*b*co
s(f*x+e)^3-4*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
))*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(
f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^3*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3-6*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^2*b^3*
cos(f*x+e)^3-4*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2))*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos
(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a*b^4*cos(f*x+e)^3-ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.19

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*(a + b)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + (3*a + 2*b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/4*(4*(a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) + (3*a + 2*b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/2*((3*a + 2*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) - (a + b)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) - b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/2*(2*(a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) - (3*a + 2*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))*cos(f*x + e) + b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \csc(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*csc(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*csc(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e) \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x),x)*a`

3.84 $\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	872
Mathematica [A] (verified)	873
Rubi [A] (verified)	873
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Sympy [F(-1)]	878
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Giac [F(-2)]	879
Mupad [F(-1)]	879
Reduce [F]	880

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b}(a + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+4*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/f-1/2*(a+b)^(1/2)*(a+4*b)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^
2)^(1/2))/f+b*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x
+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\csc^2(e + fx) \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))} (a + (a + 2b) \cos(2(e + fx))) \right)}{4\sqrt{2} f \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(Csc[e + f*x]^2*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(a + (a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 4*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]^2 + Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 4*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]^2)/(Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 369, 403, 27, 398, 224, 219, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{\sin^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sec(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}(4b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 369$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2(b(3a+4b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(a+2b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + 2b\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 403$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2b\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} - \int \frac{b(3a+4b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(a+2b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{\sec(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b(3a+4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) - (a+b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + 2b\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 398$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a+b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + b(3a+4b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 224$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a+b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + \sqrt{b}(3a+4b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) + 2b\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 219$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a+b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \sqrt{b}(3a+4b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) + 2b\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 291$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a+b)(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \sqrt{b}(3a+4b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) + 2b\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 219$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{b}(3a + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) - \sqrt{a+b}(a + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) + 2b \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) / f$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(2*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)) + (Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 4*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - Sqrt[a + b]*(a + 4*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] + 2*b*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 369 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2036 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 9.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2037, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2037

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/4/f/(a+b)^(7/2)/b*(b^(7/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x
+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*(8*cos
(f*x+e)^3-8*cos(f*x+e)^2)+b^(5/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot
(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*a*
(14*cos(f*x+e)^3-14*cos(f*x+e)^2)+b^(3/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2
-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^
2-1))*a^2*(6*cos(f*x+e)^3-6*cos(f*x+e)^2)+2*cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b)^(5/2)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b+(6*cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*a*b^2+(4*cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*b^3+cos(f*x+e)^2*(1-c
os(f*x+e))*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^5*b+cos(f*x+e)^2*(-8*cos(f*x+e)+8)*l
n(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+
e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^4*b^2+cos(f*x+e)^2*(-22*cos(f*x+e)+22)*ln(2/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1024, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.36

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a + b)*log(
2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + ((3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 - (3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt
(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*
x + e)^2) + 2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/4*(2*((a + 4*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^3 - (a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqr
t((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)) + ((3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log(
(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*
cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqr
t((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x +
e)), -1/4*(2*((3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(
-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x +
e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - ((a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a + 4*b)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1))
- 2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/2*((a + 4*b)*cos(f*x + e...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} \csc^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*csc(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{16384,[5,4]%%},0]:[1,0,%%{-1,[1,0]%%}+%%{-1,[0
,1]%%}]%`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \csc^3(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \csc^3(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**3*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**3,x)*a`

3.85 $\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	881
Mathematica [A] (verified)	882
Rubi [A] (verified)	882
Maple [B] (verified)	886
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	887
Sympy [F(-1)]	888
Maxima [F]	889
Giac [F(-2)]	889
Mupad [F(-1)]	889
Reduce [F]	890

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}(a + 2b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f}$$

$$- \frac{3(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a + 4b)\sec(e + fx)\sqrt{a + b\sec^2(e + fx)}}{8f}$$

$$- \frac{3(a + 2b)\csc^2(e + fx)\sec(e + fx)\sqrt{a + b\sec^2(e + fx)}}{8f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot(e + fx)\csc^3(e + fx)(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{4f}$$

output

```
3/2*b^(1/2)*(a+2*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f
-3/8*(a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+3/8*(a+4*b)*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-3/8*(a+2*b)*csc(f*x+e)^2*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/4*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$(b + a \cos^2(e + fx)) \left(-12b^{3/2}(a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos^2(e + fx) + 3b\sqrt{a+b}(a^2 + \dots \right)$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
-1/2*((b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)*(-12*b^(3/2)*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sq
rt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[b]]*Cos[e + f*x]^2 + 3*b*Sqrt[a + b]*(a^
2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]]*Cos
[e + f*x]^2 + (b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(11*a + 4*b +
8*(a + 3*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] - 3*(a + 4*b)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^
4)/(8*Sqrt[2]))*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*b*(a + b
)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 369, 27, 439, 25, 444, 27, 398, 224, 219, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3}d\sec(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3}d\sec(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 369

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3\sec^2(e+fx)\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}(2b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}d\sec(e+fx) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}(2b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}d\sec(e+fx) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{f}$$

↓ 439

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sec^2(e+fx)(2b(a+4b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(a+6b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}d\sec(e+fx) + \frac{(a+2b)\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \right) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{f}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a+2b)\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)(2b(a+4b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(a+6b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}d\sec(e+fx) \right) - \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{4(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{f}$$

↓ 444

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((a+4b)\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b(4b(a+2b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(a+4b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}d\sec(e+fx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{(a+2b)\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \right)}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((a+4b)\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} - \int \frac{4b(a+2b)\sec^2(e+fx)+a(a+4b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}d\sec(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(a+2b)\sec^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \right)}{f}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + 4b(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) \right) \right) f$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + 4b(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} \right) \right) f$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx) + 4\sqrt{b}(a+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right) f$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + 4\sqrt{b}(a+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right) f$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(- \frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} + 4\sqrt{b}(a+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right) + (a+4b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} \right) \right) f$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-1/4*(Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (3*((a + 2*b)*Sec[e + f*x]^3*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)) + (4*sqrt[b]*(a + 2*b)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]] - ((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/sqrt[a + b] + (a + 4*b)*Sec[e + f*x]*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/2)/4)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0]$
- rule 369 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(x_)^m)^{m_.} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_.} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{q_.}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e}*(\text{e}*x)^{m-1}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^q/(2*\text{b}*(p+1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}^2/(2*\text{b}*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{m-2}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{q-1}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(m-1) + \text{d}*(m+2*q-1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, m, 2, p, q, \text{x}]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}/\text{b} \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)/\text{b} \text{ Int}[1/((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 439

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)
*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*b*g*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p
+ 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*b*e*(
p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) + d*(2*b*e*(p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1
))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && G
tQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplrQ[b*c - a*d, b*e - a*f])
```

rule 444

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q
_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2889 vs. $2(190) = 380$.

Time = 9.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2890, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.26

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2890

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/16/f/b/(a+b)^(11/2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2*(-48*cos(f*x+e)+48)*sin(f*x+e)^2*b^(9/
2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)
^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-
2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))+cos(f*x+e)^2*(-120*cos(f*x+e)+120
)*sin(f*x+e)^2*b^(7/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc
(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*a+cos(f*x+e)^
2*(-96*cos(f*x+e)+96)*sin(f*x+e)^2*b^(5/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^
2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)
^2-1))*a^2+cos(f*x+e)^2*(-24*cos(f*x+e)+24)*sin(f*x+e)^2*b^(3/2)*(a+b)^(7/
2)*ln(4*(b*cot(f*x+e)^2-2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+b*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+b)/(cot(f*x+e)^2-2*csc(f*x+e)
*cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e)^2-1))*a^3+cos(f*x+e)^2*(6*cos(f*x+e)^2-10)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*a^3*b+(36*cos(f*x+e)^4-56*
cos(f*x+e)^2+8)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*a^
2*b^2+(54*cos(f*x+e)^4-82*cos(f*x+e)^2+16)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*a*b^3+(24*cos(f*x+e)^4-36*cos(f*x+e)^2+8)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*b^4+cos(f*x+e)^2*(3*cos(f
*x+e)-3)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1551, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.11

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/16*(3*((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + 12*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 2*(3*(a^2 + 5*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (5*a^2 + 23*a*b + 18*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/8*(3*((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 6*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + (3*(a^2 + 5*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (5*a^2 + 23*a*b + 18*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/16*(24*((a^2 + 3*a*b ...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} \csc^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*csc(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%[262144, [6,6]%%}, [12]%%}+%%{%%{[1572864, [6,6]%%
},0]: [1,0`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^5,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \csc^5(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \csc^5(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**5*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**5,x)*a`

3.86 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	891
Mathematica [F]	892
Rubi [A] (verified)	892
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	897
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Sympy [F(-1)]	899
Maxima [F]	900
Giac [F]	900
Mupad [F(-1)]	900
Reduce [F]	901

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 298

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \\
 & \frac{(5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{3/2}f} \\
 & + \frac{(3a - 5b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} \\
 & - \frac{(5a^2 - 26ab + b^2) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16af} \\
 & + \frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \sin^2(e + fx) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{48af} \\
 & + \frac{(5a - 3b) \sin^4(e + fx) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{24f} \\
 & - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin^5(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{6f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3-45*a^2*b+15*a*b^2+b^3)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+1/2*(3*a-5*b)*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/16*(5*a^2-26*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f+1/48*(5*a^2-40*a*b+3*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f+1/24*(5*a-3*b)*sin(f*x+e)^4*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/6*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^6, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 369, 439, 440, 27, 444, 27, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 369

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} (8b \tan^2(e+fx)+5(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 439

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(5a-3b) \tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(2(5a-19b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+5(a-7b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) - \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{6}$$

f
↓ 440

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2-40ab+3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx)(2b(5a^2-26ba+b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(5a^2-40ba+3b^2))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2-40ab+3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(2b(5a^2-26ba+b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(5a^2-40ba+3b^2))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

f
↓ 444

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2-40ab+3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(5a^2-26ab+b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a} - \frac{\int \frac{2b(8a(3a-5b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left((5a^2 - 26ab + b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \int \frac{8a(3a-5b)b \tan^2(e+fx) + (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b}}{2a} dx \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

f

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left(-(5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left(-(5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left(-(5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left(-(5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + (5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} dx \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 40ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3 \left((5a^2 - 26ab + b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{(5a^3 - 45a^2b + 15ab^2 + b^3) a}{2} \right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `(-1/6*(Tan[e + f*x]^5*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3 + (((5*a - 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((5*a^2 - 40*a*b + 3*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*(-(((5*a^3 - 45*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 + b^3)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a]) - 8*a*(3*a - 5*b)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + (5*a^2 - 26*a*b + b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*a))/4)/6)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 369 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 439 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*b*g*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*b*e*(p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) + d*(2*b*e*(p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[b*c - a*d, b*e - a*f])`

rule 440 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b*2*(c*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 444

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q
_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1171 vs. $2(266) = 532$.

Time = 37.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1172, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1172

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/48/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b/a*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(60*ln(4*
(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e
)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1
))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-36*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*cos
(f*x+e)^3+60*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-36*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/
2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(3/2)
)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3-15*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*b*cos(f*x+e)^3+135*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3-45*ln
(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)
)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^3*
cos(f*x+e)^3-3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1855, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/384*(3*(5*a^3 - 45*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*cos(f*x + e)*log(1
28*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*
a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3
+ b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3
*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b +
5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sq
rt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 48*(3*a
^3 - 5*a^2*b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8
*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 2*(13*a^3 - 7*a^2*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^4 - 24*a^2*b + (33*a^3 - 68*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^2*f*cos(f*x + e)
), 1/384*(96*(3*a^3 - 5*a^2*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^
3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)
/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) - 3*(5*a^3 - 45*a
^2*b + 15*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 -
256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3
*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sin^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sin(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sin^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sin(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sin^6(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^6(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \sin^6(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^6(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^6,x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**6,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**6,x)*a
```

3.87 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	902
Mathematica [A] (verified)	903
Rubi [A] (verified)	903
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	907
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Sympy [F(-1)]	909
Maxima [F]	910
Giac [F]	910
Mupad [F(-1)]	910
Reduce [F]	911

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{3(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{3(a - b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} - \frac{3(a - 3b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8f} + \frac{3(a - b) \sin^2(e + fx) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin^3(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{4f}$$

output

```
3/8*(a^2-6*a*b+b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/
a^(1/2)/f+3/2*(a-b)*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^
2)^(1/2))/f-3/8*(a-3*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+3/8*(a-b)*s
in(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/4*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x
+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{3 \left((a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) + 4\sqrt{a}(a-b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \cos(e+fx) + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}f(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^{3/2} + (-7a+26b+(-6a+10b) \cos(2(e+fx)) + a \cos(4(e+fx)))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \tan(e+fx)}{32f}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(3*((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] + 4*Sqrt[a]*(a - b)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])*Cos[e + f*x]*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)) + ((-7*a + 26*b + (-6*a + 10*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + a*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x])/(32*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 369, 27, 439, 444, 27, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 369

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} (2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} (2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

↓ 439

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a-b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(2(a-3b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(a-5b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) - \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

↓ 444

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2b(4(a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(a-3b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} - (a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) + \frac{(a-b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{4(a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(a-3b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - (a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) + \frac{(a-b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{f}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left((a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + 4b(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left((a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + 4b(a-b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + 4\sqrt{b}(a-b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + 4\sqrt{b}(a-b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - (a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 4\sqrt{b}(a-b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - (a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `(-1/4*(Tan[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (3*(((a - b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + (((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + 4*(a - b)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] - (a - 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2] \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 369 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (m-1) + d \cdot (m+2 \cdot q-1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_ \cdot x_)^2] / ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \cdot \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \cdot \text{Int}[1/((a + b \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 439 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((e_) + (f_ \cdot x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot g \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (2 \cdot b \cdot e \cdot (p+1) + (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+1)) + d \cdot (2 \cdot b \cdot e \cdot (p+1) + (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+2 \cdot q+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, b \cdot e - a \cdot f])$

rule 444

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q
_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 960 vs. $2(189) = 378$.

Time = 36.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 961, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	961

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/8/f/b/(-a)^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(-6*ln(4*(b^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(
5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-6
*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*
x+e)-1))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*co
s(f*x+e)^3+3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f
*x+e)*a)*a^2*b*cos(f*x+e)^3-18*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^3*cos(f*x+e)^3+sin(f*x+e)*co
s(f*x+e)^3*(2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2-5*cos(f*x+e)-5)*((b+a*cos(f*x...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1667, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.68

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/64*(3*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x +
e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4
- 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 -
24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos
s(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 24*(a^2 - a*b)*sqrt(b)*c
os(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*
x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) -
8*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 5*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b)*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/64*
(48*(a^2 - a*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) - 3*(a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)
*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^
6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70
*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(
5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - ...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sin(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sin(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sin^4(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \sin^4(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^4(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**4,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**4,x)*a`

3.88 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	912
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	913
Rubi [A] (verified)	913
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	917
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	918
Sympy [F(-1)]	919
Maxima [F]	919
Giac [F]	919
Mupad [F(-1)]	920
Reduce [F]	920

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(a - 3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{(3a - b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{f} - \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*a^(1/2)*(a-3*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/
f+1/2*(3*a-b)*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2
))/f+b*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(
a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{e^{-i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(\frac{i(-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})(-4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2)}{(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \right)}{(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*((I*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*(-4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 + (2*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*(2*Sqrt[a]*(a - 3*b)*f*x - I*Sqrt[a]*(a - 3*b)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)] + I*Sqrt[a]*(a - 3*b)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)] + 2*Sqrt[b]*(-3*a + b)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)]*f)/(b*(-3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))])/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(2*Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 369, 403, 27, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 369

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}(4b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(a^2-b^2+(3a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + 2b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{a^2-b^2+(3a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + 2b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b(3a - b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + a(a - 3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + 2b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(a(a - 3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a - b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + 2b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right) - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(a(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) + \sqrt{b}(3a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + 2b\tan(e+fx) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(a(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}+1} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \sqrt{b}(3a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + 2b\tan(e+fx) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{a}(a-3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \sqrt{b}(3a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + 2b\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `(-1/2*(Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (Sqrt[a]*(a - 3*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + (3*a - b)*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + 2*b*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 369 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 824 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 23.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 825, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.12

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	825

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/f/b/(-a)^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3-3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3+ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3-3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3-2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)^3*(2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b+(-2*cos(f*x+e)-2)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*cos(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1535, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.53

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16*(sqrt(-a)*(a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 2*(3*a - b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/16*(4*(3*a - b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) - sqrt(-a)*(a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sin(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sin(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sin^2(e \\ + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \sin^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) b \\ + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) a \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*sin(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**2,x)*a`

3.89 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	921
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	922
Rubi [A] (verified)	922
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	925
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Sympy [F]	927
Maxima [F]	928
Giac [F]	928
Mupad [F(-1)]	928
Reduce [F]	929

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*b^(1/2)
*(3*a+b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*b*t
an(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{ib(-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})}{(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} + \frac{2a^{3/2} fx - ia^{3/2} \log(\dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(((-I)*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 + (2*a^(3/2)*f*x - I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]) + I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 3*a*Sqrt[b]*Log[(-2*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (2*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(b*(3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))] - b^(3/2)*Log[(-2*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (2*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(b*(3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))])/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 318, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 318

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b(3a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(2a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a + b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^{3/2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) + \sqrt{b}(3a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*(3*a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/2 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 20.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.70

method	result
default	$(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1}} \right) b^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-a} \cos(fx+e)^3 + 3 \ln \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(ln(4*(b^(1/2
))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(5/
2)*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x+e)^3+ln(-
4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-
1))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*cos(f*x
+e)^3+4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e
)*a)*a^2*b*cos(f*x+e)^3+(2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*cos(f*x+e)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1457, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.35

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*
b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4
- 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2
- a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(
f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*
b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(
f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + (3*a + b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a
*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f
*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/8*(2*(3*a + b)*sqr
t(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqr
t((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f
*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^
8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7
*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24
*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e
)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx \right) a + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b`

3.90 $\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	930
Mathematica [C] (verified)	930
Rubi [A] (verified)	931
Maple [B] (verified)	933
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	934
Sympy [F(-1)]	935
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	935
Giac [F]	936
Mupad [F(-1)]	936
Reduce [F]	937

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{b}(a + b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{3b\tan(e + fx)\sqrt{a + b + b\tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)(a + b + b\tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{f}$$

```
output 3/2*b^(1/2)*(a+b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f
+3/2*b*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)
)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a + b) \cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{b \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}\right) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2, 1/2, (b*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{\sin^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{3b \int \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx) - \cot(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2} (a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right) - \cot(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3b \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b} \right) - \cot(e+fx) (a + b \tan^2(e+fx))$$

↓ 219

$$3b \left(\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b} \right) - \cot(e+fx) (a + b \tan^2(e+fx))$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-(Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + 3*b*((a + b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(
(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[
(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p,
0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2,
m, p, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 20.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-3 \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) \right)}{\cos(fx+e)^3 b^{\frac{5}{2}} - 3 \ln}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4/f/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(-3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3
*b^(5/2)-3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b
)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*b^(3/2)*a-3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*b^(5/2)-3*
ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x
+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*b^(3/2)*a+(4*cos(f*x+e)+4)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*cos(f*x+e)^2*cot(f*x+e)+(6*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*cos(f*x+e)
^2-2*cos(f*x+e)-2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*cot(f*x
+e))

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(a+b)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx+e) \log\left(\frac{(a^2-6ab+b^2)\cos(fx+e)^4 + 8(ab-b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a-b)\cos(fx+e)^3 + 2b\cos(fx+e))}{\cos(fx+e)^4}\right)}{8f \cos(fx+e)}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(3*(a + b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*
x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) +
8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((2*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*
sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))
, 1/4*(3*(a + b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*
x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*((2*a + 3*b)*c
os(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x
+ e)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + 3b^{3/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + 3\sqrt{b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b} \tan(fx+e)}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
1/2*(3*a*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 3*b^(3/2)*arcsi
nh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b*ta
n(f*x + e) - 2*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)/tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \csc^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*csc(f*x + e)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \csc^2(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \csc^2(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**2,x)*a`

3.91 $\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	938
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	939
Rubi [A] (verified)	939
Maple [B] (verified)	942
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	943
Sympy [F(-1)]	943
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	944
Giac [F]	944
Mupad [F(-1)]	945
Reduce [F]	945

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a + 5b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b(3a + 5b)\tan(e + fx)\sqrt{a + b + b\tan^2(e + fx)}}{2(a + b)f} - \frac{(3a + 5b)\cot(e + fx)(a + b + b\tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3(a + b)f} - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)(a + b + b\tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{3(a + b)f}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+5*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)))/f+1/2*b*(3*a+5*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f-1/3*(3*a+5*b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/(a+b)/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 5.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \left(-((a + b)(-2a - b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \csc^2(e + fx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 2, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx))^2}{(a + b)} \right) \right)}{3(a + b)^3 f (a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*(-(a + b)*(-2*a - b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2, 1/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + 8*b*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 3, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))*((a + b)*Csc[e + f*x] - a*Sin[e + f*x])^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*(a + b)^3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 359, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{\sin^4(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4620}$$

$$\frac{\int \cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2} d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 247 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c \cdot (m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p / (c^2 \cdot (m+1))) \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]

rule 359 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m+2 \cdot p + 3)) / (a \cdot e^2 \cdot (m+1)) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) \cdot \sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x))]^{n_})^{p_} \cdot \sin[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x))]^{m_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff^{m+1} / f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (\text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p / (1 + f \cdot ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 + 1}), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x] / ff], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. $2(152) = 304$.

Time = 21.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left((-15 \cos(fx+e)+15)b^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} -4 \sin(fx+e)a-4a-4b}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right)}{c}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{f} \frac{1}{b} \frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{((b+a \cos(fx+e))^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} (1+\cos(fx+e))^{\frac{1}{2}}} \frac{1}{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} \left((-15 \cos(fx+e)+15) b^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln \left(4 \left(b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(fx+e) + b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \sin(fx+e) \frac{a-a-b}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right) \cos(fx+e) \cot(fx+e)^2 + (-9 \cos(fx+e)+9) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(4 \left(b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(fx+e) + b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \sin(fx+e) \frac{a-a-b}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right) a \cos(fx+e) \cot(fx+e)^2 + (-15 \cos(fx+e)+15) b^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln \left(-4 \left(b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(fx+e) + b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \sin(fx+e) \frac{a+a+b}{\sin(fx+e)-1} \right) \right) \cos(fx+e) \cot(fx+e)^2 + (-9 \cos(fx+e)+9) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(-4 \left(b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(fx+e) + b^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \sin(fx+e) \frac{a+a+b}{\sin(fx+e)-1} \right) \right) a \cos(fx+e) \cot(fx+e)^2 + (8 \cos(fx+e)^2 - 12) \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} a b \cot(fx+e)^3 + (30 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 40 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 6) \left(\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} b^2 \cot(fx+e) \csc(fx+e)^2 \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3((3a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (3a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{b} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4(a - b)^2}{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4(a - b)^2} \right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(3*((3*a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((4*a + 15*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a + 10*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)), 1/12*(3*((3*a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*((4*a + 15*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a + 10*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^3 - f*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{9a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + \frac{6ab^{3/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a+b} + 9b^{3/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + \frac{6b^{5/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a+b}}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(9*a*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 6*a*b^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(a + b) + 9*b^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 6*b^(5/2)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(a + b) + 9*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b*tan(f*x + e) + 6*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b^2*tan(f*x + e)/(a + b) - 6*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)/tan(f*x + e) - 4*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)) - 2*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \csc^4(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*csc(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^4(fx + e)^4 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^4(fx + e)^4 dx \right) a$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**4,x)*a`

3.92 $\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	946
Mathematica [C] (verified)	947
Rubi [A] (verified)	948
Maple [B] (verified)	951
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	952
Sympy [F(-1)]	952
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	953
Giac [F]	953
Mupad [F(-1)]	954
Reduce [F]	954

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a + 7b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b(3a + 7b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2(a + b)f} - \frac{(3a + 7b) \cot(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3(a + b)f} - \frac{2 \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{3(a + b)f} - \frac{\cot^5(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{5(a + b)f}$$

output

```
1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a+7*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
)/f+1/2*b*(3*a+7*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f-1/3*(3*
a+7*b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/(a+b)/f-2/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/(a+b)/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)
/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{i(16a^2(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2(1-6e^{2i(e+fx)}+16e^{4i(e+fx)}-6e^{6i(e+fx)}+e^{8i(e+fx)}))}{(a+b)(-1+E^{2i(e+fx)})^5(1+E^{2i(e+fx)})^2} - (15\sqrt{b}(3a+7b)\log[-4\sqrt{b}(-1+E^{2i(e+fx)})f+(4I)\sqrt{4bE^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+E^{2i(e+fx)})^2}f]/(1+E^{2i(e+fx)})) \right)}{(15f(a+2b+a\cos[2(e+fx)])^{3/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2]/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(((I)*(16*a^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2*(1 - 6*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 16*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) - 6*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)))) + b^2*(105 - 350*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 231*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) + 412*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 231*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)) - 350*E^((10*I)*(e + f*x)) + 105*E^((12*I)*(e + f*x))) + a*b*(115 - 402*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 317*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) + 708*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 317*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)) - 402*E^((10*I)*(e + f*x)) + 115*E^((12*I)*(e + f*x)))))/((a + b)*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^5*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2 - (15*Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 7*b)*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (4*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2]*f]/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(15*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 27, 359, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^6(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sin(e+fx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\frac{\int \cot^6(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d\tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 365$$

$$\frac{\int 5(a+b)\cot^4(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+2)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d\tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{5(a+b)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \cot^4(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+2) (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{5(a+b)}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 359$$

$$\frac{(3a+7b)\int \cot^2(e+fx)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{2\cot^3(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{3(a+b)}$$

$$\downarrow 247$$

$$\frac{(3a+7b)\left(3b\int \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx) - \cot(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}\right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{2\cot^3(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{3(a+b)}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{(3a+7b) \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \cot(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{3(a+b)} - \cot^5(e+fx)$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{(3a+7b) \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \cot(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{3(a+b)} - \cot^5(e+fx)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(3a+7b) \left(3b \left(\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \cot(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{3(a+b)} - \cot^5(e+fx)$$

```
input Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output ((-2*Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(3*(a + b)) - (Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(5*(a + b)) + ((3*a + 7*b)*(-Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + 3*b*(((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)))/(3*(a + b)))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 247 $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c \cdot (m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p / (c^2 \cdot (m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m+2 \cdot p+3)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 359 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m+2 \cdot p+3)) / (a \cdot e^2 \cdot (m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 365 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^2 \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e \cdot (m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a \cdot e^2 \cdot (m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot (p+1) + c \cdot (b \cdot c - 2 \cdot a \cdot d) \cdot (m+1) - a \cdot d^2 \cdot (m+1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)\text{sec}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)])^{n_})^{p_} \cdot \sin[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_))]^{m_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff^{m+1} / f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (\text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x)]^p / (1 + f \cdot ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2+1}), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x] / ff, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 998 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 23.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 999, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.78

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	999

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/60/f/(a+b)/b*(sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(105*cos(f*x+e)-105)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(7/2)+sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(150*cos(f*x+e)-150)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(5/2)*a+sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(45*cos(f*x+e)-45)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^(3/2)*a^2+sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(105*cos(f*x+e)-105)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(7/2)+sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(150*cos(f*x+e)-150)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(5/2)*a+sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(45*cos(f*x+e)-45)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^(3/2)*a^2+cos(f*x+e)^2*(32*cos(f*x+e)^4-80*cos(f*x+e)^2+60)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b+(230*cos(f*x+e)^6-546*cos(f*x+e)^4+370*cos(f*x+e)^2-30)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))...
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 682, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/120*(15*((3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((16*a^2 + 115*a*b + 105*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (40*a^2 + 273*a*b + 245*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (30*a^2 + 185*a*b + 161*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 15*a*b - 15*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)), 1/60*(15*((3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*((16*a^2 + 115*a*b + 105*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (40*a^2 + 273*a*b + 245*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (30*a^2 + 185*a*b + 161*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 15*a*b - 15*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)]]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{45 a \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + \frac{60 ab^{3/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a+b} + 45 b^{3/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + \frac{60 b^{5/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a+b}}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/30*(45*a*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 60*a*b^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(a + b) + 45*b^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 60*b^(5/2)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(a + b) + 45*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b*tan(f*x + e) + 60*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b^2*tan(f*x + e)/(a + b) - 30*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)/tan(f*x + e) - 40*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)) - 20*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3) - 6*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \csc^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*csc(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\sin(e+fx)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^6,x)`output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/sin(e + f*x)^6, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^6(fx + e) \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^6(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**6*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**6,x)*a`

3.93 $\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	955
Mathematica [A] (verified)	956
Rubi [A] (verified)	956
Maple [A] (verified)	958
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	959
Sympy [F(-1)]	959
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	959
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	960
Mupad [F(-1)]	961
Reduce [F]	962

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15a^3 f} + \frac{2(5a+2b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15a^2 f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5af}$$

output

```
-1/15*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/f+2/15
*(5*a+2*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*(a
+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (89a^2 + 144ab + 64b^2 - 4a(7a + 4b) \cos(2(e + fx)) + 3a^2 \cos(4(e + fx)))}{240a^3 f \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/240*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(89*a^2 + 144*a*b + 64*b^2 - 4*a*(7
*a + 4*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x])/(a^3*f*
Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 365, 25, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{365} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+2b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+2b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & -\frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2) \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{2(5a+2b) \cos^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
 & -\frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2) \cos(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a^2} - \frac{2(5a+2b) \cos^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(-1/5*(Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/a - (((15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(3*a^2) - (2*(5*a + 2*b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(3*a))/(5*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 365 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)(-4 \cos(fx+e)^2 ab+20ab+(3 \cos(fx+e)^4-10 \cos(fx+e)^2+15)a^2+8b^2) \sec(fx+e)}{15f a^3 \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	89

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15/f/a^3*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(-4*cos(f*x+e)^2*a*b+20*a*b+(3*cos(f*x+e)^4-10*cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*a^2+8*b^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{(3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 2(5a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{15a^3 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(5*a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^3*f)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{15 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) - 10 \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx+e)^3 - 3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} b \cos(fx+e) \right)}{15 f} + \frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(fx+e)}{15 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a - 10*((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e))/a^2 + (3*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(5/2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/a^3)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 928 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 928, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.54

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-256/15*(5*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*
e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^7*(a + b) - 5*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^6*(2*a - b)*sqrt(a
+ b) - (sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4
+ b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^5*(13*a^2 + 40*a*b + 15*b^2) + 5*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^4*(8
*a^2 + 5*a*b - 3*b^2)*sqrt(a + b) - 5*(a^3 - 9*a^2*b - 13*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*(
sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e
)^2 + a + b))^3 - 5*(10*a^3 + 17*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*
e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2
*sqrt(a + b) + 5*(9*a^4 + 14*a^3*b - 6*a*b^3 - b^4)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 -
2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)) - (12*a
^4 + 9*a^3*b - 13*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3 + 5*b^4)*sqrt(a + b))/(((sqrt(a + b...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^5(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.94 $\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	963
Mathematica [A] (verified)	963
Rubi [A] (verified)	964
Maple [A] (verified)	966
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	966
Sympy [F(-1)]	966
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	967
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	967
Mupad [F(-1)]	968
Reduce [F]	968

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{(3a+2b) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a^2 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3af}$$

output

```
-1/3*(3*a+2*b)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f+1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{(-5a-4b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec(e+fx)}{12a^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

$$\frac{((-5*a - 4*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x])}{(12*a^2*f*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2]}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos^4(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\ & \frac{(3a + 2b) \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{3a} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\ & \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{3a} - \frac{(3a + 2b) \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{3a^2} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\ & \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{3a} - \frac{(3a + 2b) \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{3a^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^3/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2], x]$$

output
$$\frac{(-1/3*((3*a + 2*b)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2])/a^2 + (\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2])/(3*a))/f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 242
$$\text{Int}[\text{((c_)*(x_))^{\text{m_}}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p_}}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[(\text{c}*x)^{\text{m} + 1} * ((a + b*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / (a*c*(\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$$

rule 359
$$\text{Int}[\text{((e_)*(x_))^{\text{m_}}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p_}}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m} + 1} * ((a + b*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / (a*\text{e}*(\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(\text{m} + 1) - b*c*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3)) / (a*\text{e}^2*(\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m} + 2} * (a + b*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$$

rule 4622
$$\text{Int}[\text{((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*\text{sec}[\text{e}_] + (f_)*(x_)]^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_}) * \text{sin}[\text{e}_] + (f_)*(x_)]^{\text{m}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(f*\text{ff}^{\text{m}}) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + \text{ff}^2*x^2)^{(\text{m} - 1)/2} * ((a + b*(c*\text{ff}*x)^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}} / x^{\text{m} + 1}), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sec}[e + f*x]/\text{ff}], \text{x}]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, \text{e}, f, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}, 2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}, 4])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 (a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 3a - 2b) \sec(fx+e)}{3f a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	58

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3/f/a^2*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(a*cos(f*x+e)^2-3*a-2*b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{(a \cos(fx + e))^3 - (3a + 2b) \cos(fx + e) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{3a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^2*f)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e)}{a} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx+e)^3 - 3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} b \cos(fx+e)}{a^2} \frac{1}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a - ((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e))/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{f \left(\frac{(a \cos^2(fx+e) + b)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^2 f^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b(a+b)}}{a^2 f^2} \right)}{3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*f*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2)/(a^2*f^2) - 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*(a + b)/(a^2*f^2))/sgn(cos(f*x + e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e)^3}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.95 $\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	969
Mathematica [A] (verified)	969
Rubi [A] (verified)	970
Maple [A] (verified)	971
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	971
Sympy [F]	972
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	972
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	972
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	973
Reduce [F]	973

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\cos(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{af}$$

output `-cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx))\sec(e+fx)}{2af\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])*Sec[e + f*x])/(a*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\ & -\frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{af} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(a*f))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(fx+e)}}{fa\sec(fx+e)}$	31
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(fx+e)}}{fa\sec(fx+e)}$	31

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/f/a/sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b\sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a\cos^2(fx+e)+b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx + e)}{af}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx + e)}{af}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*f)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}}{af \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/(a*f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)}{\cos(2e+2fx)+1}}}{af}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `-(cos(e + f*x)*((a + 2*b + a*cos(2*e + 2*f*x))/(cos(2*e + 2*f*x) + 1))^(1/2))/(a*f)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.96 $\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	974
Mathematica [A] (verified)	974
Rubi [A] (verified)	975
Maple [B] (verified)	977
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Sympy [F]	978
Maxima [F]	978
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	979
Mupad [F(-1)]	979
Reduce [F]	979

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output `-arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+bf} \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output

```

-((ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int -\frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{(a+b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}}{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f \sqrt{a + b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*f))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-2\cos(fx+e)a+2b}}{\sqrt{a+b}(1+\cos(fx+e))}\right)+\ln\left(\frac{4\left(\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)-1\right)}{2f\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}\right)}{2f\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/f/(a+b)^(1/2)*(ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))+ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[\log\left(\frac{2\left(a\cos(fx+e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\frac{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}\cos(fx+e) + a + 2b\right)}{\cos(fx+e)^2 - 1}\right) \right]}{2\sqrt{a+bf}}, \frac{\sqrt{-a-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a-b}\sqrt{\frac{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}\cos(fx+e)}{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}\right)}{(a+b)f}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/(sqrt(a + b)*f), sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/((a + b)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(csc(e + f*x)/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(csc(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin(fx+e)^2 + a + b}}{\sqrt{-a - b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a - b} f \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `arctan(sqrt(-a*sin(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/sqrt(-a - b))/(sqrt(-a - b)*f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.97 $\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	980
Mathematica [A] (verified)	980
Rubi [A] (verified)	981
Maple [B] (verified)	983
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	984
Sympy [F]	985
Maxima [F]	985
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	986
Mupad [F(-1)]	986
Reduce [F]	987

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{3/2} f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b) f}$$

output

$$-1/2*a*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b)^{(1/2)}*\sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)})/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f-1/2*\cot(f*x+e)*\csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a+b)/f$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{a \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)} \left(\frac{(a+b) \csc^2(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*(a*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/a + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]]/Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])))/(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)^2*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 373, 27, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2(a + b)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))} - \frac{\int \frac{a}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{2(a + b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2(a + b)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))} - a \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}}{2(a+b)}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{\sec(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{3/2}}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(-1/2*(a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + (Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373

```
Int[((e.)*(x.))^(m.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.)^2)^(p.)*((c.) + (d.)*(x.)^2)^(q.)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,
m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4622

```
Int[((a.) + (b.)*((c.)*sec[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)])^(n.))^(p.)*sin[(e.) + (
f.)*(x.)]^(m.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 566 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.52

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 2 \cos(fx+e) a + 2b}{\sqrt{a+b} (1+\cos(fx+e))}} \right) a^2 (1-\cos(fx+e))^2 + \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 2 \cos(fx+e) a + 2b}{\sqrt{a+b} (1+\cos(fx+e))}} \right) \right)$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/2/f/(a+b)^(5/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x
+e)^2)^(1/2)/((1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2-1)/(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*(ln(2/(a+b
)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))) *a^2*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2+ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*(1-cos(f*x+e
))^2*a*b+ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e
)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))) *a^2*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2+ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*(1-cos(f*x+e)
)^2*a*b+(-2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*(a+b)^(3/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 152 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + (a \cos^2(fx+e) - a) \sqrt{a+b} \log \left(\frac{2 \left(a \cos^2(fx+e) - 2 \sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)}} \right)}{\cos^2(fx+e) - 1} \right)}{4((a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f \cos^2(fx+e) - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2)f)}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(2*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) +
(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)
)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos
(f*x + e)^2 - 1)))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b +
b^2)*f), 1/2*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt
((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b
)) + (a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e))/((a
^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(csc(e + f*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^3(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(csc(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 480 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(4*a*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)) + 2*a*log(abs(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sqrt(a + b) + a - b))/(a + b)^(3/2) - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)/(a + b) - 2*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a - b) - (a + b)^(3/2))/(((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - a - b)*(a + b)))/(f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \csc^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.98 $\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	988
Mathematica [C] (verified)	989
Rubi [A] (verified)	989
Maple [B] (verified)	992
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	993
Sympy [F]	994
Maxima [F]	994
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	995
Mupad [F(-1)]	996
Reduce [F]	996

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{5/2} f} - \frac{(5a+2b) \cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{8(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \csc(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b) f}$$

output

```
-3/8*a^2*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/8*(5*a+2*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```


$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int \frac{2(2a+b) \sec^2(e+fx)+a}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) - \frac{\sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\
 \downarrow 372 \\
 \int \frac{3a^2}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx) + \frac{(5a+2b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{(5a+2b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{(5a+2b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{3a^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{(5a+2b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{(5a+2b) \sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

$$\frac{(-1/4*(\text{Sec}[e + f*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2])/((a + b)*(1 - \text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-3*a^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sec}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)])/(2*(a + b)^{(3/2)}) + ((5*a + 2*b)*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2])/((2*(a + b)*(1 - \text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*(a + b)))/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 291

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2))], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 372

$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{m_}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p+1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, \text{x}]$$

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 974 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 975, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	975

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/16/f/(a+b)^(9/2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2*(-6*cos(f*x+e)^2+10)*(a+b)^(5/2)*a^2+(-2
*cos(f*x+e)^2+10)*(a+b)^(5/2)*a*b+4*(a+b)^(5/2)*b^2+(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f
*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b
)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))*a^4+(6*cos(f*x+e)+6)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-
cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^3*b+(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^2*b^2+(3*
cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(
-4*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a
+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+c
os(f*x+e))*a^4+(6*cos(f*x+e)+6)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+c
os(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*a^3*b+(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^2 \cos^4(fx + e) - 2a^2 \cos^2(fx + e) + a^2) \sqrt{a + b} \log \left(\frac{2(a \cos^2(fx + e) - 2\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \cos(fx + e) + a + 2\sqrt{a + b})}{\cos^2(fx + e) - 1} \right)}{16((a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)f \cos^4(fx + e) - 2(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2))}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log
(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + 2*(3*(a^2 + a*b)*co
s(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 7*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4
- 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*
a*b^2 + b^3)*f), 1/8*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2)*
sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^
2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + (3*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 -
(5*a^2 + 7*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2))/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^
2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)
]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(csc(e + f*x)**5/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^5(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(csc(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 785 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 785, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/64*(sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)*((a + b)*tan(1/2*
f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) + 3*(3*a + b)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)) - 24
*a^2*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/
2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1
/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a - b
)) - 12*a^2*log(abs((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*
b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sqrt(a + b) - a + b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b
^2)*sqrt(a + b)) + 4*(2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1
/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2) - 3*(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
a + b))^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a + b) - 2*(3*a^3 + a^2*b - 2*a*b^2)*(s
qrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)
^2 + a + b)) + (5*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a + b))/(((sqrt(a +
b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + ...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^5(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

$$3.99 \quad \int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	997
Mathematica [A] (verified)	998
Rubi [A] (verified)	998
Maple [B] (verified)	1002
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1002
Sympy [F]	1003
Maxima [F]	1003
Giac [F(-1)]	1004
Mupad [F(-1)]	1004
Reduce [F]	1004

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 193

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{5(a+b)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}f} \\ & \quad - \frac{(33a^2 + 40ab + 15b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{48a^3f} \\ & \quad + \frac{(9a+5b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{24a^2f} \\ & \quad + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{6af} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
5/16*(a+b)^3*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
/f-1/48*(33*a^2+40*a*b+15*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(
1/2)/a^3/f+1/24*(9*a+5*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1
/2)/a^2/f+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))} \sec(e+fx) \left(15(a+b)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b} \right)}{48\sqrt{2}a^{7/2}f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sec[e + f*x]*(15*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(15*(a + b)^2 + 10*a*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^2 + 8*a^2*Sin[e + f*x]^4))/(48*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/2)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 440, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^6}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)$$

$$f$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 372 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(3(a+b)-2(3a+b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 440 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(9a+5b)-2(12a^2+13ba+5b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{(9a+5b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+40ab+15b^2)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \int \frac{15(a+b)^3}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{(9a+5b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+40ab+15b^2)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \int \frac{15(a+b)^3}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{(9a+5b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+40ab+15b^2)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \int \frac{15(a+b)^3}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}+1} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{4a} - \frac{(9a+5b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 216
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\frac{(33a^2+40ab+15b^2)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{15(a+b)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{(9a+5b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

f

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3) - (-1/4*((9*a + 5*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-15*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*a^(3/2)) + ((33*a^2 + 40*a*b + 15*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a))/(6*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q._)*((e_) + (f._)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c +
d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b^2*(c
*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] &&
LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e._) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p._)*sin[(e._) + (f._)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 632 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 19.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

method	result
default	$15\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^3 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1)+45\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/48/f/a^3/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}*(15*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+ \\ & \cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a^3*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e) \\ &)^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & -4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+45*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *a^2*b*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin \\ & (f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+45*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a \\ & *b^2*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e) \\ &)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a) \\ & *(sec(f*x+e)+1)+15*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*b^3*\ln(4*(- \\ & a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)} \\ &)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e) \\ & +1)+\sin(f*x+e)*\cos(f*x+e)*(-8*\cos(f*x+e)^4+26*\cos(f*x+e)^2-33)*a^3*(-a)^{(1 \\ & /2)}+(2*\cos(f*x+e)^4-14*\cos(f*x+e)^2-33)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*a^2*b*\tan(f*x+e)+5*(-8- \\ & \cos(f*x+e)^2)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*a*b^2*\tan(f*x+e)-15*(-a)^{(1/2)}*b^3*\tan(f*x+e) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x +
e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^
2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4
- 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7
- 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5
- 2*(13*a^3 + 5*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (33*a^3 + 40*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*co
s(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4
*f), -1/192*(15*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*
cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*
x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*
x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))
+ 4*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(13*a^3 + 5*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (33*a^3
+ 40*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**6/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^6}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^6(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

```
output int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),  
x)
```

$$3.100 \quad \int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1006
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1007
Rubi [A] (verified)	1007
Maple [B] (verified)	1010
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1011
Sympy [F]	1012
Maxima [F]	1012
Giac [F(-1)]	1012
Mupad [F(-1)]	1013
Reduce [F]	1013

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 135

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{3(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}f} \\ & \quad - \frac{(5a+3b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{8a^2f} \\ & \quad + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{4af} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
3/8*(a+b)^2*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/
f-1/8*(5*a+3*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f+1/4
*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))} \sec(e + fx) \left(3(a + b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}}\right) - \sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b} \right)}{8\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}f\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sec[e + f*x]*(3*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(3*(a + b) + 2*a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/(8*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4620}$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{372}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \int \frac{-2(2a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 402 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{4a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{(5a+3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{3(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) - ((-3*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*a^(3/2)) + ((5*a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 372 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + (a*d*(m+2*q-1) + 2*b*c*(p+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 462 vs. $2(119) = 238$.

Time = 9.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a\right) (3+3 \sec(fx+e)) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/f/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(6+6*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2-5)*a^2*(-a)^(1/2)+(-cos(f*x+e)^2-5)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b*tan(f*x+e)-3*(-a)^(1/2)*b^2*tan(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\sqrt{-a} \log\left(128a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256(a^4 - a^3b) \cos^6(fx + e) + 32(5a^4 - 14a^3b + 5a^2b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) + a^4 - 28a^3b + 70a^2b^2 - 28ab^3 + b^4 - 32(a^4 - 7a^3b + 7a^2b^2 - ab^3) \cos^2(fx + e) + 8(16a^3 \cos^7(fx + e) - 24(a^3 - a^2b) \cos^5(fx + e) + 2(5a^3 - 14a^2b + 5ab^2) \cos^3(fx + e) - (a^3 - 7a^2b + 7ab^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e) - 8(2a^2 \cos^3(fx + e) - (5a^2 + 3ab) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e)\right)}{32a^3f} - \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{(8a^2 \cos^5(fx + e) - 8(a^2 - ab) \cos^3(fx + e) + (a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}}}{4(2a^3 \cos^4(fx + e) - a^2b + ab^2 - (a^3 - 3a^2b) \cos^2(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}\right)}{32a^3f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/64*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - 8*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f), -1/32*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)**4/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^4(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.101 $\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1014
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1014
Rubi [A] (verified)	1015
Maple [B] (verified)	1017
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1018
Sympy [F]	1019
Maxima [F]	1019
Giac [F]	1019
Mupad [F(-1)]	1020
Reduce [F]	1020

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}f} - \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{2af}$$

output `1/2*(a+b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))} \sec(e+fx) \left((a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sec[e + f*x]*((a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*
Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[
a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2
])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 373, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a + b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{(a + b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 216

f

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(2*a^(3/2)) - (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)], x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 296 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 5.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} a \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) (-1 - \sec(fx+e)) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/f/a/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*a+(-a)^(1/2)*b*tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.85

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + \sqrt{-a}(a + b) \log\left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256 (a^4 - a^3 b)\right)}{8 a^2 f} - \frac{4 a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + (a + b) \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{(8 a^2 \cos^5(fx+e) - 8 (a^2 - ab) \cos^3(fx+e) + (a^2 - ab)^2) \sqrt{a}}{4 (2 a^3 \cos^4(fx+e) - a^2 b + ab^2 - (a^3 - ab^2) \cos^2(fx+e))}}\right)}{8 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*(a + b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a^2*f), -1/8*(4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + (a + b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a^2*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e)^2}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.102 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1021
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1021
Rubi [A] (verified)	1022
Maple [B] (verified)	1023
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1024
Sympy [F]	1025
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1025
Giac [F]	1026
Mupad [F(-1)]	1027
Reduce [F]	1027

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f}$$

output `arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*Sqrt[a + 2*
b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e
+ f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1}}{f} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(Sqrt[a]*f)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sin(fx+e)a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1)}{f\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	138

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f/(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{-a} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 - 256 (a^2 - a^3 b) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 32 (5 a^4 - 14 a^3 b + 5 a^2 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + a^4 - 28 a^3 b + 70 a^2 b^2 - 28 a b^3 + b^4 - 32 (a^4 - 7 a^3 b + 7 a^2 b^2 - a b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8 (16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^7 - 24 (a^3 - a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 2 (5 a^3 - 14 a^2 b + 5 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7 a^2 b + 7 a b^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \sin(fx + e)}{4 \sqrt{a} f} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(a*f), -1/4*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(sqrt(a)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 992 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 992, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*(arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b
)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x +
2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
+ 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4
*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*
b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), 2*a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^
2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2
)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*co
s(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*a
rctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*
e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + 2*a + 4*b) - arctan2(2*(a^2*cos(
4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*
x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 +
4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f
*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt
(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*
cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a}}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.103 $\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1028
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1028
Rubi [A] (verified)	1029
Maple [A] (verified)	1030
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
Sympy [F]	1031
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1031
Giac [F(-1)]	1031
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1032
Reduce [F]	1032

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)f}$$

output `-cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\csc(e+fx)\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x])/((a + b)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^2 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 242

$$-\frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f(a+b)}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-((Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/((a + b)*f))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\cot(fx+e)a+b\sec(fx+e)\csc(fx+e)}{f(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}$	48

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/f/(a+b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)*a+b*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b\sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)}{(a + b)f \sin(fx + e)}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/((a + b)*f*sin(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b}}{(a + b)f \tan(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a + b)*f*tan(f*x + e))`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2 \sin(2e + 2fx) + \sin(4e + 4fx)) \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)}{\cos(2e+2fx)+1}}}{2f \sin(2e + 2fx)^2 (a + b)}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `-((2*sin(2*e + 2*f*x) + sin(4*e + 4*f*x))*((a + 2*b + a*cos(2*e + 2*f*x))/(cos(2*e + 2*f*x) + 1))^(1/2))/(2*f*sin(2*e + 2*f*x)^2*(a + b))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^2(fx + e)^2}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.104 $\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1033
Rubi [A] (verified)	1034
Maple [A] (verified)	1035
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1036
Sympy [F]	1036
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1036
Giac [F]	1037
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1037
Reduce [F]	1038

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{(3a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b) f}$$

output `-1/3*(3*a+b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{(-2a-b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \csc^3(e+fx) \sec(e+fx)}{6(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

$$\left((-2a - b + a \cos[2(e + fx)]) (a + 2b + a \cos[2(e + fx)]) \operatorname{Csc}[e + fx]^3 \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx] \right) / (6(a + b)^2 f \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx]^2])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\ & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\ & \frac{(3a + b) \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{3(a + b)} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\ & \frac{-\cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{3(a + b)} - \frac{(3a + b) \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{3(a + b)^2} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\ & \frac{-\cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{3(a + b)} - \frac{(3a + b) \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{3(a + b)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Csc}[e + fx]^4 / \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx]^2], x]$$

output

$$\left(-\frac{1}{3} \left((3a + b) \operatorname{Cot}[e + fx] \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b + b \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]^2] \right) / (a + b)^2 - \left(\operatorname{Cot}[e + fx]^3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b + b \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]^2] \right) / (3(a + b)) \right) / f$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f*ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 (2a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 3a - b) \sec(fx+e) \csc(fx+e)^3}{3f(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}$	77

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/f/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(2*a*cos(f*x+e)^2-3*a-b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2a\cos(fx+e)^3 - (3a+b)\cos(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}}{3((a^2+2ab+b^2)f\cos(fx+e)^2 - (a^2+2ab+b^2)f)\sin(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)^(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**4/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\frac{3\sqrt{b\tan(fx+e)^2+a+b}}{(a+b)\tan(fx+e)} - \frac{2\sqrt{b\tan(fx+e)^2+a+bb}}{(a+b)^2\tan(fx+e)} + \frac{\sqrt{b\tan(fx+e)^2+a+b}}{(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/3*(3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)) - 2*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b/((a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)) + sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(csc(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{2(e^{e^{2i+fx^{2i}} + 1}) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\left(\frac{e^{-e^{1i-fx^{1i}}}}{2} + \frac{e^{e^{1i+fx^{1i}}}}{2}\right)^2}} (a^{1i} - a e^{e^{2i+fx^{2i}} 4i} + a e^{e^{4i+fx^{4i}} 1i} - b e^{e^{2i+fx^{2i}} 2i})}{3 f (a + b)^2 (e^{e^{2i+fx^{2i}} - 1})^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
-(2*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^(1/2)*(a*1i - a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*4i + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*1i - b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*2i))/(3*f*(a + b)^2*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)^3)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \csc^4(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.105 $\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1039
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1040
Rubi [A] (verified)	1040
Maple [A] (verified)	1042
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Sympy [F]	1043
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1044
Giac [F]	1044
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1045
Reduce [F]	1045

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^3 f}$$

$$-\frac{2(5a+3b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^2 f}$$

$$-\frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{5(a+b) f}$$

output

```
-1/15*(15*a^2+10*a*b+3*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/
f-2/15*(5*a+3*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/5*cot
(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))(8a^2+8ab+3b^2-2a(3a+b)\cos(2(e+fx))+a^2\cos(4(e+fx)))\csc^5(e+fx)}{30(a+b)^3f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/30*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2 - 2*a*(3*a + b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sec[e + f*x])/((a + b)^3*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ \downarrow 3042 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^6 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\ \downarrow 4620 \\ \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\ \downarrow 365 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) (5(a+b) \tan^2(e+fx) + 2(5a+3b))}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}{5(a+b)}$$

f
↓ 359

$$\frac{(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+3b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}{5(a+b)}$$

f
↓ 242

$$\frac{-(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}{3(a+b)^2} - \frac{2(5a+3b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}{5(a+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-1/5*(Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) + (-1/3*((15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^2 - (2*(5*a + 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(3*(a + b)))/(5*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 365

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^2, x
_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x]
- Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p
+ 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 (8 \cos(fx+e)^4 a^2 - 20 a^2 \cos(fx+e)^2 - 4 \cos(fx+e)^2 ab + 15 a^2 + 10 ab + 3 b^2) \sec(fx+e) \csc(fx+e)^5}{15 f (a^3 + 3 a^2 b + 3 a b^2 + b^3) \sqrt{a + b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	120

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/15/f/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(8*cos(f*x+e)^4*a^2-2
0*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^2-4*cos(f*x+e)^2*a*b+15*a^2+10*a*b+3*b^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e
^2)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{(8a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 4(5a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{15((a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 4*(5*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)^(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**6/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{15 \sqrt{b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b}}{(a + b) \tan(fx + e)} - \frac{20 \sqrt{b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b}}{(a + b)^2 \tan(fx + e)} + \frac{8 \sqrt{b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b}}{(a + b)^3 \tan(fx + e)} + \frac{10 \sqrt{b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b}}{(a + b) \tan^3(fx + e)} - \frac{4 \sqrt{b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b}}{(a + b)^2 \tan(fx + e)}$$

15 f

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)) - 20*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b/((a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)) + 8*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b^2/((a + b)^3*tan(f*x + e)) + 10*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3) - 4*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b/((a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)^3) + 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 24.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
((((32*a + 16*b)/(5*f*(6*a + 6*b)*(a*1i + b*1i)) + (32*a + 80*b)/(5*f*(6*a + 6*b)*(a*1i + b*1i)))*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1))/((exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)^3*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)) - ((a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*((a*(2*a + b)*32i)/(15*f*(a*1i + b*1i)^2*(8*a + 8*b)) + (a*(2*a + 3*b)*32i)/(15*f*(a*1i + b*1i)^2*(8*a + 8*b)))*(2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1))/((exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)^2*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)) + ((a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1)*((96*a + 32*b)/(5*f*(a*1i + b*1i)*(16*a + 16*b)) + (160*a + 160*b)/(5*f*(a*1i + b*1i)*(16*a + 16*b)) + (256*a + 320*b)/(5*f*(a*1i + b*1i)*(16*a + 16*b))))/((exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)^4*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)) - ((a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1)*32i)/(f*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)^5*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)*(10*a + 10*b)) - (8*a^2*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1))/(15*f*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)*(a*1i + b*1i)^3)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^6(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),
x)`

$$3.106 \quad \int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1047
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1048
Rubi [A] (verified)	1048
Maple [A] (verified)	1051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1051
Sympy [F(-1)]	1052
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1052
Giac [F(-1)]	1053
Mupad [F(-1)]	1053
Reduce [F]	1053

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b(a+b)^2 \sec(e+fx)}{a^4 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(15a^2 + 50ab + 33b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15a^4 f} + \frac{(10a+9b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15a^3 f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5a^2 f}$$

output

```
-b*(a+b)^2*sec(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/15*(15*a^2+50*a*b+33*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^4/f+1/15*(10*a+9*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (150a^3 + 1528a^2b + 2944ab^2 + 1536b^3 + a(125a^2 + 544ab + 384b^2) \cos(2(e + fx)))}{960a^4 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/960*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(150*a^3 + 1528*a^2*b + 2944*a*b^2 + 1536*b^3 + a*(125*a^2 + 544*a*b + 384*b^2)*cos[2*(e + f*x)] - 2*a^2*(11*a + 12*b)*cos[4*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^3*cos[6*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(a^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 365, 25, 359, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow \text{4622} \\ \int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ \hline f \\ \downarrow \text{365} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+3b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+3b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{(15a^2+40ab+24b^2) \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{2(5a+3b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{(15a^2+40ab+24b^2) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2(5a+3b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{(15a^2+40ab+24b^2) \left(-\frac{2b \sec(e+fx)}{a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2(5a+3b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

`(-1/5*Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) - ((-2*(5*a + 3*b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/(3*a*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) - ((15*a^2 + 40*a*b + 24*b^2)*(-(Cos[e + f*x]/(a*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])) - (2*b*Sec[e + f*x])/(a^2*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))))/(3*a))/(5*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 208 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{-3/2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x}/(\text{a} * \text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]), \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 245 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x}^{\text{m} + 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / (\text{a} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b} * ((\text{m} + 2 * (\text{p} + 1) + 1) / (\text{a} * (\text{m} + 1))) \text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{m} + 2} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(\text{m} + 1) / 2 + \text{p} + 1], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 359 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3)) / (\text{a} * \text{e}^2 * (\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 2} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 365 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^2, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}^2 * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{a} * \text{e}^2 * (\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 2} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * \text{Simp}[2 * \text{b} * \text{c}^2 * (\text{p} + 1) + \text{c} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - 2 * \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{a} * \text{d}^2 * (\text{m} + 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4622 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * ((\text{c}_) * \text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)])^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_} * \sin[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{f} * \text{ff}^{\text{m}}) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}^2)^{((\text{m} - 1) / 2) * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * (\text{c} * \text{ff} * \text{x})^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}} / \text{x}^{\text{m} + 1}), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sec}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}] / \text{ff}], \text{x}]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1) / 2] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \text{ || EqQ}[\text{n}, 2] \text{ || EqQ}[\text{n}, 4])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 401.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$-\frac{(a+b)^6 a^2 (24a \cos(fx+e)^2 b^2 + (-6 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 40 \cos(fx+e)^2) b a^2 + 80a b^2 + 30a^2 b + (3 \cos(fx+e)^6 - 10 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 15 \cos(fx+e)^2) a^3 + 48b^3) (b + a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{15 f (\sqrt{-ab+a})^6 (\sqrt{-ab-a})^6 (a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/15/f*(a+b)^6*a^2/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)^6/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)^6*(24*a*cos(f*x+e)^2*b^2+(-6*cos(f*x+e)^4+40*cos(f*x+e)^2)*b*a^2+80*a*b^2+30*a^2*b+(3*cos(f*x+e)^6-10*cos(f*x+e)^4+15*cos(f*x+e)^2)*a^3+48*b^3)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sec(f*x+e)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3a^3 \cos(fx+e)^7 - 2(5a^3 + 3a^2b) \cos(fx+e)^5 + (15a^3 + 40a^2b + 24ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 2(15a^2b + 4a^2b^2) \cos(fx+e) + a^4b^2) \sqrt{(a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b)/\cos(fx+e)^2}}{15(a^5 f \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^4 b f)}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/15*(3*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(5*a^3 + 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (15*a^3 + 40*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*(15*a^2*b + 40*a*b^2 + 24*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b*f)$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{15 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e)}{a^2} - \frac{10 \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^3(fx+e) - 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} b \cos(fx+e) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{15b}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a^2 \cos(fx+e)} +$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a^2 - 10*((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 6*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e))/a^3 + 15*b/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a^2*cos(f*x + e)) + 30*b^2/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a^3*cos(f*x + e)) + 15*b^3/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a^4*cos(f*x + e)) + 3*((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(5/2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b^2*cos(f*x + e))/a^4)/f`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^5(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.107 $\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1054
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1054
Rubi [A] (verified)	1055
Maple [A] (verified)	1057
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1057
Sympy [F(-1)]	1058
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1058
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1059
Mupad [F(-1)]	1059
Reduce [F]	1060

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b(a+b) \sec(e+fx)}{a^3 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(3a+5b) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a^3 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a^2 f}$$

output

```
-b*(a+b)*sec(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(3*a+5*b)*cos(f*x+e)
)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/f+1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
/a^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(9a^2+64ab+64b^2+8a(a+2b) \cos(2(e+fx))-a^2 \cos(4(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx)}{48a^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e+f*x]^3/(a+b*Sec[e+f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/48*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(9*a^2 + 64*a*b + 64*b^2 + 8*a*(a +
2*b)*cos[2*(e + f*x)] - a^2*cos[4*(e + f*x)])*sec[e + f*x]^3)/(a^3*f*(a +
b*sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 359, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int -\frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{(3a+4b) \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{(3a+4b) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3a+4b)\left(-\frac{2b \sec(e+fx)}{a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 208

f

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]^3/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + ((3*a + 4*b)*(-(Cos[e + f*x]/(a*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))) - (2*b*Sec[e + f*x])/(a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])))/(3*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
default	$\frac{a(a+b)^4(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2(-4 \cos(fx+e)^2 ab - 6ab + (\cos(fx+e)^4 - 3 \cos(fx+e)^2) a^2 - 8b^2) \sec(fx+e)^3}{3f(\sqrt{-ab-a})^4(\sqrt{-ab+a})^4(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	113

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/f*a/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)^4/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)^4*(a+b)^4*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(-
4*cos(f*x+e)^2*a*b-6*a*b+(cos(f*x+e)^4-3*cos(f*x+e)^2)*a^2-8*b^2)/(a+b*se
c(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sec(f*x+e)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - (3a^2 + 4ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e) - 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)}{3(a^4 f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3 b f)}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (3*a^2 + 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^
2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^4*f*cos(f*
x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e)}{a^2} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^3(fx+e) - 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} b \cos(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{3b}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} a^2 \cos(fx+e)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}}}$$

$$3f$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a^2 - ((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 6*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e))/a^3 + 3*b/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a^2*cos(f*x + e)) + 3*b^2/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a^3*cos(f*x + e)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{f \left(\frac{3(ab+b^2)}{\sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + ba^3 f^2}} - \frac{(a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^6 f^4 - 3 \sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + ba^7 f^4} - 6 \sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + ba^6 b f^4}}{a^9 f^6} \right)}{3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*f*(3*(a*b + b^2)/(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^3*f^2) - ((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2)*a^6*f^4 - 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^7*f^4 - 6*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^6*b*f^4)/(a^9*f^6))/sgn(cos(f*x + e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^3(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.108 $\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1061
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1061
Rubi [A] (verified)	1062
Maple [A] (verified)	1063
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1064
Sympy [F]	1064
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1064
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1065
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1065
Reduce [F]	1066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{af\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2b\sec(e+fx)}{a^2f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-cos(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-2*b*sec(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))(a+4b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sec^3(e+fx)}{4a^2f(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$-1/4*((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(a + 4*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3)/(a^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\ & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\ & \frac{2b \sec(e + fx)}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} - \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x]/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(-(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2])) - (2*b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]/(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)))/f$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a\sqrt{a + b*x^2}), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 245 $\text{Int}[(x_+)^{m_+}((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1}((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \text{ Int}[x^{m+2}(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_+, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4622 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)((c_+)*\text{sec}[e_+] + (f_+)(x_+))^{n_+})^{p_+}*\sin[e_+] + (f_+)(x_+)^{m_+}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(f*ff^m) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^{m+1}), x], x, \text{Sec}[e + f*x]/ff], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \text{ || EqQ}[n, 2] \text{ || EqQ}[n, 4])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{a \sec(fx+e)\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}} - \frac{2b \sec(fx+e)}{a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	59
default	$\frac{1}{a \sec(fx+e)\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}} - \frac{2b \sec(fx+e)}{a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	59

input $\text{int}(\sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $1/f*(-1/a/\sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}-2*b/a^2*\sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)})$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(a \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{a^3 f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2 b f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)}{a^2} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} a^2 \cos(fx + e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a^2 + b/(sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*a^2*cos(f*x + e)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}}}{a^2 f \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + b/sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^2*f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-e 1i - f x 1i} (e^{e 2i + f x 2i} + 1) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\left(\frac{e^{-e 1i - f x 1i}}{2} + \frac{e^{e 1i + f x 1i}}{2}\right)^2}} (a + 2a e^{e 2i + f x 2i} + a e^{e 4i + f x 4i} + 8b e^{e 2i + f x 2i})}{2 a^2 f (a + 2a e^{e 2i + f x 2i} + a e^{e 4i + f x 4i} + 4b e^{e 2i + f x 2i})}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `-(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(a + 2*a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 8*b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)))/(2*a^2*f*(a + 2*a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 4*b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)))`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 2 \sec(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.109
$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1067
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1067
Rubi [A] (verified)	1068
Maple [B] (verified)	1070
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1071
Sympy [F]	1071
Maxima [F]	1072
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1072
Mupad [F(-1)]	1073
Reduce [F]	1073

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b) f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

`-arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-b*sec(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(b\sqrt{a+b} + a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right) \sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{2a(a+b)^{3/2} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]]/(a + b)^(3/2)) - (b*Sec[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 296 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_) ]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 906 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 907, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	907

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*a^3*(sec(f*x+e)+1)-1/2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*(1+sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/2*
ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x
+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2
*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(sec(f*x+e)+1)-1/2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*(1+sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)-1
/2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+
e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)
/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*(se...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{2(ab + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) - (a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + ab) \sqrt{a + b}}{2((a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + \dots)} \right]$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*(a*b + b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) - (a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f), ((a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - (a*b + b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 503 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(2*((a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^3*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^2*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) + (a*b^2 + b^3)/(a^3*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^2*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))/sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - log(abs(-sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - sqrt(a + b)))/((a + b)^(3/2)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) - log(abs((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sqrt(a + b) - a + b))/((a + b)^(3/2)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) + log(abs((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sqrt(a + b) - a - b))/((a + b)^(3/2)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/f`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \csc(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.110
$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1074
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1074
Rubi [A] (verified)	1075
Maple [B] (verified)	1078
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1079
Sympy [F]	1079
Maxima [F(-1)]	1080
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1080
Mupad [F(-1)]	1081
Reduce [F]	1082

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(a-2b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\csc(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3b \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-2*b)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-3/2*b*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \left((a+b) \csc^2(e+fx) - (a-2b) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right) \right)}{4(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/4*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 - (a - 2*b)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, 1 - (a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b])*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/((a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 373, 402, 25, 27, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-2b \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3b \sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a(a-2b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3b \sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a(a-2b)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{a(a-2b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{3b\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a-2b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{3b\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a-2b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}} + \frac{3b\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(a-2b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{3b\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

`(Sec[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) - (((a - 2*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + (3*b*Sec[e + f*x])/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*(a + b)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 373 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1189 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1190, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.44

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1190

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/f/(a+b)^(9/2)*((a+b)^(5/2)*b+(a+b)^(5/2)*a+((1-cos(f*x+e))^6*csc(f*x+e)
)^6-(1-cos(f*x+e))^4*csc(f*x+e)^4-(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2)*a*(a+b)^(
5/2)+((1-cos(f*x+e))^6*csc(f*x+e)^6+11*(1-cos(f*x+e))^4*csc(f*x+e)^4+11*(1
-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2)*b*(a+b)^(5/2)+4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos
(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^3*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2-12*b^2*ln(
-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+
b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+c
os(f*x+e)))*a*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2
*csc(f*x+e)^2-8*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))
)*b^3*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-
cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^3*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2-12*b^2*l
n(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+
e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 273 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{((a^2 - 2ab) \cos(fx + e))^4 - (a^2 - 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - ab + 2b^2}{4((a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + \dots))} \right]$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(((a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^2 - 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) - 2*((a^2 - a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f), 1/2*(((a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^2 - 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + ((a^2 - a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 903 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.17

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/8*(((a^5*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^4*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^3*b^3
*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^2*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 5*
a^2*b^5 + a*b^6) - 2*(a^5*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 2*a^4*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)
) - 12*a^3*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 14*a^2*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 5*a*b^5*
sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 5*a^2*b^
5 + a*b^6))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + (a^5*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 12*a^4*b^2
*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 30*a^3*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^2*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x
+ e)) + 9*a*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 10*a
^3*b^4 + 5*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6))/sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a
+ b) - 4*(a - 2*b)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)
^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^
2)*sqrt(-a - b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) - 2*(a - 2*b)*log(abs((sqrt(a + b)*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*
e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sq
rt(a + b) - a + b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) +
2*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^3(fx + e)^3}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.111
$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1083
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1084
Rubi [A] (verified)	1084
Maple [B] (verified)	1088
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1089
Sympy [F]	1090
Maxima [F(-1)]	1090
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1090
Mupad [F(-1)]	1091
Reduce [F]	1092

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3a(a-4b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{5a \cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{4(a+b) f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(13a-2b)b \sec(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^3 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-3/8*a*(a-4*b)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-5/8*a*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/8*(13*a-2*b)*b*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```


$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a(4 \sec^2(e+fx)+1)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{4 \sec^2(e+fx)+1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{4 \sec^2(e+fx)+1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{a \left(\int \frac{-10b \sec^2(e+fx)+3a-2b}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx) + \frac{5 \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{a \left(\frac{5 \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \int \frac{-10b \sec^2(e+fx)+3a-2b}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \right)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{a \left(\frac{5 \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b(13a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{3a(a-4b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a \left(\frac{\frac{5 \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3(a-4b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{b(13a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)} \right) - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

291

$$a \left(\frac{\frac{5 \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3(a-4b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{(a+b) \sec^2(e+fx)}{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}} + \frac{b(13a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)} \right) - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

219

$$a \left(\frac{\frac{5 \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3(a-4b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(13a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2(a+b)} \right) - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b}}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-1/4*Sec[e + f*x]/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + (a*((5*Sec[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])) - ((3*(a - 4*b)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + ((13*a - 2*b)*b*Sec[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*(a + b)))/(4*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 372 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_) ]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1985 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1986, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.22

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1986

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/16/f/(a+b)^(13/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^6*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^5*b*(3*tan(f*x
+e)^2+3*tan(f*x+e)^2*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(
f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^4*b^2*(-27-27*sec(f*x+e)-3*sec(f*x+e)^2-3*se
c(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*
(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^3*b^3*(-33-33*sec(f*x+e)-27*sec(f*x+e)^2-27*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2*b^4*(-12
-12*sec(f*x+e)-33*sec(f*x+e)^2-33*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 436 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/16*(3*((a^3 - 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^3 - 9*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b - 4*a*b^2 + (a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) - 2*(3*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (5*a^3 - 16*a^2*b - 17*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (13*a^2*b + 11*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5)*f), 1/8*(3*((a^3 - 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^3 - 9*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b - 4*a*b^2 + (a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + (3*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (5*a^3 - 16*a^2*b - 17*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (13*a^2*b + 11*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1612 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1612, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.11

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/64*(((a^8*b + 7*a^7*b^2 + 21*a^6*b^3 + 35*a^5*b^4 + 35*a^4*b^5 + 21*a^3*b^6 + 7*a^2*b^7 + a*b^8)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^9*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^7*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^2*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))) + (7*a^8*b + 39*a^7*b^2 + 87*a^6*b^3 + 95*a^5*b^4 + 45*a^4*b^5 - 3*a^3*b^6 - 11*a^2*b^7 - 3*a*b^8)/(a^9*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^7*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^2*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - (17*a^8*b - 9*a^7*b^2 - 291*a^6*b^3 - 725*a^5*b^4 - 765*a^4*b^5 - 363*a^3*b^6 - 49*a^2*b^7 + 9*a*b^8)/(a^9*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^7*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^2*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + (9*a^8*b + 113*a^7*b^2 + 425*a^6*b^3 + 745*a^5*b^4 + 675*a^4*b^5 + 299*a^3*b^6 + 43*a^2*b^7 - 5*a*b^8)/(a^9*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^7*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^3*b^7*sgn...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^5(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.112
$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1093
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1094
Rubi [A] (verified)	1094
Maple [F(-1)]	1098
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1098
Sympy [F]	1099
Maxima [F]	1100
Giac [F]	1100
Mupad [F(-1)]	1100
Reduce [F]	1101

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5(a+b)^2(a+7b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{9/2}f} - \frac{(a+b)(33a+35b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{48a^3 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(9a+7b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin^3(e+fx)}{6af \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b(81a^2+190ab+105b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^4 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
5/16*(a+b)^2*(a+7*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/a^(9/2)/f-1/48*(a+b)*(33*a+35*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*b*tan(f
*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/24*(9*a+7*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x
+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)^3/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-
1/48*b*(81*a^2+190*a*b+105*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2
)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sec^3(e+fx)\left(120(a+b)^2(a+7b)\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)\right)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(120*(a + b)^2*(a + 7*b)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*(37*a^3 + 439*a^2*b + 830*a*b^2 + 420*b^3 + a*(29*a^2 + 108*a*b + 70*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] - 7*a^2*(a + b)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] + a^3*Cos[6*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x))/(1536*a^(9/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 440, 27, 402, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)$$

f

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 372 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(2(b-3(a+b))\tan^2(e+fx)+3(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 440 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(-4(6a+7b)\tan^2(e+fx)+9a+7b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{6a} - \frac{(9a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\int \frac{-4(6a+7b)\tan^2(e+fx)+9a+7b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{6a} - \frac{(9a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\left(\frac{(33a+35b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{15a^2+54ba+35b^2-2b(33a+35b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}\right)}{4a}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\left(\frac{(33a+35b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{15(a+b)^2(a+7b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b}{2a}\right)}{4a}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\left(\frac{(33a+35b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{15(a+b)^2(a+7b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b}{2a}\right)}{4a}}{6a} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(33a+35b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{15(a+b)(a+7b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \frac{1}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{f}{6a}$$

291

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(33a+35b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{15(a+b)(a+7b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} \frac{d}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{f}{6a}$$

216

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(33a+35b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{15(a+b)(a+7b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(81a^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{f}{6a}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]^3/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) - (-1/4*((9*a + 7*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + ((a + b)*(((33*a + 35*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) - ((15*(a + b)*(a + 7*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(81*a^2 + 190*a*b + 105*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*a)))/(4*a))/(6*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))* \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 372 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)})/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + (a*d*(m+2*q-1) + 2*b*c*(p+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)})/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 440 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)})/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(g*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m-1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m+2*q+1) - b^2*(c*f - d*e)*(p+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 813, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(a^3*b + 9*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3 + 7*b^4 + (a^4 + 9*a^3*b + 15*a^2*b^2 + 7*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(13*a^4 + 7*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (33*a^4 + 68*a^3*b + 35*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (81*a^3*b + 190*a^2*b^2 + 105*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b*f), -1/192*(15*(a^3*b + 9*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3 + 7*b^4 + (a^4 + 9*a^3*b + 15*a^2*b^2 + 7*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(8*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(13*a^4 + 7*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (33*a^4 + 68*a^3*b + 35*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (81*a^3*b + 190*a^2*b^2 + 105*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^6(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.113
$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1103
Rubi [A] (verified)	1103
Maple [B] (verified)	1107
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1107
Sympy [F]	1108
Maxima [F]	1108
Giac [F]	1109
Mupad [F(-1)]	1109
Reduce [F]	1109

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(a+b)(a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}f} - \frac{5(a+b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b(13a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

```
output 3/8*(a+b)*(a+5*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/f-5/8*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/8*b*(13*a+15*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^3(e + fx) \left(24(a^2 + 6ab + 5b^2) \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right) \right)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(24*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 5*b^2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*(7*a^2 + 62*a*b + 60*b^2 + 2*a*(3*a + 5*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] - a^2*Cos[4*(e + f*x)]*Sin[e + f*x]))/(256*a^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 402, 27, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^4}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4620

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 372 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{-4(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\frac{5(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(-10b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a+5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\frac{5(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\int \frac{-10b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a+5b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\frac{5(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\left(\int \frac{3(a+b)(a+5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)\right)}{a(a+b)}}{2a}}{4a}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\frac{5(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b)\left(\int \frac{3(a+5b)\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a}\right)}{2a}}{4a}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 291
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{5(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{4a} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{3(a+5b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} dx - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a} \right)}{2a}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{5(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{4a} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{3(a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - \frac{b(13a+15b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a}$$

input

```
Int[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) - ((5*(a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) - ((a + b)*((3*(a + 5*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(13*a + 15*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))) / (2*a) / (4*a) / f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 372 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)^(m_)] , x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 681 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 10.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 682, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^3 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) (3+3 \sec(fx+e)) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/f/a^3/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(18+18*sec(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)^2+3*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(15+15*sec(f*x+e)+18*sec(f*x+e)^2+18*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(15*sec(f*x+e)^2+15*sec(f*x+e)^3)+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2-5)*a^3*(-a)^(1/2)+(-3*cos(f*x+e)^2-18)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b*tan(f*x+e)+(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*(-20*tan(f*x+e)-13*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)-15*(-a)^(1/2)*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/64*(3*(a^2*b + 6*a*b^2 + 5*b^3 + (a^3 + 6*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^
6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70
*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(
5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^
3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(
f*x + e) - 8*(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (13
*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^
2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b*f), -1/32*(3*(a^2*b + 6*a*b
^2 + 5*b^3 + (a^3 + 6*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*
(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)
*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3
*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x
+ e))) - 4*(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (13*a^
2*b + 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*
sin(f*x + e))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^4(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

```
output int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 +  
2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```

3.114
$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1111
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1111
Rubi [A] (verified)	1112
Maple [B] (verified)	1115
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1115
Sympy [F]	1116
Maxima [F]	1116
Giac [F]	1117
Mupad [F(-1)]	1117
Reduce [F]	1117

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2a^{5/2} f} - \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)}{2a^2 f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+3*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/
f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-3/2*b*tan(f*x+e)
)/a^2/f/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(4(a+3b) \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right)}{32a^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```


output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*sec[e + f*x]^3*(4*(a + 3*b)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]
)*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*(a + 6*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]*Sin[e + f*x]))/(32*a^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 373, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^2}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-2b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a + b)(a + 3b)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} - \frac{3b \tan(e + fx)}{a\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} - \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{(a+3b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2a} - \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{(a+3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f

input

`Int[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

`(-1/2*Tan[e + f*x]/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + (((a + 3*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (3*b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*a)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

`Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216

`Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e
x)^(m - 2)(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,
m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)
^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)
]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 478 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 6.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) (-1 - \sec(fx+e)) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}{\dots}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/2/f/a^2/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-\sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-3-3*\sec(f*x+e)-\sec(f*x+e)^2-\sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-3*\sec(f*x+e)^2-3*\sec(f*x+e)^3)+(-a)^{(1/2)}*a^2*\cos(f*x+e)*\sin(f*x+e)+4*b*a*(-a)^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)+3*(-a)^{(1/2)}*b^2*\tan(f*x+e)*\sec(f*x+e)^2)
 \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 607, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16*(((a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*
cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4
- 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*
x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*
sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(a^2*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + 3*a*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*
sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f), -1/8*(((a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2
- a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^
2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3
+ 3*a*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x
+ e))/(a^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sin(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin^2(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.115 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1118
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1118
Rubi [A] (verified)	1119
Maple [B] (verified)	1121
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1122
Sympy [F]	1122
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1123
Giac [F]	1124
Mupad [F(-1)]	1124
Reduce [F]	1124

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right) (a+)}{4a^{3/2}(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2),x]`

output $((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\sec[e + f*x]^3*(\sqrt{a + b}*\arcsin[(\sqrt{a + b}*\sin[e + f*x])/\sqrt{a + b}])*(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - \sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*b*\sqrt{(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)}*\sin[e + f*x])/(4*a^(3/2)*(a + b)*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*\sqrt{(a + b - a*\sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 296, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 296

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{a} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

f

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

↓ 216

$$f$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2), x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/a^(3/2) - (b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 296 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 464 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 4.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

method	result
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sin(fx+e)a\right) (-1 - \sec(fx+e)) - \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e))-((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e)-sec(f*x+e)^2-sec(f*x+e)
^3)-((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-sec(f*x+e)^2-sec(f*x+e)^
3)-b*a*(-a)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)-(-a)^(1/2)*b^2*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b
/a/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(8*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(
f*x + e) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos
os(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f), -1/4*(4*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e
)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3
- 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-3/2), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2055 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2055, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*a*b*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^3 - 2*(a*b*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2 + a*b)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) - (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^1/4)*(((a + b)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 + (a + b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2)*arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*...
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a}}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.116
$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1125
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1125
Rubi [A] (verified)	1126
Maple [A] (verified)	1127
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1128
Sympy [F]	1128
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1128
Giac [F]	1129
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1129
Reduce [F]	1130

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2b \tan(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output `-cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-2*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(a+3b+(a-b) \cos(2(e+fx))) \csc(e+fx) \sec^3(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$-1/4*((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(a + 3*b + (a - b)*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3)/((a + b)^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\ & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\ & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{a + b} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\ & \frac{2b \tan(e + fx)}{(a + b)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(-(\text{Cot}[e + f*x]/((a + b)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2])) - (2*b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2]))/f$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 (a \cos(fx+e)^2 - \cos(fx+e)^2 b + 2b) \sec(fx+e)^3 \csc(fx+e)}{f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)(a + b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	84

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/f/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(a*cos(f*x+e)^2-cos(f*x+e)^2*b+2*b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{((a - b) \cos(fx + e))^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{((a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^2b + 2ab^2 + b^3)f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b(a + b)^2}} + \frac{1}{f \sqrt{b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b(a + b) \tan(fx + e)}}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(2*b*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2) + 1/(sqrt(b*
tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(csc(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2151, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.63

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```

-((a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(e
*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1)*(exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*(((a + 4*b)*((
(a + 4*b)*(((a^2*(a + 3*b)*(a*(a - b) - (a + 3*b)^2)))/(a*b + a^2) + (a*(a
+ 3*b)^2*(a*(a + 3*b) - a*(a + 4*b)))/(a*b + a^2))*1i)/(8*f*(a*b^2 + a^2*b
b)*(a + 3*b)) - (a^3*(a + 3*b)*3i)/(8*f*(a*b + a^2)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)) + (a^
2*(a + 3*b)*(a + 4*b)*1i)/(8*f*(a*b + a^2)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b))))/a - (((a + 3
*b)^3 - ((a + 3*b)*(a*(a - b) - (a + 3*b)^2)*(a*(a + 3*b) - a*(a + 4*b)))/
(a*b + a^2))*1i)/(8*f*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)*(a + 3*b)) - (((a^2*(a + 3*b)*(a*(a
- b) - (a + 3*b)^2))/(a*b + a^2) + (a*(a + 3*b)^2*(a*(a + 3*b) - a*(a + 4
b)))/(a*b + a^2))*3i)/(8*f*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)*(a + 3*b)) + (a^3*(a + 3*b)*3i)
/(8*f*(a*b + a^2)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)) + (a^2*(a + 3*b)*(a + 4*b)*1i)/(8*f*(a*
b + a^2)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b))))/a + ((a + 4*b)*(((a^2*(a + 3*b)*(a*(a - b) -
(a + 3*b)^2))/(a*b + a^2) + (a*(a + 3*b)^2*(a*(a + 3*b) - a*(a + 4*b)))/(a
*b + a^2))*1i)/(8*f*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)*(a + 3*b)) - (a^3*(a + 3*b)*3i)/(8*f*(
a*b + a^2)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)) + (a^2*(a + 3*b)*(a + 4*b)*1i)/(8*f*(a*b + a^2
)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b))))/a + (((a + 3*b)^3 - ((a + 3*b)*(a*(a - b) - (a + 3*b)
^2)*(a*(a + 3*b) - a*(a + 4*b)))/(a*b + a^2))*3i)/(8*f*(a*b^2 + a^2*b)*(a
+ 3*b)) + (((a^2*(a + 3*b)*(a*(a - b) - (a + 3*b)^2))/(a*b + a^2) + (a*(a
+ 3*b)^2*(a*(a + 3*b) - a*(a + 4*b)))/(a*b + a^2))*3i)/(8*f*(a*b^2 + a^2*b
)*(a + 3*b)) - (a^3*(a + 3*b)*1i)/(4*f*(a*b + a^2)*(a*b^2 + a^2*b))) + ...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^2(fx + e)^2}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 +
2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```

3.117
$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1131
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1132
Rubi [A] (verified)	1132
Maple [A] (verified)	1134
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1135
Sympy [F]	1135
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1136
Giac [F]	1136
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1137
Reduce [F]	1137

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(3a-2b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)^2 f}$$

output

```
-a*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(3*a-2*b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (-2a(a - 3b) + (a^2 - 2ab - 3b^2) \csc^2(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \csc^4(e + fx)) \sec^2(e + fx)}{6(a + b)^3 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/6*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-2*a*(a - 3*b) + (a^2 - 2*a*b - 3*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + (a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^4)*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 359, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\ & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(3a-b) \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{(3a-b) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{(3a-b) \left(-\frac{2b \tan(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2 \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-1/3*Cot[e + f*x]^3/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + ((3*a - b) *(-Cot[e + f*x]/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) - (2*b*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])))/(3*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \left((-6 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 10 \cos(fx+e)^2) ab - 6ab + (2 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 3 \cos(fx+e)^2) a^2 + (-3 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2) b^2 \right) \sec(fx+e)}{3f(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)(a + b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/f/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*((-6*cos(f*x+e)^4+10*cos(f*x+e)^2)*a*b-6*a*b+(2*cos(f*x+e)^4-3*cos(f*x+e)^2)*a^2+(-3*cos(f*x+e)^2+2)*b^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2(a^2 - 3ab) \cos(fx + e)^5 - (3a^2 - 10ab + 3b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 2(3ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e))}{3((a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + ab^3)f \cos(fx + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2a^3b - 2ab^3 - b^4)f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^3b + 3a^2b^2 +$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(2*(a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (3*a^2 - 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 2*(3*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{6b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^2}} - \frac{8b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^3}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b) \tan(fx+e)}} - \frac{4b}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)}}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(6*b*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2) - 8*b^2*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^3) + 3/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)) - 4*b/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)) + 1/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 32.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124682, normalized size of antiderivative = 1084.19

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output

```
(a^2*(a + b/(((cos(2*f*x) - sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) - sin(2*e)*1i))/4 + (cos(2*f*x) + sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) + sin(2*e)*1i))/4 + 1/2))^(1/2)*128
i)/(3*(32*a^4*f + 32*b^4*f + 192*a^2*b^2*f + 128*a*b^3*f + 128*a^3*b*f - 3
2*a^4*f*(cos(2*f*x) + sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) + sin(2*e)*1i) - 32*a^4*f*(
cos(4*f*x) + sin(4*f*x)*1i)*(cos(4*e) + sin(4*e)*1i) + 32*a^4*f*(cos(6*f*x
) + sin(6*f*x)*1i)*(cos(6*e) + sin(6*e)*1i) - 32*b^4*f*(cos(2*f*x) + sin(2
*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) + sin(2*e)*1i) - 32*b^4*f*(cos(4*f*x) + sin(4*f*x)*1i)
*(cos(4*e) + sin(4*e)*1i) + 32*b^4*f*(cos(6*f*x) + sin(6*f*x)*1i)*(cos(6*e
) + sin(6*e)*1i) - 128*a*b^3*f*(cos(2*f*x) + sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) + si
n(2*e)*1i) - 128*a^3*b*f*(cos(2*f*x) + sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) + sin(2*e)
*1i) - 128*a*b^3*f*(cos(4*f*x) + sin(4*f*x)*1i)*(cos(4*e) + sin(4*e)*1i) -
128*a^3*b*f*(cos(4*f*x) + sin(4*f*x)*1i)*(cos(4*e) + sin(4*e)*1i) + 128*a
*b^3*f*(cos(6*f*x) + sin(6*f*x)*1i)*(cos(6*e) + sin(6*e)*1i) + 128*a^3*b*f
*(cos(6*f*x) + sin(6*f*x)*1i)*(cos(6*e) + sin(6*e)*1i) - 192*a^2*b^2*f*(co
s(2*f*x) + sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) + sin(2*e)*1i) - 192*a^2*b^2*f*(cos(4*
f*x) + sin(4*f*x)*1i)*(cos(4*e) + sin(4*e)*1i) + 192*a^2*b^2*f*(cos(6*f*x)
+ sin(6*f*x)*1i)*(cos(6*e) + sin(6*e)*1i))) - (5*a*(a + b/(((cos(2*f*x) -
sin(2*f*x)*1i)*(cos(2*e) - sin(2*e)*1i))/4 + ((cos(2*f*x) + sin(2*f*x)*1i
)*(cos(2*e) + sin(2*e)*1i))/4 + 1/2))^(1/2))/(3*(a^3*f*1i + b^3*f*1i + a*b
^2*f*3i + a^2*b*f*3i - a^3*f*(cos(4*f*x) + sin(4*f*x)*1i)*(cos(4*e) + s...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^4(fx + e)^4}{\sec^4(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 +  
2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```

3.118
$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1139
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1140
Rubi [A] (verified)	1140
Maple [A] (verified)	1143
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1143
Sympy [F]	1144
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1144
Giac [F]	1145
Mupad [F(-1)]	1145
Reduce [F]	1146

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a^2 b \tan(e+fx)}{(a+b)^4 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(15a^2 - 20ab - 2b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{(10a+b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{5(a+b)^2 f}$$

```
output -a^2*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/15*(15*a^2-20*a*b
-2*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^4/f-1/15*(10*a+b)*cot(
f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(
f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))(-8a^2(a-5b)+4a(a^2-4ab-5b^2)\csc^2(e+fx)+(a-5b)(a+b)^2\csc^4(e+fx))}{30(a+b)^4 f (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/30*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-8*a^2*(a - 5*b) + 4*a*(a^2 - 4*a*b - 5*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + (a - 5*b)*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^4 + 3*(a + b)^3*Csc[e + f*x]^6)*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 359, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 3042 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 4620 \\ \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\ \downarrow f \\ \downarrow 365 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+2(5a+2b))}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 359

$$\frac{(15a^2-10ab-b^2)\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 245

$$\frac{(15a^2-10ab-b^2)\left(-\frac{2b\int \frac{1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f

↓ 208

$$\frac{(15a^2-10ab-b^2)\left(-\frac{2b\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-1/5*Cot[e + f*x]^5/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + ((-2*(5*a + 2*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(3*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + ((15*a^2 - 10*a*b - b^2)*(-Cot[e + f*x]/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) - (2*b*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])))/(3*(a + b)))/(5*(a + b))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 245 $\text{Int}[x^{(m)} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{(p)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} / (a \cdot (m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot ((m+2) \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[x^{(m+2)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 359 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{(m)} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{(p)} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (e \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} / (a \cdot e \cdot (m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m+2) \cdot p + 3) / (a \cdot e^2 \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{(m+2)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 365 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{(m)} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{(p)} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^2 \cdot (e \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} / (a \cdot e \cdot (m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (a \cdot e^2 \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{(m+2)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot (p+1) + c \cdot (b \cdot c - 2 \cdot a \cdot d) \cdot (m+1) - a \cdot d^2 \cdot (m+1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) \cdot \text{sec}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)]^{(n)})^{(p)} \cdot \sin[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)]^{(m)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff^{(m+1)} / f \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (\text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(n/2)}], x)]^p / (1 + f \cdot ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(m/2 + 1)}, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x] / ff], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$-\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2) \left((-20 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 49 \cos(fx+e)^2) a b^2 + (-40 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 104 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 85 \cos(fx+e)^2) b a^2 - 20 a b^2 - 15 f (a^4 + 4 b a^3 + 6 a^2 b^2 + 4 a b^3 + b^4) (a - \dots) \right)}{15 f (a^4 + 4 b a^3 + 6 a^2 b^2 + 4 a b^3 + b^4) (a - \dots)}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/15/f/(a^4+4a^3b+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)*(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*((-20*\cos(f*x+e)^4+49*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*a*b^2+(-40*\cos(f*x+e)^6+104*\cos(f*x+e)^4-85*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*b*a^2-20*a*b^2+30*a^2*b+(8*\cos(f*x+e)^6-20*\cos(f*x+e)^4+15*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*a^3+(5*\cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*b^3)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*\sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)^5$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. 2(153) = 306.

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(8(a^3-5a^2b) \cos(fx+e)^7 - 4(5a^3-26a^2b+5ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^5 + (15a^5+4a^4b+6a^3b^2+4a^2b^3+ab^4) f \cos(fx+e)^6 - (2a^5+7a^4b+8a^3b^2+2a^2b^3-2ab^4-b^5) f \cos(fx+e)^4 + (2a^5+7a^4b+8a^3b^2+2a^2b^3-2ab^4-b^5) f \cos(fx+e)^2 - (2a^5+7a^4b+8a^3b^2+2a^2b^3-2ab^4-b^5) f \cos(fx+e)^0)}{15((a^5+4a^4b+6a^3b^2+4a^2b^3+ab^4) f \cos(fx+e)^6 - (2a^5+7a^4b+8a^3b^2+2a^2b^3-2ab^4-b^5) f \cos(fx+e)^4 + (2a^5+7a^4b+8a^3b^2+2a^2b^3-2ab^4-b^5) f \cos(fx+e)^2 - (2a^5+7a^4b+8a^3b^2+2a^2b^3-2ab^4-b^5) f \cos(fx+e)^0)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/15*(8*(a^3 - 5*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 4*(5*a^3 - 26*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (15*a^3 - 85*a^2*b + 49*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*(15*a^2*b - 10*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(csc(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{30 b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^2}} - \frac{80 b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^3}} + \frac{48 b^3 \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^4}} + \frac{15}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b) \tan(fx+e)}}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/15*(30*b*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2) - 80*b
^2*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^3) + 48*b^3*tan(f*
x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^4) + 15/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e
)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)) - 40*b/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*
(a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)) + 24*b^2/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^3
*tan(f*x + e)) + 10/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3
) - 6*b/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)^3) + 3/(sqr
t(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(csc(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
\text{Hanged}
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^6(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.119
$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1147
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1148
Rubi [A] (verified)	1148
Maple [A] (verified)	1151
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Sympy [F(-1)]	1152
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1153
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1153
Mupad [F(-1)]	1154
Reduce [F]	1155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{b(a+b)^2 \sec(e+fx)}{3a^4 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(a+b)(5a+11b) \sec(e+fx)}{3a^5 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(15a^2+80ab+73b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15a^5 f} + \frac{2(5a+7b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15a^4 f} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{5a^3 f}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*(a+b)^2*sec(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(a+b)*(5*a+
11*b)*sec(f*x+e)/a^5/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/15*(15*a^2+80*a*b+73*b^2
)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^5/f+2/15*(5*a+7*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a
+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^4/f-1/5*cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^3
/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (425a^4 + 6400a^3b + 22784a^2b^2 + 32768ab^3 + 16384b^4 + 48a(11a^3 + 150a^2b -$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/3840*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(425*a^4 + 6400*a^3*b + 22784*a^2*
b^2 + 32768*a*b^3 + 16384*b^4 + 48*a*(11*a^3 + 150*a^2*b + 384*a*b^2 + 256
*b^3)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 12*a^2*(7*a^2 + 64*a*b + 64*b^2)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)]
- 16*a^4*Cos[6*(e + f*x)] - 32*a^3*b*Cos[6*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^4*Cos[8*(e +
f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(a^5*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96,
 number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules
 used = {3042, 4622, 365, 25, 359, 245, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx)$$

$$f$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{365} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+4b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(2(5a+4b)-5a \sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{359} \\
 \frac{(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{245} \\
 \frac{(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{209} \\
 \frac{(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{208}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(5a^2+20ab+16b^2) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \sec(e+fx)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2(5a+4b) \cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{5a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-1/5*Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((-2*(5*a + 4*b)*Cos[e + f*x]^3)/(3*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((5*a^2 + 20*a*b + 16*b^2)*(-Cos[e + f*x]/(a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) - (4*b*(Sec[e + f*x]/(3*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*Sec[e + f*x])/(3*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])))/a)/a)/(5*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 365 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\frac{a^2(192ab^3 \cos(fx + e)^2 + (-8 \cos(fx + e))^6 + 60 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 60 \cos(fx + e)^2)ba^3 + 160ab^3 + 40a^2b^3}{1}$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
1/15/f*a^2/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)^7/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)^7*(192*a*b^3*cos(f*x+e)^2+(-8*cos(f*x+e)^6+60*cos(f*x+e)^4+60*cos(f*x+e)^2)*b*a^3+160*a*b^3+40*a^2*b^2+(48*cos(f*x+e)^4+240*cos(f*x+e)^2)*a^2*b^2+128*b^4+(3*cos(f*x+e)^8-10*cos(f*x+e)^6+15*cos(f*x+e)^4)*a^4)*(a+b)^7*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*sec(f*x+e)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3a^4 \cos(fx + e)^9 - 2(5a^4 + 4a^3b) \cos(fx + e)^7 + 3(5a^4 + 20a^3b + 16a^2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 12(5a^3b + 16a^2b^2 + 16ab^3) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 8(5a^2b^2 + 20ab^3 + 16b^4) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2}}{15(a^7 f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2a^6 b f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^5 b^2 f)}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/15*(3*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 2*(5*a^4 + 4*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(5*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 12*(5*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 8*(5*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^7*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^6*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b^2*f)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{15 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e)}{a^3} - \frac{10 \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx+e)^3 - 9 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} b \cos(fx+e) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(fx+e)^5}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/15*(15*\sqrt{a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2}*\cos(f*x + e)/a^3 - 10*((a + b/\cos(f*x \\ & + e)^2)^(3/2)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 - 9*\sqrt{a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2}*b*\cos(f*x + e \\ &))/a^4 + (3*(a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2)^(5/2)*\cos(f*x + e)^5 - 20*(a + b/\cos(f* \\ & x + e)^2)^(3/2)*b*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + 90*\sqrt{a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2}*b^2*\cos(f \\ & *x + e))/a^5 + 5*(6*(a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*\cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)/((a + b \\ & / \cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*a^3*\cos(f*x + e)^3) + 10*(9*(a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2)* \\ & b^2*\cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^3)/((a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*a^4*\cos(f*x + e)^3 \\ &) + 5*(12*(a + b/\cos(f*x + e)^2)*b^3*\cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^4)/((a + b/\cos(f*x \\ & + e)^2)^(3/2)*a^5*\cos(f*x + e)^3))/f \end{aligned}$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1638 vs. 2(184) = 368.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1638, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.03

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/15*(5*(((6*a^16*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 23*a^15*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
+ 28*a^14*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11*a^13*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^18*b^2) - 3*(2*a^16*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^15*b^4*sgn(
cos(f*x + e)) - 12*a^14*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 11*a^13*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x +
e)))/(a^18*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 3*(2*a^16*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
+ a^15*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 12*a^14*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 11*a^13*b^6
*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^18*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + (6*a^16*b^3*sgn(c
os(f*x + e)) + 23*a^15*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^14*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e
)) + 11*a^13*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^18*b^2))/(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4
+ b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2) + 4*(15*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sq
rt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^9*(2*a*b + 3*b^2) + 15*(s
qrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)
^2 + a + b))^8*(22*a*b + 21*b^2)*sqrt(a + b) + 20*(16*a^3 + 38*a^2*b + 63*
a*b^2 + 45*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^7 - 20*(32*a^3 + 118*a^2*b + 51*a*b^2 - 63*
b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sin(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^5(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.120 $\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1157
Rubi [A] (verified)	1157
Maple [A] (verified)	1160
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Sympy [F(-1)]	1161
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1161
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1162
Mupad [F(-1)]	1162
Reduce [F]	1163

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{b(a+b) \sec(e+fx)}{3a^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+8b) \sec(e+fx)}{3a^4 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(3a+8b) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a^4 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{3a^3 f}$$

output

$$-1/3*b*(a+b)*\sec(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}-1/3*b*(5*a+8*b)*\sec(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}-1/3*(3*a+8*b)*\cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/a^4/f+1/3*\cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/a^3/f$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (26a^3 + 264a^2b + 640ab^2 + 512b^3 + 3a(11a^2 + 96ab + 128b^2) \cos(2(e + fx)))}{192a^4 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/192*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(26*a^3 + 264*a^2*b + 640*a*b^2 + 512*b^3 + 3*a*(11*a^2 + 96*a*b + 128*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 6*a^2*(a + 4*b)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] - a^3*Cos[6*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(a^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 359, 245, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow \text{4622} \\ \int -\frac{\cos^4(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ \downarrow \text{25} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{(a+2b) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \sec(e+fx)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]^3/(3*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((a + 2*b)*(-(Cos[e + f*x]/(a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) - (4*b*(Sec[e + f*x]/(3*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*Sec[e + f*x]/(3*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))))/a))/a)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 208 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-3/2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x}/(\text{a} * \text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]), \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 209 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(2 * \text{p} + 3) / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \text{ ILtQ}[\text{p} + 3/2, 0]$
- rule 245 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{a} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b} * ((\text{m} + 2 * (\text{p} + 1) + 1) / (\text{a} * (\text{m} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \text{ ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(\text{m} + 1) / 2 + \text{p} + 1], 0] \ \&\& \text{ NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$
- rule 359 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3)) / (\text{a} * \text{e}^2 * (\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \text{ NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \text{ !ILtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4622 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * ((\text{c}_) * \text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)])^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)} * \sin[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{f} * \text{ff}^{\text{m}}) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}^2)^{((\text{m} - 1) / 2)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * (\text{c} * \text{ff} * \text{x})^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}} / \text{x}^{(\text{m} + 1)}), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sec}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}] / \text{ff}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1) / 2] \ \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}, 2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}, 4])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 105.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{a(-24a \cos(fx+e)^2 b^2 + (-6 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 12 \cos(fx+e)^2) b a^2 - 8a b^2 + (\cos(fx+e)^6 - 3 \cos(fx+e)^4) a^3 - 16b^3)(a+b)^5 (b+a \cos(fx+e))}{3f(\sqrt{-ab+a})^5 (\sqrt{-ab-a})^5 (a+b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3/f*a/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)^5/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)^5*(-24*a*cos(f*x+e)^2*b^2+(-6*cos(f*x+e)^4-12*cos(f*x+e)^2)*b*a^2-8*a*b^2+(cos(f*x+e)^6-3*cos(f*x+e)^4)*a^3-16*b^3)*(a+b)^5*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*sec(f*x+e)^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a^3 \cos(fx+e))^7 - 3(a^3 + 2a^2b) \cos(fx+e)^5 - 12(a^2b + 2ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - 8(a^2b^2 + 2ab^3) \cos(fx+e)}{3(a^6 f \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^5 b f \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^4 b^2 f)}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 3*(a^3 + 2*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 12*(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 8*(a^2*b^2 + 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^6*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^5*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^4*b^2*f)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e)}{a^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^3(fx+e) - 9 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} b \cos(fx+e)}{a^4} + \frac{6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right) b \cos^2(fx+e) - b^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 \cos^3(fx+e)} + \frac{9}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a^3 - ((a + b/cos(f*x + e)
^2)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 9*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e))/a^4 + (6*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)/((a + b/cos(f*x + e)
^2)^(3/2)*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^3) + (9*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)
^2 - b^3)/((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^3))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$f \left(\frac{6(a \cos(fx+e)^2+b)ab+9(a \cos(fx+e)^2+b)b^2-ab^2-b^3}{(a \cos(fx+e)^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4f^2} - \frac{(a \cos(fx+e)^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^8f^4-3\sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)^2+ba^9}f^4-9\sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)^2+ba^8}}{a^{12}f^6} \right)$$

$$3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*f*((6*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a*b + 9*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*b^2 - a*b^2 - b^3)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2)*a^4*f^2) - ((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2)*a^8*f^4 - 3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^9*f^4 - 9*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^8*b*f^4)/(a^12*f^6))/sgn(cos(f*x + e))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^3(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.121
$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1164
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1164
Rubi [A] (verified)	1165
Maple [A] (verified)	1167
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Sympy [F]	1168
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1168
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1168
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1169
Reduce [F]	1170

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{af(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \sec(e+fx)}{3a^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8b \sec(e+fx)}{3a^3 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

$$-\frac{\cos(f*x+e)}{a/f/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}-4/3*b*\sec(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}-8/3*b*\sec(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))((3a+8b)^2+12a(a+4b) \cos(2(e+fx))+3a^2 \cos(4(e+fx))) \sec^5(e+fx)}{48a^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
-1/48*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((3*a + 8*b)^2 + 12*a*(a + 4*b)*Cos[
2*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(a^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e
+ f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 245, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \sec(e+fx)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{3a (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

f

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-(Cos[e + f*x]/(a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) - (4*b*(Sec[e + f*x]/(3*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*Sec[e + f*x])/(3*a^2*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])))/a)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{a \sec(fx+e)(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)}{3a(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2 \sec(fx+e)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}} \right)}{f}$	90
default	$\frac{1}{a \sec(fx+e)(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4b \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)}{3a(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2 \sec(fx+e)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}} \right)}{f}$	90

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/a/sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-4*b/a*(1/3*sec(f*x+e)/a/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 + 12ab \cos(fx + e)^3 + 8b^2 \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}}}{3(a^5 f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2a^4 b f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3 b^2 f)}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 12*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 8*b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{6\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right) b \cos(fx+e)^2 - b^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}\right)^{3/2} a^3 \cos(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*sqrt(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/a^3 + (6*(a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)/((a + b/cos(f*x + e)^2)^(3/2)*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^3))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b} + \frac{6(a \cos^2(fx + e) + b)b - b^2}{(a \cos^2(fx + e) + b)^{3/2}}}{3a^3 f \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3*(3*sqrt(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + (6*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*b - b^2)/(a
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^(3/2))/(a^3*f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26927, normalized size of antiderivative = 277.60

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sin(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
((a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(exp(e*3i
+ f*x*3i)*(((2*a + 4*b)*(((2*a + 4*b)*(((32*a*b^2 + 30*a^2*b + 3*a^3)/(4
8*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) - ((2*a + 4*b)*(8*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3))/(48*a^4*b*f*(
a + b))))*(2*a + 4*b))/a + (8*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) -
(16*a*b + a^2 + 20*b^2)/(24*a^2*b*f*(a + b)))/a - (a + 6*b)/(24*a*b*f*(a
+ b)) - (32*a*b^2 + 30*a^2*b + 3*a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) + ((2*a + 4*b)
*(8*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3))/(48*a^4*b*f*(a + b)))/a - (((32*a*b^2 + 30*a^
2*b + 3*a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) - ((2*a + 4*b)*(8*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3)
)/(48*a^4*b*f*(a + b)))*(2*a + 4*b))/a - (8*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3)/(48*a^3
*b*f*(a + b)) + (16*a*b + a^2 + 20*b^2)/(24*a^2*b*f*(a + b)) + (32*a*b^2 +
40*a^2*b + 3*a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b))) + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)*(((2*a + 4*b)
)*(((32*a*b^2 + 30*a^2*b + 3*a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) - ((2*a + 4*b)*(8*
a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3))/(48*a^4*b*f*(a + b)))*(2*a + 4*b))/a + (8*a*b^2 +
8*a^2*b + a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) - (16*a*b + a^2 + 20*b^2)/(24*a^2*b*f*
(a + b)))/a + (48*a*b^2 + 18*a^2*b + a^3 + 32*b^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*(a + b)) -
(a + 6*b)/(24*a*b*f*(a + b)) - (32*a*b^2 + 30*a^2*b + 3*a^3)/(48*a^3*b*f*
(a + b)) + ((2*a + 4*b)*(8*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + a^3))/(48*a^4*b*f*(a + b)))*
(2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 1))/((exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)
*(a + exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*(2*a + 4*b) + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i))) - ((a + b/(e
xp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(exp(e*1i + f*x*...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.122 $\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+2b) \sec(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(5*a+2*b)*sec(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 3.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\csc(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^5(e+fx) \left(a^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -\right) \right)}{6a^2(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1, -1/2, 1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a + b)*(-2*(2*a + b) + 3*a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/(6*a^2*(a + b)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 316, 402, 27, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int -\frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2b \sec^2(e + fx) + b - 3(a + b)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx)}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{3a(a + b)(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a^2}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b(5a+2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b(5a+2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{3a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b(5a+2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{b\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (-1/3*(b*Sec[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-3*a*ArcTanH[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(a + b)^(3/2) - (b*(5*a + 2*b)*Sec[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1319 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 222.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1320, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.39

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1320

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6/f/a^2/(2*(-a*b)^(1/2)-a+b)^2/(2*(-a*b)^(1/2)+a-b)^2/(a+b)^(9/2)*(a^4+
4*a^3*b+6*a^2*b^2+4*a*b^3+b^4)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(1+cos(f
*x+e))*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))a^5+3*(2
*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)+1)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f
*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))a^4*b+3*(cos(f*x+e)^3+cos(f*x+e)^2+2*cos(f*x+e
)+2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))a^3*b^2+3*
(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))a
^2*b^3+3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))a^5+3*(2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(
f*x+e)+1)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*...
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 296 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(a^4 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2a^3b \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2b^2)\sqrt{a + b} \log\left(\frac{2(a \cos(fx + e))^2}{6((a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) f \cos(fx + e))}\right)}{6((a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) f \cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(a^4*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) - 2*(3*(2*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 7*a*b^3 + 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f), 1/3*(3*(a^4*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - (3*(2*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 7*a*b^3 + 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1097 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1097, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.64

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/6*(4*(((3*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^5*b^4 + 35*a^4*b^5 + 40*a^3*b^6 + 25*a^2*b^7
+ 8*a*b^8 + b^9)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^7
*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 20*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos
(f*x + e)) + 15*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) +
a^2*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))) - 3*(a^6*b^3 + 2*a^5*b^4 - 3*a^4*b^5 - 12*a^3*b
^6 - 13*a^2*b^7 - 6*a*b^8 - b^9)/(a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^7*b^3*sg
n(cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 20*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x +
e)) + 15*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b^8
*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 3*(a^6*b^3 + 2*a^5*b^4 - 3*a
^4*b^5 - 12*a^3*b^6 - 13*a^2*b^7 - 6*a*b^8 - b^9)/(a^8*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e
)) + 6*a^7*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 20*a^5*b
^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*
x + e)) + a^2*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + (3*a^6*b^3
+ 16*a^5*b^4 + 35*a^4*b^5 + 40*a^3*b^6 + 25*a^2*b^7 + 8*a*b^8 + b^9)/(a^8*b
^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^7*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f
*x + e)) + 20*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6
*a^3*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))/(a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2) - 3*log(abs(-sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.123
$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1180
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1181
Rubi [A] (verified)	1181
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1185
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1186
Sympy [F]	1187
Maxima [F(-1)]	1187
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1187
Mupad [F(-1)]	1188
Reduce [F]	1189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(a-4b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\csc(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{6(a+b)^2f(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(13a-2b)b\sec(e+fx)}{6a(a+b)^3f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-4*b)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-1/2*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-5/6*b*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/6*(13*a-2*b)*b*sec(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \left((a + b) (3a^2 + 6ab - 2b^2 + (3a^2 + 2b^2) \cos(2(e + fx))) \csc^2(e + fx) - 3a(a + b) \right)}{24a(a + b)^3 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/24*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + b)*(3*a^2 + 6*a*b - 2*b^2 + (3*a^2 + 2*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^2 - 3*a*(a - 4*b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, 1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(a*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 373, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4622

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx)$$

f

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{373} \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{a-4b\sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{402} \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{a(-10b\sec^2(e+fx)+3a-2b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{a(-10b\sec^2(e+fx)+3a-2b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} + \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{-10b\sec^2(e+fx)+3a-2b}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} + \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{402} \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{b(13a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{3a(a-4b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}}{3(a+b)} + \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{3(a-4b)\int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{b(13a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3(a-4b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{b(13a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{3(a+b)}{2(a+b)}}}{f} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3(a-4b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right) + \frac{b(13a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{5b\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{3(a+b)}{2(a+b)}}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sec[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((5*b*Sec[e + f*x])/(3*(a + b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a - 4*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + ((13*a - 2*b)*b*Sec[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*(a + b))/(2*(a + b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```


rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e
x)^(m - 2)(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,
m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p
/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x
] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2073 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 202.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2074, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.13

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2074

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/12/f/a/(2*(-a*b)^(1/2)+a-b)^3/(2*(-a*b)^(1/2)-a+b)^3/(a+b)^(13/2)*(a^6+
6*a^5*b+15*a^4*b^2+20*a^3*b^3+15*a^2*b^4+6*a*b^5+b^6)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*
(-6*a^3*(a+b)^(7/2)*cos(f*x+e)^4+12*cos(f*x+e)^2*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2-3)*a^2*(a+
b)^(7/2)*b+2*(-13+10*cos(f*x+e)^2)*b^2*(a+b)^(7/2)*a+4*sin(f*x+e)^2*b^3*(a
+b)^(7/2)+3*cos(f*x+e)^2*(-1-cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)^2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^6+3*(-1-cos(f*x+e))*sin
(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a
+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/
2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))*a^5*b+3*(9*cos(f*x+e)^3+9*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)+1)*sin(f*x+e)^2*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^4*b^2+
3*(11*cos(f*x+e)^3+11*cos(f*x+e)^2+9*cos(f*x+e)+9)*sin(f*x+e)^2*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^3*b^3+3*(11+4
*cos(f*x+e)^3+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+11*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)^2*((b+a*cos(f*x+...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 470 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 950, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/12*(3*((a^4 - 4*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^4 - 6*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 - (2*a^3*b - 9*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) - 2*(3*(a^4 - 3*a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(9*a^3*b + 4*a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (13*a^2*b^2 + 11*a*b^3 - 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^7 + 2*a^6*b - 2*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^6*b + 7*a^5*b^2 + 8*a^4*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^3*b^4 + 4*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f), 1/6*(3*((a^4 - 4*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^4 - 6*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 - (2*a^3*b - 9*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + (3*(a^4 - 3*a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(9*a^3*b + 4*a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (13*a^2*b^2 + 11*a*b^3 - 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^7 + 2*a^6*b - 2*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^6*b + 7*a^5*b^2 + 8*a^4*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + 6*a^3*b^4 + 4*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1980 vs. 2(151) = 302.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1980, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.58

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/24*(((3*(a^12*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 10*a^11*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) +
45*a^10*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^9*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 210*a^8*b
^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 252*a^7*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 210*a^6*b^8*sgn(cos
(f*x + e)) + 120*a^5*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 45*a^4*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
+ 10*a^3*b^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^2/(a^13*b^2 + 11*a^12*b^3 + 55*a^11*b^4 + 165*a^10*b^5 + 330*a^9
*b^6 + 462*a^8*b^7 + 462*a^7*b^8 + 330*a^6*b^9 + 165*a^5*b^10 + 55*a^4*b^1
1 + 11*a^3*b^12 + a^2*b^13) - 4*(3*a^12*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 12*a^11*b^
3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 25*a^10*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 270*a^9*b^5*sgn(cos(
f*x + e)) - 810*a^8*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 1344*a^7*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
- 1386*a^6*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 900*a^5*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 345*a^
4*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 60*a^3*b^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3*a^2*b^12*sgn(
cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a*b^13*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^13*b^2 + 11*a^12*b^3 + 55*a
^11*b^4 + 165*a^10*b^5 + 330*a^9*b^6 + 462*a^8*b^7 + 462*a^7*b^8 + 330*a^6
*b^9 + 165*a^5*b^10 + 55*a^4*b^11 + 11*a^3*b^12 + a^2*b^13))*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + 6*(3*a^12*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 14*a^11*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)
) + 27*a^10*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 68*a^9*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 262*a^8
*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 644*a^7*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 910*a^6*b^8*sgn(c
os(f*x + e)) + 752*a^5*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 343*a^4*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x +
e)) + 62*a^3*b^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 9*a^2*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 4*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \csc^3(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.124
$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1190
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1191
Rubi [A] (verified)	1191
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1195
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1196
Sympy [F]	1197
Maxima [F(-1)]	1198
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1198
Mupad [F(-1)]	1199
Reduce [F]	1200

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(3a^2 - 24ab + 8b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{9/2} f} - \frac{(5a - 2b) \cot(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \csc(e+fx)}{4(a+b) f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(23a - 12b) b \sec(e+fx)}{24(a+b)^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{5(11a - 10b) b \sec(e+fx)}{24(a+b)^4 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(3*a^2-24*a*b+8*b^2)*arctanh((a+b)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(9/2)/f-1/8*(5*a-2*b)*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/24*(23*a-12*b)*b*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-5/24*(11*a-10*b)*b*sec(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (3(a + b)(3a - 4b + (a + 8b) \cos(2(e + fx))) \csc^4(e + fx) - 2(3a^2 - 24ab + 96(a + b)^3 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2})}{96(a + b)^3 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/96*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*(a + b)*(3*a - 4*b + (a + 8*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^4 - 2*(3*a^2 - 24*a*b + 8*b^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1, -1/2, 1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/((a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 372, 402, 25, 402, 25, 27, 402, 27, 291, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4622}$$

$$\int - \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{\quad}{f}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 372 \\
 \int \frac{2(2a-b) \sec^2(e+fx)+a}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4(a+b)}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \int -\frac{a(3a-4b)-4(5a-2b)b \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2(a+b)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{(5a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int -\frac{a(3a-4b)-4(5a-2b)b \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(5a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \int -\frac{a(9a-26b)-2(23a-12b)b \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(5a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(23a-12b) \sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int \frac{a(9a-26b)-2(23a-12b)b \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(5a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(23a-12b) \sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \int \frac{a(9a-26b)-2(23a-12b)b \sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(5a-2b) \sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{b(23a-12b) \sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(5a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{a(9a-26b)-2(23a-12b)b\sec^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} + \frac{b(23a-12b)\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{4(a+b)} - \frac{f}{4(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

402

$$\frac{\frac{(5a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3a(3a^2-24ba+8b^2)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{5b(11a-10b)\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{3(a+b)} + \frac{b(23a-12b)\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2(a+b)} - \frac{f}{4(a+b)}$$

27

$$\frac{\frac{(5a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{3(3a^2-24ab+8b^2)\int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{5b(11a-10b)\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{3(a+b)} + \frac{b(23a-12b)\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2(a+b)} - \frac{f}{4(a+b)}$$

291

$$\frac{\frac{(5a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{3(3a^2-24ab+8b^2)\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}} + \frac{5b(11a-10b)\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{3(a+b)} + \frac{b(23a-12b)\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2(a+b)} - \frac{f}{4(a+b)}$$

219

$$\frac{\frac{(5a-2b)\sec(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{3(3a^2-24ab+8b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{5b(11a-10b)\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}}{3(a+b)} + \frac{b(23a-12b)\sec(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2(a+b)} - \frac{f}{4(a+b)}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-1/4*Sec[e + f*x]/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((5*a - 2*b)*Sec[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - (((23*a - 12*b)*b*Sec[e + f*x])/(3*(a + b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(3*a^2 - 24*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + (5*(11*a - 10*b)*b*Sec[e + f*x])/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*(a + b)))/(2*(a + b))/(4*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 372 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4622

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3312 vs. $2(210) = 420$.

Time = 193.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3313, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.16

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3313

input

```
int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/48/f/(2*(-a*b)^(1/2)+a-b)^4/(2*(-a*b)^(1/2)-a+b)^4/(a+b)^(17/2)*(a^8+8*a
^7*b+28*a^6*b^2+56*a^5*b^3+70*a^4*b^4+56*a^3*b^5+28*a^2*b^6+8*a*b^7+b^8)/(
a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*((18*cos(f*x+e)^2-30)*(a+b)^(9/2)*a^4*cot(f*x+e)*c
sc(f*x+e)^3+(-144*cos(f*x+e)^4+282*cos(f*x+e)^2-186)*(a+b)^(9/2)*a^3*b*sec
(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^4+(48*cos(f*x+e)^6-416*cos(f*x+e)^4+562*cos(f*x+e)^2-26
6)*(a+b)^(9/2)*a^2*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)^4+(112*cos(f*x+e)^6-448*cos
(f*x+e)^4+398*cos(f*x+e)^2-110)*(a+b)^(9/2)*a*b^3*sec(f*x+e)^5*csc(f*x+e)^
4+(64*cos(f*x+e)^4-176*cos(f*x+e)^2+100)*(a+b)^(9/2)*b^4*sec(f*x+e)^5*csc(
f*x+e)^4+ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e
)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^8*(-
9-9*sec(f*x+e))+ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)+co
s(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^7*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*b*(36+36*sec(f*x+e)-18*sec(f*x+e)^2-18*sec(f*x+e)^3)+ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/
2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))*a
^6*b^2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(210+210*sec(f*x+e)+72*
sec(f*x+e)^2+72*sec(f*x+e)^3-9*sec(f*x+e)^4-9*sec(f*x+e)^5)+ln(-4*((a+b)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. $2(210) = 420$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1316, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*((3*a^4 - 24*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(3*a^4 - 27*a^3*b + 32*a^2*b^2 - 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (3*a^4 - 36*a^3*b + 107*a^2*b^2 - 56*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 - 24*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b - 27*a^2*b^2 + 32*a*b^3 - 8*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) + a + 2*b)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)) + 2*(3*(3*a^4 - 21*a^3*b - 16*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - (15*a^4 - 117*a^3*b + 4*a^2*b^2 + 104*a*b^3 - 32*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (78*a^3*b - 71*a^2*b^2 - 61*a*b^3 + 88*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*(11*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3 - 10*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^7 + 5*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6*b - 9*a^5*b^2 - 25*a^4*b^3 - 25*a^3*b^4 - 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6 + b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4*a*b^6 - b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7)*f), 1/24*(3*((3*a^4 - 24*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(3*a^4 - 27*a^3*b + 32*a^2*b^2 - 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (3*a^4 - 36*a^3*b + 107*a^2*b^2 - 56*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 - 24*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b - 27*a^2*b^2 + 32*a*b^3 - 8*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(csc(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(csc(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3221 vs. 2(210) = 420.

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3221, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.76

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/192*(((3*((a^17*b^2 + 15*a^16*b^3 + 105*a^15*b^4 + 455*a^14*b^5 + 136
5*a^13*b^6 + 3003*a^12*b^7 + 5005*a^11*b^8 + 6435*a^10*b^9 + 6435*a^9*b^10
+ 5005*a^8*b^11 + 3003*a^7*b^12 + 1365*a^6*b^13 + 455*a^5*b^14 + 105*a^4*
b^15 + 15*a^3*b^16 + a^2*b^17)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^18*b^2*sgn(cos(f*
x + e)) + 16*a^17*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^16*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) +
560*a^15*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1820*a^14*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4368*a
^13*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^12*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^11*b
^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 12870*a^10*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^9*b^11*
sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^8*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4368*a^7*b^13*sgn(co
s(f*x + e)) + 1820*a^6*b^14*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 560*a^5*b^15*sgn(cos(f*x +
e)) + 120*a^4*b^16*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 16*a^3*b^17*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^
2*b^18*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) + (5*a^17*b^2 + 61*a^16*b^3 + 329*a^15*b^4 + 100
1*a^14*b^5 + 1729*a^13*b^6 + 1001*a^12*b^7 - 3003*a^11*b^8 - 9867*a^10*b^9
- 15873*a^9*b^10 - 17017*a^8*b^11 - 13013*a^7*b^12 - 7189*a^6*b^13 - 2821
*a^5*b^14 - 749*a^4*b^15 - 121*a^3*b^16 - 9*a^2*b^17)/(a^18*b^2*sgn(cos(f*
x + e)) + 16*a^17*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^16*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) +
560*a^15*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1820*a^14*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4368*a
^13*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^12*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^11*b
^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 12870*a^10*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^9*b^11*
sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^8*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4368*a^7*b^13*sgn...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input

```
int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
\text{Hanged}
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \csc^5(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.125
$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1201
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1202
Rubi [A] (verified)	1203
Maple [B] (verified)	1208
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1209
Sympy [F(-1)]	1209
Maxima [F]	1210
Giac [F]	1210
Mupad [F(-1)]	1210
Reduce [F]	1211

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(a+b)(a^2+14ab+21b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{11/2}f} - \frac{(a+b)(11a+21b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{16a^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{3(a+b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin^3(e+fx)}{6af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{7b(a+b)(7a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^4 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(113a^2+420ab+315b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^5 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
5/16*(a+b)*(a^2+14*a*b+21*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)
^2)^(1/2))/a^(11/2)/f-1/16*(a+b)*(11*a+21*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(
a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+3/8*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*t
an(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)^3/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(
3/2)-7/48*b*(a+b)*(7*a+15*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-
1/48*b*(113*a^2+420*a*b+315*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^5/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/
2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1705 vs. $2(288) = 576$.

Time = 15.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1705, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
-1/3072*(((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b))^(3/2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2
*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(-60*sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^3 + 17*a^2*b + 28*
a*b^2 + 14*b^3)*ArcSin[(sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Co
s[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]*sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b)]*(3*(239*a^5 + 1839*a^4*b + 5200*a^3*b^2 + 6960*a^2*b^3 + 4480*a*b^
4 + 1120*b^5) - 2*a*(459*a^4 + 3180*a^3*b + 7200*a^2*b^2 + 6720*a*b^3 + 22
40*b^4)*Sin[e + f*x]^2 + 672*a^2*b*(a + b)^2*SIN[e + f*x]^4 + 192*a^3*(a +
b)^2*SIN[e + f*x]^6)))/(sqrt[2]*a^(9/2)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^
(7/2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) + (((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a
+ b))^(3/2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(420*sqrt[
a + b]*(a^4 + 9*a^3*b + 26*a^2*b^2 + 30*a*b^3 + 12*b^4)*ArcSin[(sqrt[a]*Si
n[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 - sqrt[a]*Sin[e
+ f*x]*sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(3*(561*a^6 + 6161*a^5*b +
25200*a^4*b^2 + 50960*a^3*b^3 + 54880*a^2*b^4 + 30240*a*b^5 + 6720*b^6) -
2*a*(1151*a^5 + 11230*a^4*b + 39200*a^3*b^2 + 62720*a^2*b^3 + 47040*a*b^4
+ 13440*b^5)*Sin[e + f*x]^2 + 672*a^2*(a + b)^2*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 6*b^2)*Sin
[e + f*x]^4 - 576*a^3*(a - 2*b)*(a + b)^2*SIN[e + f*x]^6 + 512*a^4*(a + b)
^2*SIN[e + f*x]^8)))/(3072*sqrt[2]*a^(11/2)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)
])^(7/2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) - (5*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])
^(5/2)*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b) + ((a + 2*b ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 27, 440, 27, 402, 402, 27, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3\tan^2(e+fx)(-2(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(-2(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(3(a+b)-2(4a+9b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{3(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \int \frac{3(a+b)-2(4a+9b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} - \frac{3(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{(a+b)(5a+21b)-4b(11a+21b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \right)}{4a} - \frac{3(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{(a+b)(15a^2+112ba+105b^2-14b(7a+15b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \right)}{4a} - \frac{3(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{15a^2+112ba+105b^2-14b(7a+15b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \right)}{4a} - \frac{3(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{f \frac{15(a+b)(a^2+14ba+21b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a(a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) \right)}{4a} = f$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{15(a^2+14ab+21b^2) f \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a} \right)}{4a} = f$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{15(a^2+14ab+21b^2) f \frac{1}{a \tan^2(e+fx) + 1} d \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{a} \right)}{4a} = f$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b) \frac{(11a+21b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{15(a^2+14ab+21b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{4a}$$

f

```
input Int[Sin[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (Tan[e + f*x]^3/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((-3*(a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) + ((a + b)*(((11*a + 21*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((-7*b*(7*a + 15*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*(a^2 + 14*a*b + 21*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(113*a^2 + 420*a*b + 315*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(2*a))/(4*a))/(2*a))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 291 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q._)*((e_) + (f._)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c +
d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b^2*(c
*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] &&
LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p._)*sin[(e_) + (f._)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```


Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1126 vs. $2(260) = 520$.

Time = 23.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1127, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1127

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/48/f/a^5/(-a)^(1/2)*(15*cos(f*x+e)^4*(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+15*cos(f*x+e)^2*(15*cos(f*x+e)^3+15*cos(f*x+e)^2+2
*cos(f*x+e)+2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(4*(-a)
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+15*(35*cos(f*
x+e)^5+35*cos(f*x+e)^4+30*cos(f*x+e)^3+30*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)+1)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+15*(21*cos(f*x+e)^5+21*cos(f*x+
e)^4+70*cos(f*x+e)^3+70*cos(f*x+e)^2+15*cos(f*x+e)+15)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+105*(6*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*cos(f*x+e)^2+5*cos(f*x+
e)+5)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+315*(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1003, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(a^3*b^2 + 15*a^2*b^3 + 35*a*b^4 + 21*b^5 + (a^5 + 15*a^4*b +
35*a^3*b^2 + 21*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 15*a^3*b^2 + 35*a^2*b
^3 + 21*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(
a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b +
7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a
^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^
3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*a^5*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 2*(13*a^5
+ 9*a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(11*a^5 + 32*a^4*b + 21*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e
)^5 + 2*(81*a^4*b + 287*a^3*b^2 + 210*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (113*a^3*b
^2 + 420*a^2*b^3 + 315*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/co
s(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^8*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^7*b*f*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + a^6*b^2*f), -1/192*(15*(a^3*b^2 + 15*a^2*b^3 + 35*a*b^4 + 21*b^5 + (a
^5 + 15*a^4*b + 35*a^3*b^2 + 21*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 15*a^
3*b^2 + 35*a^2*b^3 + 21*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*c
os(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) +
4*(8*a^5*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 2*(13*a^5 + 9*a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(11*...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^6(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.126 $\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1212
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1213
Rubi [A] (verified)	1214
Maple [B] (verified)	1217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1218
Sympy [F]	1219
Maxima [F]	1220
Giac [F]	1220
Mupad [F(-1)]	1220
Reduce [F]	1221

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3a^2 + 30ab + 35b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}f} - \frac{(5a+7b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(23a+35b) \tan(e+fx)}{24a^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{5b(11a+21b) \tan(e+fx)}{24a^4 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

```
output 1/8*(3*a^2+30*a*b+35*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/f-1/8*(5*a+7*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/24*b*(23*a+35*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-5/24*b*(11*a+21*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1315 vs. $2(227) = 454$.

Time = 11.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1315, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
-1/768*(((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b))^(3/2)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*
e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(-60*Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^3 + 17*a^2*b + 28*a
*b^2 + 14*b^3)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos
[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a
+ b)]*(3*(239*a^5 + 1839*a^4*b + 5200*a^3*b^2 + 6960*a^2*b^3 + 4480*a*b^4
+ 1120*b^5) - 2*a*(459*a^4 + 3180*a^3*b + 7200*a^2*b^2 + 6720*a*b^3 + 224
0*b^4)*Sin[e + f*x]^2 + 672*a^2*b*(a + b)^2*sin[e + f*x]^4 + 192*a^3*(a +
b)^2*sin[e + f*x]^6)))/(Sqrt[2]*a^(9/2)*f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(
7/2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) - ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)
*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2
*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 - (12*sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b) + (16
*(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)*(1 - (a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((-6*a*(a + b
)*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + (a^2*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*
x]^4)/(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a
]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b)]))/a^3))/(768*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(a + b - a*S
in[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Csc[e + f*x]
*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*
Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 - (24*sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b) + (96*sin[e + f*x]
^6)/a + (80*(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)*(1 - (a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 372, 402, 402, 27, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2(2a+3b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{(a+b)(3a+7b)-4b(5a+7b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b)((a+b)(9a+35b)-2b(23a+35b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{3a(a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(9a+35b)-2b(23a+35b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{3a}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)(3a^2+30ba+35b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{3(3a^2+30ab+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{3(3a^2+30ab+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(5a+7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{\frac{3(3a^2+30ab+35b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{5b}{a}}{3a} - \frac{2a}{4a} f$$

input

```
Int[Sin[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - (((5*a + 7*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) - (-1/3*(b*(23*a + 35*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) + ((3*(3*a^2 + 30*a*b + 35*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (5*b*(11*a + 21*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(2*a)/(4*a)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 291

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q._)*((e_) + (f._)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p._)*sin[(e_) + (f._)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 893 vs. $2(203) = 406$.

Time = 11.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 894, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	894

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/24/f/a^4/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(9+9*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos
(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x
+e)*a)*(90+90*sec(f*x+e)+18*sec(f*x+e)^2+18*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(105+105*sec(f*x+e)+180*sec(f*x+e)^2+180*s
ec(f*x+e)^3+9*sec(f*x+e)^4+9*sec(f*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4
*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(210*sec(f*x+e)^2+210*sec(f*x+e)^3+90*sec(f*x+e)^4+90*sec(f
*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(105*sec(f*x+e)^4+105
*sec(f*x+e)^5)+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(6*cos(f*x+e)^2-15)*a^4*(-a)^(1/2)+(-
15*cos(f*x+e)^2-93)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*tan(f*x+e)+(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*(-161*t
an(f*x+e)-133*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)+(-245*cos(f*x+e)^2-55)*(-a)^(1/2...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/192*(3*((3*a^4 + 30*a^3*b + 35*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3
0*a*b^3 + 35*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 30*a^2*b^2 + 35*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(
5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2
- 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 -
14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f
*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)
) - 8*(6*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 3*(5*a^4 + 7*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(39*a
^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*(11*a^2*b^2 + 21*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)
)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^7*f*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 + 2*a^6*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^5*b^2*f), -1/96*(3*((3*a^4 + 30*a^3
*b + 35*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 30*a*b^3 + 35*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3
*b + 30*a^2*b^2 + 35*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(
f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x +
e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x +
e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*
(6*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 3*(5*a^4 + 7*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*(39*a^3*b +
70*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 5*(11*a^2*b^2 + 21*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt
((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^7*f*cos(f*x + ...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sin(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sin(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sin^4(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.127 $\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1222
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1223
Rubi [A] (verified)	1224
Maple [B] (verified)	1227
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1228
Sympy [F]	1229
Maxima [F]	1229
Giac [F]	1229
Mupad [F(-1)]	1230
Reduce [F]	1230

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}f} - \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{5b \tan(e+fx)}{6a^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(13a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{6a^3(a+b)f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+5*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/
f-1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-5/6*b*tan(f*x+e
)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/6*b*(13*a+15*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/
f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 983 vs. $2(167) = 334$.

Time = 8.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 983, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.89

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
-1/256*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(
Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b)^2 - (12*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b) + (16*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(1
- (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((-6*a*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a
*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + (a^2*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^
2)^2 + (3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*S
in[e + f*x])/Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))/a^3)/(Sqrt[2]*f*(
a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((a + 2*b
+ a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a
+ b) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 - (24*Si
n[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b) + (96*Sin[e + f*x]^6)/a + (80*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x
]^2)*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((-6*a*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a +
2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])) + (a^2*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b - a*Sin[e
+ f*x]^2)^2 + (3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a
+ b]]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))/a^3 - (160*
(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((-6*a*(a + b)
^2*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])) + (3*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(3/
2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[(a + b -
a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a^2*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(-1 + (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b))^2)/a^4)/(768*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(a + b ...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 373, 402, 27, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-4b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(-10b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a+5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{5b\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-10b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a+5b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{5b\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)(a+5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{b(13a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{5b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

27

$$\frac{3(a+5b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{b(13a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{5b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

291

$$\frac{3(a+5b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{3a} - \frac{b(13a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{5b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

216

$$\frac{3(a+5b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(13a+15b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{5b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-1/2*Tan[e + f*x]/(a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-5*b*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a + 5*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(13*a + 15*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(2*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 373 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(m-1) + d*(m+2*p+2*q+3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 887 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 7.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 888, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	888

input

```
int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6/f/(a+b)/a^3/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-18-18*sec(f*x+e)-6*sec(f*x+e)^2-6*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-15-15*sec(f*x+e)-36*sec(f*x+e)^2-36*sec(f*x+e)^3-3*sec(f*x+e)^4-3*sec(f*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-30*sec(f*x+e)^2-30*sec(f*x+e)^3-18*sec(f*x+e)^4-18*sec(f*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-15*sec(f*x+e)^4-15*sec(f*x+e)^5)+3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^4*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)+(3*cos(f*x+e)^2+21)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*tan(f*x+e)+(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*(23*tan(f*x+e)+31*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)+(35*cos(f*x+e)^2+13)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*((a^4 + 6*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3
+ 5*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128
*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^
3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 +
b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*c
os(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*
a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt
(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(3*(a^4
+ a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(9*a^3*b + 10*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (13*a
^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^
2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f), -1/24*(3*((a^4 + 6*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b
^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 5*
a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 -
a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2
- (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(3*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(
f*x + e)^5 + 2*(9*a^3*b + 10*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (13*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*
b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e
))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sin(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sin(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sin(e + fx)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(sin(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sin(fx + e)^2}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sin(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.128 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1231
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1231
Rubi [A] (verified)	1232
Maple [B] (verified)	1235
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1236
Sympy [F]	1237
Maxima [F(-1)]	1237
Giac [F]	1237
Mupad [F(-1)]	1238
Reduce [F]	1238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(5*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 14.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1927, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2), x]
```


output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^
(5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3
/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7
/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[
3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*
x]^2)*((15*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e
+ f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Si
n[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2,
(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*
x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2,
Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)
*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*C
os[e + f*x]^5)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*App
ellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a
*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] -
4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e
+ f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt
[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \int \frac{-2b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \int \frac{3(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & 3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{3(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2),x]`

output `(-1/3*(b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(5*a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{q_}*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 860 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 6.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	861

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))-1/
3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-6-6*sec(f*x+e)-6*sec(f*x
+e)^2-6*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*
b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*
(-3-3*sec(f*x+e)-12*sec(f*x+e)^2-12*sec(f*x+e)^3-3*sec(f*x+e)^4-3*sec(f*x+
e)^5)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-6*sec(f*x+e)^2-6
*sec(f*x+e)^3-6*sec(f*x+e)^4-6*sec(f*x+e)^5)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-3*sec(f*x+e)^4-3*sec(f*x+e)^5)-2*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*tan
(f*x+e)-1/3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*(4*tan(f*x+e)+11*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)-1
/3*(7*cos(f*x+e)^2+5)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4-(-a)^(1/2)*
b^4*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4)/(a+b)^2/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 +
b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*c
os(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(2*(3*a^3*b +
2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2
)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a
^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f), -1/12*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f
*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*
x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a
^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(2*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(-5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a}}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3), x)`

3.129
$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1239
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1239
Rubi [A] (verified)	1240
Maple [A] (verified)	1242
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1242
Sympy [F]	1243
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1243
Giac [F]	1243
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1244
Reduce [F]	1244

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4b \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2 f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8b \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^3 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-4/3*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/
(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-8/3*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(3a^2-6ab-b^2-6(a^2-b^2) \csc^2(e+fx)+3(a+b)^2 \csc^4(e+fx)) \sec^2(e+fx)}{6(a+b)^3 f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```


output

```
-1/6*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2 - 6*(a^2 - b^2)*
Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 3*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^4)*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3
)/(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 245, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & -\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{a + b} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & -\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a + b} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2 \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-(Cot[e + f*x]/((a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) - (4*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(3*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*Tan[e + f*x]/(3*(a + b)^2*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)])))/(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
default	$-\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \left((-6 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 12 \cos(fx+e)^2) ab + 3 \cos(fx+e)^4 a^2 + (-\cos(fx+e)^4 - 4 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 8) b^2 \right) \sec(fx+e)^5}{3f(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) (a+b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3/f/(a^3+3a^2b+3a*b^2+b^3)*(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*((-6*\cos(f*x+e)^4+12*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*a*b+3*\cos(f*x+e)^4*a^2+(-\cos(f*x+e)^4-4*\cos(f*x+e)^2+8)*b^2)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*\sec(f*x+e)^5*\csc(f*x+e)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \cos(fx+e)^5 + 4(3ab - b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 8b^2 \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{3((a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3)f \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2(a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + 3a^2b^3 + ab^4)f \cos(fx+e)^2 + (a^3b^2 + 3a^2b^3 + 3ab^4 + b^5)f \sin(fx+e))}}{3((a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3)f \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2(a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + 3a^2b^3 + ab^4)f \cos(fx+e)^2 + (a^3b^2 + 3a^2b^3 + 3ab^4 + b^5)f \sin(fx+e))}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/3*((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^5 + 4*(3*a*b - b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + 8*b^2*\cos(f*x + e))*\sqrt{(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/\cos(f*x + e)^2}/(((a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*\cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5)*f)*\sin(f*x + e))$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(csc(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{8b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)^3}} + \frac{4b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} (a+b)^2} + \frac{3}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} (a+b) \tan(fx+e)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(8*b*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^3) + 4*b*tan(f*x + e)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)^2) + 3/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(e^{2i+fx2i} + 1) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\left(\frac{e^{-e1i-fx1i} + e^{e1i+fx1i}}{2}\right)^2}}}{\left(-ab6i + a^23i - b^21i + a^2e^{e2i+fx2i}12i + a^2e^{e4i+fx4i}18i + \dots\right)}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `-((exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + 1)*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^(1/2)*(a^2*3i - a*b*6i - b^2*1i + a^2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*12i + a^2*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*18i + a^2*exp(e*6i + f*x*6i)*12i + a^2*exp(e*8i + f*x*8i)*3i - b^2*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*20i + b^2*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*90i - b^2*exp(e*6i + f*x*6i)*20i - b^2*exp(e*8i + f*x*8i)*1i + a*b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*24i + a*b*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*60i + a*b*exp(e*6i + f*x*6i)*24i - a*b*exp(e*8i + f*x*8i)*6i))/(3*f*(a + b)^3*(exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) - 1)*(a + 2*a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 4*b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i))^2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^2(fx + e)^2}{\sec^6(fx + e) b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e) a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e) a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.130
$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1245
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1246
Rubi [A] (verified)	1246
Maple [A] (verified)	1249
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1249
Sympy [F]	1250
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Giac [F]	1251
Mupad [F(-1)]	1251
Reduce [F]	1251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ab \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(5a-3b)b \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^4 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(3a-5b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*(5*a-3*b)*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(3*a-5*b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^4/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^3 \left(\frac{4b^2(a+b)}{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^2} + \frac{4b(-3a+b)}{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))} - 2(a+b) \right)}{24(a+b)^4 f (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*((4*b^2*(a + b))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + (4*b*(-3*a + b))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - 2*(a - 3*b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 - (a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^4*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Tan[e + f*x])/(24*(a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 359, 245, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 3042 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 4620 \\ \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\ \downarrow 359 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{(a-b) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{(a-b) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{(a-b) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2 \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

`(-1/3*Cot[e + f*x]^3/((a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((a - b) *(-(Cot[e + f*x]/((a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) - (4*b*(Tan[e + f*x]/(3*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*(a + b)^2*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])))/(a + b)))/(a + b))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \left((2 \cos(fx+e)^6 - 21 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 24 \cos(fx+e)^2) a b^2 + (-12 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 21 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 12 \cos(fx+e)^2) b a^2 \right)}{3f(a^4+4ab^3+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)(a+b \sec(fx+e))^5 \csc(fx+e)^3}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{f}{f} \frac{(a^4+4a^3b+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4) \cdot (b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \cdot ((2 \cos(fx+e))^6 - 21 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 24 \cos(fx+e)^2) \cdot a \cdot b^2 + (-12 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 21 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 12 \cos(fx+e)^2) \cdot b \cdot a^2}{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^5 \csc(fx+e)^3}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 320 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2(a^3-6a^2b+ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^7 - 3(a^3-7a^2b+7ab^2-b^3) \cos(fx+e)^5 - 3((a^6+4a^5b+6a^4b^2+4a^3b^3+a^2b^4)f \cos(fx+e)^6 - (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2ab^5)f \cos(fx+e)^4 + (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2ab^5)f \cos(fx+e)^2 - (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2ab^5)f \cos(fx+e)^0)}{3((a^6+4a^5b+6a^4b^2+4a^3b^3+a^2b^4)f \cos(fx+e)^6 - (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2ab^5)f \cos(fx+e)^4 + (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2ab^5)f \cos(fx+e)^2 - (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2ab^5)f \cos(fx+e)^0)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{(2(a^3-6a^2b+ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^7 - 3(a^3-7a^2b+7ab^2-b^3) \cos(fx+e)^5 - 8(a^2b^2-b^3) \cos(fx+e)^3 - 8(a^2b^2-b^3) \cos(fx+e)) \cdot \sqrt{(a \cos(fx+e))^2 + b} / \cos(fx+e)^2}{((a^6+4a^5b+6a^4b^2+4a^3b^3+a^2b^4) \cdot f \cdot \cos(fx+e)^6 - (a^6+2a^5b-2a^4b^2-8a^3b^3-7a^2b^4-2a^2b^5) \cdot f \cdot \cos(fx+e)^4 - (2a^5b+7a^4b^2+8a^3b^3+2a^2b^4-2a^2b^5-b^6) \cdot f \cdot \cos(fx+e)^2 - (a^4b^2+4a^3b^3+6a^2b^4+4a^2b^5+b^6) \cdot f) \cdot \sin(fx+e)}$$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc(fx + e)^4}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc(fx + e)^4}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.131
$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1252
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1253
Rubi [A] (verified)	1253
Maple [A] (verified)	1256
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1257
Sympy [F(-1)]	1257
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1258
Giac [F]	1258
Mupad [F(-1)]	1259
Reduce [F]	1259

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{a^2 b \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^4 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{a(5a-6b)b \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^5 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(15a^2-50ab+8b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^5 f} - \frac{2(5a-2b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{5(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^2*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^4/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*a*(5*a-6*b)*b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^5/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/15*(15*a^2-50*a*b+8*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^5/f-2/15*(5*a-2*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^4/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^3 \left(\frac{20ab^2(a+b)}{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^2} + \frac{10ab(-6a+5b)}{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))} + (-\right.$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*((20*a*b^2*(a + b))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + (10*a*b*(-6*a + 5*b))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + (-8*a^2 + 50*a*b - 15*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 2*(a + b)*(-2*a + 5*b)*Csc[e + f*x]^4 - 3*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^6)*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Tan[e + f*x])/(120*(a + b)^5*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 359, 245, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\csc^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 3042 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sin(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 4620 \\ \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\ \hline f \\ \downarrow 365 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+2(5a+b))}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 359

$$\frac{(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{2(5a+b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 245

$$\frac{(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 209

$$\frac{(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 208

$$\frac{(5a^2-10ab+b^2) \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{2 \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{2(5a+b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

input

Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/5*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^5/((a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)}) + ((-2*(5* \\ & a + b)*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^3)/(3*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)}) + ((5* \\ & a^2 - 10*a*b + b^2)*(-(\text{Cot}[e + f*x]/((a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)})) \\ & /2)) - (4*b*(\text{Tan}[e + f*x]/(3*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)}) + \\ & (2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/3*(a + b)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b))/ \\ & (a + b))/(5*(a + b))/f \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\}$$

rule 209

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p+3)/(2*a*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p+3/2, 0]$$

rule 245

$$\text{Int}[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[x^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 359

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*e*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 365

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^2*(e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*e*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[2*b*c^2*(p+1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m+1) - a*d^2*(m+1)*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \left((60 \cos(fx+e)^6 - 180 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 212 \cos(fx+e)^2) a b^3 + (-80 \cos(fx+e)^8 + 212 \cos(fx+e)^6 - 180 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 60 \cos(fx+e)^2) b^2 a^3 - 80 a^2 b^3 + 40 a^2 b^2 + (40 \cos(fx+e)^8 - 220 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 378 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 220 \cos(fx+e)^2) a^2 b^2 + (15 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 20 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 8) b^4 + (8 \cos(fx+e)^8 - 20 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 15 \cos(fx+e)^4) a^4 \right)}{(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{5/2} \sec(fx+e)^5 \csc(fx+e)^5}$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{15} \frac{1}{f} \frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \left((60 \cos(fx+e)^6 - 180 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 212 \cos(fx+e)^2) a b^3 + (-80 \cos(fx+e)^8 + 212 \cos(fx+e)^6 - 180 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 60 \cos(fx+e)^2) b^2 a^3 - 80 a^2 b^3 + 40 a^2 b^2 + (40 \cos(fx+e)^8 - 220 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 378 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 220 \cos(fx+e)^2) a^2 b^2 + (15 \cos(fx+e)^4 - 20 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 8) b^4 + (8 \cos(fx+e)^8 - 20 \cos(fx+e)^6 + 15 \cos(fx+e)^4) a^4 \right)}{(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{5/2} \sec(fx+e)^5 \csc(fx+e)^5}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 460 vs. $2(195) = 390$.

Time = 8.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(8(a^4 - 10a^3b + 5a^2b^2) \cos(fx + e))^9 - 4(5a^4 - 53a^3b + 55a^2b^2 - 60ab^3 + 5b^4) \cos(fx + e)^7 + 3(5a^4 - 60a^3b + 126a^2b^2 - 60ab^3 + 5b^4) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 4(15a^3b - 55a^2b^2 + 53ab^3 - 5b^4) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 8(5a^2b^2 - 10ab^3 + b^4) \cos(fx + e) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{15((a^7 + 5a^6b + 10a^5b^2 + 10a^4b^3 + 5a^3b^4 + a^2b^5) f \cos(fx + e)^8 - 2(a^7 + 4a^6b + 5a^5b^2 - 5a^3b^4 - 4a^2b^5 - a^5b^2 - 5a^3b^4 - 4a^2b^5 - ab^6) f \cos(fx + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6b - 9a^5b^2 - 25a^4b^3 - 25a^3b^4 - 9a^2b^5 + ab^6 + b^7) f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^6b + 4a^5b^2 + 5a^4b^3 - 5a^2b^5 - 4ab^6 - b^7) f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^5b^2 + 5a^4b^3 + 10a^3b^4 + 10a^2b^5 + 5ab^6 + b^7) f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(8*(a^4 - 10*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 4*(5*a^4 - 53*a^3*b + 55*a^2*b^2 - 15*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(5*a^4 - 60*a^3*b + 126*a^2*b^2 - 60*a*b^3 + 5*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 4*(15*a^3*b - 55*a^2*b^2 + 53*a*b^3 - 5*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 8*(5*a^2*b^2 - 10*a*b^3 + b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(((a^7 + 5*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6*b - 9*a^5*b^2 - 25*a^4*b^3 - 25*a^3*b^4 - 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6 + b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4*a*b^6 - b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7)*f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{40 b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b} (a+b)^3} + \frac{20 b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} (a+b)^2} - \frac{160 b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b} (a+b)^4} - \frac{80 b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} (a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b}}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/15*(40*b*\tan(f*x + e)/(\sqrt{b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b}*(a + b)^3) + 20*b \\ & * \tan(f*x + e)/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)^2) - 160*b^2*\tan(f \\ & *x + e)/(\sqrt{b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b}*(a + b)^4) - 80*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)/(\\ & (b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)^3) + 128*b^3*\tan(f*x + e)/(\sqrt{b \\ & * \tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b}*(a + b)^5) + 64*b^3*\tan(f*x + e)/((b*\tan(f*x + e) \\ & ^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)^4) + 15/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b \\ &)*\tan(f*x + e)) - 60*b/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)^2*\tan(f*x \\ & + e)) + 48*b^2/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)^3*\tan(f*x + e)) \\ & + 10/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)*\tan(f*x + e)^3) - 8*b/((b*t \\ & an(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)^2*\tan(f*x + e)^3) + 3/((b*\tan(f*x + e) \\ &)^2 + a + b)^{(3/2)}*(a + b)*\tan(f*x + e)^5)/f \end{aligned}$$
Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\csc^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(csc(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(1/(sin(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\csc^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \csc^6(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*csc(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.132 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx$

Optimal result	1260
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1260
Rubi [F]	1261
Maple [F]	1262
Fricas [F]	1262
Sympy [F(-1)]	1263
Maxima [F]	1263
Giac [F]	1263
Mupad [F(-1)]	1264
Reduce [F]	1264

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + p, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}\right) \cos^2(e + fx)^{\frac{1}{2}+p} (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m}{f(1+m)}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2+1/2*m, 1/2+p, -p, 3/2+1/2*m, sin(f*x+e)^2, a*sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*
cos(f*x+e)^2^(1/2+p)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m*tan(f*x+e)/f/(
1+m)/(((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 3.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}\right) \cos(e + fx)^{m+1}}{f(1+m) \left(\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}\right) - \frac{-2bp \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, 1-p, \frac{5+m}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f(1+m)} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^m,x]`

output `(AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, (2 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^m)/(f*(1 + m)*(AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, (2 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - ((-2*b*p*AppellF1[(3 + m)/2, (2 + m)/2, 1 - p, (5 + m)/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (a + b)*(2 + m)*AppellF1[(3 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, -p, (5 + m)/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b)*(3 + m))))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d \sin(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (d \sin(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4623$$

$$\int (d \sin(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^m,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4623 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p (d \sin(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m,x)`

Fricas **[F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p (d \sin(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*sin(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*(d*sin(f*x+e))**m,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p (d \sin(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*sin(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p (d \sin(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*sin(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \int (d \sin(e + fx))^m \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((d*sin(e + f*x))^m*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`output `int((d*sin(e + f*x))^m*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \sin(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= d^m \left(\int \sin(fx + e)^m (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p dx \right)$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*sin(f*x+e))^m,x)`output `d**m*int(sin(e + f*x)**m*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p,x)`

3.133 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	1265
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1266
Rubi [A] (verified)	1266
Maple [F]	1269
Fricas [F]	1269
Sympy [F(-1)]	1269
Maxima [F]	1270
Giac [F]	1270
Mupad [F(-1)]	1270
Reduce [F]	1271

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(10a + b(3 - 2p)) \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{15a^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{\cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{5af}$$

$$- \frac{(15a^2 + b(10a + b(3 - 2p))(1 - 2p)) \cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{15a^2 f}$$

output

```
1/15*(10*a+b*(3-2*p))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a^2/f-1/5*cos(
f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a/f-1/15*(15*a^2+b*(10*a+b*(3-2*p))*(1-2
*p))*cos(f*x+e)*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*sec(f*x+e)^2/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x
+e)^2)^p/a^2/f/(((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 3.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) \left(4(15a^2 + 10ab(1 - 2p) + b^2(3 - 8p + 4p^2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)\right] + (a + 2b + a \cos[2(e + fx)]) \left(-17a - 6b + 4b^2 p + 3a \cos[2(e + fx)]\right) \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p\right)}{15a^2 f \left(4 \cos(2(e + fx)) \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p - 2^{-p} \left(3 \cos[2(e + fx)] \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p + 2^p \cos[4(e + fx)] \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p\right)\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(2*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^4*(4*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b*(1 - 2*p) + b^2*(3 - 8*p + 4*p^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a] + (a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-17*a - 6*b + 4*b^2*p + 3*a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p)/(15*a^2*f*(4*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p - (3*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p + 2^p*Cos[4*(e + f*x)]*((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p)/2^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 365, 25, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4622}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \cos^6(e+fx) (1 - \sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx) + a)^p d \sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{365} \\
 & \frac{\int -\cos^4(e+fx) (-5a \sec^2(e+fx) + 10a + b(3-2p)) (b \sec^2(e+fx) + a)^p d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos^4(e+fx) (-5a \sec^2(e+fx) + 10a + b(3-2p)) (b \sec^2(e+fx) + a)^p d \sec(e+fx)}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(15a^2 + b(1-2p)(10a + b(3-2p))) \int \cos^2(e+fx) (b \sec^2(e+fx) + a)^p d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{(10a + b(3-2p)) \cos^3(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{3a}}{5a} - \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(15a^2 + b(1-2p)(10a + b(3-2p))) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \cos^2(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + 1\right)^p d \sec(e+fx)}{3a} - \frac{(10a + b(3-2p)) \cos^3(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{3a}}{5a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(15a^2 + b(1-2p)(10a + b(3-2p))) \cos(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right)}{3a} - \frac{(10a + b(3-2p)) \cos^3(e+fx) (a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{3a}}{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^5,x]

output

(-1/5*(Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/a - (-1/3*((10*a + b*(3 - 2*p))*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/a + ((15*a^2 + b*(10*a + b*(3 - 2*p))*(1 - 2*p))*Cos[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p/(3*a*(1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p))/(5*a))/f

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 365 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p + 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec (fx + e))^p \sin (fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^5,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec (fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sin (fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)*(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*sin(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^5(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \sin^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sin(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.134 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	1272
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1272
Rubi [A] (verified)	1273
Maple [F]	1275
Fricas [F]	1275
Sympy [F(-1)]	1276
Maxima [F]	1276
Giac [F]	1276
Mupad [F(-1)]	1277
Reduce [F]	1277

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{3af} - \frac{(3a + b - 2bp) \cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p}{3af}$$

output `1/3*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a/f-1/3*(-2*b*p+3*a+b)*cos(f*x+e)*hypergeom([-1/2, -p],[1/2],-b*sec(f*x+e)^2/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p/a/f/((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)^p`

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) \left(-2(3a + b - 2bp) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) + \cos(2(e + fx))\right)}{3af \left(-2\left(1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p + \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^p + \cos(2(e + fx))\right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/3*(Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2*(-2*(3*a + b - 2*b*p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)] + (a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p))/(a*f*(-2*(1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p + ((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p + Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \frac{\int -\cos^4(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos^4(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{(3a - 2bp + b) \int \cos^2(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{p+1}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3a-2bp+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \cos^2(e+fx) \left(\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)^p d\sec(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{3a}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{\cos^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{3a} - \frac{(3a-2bp+b)\cos(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right)}{3a}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `((Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(3*a) - ((3*a + b - 2*b*p)*Cos[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(3*a*(1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p \sin(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sin(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*sin(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`output `int(sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^3(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \sin(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^3,x)`output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sin(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.135 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	1278
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1278
Rubi [A] (verified)	1279
Maple [F]	1280
Fricas [F]	1281
Sympy [F(-1)]	1281
Maxima [F]	1281
Giac [F]	1282
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1282
Reduce [F]	1282

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

output `-cos(f*x+e)*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*sec(f*x+e)^2/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x],x]`

output

$$-\left(\cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right] \right) * (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2)^p / (f * (1 + (b \sec^2(e + fx)^2)/a)^p)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4622$$

$$\frac{\int \cos^2(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 279$$

$$\frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \cos^2(e + fx) \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1\right)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{\cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)}{f}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2)^p \sin(e + fx), x]$$

output

$$-\left(\cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right] \right) * (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2)^p / (f * (1 + (b \sec^2(e + fx)^2)/a)^p)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p \sin(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx \\ &= \frac{\cos(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2} \right)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2} - p, -p; \frac{3}{2} - p; -\frac{a \cos(e+fx)^2}{b}\right)}{f (2p - 1) \left(\frac{a \cos(e+fx)^2}{b} + 1 \right)^p} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2 - p, -p], 3/2 - p, -(a*cos(e + f*x)^2)/b))/(f*(2*p - 1)*((a*cos(e + f*x)^2)/b + 1)^p)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \sin(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e),x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sin(e + f*x),x)`

3.136 $\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	1283
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1283
Rubi [A] (verified)	1284
Maple [F]	1286
Fricas [F]	1286
Sympy [F(-1)]	1287
Maxima [F]	1287
Giac [F]	1287
Mupad [F(-1)]	1288
Reduce [F]	1288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sec^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

```
output -AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,sec(f*x+e)^2,-b*sec(f*x+e)^2/a)*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec
(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1532 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 15.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1532, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.64

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*csc[e + f*x]*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*((2*AppellF1[-1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 1/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b])*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])/((1 + 2*p)*(1 + ((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b)^p*Sqrt[Csc[e + f*x]^2]) - (AppellF1[1, 1/2, -p, 2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)/(2*f*(-(a*p*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*sin[2*(e + f*x)]*((2*AppellF1[-1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 1/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b])*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])/((1 + 2*p)*(1 + ((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b)^p*Sqrt[Csc[e + f*x]^2]) - (AppellF1[1, 1/2, -p, 2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p) + p*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]*((2*AppellF1[-1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 1/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b])*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])/((1 + 2*p)*(1 + ((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b)^p*Sqrt[Csc[e + f*x]^2]) - (AppellF1[1, 1/2, -p, 2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*((2*AppellF1[-1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 1/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b])*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])/((1 + 2*p)*(1 + ((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b)^p*Sqrt[Csc[e + f*x]^2]) + (4*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[-1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 1/...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 25, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sin(e + fx)} dx \\
 \downarrow 4622
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int -\frac{(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int \frac{(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 334 \\
 \frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow 333 \\
 \frac{\sec(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sec^2(e+fx), -\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `-((AppellF1[1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, Sec[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)]*Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \csc(fx + e) (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\sin(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x),x)`output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \csc(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \csc(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*csc(e + f*x),x)`

3.137 $\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	1289
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1289
Rubi [A] (verified)	1290
Maple [F]	1292
Fricas [F]	1292
Sympy [F(-1)]	1292
Maxima [F]	1293
Giac [F]	1293
Mupad [F(-1)]	1293
Reduce [F]	1294

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \sec^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)^{-p}}{3f}$$

output

```
1/3*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p,5/2,sec(f*x+e)^2,-b*sec(f*x+e)^2/a)*sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2} - p, -\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2} - p, -\cot^2(e + fx)\right)}{f(-1 + 2p) \left(-\frac{(2(a+b)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2} - p, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{5}{2} - p, -\cot^2(e + fx), -\frac{(a+b) \cot^2(e + fx)}{b}\right) + b \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2} - p, \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2} - p, -\cot^2(e + fx), -\frac{(a+b) \cot^2(e + fx)}{b}\right))}{b(-3 + 2p)} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 3/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b])*Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p/(f*(-1 + 2*p)*(-((2*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[3/2 - p, -1/2, 1 - p, 5/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b)] + b*AppellF1[3/2 - p, 1/2, -p, 5/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b]))*Cot[e + f*x]*Csc[e + f*x])/(b*(-3 + 2*p))) + AppellF1[1/2 - p, -1/2, -p, 3/2 - p, -Cot[e + f*x]^2, -((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)/b])*Sec[e + f*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4622, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4622} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \sec^2(e + fx) \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, 2, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \sec^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} \right)}{3f}$$

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[3/2, 2, -p, 5/2, Sec[e + f*x]^2, -(b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p/(3*f*(1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4622 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/(f*ff^m) Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + 1)), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \csc (fx + e)^3 (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec (fx + e)^2 + a)^p \csc (fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \csc(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*csc(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.138 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	1295
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1295
Rubi [A] (verified)	1296
Maple [F]	1297
Fricas [F]	1298
Sympy [F(-1)]	1298
Maxima [F]	1298
Giac [F]	1299
Mupad [F(-1)]	1299
Reduce [F]	1299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{5f}$$

```
output 1/5*AppellF1(5/2,3,-p,7/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5878 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 25.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5878, normalized size of antiderivative = 65.31

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]
```


output

Result too large to show

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1 \right)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
 & \frac{\tan^5(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, 3, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{5f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^4,x]

output

```
(AppellF1[5/2, 3, -p, 7/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]^5*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(5*f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b))^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 394

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2
, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (Int
egerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 395

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^
FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m,
1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m
+ 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f
f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p},
x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p \sin(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)*(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*sin(f*x+e)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sin^4(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sin(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^4(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \sin^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sin(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.139 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	1300
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1300
Rubi [A] (verified)	1301
Maple [F]	1303
Fricas [F]	1303
Sympy [F(-1)]	1304
Maxima [F]	1304
Giac [F]	1304
Mupad [F(-1)]	1305
Reduce [F]	1305

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{3f}$$

```
output 1/3*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p,5/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)^
3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3781 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 19.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3781, normalized size of antiderivative = 42.01

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-2 + p)*(a +
b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*sin[e + f*x]^2*tan[e + f*x]*(AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2
, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2
, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(-(b*p*A
ppellF1[3/2, 2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))
]) + 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x
]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2
, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*App
ellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]
- (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e
+ f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(f*(3*(a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^
p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1 + p)*(AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -
((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e
+ f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(-(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 2, 1 - p
, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + 2*(a + b)*Appell
F1[3/2, 3, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e
+ f*x]^2) + (AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan
[e + f*x]^2]*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Ta
n[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 395

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 394

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{3f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `(AppellF1[3/2, 2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] *Tan[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(3*f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p \sin(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sin(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*sin(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sin(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sin(e + fx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`output `int(sin(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sin^2(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \sin^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)^2,x)`output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sin(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.140 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	1306
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1306
Rubi [A] (verified)	1307
Maple [F]	1309
Fricas [F]	1309
Sympy [F]	1309
Maxima [F]	1310
Giac [F]	1310
Mupad [F(-1)]	1310
Reduce [F]	1311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2137 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 14.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2137, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.14

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]/(f*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*((3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1 + p))/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (6*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4616$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 334$$

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 333$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a
+ b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p,x)`

3.141 $\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	1312
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1312
Rubi [A] (verified)	1313
Maple [F]	1314
Fricas [F]	1315
Sympy [F(-1)]	1315
Maxima [F]	1315
Giac [F]	1316
Mupad [F(-1)]	1316
Reduce [F]	1316

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

output

```
-cot(f*x+e)*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(1 + \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\cot[e + f*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{(b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)}{(a + b)}\right]\right)*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^p/(f*(1 + (b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\frac{\int \cot^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 279$$

$$\frac{(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \cot^2(e + fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{\cot(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)}{f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^p, x]$$

output $-\left(\left(\cot[e + f*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^p\right)/(f*(1 + (b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p\right)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 $\text{Int}[\left((c_)*(x_)\right)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*((c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 279 $\text{Int}[\left((c_)*(x_)\right)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[\left((a_)+(b_)*\sec[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}\right)^{(p_)}*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\tan[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff^{(m+1)}/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m*(\text{ExpandToSum}[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(n/2)}], x]^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(m/2+1)}], x], x, \tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \csc(fx + e)^2 (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input $\text{int}(\csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)$

output $\text{int}(\csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e) b + a)^p \csc^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*csc(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.142 $\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	1317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1317
Rubi [A] (verified)	1318
Maple [F]	1320
Fricas [F]	1320
Sympy [F(-1)]	1320
Maxima [F]	1321
Giac [F]	1321
Mupad [F(-1)]	1321
Reduce [F]	1322

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = -\frac{\cot^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{3(a + b)f} - \frac{(3a + 2b(1 + p)) \cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p}{3(a + b)f}$$

output

```
-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/(a+b)/f-1/3*(3*a+2*b*(p+1))*cot(f*x+e)*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/(a+b)/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \left(1 + \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \left((3a + 2b(1 + p)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)\right)}{3(a + b)f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*((3*a + 2*b*(1 + p))*Hypergeom
etric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a
+ b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)/((a + b)*f*(
1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4620} \\
 & \frac{\int \cot^4(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{(3a + 2b(p + 1)) \int \cot^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{p + 1}}{3(a + b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{(3a + 2b(p + 1))(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \cot^2(e + fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{p + 1}}{3(a + b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3a+2b(p+1)) \cot(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p}{3(a+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(-1/3*(Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a + b) - ((3*a + 2*b*(1 + p))*Cot[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(3*(a + b)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4620

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff^(m + 1)/f Subst[Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 + f f^2*x^2)^(m/2 + 1)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \csc^4(fx + e) (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p dx$$

```
input int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^4(fx + e) dx$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^4, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(csc(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \csc(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*csc(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.143 $\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	1323
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1324
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1324
Maple [F]	1327
Fricas [F]	1327
Sympy [F(-1)]	1327
Maxima [F]	1328
Giac [F]	1328
Mupad [F(-1)]	1328
Reduce [F]	1329

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(10a + b(7 + 2p)) \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{15(a + b)^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot^5(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{5(a + b) f}$$

$$- \frac{(15a^2 + 20ab(1 + p) + 4b^2(2 + 3p + p^2)) \cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p}{15(a + b)^2 f}$$

output

```
-1/15*(10*a+b*(7+2*p))*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/(a+b)^2/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/(a+b)/f-1/15*(15*a^2+20*a*b*(p+1)+4*b^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*cot(f*x+e)*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/(a+b)^2/f/(((a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx =$$

$$\frac{\cot(e + fx) \left(3 \cot^4(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, -p, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} \right) + 10 \cot^2(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} \right) + 15 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} \right) \right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p}{f (1 + (b \tan^2(e + fx))/(a + b))^p}$$

input `Integrate[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/15*(Cot[e + f*x]*(3*Cot[e + f*x]^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, -p, -3/2, -(b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) + 10*Cot[e + f*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2, -(b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) + 15*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4620, 365, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p}{\sin^6(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4620$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx) (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p}{f} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 365$$

$$\frac{\int \cot^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p (5(a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+10a+b(2p+7)) d \tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{5(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 359

$$\frac{(15a^2+20ab(p+1)+4b^2(p^2+3p+2)) \int \cot^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(10a+b(2p+7)) \cot^3(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{3(a+b)} - \cot^5(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 279

$$\frac{(15a^2+20ab(p+1)+4b^2(p^2+3p+2))(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \cot^2(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(10a+b(2p+7)) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 278

$$\frac{(15a^2+20ab(p+1)+4b^2(p^2+3p+2)) \cot(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(10a+b(2p+7)) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Csc[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(-1/5*(Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a + b) + (-1/3*((10*a + b*(7 + 2*p))*Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a + b) - ((15*a^2 + 20*a*b*(1 + p) + 4*b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2))*Cot[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(3*(a + b)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)/(5*(a + b)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 278 $\text{Int}[\left((c_)(x_)\right)^{(m_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2\right)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p\left(\left(cx\right)^{(m+1)}\left/(c(m+1)\right)\right)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)(x^2/a)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 279 $\text{Int}[\left((c_)(x_)\right)^{(m_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2\right)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}\left((a+b x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\left/(1+b(x^2/a)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\right)\right) \text{Int}[(c x)^m\left(1+b(x^2/a)\right)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 359 $\text{Int}[\left((e_)(x_)\right)^{(m_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2\right)^{(p_)}\left((c_)+(d_)(x_)^2\right), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c(e x)^{(m+1)}\left((a+b x^2)^{(p+1)}\left/(a e(m+1)\right)\right), x] + \text{Simp}[(a d(m+1)-b c(m+2 p+3))\left/(a e^2(m+1)\right) \text{Int}[(e x)^{(m+2)}\left(a+b x^2\right)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c-a d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 365 $\text{Int}[\left((e_)(x_)\right)^{(m_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2\right)^{(p_)}\left((c_)+(d_)(x_)^2\right)^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^2(e x)^{(m+1)}\left((a+b x^2)^{(p+1)}\left/(a e(m+1)\right)\right), x] - \text{Simp}[1\left/(a e^2(m+1)\right) \text{Int}[(e x)^{(m+2)}\left(a+b x^2\right)^p \text{Simp}[2 b c^2(p+1)+c(b c-2 a d)(m+1)-a d^2(m+1)x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c-a d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4620 $\text{Int}[\left((a_)+(b_)\text{sec}[(e_)+(f_)(x_)]\right)^{(n_)}\left((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2\right)^{(p_)}\sin[(e_)+(f_)(x_)]^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e+f x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}^{(m+1)}\left/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m(\text{ExpandToSum}[a+b(1+\text{ff}^2 x^2)^{(n/2)}], x)^p\left/(1+\text{ff}^2 x^2\right)^{(m/2+1)}], x], x, \text{Tan}[e+f x]/\text{ff}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \csc (fx + e)^6 (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec (fx + e)^2 + a)^p \csc (fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \csc^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*csc(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\sin(e + fx)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^6,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/sin(e + f*x)^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \csc^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \csc^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(csc(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*csc(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.144 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$

Optimal result	1330
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1330
Rubi [A] (verified)	1331
Maple [C] (verified)	1333
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1334
Sympy [F]	1334
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1335
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1335
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1336
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1336

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 x - \frac{a^4 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{a^4 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{a^4 \tan^7(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
a^4*x-a^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^3/d-1/5*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^5/d+1/7*a^4*tan(d*x+c)^7/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 \left(\frac{\arctan(\tan(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{\tan^7(c + dx)}{7d} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^4,x]
```

output

$$a^4 * (\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c + d*x]]/d - \text{Tan}[c + d*x]/d + \text{Tan}[c + d*x]^3/(3*d) - \text{Tan}[c + d*x]^5/(5*d) + \text{Tan}[c + d*x]^7/(7*d))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.733$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\
 & a^4 \int \tan^8(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^4 \int \tan(c + dx)^8 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & a^4 \left(\frac{\tan^7(c + dx)}{7d} - \int \tan^6(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^4 \left(\frac{\tan^7(c + dx)}{7d} - \int \tan(c + dx)^6 dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & a^4 \left(\int \tan^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan^7(c + dx)}{7d} - \frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^4 \left(\int \tan(c+dx)^4 dx + \frac{\tan^7(c+dx)}{7d} - \frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
& a^4 \left(- \int \tan^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan^7(c+dx)}{7d} - \frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\tan^3(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a^4 \left(- \int \tan(c+dx)^2 dx + \frac{\tan^7(c+dx)}{7d} - \frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\tan^3(c+dx)}{3d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
& a^4 \left(\int 1 dx + \frac{\tan^7(c+dx)}{7d} - \frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\tan^3(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& a^4 \left(\frac{\tan^7(c+dx)}{7d} - \frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\tan^3(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d} + x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^4,x]`

output `a^4*(x - Tan[c + d*x]/d + Tan[c + d*x]^3/(3*d) - Tan[c + d*x]^5/(5*d) + Tan[c + d*x]^7/(7*d))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4608

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
b^p Int[ActivateTrig[u*tan[e + f*x]^(2*p)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f,
p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
risch	$a^4 x - \frac{8ia^4(105e^{12i(dx+c)} + 315e^{10i(dx+c)} + 770e^{8i(dx+c)} + 770e^{6i(dx+c)} + 609e^{4i(dx+c)} + 203e^{2i(dx+c)} + 44)}{105d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^7}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4(dx+c) - 4a^4 \tan(dx+c) - 6a^4 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c) + 4a^4 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5} - \frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c) - a^4}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4(dx+c) - 4a^4 \tan(dx+c) - 6a^4 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c) + 4a^4 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5} - \frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c) - a^4}{d}$
parts	$a^4 x - \frac{a^4 \left(-\frac{16}{35} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^6}{7} - \frac{6\sec(dx+c)^4}{35} - \frac{8\sec(dx+c)^2}{35}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4a^4 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5} - \frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$a^4 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{14} x d - 7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{12} x d + 2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{13} + 21 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{10} x d - \frac{44 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{11}}{3} - 35 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)$
norman	$\frac{a^4 x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{14} - a^4 x + \frac{2a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{44a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d} + \frac{706a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{15d} - \frac{3048a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^7}{35d} + \frac{706a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^9}{15d}}$

input

```
int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^4*x-8/105*I*a^4*(105*exp(12*I*(d*x+c))+315*exp(10*I*(d*x+c))+770*exp(8*I
*(d*x+c))+770*exp(6*I*(d*x+c))+609*exp(4*I*(d*x+c))+203*exp(2*I*(d*x+c))+
4)/d/(exp(2*I*(d*x+c))+1)^7
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^4 dx \cos(dx + c)^7 - (176 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^6 - 122 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^4 + 66 a^4 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 15 a^4) \sin(dx + c)}{105 d \cos(dx + c)^7}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(105*a^4*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^7 - (176*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^6 - 122*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 66*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 15*a^4)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^7)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 \left(\int 1 dx + \int (-4 \sec^2(c + dx)) dx + \int 6 \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-4 \sec^6(c + dx)) dx + \int \sec^8(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**4,x)`

output `a**4*(Integral(1, x) + Integral(-4*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(6*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(-4*sec(c + d*x)**6, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**8, x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= a^4 x + \frac{(5 \tan(dx + c)^7 + 21 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 35 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 35 \tan(dx + c)) a^4}{35 d}$$

$$- \frac{4(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c)) a^4}{15 d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^4}{d} - \frac{4 a^4 \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^4*x + 1/35*(5*tan(d*x + c)^7 + 21*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 35*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 35*tan(d*x + c))*a^4/d - 4/15*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a^4/d + 2*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^4/d - 4*a^4*tan(d*x + c)/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^4 \tan(dx + c)^7 - 21 a^4 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 35 a^4 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 105 (dx + c) a^4 - 105 a^4 \tan(dx + c)}{105 d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/105*(15*a^4*tan(d*x + c)^7 - 21*a^4*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 35*a^4*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 105*(d*x + c)*a^4 - 105*a^4*tan(d*x + c))/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a^4 \tan(c+dx)^7}{7} - \frac{a^4 \tan(c+dx)^5}{5} + \frac{a^4 \tan(c+dx)^3}{3} - a^4 \tan(c + dx) + dx a^4}{d}$$

input `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^4,x)`output `((a^4*tan(c + d*x)^3)/3 - a^4*tan(c + d*x) - (a^4*tan(c + d*x)^5)/5 + (a^4*tan(c + d*x)^7)/7 + a^4*d*x)/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^4(105 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^6 dx - 315 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^4 dx + 315 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 dx - 105 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^0 dx)}{105 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^6 - 3 \sin(dx + c)^4 + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x)`output `(a**4*(105*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**6*d*x - 315*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**4*d*x + 315*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**2*d*x - 105*cos(c + d*x)*d*x - 105*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**0*d*x)/(105*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**6 - 3*sin(c + d*x)**4 + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

3.145 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1337
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1337
Rubi [A] (verified)	1338
Maple [C] (verified)	1340
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1340
Sympy [F]	1341
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1341
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1342
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1342
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1342

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3 x - \frac{a^3 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{a^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `a^3*x-a^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^3*tan(d*x+c)^3/d-1/5*a^3*tan(d*x+c)^5/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = -a^3 \left(-\frac{\arctan(\tan(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-(a^3*(-(ArcTan[Tan[c + d*x]]/d) + Tan[c + d*x]/d - Tan[c + d*x]^3/(3*d) + Tan[c + d*x]^5/(5*d)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\
 & -a^3 \int \tan^6(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -a^3 \int \tan(c + dx)^6 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & -a^3 \left(\frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \int \tan^4(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -a^3 \left(\frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \int \tan(c + dx)^4 dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & -a^3 \left(\int \tan^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -a^3 \left(\int \tan(c + dx)^2 dx + \frac{\tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-a^3 \left(- \int 1 dx + \frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{\tan^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$-a^3 \left(\frac{\tan^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{\tan^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{d} - x \right)$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-(a^3*(-x + Tan[c + d*x]/d - Tan[c + d*x]^3/(3*d) + Tan[c + d*x]^5/(5*d)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4608 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2])^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^p Int[ActivateTrig[u*tan[e + f*x]^(2*p)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
risch	$a^3 x - \frac{2ia^3(45e^{8i(dx+c)}+90e^{6i(dx+c)}+140e^{4i(dx+c)}+70e^{2i(dx+c)}+23)}{15d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3(dx+c)-3a^3 \tan(dx+c)-3a^3\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)+a^3\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3(dx+c)-3a^3 \tan(dx+c)-3a^3\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)+a^3\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$a^3 x + \frac{a^3\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{3a^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{3a^3\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^{10} x d - 5 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8 x d + 2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^9 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6 x d - \frac{32 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7}{3} - 10 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 x d + d\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-1\right)^5\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+1\right)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{a^3 x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10} - a^3 x + \frac{2a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{32a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d} + \frac{356a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{15d} - \frac{32a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7}{3d} + \frac{2a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^5}$

```
input int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^3*x-2/15*I*a^3*(45*exp(8*I*(d*x+c))+90*exp(6*I*(d*x+c))+140*exp(4*I*(d*x+c))+70*exp(2*I*(d*x+c))+23)/d/(exp(2*I*(d*x+c))+1)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 dx \cos(dx + c)^5 - (23 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 - 11 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 a^3) \sin(dx + c)}{15 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

```
input integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/15*(15*a^3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^5 - (23*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 11*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^3)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = -a^3 \left(\int (-1) dx + \int 3 \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int (-3 \sec^4(c + dx)) dx + \int \sec^6(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**3,x)`

output `-a**3*(Integral(-1, x) + Integral(3*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(-3*sec(c + d*x)**4, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**6, x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx \\ = a^3 x - \frac{(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c)) a^3}{15 d} \\ + \frac{(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) a^3}{d} - \frac{3 a^3 \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^3*x - 1/15*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a^3/d + (tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^3/d - 3*a^3*tan(d*x + c)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{-3a^3 \tan(dx + c)^5 - 5a^3 \tan(dx + c)^3 - 15(dx + c)a^3 + 15a^3 \tan(dx + c)}{15d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/15*(3*a^3*tan(d*x + c)^5 - 5*a^3*tan(d*x + c)^3 - 15*(d*x + c)*a^3 + 15*a^3*tan(d*x + c))/d`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = -\frac{\frac{a^3 \tan(c+dx)^5}{5} - \frac{a^3 \tan(c+dx)^3}{3} + a^3 \tan(c + dx) - dx a^3}{d}$$

input `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^3,x)`output `-(a^3*tan(c + d*x) - (a^3*tan(c + d*x)^3)/3 + (a^3*tan(c + d*x)^5)/5 - a^3*d*x)/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3(15 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^4 dx - 30 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 dx + 15 \cos(dx + c) dx - 23 \sin(dx + c)^2 dx + 1)}{15 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x)`

output `(a**3*(15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**4*d*x - 30*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*
*2*d*x + 15*cos(c + d*x)*d*x - 23*sin(c + d*x)**5 + 35*sin(c + d*x)**3 - 1
5*sin(c + d*x)))/(15*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 +
1))`

3.146 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1344
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1344
Rubi [A] (verified)	1345
Maple [A] (verified)	1346
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1347
Sympy [F]	1348
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1348
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1348
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1349
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1349

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
a^2*x-a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*a^2*tan(d*x+c)^3/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 \left(\frac{\arctan(\tan(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*(ArcTan[Tan[c + d*x]]/d - Tan[c + d*x]/d + Tan[c + d*x]^3/(3*d))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\
 & a^2 \int \tan^4(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^2 \int \tan(c + dx)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & a^2 \left(\frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \int \tan^2(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^2 \left(\frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \int \tan(c + dx)^2 dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & a^2 \left(\int 1 dx + \frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & a^2 \left(\frac{\tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} + x \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^2,x]

output $a^2(x - \tan[c + dx]/d + \tan[c + dx]^3/(3d))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 $\text{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3954 $\text{Int}[(b_)*\tan[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*((b*\tan[c + d*x])^{(n-1)})/(d*(n-1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b^2 \text{Int}[(b*\tan[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1]$

rule 4608 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*\sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^p \text{Int}[\text{ActivateTrig}[u*\tan[e + f*x]^{(2*p)}], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \text{EqQ}[a + b, 0] \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
parts	$a^2 x - \frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{2a^2 \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(dx+c) - 2a^2 \tan(dx+c) - a^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2(dx+c) - 2a^2 \tan(dx+c) - a^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$a^2 x - \frac{4ia^2(3e^{4i(dx+c)} + 3e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6 x d - 3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 x d + 2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 x d - \frac{20 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3} - dx + 2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) a^2}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6 - a^2 x + \frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{20a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d} + \frac{2a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{d} + 3a^2 x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 3a^2 x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}$

```
input int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*x-a^2/d*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)-2*a^2*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{3 a^2 dx \cos(dx + c)^3 - (4 a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 - a^2) \sin(dx + c)}{3 d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

```
input integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/3*(3*a^2*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (4*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a^2)*sin(d*x + c)) / (d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 \left(\int 1 dx + \int (-2 \sec^2(c + dx)) dx + \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**2,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(1, x) + Integral(-2*sec(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**4, x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{(\tan(dx + c))^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c) a^2}{3d} - \frac{2a^2 \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*x + 1/3*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^2/d - 2*a^2*tan(d*x + c)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 3(dx + c)a^2 - 3a^2 \tan(dx + c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(a^2*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(d*x + c)*a^2 - 3*a^2*tan(d*x + c))/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x - \frac{a^2 (3 \tan(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx)^3)}{3d}$$

input `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^2,x)`output `a^2*x - (a^2*(3*tan(c + d*x) - tan(c + d*x)^3))/(3*d)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 (3 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 dx - 3 \cos(dx + c) dx - 4 \sin(dx + c)^3 + 3 \sin(dx + c))}{3 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x)`output `(a**2*(3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**2*d*x - 3*cos(c + d*x)*d*x - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3 + 3*sin(c + d*x)))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

3.147 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1350
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1350
Rubi [A] (verified)	1351
Maple [A] (verified)	1352
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Sympy [F]	1353
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = ax - \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `a*x-a*tan(d*x+c)/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = -a \left(-\frac{\arctan(\tan(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `-(a*(-(ArcTan[Tan[c + d*x]]/d) + Tan[c + d*x]/d))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$ax - \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x - (a*Tan[c + d*x])/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$ax - \frac{a \tan(dx+c)}{d}$	17
parts	$ax - \frac{a \tan(dx+c)}{d}$	17
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx+c)a - a \tan(dx+c)}{d}$	22
risch	$ax - \frac{2ia}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)}$	25
parallelrisc	$-\frac{a \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)d} + ax$	25
norman	$\frac{ax \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - ax + \frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1}$	51

input `int(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*x-a*tan(d*x+c)/d`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{adx \cos(dx + c) - a \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*d*x*cos(d*x + c) - a*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = -a \left(\int (-1) dx + \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `-a*(Integral(-1, x) + Integral(sec(c + d*x)**2, x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = ax - \frac{a \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x - a*tan(d*x + c)/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = ax - \frac{a \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x - a*tan(d*x + c)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = ax - \frac{a \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `a*x - (a*tan(c + d*x))/d`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{a(\cos(dx + c) dx - \sin(dx + c))}{\cos(dx + c) d}$$

input `int(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `(a*(cos(c + d*x)*d*x - sin(c + d*x)))/(cos(c + d*x)*d)`

3.148 $\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx$

Optimal result	1355
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1355
Rubi [A] (verified)	1356
Maple [A] (verified)	1357
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1358
Sympy [F]	1358
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1358
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1359
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1359
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1359

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{ad}$$

output

`x/a+cot(d*x+c)/a/d`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(c + dx)\right)}{ad}$$

input

`Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-1),x]`

output

`(Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(a*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{a - a \sec(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\
 & - \frac{\int \cot^2(c + dx) dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & - \frac{\int 1 dx - \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d} - x}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-1),x]`

output `-((-x - Cot[c + d*x]/d)/a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4608 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^p Int[ActivateTrig[u*tan[e + f*x]^(2*p)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arctan(\tan(dx+c)) + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)}}{da}$	24
default	$\frac{\arctan(\tan(dx+c)) + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)}}{da}$	24
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2i}{da(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)}$	29
parallelrisc	$\frac{2dx - \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{2ad}$	34
norman	$\frac{\frac{x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{a} + \frac{1}{2ad} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{2ad}}{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$	55

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d/a*(arctan(tan(d*x+c))+1/tan(d*x+c))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{dx \sin(dx + c) + \cos(dx + c)}{ad \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(d*x*sin(d*x + c) + cos(d*x + c))/(a*d*sin(d*x + c))`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sec^2(c+dx)-1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2),x)`output `-Integral(1/(sec(c + d*x)**2 - 1), x)/a`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{dx+c}{a} + \frac{1}{a \tan(dx+c)} d$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((d*x + c)/a + 1/(a*tan(d*x + c)))/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\frac{2(dx+c)}{a} - \frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}{a} + \frac{1}{a \tan(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c)}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*(d*x + c)/a - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/a + 1/(a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{ad}$$

input `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `x/a + cot(c + d*x)/(a*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cos(dx + c) + \sin(dx + c) dx}{\sin(dx + c) ad}$$

input `int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x) + sin(c + d*x)*d*x)/(sin(c + d*x)*a*d)`

3.149 $\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1360
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1360
Rubi [A] (verified)	1361
Maple [A] (verified)	1363
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1363
Sympy [F]	1364
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1364
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1364
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1365
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1365

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{a^2 d} - \frac{\cot^3(c + dx)}{3a^2 d}$$

output `x/a^2+cot(d*x+c)/a^2/d-1/3*cot(d*x+c)^3/a^2/d`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\cot^3(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(c + dx)\right)}{3a^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-2), x]`

output

$$-1/3*(\text{Cot}[c + d*x]^3*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1, -1/2, -\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^2])/(a^2*d)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\ & \frac{\int \cot^4(c + dx) dx}{a^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx}{a^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\ & \frac{-\int \cot^2(c + dx) dx - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d}}{a^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{-\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d}}{a^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\ & \frac{\int 1 dx - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d}}{a^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d} + x}{a^2}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-2),x]`

output `(x + Cot[c + d*x]/d - Cot[c + d*x]^3/(3*d))/a^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4608 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2])^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^p Int[ActivateTrig[u*tan[e + f*x]^(2*p)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3 \tan(dx+c)^3} + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{d a^2}$	34
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3 \tan(dx+c)^3} + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{d a^2}$	34
risch	$\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{4i(3e^{4i(dx+c)} - 3e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2)}{3d a^2 (e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^3}$	53
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 + 24dx + 15 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 15 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{24d a^2}$	60
norman	$\frac{\frac{x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{a} - \frac{1}{24ad} + \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{8ad} - \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4}{8ad} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6}{24ad}}{a \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}$	98

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d/a^2*(-1/3/tan(d*x+c)^3+1/tan(d*x+c)+arctan(tan(d*x+c)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(dx \cos(dx + c)^2 - dx) \sin(dx + c) - 3 \cos(dx + c)}{3(a^2 d \cos(dx + c)^2 - a^2 d) \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(4*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 - d*x)*sin(d*x + c) - 3*cos(d*x + c))/((a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d)*sin(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sec^4(c+dx) - 2\sec^2(c+dx) + 1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(sec(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1), x)/a**2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{3(dx+c)}{a^2} + \frac{3 \tan(dx+c)^2 - 1}{a^2 \tan(dx+c)^3}}{3d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(d*x + c)/a^2 + (3*tan(d*x + c)^2 - 1)/(a^2*tan(d*x + c)^3))/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{24(dx+c)}{a^2} + \frac{15 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1}{a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3} + \frac{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 - 15 a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^6}}{24d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(24*(d*x + c)/a^2 + (15*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)/(a^2*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^3) + (a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 15*a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a
^6)/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)^2 - \frac{1}{3}}{a^2 d \tan(c + dx)^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
x/a^2 + (tan(c + d*x)^2 - 1/3)/(a^2*d*tan(c + d*x)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 - \cos(dx + c) + 3 \sin(dx + c)^3 dx}{3 \sin(dx + c)^3 a^2 d}$$

input

```
int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**2 - cos(c + d*x) + 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*d*x)/(3
*sin(c + d*x)**3*a**2*d)
```

3.150 $\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1366
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1366
Rubi [A] (verified)	1367
Maple [A] (verified)	1369
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1369
Sympy [F]	1370
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1370
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1370
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1371
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1371

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{a^3 d} - \frac{\cot^3(c + dx)}{3a^3 d} + \frac{\cot^5(c + dx)}{5a^3 d}$$

output `x/a^3+cot(d*x+c)/a^3/d-1/3*cot(d*x+c)^3/a^3/d+1/5*cot(d*x+c)^5/a^3/d`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\cot^5(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, 1, -\frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(c + dx)\right)}{5a^3 d}$$

input `Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-3), x]`

output

```
(Cot[c + d*x]^5*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 1, -3/2, -Tan[c + d*x]^2])/(5*a^3*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\
 & - \frac{\int \cot^6(c + dx) dx}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6 dx}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & - \frac{\int \cot^4(c + dx) dx - \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d}}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d}}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & - \frac{\int \cot^2(c + dx) dx - \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d}}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \tan\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d}}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & \frac{-\int 1 dx - \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d}}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d} - x}{a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-3),x]`

output `-((-x - Cot[c + d*x]/d + Cot[c + d*x]^3/(3*d) - Cot[c + d*x]^5/(5*d))/a^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4608 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^p Int[ActivateTrig[u*tan[e + f*x]^(2*p)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3 \tan(dx+c)^3} + \frac{1}{5 \tan(dx+c)^5} + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{d a^3}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3 \tan(dx+c)^3} + \frac{1}{5 \tan(dx+c)^5} + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{d a^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{2i(45 e^{8i(dx+c)} - 90 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 140 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 70 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 23)}{15d a^3 (e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 + 3 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 - 35 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 + 480dx - 330 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 330 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{480d a^3}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{a} + \frac{1}{160ad} - \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{96ad} + \frac{11 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4}{16ad} - \frac{11 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6}{16ad} + \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^8}{96ad} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}}{160ad}}{a^2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5}$

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d/a^3*(-1/3/tan(d*x+c)^3+1/5/tan(d*x+c)^5+1/tan(d*x+c)+arctan(tan(d*x+c)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{23 \cos(dx + c)^5 - 35 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 15(dx \cos(dx + c)^4 - 2dx \cos(dx + c)^2 + dx) \sin(dx + c) + 15c}{15(a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^4 - 2a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + a^3 d) \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(23*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 35*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 15*(d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + d*x)*sin(d*x + c) + 15*cos(d*x + c))/((a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*a^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^3*d)*sin(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sec^6(c+dx) - 3 \sec^4(c+dx) + 3 \sec^2(c+dx) - 1} dx}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**3,x)`

output `-Integral(1/(sec(c + d*x)**6 - 3*sec(c + d*x)**4 + 3*sec(c + d*x)**2 - 1), x)/a**3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{15(dx+c)}{a^3} + \frac{15 \tan(dx+c)^4 - 5 \tan(dx+c)^2 + 3}{a^3 \tan(dx+c)^5}}{15d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(15*(d*x + c)/a^3 + (15*tan(d*x + c)^4 - 5*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 3)/(a^3*tan(d*x + c)^5))/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(51) = 102$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{480(dx+c)}{a^3} + \frac{330 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 - 35 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 3}{a^3 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5} - \frac{3 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 35 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 330 a^{12} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^{15}}}{480d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{480} \cdot \frac{480 \cdot (d \cdot x + c) / a^3 + (330 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^4 - 35 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^2 + 3) / (a^3 \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^5) - (3 \cdot a^{12} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^5 - 35 \cdot a^{12} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)^3 + 330 \cdot a^{12} \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot c)) / a^{15}}{d}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)^4 - \frac{\tan(c + dx)^2}{3} + \frac{1}{5}}{a^3 d \tan(c + dx)^5}$$

input `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^3,x)`

output
$$x/a^3 + (\tan(c + d \cdot x)^4 - \tan(c + d \cdot x)^2/3 + 1/5)/(a^3 \cdot d \cdot \tan(c + d \cdot x)^5)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^3} dx = \frac{23 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^4 - 11 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 + 3 \cos(dx + c) + 15 \sin(dx + c)^5 dx}{15 \sin(dx + c)^5 a^3 d}$$

input `int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x)`

output
$$(23 \cdot \cos(c + d \cdot x) \cdot \sin(c + d \cdot x)^4 - 11 \cdot \cos(c + d \cdot x) \cdot \sin(c + d \cdot x)^2 + 3 \cdot \cos(c + d \cdot x) + 15 \cdot \sin(c + d \cdot x)^5 \cdot d \cdot x) / (15 \cdot \sin(c + d \cdot x)^5 \cdot a^3 \cdot d)$$

3.151 $\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx$

Optimal result	1372
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1372
Rubi [A] (verified)	1373
Maple [A] (verified)	1375
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1375
Sympy [F]	1376
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1376
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1377
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1377
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1378

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{x}{a^4} + \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{a^4 d} - \frac{\cot^3(c + dx)}{3a^4 d} + \frac{\cot^5(c + dx)}{5a^4 d} - \frac{\cot^7(c + dx)}{7a^4 d}$$

output

```
x/a^4+cot(d*x+c)/a^4/d-1/3*cot(d*x+c)^3/a^4/d+1/5*cot(d*x+c)^5/a^4/d-1/7*cot(d*x+c)^7/a^4/d
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{\cot^7(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{2}, 1, -\frac{5}{2}, -\tan^2(c + dx)\right)}{7a^4 d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-4), x]
```

output

$$-1/7*(\text{Cot}[c + d*x]^7*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-7/2, 1, -5/2, -\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^2])/(a^{4*d})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.733$, Rules used = {3042, 4608, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4608} \\ & \frac{\int \cot^8(c + dx) dx}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^8 dx}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\ & \frac{-\int \cot^6(c + dx) dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d}}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{-\int \tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6 dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d}}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\ & \frac{\int \cot^4(c + dx) dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d}}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \tan\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d}}{a^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
& \frac{-\int \cot^2(c + dx) dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d}}{a^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{-\int \tan\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d}}{a^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
& \frac{\int 1 dx - \frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d}}{a^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{-\frac{\cot^7(c+dx)}{7d} + \frac{\cot^5(c+dx)}{5d} - \frac{\cot^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{\cot(c+dx)}{d} + x}{a^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-4), x]`

output `(x + Cot[c + d*x]/d - Cot[c + d*x]^3/(3*d) + Cot[c + d*x]^5/(5*d) - Cot[c + d*x]^7/(7*d))/a^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4608

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
b^p Int[ActivateTrig[u*tan[e + f*x]^(2*p)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f,
p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7 \tan(dx+c)^7} - \frac{1}{3 \tan(dx+c)^3} + \frac{1}{5 \tan(dx+c)^5} + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{d a^4}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7 \tan(dx+c)^7} - \frac{1}{3 \tan(dx+c)^3} + \frac{1}{5 \tan(dx+c)^5} + \frac{1}{\tan(dx+c)} + \arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{d a^4}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^4} + \frac{8i(105 e^{12i(dx+c)} - 315 e^{10i(dx+c)} + 770 e^{8i(dx+c)} - 770 e^{6i(dx+c)} + 609 e^{4i(dx+c)} - 203 e^{2i(dx+c)} + 44)}{105 d a^4 (e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^7}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-15 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^7 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^7 + 189 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 - 189 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5 - 1295 \cot\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3 + 1295 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{13440 d a^4}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^7}{a} - \frac{1}{896 a d} + \frac{9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{640 a d} - \frac{37 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4}{384 a d} + \frac{93 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6}{128 a d} - \frac{93 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^8}{128 a d} + \frac{37 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}}{384 a d} - \frac{9 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{12}}{384 a d}}{a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^7}$

input

```
int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d/a^4*(-1/7/tan(d*x+c)^7-1/3/tan(d*x+c)^3+1/5/tan(d*x+c)^5+1/tan(d*x+c)+
arctan(tan(d*x+c)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{176 \cos(dx + c)^7 - 406 \cos(dx + c)^5 + 350 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 105 (dx \cos(dx + c))^6 - 3 dx \cos(dx + c)^4 + 105 (a^4 d \cos(dx + c))^6 - 3 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 3 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 - \dots}{105 (a^4 d \cos(dx + c))^6 - 3 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 3 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 - \dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(176*cos(d*x + c)^7 - 406*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 350*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 105*(d*x*cos(d*x + c)^6 - 3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 - d*x)*sin(d*x + c) - 105*cos(d*x + c))/(a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^6 - 3*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a^4*d)*sin(d*x + c)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sec^8(c+dx) - 4\sec^6(c+dx) + 6\sec^4(c+dx) - 4\sec^2(c+dx) + 1} dx}{a^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**4,x)`

output `Integral(1/(sec(c + d*x)**8 - 4*sec(c + d*x)**6 + 6*sec(c + d*x)**4 - 4*sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1), x)/a**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\frac{105(dx+c)}{a^4} + \frac{105 \tan(dx+c)^6 - 35 \tan(dx+c)^4 + 21 \tan(dx+c)^2 - 15}{a^4 \tan(dx+c)^7}}{105 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/105*(105*(d*x + c)/a^4 + (105*tan(d*x + c)^6 - 35*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 21*tan(d*x + c)^2 - 15)/(a^4*tan(d*x + c)^7))/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{13440(dx+c)}{a^4} + \frac{9765 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^6 - 1295 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 + 189 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 15}{a^4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7} + \frac{15 a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^7 - 189 a^{24} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{13440 d}}{13440 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13440*(13440*(d*x + c)/a^4 + (9765*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 1295*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 189*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 15)/(a^4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7) + (15*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 189*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 1295*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 9765*a^24*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/a^28)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{x}{a^4} + \frac{\tan(c + dx)^6 - \frac{\tan(c+dx)^4}{3} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)^2}{5} - \frac{1}{7}}{a^4 d \tan(c + dx)^7}$$

input `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^4,x)`

output `x/a^4 + (tan(c + d*x)^2/5 - tan(c + d*x)^4/3 + tan(c + d*x)^6 - 1/7)/(a^4*d*tan(c + d*x)^7)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{176 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^6 - 122 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^4 + 66 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 - 15 \cos(dx + c)}{105 \sin(dx + c)^7 a^4 d}$$

input

```
int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x)
```

output

```
(176*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**6 - 122*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**4 + 66*
cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**2 - 15*cos(c + d*x) + 105*sin(c + d*x)**7*d*x)/
(105*sin(c + d*x)**7*a**4*d)
```

3.152 $\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1379
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1380
Rubi [A] (verified)	1380
Maple [A] (verified)	1383
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1383
Sympy [F]	1384
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1384
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1385
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1385
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1386

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(6a + 5b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{16f} + \frac{(6a + 5b) \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{(6a + 5b) \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{24f} + \frac{b \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{6f}$$

output `1/16*(6*a+5*b)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/16*(6*a+5*b)*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/24*(6*a+5*b)*sec(f*x+e)^3*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/6*b*sec(f*x+e)^5*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} + \frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{16f} + \frac{3a \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{5b \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{a \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{5b \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{24f} + \frac{b \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{6f}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*a*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(8*f) + (5*b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(16*f) + (3*a*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(8*f) + (5*b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(16*f) + (a*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f) + (5*b*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(24*f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^5*Tan[e + f*x])/(6*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {3042, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 \left(a + b \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
& \downarrow 4534 \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a + 5b) \int \sec^5(e + fx) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a + 5b) \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a + 5b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(e + fx) dx + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a + 5b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
& \downarrow 4255 \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a + \\
& 5b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \sec(e + fx) dx + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{1}{6}(6a + \\
& 5b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
& \downarrow 4257
\end{aligned}$$

$$5b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{2f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sec(e+fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{\frac{1}{6}(6a + \tan(e+fx)\sec^3(e+fx))}{4f} + \frac{b \tan(e+fx)\sec^5(e+fx)}{6f} \right) +$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(b*Sec[e + f*x]^5*Tan[e + f*x])/(6*f) + ((6*a + 5*b)*((Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]]/(2*f) + (Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f))))/4)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^m_*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_. + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4}-\frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)+b\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{6}-\frac{5\sec(fx+e)^3}{24}-\frac{5\sec(fx+e)}{16}\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4}-\frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)+b\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{6}-\frac{5\sec(fx+e)^3}{24}-\frac{5\sec(fx+e)}{16}\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4}-\frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f} + \frac{b\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{6}-\frac{5\sec(fx+e)^3}{24}-\frac{5\sec(fx+e)}{16}\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-270\left(\frac{\cos(6fx+6e)}{15}+\frac{2\cos(4fx+4e)}{5}\right)+\cos(2fx+2e)+\frac{2}{3}\left(a+\frac{5b}{6}\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)+270\left(\frac{\cos(6fx+6e)}{15}+\frac{2\cos(4fx+4e)}{5}\right)}{48f(\cos(6fx+6e)+6\cos(4fx+4e)+6\cos(2fx+2e)+6)}$
norman	$\frac{(2a+15b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{4f} + \frac{(2a+15b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{4f} + \frac{(10a+11b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{8f} + \frac{(10a+11b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{11}}{8f} - \frac{(42a-5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{24f}$
risch	$\frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}(18ae^{10i(fx+e)}+15be^{10i(fx+e)}+102ae^{8i(fx+e)}+85be^{8i(fx+e)}+84ae^{6i(fx+e)}+198be^{6i(fx+e)}-84ae^{4i(fx+e)}-18be^{4i(fx+e)}-18ae^{2i(fx+e)}-18be^{2i(fx+e)}-18a-18b)}{24f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^6}$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(a*(-(-1/4*sec(f*x+e)^3-3/8*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))+b*(-(-1/6*sec(f*x+e)^5-5/24*sec(f*x+e)^3-5/16*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+5/16*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(6a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^6 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3(6a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^6 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2}{96f \cos(fx + e)^6}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output
$$\frac{1}{96} * (3 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \cos(f * x + e) ^ 6 * \log(\sin(f * x + e) + 1) - 3 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \cos(f * x + e) ^ 6 * \log(-\sin(f * x + e) + 1) + 2 * (3 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \cos(f * x + e) ^ 4 + 2 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \cos(f * x + e) ^ 2 + 8 * b) * \sin(f * x + e)) / (f * \cos(f * x + e) ^ 6)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sec^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{3(6a + 5b) \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3(6a + 5b) \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(6a + 5b) \sin(fx + e)^5 - 8(6a + 5b) \sin(fx + e)^3 + 3(10a + 11b) \sin(fx + e))}{\sin(fx + e)^6 - 3 \sin(fx + e)^4 + 3 \sin(fx + e)^2 - 1}}{96f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{96} * (3 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \log(\sin(f * x + e) + 1) - 3 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \log(\sin(f * x + e) - 1) - 2 * (3 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \sin(f * x + e) ^ 5 - 8 * (6 * a + 5 * b) * \sin(f * x + e) ^ 3 + 3 * (10 * a + 11 * b) * \sin(f * x + e)) / (\sin(f * x + e) ^ 6 - 3 * \sin(f * x + e) ^ 4 + 3 * \sin(f * x + e) ^ 2 - 1)) / f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(6a + 5b) \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - 3(6a + 5b) \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - \frac{2(18a \sin(fx+e)^5 + 15b \sin(fx+e)^5 - 48a \sin(fx+e)^3 - 40b \sin(fx+e)^3 + 30a \sin(fx+e) + 33b \sin(fx+e))}{(\sin(fx+e)^2 - 1)^3}}{96f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/96*(3*(6*a + 5*b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - 3*(6*a + 5*b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 2*(18*a*sin(f*x + e)^5 + 15*b*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 48*a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 40*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 30*a*sin(f*x + e) + 33*b*sin(f*x + e)))/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) \left(\frac{3a}{8} + \frac{5b}{16} \right)}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{3a}{8} + \frac{5b}{16} \right) \sin(e + fx)^5 + \left(-a - \frac{5b}{6} \right) \sin(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{5a}{8} + \frac{11b}{16} \right) \sin(e + fx)}{f (\sin(e + fx)^6 - 3 \sin(e + fx)^4 + 3 \sin(e + fx)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/cos(e + f*x)^5,x)`

output `(atanh(sin(e + f*x))*((3*a)/8 + (5*b)/16))/f - (sin(e + f*x)^5*((3*a)/8 + (5*b)/16) + sin(e + f*x)*((5*a)/8 + (11*b)/16) - sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + (5*b)/6))/(f*(3*sin(e + f*x)^2 - 3*sin(e + f*x)^4 + sin(e + f*x)^6 - 1))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^6 a - 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^6 b + 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a + 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 b - 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 b + 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) b + 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(e + fx)^6 a + 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(e + fx)^6 b - 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(e + fx)^4 a - 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(e + fx)^4 b + 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(e + fx)^2 a + 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(e + fx)^2 b - 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) a - 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) b - 18 \sin(e + fx)^5 a - 15 \sin(e + fx)^5 b + 48 \sin(e + fx)^3 a + 40 \sin(e + fx)^3 b - 30 \sin(e + fx) a - 33 \sin(e + fx) b}{(48 f (\sin(e + fx)^6 - 3 \sin(e + fx)^4 + 3 \sin(e + fx)^2 - 1))}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 18*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a - 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*b + 54*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a + 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b - 54*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b + 18*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a + 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b + 18*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a + 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*b - 54*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b + 54*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 18*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a - 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b - 18*sin(e + f*x)**5*a - 15*sin(e + f*x)**5*b + 48*sin(e + f*x)**3*a + 40*sin(e + f*x)**3*b - 30*sin(e + f*x)*a - 33*sin(e + f*x)*b)/(48*f*(sin(e + f*x)**6 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.153 $\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1387
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1388
Rubi [A] (verified)	1388
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1391
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1392
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1393

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(4a + 3b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} + \frac{(4a + 3b)\sec(e + fx)\tan(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{b\sec^3(e + fx)\tan(e + fx)}{4f}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*a+3*b)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/8*(4*a+3*b)*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f+
1/4*b*sec(f*x+e)^3*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} + \frac{a \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{3b \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(a*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(2*f) + (3*b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(8*f) + (a*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f) + (3*b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(8*f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(a + b \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4534$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4}(4a + 3b) \int \sec^3(e + fx) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(4a + 3b) \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(4a + 3b) \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \sec(e + fx) dx + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(4a + 3b) \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(4a + 3b) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^3(e + fx)}{4f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `(b*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f) + ((4*a + 3*b)*(ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]]/(2*f) + (Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f)))/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right) + b\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right) + b\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{b\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-8\left(a + \frac{3b}{4}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4fx+4e)}{4} + \cos(2fx+2e)\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 8\left(a + \frac{3b}{4}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4fx+4e)}{4} + \cos(2fx+2e)\right)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{4f(\cos(4fx+4e) + 4\cos(2fx+2e) + 3)}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{(4a-3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{4f} - \frac{(4a-3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{4f} + \frac{(4a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{4f} + \frac{(4a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{4f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)^4} - \frac{(4a+3b)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{8f}$
risch	$\frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}(4ae^{6i(fx+e)} + 3be^{6i(fx+e)} + 4ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 11be^{4i(fx+e)} - 4ae^{2i(fx+e)} - 11be^{2i(fx+e)} - 4a - 3b)}{4f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^4} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + 1)}{4f}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(1/2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))+b*(-(-1/4*sec(f*x+e)^3-3/8*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4a + 3b) \cos(fx + e)^4 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (4a + 3b) \cos(fx + e)^4 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2((4a + 3b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2b) \sin(fx + e)}{16 f \cos(fx + e)^4}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*((4*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (4*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*((4*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sec^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4a + 3b) \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (4a + 3b) \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2((4a + 3b) \sin(fx + e)^3 - (4a + 5b) \sin(fx + e))}{\sin(fx + e)^4 - 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{16 f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*((4*a + 3*b)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (4*a + 3*b)*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*((4*a + 3*b)*sin(f*x + e)^3 - (4*a + 5*b)*sin(f*x + e))/(sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4a + 3b) \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - (4a + 3b) \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - \frac{2(4a \sin(fx+e)^3 + 3b \sin(fx+e)^3 - 4a \sin(fx+e))}{(\sin(fx+e)^2 - 1)^2}}{16f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*((4*a + 3*b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - (4*a + 3*b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 2*(4*a*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 3*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 4*a*sin(f*x + e) - 5*b*sin(f*x + e))/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{3b}{8}\right)}{f} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{3b}{8}\right) - \sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{5b}{8}\right)}{f (\sin(e + fx)^4 - 2 \sin(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/cos(e + f*x)^3,x)`

output

```
(atanh(sin(e + f*x))*(a/2 + (3*b)/8))/f - (sin(e + f*x)^3*(a/2 + (3*b)/8)
- sin(e + f*x)*(a/2 + (5*b)/8))/(f*(sin(e + f*x)^4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)^2 + 1)
)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 b + 8 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)
- 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a +
6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1
)*a - 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e +
f*x)**4*a + 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b - 8*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)
**2*b + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a + 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b - 4*
sin(e + f*x)**3*a - 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*b + 4*sin(e + f*x)*a + 5*sin(e + f*x
)*b)/(8*f*(sin(e + f*x)**4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))
```

3.154 $\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1394
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1394
Rubi [A] (verified)	1395
Maple [A] (verified)	1396
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1397
Sympy [F]	1397
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1398
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1398
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1399
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1399

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(2a + b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output `1/2*(2*a+b)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/2*b*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(a*ArcCoth[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(2*f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4534, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(a + b \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4534$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2a + b) \int \sec(e + fx) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2a + b) \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 4257$$

$$\frac{(2a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((2*a + b)*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(2*f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_. + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))+b\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$	55
default	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))+b\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$	55
parts	$\frac{a \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$	57
parallelrisc	$\frac{-(a+\frac{b}{2})(1+\cos(2fx+2e))\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)+(a+\frac{b}{2})(1+\cos(2fx+2e))\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)+1\right)+\sin(fx+e)b}{f(1+\cos(2fx+2e))}$	86
norman	$\frac{\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{b \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{f^2}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^2} - \frac{(2a+b)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)}{2f} + \frac{(2a+b)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)+1\right)}{2f}$	93
risc	$-\frac{ib(e^{3i(fx+e)}-e^{i(fx+e)})}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^2} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+i)a}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+i)b}{2f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)a}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)b}{2f}$	111

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))+b*(1/2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a + b) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (2a + b) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2b \sin(fx + e)}{4f \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*b*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sec(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a + b) \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (2a + b) \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2b \sin(fx + e)}{\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*((2*a + b)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (2*a + b)*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*b*sin(f*x + e)/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a + b) \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - (2a + b) \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - \frac{2b \sin(fx + e)}{\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*((2*a + b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - (2*a + b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 2*b*sin(f*x + e)/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) (a + \frac{b}{2})}{f} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx)}{2 f (\sin(e + fx)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/cos(e + f*x),x)
```

output

```
(atanh(sin(e + f*x))*(a + b/2))/f - (b*sin(e + f*x))/(2*f*(sin(e + f*x)^2 - 1))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{-2 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) \sin(fx + e)^2 b + 2 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) \sin(fx + e) a + \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) \sin(fx + e) b - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) + 1) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) + 1) \sin(fx + e)^2 b + 2 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) + 1) \sin(fx + e) a + \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) + 1) \sin(fx + e) b - \sin(e + fx) b}{2 f (\sin(e + fx)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b - sin(e + f*x)*b)/(2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```


3.155 $\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1400
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1400
Rubi [A] (verified)	1401
Maple [A] (verified)	1402
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1403
Sympy [F]	1403
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1403
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1404
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1405

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `b*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+a*sin(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a \cos(fx) \sin(e)}{f} + \frac{a \cos(e) \sin(fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(b*ArcCoth[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (a*Cos[f*x]*Sin[e])/f + (a*Cos[e]*Sin[f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4533, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4533$$

$$b \int \sec(e + fx) dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b \int \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 4257$$

$$\frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (a*Sin[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sin(fx+e)a+b\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{f}$	30
default	$\frac{\sin(fx+e)a+b\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{f}$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{b\left(-\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)+\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)+1\right)\right)+\sin(fx+e)a}{f}$	43
risch	$-\frac{ia e^{i(fx+e)}}{2f} + \frac{ia e^{-i(fx+e)}}{2f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+i)b}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)b}{f}$	71
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{f}}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)} + \frac{b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)+1\right)}{f} - \frac{b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)-1\right)}{f}$	101

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(sin(f*x+e)*a+b*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - b \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2a \sin(fx + e)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - b*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*a*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cos(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(\log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1)) + 2a \sin(fx + e)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1/2*(b*(\log(\sin(f*x + e) + 1) - \log(\sin(f*x + e) - 1)) + 2*a*\sin(f*x + e))}{f}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - b \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) + 2a \sin(fx + e)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1/2*(b*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - b*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(f*x + e) - 1)) + 2*a*\sin(f*x + e))}{f}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \sin(e + fx) + b \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output $\frac{(a*\sin(e + f*x) + b*\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + f*x)))}{f}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$
$$= \frac{-\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) b + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) b + \sin(fx + e) a}{f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b + log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b + sin(e + f*x)*a)/f`

3.156 $\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1406
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1406
Rubi [A] (verified)	1407
Maple [A] (verified)	1408
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1409
Sympy [F]	1409
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1409
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1410
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1410
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + b) \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
(a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/f-1/3*a*sin(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \cos(fx) \sin(e)}{f} + \frac{b \cos(e) \sin(fx)}{f} + \frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Cos[f*x]*Sin[e])/f + (b*Cos[e]*Sin[f*x])/f + (a*Sine + f*x])/f - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4532, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4532} \\
 & \int \cos(e + fx) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \left(a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + b \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3492} \\
 & - \frac{\int (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b) d(-\sin(e + fx))}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{3} a \sin^3(e + fx) - (a + b) \sin(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((-((a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]) + (a*SIN[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f)
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

rule 4532 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(C + A*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/Sin[e + f*x]^(m + 2), x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && ILtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{\sin(3fx+3e)a+9\left(a+\frac{4b}{3}\right)\sin(fx+e)}{12f}$	31
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a(2+\cos(fx+e)^2)\sin(fx+e)}{3}+\sin(fx+e)b}{f}$	33
default	$\frac{\frac{a(2+\cos(fx+e)^2)\sin(fx+e)}{3}+\sin(fx+e)b}{f}$	33
risc	$\frac{3a\sin(fx+e)}{4f} + \frac{\sin(fx+e)b}{f} + \frac{a\sin(3fx+3e)}{12f}$	40
norman	$\frac{\frac{2(a-3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f} - \frac{2(a-3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{3f} - \frac{2(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{f}}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)^3\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$	111

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*(sin(3*f*x+3*e)*a+9*(a+4/3*b)*sin(f*x+e))/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2a + 3b) \sin(fx + e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a + 3*b)*sin(f*x + e)/f`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cos^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \sin(fx + e)^3 - 3(a + b) \sin(fx + e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a + b)*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \sin(fx + e)^3 - 3a \sin(fx + e) - 3b \sin(fx + e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*(a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a*sin(f*x + e) - 3*b*sin(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{\frac{a \sin(e+fx)^3}{3} - \sin(e + fx) (a + b)}{f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `-((a*sin(e + f*x)^3)/3 - sin(e + f*x)*(a + b))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\sin(fx + e) (-\sin(fx + e)^2 a + 3a + 3b)}{3f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(sin(e + f*x)*(- sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 3*a + 3*b))/(3*f)`

3.157 $\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1411
Rubi [A] (verified)	1412
Maple [A] (verified)	1414
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1414
Sympy [F]	1415
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1415
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1415
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1416
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1416

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + b) \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(2a + b) \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a \sin^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output `(a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/f-1/3*(2*a+b)*sin(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*a*sin(f*x+e)^5/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \sin(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2a \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{b \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a \sin^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/f + (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/f - (2*a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f) - (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f) + (a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^5)/(5*f)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4532, 3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{a + b \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4532} \\ & \int \cos^3(e + fx) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 \left(a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + b \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3492} \\ & - \frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b) d(-\sin(e + fx))}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{290} \\ & - \frac{\int (a \sin^4(e + fx) - (2a + b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a(\frac{b}{a} + 1)) d(-\sin(e + fx))}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{\frac{1}{3}(2a + b) \sin^3(e + fx) - (a + b) \sin(e + fx) - \frac{1}{5} a \sin^5(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((-((a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]) + ((2*a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^3)/3 - (a*Ssin[e + f*x]^5)/5)/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 290 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

rule 4532 `Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*(C_) + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(C + A*Ssin[e + f*x]^2)/Sin[e + f*x]^(m + 2), x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && ILtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(25a+20b) \sin(3fx+3e)+3 \sin(5fx+5e)a+150\left(a+\frac{6b}{5}\right) \sin(fx+e)}{240f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(fx+e)^4+\frac{4 \cos(fx+e)^2}{3}\right) \sin(fx+e)}{5} + \frac{b(2+\cos(fx+e)^2) \sin(fx+e)}{3}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(fx+e)^4+\frac{4 \cos(fx+e)^2}{3}\right) \sin(fx+e)}{5} + \frac{b(2+\cos(fx+e)^2) \sin(fx+e)}{3}$
risc	$\frac{5a \sin(fx+e)}{8f} + \frac{3 \sin(fx+e)b}{4f} + \frac{a \sin(5fx+5e)}{80f} + \frac{5a \sin(3fx+3e)}{48f} + \frac{\sin(3fx+3e)b}{12f}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{11}}{f} - \frac{2(a+5b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f} + \frac{2(a+5b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^9}{3f} - \frac{4(19a+5b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{15f} + 4}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)^5 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/240*((25*a+20*b)*sin(3*f*x+3*e)+3*sin(5*f*x+5*e)*a+150*(a+6/5*b)*sin(f*x+e))/f
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a \cos(fx + e)^4 + (4a + 5b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8a + 10b) \sin(fx + e)}{15f}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (4*a + 5*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a + 10*b)*sin(f*x + e)/f
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cos^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{3a \sin^5(fx + e) - 5(2a + b) \sin^3(fx + e) + 15(a + b) \sin(fx + e)}{15f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(3*a*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(2*a + b)*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a + b)*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{3a \sin^5(fx + e) - 10a \sin^3(fx + e) - 5b \sin^3(fx + e) + 15a \sin(fx + e) + 15b \sin(fx + e)}{15f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/15*(3*a*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 5*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a
*sin(f*x + e) + 15*b*sin(f*x + e))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a \sin(e+fx)^5}{5} + \left(-\frac{2a}{3} - \frac{b}{3}\right) \sin(e + fx)^3 + (a + b) \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
((a*sin(e + f*x)^5)/5 - sin(e + f*x)^3*((2*a)/3 + b/3) + sin(e + f*x)*(a +
b))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (3 \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 10 \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 5 \sin(fx + e)^2 b + 15a + 15b)}{15f}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sin(e + f*x)*(3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 10*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 5*sin(e + f*x)
**2*b + 15*a + 15*b))/(15*f)
```

3.158 $\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1417
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1418
Rubi [A] (verified)	1418
Maple [A] (verified)	1420
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1420
Sympy [F]	1421
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1421
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1422
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1422
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1423

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(7a + 6b) \tan(e + fx)}{7f} + \frac{b \sec^6(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{7f} + \frac{2(7a + 6b) \tan^3(e + fx)}{21f} + \frac{(7a + 6b) \tan^5(e + fx)}{35f}$$

output

```
1/7*(7*a+6*b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/7*b*sec(f*x+e)^6*tan(f*x+e)/f+2/21*(7*a+6*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/35*(7*a+6*b)*tan(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{a(\tan(e + fx) + \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5} \tan^5(e + fx))}{f} \\ & \quad + \frac{b(\tan(e + fx) + \tan^3(e + fx) + \frac{3}{5} \tan^5(e + fx) + \frac{1}{7} \tan^7(e + fx))}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(a*(Tan[e + f*x] + (2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 + Tan[e + f*x]^5/5))/f + (b*(Tan[e + f*x] + Tan[e + f*x]^3 + (3*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/5 + Tan[e + f*x]^7/7))/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4534, 3042, 4254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 \left(a + b \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\ & \frac{1}{7}(7a + 6b) \int \sec^6(e + fx) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^6(e + fx)}{7f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}(7a + 6b) \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^6(e + fx)}{7f}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^6(e + fx)}{7f} - \frac{(7a + 6b) \int (\tan^4(e + fx) + 2 \tan^2(e + fx) + 1) d(-\tan(e + fx))}{7f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^6(e + fx)}{7f} - \frac{(7a + 6b) \left(-\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(e + fx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(e + fx) - \tan(e + fx)\right)}{7f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(b*Sec[e + f*x]^6*Tan[e + f*x])/(7*f) - ((7*a + 6*b)*(-Tan[e + f*x] - (2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 - Tan[e + f*x]^5/5))/(7*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_. + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)-b\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7}-\frac{6\sec(fx+e)^4}{35}-\frac{8\sec(fx+e)^2}{35}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)-b\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7}-\frac{6\sec(fx+e)^4}{35}-\frac{8\sec(fx+e)^2}{35}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}-\frac{b\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7}-\frac{6\sec(fx+e)^4}{35}-\frac{8\sec(fx+e)^2}{35}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{16i(70ae^{8i(fx+e)}+175ae^{6i(fx+e)}+210be^{6i(fx+e)}+147ae^{4i(fx+e)}+126be^{4i(fx+e)}+49ae^{2i(fx+e)}+42be^{2i(fx+e)}+70)}{105f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^7}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(1176a+1008b)\sin(3fx+3e)+(392a+336b)\sin(5fx+5e)+(56a+48b)\sin(7fx+7e)+840\sin(fx+e)(a+2b)}{105f(\cos(7fx+7e)+7\cos(5fx+5e)+21\cos(3fx+3e)+35\cos(fx+e))}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{f}-\frac{2(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{13}}{f}+\frac{4(5a+3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f}+\frac{4(5a+3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^{11}}{3f}+\frac{8(91a+53b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{35f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^7}$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-a*(-8/15-1/5*sec(f*x+e)^4-4/15*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)-b*(-16/35-1/7*sec(f*x+e)^6-6/35*sec(f*x+e)^4-8/35*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sec^6(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))dx$$

$$= \frac{(8(7a+6b)\cos(fx+e)^6+4(7a+6b)\cos(fx+e)^4+3(7a+6b)\cos(fx+e)^2+15b)\sin(fx+e)}{105f\cos(fx+e)^7}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/105*(8*(7*a + 6*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 4*(7*a + 6*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(7*
a + 6*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 15*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^7)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sec^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b \tan(fx + e)^7 + 21 (a + 3b) \tan(fx + e)^5 + 35 (2a + 3b) \tan(fx + e)^3 + 105 (a + b) \tan(fx + e)}{105 f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/105*(15*b*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 21*(a + 3*b)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 35*(2*a + 3*b)*
tan(f*x + e)^3 + 105*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b \tan^7(fx + e) + 21 a \tan^5(fx + e) + 63 b \tan^3(fx + e) + 70 a \tan(fx + e) + 105 b}{105 f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/105*(15*b*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 21*a*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 63*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 70*a*tan(f*x + e) + 105*b)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b \tan^7(e + fx)}{7} + \left(\frac{a}{5} + \frac{3b}{5}\right) \tan^5(e + fx) + \left(\frac{2a}{3} + b\right) \tan^3(e + fx) + (a + b) \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/cos(e + f*x)^6,x)`

output `(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a/5 + (3*b)/5) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^7)/7 + tan(e + f*x)^3*((2*a)/3 + b) + tan(e + f*x)*(a + b))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (56 \sin(fx + e)^6 a + 48 \sin(fx + e)^6 b - 196 \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 168 \sin(fx + e)^4 b + 245 \sin(fx + e)^2 a + 210 \sin(fx + e)^2 b - 105 a - 105 b)}{105 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^6 - 3 \sin(fx + e)^4 + 3 \sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sin(e + f*x)*(56*sin(e + f*x)**6*a + 48*sin(e + f*x)**6*b - 196*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 168*sin(e + f*x)**4*b + 245*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 210*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 105*a - 105*b))/(105*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**6 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```


3.159 $\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1424
Rubi [A] (verified)	1425
Maple [A] (verified)	1426
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
Sympy [F]	1428
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1428
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1428
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1429
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1429

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(5a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \sec^4(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{(5a + 4b) \tan^3(e + fx)}{15f}$$

output

$1/5*(5*a+4*b)*\tan(f*x+e)/f+1/5*b*\sec(f*x+e)^4*\tan(f*x+e)/f+1/15*(5*a+4*b)*\tan(f*x+e)^3/f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(\tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b(\tan(e + fx) + \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5} \tan^5(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(a*(Tan[e + f*x] + Tan[e + f*x]^3/3))/f + (b*(Tan[e + f*x] + (2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 + Tan[e + f*x]^5/5))/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4534, 3042, 4254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(a + b \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5a + 4b) \int \sec^4(e + fx) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^4(e + fx)}{5f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5a + 4b) \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^4(e + fx)}{5f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^4(e + fx)}{5f} - \frac{(5a + 4b) \int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) d(-\tan(e + fx))}{5f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^4(e + fx)}{5f} - \frac{(5a + 4b) \left(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(e + fx) - \tan(e + fx)\right)}{5f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output $(b \sec[e + f x]^4 \tan[e + f x]) / (5 f) - ((5 a + 4 b) (-\tan[e + f x] - \tan[e + f x]^{3/3})) / (5 f)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4254 $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{(n/2 - 1)}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c + d x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4534 $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)](b_.))^{(m_.)}(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^2(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \text{Cot}[e + f x] * ((b \text{Csc}[e + f x])^m / (f(m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(C m + A(m + 1)) / (m + 1) \text{ Int}[(b \text{Csc}[e + f x])^m, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[C m + A(m + 1), 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[m, -1]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\tan(fx+e)-b\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\tan(fx+e)-b\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}-\frac{b\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(50a+40b)\sin(3fx+3e)+(10a+8b)\sin(5fx+5e)+40\sin(fx+e)(a+2b)}{15f(\cos(5fx+5e)+5\cos(3fx+3e)+10\cos(fx+e))}$
risch	$\frac{4i(15ae^{6i(fx+e)}+35ae^{4i(fx+e)}+40be^{4i(fx+e)}+25ae^{2i(fx+e)}+20be^{2i(fx+e)}+5a+4b)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)}{f}-\frac{2(a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^9}{f}+\frac{8(2a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f}+\frac{8(2a+b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{3f}-\frac{4(25a+29b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{15f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^5}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f}\left(-a\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right)\tan(fx+e)-b\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right)\tan(fx+e)\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sec^4(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))dx$$

$$= \frac{(2(5a+4b)\cos(fx+e)^4+(5a+4b)\cos(fx+e)^2+3b)\sin(fx+e)}{15f\cos(fx+e)^5}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{15}\left(2(5a+4b)\cos(fx+e)^4+(5a+4b)\cos(fx+e)^2+3b\right)\sin(fx+e)/(f\cos(fx+e)^5)$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sec^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{3b \tan(fx + e)^5 + 5(a + 2b) \tan(fx + e)^3 + 15(a + b) \tan(fx + e)}{15f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(3*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 5*(a + 2*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{3b \tan(fx + e)^5 + 5a \tan(fx + e)^3 + 10b \tan(fx + e)^3 + 15a \tan(fx + e) + 15b \tan(fx + e)}{15f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/15*(3*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 5*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 10*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a
*tan(f*x + e) + 15*b*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b \tan(e + fx)^5}{5} + \left(\frac{a}{3} + \frac{2b}{3}\right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + (a + b) \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/cos(e + f*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a/3 + (2*b)/3) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^5)/5 + tan(e + f*x)*(a +
b))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (10 \sin(fx + e)^4 a + 8 \sin(fx + e)^4 b - 25 \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 20 \sin(fx + e)^2 b + 15a + 15b)}{15 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^4 - 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 + 1)}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sin(e + f*x)*(10*sin(e + f*x)**4*a + 8*sin(e + f*x)**4*b - 25*sin(e + f*x)
)**2*a - 20*sin(e + f*x)**2*b + 15*a + 15*b))/(15*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e +
f*x)**4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))
```

3.160 $\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1430
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1430
Rubi [A] (verified)	1431
Maple [A] (verified)	1432
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1433
Sympy [F]	1433
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1434
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1434
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1434
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1435

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(3a + 2b) \tan(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output `1/3*(3*a+2*b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b(\tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(a*Tan[e + f*x])/f + (b*(Tan[e + f*x] + Tan[e + f*x]^3/3))/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4534, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(a + b \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3a + 2b) \int \sec^2(e + fx) dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx)}{3f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}(3a + 2b) \int \csc\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx)}{3f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{(3a + 2b) \int 1 d(-\tan(e + fx))}{3f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{(3a + 2b) \tan(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx)}{3f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((3*a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m/(f*(m + 1))))], x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \tan(fx+e) - b \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	35
default	$\frac{a \tan(fx+e) - b \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	35
parts	$\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	37
parallelrisc	$\frac{(3a+2b) \sin(3fx+3e) + 3 \sin(fx+e)(a+2b)}{3f(\cos(3fx+3e) + 3 \cos(fx+e))}$	57
risc	$\frac{2i(3a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 6a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 6b e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3a + 2b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3}$	63
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2(a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{f} + \frac{4(3a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)^3}$	75

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*tan(f*x+e)-b*(-2/3-1/3*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{((3a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) \sin(fx + e)}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((3*a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sin(f*x + e)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sec^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\tan(fx + e))^3 + 3 \tan(fx + e))b + 3a \tan(fx + e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*((tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*tan(f*x + e))*b + 3*a*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3a \tan(fx + e) + 3b \tan(fx + e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a*tan(f*x + e) + 3*b*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^3}{3f} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `(b*tan(e + f*x)^3)/(3*f) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a + b))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (3 \sin(fx + e)^2 a + 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 b - 3a - 3b)}{3 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(sin(e + f*x)*(3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 3*a - 3*b))/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.161 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1436
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1436
Rubi [A] (verified)	1437
Maple [A] (verified)	1438
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1438
Sympy [F]	1439
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1440
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1440

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `a*x+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	16
parts	$ax + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	16
derivativedivides	$\frac{(fx+e)a+b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	21
parallelrisc	$\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)f} + ax$	24
risc	$ax + \frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$	25
norman	$\frac{ax \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - ax - \frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1}$	51

input `int(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{afx \cos(fx + e) + b \sin(fx + e)}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*f*x*cos(f*x + e) + b*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + b*tan(f*x + e)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + b*tan(f*x + e)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx) + a f x}{f}$$

input `int(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `(b*tan(e + f*x) + a*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\cos(fx + e) a f x + \sin(fx + e) b}{\cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `(cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x + sin(e + f*x)*b)/(cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.162 $\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1441
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1441
Rubi [A] (verified)	1442
Maple [A] (verified)	1443
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1445
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1445

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2}(a + 2b)x + \frac{a \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output `1/2*(a+2*b)*x+1/2*a*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = bx + \frac{a(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{a \sin(2(e + fx))}{4f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `b*x + (a*(e + f*x))/(2*f) + (a*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/(4*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3042, 4533, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4533}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(a + 2b) \int 1 dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x(a + 2b) + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b)*x)/2 + (a*Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4533

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] +
Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax}{2} + xb + \frac{a \sin(2fx+2e)}{4f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{a \sin(2fx+2e)+2(a+2b)xf}{4f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + b(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + b(fx+e)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{a}{2}-b\right)x + \left(-\frac{a}{2}-b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a}{2}+b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + \left(\frac{a}{2}+b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 - \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{f}}{\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a*x+x*b+1/4*a/f*sin(2*f*x+2*e)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + 2b)fx + a \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*((a + 2*b)*f*x + a*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= a \left(\begin{cases} \frac{x \sin^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{x \cos^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{\sin(e+fx) \cos(e+fx)}{2f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x \cos^2(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + bx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`output `a*Piecewise((x*sin(e + f*x)**2/2 + x*cos(e + f*x)**2/2 + sin(e + f*x)*cos(e + f*x)/(2*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*cos(e)**2, True)) + b*x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(fx + e)(a + 2b) + \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^2+1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*((f*x + e)*(a + 2*b) + a*tan(f*x + e)/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(fx + e)(a + 2b) + \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^2+1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*((f*x + e)*(a + 2*b) + a*\tan(f*x + e)/(\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\frac{a \sin(2e+2fx)}{4} + fx \left(\frac{a}{2} + b\right)}{f}$$

input $\text{int}(\cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/\cos(e + f*x)^2), x)$

output $((a*\sin(2*e + 2*f*x))/4 + f*x*(a/2 + b))/f$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) a + a fx + 2b fx}{2f}$$

input $\text{int}(\cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2), x)$

output $(\cos(e + f*x)*\sin(e + f*x)*a + a*f*x + 2*b*f*x)/(2*f)$

3.163 $\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1446
Rubi [A] (verified)	1447
Maple [A] (verified)	1448
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
Sympy [F]	1450
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1450
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{8}(3a + 4b)x + \frac{(3a + 4b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{a \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{4f}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a+4*b)*x+1/8*(3*a+4*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/4*a*cos(f*x+e)^3*
sin(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{4(3a + 4b)(e + fx) + 8(a + b) \sin(2(e + fx)) + a \sin(4(e + fx))}{32f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(4*(3*a + 4*b)*(e + f*x) + 8*(a + b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + a*SIN[4*(e + f*x)]
)/(32*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4533, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4533}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(3a + 4b) \int \cos^2(e + fx) dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(3a + 4b) \int \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(3a + 4b) \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(3a + 4b) \left(\frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]
```


output
$$\frac{(a \cos[e + f x]^3 \sin[e + f x]) / (4 f) + ((3 a + 4 b) (x/2 + (\cos[e + f x] \sin[e + f x]) / (2 f))) / 4}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24
$$\text{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3115
$$\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x] + d \cdot x)^n, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(-b) \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot (b \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$$

rule 4533
$$\text{Int}[(\csc[e + f \cdot x] + (f \cdot x) \cdot (b \cdot \csc[e + f \cdot x]))^{m \cdot (C + A)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[A \cdot \cot[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \csc[e + f \cdot x])^m / (f \cdot m), x] + \text{Simp}[(C \cdot m + A \cdot (m + 1)) / (b^2 \cdot m) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \csc[e + f \cdot x])^{m+2}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x \ \&\& \text{NeQ}[C \cdot m + A \cdot (m + 1), 0] \ \&\& \text{LeQ}[m, -1]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(8a+8b) \sin(2fx+2e)+a \sin(4fx+4e)+12x \left(a+\frac{4b}{3}\right) f}{32f}$
risc	$\frac{3ax}{8} + \frac{xb}{2} + \frac{a \sin(4fx+4e)}{32f} + \frac{a \sin(2fx+2e)}{4f} + \frac{\sin(2fx+2e)b}{4f}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(fx+e)}{2}}{4} \sin(fx+e) + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8} \right) + b \left(\frac{\cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(fx+e)}{2}}{4} \sin(fx+e) + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8} \right) + b \left(\frac{\cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{3a}{8}-\frac{b}{2}\right)x + \left(-\frac{9a}{8}-\frac{3b}{2}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{3a}{4}-b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + \left(\frac{3a}{4}+b\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^6 + \left(\frac{3a}{8}+\frac{b}{2}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)^8}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2}+\frac{e}{2}\right)\right)^8}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/32*((8*a+8*b)*sin(2*f*x+2*e)+a*sin(4*f*x+4*e)+12*x*(a+4/3*b)*f)/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^4(e+fx) (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a+4b)fx + (2a \cos(fx+e))^3 + (3a+4b) \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*((3*a+4*b)*f*x + (2*a*cos(f*x+e))^3 + (3*a+4*b)*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)/f`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cos^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{(fx + e)(3a + 4b) + \frac{(3a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (5a+4b)\tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^4 + 2\tan(fx+e)^2 + 1}}{8f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((f*x + e)*(3*a + 4*b) + ((3*a + 4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a + 4*b)*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{(fx + e)(3a + 4b) + \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b \tan(fx+e)^3 + 5a \tan(fx+e) + 4b \tan(fx+e)}{(\tan(fx+e)^2 + 1)^2}}{8f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*((f*x + e)*(3*a + 4*b) + (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*
a*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{3a}{8} + \frac{b}{2} \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{3a}{8} + \frac{b}{2} \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{5a}{8} + \frac{b}{2} \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^4 + 2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
x*((3*a)/8 + b/2) + (tan(e + f*x)^3*((3*a)/8 + b/2) + tan(e + f*x)*((5*a)/
8 + b/2))/(f*(2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4 + 1))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 a + 5 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) a + 4 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) b + 3afx + 4}{8f}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a + 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a + 4*c
os(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*b + 3*a*f*x + 4*b*f*x)/(8*f)
```

3.164 $\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1452
Rubi [A] (verified)	1453
Maple [A] (verified)	1455
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Sympy [F(-1)]	1456
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1456
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1457
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1457
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{16}(5a + 6b)x + \frac{(5a + 6b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{(5a + 6b) \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{24f} + \frac{a \cos^5(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{6f}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a+6*b)*x+1/16*(5*a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/24*(5*a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/6*a*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{60ae + 72be + 60afx + 72bf x + (45a + 48b) \sin(2(e + fx)) + (9a + 6b) \sin(4(e + fx)) + a \sin(6(e + fx))}{192f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output $(60*a*e + 72*b*e + 60*a*f*x + 72*b*f*x + (45*a + 48*b)*\text{Sin}[2*(e + f*x)] + (9*a + 6*b)*\text{Sin}[4*(e + f*x)] + a*\text{Sin}[6*(e + f*x)])/(192*f)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4533, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\csc(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(5a + 6b) \int \cos^4(e + fx) dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(5a + 6b) \int \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(5a + 6b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(e + fx) dx + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(5a + 6b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^5(e + fx)}{6f}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{1}{6}(5a + 6b) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos(e + fx)}{2f} \right) + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f} \right) + \\
 \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^5(e + fx)}{6f} \\
 \downarrow \text{24} \\
 \frac{1}{6}(5a + 6b) \left(\frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos^3(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sin(e + fx) \cos(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + \\
 \frac{a \sin(e + fx) \cos^5(e + fx)}{6f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(a*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x])/(6*f) + ((5*a + 6*b)*((Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*f) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*f))))/4)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.) + (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(45a+48b)\sin(2fx+2e)+(9a+6b)\sin(4fx+4e)+a\sin(6fx+6e)+60x\left(a+\frac{6b}{5}\right)f}{192f}$
risc	$\frac{5ax}{16} + \frac{3xb}{8} + \frac{a\sin(6fx+6e)}{192f} + \frac{3a\sin(4fx+4e)}{64f} + \frac{\sin(4fx+4e)b}{32f} + \frac{15a\sin(2fx+2e)}{64f} + \frac{\sin(2fx+2e)b}{4f}$
derivativedivides	$a\left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5\cos(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15\cos(fx+e)}{8}\right)\sin(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16}\right) + b\left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3\cos(fx+e)}{2}\right)\sin(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8}\right)$
default	$a\left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5\cos(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15\cos(fx+e)}{8}\right)\sin(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16}\right) + b\left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3\cos(fx+e)}{2}\right)\sin(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8}\right)$
norman	$\left(-\frac{5a}{16} - \frac{3b}{8}\right)x + \left(-\frac{45a}{16} - \frac{27b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 + \left(-\frac{25a}{16} - \frac{15b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{25a}{16} - \frac{15b}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{5a}{16} + \frac{3b}{8}\right)x$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/192*((45*a+48*b)*sin(2*f*x+2*e)+(9*a+6*b)*sin(4*f*x+4*e)+a*sin(6*f*x+6*e)+60*x*(a+6/5*b)*f)/f
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5a + 6b)fx + (8a \cos(fx + e)^5 + 2(5a + 6b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 3(5a + 6b) \cos(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}{48f}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
1/48*(3*(5*a + 6*b)*f*x + (8*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a + 6*b)*cos(f*x + e)
^3 + 3*(5*a + 6*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/f
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(fx + e)(5a + 6b) + \frac{3(5a+6b)\tan(fx+e)^5 + 8(5a+6b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(11a+10b)\tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^6 + 3\tan(fx+e)^4 + 3\tan(fx+e)^2 + 1}}{48f}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/48*(3*(f*x + e)*(5*a + 6*b) + (3*(5*a + 6*b)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 8*(5*a + 6
*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a + 10*b)*tan(f*x + e)))/(tan(f*x + e)^6 + 3*tan
(f*x + e)^4 + 3*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(fx + e)(5a + 6b) + \frac{15a \tan(fx+e)^5 + 18b \tan(fx+e)^5 + 40a \tan(fx+e)^3 + 48b \tan(fx+e)^3 + 33a \tan(fx+e) + 30b \tan(fx+e)}{(\tan(fx+e)^2 + 1)^3}}{48f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*(3*(f*x + e)*(5*a + 6*b) + (15*a*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 18*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 48*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 33*a*tan(f*x + e) + 30*b*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{5a}{16} + \frac{3b}{8} \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{5a}{16} + \frac{3b}{8} \right) \tan(e + fx)^5 + \left(\frac{5a}{6} + b \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{11a}{16} + \frac{5b}{8} \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^6 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^4 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `x*((5*a)/16 + (3*b)/8) + (tan(e + f*x)^5*((5*a)/16 + (3*b)/8) + tan(e + f*x)*((11*a)/16 + (5*b)/8) + tan(e + f*x)^3*((5*a)/6 + b))/(f*(3*tan(e + f*x)^2 + 3*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^6 + 1))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^5 a - 26 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 a - 12 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 b + 33 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) b + 15 a^2 f x + 18 a b f x + 18 b^2 f x}{48 f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a - 26*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a - 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*b + 33*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a + 30*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*b + 15*a*f*x + 18*b*f*x)/(48*f)`

3.165 $\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1459
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
Rubi [A] (verified)	1460
Maple [A] (verified)	1463
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1464
Sympy [F]	1464
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1464
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1465
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1466
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 153

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{128f} \\
 &+ \frac{(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{128f} \\
 &+ \frac{(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{192f} \\
 &+ \frac{b(16a + 7b) \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{48f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^7(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/128*(48*a^2+80*a*b+35*b^2)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/128*(48*a^2+80*a*b+35
*b^2)*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/192*(48*a^2+80*a*b+35*b^2)*sec(f*x+e)^3*ta
n(f*x+e)/f+1/48*b*(16*a+7*b)*sec(f*x+e)^5*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/8*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^
7*tan(f*x+e)/f

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} + \frac{5ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} \\ &+ \frac{35b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{128f} + \frac{3a^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} \\ &+ \frac{5ab \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{35b^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{128f} \\ &+ \frac{a^2 \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{5ab \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{12f} \\ &+ \frac{35b^2 \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{192f} + \frac{ab \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{3f} \\ &+ \frac{7b^2 \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{48f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^7(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(8*f) + (5*a*b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(8*f)
+ (35*b^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(128*f) + (3*a^2*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x]
)/(8*f) + (5*a*b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(8*f) + (35*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]*
Tan[e + f*x])/(128*f) + (a^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f) + (5*a*b*Sec
[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(12*f) + (35*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/
(192*f) + (a*b*Sec[e + f*x]^5*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*f) + (7*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^5*
Tan[e + f*x])/(48*f) + (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^7*Tan[e + f*x])/(8*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 315, 25, 298, 215, 215, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sec^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \sec(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^5} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
& \frac{\frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{8(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4} - \frac{1}{8} \int -\frac{(a+b)(8a+7b)-a(8a+5b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{(a+b)(8a+7b)-a(8a+5b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{8(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{b(10a+7b)\sin(e+fx)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{8(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} \right) + \frac{b(10a+7b)\sin(e+fx)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{8(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} \right) + \frac{b(10a+7b)\sin(e+fx)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{8(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx)) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} \right) + \frac{b(10a+7b)\sin(e+fx)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{8(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Sin[e + f*x]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(8*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^4) + ((b*(10*a + 7*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/(6*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(4*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/2 + Sin[e + f*x]/(2*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/6)/8)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right) + 2ab \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{6} - \frac{5 \sec(fx+e)^3}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right) + 2ab \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{6} - \frac{5 \sec(fx+e)^3}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^7}{8} - \frac{7 \sec(fx+e)^5}{48} - \frac{7 \sec(fx+e)^3}{24} - \frac{7 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-8064(a^2 + \frac{5}{3}ab + \frac{35}{48}b^2) \left(\frac{5}{8} + \frac{\cos(8fx+8e)}{56} + \frac{\cos(6fx+6e)}{7} + \frac{\cos(4fx+4e)}{2} + \cos(2fx+2e) \right) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 8064(a^2 + \frac{5}{3}ab + \frac{35}{48}b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{64f}$
norman	$\frac{(80a^2 + 176ab + 93b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{64f} + \frac{(80a^2 + 176ab + 93b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{15}}{64f} - \frac{(432a^2 + 1360ab - 1085b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{192f} - \frac{(432a^2 + 1360ab - 1085b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{192f}$
risch	$- \frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}(144a^2e^{14i(fx+e)} + 240abe^{14i(fx+e)} + 105b^2e^{14i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{12i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{12i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{12i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{10i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{10i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{10i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{8i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{8i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{6i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{6i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{4i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{4i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{2i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{2i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1104e^{0i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1840abe^{0i(fx+e)} + 805b^2e^{0i(fx+e)})}{192f}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-(-1/4*sec(f*x+e)^3-3/8*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))+2*a*b*(-(-1/6*sec(f*x+e)^5-5/24*sec(f*x+e)^3-5/16*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+5/16*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))+b^2*(-(-1/8*sec(f*x+e)^7-7/48*sec(f*x+e)^5-35/192*sec(f*x+e)^3-35/128*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+35/128*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^8 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^8 \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) + 2(3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 2(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(16ab + 7b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 48b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{(f \cos(fx + e))^8}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/768*(3*(48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*(3*(48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 2*(48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(16*a*b + 7*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 48*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^8)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sec(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 2(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(16ab + 7b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 48b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{f \cos(fx + e)^8}}{f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{768} \cdot (3 \cdot (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cdot \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3 \cdot (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cdot \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cdot \sin(fx + e)^7 - 11 \cdot (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cdot \sin(fx + e)^5 + (624a^2 + 1168ab + 511b^2) \cdot \sin(fx + e)^3 - 3 \cdot (80a^2 + 176ab + 93b^2) \cdot \sin(fx + e))) / (\sin(fx + e)^8 - 4 \cdot \sin(fx + e)^6 + 6 \cdot \sin(fx + e)^4 - 4 \cdot \sin(fx + e)^2 + 1) / f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - 3(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - \frac{2(144a^2 \sin^7(fx + e) + 240ab \sin^7(fx + e) + 105b^2 \sin^7(fx + e) - 528a^2 \sin^5(fx + e) - 880ab \sin^5(fx + e) - 385b^2 \sin^5(fx + e) + 624a^2 \sin^3(fx + e) + 1168ab \sin^3(fx + e) + 511b^2 \sin^3(fx + e) - 240a^2 \sin(fx + e) - 528ab \sin(fx + e) - 279b^2 \sin(fx + e))}{(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)^4}}{f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{768} \cdot (3 \cdot (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\sin(fx + e) + 1)) - 3 \cdot (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(\sin(fx + e) - 1)) - 2 \cdot (144a^2 \sin^7(fx + e) + 240ab \sin^7(fx + e) + 105b^2 \sin^7(fx + e) - 528a^2 \sin^5(fx + e) - 880ab \sin^5(fx + e) - 385b^2 \sin^5(fx + e) + 624a^2 \sin^3(fx + e) + 1168ab \sin^3(fx + e) + 511b^2 \sin^3(fx + e) - 240a^2 \sin(fx + e) - 528ab \sin(fx + e) - 279b^2 \sin(fx + e))) / (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)^4 / f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(-\frac{3a^2}{8} - \frac{5ab}{8} - \frac{35b^2}{128}\right) \sin(e + fx)^7 + \left(\frac{11a^2}{8} + \frac{55ab}{24} + \frac{385b^2}{384}\right) \sin(e + fx)^5 + \left(-\frac{13a^2}{8} - \frac{73ab}{24} - \frac{511b^2}{384}\right) \sin(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{13a^2}{8} + \frac{73ab}{24} + \frac{511b^2}{384}\right) \sin(e + fx)}{f (\sin(e + fx)^8 - 4 \sin(e + fx)^6 + 6 \sin(e + fx)^4 - 4 \sin(e + fx)^2 + 1)} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) \left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + \frac{5ab}{8} + \frac{35b^2}{128}\right)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/cos(e + f*x)^5,x)`output `(sin(e + f*x)*((11*a*b)/8 + (5*a^2)/8 + (93*b^2)/128) - sin(e + f*x)^7*((5*a*b)/8 + (3*a^2)/8 + (35*b^2)/128) + sin(e + f*x)^5*((55*a*b)/24 + (11*a^2)/8 + (385*b^2)/384) - sin(e + f*x)^3*((73*a*b)/24 + (13*a^2)/8 + (511*b^2)/384))/(f*(6*sin(e + f*x)^4 - 4*sin(e + f*x)^2 - 4*sin(e + f*x)^6 + sin(e + f*x)^8 + 1)) + (atanh(sin(e + f*x))*((5*a*b)/8 + (3*a^2)/8 + (35*b^2)/128))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 886, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 144*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2 - 240*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a*b - 105*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f
*x)**8*b**2 + 576*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 + 960*log
(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b + 420*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)
*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 - 864*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2
- 1440*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 630*log(tan((e + f
*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 576*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f
*x)**2*a**2 + 960*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 420*log(
tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 144*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)
*a**2 - 240*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a*b - 105*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*
b**2 + 144*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2 + 240*log(tan((e
+ f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a*b + 105*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e
+ f*x)**8*b**2 - 576*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - 960*
log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b - 420*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) +
1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 + 864*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a
**2 + 1440*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 630*log(tan((e
+ f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 576*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*a**2 - 960*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 420*l
og(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 144*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) +
1)*a**2 + 240*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b + 105*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)...
```

3.166 $\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1468
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1469
Rubi [A] (verified)	1470
Maple [A] (verified)	1472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Sympy [F]	1473
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1474
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1474
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1475
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1475

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{16f} + \frac{(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{b(12a + 5b) \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{24f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{6f}$$

output

```
1/16*(8*a^2+12*a*b+5*b^2)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/16*(8*a^2+12*a*b+5*b^2)*
sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/24*b*(12*a+5*b)*sec(f*x+e)^3*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/6*b^
2*sec(f*x+e)^5*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{3ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{4f} + \frac{5b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{16f} + \frac{a^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{3ab \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{5b^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{ab \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{5b^2 \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{24f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^5(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{6f}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`output `(a^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(2*f) + (3*a*b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(4*f) + (5*b^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(16*f) + (a^2*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f) + (3*a*b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f) + (5*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(16*f) + (a*b*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f) + (5*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(24*f) + (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^5*Tan[e + f*x])/(6*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 315, 25, 298, 215, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sec(e+fx)^3 (a+b\sec(e+fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 & \int \frac{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underline{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{(a+b)(6a+5b)-3a(2a+b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underline{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{(a+b)(6a+5b)-3a(2a+b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underline{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4}(8a^2+12ab+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{b(8a+5b)\sin(e+fx)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underline{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4}(8a^2+12ab+5b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{b(8a+5b)\sin(e+fx)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underline{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4} (8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx)) + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{b(8a+5b)\sin(e+fx)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} \right) + \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{6(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3}}{f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((b*Sin[e + f*x]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(6*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((b*(8*a + 5*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*(ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]]/2 + Sin[e + f*x]/(2*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/6)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`


```
rule 315 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S
imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))
*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -
1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e) \tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{2} \right) + 2ab \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e) \tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{2} \right) + 2ab \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(fx+e)}{8} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{8} \right)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e) \tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{2} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(- \left(- \frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{6} - \frac{5 \sec(fx+e)^3}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(fx+e)}{16} \right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))}{16} \right)}{f}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{-360 \left(\frac{\cos(6fx+6e)}{15} + \frac{2 \cos(4fx+4e)}{5} + \cos(2fx+2e) + \frac{2}{3} \right) (a^2 + \frac{3}{2}ab + \frac{5}{8}b^2) \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 360 \left(\frac{\cos(6fx+6e)}{15} + \frac{2 \cos(4fx+4e)}{5} + \cos(2fx+2e) + \frac{2}{3} \right)}{48}$
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{8a^2 + 4ab + 15b^2}{4f} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right)^5 + \left(\frac{8a^2 + 4ab + 15b^2}{4f} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right)^7 + \frac{(8a^2 + 20ab + 11b^2) \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)}{8f} + \frac{(8a^2 + 20ab + 11b^2) \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)}{8f}}{\left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) - 1 \right)^6}$
risch	$- \frac{ie^{i(fx+e)} (24 e^{10i(fx+e)} a^2 + 36 e^{10i(fx+e)} ab + 15b^2 e^{10i(fx+e)} + 72a^2 e^{8i(fx+e)} + 204 e^{8i(fx+e)} ab + 85 e^{8i(fx+e)} b^2 + 48)}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(1/2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))+2*a*b*(-(-1/4*sec(f*x+e)^3-3/8*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))+b^2*(-(-1/6*sec(f*x+e)^5-5/24*sec(f*x+e)^3-5/16*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+5/16*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2(3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(12ab + 5b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{f \cos(fx + e)^6}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/96*(3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*(3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(12*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^6)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sec(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \sin^2(fx + e) - 1)}{f}}{96f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/96*(3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*(3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(6*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(8*a^2 + 20*a*b + 11*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(sin(f*x + e)^6 - 3*sin(f*x + e)^4 + 3*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - 3(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - \frac{2(24a^2 \sin^2(fx + e) - 1)}{f}}{96f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/96*(3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - 3*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 2*(24*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^5 + 36*a*b*sin(f*x + e)^5 + 15*b^2*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 48*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 96*a*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 40*b^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 24*a^2*sin(f*x + e) + 60*a*b*sin(f*x + e) + 33*b^2*sin(f*x + e))/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) \left(\frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{3ab}{4} + \frac{5b^2}{16} \right)}{f} - \frac{\left(\frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{3ab}{4} + \frac{5b^2}{16} \right) \sin(e + fx)^5 + \left(-a^2 - 2ab - \frac{5b^2}{6} \right) \sin(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{5ab}{4} + \frac{11b^2}{16} \right) \sin(e + fx)}{f (\sin(e + fx)^6 - 3 \sin(e + fx)^4 + 3 \sin(e + fx)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x))^2/cos(e + f*x)^3,x)`output `(atanh(sin(e + f*x))*((3*a*b)/4 + a^2/2 + (5*b^2)/16))/f - (sin(e + f*x)*((5*a*b)/4 + a^2/2 + (11*b^2)/16) - sin(e + f*x)^3*(2*a*b + a^2 + (5*b^2)/6) + sin(e + f*x)^5*((3*a*b)/4 + a^2/2 + (5*b^2)/16))/(f*(3*sin(e + f*x)^2 - 3*sin(e + f*x)^4 + sin(e + f*x)^6 - 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 690, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - 36*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b - 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 + 72*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 108*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 72*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 108*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a**2 + 36*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a*b + 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**2 + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 + 36*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b + 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 - 72*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 108*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 72*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 108*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 45*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a**2 - 36*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b - 15*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b**2 - 24*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 36*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b - 15*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**2 + 48*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 96*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b + 40*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 24*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 - 60*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - 33*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(48*f*(sin(e + f*x)**6 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.167 $\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1477
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1478
Rubi [A] (verified)	1478
Maple [A] (verified)	1481
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1481
Sympy [F]	1482
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1482
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1483
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1483
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1484

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} + \frac{b(8a + 3b) \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4f}$$

output

```
1/8*(8*a^2+8*a*b+3*b^2)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/8*b*(8*a+3*b)*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/4*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \coth^{-1}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{8f} + \frac{ab \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{3b^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^3(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*ArcCoth[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (a*b*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (3*b^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(8*f) + (a*b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/f + (3*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(8*f) + (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 315, 25, 298, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} d \sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 & \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(a+b)(4a+3b)-a(4a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} d \sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(a+b)(4a+3b)-a(4a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{3b(2a+b) \sin(e+fx)}{2(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx)) + \frac{3b(2a+b) \sin(e+fx)}{2(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{4(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((b*Sin[e + f*x]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(4*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/2 + (3*b*(2*a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]))/(2*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/4/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 219 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 298 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})) * \text{x} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{c} * (2 * \text{p} + 3)) / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + \text{p}, 0])$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{c} * \text{b}) * \text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)} / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{c} * \text{b} * (2 * \text{p} + 3)) + \text{d} * (\text{a} * \text{d} * (2 * (\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4635 $\text{Int}[\text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * \text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/\text{f} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[\text{b} + \text{a} * (1 - \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{n}/2)}, \text{x}]^{\text{p}} / (1 - \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}^2)^{((\text{m} + \text{n} * \text{p} + 1)/2)}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sin}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}]/\text{ff}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))+2ab\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right)+b^2\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))+2ab\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)\tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2}\right)+b^2\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{b^2\left(-\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{4} - \frac{3\sec(fx+e)}{8}\right)\tan(fx+e) + \frac{3\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{8}\right)}{f} + \frac{ab}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-4\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4fx+4e)}{4}\right) + \cos(2fx+2e)}{f(\cos(4fx+4e)+4\cos(2fx+2e)+3)} \left((a^2+ab+\frac{3}{8}b^2) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) + 4\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4fx+4e)}{4}\right) + \cos(2fx+2e) \right) (a^2+ab+\frac{3}{8}b^2)$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{b(8a-3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{4f} - \frac{b(8a-3b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{4f} + \frac{b(8a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{4f} + \frac{b(8a+5b)\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{4f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)^4} - \frac{(8a^2+8ab+3b^2)\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{8f}$
risch	$\frac{ib e^{i(fx+e)}(8a e^{6i(fx+e)}+3b e^{6i(fx+e)}+8a e^{4i(fx+e)}+11b e^{4i(fx+e)}-8a e^{2i(fx+e)}-11b e^{2i(fx+e)}-8a-3b)}{4f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^4} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)}{4f}$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(a^2*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))+2*a*b*(1/2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)))+b^2*(-(1/4*sec(f*x+e)^3-3/8*sec(f*x+e))*tan(f*x+e)+3/8*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 \log(-\sin(fx + e))}{16f \cos(fx + e)^4}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (8*a^
2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*((8*a*b + 3*b
^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sec(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sec(e + f*x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2((8ab + 3b^2) \sin(fx + e))}{\sin(fx + e)^4}}{16f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/16*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b
^2)*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*((8*a*b + 3*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^3 - (8*a*b + 5
*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) - (8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - \frac{2(8ab \sin(fx + e))^3}{16f}}{16f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/16*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - (8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 2*(8*a*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 3*b^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 8*a*b*sin(f*x + e) - 5*b^2*sin(f*x + e))/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) \left(a^2 + ab + \frac{3b^2}{8} \right)}{f} + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{5b^2}{8} + ab \right) - \sin(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{3b^2}{8} + ab \right)}{f (\sin(e + fx)^4 - 2 \sin(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/cos(e + f*x),x)`output `(atanh(sin(e + f*x))*(a*b + a^2 + (3*b^2)/8))/f + (sin(e + f*x)*(a*b + (5*b^2)/8) - sin(e + f*x)^3*(a*b + (3*b^2)/8))/(f*(sin(e + f*x)^4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)^2 + 1))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output `(- 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a**2 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a*b - 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**2 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a**2 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b + 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b**2 - 8*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b - 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 + 8*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + 5*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(8*f*(sin(e + f*x)**4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))`

3.168 $\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1485
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1485
Rubi [A] (verified)	1486
Maple [A] (verified)	1487
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1488
Sympy [F]	1489
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1489
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1489
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1490
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1490

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b(4a + b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*b*(4*a+b)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+a^2*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/2*b^2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{2ab \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{a^2 \cos(fx) \sin(e)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \cos(e) \sin(fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(2*a*b*ArcCoth[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (b^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/(2*f) + (a^2*Cos[f*x]*Sin[e])/f + (a^2*Cos[e]*Sin[f*x])/f + (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 & \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} d \sin(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{300} \\
 & \int \left(a^2 + \frac{b(2a + b) - 2ab \sin^2(e + fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} \right) d \sin(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} b(4a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx)) + \frac{b^2 \sin(e + fx)}{2(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((b*(4*a + b)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x]])/2 + a^2*\text{Sin}[e + f*x] + (b^2*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/2)/(2*(1 - \text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2))}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{PolynomialDivide}[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^{-q}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}[p, -q]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4635
$$\text{Int}[\text{sec}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_))]^{m_}*((a_ + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_))]^{n_}))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{n/2}, x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m + n*p + 1)/2}, x], x, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sin(fx+e)a^2+2ab \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))+b^2 \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e) \tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{\sin(fx+e)a^2+2ab \ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))+b^2 \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e) \tan(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e)+\tan(fx+e))}{2} \right)}{f}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-4 \left(a + \frac{b}{4} \right) (1 + \cos(2fx+2e)) b \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 4 \left(a + \frac{b}{4} \right) (1 + \cos(2fx+2e)) b \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + 1 \right) + \sin(3fx+3e)a^2}{2f(1+\cos(2fx+2e))}$
risc	$-\frac{ia^2e^{i(fx+e)}}{2f} + \frac{ia^2e^{-i(fx+e)}}{2f} - \frac{ib^2(e^{3i(fx+e)}-e^{i(fx+e)})}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^2} - \frac{2 \ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)ab}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)b^2}{2f} + \frac{2 \ln(\dots)}{2f}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{(2a^2+b^2) \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)^7}{f} + \frac{(6a^2-b^2) \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)^3}{f} - \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)}{f} - \frac{(6a^2-b^2) \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)^5}{f}}{\left(1 + \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right)^3} - \frac{b(4a+b) \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right)}{2f}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(sin(f*x+e)*a^2+2*a*b*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))+b^2*(1/2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(sec(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(4ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - (4ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2(2a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2 \sin(fx + e)^2)}{4f \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/4*((4*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (4*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cos(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cos(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2 \sin(fx+e)}{\sin(fx+e)^2-1} - \log(\sin(fx+e)+1) + \log(\sin(fx+e)-1) \right) - 4ab(\log(\sin(fx+e)+1) - \log(\sin(fx+e)-1))}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b^2*(2*sin(f*x + e)/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) + log(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 4*a*b*(log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - log(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 4*a^2*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2 \sin(fx+e) + (4ab + b^2) \log(|\sin(fx+e)+1|) - (4ab + b^2) \log(|\sin(fx+e)-1|) - \frac{2b^2 \sin(fx+e)}{\sin(fx+e)^2-1}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{4}*(4*a^2*\sin(f*x + e) + (4*a*b + b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(f*x + e) + 1)) - (4*a*b + b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 2*b^2*\sin(f*x + e)/(\sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx) + \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx))(4a + b)}{2} - \frac{b^2 \sin(e + fx)}{2(\sin(e + fx)^2 - 1)}}{f}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/\cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)$$

output

$$(a^2*\sin(e + f*x) + (b*\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + f*x))*(4*a + b))/2 - (b^2*\sin(e + f*x)))/(2*(\sin(e + f*x)^2 - 1))/f$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) \sin(fx + e)^2 ab - \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 4 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}))}{f}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)$$

output

$$(-4*\log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*\sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - \log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*\sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 4*\log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a*b + \log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**2 + 4*\log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*\sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + \log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*\sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 4*\log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b - \log(\tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b**2 + 2*\sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 2*\sin(e + f*x)*a**2 - \sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(2*f*(\sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))$$

3.169 $\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1491
Rubi [A] (verified)	1492
Maple [A] (verified)	1493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1494
Sympy [F]	1494
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1495
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1495
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1496
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1496

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a(a + 2b) \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2 \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output `b^2*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/f+a*(a+2*b)*sin(f*x+e)/f-1/3*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^3/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{2ab \cos(fx) \sin(e)}{f} + \frac{2ab \cos(e) \sin(fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2 \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
(b^2*ArcCoth[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (2*a*b*Cos[f*x]*Sin[e])/f + (2*a*b*Cos[e]*Sin[f*x])/f + (a^2*Sin[e + f*x])/f - (a^2*Sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4635$$

$$\int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 300$$

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} - a^2 \sin^2(e + fx) + a(a + 2b) \right) d \sin(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}a^2 \sin^3(e + fx) + a(a + 2b) \sin(e + fx) + b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(b^2*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]] + a*(a + 2*b)*Sin[e + f*x] - (a^2*Sin[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p_, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos(fx+e))^2 \sin(fx+e)}{3} + 2 \sin(fx+e)ab + b^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))$
default	$\frac{a^2(2+\cos(fx+e))^2 \sin(fx+e)}{3} + 2 \sin(fx+e)ab + b^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e))$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-12 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)b^2 + 12 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right)b^2 + \sin(3fx+3e)a^2 + 9\left(a + \frac{8b}{3}\right) \sin(fx+e)a}{12f}$
risch	$-\frac{3ia^2e^{i(fx+e)}}{8f} - \frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}ab}{f} + \frac{3ia^2e^{-i(fx+e)}}{8f} + \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}ab}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+i)b^2}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)b^2}{f} +$
norman	$-\frac{4a(a-2b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{f} + \frac{4a(a-2b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^7}{f} - \frac{2a(a+2b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2a(a+2b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{11}}{f} + \frac{2a(7a+6b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{3f}$ $\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2\right)^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)^3$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $\frac{1}{f} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} a^2 (2 + \cos(fx+e))^2 \sin(fx+e) + 2 \sin(fx+e) a b + b^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e) + \tan(fx+e)) \right)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3b^2 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2a^2 + 6ab) \sin(fx + e)}{6f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{6} \cdot (3b^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) - 3b^2 \log(-\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 2(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2a^2 + 6ab) \sin(fx + e)) / f$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cos^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cos(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx + e) - 3b^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1) + 3b^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) - 1) - 6(a^2 + 2ab) \sin(fx + e)}{6f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(2*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*b^2*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 3*b^2*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1) - 6*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx + e) - 3b^2 \log(|\sin(fx + e) + 1|) + 3b^2 \log(|\sin(fx + e) - 1|) - 6a^2 \sin(fx + e) - 12ab \sin(fx + e)}{6f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(2*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*b^2*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1)) + 3*b^2*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1)) - 6*a^2*sin(f*x + e) - 12*a*b*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sin(e + fx) (a^2 - 2a(a + b)) + \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx)^3}{3} - b^2 \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `-(sin(e + f*x)*(a^2 - 2*a*(a + b)) + (a^2*sin(e + f*x)^3)/3 - b^2*atanh(sin(e + f*x)))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) - 1) b^2 + 3 \log(\tan(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}) + 1) b^2 - \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 + 3 \sin(fx + e) a^2 + 6 \sin(fx + e) a b}{3f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(- 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**2 + 3*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b**2 - sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 + 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b)/(3*f)`

3.170 $\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1497
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1497
Rubi [A] (verified)	1498
Maple [A] (verified)	1499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1500
Sympy [F(-1)]	1501
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1501
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1501
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1502
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1502

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(a + b)^2 \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2a(a + b) \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a^2 \sin^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output

```
(a+b)^2*sin(f*x+e)/f-2/3*a*(a+b)*sin(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \cos(fx) \sin(e)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \cos(e) \sin(fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2ab \sin(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{2ab \sin^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a^2 \sin^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output $(b^2 \cos[f*x] \sin[e])/f + (b^2 \cos[e] \sin[f*x])/f + (a^2 \sin[e + f*x])/f + (2*a*b \sin[e + f*x])/f - (2*a^2 \sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f) - (2*a*b \sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f) + (a^2 \sin[e + f*x]^5)/(5*f)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2}{\sec(e + fx)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\ & \frac{\int (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2 d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{210} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a^2 \sin^4(e + fx) - 2a^2 \left(\frac{b}{a} + 1 \right) \sin^2(e + fx) + a^2 \left(\frac{b(2a+b)}{a^2} + 1 \right) \right) d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{5} a^2 \sin^5(e + fx) - \frac{2}{3} a(a + b) \sin^3(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \sin(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output $((a + b)^2 \sin[e + f*x] - (2*a*(a + b)*\sin[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (a^2*\sin[e + f*x]^5)/5)/f$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 210 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[a + b \cdot x^2]^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4635 $\text{Int}[\sec[e + (f \cdot x)]^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\sin[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[b + a \cdot (1 - ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p / (1 - ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(m + n \cdot p + 1)/2}, x], x, \sin[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{8}{3} + \cos(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \cos(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \sin(fx+e)}{5} + \frac{2ab(2 + \cos(fx+e)^2) \sin(fx+e)}{3} + \sin(fx+e)b^2$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{8}{3} + \cos(fx+e)^4 + \frac{4 \cos(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \sin(fx+e)}{5} + \frac{2ab(2 + \cos(fx+e)^2) \sin(fx+e)}{3} + \sin(fx+e)b^2$
parallelrisc	$\frac{150 \sin(fx+e)a^2 + 360 \sin(fx+e)ab + 240 \sin(fx+e)b^2 + 3 \sin(5fx+5e)a^2 + 25 \sin(3fx+3e)a^2 + 40 \sin(3fx+3e)ab}{240f}$
risc	$\frac{5a^2 \sin(fx+e)}{8f} + \frac{3 \sin(fx+e)ab}{2f} + \frac{\sin(fx+e)b^2}{f} + \frac{a^2 \sin(5fx+5e)}{80f} + \frac{5a^2 \sin(3fx+3e)}{48f} + \frac{\sin(3fx+3e)ab}{6f}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{15}}{f} + \frac{2(5a^2+2ab-3b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f} - \frac{2(5a^2+2ab-3b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{3f}}{(1+\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2)^{15}}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(1/5*a^2*(8/3+cos(f*x+e)^4+4/3*cos(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)+2/3*a*b*(2+cos(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*b^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(2a^2 + 5ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8a^2 + 20ab + 15b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{15f}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(3*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(2*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a^2 + 20*a*b + 15*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)/f
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{3 a^2 \sin (fx + e)^5 - 10 (a^2 + ab) \sin (fx + e)^3 + 15 (a^2 + 2 ab + b^2) \sin (fx + e)}{15 f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/15*(3*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{3 a^2 \sin (fx + e)^5 - 10 a^2 \sin (fx + e)^3 - 10 ab \sin (fx + e)^3 + 15 a^2 \sin (fx + e) + 30 ab \sin (fx + e) + 15 b^2 \sin (fx + e)}{15 f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/15*(3*a^2*\sin(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a^2*\sin(f*x + e)^3 - 10*a*b*\sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*\sin(f*x + e) + 30*a*b*\sin(f*x + e) + 15*b^2*\sin(f*x + e))/f$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(e + fx) (a + b)^2 + \frac{a^2 \sin(e + fx)^5}{5} - \frac{2a \sin(e + fx)^3 (a + b)}{3}}{f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output $(\sin(e + f*x)*(a + b)^2 + (a^2*\sin(e + f*x)^5)/5 - (2*a*\sin(e + f*x)^3*(a + b))/3)/f$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (3 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - 10 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 10 \sin(fx + e)^2 ab + 15a^2 + 30ab + 15b^2)}{15f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output $(\sin(e + f*x)*(3*\sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 10*\sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 10*\sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 15*a**2 + 30*a*b + 15*b**2))/(15*f)$

3.171 $\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1503
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1504
Rubi [A] (verified)	1504
Maple [A] (verified)	1506
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1506
Sympy [F]	1507
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1507
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1508
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1509

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2(a + b)(a + 2b) \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{2b(a + 2b) \tan^7(e + fx)}{7f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^9(e + fx)}{9f}$$

output

```
(a+b)^2*tan(f*x+e)/f+2/3*(a+b)*(a+2*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*(a^2+6*a*b+6*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5/f+2/7*b*(a+2*b)*tan(f*x+e)^7/f+1/9*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^9/f
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{315(a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx) + 210(a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \tan^3(e + fx) + 63(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) \tan^5(e + fx) + 90b(a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \tan^7(e + fx) + 15b^3 \tan^9(e + fx)}{315f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(315*(a + b)^2*Tan[e + f*x] + 210*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^3 + 63*(a^2 + 6*a*b + 6*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^5 + 90*b*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x]^7 + 15*b^3*Tan[e + f*x]^9)/(315*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\int \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2 d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 290$$

$$\int \frac{(b^2 \tan^8(e + fx) + 2b(a + 2b) \tan^6(e + fx) + (a^2 + 6ba + 6b^2) \tan^4(e + fx) + 2(a + b)(a + 2b) \tan^2(e + fx) + (a + b)^2)}{f} dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}(a^2 + 6ab + 6b^2) \tan^5(e + fx) + \frac{2}{7}b(a + 2b) \tan^7(e + fx) + \frac{2}{3}(a + b)(a + 2b) \tan^3(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((a + b)^2*Tan[e + f*x] + (2*(a + b)*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 + ((a^2 + 6*a*b + 6*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/5 + (2*b*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x]^7)/7 + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^9)/9)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 290 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15} \right) \tan(fx+e) - 2ab \left(-\frac{16}{35} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7} - \frac{6 \sec(fx+e)^4}{35} - \frac{8 \sec(fx+e)^2}{35} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{-a^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15} \right) \tan(fx+e) - 2ab \left(-\frac{16}{35} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7} - \frac{6 \sec(fx+e)^4}{35} - \frac{8 \sec(fx+e)^2}{35} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{128}{315} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^8}{9} - \frac{8 \sec(fx+e)^6}{63} - \frac{16 \sec(fx+e)^4}{105} - \frac{64 \sec(fx+e)^2}{315} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{(10752a^2 + 24192ab + 10752b^2) \sin(3fx+3e) + (6048a^2 + 10368ab + 4608b^2) \sin(5fx+5e) + (1512a^2 + 2592ab + 1152b^2) \sin(7fx+7e) + (252a^2 + 432ab + 252b^2) \sin(9fx+9e)}{315f(\cos(9fx+9e) + 9\cos(7fx+7e) + 36\cos(5fx+5e) + 84\cos(3fx+3e))}$
risc	$\frac{16i(210e^{12i(fx+e)}a^2 + 945e^{10i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1260e^{10i(fx+e)}ab + 1701a^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 3276e^{8i(fx+e)}ab + 2016e^{8i(fx+e)}b^2 + 1701a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 3276e^{6i(fx+e)}ab + 2016e^{6i(fx+e)}b^2 + 1260e^{6i(fx+e)}ab + 1701a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 3276e^{4i(fx+e)}ab + 2016e^{4i(fx+e)}b^2 + 945e^{4i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1260e^{4i(fx+e)}ab + 1701a^2e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3276e^{2i(fx+e)}ab + 2016e^{2i(fx+e)}b^2 + 945e^{2i(fx+e)}a^2 + 1260e^{2i(fx+e)}ab + 1701a^2e^{0i(fx+e)} + 3276e^{0i(fx+e)}ab + 2016e^{0i(fx+e)}b^2 + 945e^{0i(fx+e)}a^2)}{315f}$

```
input int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-a^2*(-8/15-1/5*sec(f*x+e)^4-4/15*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)-2*a*b*(-16/35-1/7*sec(f*x+e)^6-6/35*sec(f*x+e)^4-8/35*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)-b^2*(-128/315-1/9*sec(f*x+e)^8-8/63*sec(f*x+e)^6-16/105*sec(f*x+e)^4-64/315*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(8(21a^2 + 36ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^8 + 4(21a^2 + 36ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 3(21a^2 + 36ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 4(21a^2 + 36ab + 16b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3(21a^2 + 36ab + 16b^2))}{315f \cos(fx + e)^9}$$

```
input integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/315*(8*(21*a^2 + 36*a*b + 16*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 4*(21*a^2 + 36*a*b +
16*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 3*(21*a^2 + 36*a*b + 16*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 10*
(9*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 35*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^9)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sec(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{35 b^2 \tan^9(fx + e) + 90 (ab + 2 b^2) \tan^7(fx + e) + 63 (a^2 + 6 ab + 6 b^2) \tan^5(fx + e) + 210 (a^2 + 3 ab + 3 b^2) \tan^3(fx + e) + 35 b^2 \tan(fx + e)}{315 f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/315*(35*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 90*(a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 63*(a^2 +
6*a*b + 6*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 210*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3
+ 315*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{35 b^2 \tan^9(fx + e) + 90 ab \tan^7(fx + e) + 180 b^2 \tan^7(fx + e) + 63 a^2 \tan^5(fx + e) + 378 ab \tan^5(fx + e) + 210 a^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 630 ab \tan^3(fx + e) + 420 b^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 315 a^2 \tan(fx + e) + 630 ab \tan(fx + e) + 315 b^2 \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/315*(35*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 90*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 180*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 63*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 378*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 378*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 210*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 630*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 420*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 315*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 630*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 315*b^2*tan(f*x + e)) /f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b)^2 + \frac{b^2 \tan^9(e + fx)}{9} + \tan^3(e + fx) \left(\frac{2a^2}{3} + 2ab + \frac{4b^2}{3} \right) + \tan^5(e + fx) \left(\frac{a^2}{5} + \frac{6ab}{5} + \frac{6b^2}{5} \right)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/cos(e + f*x)^6,x)`output `(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b)^2 + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^9)/9 + tan(e + f*x)^3*(2*a*b + (2*a^2)/3 + (4*b^2)/3) + tan(e + f*x)^5*((6*a*b)/5 + a^2/5 + (6*b^2)/5) + (2*b*tan(e + f*x)^7*(a + 2*b))/7)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (168 \sin(fx + e)^8 a^2 + 288 \sin(fx + e)^8 ab + 128 \sin(fx + e)^8 b^2 - 756 \sin(fx + e)^6 a^2 - 1296 \sin(fx + e)^6 ab - 576 \sin(fx + e)^6 b^2 + 1323 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^3 + 2268 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 b + 1008 \sin(fx + e)^4 a b^2 - 1050 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^3 - 1890 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 b - 840 \sin(fx + e)^2 a b^2 + 315 a^3 + 630 a^2 b + 315 a b^2)}{(315 \cos(e + fx) f (\sin(e + fx)^8 - 4 \sin(e + fx)^6 + 6 \sin(e + fx)^4 - 4 \sin(e + fx)^2 + 1))}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(sin(e + f*x)*(168*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2 + 288*sin(e + f*x)**8*a*b + 128*sin(e + f*x)**8*b**2 - 756*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 - 1296*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b - 576*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 + 1323*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 2268*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 1008*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 1050*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 1890*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 840*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 315*a**3 + 630*a*b + 315*b**2))/(315*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**8 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**6 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**4 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))
```

3.172 $\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1510
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1510
Rubi [A] (verified)	1511
Maple [A] (verified)	1512
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1513
Sympy [F]	1513
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1515
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1515

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{(a + b)(a + 3b) \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b(2a + 3b) \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^7(e + fx)}{7f}$$

output

```
(a+b)^2*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*(a+b)*(a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*b*(2*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)^5/f+1/7*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^7/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{105(a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx) + 35(a^2 + 4ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(e + fx) + 21b(2a + 3b) \tan^5(e + fx) + 15b^2 \tan^7(e + fx)}{105f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(105*(a + b)^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x] + 35*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^3 + 21*b*(2*a + 3*b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^5 + 15*b^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^7)/(105*f)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\frac{\int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2 d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 290$$

$$\frac{\int (b^2 \tan^6(e + fx) + b(2a + 3b) \tan^4(e + fx) + (a + b)(a + 3b) \tan^2(e + fx) + (a + b)^2) d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}b(2a + 3b) \tan^5(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3}(a + b)(a + 3b) \tan^3(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{7}b^2 \tan^7(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$((a + b)^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x] + ((a + b)*(a + 3*b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (b*(2*a + 3*b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^5)/5 + (b^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^7)/7)/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 290 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := I
nt[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-a^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e) - 2ab \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15} \right) \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{16}{35} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7} - \frac{6 \sec(fx+e)^4}{35} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{-a^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e) - 2ab \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15} \right) \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{16}{35} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7} - \frac{6 \sec(fx+e)^4}{35} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{16}{35} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{7} - \frac{6 \sec(fx+e)^4}{35} - \frac{8 \sec(fx+e)^2}{35} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{2ab \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(1050a^2 + 2352ab + 1008b^2) \sin(3fx+3e) + (490a^2 + 784ab + 336b^2) \sin(5fx+5e) + (70a^2 + 112ab + 48b^2) \sin(7fx+7e) + 6a^2 \sin(9fx+9e)}{105f(\cos(7fx+7e) + 7\cos(5fx+5e) + 21\cos(3fx+3e) + 35\cos(fx+e))}$
risch	$\frac{4i(105e^{10i(fx+e)}a^2 + 455a^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 560e^{8i(fx+e)}ab + 770a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 1400abe^{6i(fx+e)} + 840b^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 630a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 420abe^{4i(fx+e)} + 105b^2e^{4i(fx+e)})}{105f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{13}}{f} + \frac{4(7a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f} + \frac{4(7a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{3f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) \right)^2}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-a^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)-2*a*b*(-8/15-1/5*sec(f*x+e)^4-4/15*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)-b^2*(-16/35-1/7*sec(f*x+e)^6-6/35*sec(f*x+e)^4-8/35*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2(35a^2 + 56ab + 24b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 + (35a^2 + 56ab + 24b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 6(7ab + 3b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 15b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{105 f \cos(fx + e)^7}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(2*(35*a^2 + 56*a*b + 24*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (35*a^2 + 56*a*b + 24*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 6*(7*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 15*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^7)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sec(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^2 \tan^7(fx + e) + 21 (2 ab + 3 b^2) \tan^5(fx + e) + 35 (a^2 + 4 ab + 3 b^2) \tan^3(fx + e) + 105 (a^2 + 2 ab)}{105 f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/105*(15*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 21*(2*a*b + 3*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 35*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 105*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^2 \tan^7(fx + e) + 42 ab \tan^5(fx + e) + 63 b^2 \tan^5(fx + e) + 35 a^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 140 ab \tan^3(fx + e) + 105 a^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 210 a b \tan^3(fx + e) + 105 b^2 \tan^3(fx + e)}{105 f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/105*(15*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 42*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 63*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 35*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 140*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 105*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 105*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 210*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 105*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b)^2 + \tan(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{a^2}{3} + \frac{4ab}{3} + b^2 \right) + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^7}{7} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^5 (2a + 3b)}{5}}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/cos(e + f*x)^4,x)`output `(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^3*((4*a*b)/3 + a^2/3 + b^2) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^7)/7 + (b*tan(e + f*x)^5*(2*a + 3*b))/5)/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (70 \sin(fx + e)^6 a^2 + 112 \sin(fx + e)^6 ab + 48 \sin(fx + e)^6 b^2 - 245 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - 392 \sin(fx + e)^4 ab - 168 \sin(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 280 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 490 \sin(fx + e)^2 ab + 210 \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 - 105 a^2 - 210 ab - 105 b^2)}{105 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin^2(fx + e) - 1)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(sin(e + f*x)*(70*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2 + 112*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b + 48*sin(e + f*x)**6*b**2 - 245*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 392*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 168*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 280*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 490*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 210*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 105*a**2 - 210*a*b - 105*b**2))/(105*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**6 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.173 $\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1516
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1516
Rubi [A] (verified)	1517
Maple [A] (verified)	1518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1519
Sympy [F]	1519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1520
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1521
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2b(a + b) \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output

```
(a+b)^2*tan(f*x+e)/f+2/3*b*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{15(a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx) + 10b(a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) + 3b^2 \tan^5(e + fx)}{15f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(15*(a + b)^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x] + 10*b*(a + b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^3 + 3*b^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^5)/(15*f)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{f} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{210} \\ & \int \frac{\left(b^2 \tan^4(e + fx) + 2ab \left(\frac{b}{a} + 1 \right) \tan^2(e + fx) + a^2 \left(\frac{b(2a+b)}{a^2} + 1 \right) \right)}{f} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{2}{3}b(a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5}b^2 \tan^5(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$((a + b)^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x] + (2*b*(a + b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (b^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^5)/5)/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 210 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[a + b \cdot x^2]^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ SumQ[u]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4634 $\text{Int}[\sec[e + f \cdot x]^m \cdot (a + b \cdot \sec[e + f \cdot x]^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/ff \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e) - 2ab \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right) \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e) - 2ab \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right) \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{8}{15} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{5} - \frac{4 \sec(fx+e)^2}{15}\right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{2ab \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}\right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{(45a^2 + 100ab + 40b^2) \sin(3fx+3e) + (15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \sin(5fx+5e) + 30 \sin(fx+e) \left(a^2 + \frac{8}{3}ab + \frac{8}{3}b^2\right)}{15f(\cos(5fx+5e) + 5 \cos(3fx+3e) + 10 \cos(fx+e))}$
risc	$\frac{2i(15a^2 e^{8i(fx+e)} + 60a^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 60ab e^{6i(fx+e)} + 90a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 140ab e^{4i(fx+e)} + 80b^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 60a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 60ab e^{2i(fx+e)} + 60b^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 15)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{2(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^9}{f} + \frac{8(3a^2 + 4ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3}{3f} + \frac{8(3a^2 + 4ab + b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{3f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)^5}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{f}*(a^2*\tan(f*x+e)-2*a*b*(-2/3-1/3*\sec(f*x+e)^2)*\tan(f*x+e)-b^2*(-8/15-1/5*\sec(f*x+e)^4-4/15*\sec(f*x+e)^2)*\tan(f*x+e))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(5ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{15f \cos(fx + e)^5}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{15}*((15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(5*a*b + 2*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b^2)*\sin(f*x + e)/(f*\cos(f*x + e)^5)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{10 (\tan (fx + e)^3 + 3 \tan (fx + e)) ab + (3 \tan (fx + e)^5 + 10 \tan (fx + e)^3 + 15 \tan (fx + e)) b^2 + 15 a^2 \tan (fx + e)}{15 f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(10*(tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*tan(f*x + e))*a*b + (3*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 10*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*tan(f*x + e))*b^2 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 b^2 \tan (fx + e)^5 + 10 ab \tan (fx + e)^3 + 10 b^2 \tan (fx + e)^3 + 15 a^2 \tan (fx + e) + 30 ab \tan (fx + e) + 15 a^2 \tan (fx + e)}{15 f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*(3*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 10*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 10*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 30*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 15*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b)^2 + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^5}{5} + \frac{2b \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b)}{3}}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`output `(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b)^2 + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^5)/5 + (2*b*tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b))/3)/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(fx + e) (15 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 + 20 \sin(fx + e)^4 ab + 8 \sin(fx + e)^4 b^2 - 30 \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 50 \sin(fx + e)^2 ab - 20 \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 15 a^2 + 30 ab + 15 b^2)}{15 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^4 - 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(sin(e + f*x)*(15*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 20*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b + 8*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 30*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 50*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 20*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 15*a**2 + 30*a*b + 15*b**2))/(15*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))`

3.174 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1522
Rubi [A] (verified)	1523
Maple [A] (verified)	1524
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1525
Sympy [F]	1525
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1526
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1526
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1526
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1527

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
a^2*x+b*(2*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2fx + 3b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx) + b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^2*f*x + 3*b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{300} \\
 \int \left(\frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} + b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4616 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
parts	$a^2x - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(\frac{fx+e}{3})^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(fx+e)+2ab \tan(fx+e)-b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(\frac{fx+e}{3})^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2(fx+e)+2ab \tan(fx+e)-b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec(\frac{fx+e}{3})^2}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$a^2x + \frac{4ib(3ae^{4i(fx+e)}+6ae^{2i(fx+e)}+3be^{2i(fx+e)}+3a+b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 - a^2x + 3a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 3a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 - \frac{2b(2a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2b(2a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{f} + \frac{4b(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1)^3}{f}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 a^2 f + (-12ab - 6b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5 - 9x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 a^2 f + (24ab + 4b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3 + 9x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{3f \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1 \right)^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1 \right)^3}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*x-b^2/f*(-2/3-1/3*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)+2*a*b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2fx \cos(fx + e)^3 + (2(3ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (2*(3*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{(\tan(fx+e))^3 + 3 \tan(fx+e))b^2}{3f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*x + 1/3*(tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*tan(f*x + e))*b^2/f + 2*a*b*tan(f*x + e)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(fx+e)a^2 + 6ab \tan(fx+e) + 3b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(f*x + e)*a^2 + 6*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 3*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{\frac{b^2 \tan(e+fx)^3}{3} - \tan(e+fx)(b^2 - 2b(a+b)) + a^2 fx}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `((b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/3 - tan(e + f*x)*(b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)) + a^2*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 fx - 3 \cos(fx + e) a^2 fx + 6 \sin(fx + e)^3 ab + 2 \sin(fx + e)^3 b^2 - 6 \sin(fx + e) b^2}{3 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 6*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b + 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - 3*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.175 $\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1528
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1528
Rubi [A] (verified)	1529
Maple [A] (verified)	1530
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1531
Sympy [F]	1531
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1532
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1532
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1533
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1533

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}a(a + 4b)x + \frac{a^2 \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
1/2*a*(a+4*b)*x+1/2*a^2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+b^2*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = 2abx + \frac{a^2(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2(e + fx))}{4f} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$2*a*b*x + (a^2*(e + f*x))/(2*f) + (a^2*\text{Sin}[2*(e + f*x)])/(4*f) + (b^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/f$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 300$$

$$\int \left(b^2 + \frac{2ab \tan^2(e + fx) + a(a + 2b)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} \right) d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^2 \tan(e + fx)}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} + \frac{1}{2}a(a + 4b) \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$((a*(a + 4*b)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x]])/2 + b^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x] + (a^2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(2*(1 + \text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)))/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
paralelrisch	$\frac{a^2 \sin(2fx+2e)+4b^2 \tan(fx+e)+2fxa(a+4b)}{4f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + 2ab(fx+e) + b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + 2ab(fx+e) + b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{a^2 x}{2} + 2axb - \frac{ia^2 e^{2i(fx+e)}}{8f} + \frac{ia^2 e^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8f} + \frac{2ib^2}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{1}{2}a^2-2ab)x + (-\frac{1}{2}a^2-2ab)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8 + (\frac{1}{2}a^2+2ab)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + (\frac{1}{2}a^2+2ab)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{10} + (-a^2-4ab)}{\dots}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $1/4*(a^2*\sin(2*f*x+2*e)+4*b^2*\tan(f*x+e)+2*f*x*a*(a+4*b))/f$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2 + 4ab)fx \cos(fx + e) + (a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{2f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*((a^2 + 4*a*b)*f*x*\cos(f*x + e) + (a^2*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*\sin(f*x + e))/(f*\cos(f*x + e))$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cos^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cos(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 \tan(fx + e) + (a^2 + 4ab)(fx + e) + \frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^2+1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + (a^2 + 4*a*b)*(f*x + e) + a^2*tan(f*x + e)/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 \tan(fx + e) + (a^2 + 4ab)(fx + e) + \frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e)}{\tan(fx+e)^2+1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + (a^2 + 4*a*b)*(f*x + e) + a^2*tan(f*x + e)/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \sin(2e + 2fx)}{4f} + \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \tan(e + fx)(a + 4b)}{2\left(\frac{a^2}{2} + 2ba\right)}\right) (a + 4b)}{2f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `(b^2*tan(e + f*x))/f + (a^2*sin(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) + (a*atan((a*tan(e + f*x)*(a + 4*b))/(2*(2*a*b + a^2/2)))*(a + 4*b))/(2*f)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\cos(fx + e) a^2 e + \cos(fx + e) a^2 fx + 4 \cos(fx + e) a b e + 4 \cos(fx + e) a b f x - \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 + \sin(fx + e) b^2}{2 \cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(cos(e + f*x)*a**2*e + cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b*e + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b*f*x - sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + sin(e + f*x)*a**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(2*cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.176 $\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1534
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1534
Rubi [A] (verified)	1535
Maple [A] (verified)	1537
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Sympy [F]	1538
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1538
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1538
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1539
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1539

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}(3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) x + \frac{a(3a + 8b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{8f} + \frac{a^2 \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{4f}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*x+1/8*a*(3*a+8*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/4*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{4(3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) (e + fx) + 8a(a + 2b) \sin(2(e + fx)) + a^2 \sin(4(e + fx))}{32f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$(4*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*(e + f*x) + 8*a*(a + 2*b)*\text{Sin}[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*\text{Sin}[4*(e + f*x)])/(32*f)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 315, 298, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{b(a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx) + (a+b)(3a+4b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 298$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{3a(a+2b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + \frac{3a(a+2b) \tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/2 + (3*a*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
parallelsch	$\frac{8a(a+2b)\sin(2fx+2e)+a^2\sin(4fx+4e)+12x(a^2+\frac{8}{3}ab+\frac{8}{3}b^2)f}{32f}$
risch	$\frac{3a^2x}{8} + axb + xb^2 + \frac{a^2\sin(4fx+4e)}{32f} + \frac{\sin(2fx+2e)a^2}{4f} + \frac{\sin(2fx+2e)ab}{2f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3\cos(fx+e)}{2}\sin(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8}\right) + 2ab\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + b^2(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3\cos(fx+e)}{2}\sin(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} + \frac{3e}{8}\right) + 2ab\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + b^2(fx+e)}{f}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{8}a^2-ab-b^2)x + (-\frac{9}{8}a^2-3ab-3b^2)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^8 + (-\frac{9}{8}a^2-3ab-3b^2)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{10} + (-\frac{3}{8}a^2-ab-b^2)x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^{12}}{f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/32*(8*a*(a+2*b)*sin(2*f*x+2*e)+a^2*sin(4*f*x+4*e)+12*x*(a^2+8/3*a*b+8/3*b^2)*f)/f`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^4(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2+8ab+8b^2)fx + (2a^2\cos(fx+e)^3 + (3a^2+8ab)\cos(fx+e))\sin(fx+e)}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*((3*a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*f*x+(2*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^3+(3*a^2+8*a*b)*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e))/f`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cos^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cos(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2)(fx + e) + \frac{(3a^2 + 8ab) \tan(fx + e)^3 + (5a^2 + 8ab) \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^4 + 2 \tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) + ((3*a^2 + 8*a*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2 + 8*a*b)*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2)(fx + e) + \frac{3a^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 8ab \tan(fx + e)^3 + 5a^2 \tan(fx + e) + 8ab \tan(fx + e)}{(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1)^2}}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) + (3*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 8*a*b*tan
(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 8*a*b*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1
)^2)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + ab + b^2 \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{3a^2}{8} + ba \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{5a^2}{8} + ba \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^4 + 2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
x*(a*b + (3*a^2)/8 + b^2) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a*b + (5*a^2)/8) + tan(e + f*x)
^3*(a*b + (3*a^2)/8))/(f*(2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4 + 1))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 + 5 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) a^2 + 8 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) ab + 3a^2 fx}{8f}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2
+ 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + 3*a**2*f*x + 8*a*b*f*x + 8*b**2*f*x)/
(8*f)
```

3.177 $\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1540
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1541
Rubi [A] (verified)	1541
Maple [A] (verified)	1543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1544
Sympy [F(-1)]	1544
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1545
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1545
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1546
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1546

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{16} (5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) x + \frac{(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{16f} + \frac{a(5a + 12b) \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{24f} + \frac{a^2 \cos^5(e + fx) \sin(e + fx)}{6f}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^2+12*a*b+8*b^2)*x+1/16*(5*a^2+12*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/24*a*(5*a+12*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/f+1/6*a^2*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{60a^2e + 144abe + 96b^2e + 60a^2fx + 144abfx + 96b^2fx + (45a^2 + 96ab + 48b^2) \sin(2(e + fx)) + 3a(3a + b) \sin(4(e + fx)) + a^2 \sin(6(e + fx))}{192f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(60*a^2*e + 144*a*b*e + 96*b^2*e + 60*a^2*f*x + 144*a*b*f*x + 96*b^2*f*x +
(45*a^2 + 96*a*b + 48*b^2)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + 3*a*(3*a + 4*b)*Sin[4*(e +
f*x)] + a^2*Ssin[6*(e + f*x)])/(192*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 315, 298, 215, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^4} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 315$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3b(a+2b) \tan^2(e+fx) + (a+b)(5a+6b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 298

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4}(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{a(5a+8b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 215

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4}(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a(5a+8b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{4}(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{a(5a+8b) \tan(e+fx)}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(6*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((a*(5*a + 8*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]/2 + Tan[e + f*x]/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/4)/6)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1) / (2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 298 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])
```

```
rule 315 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(45a^2+96ab+48b^2) \sin(2fx+2e)+(9a^2+12ab) \sin(4fx+4e)+a^2 \sin(6fx+6e)+60xf(a^2+\frac{12}{5}ab+\frac{8}{5}b^2)}{192f}$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(fx+e)}{8} \right) \sin(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(fx+e)}{2} \right) \sin(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(fx+e)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(fx+e)}{8} \right) \sin(fx+e)}{6} + \frac{5fx}{16} + \frac{5e}{16} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(fx+e)}{2} \right) \sin(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{3fx}{8} \right)$
risch	$\frac{5a^2x}{16} + \frac{3axb}{4} + \frac{xb^2}{2} + \frac{a^2 \sin(6fx+6e)}{192f} + \frac{3a^2 \sin(4fx+4e)}{64f} + \frac{\sin(4fx+4e)ab}{16f} + \frac{15 \sin(2fx+2e)a^2}{64f} + \frac{\sin(2fx+2e)ab}{16f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/192*((45*a^2+96*a*b+48*b^2)*sin(2*f*x+2*e)+(9*a^2+12*a*b)*sin(4*f*x+4*e)+a^2*sin(6*f*x+6*e)+60*x*f*(a^2+12/5*a*b+8/5*b^2))/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)fx + (8a^2 \cos^5(fx + e) + 2(5a^2 + 12ab) \cos^3(fx + e) + 3(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}{48f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/48*(3*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x + (8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/f`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)(fx + e) + \frac{3(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \tan(fx + e)^5 + 8(5a^2 + 12ab + 6b^2) \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3(11a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \tan(fx + e)}{\tan(fx + e)^6 + 3 \tan(fx + e)^4 + 3 \tan(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{48f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/48*(3*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) + (3*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*t
an(f*x + e)^5 + 8*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 6*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a^2 + 20
*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^6 + 3*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 3*tan(f*x
+ e)^2 + 1))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2)(fx + e) + \frac{15a^2 \tan(fx + e)^5 + 36ab \tan(fx + e)^5 + 24b^2 \tan(fx + e)^5 + 40a^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 96ab \tan(fx + e)^3 + 48a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1)^3}}{48f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/48*(3*(5*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e) + (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 36*a
*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 24*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 96*a*b
*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 48*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 33*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 60*a*b*tan
(f*x + e) + 24*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/(tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = x \left(\frac{5a^2}{16} + \frac{3ab}{4} + \frac{b^2}{2} \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{5a^2}{16} + \frac{3ab}{4} + \frac{b^2}{2} \right) \tan(e + fx)^5 + \left(\frac{5a^2}{6} + 2ab + b^2 \right) \tan(e + fx)^3 + \left(\frac{11a^2}{16} + \frac{5ab}{4} + \frac{b^2}{2} \right) \tan(e + fx)}{f (\tan(e + fx)^6 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^4 + 3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `x*((3*a*b)/4 + (5*a^2)/16 + b^2/2) + (tan(e + f*x)*((5*a*b)/4 + (11*a^2)/16 + b^2/2) + tan(e + f*x)^3*(2*a*b + (5*a^2)/6 + b^2) + tan(e + f*x)^5*((3*a*b)/4 + (5*a^2)/16 + b^2/2))/(f*(3*tan(e + f*x)^2 + 3*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^6 + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{8 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^5 a^2 - 26 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 a^2 - 24 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^3 ab + 33 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^5 b^2}{48f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 26*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b + 33*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 + 60*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*b**2 + 15*a**2*f*x + 36*a*b*f*x + 24*b**2*f*x)/(48*f)`

3.178 $\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1547
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1547
Rubi [A] (verified)	1548
Maple [A] (verified)	1549
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1550
Sympy [F]	1550
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1551
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1551
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1552
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1552

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{b(3a^2 + 3ab + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2(3a + 2b) \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
a^3*x+b*(3*a^2+3*a*b+b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*b^2*(3*a+2*b)*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*b^3*tan(d*x+c)^5/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{15a^3 dx + 15b(3a^2 + 3ab + b^2) \tan(c + dx) + 5b^2(3a + 2b) \tan^3(c + dx) + 3b^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{15d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$(15*a^3*d*x + 15*b*(3*a^2 + 3*a*b + b^2)*Tan[c + d*x] + 5*b^2*(3*a + 2*b)*Tan[c + d*x]^3 + 3*b^3*Tan[c + d*x]^5)/(15*d)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (a + b \sec(c + dx)^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4616$$

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^3}{\tan^2(c+dx)+1} d \tan(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 300$$

$$\int \left(b^3 \tan^4(c + dx) + b^2(3a + 2b) \tan^2(c + dx) + b(3a^2 + 3ab + b^2) + \frac{a^3}{\tan^2(c+dx)+1} \right) d \tan(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3 \arctan(\tan(c + dx)) + b(3a^2 + 3ab + b^2) \tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3}b^2(3a + 2b) \tan^3(c + dx) + \frac{1}{5}b^3 \tan^5(c + dx)}{d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2)^3, x]$$

output

$$(a^3*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c + d*x]] + b*(3*a^2 + 3*a*b + b^2)*\text{Tan}[c + d*x] + (b^2*(3*a + 2*b)*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^3)/3 + (b^3*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^5)/5)/d$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4616 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3(dx+c)+3a^2b \tan(dx+c)-3a b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)-b^3 \left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4 \sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^3(dx+c)+3a^2b \tan(dx+c)-3a b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)-b^3 \left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4 \sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$a^3x - \frac{b^3 \left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4 \sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{3a^2b \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{3a b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$a^3x + \frac{2ib(45a^2e^{8i(dx+c)}+180a^2e^{6i(dx+c)}+90abe^{6i(dx+c)}+270a^2e^{4i(dx+c)}+210abe^{4i(dx+c)}+80e^{4i(dx+c)}b^2+180ab^2)}{15d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^5}$
norman	$\frac{a^3x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}-a^3x+5a^3x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-10a^3x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+10a^3x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-5a^3x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8-\frac{2b(3a^2b \tan(dx+c)-3ab^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)-b^3 \left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4 \sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c))}{d}}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{15a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}xd+(-90a^2b-90ab^2-30b^3) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^9-75a^3 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8xd+360\left(a+\frac{b}{3}\right)^2b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7+\dots}{d}$

input `int((a+sec(d*x+c)^2*b)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^3*(d*x+c)+3*a^2*b*tan(d*x+c)-3*a*b^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)-b^3*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a^3 dx \cos(dx + c)^5 + ((45 a^2 b + 30 a b^2 + 8 b^3) \cos(dx + c)^4 + 3 b^3 + (15 a b^2 + 4 b^3) \cos(dx + c)^2) \sin(dx + c)}{15 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(15*a^3*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^5 + ((45*a^2*b + 30*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*b^3 + (15*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(c + d*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c)) ab^2}{d} + \frac{(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c)) b^3}{15 d} + \frac{3 a^2 b \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^3*x + (tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a*b^2/d + 1/15*(3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*b^3/d + 3*a^2*b*tan(d*x + c)/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{3 b^3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 15 a b^2 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 10 b^3 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 (dx + c) a^3 + 45 a^2 b \tan(dx + c) + 45 a^3 x}{15 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/15*(3*b^3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 15*a*b^2*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 10*b^3*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*(d*x + c)*a^3 + 45*a^2*b*tan(d*x + c) + 45*a*b^2*tan(d*x + c) + 15*a^3*x)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(c + dx) (3b(a + b)^2 - 3b^2(a + b) + b^3) + \frac{b^3 \tan(c + dx)^5}{5} + \tan(c + dx)^3 \left(b^2(a + b) - \frac{b^3}{3}\right) + a^3 dx}{d}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^3,x)`output `(tan(c + d*x)*(3*b*(a + b)^2 - 3*b^2*(a + b) + b^3) + (b^3*tan(c + d*x)^5)/5 + tan(c + d*x)^3*(b^2*(a + b) - b^3/3) + a^3*d*x)/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^4 a^3 dx - 30 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 a^3 dx + 15 \cos(dx + c) a^3 dx + 45 \sin(dx + c)^5 a^2 b + 30 \sin(c + d*x)^5 a^2 b + 8 \sin(c + d*x)^5 b^3 - 90 \sin(c + d*x)^3 a^2 b - 75 \sin(c + d*x)^3 a b^2 - 20 \sin(c + d*x)^3 b^3 + 45 \sin(c + d*x) a^2 b + 45 \sin(c + d*x) a b^2 + 15 \sin(c + d*x) b^3}{(15 \cos(c + d*x) d (\sin(c + d*x)^4 - 2 \sin(c + d*x)^2 + 1))}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^3,x)`output `(15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a**3*d*x - 30*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a**3*d*x + 15*cos(c + d*x)*a**3*d*x + 45*sin(c + d*x)**5*a**2*b + 30*sin(c + d*x)**5*a*b**2 + 8*sin(c + d*x)**5*b**3 - 90*sin(c + d*x)**3*a**2*b - 75*sin(c + d*x)**3*a*b**2 - 20*sin(c + d*x)**3*b**3 + 45*sin(c + d*x)*a**2*b + 45*sin(c + d*x)*a*b**2 + 15*sin(c + d*x)*b**3)/(15*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))`

3.179 $\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$

Optimal result	1553
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1553
Rubi [A] (verified)	1554
Maple [A] (verified)	1555
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1556
Sympy [F]	1557
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1557
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1558
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1558
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1559

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = a^4 x + \frac{b(2a + b)(2a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2(6a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{b^3(4a + 3b) \tan^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{b^4 \tan^7(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
a^4*x+b*(2*a+b)*(2*a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*b^2*(6*a^2+8*a*b+3*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*b^3*(4*a+3*b)*tan(d*x+c)^5/d+1/7*b^4*tan(d*x+c)^7/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{105a^4 dx + 105b(4a^3 + 6a^2b + 4ab^2 + b^3) \tan(c + dx) + 35b^2(6a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(c + dx) + 21b^3(4a + 3b) \tan^5(c + dx) + 3b^4 \tan^7(c + dx)}{105d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^4,x]
```

output

$$(105*a^4*d*x + 105*b*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2 + b^3)*\text{Tan}[c + d*x] + 35*b^2*(6*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^3 + 21*b^3*(4*a + 3*b)*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^5 + 15*b^4*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]^7)/(105*d)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (a + b \sec(c + dx))^4 dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^4}{\tan^2(c+dx)+1} d \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 300

$$\frac{\int (b^4 \tan^6(c + dx) + b^3(4a + 3b) \tan^4(c + dx) + b^2(6a^2 + 8ba + 3b^2) \tan^2(c + dx) + b(2a + b) (2a^2 + 2ba + b^2)) dx}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^4 \arctan(\tan(c + dx)) + \frac{1}{3}b^2(6a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \tan^3(c + dx) + b(2a + b) (2a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{5}b^3(4a^2 + 4ab + b^2) \tan^5(c + dx)}{d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^2)^4,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a^4 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan(c + dx)] + b(2a + b)(2a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\tan(c + dx) + (b^2(6a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2)\tan(c + dx)^3)/3 + (b^3(4a + 3b)\tan(c + dx)^5)/5 + (b^4 \tan(c + dx)^7)/7}{d}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b(x)^2)^p (c + d(x)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{PolynomialDivide}[(a + b x^2)^p, (c + d x^2)^{-q}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GeQ}[p, -q]$$

rule 2009

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4616

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sec(e + f x))^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{\{ff = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\tan[e + f x], x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[ff/f \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a + b + b ff^2 x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2 x^2), x], x, \tan[e + f x]/ff], x]\} /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[a + b, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$$
Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4(dx+c)+4a^3b \tan(dx+c)-6a^2b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)-4ab^3 \left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4 \sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^4(dx+c)+4a^3b \tan(dx+c)-6a^2b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)-4ab^3 \left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4 \sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$a^4x - \frac{b^4 \left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^6}{7}-\frac{6 \sec(dx+c)^4}{35}-\frac{8 \sec(dx+c)^2}{35}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{4ba^3 \tan(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{6a^2b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$a^4x + \frac{8ib(105a^3e^{12i(dx+c)}+630a^3e^{10i(dx+c)}+315a^2be^{10i(dx+c)}+1575a^3e^{8i(dx+c)}+1365a^2be^{8i(dx+c)}+560ab^2e^{8i(dx+c)})}{d}$
norman	$\frac{a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{14} - a^4x + 7a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 21a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + 35a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6 - 35a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8 + 21a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10} - a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{12} + a^4x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{14}}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{105a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{14} xd + (-840ba^3 - 1260a^2b^2 - 840ab^3 - 210b^4) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{13} - 735a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{12} xd + (5040b^4 + 105a^4) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{11} - 4725a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10} xd + 3675a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^9 - 2520a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8 xd + 1575a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7 - 840a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6 xd + 315a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5 - 105a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 xd + 105a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3 - 105a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 xd + 105a^4 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) - 105a^4}{105d \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7}$

```
input int((a+sec(d*x+c)^2*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^4*(d*x+c)+4*a^3*b*tan(d*x+c)-6*a^2*b^2*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)-4*a*b^3*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)-b^4*(-16/35-1/7*sec(d*x+c)^6-6/35*sec(d*x+c)^4-8/35*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{105 a^4 dx \cos(dx + c)^7 + (4(105 a^3 b + 105 a^2 b^2 + 56 ab^3 + 12 b^4) \cos(dx + c)^6 + 2(105 a^2 b^2 + 56 ab^3 + 12 b^4) \cos(dx + c)^5 + 2(105 a b^3 + 12 b^4) \cos(dx + c)^4 + 2(105 a b^3 + 12 b^4) \cos(dx + c)^3 + 2(105 a b^3 + 12 b^4) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2(105 a b^3 + 12 b^4) \cos(dx + c) + 2(105 a b^3 + 12 b^4)}{105 d \cos(dx + c)^7}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/105*(105*a^4*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^7 + (4*(105*a^3*b + 105*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3
+ 12*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 2*(105*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3 + 12*b^4)*cos(d*x +
c)^4 + 15*b^4 + 6*(14*a*b^3 + 3*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(
d*x + c)^7)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)**2)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(c + d*x)**2)**4, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx \\ &= a^4 x + \frac{2(\tan(dx + c)^3 + 3 \tan(dx + c))a^2 b^2}{d} \\ &+ \frac{4(3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 \tan(dx + c))ab^3}{15d} \\ &+ \frac{(5 \tan(dx + c)^7 + 21 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 35 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 35 \tan(dx + c))b^4}{35d} \\ &+ \frac{4a^3 b \tan(dx + c)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a^4*x + 2*(tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*tan(d*x + c))*a^2*b^2/d + 4/15*(3*tan(d*x +
c)^5 + 10*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*tan(d*x + c))*a*b^3/d + 1/35*(5*tan(d*x + c)
^7 + 21*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 35*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 35*tan(d*x + c))*b^4/d + 4*a^
3*b*tan(d*x + c)/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^4 \tan(dx + c)^7 + 84 a b^3 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 63 b^4 \tan(dx + c)^5 + 210 a^2 b^2 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 280 a b^3 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 105 b^4 \tan(dx + c)^3 + 105 (dx + c) a^4 + 420 a^3 b \tan(dx + c) + 630 a^2 b^2 \tan(dx + c) + 420 a b^3 \tan(dx + c) + 105 b^4 \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/105*(15*b^4*tan(d*x + c)^7 + 84*a*b^3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 63*b^4*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 210*a^2*b^2*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 280*a*b^3*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 105*b^4*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 105*(d*x + c)*a^4 + 420*a^3*b*tan(d*x + c) + 630*a^2*b^2*tan(d*x + c) + 420*a*b^3*tan(d*x + c) + 105*b^4*tan(d*x + c))/d`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(c + dx) (4 b (a + b)^3 + 4 b^3 (a + b) - 6 b^2 (a + b)^2 - b^4) + \tan(c + dx)^3 \left(2 b^2 (a + b)^2 - \frac{4 b^3 (a + b)}{3} + b^4 \right) + \tan(c + dx)^5 \left(\frac{4 b^3 (a + b)}{5} - b^4 \right) + a^4 dx}{d}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^4,x)`output `(tan(c + d*x)*(4*b*(a + b)^3 + 4*b^3*(a + b) - 6*b^2*(a + b)^2 - b^4) + tan(c + d*x)^3*(2*b^2*(a + b)^2 - (4*b^3*(a + b))/3 + b^4/3) + (b^4*tan(c + d*x)^5)/5 + tan(c + d*x)^5*((4*b^3*(a + b))/5 - b^4/5) + a^4*d*x)/d`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{105 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^6 a^4 dx - 315 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^4 a^4 dx + 315 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 a^4 dx - 105 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^0 a^4 dx + 420 \sin(dx + c)^7 a^3 b + 420 \sin(dx + c)^5 a^2 b^2 + 224 \sin(dx + c)^3 a b^3 + 48 \sin(dx + c) b^4 - 1260 \sin(dx + c)^5 a^3 b - 1470 \sin(dx + c)^3 a^2 b^2 - 784 \sin(dx + c) a b^3 - 168 \sin(dx + c)^5 b^4 + 1260 \sin(dx + c)^3 a^3 b + 1680 \sin(dx + c) a^2 b^2 + 980 \sin(dx + c)^3 a b^3 + 210 \sin(dx + c) b^4 - 420 \sin(dx + c) a^3 b - 630 \sin(dx + c) a^2 b^2 - 420 \sin(dx + c) a b^3 - 105 \sin(dx + c) b^4}{105 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^6 - 3 \sin(dx + c)^4 + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x)`output

```
(105*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**6*a**4*d*x - 315*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)
**4*a**4*d*x + 315*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a**4*d*x - 105*cos(c + d*x)
)*a**4*d*x + 420*sin(c + d*x)**7*a**3*b + 420*sin(c + d*x)**7*a**2*b**2 +
224*sin(c + d*x)**7*a*b**3 + 48*sin(c + d*x)**7*b**4 - 1260*sin(c + d*x)**
5*a**3*b - 1470*sin(c + d*x)**5*a**2*b**2 - 784*sin(c + d*x)**5*a*b**3 - 1
68*sin(c + d*x)**5*b**4 + 1260*sin(c + d*x)**3*a**3*b + 1680*sin(c + d*x)*
*3*a**2*b**2 + 980*sin(c + d*x)**3*a*b**3 + 210*sin(c + d*x)**3*b**4 - 420
*sin(c + d*x)*a**3*b - 630*sin(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2 - 420*sin(c + d*x)*a*b**
3 - 105*sin(c + d*x)*b**4)/(105*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**6 - 3*sin(c
+ d*x)**4 + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```


3.180 $\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1560
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1560
Rubi [A] (verified)	1561
Maple [A] (verified)	1564
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1564
Sympy [F]	1565
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1565
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1566
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1566
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1567

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{(2a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{2b^2f} + \frac{a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{a+bf}} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)\tan(e+fx)}{2bf}$$

output

```
-1/2*(2*a-b)*arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/b^2/f+a^(3/2)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/
(a+b)^(1/2))/b^2/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+1/2*sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.90

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(4*a*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2] -
Sin[(e + f*x)/2]] - 2*b*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2] - Sin[(e + f*x)/2]] - 4*a*Lo
g[Cos[(e + f*x)/2] + Sin[(e + f*x)/2]] + 2*b*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2] + Sin[(e
+ f*x)/2]] + (a^(3/2)*Cos[e]*Log[a + 2*(a + b)*Cos[2*e] - a*cos[2*(e + f*
x)] - (2*I)*a*sin[2*e] - (2*I)*b*sin[2*e] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Co
s[e] - I*sin[e])^2]*Sin[f*x] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[
e])^2]*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]) - (a^(3/
2)*Cos[e]*Log[-a - 2*(a + b)*Cos[2*e] + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)] + (2*I)*a*sin[2
*e] + (2*I)*b*sin[2*e] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]
*sin[f*x] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]*Sin[2*e + f
x]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]) + ((2*I)*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(2*
Sin[e]*(I*a + I*b + I*(a + b)*Cos[2*e] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Cos[f*x])*Sqrt
[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Cos[2*e + f*x])*Sqrt[(Cos[e]
- I*sin[e])^2] + a*sin[2*e] + b*sin[2*e] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos
[e] - I*sin[e])^2]*Sin[f*x] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e]
)]^2)*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(I*(a + 3*b)*Cos[e] + I*(a + b)*Cos[3*e] + I*a*cos[
e + 2*f*x] + I*a*cos[3*e + 2*f*x] + 3*a*sin[e] + b*sin[e] + a*sin[3*e] + b
*sin[3*e] + a*sin[e + 2*f*x] - a*sin[3*e + 2*f*x]))*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*sin[e]
)]^2*(Cos[e] + I*sin[e])/Sqrt[a + b] - (I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + 2*(a + b)*Cos[
2*e] - a*cos[2*(e + f*x)] - (2*I)*a*sin[2*e] - (2*I)*b*sin[2*e] + 2*Sqr...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 316, 25, 397, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^5}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4635

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx)}{2b} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\int \frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(2a-b) \int \frac{1}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(2a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{(2a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{2a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `(-1/2*(((2*a - b)*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]]/b - (2*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(b*Sqrt[a + b]))/b + Sin[e + f*x]/(2*b*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4635 $\text{Int}[\text{sec}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{m_}*((a_) + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{n_})^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/f \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[b + a*(1 - \text{ff}^2*x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p/(1 - \text{ff}^2*x^2)^{(m + n*p + 1)/2}, x], x, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]/\text{ff}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4b(\sin(fx+e)-1)} + \frac{(2a-b)\ln(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{4b^2} - \frac{1}{4b(\sin(fx+e)+1)} + \frac{(-2a+b)\ln(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{4b^2} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4b(\sin(fx+e)-1)} + \frac{(2a-b)\ln(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{4b^2} - \frac{1}{4b(\sin(fx+e)+1)} + \frac{(-2a+b)\ln(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{4b^2} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{i(e^{3i(fx+e)} - e^{i(fx+e)})}{fb(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^2} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + i)a}{b^2 f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} + i)}{2bf} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - i)a}{b^2 f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)} - i)}{2bf} + \frac{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}{b^2 f}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/4/b/(sin(f*x+e)-1)+1/4*(2*a-b)/b^2*ln(sin(f*x+e)-1)-1/4/b/(sin(f*x+e)+1)+1/4/b^2*(-2*a+b)*ln(sin(f*x+e)+1)+a^2/b^2/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \cos(fx + e)^2 \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 2(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) - (2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(\sin(fx + e))}{4b^2 f \cos(fx + e)^2} - \frac{4a \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a+b}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a+b}} \sin(fx + e)\right) \cos(fx + e)^2 + (2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(\sin(fx + e) + 1)}{4b^2 f \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*a*sqrt(a/(a + b))*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*(a + b)
)*sqrt(a/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - (2*a -
b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) + (2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-s
in(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*b*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2), -1/4*(4*a*sqrt
(-a/(a + b))*arctan(sqrt(-a/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e))*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (2*a
- b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - (2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-
sin(f*x + e) + 1) - 2*b*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ab^2}} + \frac{(2a-b) \log(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{b^2} - \frac{(2a-b) \log(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)}{b \sin(fx+e)^2 - b}$$

$$4f$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*a^2*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(
(a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*b^2) + (2*a - b)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1)/b^2 -
(2*a - b)*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1)/b^2 + 2*sin(f*x + e)/(b*sin(f*x + e)^2 -
b))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{4a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} + \frac{(2a-b) \log(|\sin(fx+e)+1|)}{b^2} - \frac{(2a-b) \log(|\sin(fx+e)-1|)}{b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)}{(\sin(fx+e)^2-1)b}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*(4*a^2*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*b^2) + (2*a - b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1))/b^2 - (2*a - b)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1))/b^2 + 2*sin(f*x + e)/((sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*b))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.87

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(a \sin(e + fx) - a \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)) + a \sin(e + fx)^2 \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx))) + b^2(\sin(e + fx) + a \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx)))}{4f}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`

output

```
(b*(a*sin(e + f*x) - a*atanh(sin(e + f*x)) + a*sin(e + f*x)^2*atanh(sin(e
+ f*x))) + atan((a^5*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*8i - b*sin(e + f*x)*
(a^3*b + a^4)^(3/2)*4i - a*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(3/2)*8i - a^2*b^3*s
in(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*2i + a^3*b^2*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1
/2)*1i + a*b^4*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*1i + a^4*b*sin(e + f*x)*(a
^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*12i)/(a^3*b^4 - a^2*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^5*b^2))*(a^3*b
+ a^4)^(1/2)*2i + b^2*(sin(e + f*x) + atanh(sin(e + f*x)) - sin(e + f*x)^
2*atanh(sin(e + f*x))) - 2*a^2*atanh(sin(e + f*x)) - atan((a^5*sin(e + f*x)
)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*8i - b*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(3/2)*4i - a*sin(e
+ f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(3/2)*8i - a^2*b^3*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*
2i + a^3*b^2*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*1i + a*b^4*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3
*b + a^4)^(1/2)*1i + a^4*b*sin(e + f*x)*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*12i)/(a^3*b^4
- a^2*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^5*b^2))*sin(e + f*x)^2*(a^3*b + a^4)^(1/2)*2i
+ 2*a^2*sin(e + f*x)^2*atanh(sin(e + f*x)))/(f*(2*a*b^2 + 2*b^3 - 2*b^3*si
n(e + f*x)^2 - 2*a*b^2*sin(e + f*x)^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.73

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```


output

```
( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(
sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2)
)*a + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*lo
g(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/
2))*a + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + log(tan((e + f*
x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2
*b**2 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a**2 - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a*b +
log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**2 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)
**2*a**2 - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + log(tan((e + f*
x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a**2 + log(t
an((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b**2 - sin(e + f*x)*a
*b - sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(2*b**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a + sin(e + f*x)**2*b -
a - b))
```

3.181 $\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1569
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1569
Rubi [A] (verified)	1570
Maple [A] (verified)	1571
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1572
Sympy [F]	1572
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1573
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1573
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1574
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1574

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{bf} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output `arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/b/f-a^(1/2)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b/(a+b)^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx)) - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}}{bf}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]] - (Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b])/(b*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 303, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^3}{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{303} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]]/b - (Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(b*Sqrt[a + b]))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 303 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b
*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x
^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{2b} + \frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{2b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{2b} + \frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{2b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)+i})}{bf} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)-i})}{bf} + \frac{\sqrt{a(a+b)} \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} - 2i\sqrt{a(a+b)}e^{i(fx+e)}}{a} - 1\right)}{2(a+b)fb} - \frac{\sqrt{a(a+b)} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)}\right)}{2(a+b)fb}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/2/b*ln(sin(f*x+e)-1)+1/2/b*ln(sin(f*x+e)+1)-a/b/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + 2(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \sin(fx+e) - 2a - b}{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}\right) + \log(\sin(fx+e) + 1) - \log(-\sin(fx+e) + 1)}{2bf},$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(a/(a + b))*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a + b)*sqrt(a/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1))/(b*f), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-a/(a + b))*arctan(sqrt(-a/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e)) + log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) - log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1))/(b*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{a \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ab}} + \frac{\log(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{b} - \frac{\log(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(a*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*b) + log(sin(f*x + e) + 1)/b - log(sin(f*x + e) - 1)/b)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2 a \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} + \frac{\log(|\sin(fx+e)+1|)}{b} - \frac{\log(|\sin(fx+e)-1|)}{b}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*a*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*b) + log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1))/b - log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1))/b)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.29

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(e + fx))}{bf}$$

$$\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2a^3 \sin(e+fx) + \left(\frac{2a^2 b^2 - \frac{\sin(e+fx)(16a^3 b^2 + 8a^2 b^3) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{4(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{2(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{b^2+ab} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2a^3 \sin(e+fx) - \left(\frac{2a^2 b^2 + \frac{\sin(e+fx)(16a^3 b^2 + 8a^2 b^3) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{4(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{2(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{b^2+ab} \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{2a^3 \sin(e+fx) + \left(\frac{2a^2 b^2 - \frac{\sin(e+fx)(16a^3 b^2 + 8a^2 b^3) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{4(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{2(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{b^2+ab} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{b^2+ab} - \frac{2a^3 \sin(e+fx) - \left(\frac{2a^2 b^2 + \frac{\sin(e+fx)(16a^3 b^2 + 8a^2 b^3) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{4(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{2(b^2+ab)} \right) \sqrt{a(a+b)}}{b^2+ab}}{f(b^2 + ab)}$$

```
input int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)
```

```
output atanh(sin(e + f*x))/(b*f) + (atan((((2*a^3*sin(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 - (sin(e + f*x)*(8*a^2*b^3 + 16*a^3*b^2)*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)))/(4*(a*b + b^2))))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + b^2)))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + b^2) + ((2*a^3*sin(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 + (sin(e + f*x)*(8*a^2*b^3 + 16*a^3*b^2)*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)))/(4*(a*b + b^2))))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + b^2)))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + b^2))/(((2*a^3*sin(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 - (sin(e + f*x)*(8*a^2*b^3 + 16*a^3*b^2)*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)))/(4*(a*b + b^2))))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + b^2)))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + b^2) - ((2*a^3*sin(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 + (sin(e + f*x)*(8*a^2*b^3 + 16*a^3*b^2)*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)))/(4*(a*b + b^2))))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + b^2)))*(a*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(f*(a*b + b^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b} \log\left(\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{a+b} - 2\sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b} \log\left(\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{f(b^2 + ab)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2
*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2)) - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2)) - 2*log(tan((e + f*
x)/2) - 1)*a - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)
*a + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b)/(2*b*f*(a + b))`

$$3.182 \quad \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1576
Rubi [A] (verified)	1577
Maple [A] (verified)	1578
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1578
Sympy [F]	1579
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1579
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1580
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1580

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output `arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*f)`

rule 4635

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^ (p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{f\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$	28
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{f\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$	28
risch	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}f}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}f}\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}f}$	102

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \left[\frac{\log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2+ab} \sin(fx+e) - 2a - b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}f}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \sin(fx+e)}{a+b}\right)}{(a^2 + ab)f} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/2*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*f), -sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b))/((a^2 + a*b)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{(a+b)a} f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*f)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx + e)}{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f \sqrt{a + b}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`output `atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))/(a^(1/2)*f*(a + b)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + b} \left(-\log\left(\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \sqrt{a + b} - 2\sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) \right) + \log\left(\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)^2}{2af(a + b)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*(- log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2)) + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt
(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2)))/(2*a*f*(a + b))
```

3.183 $\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1582
Rubi [A] (verified)	1583
Maple [A] (verified)	1584
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1585
Sympy [F]	1585
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1586
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1586
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1586
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1587

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bf}} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{af}$$

output `-b*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+sin(f*x+e)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{-\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} + \sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{a^{3/2} f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((-((b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b]) + Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/(a^(3/2)*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 299, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 \int \frac{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{299} \\
 \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b}} \\
 \downarrow \\
 \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b}} \\
 \downarrow \\
 \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((-(b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b])) + Sin[e + f*x]/a)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$	45
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$	45
risch	$-\frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}}{2af} + \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{2af} + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa}\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa}\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa}$	14

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(sin(f*x+e)/a-b/a/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + abb} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2\sqrt{a^2+ab}\sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) + 2(a^2 + ab) \sin(fx + e)}{2(a^3 + a^2b)f}, \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - abb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - abb} \sin(fx + e)}{a + b}\right)}{2(a^3 + a^2b)f} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*b*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*f), (sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right) + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)}{a}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*a) + 2*sin(f*x + e)/a)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right) + \frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a}}{f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(b*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*a) + sin(f*x + e)/a)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{af} - \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f \sqrt{a+b}}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```
sin(e + f*x)/(a*f) - (b*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(a^(3/2)*f*(a + b)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + b} \log\left(\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{a + b} - 2\sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) b - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + b} \log\left(\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{2a^2 f (a + b)}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2
*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b + 2*sin(e + f*x
)*a**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)*a*b)/(2*a**2*f*(a + b))
```

3.184 $\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1588
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1588
Rubi [A] (verified)	1589
Maple [A] (verified)	1590
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1591
Sympy [F(-1)]	1591
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1592
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1592
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1592
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1593

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b} f} + \frac{(a-b) \sin(e+fx)}{a^2 f} - \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{3af}$$

output

```
b^2*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+(a-b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f-1/3*sin(f*x+e)^3/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{6b^2(-\log(\sqrt{a+b}-\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx))+\log(\sqrt{a+b}+\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)))}{\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{3\sqrt{a}(3a-4b) \sin(e+fx) + a^{3/2} \sin(3(e+fx))}{12a^{5/2} f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((6*b^2*(-\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b] - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]) + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b] + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]))/\text{Sqrt}[a + b] + 3*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(3*a - 4*b)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x] + a^{(3/2)}*\text{Sin}[3*(e + f*x)]/(12*a^{(5/2)}*f)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\ & \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2}{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{300} \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^2}{a^2(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)} - \frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a} + \frac{a - b}{a^2} \right) d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{a^{5/2} \sqrt{a + b}} + \frac{(a - b) \sin(e + fx)}{a^2} - \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{3a} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((b^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b])])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b])/(a^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]) + ((a - b)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/a^2 - \text{Sin}[e + f*x]^3/(3*a))/f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{a \sin(fx+e)^3}{3} - \sin(fx+e)a + \sin(fx+e)b}{a^2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{a \sin(fx+e)^3}{3} - \sin(fx+e)a + \sin(fx+e)b}{a^2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
risch	$-\frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}}{8af} + \frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}b}{2a^2f} + \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}b}{2a^2f} + \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}fa^2}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-1/a^2*(1/3*a*sin(f*x+e)^3-sin(f*x+e)*a+sin(f*x+e)*b)+b^2/a^2/(a*(a+b
))^1/2*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[3\sqrt{a^2 + abb^2} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2+ab} \sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) + 2(2a^3 - a^2b - 3ab^2 + (a^3 + a^2b) \cos(fx + e)) \right]}{6(a^4 + a^3b)f} - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2 - abb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2-ab} \sin(fx+e)}{a+b}\right) - (2a^3 - a^2b - 3ab^2 + (a^3 + a^2b) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)}{3(a^4 + a^3b)f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*b^2*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(2*a^3 - a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 + (a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f), -1/3*(3*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) - (2*a^3 - a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 + (a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{3b^2 \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)aa^2}} + \frac{2(a \sin(fx+e)^3 - 3(a-b) \sin(fx+e))}{6f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*b^2*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*a^2) + 2*(a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a - b)*sin(f*x + e))/a^2)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{3b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2-aba^2}} + \frac{a^2 \sin(fx+e)^3 - 3a^2 \sin(fx+e) + 3ab \sin(fx+e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*(3*b^2*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*a^2) + (a^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^2*sin(f*x + e) + 3*a*b*sin(f*x + e))/a^3)/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f \sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{3af} - \frac{\sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a+b}{a^2} - \frac{2}{a}\right)}{f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `(b^2*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(a^(5/2)*f*(a + b)^(1/2)) - sin(e + f*x)^3/(3*a*f) - (sin(e + f*x)*((a + b)/a^2 - 2/a))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}\log\left(\sqrt{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{a+b} - 2\sqrt{a}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)b^2 + 3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}\log\left(\sqrt{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a+b}\right)}{f(a+b)^2}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 6*sin(e + f*x)*a**3 - 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2)/(6*a**3*f*(a + b))`

3.185 $\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1594
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1594
Rubi [A] (verified)	1595
Maple [A] (verified)	1596
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Sympy [F(-1)]	1597
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1598
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1598
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1599
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1599

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^{7/2} \sqrt{a+b} f} + \frac{(a^2 - ab + b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{a^3 f} - \frac{(2a-b) \sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^2 f} + \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{5af}$$

output

```
-b^3*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+(a^2-a*b+b^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f-1/3*(2*a-b)*sin(f*x+e)^3/a^2/f+1/5*sin(f*x+e)^5/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{120b^3(\log(\sqrt{a+b}-\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx))-\log(\sqrt{a+b}+\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)))}{\sqrt{a+b}} + 30\sqrt{a}(5a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2) \sin(e+fx) + 5a^{3/2}(5a - 4b) \sin^3(e+fx) + 5a^{5/2} \sin^5(e+fx)$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((120*b^3*(\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b] - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]] - \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b] + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]))/\text{Sqrt}[a + b] + 30*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(5*a^2 - 6*a*b + 8*b^2)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x] + 5*a^{(3/2)}*(5*a - 4*b)*\text{Sin}[3*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^{(5/2)}*\text{Sin}[5*(e + f*x)])/(240*a^{(7/2)}*f}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

↓ 4635

$$\int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^3}{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 300

$$\int \left(\frac{\sin^4(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{(2a - b) \sin^2(e + fx)}{a^2} + \frac{a^2 - ba + b^2}{a^3} - \frac{b^3}{a^3(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)} \right) d \sin(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{a^{7/2} \sqrt{a + b}} - \frac{(2a - b) \sin^3(e + fx)}{3a^2} + \frac{(a^2 - ab + b^2) \sin(e + fx)}{a^3} + \frac{\sin^5(e + fx)}{5a}}{f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2), x]$$

```
output (-((b^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(a^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b])
) + ((a^2 - a*b + b^2)*Sin[e + f*x])/a^3 - ((2*a - b)*Sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*a
^2) + Sin[e + f*x]^5/(5*a))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p_, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 \sin^5(fx+e)}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \frac{ab \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \sin(fx+e)a^2 - \sin(fx+e)ab + \sin(fx+e)b^2}{a^3} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 \sin^5(fx+e)}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \frac{ab \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \sin(fx+e)a^2 - \sin(fx+e)ab + \sin(fx+e)b^2}{a^3} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
risch	$-\frac{5ie^{i(fx+e)}}{16af} + \frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}b^2}{2fa^3} + \frac{5ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{16af} - \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} + \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}b^2}{2fa^3} + \frac{b^3 \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)}\right)}{2\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^3*(1/5*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^5-2/3*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^3+1/3*a*b*sin(f*x+e)^3+sin(f*x+e)*a^2-sin(f*x+e)*a*b+sin(f*x+e)*b^2)-b^3/a^3/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arc tanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\left[15\sqrt{a^2+ab}b^3 \log\left(-\frac{a\cos(fx+e)^2+2\sqrt{a^2+ab}\sin(fx+e)-2a-b}{a\cos(fx+e)^2+b}\right) + 2(3(a^4+a^3b)\cos(fx+e)^4 + 8a^4 - 2a^3b + 5a^2b^2 + 15ab^3 + (4a^4 - a^3b - 5a^2b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2)\sin(fx+e) \right]}{30(a^5+a^4b)f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*b^3*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(3*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^4 - 2*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3 + (4*a^4 - a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*f), 1/15*(15*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*b^3*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (3*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^4 - 2*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3 + (4*a^4 - a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^3 \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)aa^3}} + \frac{2(3a^2 \sin(fx+e)^5 - 5(2a^2 - ab) \sin(fx+e)^3 + 15(a^2 - ab + b^2) \sin(fx+e))}{a^3}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{30 f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{30} \cdot (15 \cdot b^3 \cdot \log((a \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) - \sqrt{(a + b) \cdot a}) / (a \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + \sqrt{(a + b) \cdot a}))) / (\sqrt{(a + b) \cdot a}) \cdot a^3 + 2 \cdot (3 \cdot a^2 \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e)^5 - 5 \cdot (2 \cdot a^2 - a \cdot b) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e)^3 + 15 \cdot (a^2 - a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e)) / a^3) / f$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2-aba^3}} + \frac{3 a^4 \sin(fx+e)^5 - 10 a^4 \sin(fx+e)^3 + 5 a^3 b \sin(fx+e)^3 + 15 a^4 \sin(fx+e) - 15 a^3 b \sin(fx+e) + 15 a^2 b^2 \sin(fx+e)}{a^5}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{15 f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{15} \cdot (15 \cdot b^3 \cdot \arctan(a \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) / \sqrt{-a^2 - a \cdot b}) / (\sqrt{-a^2 - a \cdot b}) \cdot a^3 + (3 \cdot a^4 \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e)^5 - 10 \cdot a^4 \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e)^3 + 5 \cdot a^3 \cdot b \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e)^3 + 15 \cdot a^4 \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) - 15 \cdot a^3 \cdot b \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + 15 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e))) / a^5) / f$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\sin(e+fx) \left(\frac{3}{a} + \frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{a+b}{a^2} - \frac{3}{a} \right)}{a} \right)}{f} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)^5}{5af} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)^3 \left(\frac{a+b}{3a^2} - \frac{1}{a} \right)}{f} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{a^{7/2} f \sqrt{a+b}}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `(sin(e + f*x)*(3/a + ((a + b)*((a + b)/a^2 - 3/a))/a))/f + sin(e + f*x)^5/(5*a*f) + (sin(e + f*x)^3*((a + b)/(3*a^2) - 1/a))/f - (b^3*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(a^(7/2)*f*(a + b)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}\log\left(\sqrt{a+b}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{a+b} - 2\sqrt{a}\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)b^3 - 15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}\log\left(\sqrt{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b))*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b - 20*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4 - 10*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b + 10*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2 + 30*sin(e + f*x)*a**4 + 30*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**3)/(30*a**4*f*(a + b))`

3.186 $\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1600
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1600
Rubi [A] (verified)	1601
Maple [A] (verified)	1602
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1603
Sympy [F]	1604
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1604
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1604
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1605
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1605

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b^{5/2} \sqrt{a+b} f} - \frac{(a-b) \tan(e+fx)}{b^2 f} + \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3bf}$$

output

$a^2 \arctan(b^{1/2} \tan(fx+e)/(a+b)^{1/2})/b^{5/2}/(a+b)^{1/2}/f - (a-b) \tan(fx+e)/b^2/f + 1/3 \tan(fx+e)^3/b/f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(-3a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{b}(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4} \right) \right)}{6b^2 \sqrt{a+bf}}$$

input

`Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(-3*a^2*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[b*(I*Cos[e] + Sin[e])^4]*(Sec[e]*(-3*a + 2*b + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sin[f*x] + b*Sec[e + f*x]*Tan[e]))/(6*b^2*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^6}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\int \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 300

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} + \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{b} - \frac{a - b}{b^2} \right) d \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{b^{5/2} \sqrt{a + b}} - \frac{(a - b) \tan(e + fx)}{b^2} + \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{3b}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

output
$$\frac{((a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b} \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]] / \sqrt{a + b}) / (b^{5/2} \sqrt{a + b}) - ((a - b) \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]) / b^2 + \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]^3 / (3 b)) / f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{PolynomialDivide}[(a + b x^2)^p, (c + d x^2)^{-q}, x], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GeQ}[p, -q]$

rule 2009
$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042
$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634
$$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{sec}[e + (f \cdot x)]^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x) \operatorname{sec}[e + (f \cdot x)]^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{\{ff = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\operatorname{Tan}[e + f x], x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[ff/f \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(1 + ff^2 x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[a + b(1 + ff^2 x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p, x], x, \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]/ff], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{-\frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + a \tan(fx+e) - b \tan(fx+e)}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$-\frac{-\frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + a \tan(fx+e) - b \tan(fx+e)}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$-\frac{2i(3a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 6a e^{2i(fx+e)} - 6b e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3a - 2b)}{3f b^2 (e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3} - \frac{a^2 \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2iba + 2ib^2 + a\sqrt{-ab-b^2} + 2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab-b^2} f b^2} +$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/b^2*(-1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)^3+a*tan(f*x+e)-b*tan(f*x+e))+a^2/b^2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3\sqrt{-ab-b^2}a^2 \cos(fx+e)^3 \log\left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2)\cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab+4b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a+2b)\cos(fx+e)^3 - b\cos(fx+e))}{a^2\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab\cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}\right)}{12(ab^3+b^4)f\cos(fx+e)^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(a+2b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - b}{2\sqrt{ab+b^2}\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}\right) \cos(fx+e)^3 - 2(ab^2+b^3 - (3a^2b+ab^2-2b^3)\cos(fx+e))}{6(ab^3+b^4)f\cos(fx+e)^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(3*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(a*b^2 + b^3 - (3*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/((a*b^3 + b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), -1/6*(3*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^2*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 2*(a*b^2 + b^3 - (3*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/((a*b^3 + b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{3a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)bb^2}} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3 - 3(a-b) \tan(fx+e)}{b^2} \frac{1}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*a^2*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*b^2) + (b*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a - b)*tan(f*x + e))/b^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{3 \left(\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) a^2}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} b^2} + \frac{b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 3ab \tan(fx+e) + 3b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{b^3} \frac{1}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*(3*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a
*b + b^2)))*a^2/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*b^2) + (b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a*b*tan(f*
x + e) + 3*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/b^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{3bf} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) \left(\frac{a+b}{b^2} - \frac{2}{b}\right)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b^{5/2} f \sqrt{a+b}}$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)
```

output

```
tan(e + f*x)^3/(3*b*f) - (tan(e + f*x)*((a + b)/b^2 - 2/b))/f + (a^2*atan(
(b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(b^(5/2)*f*(a + b)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(
b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*s
qrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e +
f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*
b - sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**3 + 3*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*
b - 3*sin(e + f*x)*b**3)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*b**3*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a + sin(e
+ f*x)**2*b - a - b))
```

3.187 $\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1607
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1607
Rubi [A] (verified)	1608
Maple [A] (verified)	1609
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1610
Sympy [F]	1611
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1611
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1611
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1612
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1612

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bf}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{bf}$$

output

```
-a*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+tan(f*x+e)
/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(a \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}}\right) (\cos(e+fx)) \right)}{2b\sqrt{a+bf} (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b(\cos(e+fx)-i \sin(e+fx))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```


output

$$\frac{((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\sec[e + f*x]^2*(a*\arctan[(\sec[f*x]*(\cos[2*e] - \sin[2*e]))*(-((a + 2*b)*\sin[f*x]) + a*\sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*\sqrt{a + b})*\sqrt{b*(\cos[e] - \sin[e])^4})*(\cos[2*e] - \sin[2*e]) + \sqrt{a + b}*\sec[e]*\sec[e + f*x]*\sqrt{b*(\cos[e] + \sin[e])^4}*\sin[f*x])/(2*b*\sqrt{a + b})*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)*\sqrt{b*(\cos[e] - \sin[e])^4}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 299, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^4}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)+1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad f \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\ & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{b} \\ & \quad \quad \quad f \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad f \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2), x]$$

output $(-\frac{(a \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b} \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x)] / \sqrt{a + b}}{(b^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b})) + \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x] / b}{f}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 $\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot (x)^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 299 $\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot (x)^2)^p) \cdot (c + (d \cdot (x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2p + 3))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[2p + 3, 0]$

rule 3042 $\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634 $\operatorname{Int}[\sec[(e + (f \cdot (x))^m] \cdot (a + (b \cdot (x))^n)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{\{ff = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\operatorname{Tan}[e + f x], x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[ff/f \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p, x], x, \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]/ff], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b \sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$\frac{2i}{fb(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} - \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2iba+2ib^2 - a\sqrt{-ab-b^2} - 2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab-b^2}fb} + \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2iba+2ib^2 + a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab-b^2}fb}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(tan(f*x+e)/b-a/b/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))`
`)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. $2(44) = 88$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.50

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{-ab - b^2} a \cos(fx + e) \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4((a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - b \cos(fx + e))}{a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4(ab^2 + b^3) f \cos(fx + e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(a*b + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/2*(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + 2*(a*b + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a*b^2 + b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)bb}} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(a*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt((a + b)*b) - tan(f*x + e)/b)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) a}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}b} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*a/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*b) - tan(f*x + e)/b)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{bf} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b^{3/2} f \sqrt{a+b}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`output `tan(e + f*x)/(b*f) - (a*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(b^(3/2)*f*(a + b)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos(fx + e) a - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos(fx + e)}{\cos(fx + e) b^2 f (a + b)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a + sin(e + f*x)*a*b + sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(cos(e + f*x)*b**2*f*(a + b))`

$$3.188 \quad \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1613
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1613
Rubi [A] (verified)	1614
Maple [A] (verified)	1615
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1615
Sympy [F]	1616
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1617
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1617
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1617
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output

```
arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^2}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b} f \sqrt{a + b}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	si
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{f\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$	28
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{f\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2iba+2ib^2+a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}+2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab-b^2}f} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{-2iba-2ib^2+a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}+2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab-b^2}f}$	17

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. 2(28) = 56.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-ab - b^2} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-ab - b^2} \sin(fx + e)}{a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4(ab + b^2)f} - \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{(a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - b}{2\sqrt{ab + b^2} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)} \right)}{2\sqrt{ab + b^2}f} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))/((a*b + b^2)*f), -1/2*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*f)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b^2+ab}}\right)}{f \sqrt{b^2 + ab}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)),x)`output `atan((b*tan(e + f*x))/(a*b + b^2)^(1/2))/(f*(a*b + b^2)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \left(\operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{bf(a + b)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*(atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) + atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)))/(b*f*(a + b))`

3.189 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1619
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1619
Rubi [A] (verified)	1620
Maple [A] (verified)	1621
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1622
Sympy [F]	1622
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1623
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1623
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1624
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1624

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output

```
x/a+b^(1/2)*arctan((a+b)^(1/2)*cot(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a/(a+b)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(\sqrt{a + bfx} \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4} + b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a-b}}\right) \right)}{2a\sqrt{a+bf}(a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*sec[e + f*x]^2*(sqrt[a + b]*f*x*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4] + b*arctan[(sec[f*x]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*sin[f*x]) + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4])]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e]))/(2*a*sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 4615, 3042, 3660, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4615} \\
 & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + b} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3660} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(a+b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b} d \cot(e + fx)}{af} + \frac{x}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{af\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{x}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1),x]`

output `x/a + (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3660 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[1/(a + (a + b)*ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x]`

rule 4615 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/a, x] - Simp[b/a Int[1/(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$	46
default	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$	46
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b-a-2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa}$	114

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4fx + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e))}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4af} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*f*x + sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))/(a*f), 1/2*(2*f*x + sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba}} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a) - (f*x + e)/a)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) b}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} a} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a) - (f*x + e)/a)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.22

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\text{atan} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) - \left(2a^2b^2 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) + \left(2a^2b^2 + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right)}{\left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) - \left(2a^2b^2 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) + \left(2a^2b^2 + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2 + 16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right)} \right)}{f(a^2 + ba)}$$

```
input int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

```
output x/a - (atan((((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + a^2) + ((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + a^2))/(((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + a^2) - ((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(f*(a*b + a^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + afx + bfx}{af(a+b)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b)) - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b)) + a*f*x + b*f*x)/(a*f*(a + b))`

3.190 $\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1626
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1626
Rubi [A] (verified)	1627
Maple [A] (verified)	1629
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1630
Sympy [F]	1630
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1631
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1631
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1632
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1632

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a-2b)x}{2a^2} + \frac{b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a+b} f} + \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af}$$

output

$1/2*(a-2*b)*x/a^2+b^{(3/2)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^2/(a+b)^{(1/2)}/f+1/2*\cos(f*x+e)*\sin(f*x+e)/a/f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{2(a-2b)(e+fx) + \frac{4b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}}}{4a^2 f} + a \sin(2(e+fx))$$

input

`Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$$(2*(a - 2*b)*(e + f*x) + (4*b^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b] + a*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/(4*a^2*f)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a - b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a - b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{397}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{a} + \frac{(a - 2b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{216}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{(a-2b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

f
↓ 218

$$\frac{2b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) + \frac{(a-2b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{a\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((((a - 2*b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + (2*b^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a) + Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

```
rule 397 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2+2 \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-2b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^2} \frac{f}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2+2 \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-2b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^2} \frac{f}{f}$
risch	$\frac{x}{2a} - \frac{xb}{a^2} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8af} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8af} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} b \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} - a - 2b}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} b \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} - a - 2b}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa^2}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(b^2/a^2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+1/a^2*(1
/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a-2*b)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2(a - 2b)fx + 2a \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + b \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - a^2 \cos(fx + e)}{4a^2 f} \right)}{4a^2 f} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*(a - 2*b)*f*x + 2*a*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + b*sqrt(-b/(a + b)) *log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/(a^2*f), 1/2*((a - 2*b)*f*x + a*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - b*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^2}} + \frac{(fx+e)(a-2b)}{a^2} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{a \tan(fx+e)^2 + a}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*b^2*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^2) + (f*x + e)*(a - 2*b)/a^2 + tan(f*x + e)/(a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) b^2}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^2} + \frac{(fx+e)(a-2b)}{a^2} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{(\tan(fx+e)^2+1)a}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b^2/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^2) + (f*x + e)*(a - 2*b)/a^2 + tan(f*x + e)/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)*a))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$2b^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\cos(e+fx)}\right) - a \left(\frac{b \sin(2e+2fx)}{2} - b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\cos(e+fx)}\right) \right) - a^2 \left(\frac{\sin(2e+2fx)}{2} + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\cos(e+fx)}\right) \right) + a$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output

```

-(atan((a*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(3/2)*4i + b*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(3/2)*8i + b^5*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2)*8i + a*b^4*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2)*12i + a^4*b*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2)*1i + a^2*b^3*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2)*1i - a^3*b^2*sin(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2)*2i)/(3*a^2*b^5*cos(e + f*x) + 5*a^3*b^4*cos(e + f*x) + a^4*b^3*cos(e + f*x) - a^5*b^2*cos(e + f*x)))*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2)*2i + 2*b^2*atan(sin(e + f*x)/cos(e + f*x)) - a*((b*sin(2*e + 2*f*x))/2 - b*atan(sin(e + f*x)/cos(e + f*x))) - a^2*(sin(2*e + 2*f*x)/2 + atan(sin(e + f*x)/cos(e + f*x))))/(f*(2*a^2*b + 2*a^3))

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b + \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}{2a^2 f (a + b)}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b + a**2*e + a**2*f*x - a*b*e - a*b*f*x - 2*b**2*e - 2*b**2*f*x)/(2*a**2*f*(a + b))
```

3.191 $\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1634
Rubi [A] (verified)	1635
Maple [A] (verified)	1638
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1638
Sympy [F]	1639
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1639
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1640
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1640
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1641

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - 4ab + 8b^2)x}{8a^3} - \frac{b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a+bf}} + \frac{(3a-4b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af}$$

output `1/8*(3*a^2-4*a*b+8*b^2)*x/a^3-b^(5/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+1/8*(3*a-4*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{4(3a^2 - 4ab + 8b^2)(e+fx) - \frac{32b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} + 8a(a-b) \sin(2(e+fx)) + a^2 \sin(4(e+fx))}{32a^3 f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output $(4*(3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*(e + f*x) - (32*b^{(5/2)}*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b] + 8*a*(a - b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Sin[4*(e + f*x)])/(32*a^3*f)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx \\
 \downarrow 4634 \\
 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow 316 \\
 \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3b \tan^2(e + fx) + 3a - b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{3b \tan^2(e + fx) + 3a - b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} \\
 \downarrow 402
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(3a-4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-ba+4b^2+(3a-4b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a^2-ba+4b^2+(3a-4b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{(3a-4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 397

$$\frac{\frac{(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)\int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} - \frac{8b^3\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a}}{4a} + \frac{(3a-4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{8b^3\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a}}{2a} + \frac{(3a-4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{8b^{5/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a} + \frac{(3a-4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((((3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (8*b^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a) + ((3*a - 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a}) * \text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}) * \text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)} / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} * \text{Simp}[\text{b} * \text{c} + 2 * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) + \text{d} * \text{b} * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \&\& (!(\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1])) \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^2] / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2) * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) / (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d} * \text{e} - \text{c} * \text{f}) / (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)} * ((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) * \text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)} / (\text{a}^2 * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{a}^2 * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) + \text{e} * 2 * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1) + \text{d} * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}) * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)
)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}a^2 - \frac{1}{2}ab\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}ab + \frac{5}{8}a^2\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{(3a^2 - 4ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8}}{(1 + \tan(fx+e))^2} - \frac{b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}a^2 - \frac{1}{2}ab\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}ab + \frac{5}{8}a^2\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{(3a^2 - 4ab + 8b^2) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8}}{(1 + \tan(fx+e))^2} - \frac{b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{8a} - \frac{xb}{2a^2} + \frac{xb^2}{a^3} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8af} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8af} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)}bb^2 \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{b}{a+b}\right)}{2(a+b)f}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^3*(((3/8*a^2-1/2*a*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-1/2*a*b+5/8*a^2)*tan(f*x+e))
/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(3*a^2-4*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))-b^3/a^3/((
a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}}}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}\right)}{8a} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(2*b^2*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + (3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x + (2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 - 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f), 1/8*(4*b^2*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + (3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x + (2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 - 4*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^3}} - \frac{(3a-4b) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (5a-4b) \tan(fx+e)}{a^2 \tan(fx+e)^4 + 2a^2 \tan(fx+e)^2 + a^2} - \frac{(3a^2 - 4ab + 8b^2)(fx+e)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/8*(8*b^3*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^3) -
((3*a - 4*b)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a - 4*b)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^2*tan(f*x + e)
^4 + 2*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2) - (3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^3)/
f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{8 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) b^3}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} a^3} - \frac{(3a^2 - 4ab + 8b^2)(fx+e)}{a^3} - \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^3 - 4b \tan(fx+e)^3 + 5a \tan(fx+e) - 4b \tan(fx+e)}{(\tan(fx+e)^2 + 1)^2 a^2}$$

8 f

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/8*(8*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(
a*b + b^2)))*b^3/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^3) - (3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*(f*x + e)
/a^3 - (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 4*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a*tan(f*x + e) - 4*b*t
an(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2*a^2))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1114, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```

((tan(e + f*x)*(5*a - 4*b))/(8*a^2) + (tan(e + f*x)^3*(3*a - 4*b))/(8*a^2)
)/(f*(2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4 + 1)) - (atan((((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
)*((tan(e + f*x)*(128*b^7 - 64*a*b^6 + 64*a^2*b^5 - 24*a^3*b^4 + 9*a^4*b^3)
)/(64*a^4) - ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^4 - (a^7*b^3)/2 + (3*a^8*b^2)
/2)/(2*a^6) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^3 + 256*a^7*b^2)*(-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
)/(128*a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))))/(2*(a^3*b + a^4)))*i)/(a^3*b + a^4) + ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
*((tan(e + f*x)*(128*b^7 - 64*a*b^6 + 64*a^2*b^5 - 24*a^3*b^4 + 9*a^4*b^3)
)/(64*a^4) + ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^4 - (a^7*b^3)/2 + (3*a^8*b^2)
/2)/(2*a^6) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^3 + 256*a^7*b^2)*(-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
)/(128*a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))))/(2*(a^3*b + a^4)))*i)/(a^3*b + a^4)
)/(((5*a*b^7)/4 - b^8 - (3*a^2*b^6)/4 + (9*a^3*b^5)/32)/a^6 + ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
*((tan(e + f*x)*(128*b^7 - 64*a*b^6 + 64*a^2*b^5 - 24*a^3*b^4 + 9*a^4*b^3)
)/(64*a^4) - ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^4 - (a^7*b^3)/2 + (3*a^8*b^2)
/2)/(2*a^6) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^3 + 256*a^7*b^2)*(-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
)/(128*a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))))/(2*(a^3*b + a^4)))/(a^3*b + a^4) - ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
*((tan(e + f*x)*(128*b^7 - 64*a*b^6 + 64*a^2*b^5 - 24*a^3*b^4 + 9*a^4*b^3)
)/(64*a^4) + ((-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^4 - (a^7*b^3)/2 + (3*a^8*b^2)
/2)/(2*a^6) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^3 + 256*a^7*b^2)*(-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)
)/(128*a^4*(a^3*b + a^4)))))/(2*(a^3*b + a^4)))/(a^3*b + a^4)))*(-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)*i)/(f*(a^3*b + a^4)) - (a...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2 - 8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2 - 2 \cos(fx + e)}{1}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 3*a**3*e + 3*a**3*f*x - a**2*b*e - a**2*b*f*x + 4*a*b**2*e + 4*a*b**2*f*x + 8*b**3*e + 8*b**3*f*x)/(8*a**3*f*(a + b))
```

3.192 $\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1643
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1644
Rubi [A] (verified)	1644
Maple [A] (verified)	1648
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1649
Sympy [F(-1)]	1649
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1650
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1650
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1651
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1652

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3)x}{16a^4} + \frac{b^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{a+bf}}$$

$$+ \frac{(5a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{16a^3 f}$$

$$+ \frac{(5a - 6b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{6af}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3-6*a^2*b+8*a*b^2-16*b^3)*x/a^4+b^(7/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+1/16*(5*a^2-6*a*b+8*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f+1/24*(5*a-6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{12(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3)(e + fx) + \frac{192b^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} + 3a(15a^2 - 16ab + 16b^2) \sin(2(e + fx))}{192a^4 f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(12*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - 16*b^3)*(e + f*x) + (192*b^(7/2)*ArcTan[
Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b])/Sqrt[a + b] + 3*a*(15*a^2 - 16*a*b + 1
6*b^2)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^2*(3*a - 2*b)*Sin[4*(e + f*x)] + a^3*Ssin[6*(
e + f*x)])/(192*a^4*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 27, 402, 25, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{5b \tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{6a}}$$

f
↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{5b \tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 402

$$\frac{\frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(5a^2-ba+2b^2+(5a-6b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{5a^2-ba+2b^2+(5a-6b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{6a} + \frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 402

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{(5a^2-6ab+8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{5a^3-ba^2+2b^2a-8b^3+b(5a^2-6ba+8b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \right)}{4a}}{6a} + \frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 25

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{5a^3-ba^2+2b^2a-8b^3+b(5a^2-6ba+8b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{(5a^2-6ab+8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a}}{6a} + \frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 397

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{16b^4 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(5a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{16b^4 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{2a} + \frac{(5a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} + \frac{16b^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(5a-6b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3) + (((5*a - 6*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/((4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(((5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - 16*b^3)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]/a + (16*b^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a) + ((5*a^2 - 6*a*b + 8*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*a))/(6*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-b})*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{b}*c + 2*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + \text{d}*b*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*e - \text{c}*f)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}*(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-b}*e - \text{a}*f)*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(\text{a}^2*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(p + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}^2*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f) + \text{e}^2*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(p + 1) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{3}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (ab^2 + \frac{5}{8}a^3 - a^2b) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2 + \frac{11}{16}a^3\right) \tan(fx+e)}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^3} \frac{f}{a^4}$
default	$\frac{b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{\left(\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{3}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (ab^2 + \frac{5}{8}a^3 - a^2b) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{5}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2 + \frac{11}{16}a^3\right) \tan(fx+e)}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^3} \frac{f}{a^4}$
risch	$\frac{5x}{16a} - \frac{3xb}{8a^2} + \frac{xb^2}{2a^3} - \frac{xb^3}{a^4} - \frac{15ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{128af} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b^2}{8a^3f} + \frac{15ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{128af} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{8a^2f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(b^4/a^4/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+1/a^4*((5/16*a^3-3/8*a^2*b+1/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5+(a*b^2+5/6*a^3-a^2*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-5/8*a^2*b+1/2*a*b^2+11/16*a^3)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^3+1/16*(5*a^3-6*a^2*b+8*a*b^2-16*b^3)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 - 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}}}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right) - 3(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3)fx - (8a^3 \cos(fx+e) - 8a^2b \sin(fx+e))}{48a^4f}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/48*(12*b^3*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 -
2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 -
(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos
s(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 3*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2
- 16*b^3)*f*x + (8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^
3 + 3*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f), -1/
48*(24*b^3*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(
b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 3*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 -
16*b^3)*f*x - (8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3
+ 3*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^4}} + \frac{3(5a^2 - 6ab + 8b^2) \tan(fx+e)^5 + 8(5a^2 - 6ab + 6b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(11a^2 - 10ab + 8b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{a^3 \tan(fx+e)^6 + 3a^3 \tan(fx+e)^4 + 3a^3 \tan(fx+e)^2 + a^3} + \frac{3(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3)(fx+e)}{48f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(48*b^4*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^4) + (3*(5*a^2 - 6*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 8*(5*a^2 - 6*a*b + 6*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a^2 - 10*a*b + 8*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^3*tan(f*x + e)^6 + 3*a^3*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^3*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^3) + 3*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - 16*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 \left(\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) b^4}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^4} + \frac{3(5a^3 - 6a^2b + 8ab^2 - 16b^3)(fx+e)}{a^4} + \frac{15a^2 \tan(fx+e)^5 - 18ab \tan(fx+e)^5 + 24b^2 \tan(fx+e)^5}{48f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/48*(48*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt
(a*b + b^2)))*b^4/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^4) + 3*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2 - 1
6*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^4 + (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 18*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 24
*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 48*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 48*b
^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 33*a^2*tan(f*x + e) - 30*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 24*b^2*tan
(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3*a^3))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1979, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.14

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)*(11*a^2 - 10*a*b + 8*b^2))/(16*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)^3*(5*a^
2 - 6*a*b + 6*b^2))/(6*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)^5*(5*a^2 - 6*a*b + 8*b^2))/(16
*a^3))/(f*(3*tan(e + f*x)^2 + 3*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^6 + 1)) + (a
tan(((((((2*a^8*b^5 - (a^9*b^4)/2 + (a^10*b^3)/4 - (5*a^11*b^2)/4)/a^9 - (
tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^8*b^3 + 1024*a^9*b^2)*(a*b^2*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i -
b^3*16i))/(4096*a^10))*(a*b^2*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i - b^3*16i))/(32*a^4)
- (tan(e + f*x)*(512*b^9 - 256*a*b^8 + 256*a^2*b^7 - 256*a^3*b^6 + 116*a^
4*b^5 - 60*a^5*b^4 + 25*a^6*b^3))/(128*a^6))*(a*b^2*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i
- b^3*16i)*1i)/(32*a^4) - ((((((2*a^8*b^5 - (a^9*b^4)/2 + (a^10*b^3)/4 - (
5*a^11*b^2)/4)/a^9 + (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^8*b^3 + 1024*a^9*b^2)*(a*b^2*8i
- a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i - b^3*16i))/(4096*a^10))*(a*b^2*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5
i - b^3*16i))/(32*a^4) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*b^9 - 256*a*b^8 + 256*a^2*b^7
- 256*a^3*b^6 + 116*a^4*b^5 - 60*a^5*b^4 + 25*a^6*b^3))/(128*a^6))*(a*b^2*
8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i - b^3*16i)*1i)/(32*a^4))/(((((((2*a^8*b^5 - (a^9*b^4
)/2 + (a^10*b^3)/4 - (5*a^11*b^2)/4)/a^9 - (tan(e + f*x)*(2048*a^8*b^3 + 1
024*a^9*b^2)*(a*b^2*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i - b^3*16i))/(4096*a^10))*(a*b^2
*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i - b^3*16i))/(32*a^4) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*b^9 - 25
6*a*b^8 + 256*a^2*b^7 - 256*a^3*b^6 + 116*a^4*b^5 - 60*a^5*b^4 + 25*a^6*b^
3))/(128*a^6))*(a*b^2*8i - a^2*b*6i + a^3*5i - b^3*16i))/(32*a^4) - ((5*a*
b^10)/4 - b^11 - (11*a^2*b^9)/8 + (29*a^3*b^8)/32 - (15*a^4*b^7)/32 + (...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 + 48\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 + 8 \cos(fx + e)}{}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output

```
(48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*b**3 + 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sq
rt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4 + 8*cos(e + f*x
)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b - 26*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4 - 14*cos(e
 + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b + 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2
 + 33*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**4 + 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b
 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**2 + 24*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b
**3 + 15*a**4*e + 15*a**4*f*x - 3*a**3*b*e - 3*a**3*b*f*x + 6*a**2*b**2*e
 + 6*a**2*b**2*f*x - 24*a*b**3*e - 24*a*b**3*f*x - 48*b**4*e - 48*b**4*f*x)
/(48*a**4*f*(a + b))
```

3.193 $\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1653
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1653
Rubi [A] (verified)	1654
Maple [A] (verified)	1657
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1657
Sympy [F]	1658
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1658
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1659
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1659
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1660

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b^2 f} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(2a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2b^2(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output `arctanh(sin(f*x+e))/b^2/f-1/2*a^(1/2)*(2*a+3*b)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^2/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-1/2*a*sin(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 980, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.61

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*sec[e + f*x]^3*((-2*I)*a*(2*a + 3*b)*ArcTan[
(2*sin[e]*(I*a + I*b + I*(a + b)*cos[2*e] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*cos[f*x]
*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*cos[2*e + f*x]*Sqrt[(Co
s[e] - I*sin[e])^2] + a*sin[2*e] + b*sin[2*e] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt
[(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]*sin[f*x] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*
sin[e])^2]*sin[2*e + f*x]))/(I*(a + 3*b)*cos[e] + I*(a + b)*cos[3*e] + I*a
*cos[e + 2*f*x] + I*a*cos[3*e + 2*f*x] + 3*a*sin[e] + b*sin[e] + a*sin[3*e
] + b*sin[3*e] + a*sin[e + 2*f*x] - a*sin[3*e + 2*f*x]))*(a + 2*b + a*cos[
2*(e + f*x)]*sec[e + f*x]*(cos[e] - I*sin[e]) - a*(2*a + 3*b)*(a + 2*b +
a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]*log[a + 2*(a + b)*cos[2*e] - a*cos[2*(e + f*x)] - (2*I
)*a*sin[2*e] - (2*I)*b*sin[2*e] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*S
in[e])^2]*sin[f*x] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]*sin
[2*e + f*x]]*sec[e + f*x]*(cos[e] - I*sin[e]) + a*(2*a + 3*b)*(a + 2*b + a
*cos[2*(e + f*x)]*log[-a - 2*(a + b)*cos[2*e] + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)] + (2*I
)*a*sin[2*e] + (2*I)*b*sin[2*e] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*S
in[e])^2]*sin[f*x] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2]*sin
[2*e + f*x]]*sec[e + f*x]*(cos[e] - I*sin[e]) - 8*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(3/2)*(a
+ 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]*log[cos[(e + f*x)/2] - sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*sec[
e + f*x]*Sqrt[(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^2] + 8*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(3/2)*(a + 2*b +
a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]*log[cos[(e + f*x)/2] + sin[(e + f*x)/2]]*sec[e + f*...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 316, 25, 397, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 4635

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+2b}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)} - \frac{a\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+2b}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)} - \frac{a\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{2(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a(2a+3b) \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2(a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{a(2a+3b) \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2(a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(2a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{a\sin(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((((2*(a + b)*ArcTanh[Sin[e + f*x]])/b - (Sqrt[a]*(2*a + 3*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(b*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*b*(a + b)) - (a*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*b*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a}) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_} / (2 * \text{a}_ * (\text{p}_ + 1) * (\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{d}_)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a}_ * (\text{p}_ + 1) * (\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{d}_)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a}_ + \text{b}_ * \text{x}_^2)^{\text{p}_ + 1} * (\text{c}_ + \text{d}_ * \text{x}_^2)^{\text{q}_} * \text{Simp}[\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ + 2 * (\text{p}_ + 1) * (\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{d}_) + \text{d}_ * \text{b}_ * (2 * (\text{p}_ + \text{q}_ + 2) + 1) * \text{x}_^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{d}_, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}_, -1] \ \&\& \ (! \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}_] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}_] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}_, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}_, \text{q}_, \text{x}]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^2] / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2) * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}_ * \text{e}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{f}_) / (\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{d}_) \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{a}_ + \text{b}_ * \text{x}_^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}_ * \text{e}_ - \text{c}_ * \text{f}_) / (\text{b}_ * \text{c}_ - \text{a}_ * \text{d}_) \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{c}_ + \text{d}_ * \text{x}_^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4635 $\text{Int}[\text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * \text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[\text{e} + \text{f}_ * \text{x}], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/\text{f} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[\text{b} + \text{a}_ * (1 - \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}_^2)^{\text{n}/2}, \text{x}]^{\text{p}} / (1 - \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}_^2)^{(\text{m} + \text{n}_ * \text{p}_ + 1)/2}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sin}[\text{e} + \text{f}_ * \text{x}]/\text{ff}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left(\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{(2a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{2b^2} + \frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{2b^2}}$
default	$\frac{a \left(\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{(2a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{2b^2} + \frac{\ln(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{2b^2}}$
risch	$\frac{ia(e^{3i(fx+e)}-e^{i(fx+e)})}{b(a+b)f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+i)}{b^2f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-i)}{b^2f} + \frac{\sqrt{a(a+b)} \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)})}{2b^2}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/b^2*a*(1/2/(a+b)*b*sin(f*x+e)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*(2*a+3*b)/(a+b)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))-1/2/b^2*ln(sin(f*x+e)-1)+1/2/b^2*ln(sin(f*x+e)+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e) - ((2a^2+3ab) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2ab+3b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2(a+b)\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}} \sin(fx+e)}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) - 4((a+b) \sin(fx+e) \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+b}})}{4((a+b) \cos(fx+e)^2 + b)}$$

$$\frac{ab \sin(fx+e) - ((2a^2+3ab) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2ab+3b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a+b}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{a+b}} \sin(fx+e)\right) - 2((a^2b^2+ab^3) \cos(fx+e) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a+b}})}{2((a^2b^2+ab^3) \cos(fx+e) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{a+b}})}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*(2*a*b*sin(f*x + e) - ((2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a/(a + b))*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a + b)*sqrt(a/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1))/((a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^3 + b^4)*f), -1/2*(a*b*sin(f*x + e) - ((2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a/(a + b))*arctan(sqrt(-a/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e)) - ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e) + 1) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*log(-sin(f*x + e) + 1))/((a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^3 + b^4)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a+3b)a \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} - \frac{2a \sin(fx+e)}{a^2b+2ab^2+b^3-(a^2b+ab^2) \sin(fx+e)^2} + \frac{2 \log(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{b^2} - \frac{2 \log(\sin(fx+e)-1)}{b^2}$$

$4f$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*((2*a + 3*b)*a*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e)
+ sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) - 2*a*sin(f*x + e)/(a^
2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3 - (a^2*b + a*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^2) + 2*log(sin(f*x + e)
+ 1)/b^2 - 2*log(sin(f*x + e) - 1)/b^2)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a^2 + 3ab) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}}\right)}{(ab^2 + b^3)\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}} + \frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)(ab + b^2)} + \frac{\log(|\sin(fx+e)+1|)}{b^2} - \frac{\log(|\sin(fx+e)-1|)}{b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*((2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a*b^2 + b^3)
)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) + a*sin(f*x + e)/((a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*(a*b + b^
2)) + log(abs(sin(f*x + e) + 1))/b^2 - log(abs(sin(f*x + e) - 1))/b^2)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2039, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.99

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)
```

output

```
(atan((((4*a^2*b^6 + 6*a^3*b^5 + 2*a^4*b^4)/(2*(2*a*b^4 + b^5 + a^2*b^3))
) - (sin(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^7 + 64*a^3*b^6 + 80*a^4*b^5 + 32*a^5*b^4))/(8*
b^2*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)))*1i)/(2*b^2) + (sin(e + f*x)*(20*a^4*b + 8*
a^5 + 13*a^3*b^2)*1i)/(4*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)))/b^2 - (((4*a^2*b^6 +
6*a^3*b^5 + 2*a^4*b^4)/(2*(2*a*b^4 + b^5 + a^2*b^3)) + (sin(e + f*x)*(16*
a^2*b^7 + 64*a^3*b^6 + 80*a^4*b^5 + 32*a^5*b^4))/(8*b^2*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a
^2*b^2)))*1i)/(2*b^2) - (sin(e + f*x)*(20*a^4*b + 8*a^5 + 13*a^3*b^2)*1i)/
(4*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)))/b^2)/((((4*a^2*b^6 + 6*a^3*b^5 + 2*a^4*b^4)
/(2*(2*a*b^4 + b^5 + a^2*b^3)) - (sin(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^7 + 64*a^3*b^6 +
80*a^4*b^5 + 32*a^5*b^4))/(8*b^2*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)))/(2*b^2) + (si
n(e + f*x)*(20*a^4*b + 8*a^5 + 13*a^3*b^2))/(4*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2))
)/b^2 + (((4*a^2*b^6 + 6*a^3*b^5 + 2*a^4*b^4)/(2*(2*a*b^4 + b^5 + a^2*b^3))
+ (sin(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^7 + 64*a^3*b^6 + 80*a^4*b^5 + 32*a^5*b^4))/(8*b
^2*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)))/(2*b^2) - (sin(e + f*x)*(20*a^4*b + 8*a^5 +
13*a^3*b^2))/(4*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)))/b^2 - ((3*a^3*b)/2 + a^4)/(2*
a*b^4 + b^5 + a^2*b^3))*1i)/(b^2*f) - (atan((((sin(e + f*x)*(20*a^4*b +
8*a^5 + 13*a^3*b^2))/(2*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)) + ((a*(a + b)^3)^(1/2)*
((4*a^2*b^6 + 6*a^3*b^5 + 2*a^4*b^4)/(2*a*b^4 + b^5 + a^2*b^3)) - (sin(e +
f*x)*(a*(a + b)^3)^(1/2)*(2*a + 3*b)*(16*a^2*b^7 + 64*a^3*b^6 + 80*a^4*b^5
+ 32*a^5*b^4))/(8*(2*a*b^3 + b^4 + a^2*b^2)*(3*a*b^4 + b^5 + 3*a^2*b^3...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.62

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) -
2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*
log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)
)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 - 5*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*t
an((e + f*x)/2))*a*b - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)
/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a
+ b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x
)**2*a*b + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqr
t(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sq
rt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*
a*b + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a +
b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*a**3 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 4*l
og(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) -
1)*a**3 + 12*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a**2*b + 12*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) -
1)*a*b**2 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**3 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) ...
```

3.194
$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1662
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1662
Rubi [A] (verified)	1663
Maple [A] (verified)	1664
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1665
Sympy [F]	1665
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1667
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

$1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}(a^{(1/2)}*\sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f+1/2*\sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*\sin(f*x+e)^2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))} \cdot \frac{1}{2f}$$

input

`Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$(\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*(a + b)^{(3/2)}) + (2*\operatorname{Sin}[e + f*x])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*\operatorname{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])))/(2*f)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot p + 3) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}\{4 \cdot p\} \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}\{6 \cdot p\})$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}\{a/b\}$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_ , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}\{u, x\}$

rule 4635 $\text{Int}[\text{sec}[e_ . + (f_ \cdot)(x_)]^{\{m_ .\}} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(n_ .)})^{\{p_ .\}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[b + a \cdot (1 - ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(n/2)}, x]^p / (1 - ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{(m + n \cdot p + 1)/2}, x], x, \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{(m - 1)/2\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{n/2\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{p\}$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{\arctanh\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{\arctanh\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(e^{3i(fx+e)} - e^{i(fx+e)})}{f(a+b)(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1\right)}{4\sqrt{a^2+ab}(a+b)f} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i}{4\sqrt{a^2+ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a^2+ab}}$

input $\text{int}(\text{sec}(f \cdot x + e)^3 / (a + b \cdot \text{sec}(f \cdot x + e)^2)^2, x, \text{method} = _RETURNVERBOSE)$

output `1/f*(-1/2*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/2/(a+b)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(a \cos^2(fx+e) + b) \sqrt{a^2 + ab} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) - 2\sqrt{a^2 + ab} \sin(fx+e) - 2a - b}{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}\right) + 2(a^2 + ab) \sin(fx+e)}{4((a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)f \cos^2(fx+e) + (a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(a \cos^2(fx+e) + b) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \sin(fx+e)}{a+b}\right) - (a^2 + ab) \sin(fx+e)}{2((a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)f \cos^2(fx+e) + (a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f), -1/2*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) - (a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{2 \sin(fx+e)}{(a^2+ab) \sin(fx+e)^2 - a^2 - 2ab - b^2} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)a(a+b)}} \frac{1}{4f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*sin(f*x + e)/((a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2) + log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/sqrt((a + b)*a)*(a + b))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(fx+e)}{(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)(a+b)} \frac{1}{2f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*(a + b)) + sin(f*x + e)/((a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*(a + b)))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{2f(a + b)(-a \sin(e + fx)^2 + a + b)} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}f(a + b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`output `sin(e + f*x)/(2*f*(a + b)*(a + b - a*sin(e + f*x)^2)) + atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))/(2*a^(1/2)*f*(a + b)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b} \log\left(\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a+b} - 2\sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b} \log\left(\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a+b} - 2\sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(
sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2)
)*a + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)
**2*a - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a +
b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*
tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b - 2*sin(
e + f*x)*a**2 - 2*sin(e + f*x)*a*b)/(4*a*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 -
b**3))
```

3.195 $\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1669
Rubi [A] (verified)	1670
Maple [A] (verified)	1671
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1672
Sympy [F]	1673
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1674
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1674

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(2a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output `1/2*(2*a+b)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-1/2*b*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(2a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ab}\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b)(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\left(\frac{((2a + b) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}])}{(a + b)^{3/2}} - \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{a} b \sin(e + fx)}{(a + b)(a + 2b + a \cos[2(e + fx)])} \right) \right) / (2a^{3/2} f)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 298, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\ & \int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\ & \frac{(2a + b) \int \frac{1}{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx) - \frac{b \sin(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}}{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{(2a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right) - \frac{b \sin(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sec}[e + fx]/(a + b \text{Sec}[e + fx]^2)^2, x]$$

```
output ((2*a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(2*a^(3/2)*(a + b)^(3/2)) - (b*Ssin[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Ssin[e + f*x]^2)))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 298 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2a(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(2a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2a(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2a(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(2a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2a(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{ib(e^{3i(fx+e)} - e^{i(fx+e)})}{af(a+b)(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}} - 1\right)}{2\sqrt{a^2+ab}(a+b)f} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a^2+ab}}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/2*b/a/(a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(2*a+b)/a/(a+b)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((2a^2+ab)\cos^2(fx+e) + 2ab + b^2 \right) \sqrt{a^2+ab} \log\left(-\frac{a\cos^2(fx+e) - 2\sqrt{a^2+ab}\sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a\cos^2(fx+e)+b} \right) - 2(a^2b+ab^2)}{4\left((a^5+2a^4b+a^3b^2)f\cos^2(fx+e) + (a^4b+2a^3b^2+a^2b^3)f \right)}$$

$$- \frac{\left((2a^2+ab)\cos^2(fx+e) + 2ab + b^2 \right) \sqrt{-a^2-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}\sin(fx+e)}{a+b} \right) + (a^2b+ab^2)\sin(fx+e)}{2\left((a^5+2a^4b+a^3b^2)f\cos^2(fx+e) + (a^4b+2a^3b^2+a^2b^3)f \right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(((2*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f), -1/2*(((2*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (a^2*b + a*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{2b \sin(fx+e)}{a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2 - (a^3 + a^2b) \sin(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(2a+b) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)a(a^2+ab)}}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*b*sin(f*x + e)/(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 + a^2*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2) + (2*a + b)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*(a^2 + a*b)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{(2a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{(a^2+ab)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} - \frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)(a^2+ab)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/2*((2*a + b)*\arctan(a*\sin(f*x + e)/\sqrt{-a^2 - a*b})/((a^2 + a*b)*\sqrt{-a^2 - a*b}) - b*\sin(f*x + e)/((a*\sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*(a^2 + a*b)))/f$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (2a + b)}{2a^{3/2} f (a + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx)}{2af(a + b)(-a \sin(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/(\cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/\cos(e + f*x)^2)^2), x)$$

output

$$(\operatorname{atanh}((a^{1/2}*\sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^{1/2})*(2*a + b))/(2*a^{3/2}*f*(a + b)^{3/2}) - (b*\sin(e + f*x))/(2*a*f*(a + b)*(a + b - a*\sin(e + f*x)^2))$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.02

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^2, x)$$

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)
*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*
x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*
tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/
2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a
+ b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**
2*a*b - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a
+ b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(
a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b
- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) +
2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 2*sin(e + f*x)
*a*b**2)/(4*a**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(
e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.196 $\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1676
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1676
Rubi [A] (verified)	1677
Maple [A] (verified)	1678
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1679
Sympy [F]	1679
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1680
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1680
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1681
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1681

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{b(4a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a^2f} + \frac{b^2 \sin(e+fx)}{2a^2(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

$$-1/2*b*(4*a+3*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}(a^{(1/2)}*\sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f+\sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f+1/2*b^2*\sin(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*\sin(f*x+e)^2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{b(4a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + \sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)\left(2 + \frac{b^2}{(a+b)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}\right)}{2a^{5/2}f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

$$\left(-\left((b(4a + 3b) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin[e + fx]}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right]) / (a + b)^{(3/2)} + \sqrt{a} \sin[e + fx] * (2 + b^2 / ((a + b)(a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2))) \right) \right) / (2 * a^{(5/2)} * f)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\ & \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{300} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{b(2a + b) - 2ab \sin^2(e + fx)}{a^2 (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} \right) d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{-\frac{b(4a + 3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}(a + b)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2 \sin(e + fx)}{2a^2(a + b)(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)} + \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a^2}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2, x]$$

```
output (-1/2*(b*(4*a + 3*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(a^(5/2)
*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Sin[e + f*x]/a^2 + (b^2*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*a^2*(a + b)*(a
+ b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a^2} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{(4a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{a^2}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a^2} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{(4a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{a^2}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}}{2a^2f} + \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{2a^2f} - \frac{ib^2(e^{3i(fx+e)} - e^{i(fx+e)})}{a^2(a+b)f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} - 2i(a+b)e^{i(fx+e)}}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}(a+b)f}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2+ab}(a+b)f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a^2+b/a^2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e))^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{(4a+3b)}{(a+b)} \frac{1}{(a(a+b))^{1/2}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{(a(a+b))^{1/2}} \right) \right) \right)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(4ab^2 + 3b^3 + (4a^2b + 3ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^2) \sqrt{a^2+ab} \log \left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2\sqrt{a^2+ab} \sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b} \right) + 2(2a^3b + 5a^2b^2 + 3ab^3 + 2(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 \sin(fx+e))}{4((a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2) f \cos(fx+e)^2 + (a^5b + 2a^4b^2 + a^3b^3) f)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((4*a*b^2 + 3*b^3 + (4*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(2*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + 2*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f), 1/2*((4*a*b^2 + 3*b^3 + (4*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (2*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + 2*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 \sin(fx+e)}{a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2 - (a^4 + a^3b) \sin(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(4ab + 3b^2) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^3 + a^2b) \sqrt{(a+b)a}} + \frac{4 \sin(fx+e)}{a^2}$$

$$4f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b^2*sin(f*x + e)/(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - (a^4 + a^3*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2) + (4*a*b + 3*b^2)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) + 4*sin(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2 \sin(fx+e)}{(a^3 + a^2b)(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)} - \frac{(4ab + 3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}}\right)}{(a^3 + a^2b) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab}} - \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)}{a^2}$$

$$2f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*sin(f*x + e)/((a^3 + a^2*b)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)) - (4*a*b + 3*b^2)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) - 2*sin(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a^2 f} + \frac{b^2 \sin(e + fx)}{2 f (a + b) (-a^3 \sin(e + fx)^2 + a^3 + b a^2)} - \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right) (4a + 3b)}{2 a^{5/2} f (a + b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `sin(e + f*x)/(a^2*f) + (b^2*sin(e + f*x))/(2*f*(a + b)*(a^2*b + a^3 - a^3*sin(e + f*x)^2)) - (b*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))*(4*a + 3*b))/(2*a^(5/2)*f*(a + b)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) -
2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)
)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f
*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan
((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b - 7*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sq
rt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan
((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 - 4*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt
(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(s
qrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b + 7*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*t
an((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 + 4*sin(e + f*x
)**3*a**4 + 8*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b + 4*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2 - 4*sin
(e + f*x)*a**4 - 12*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b - 14*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**2 - 6*si
n(e + f*x)*a*b**3)/(4*a**3*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**
2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.197 $\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1683
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1683
Rubi [A] (verified)	1684
Maple [A] (verified)	1686
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1686
Sympy [F(-1)]	1687
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1687
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1688
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1688
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1689

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{b^2(6a+5b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{(a-2b)\sin(e+fx)}{a^3f} - \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^2f} - \frac{b^3\sin(e+fx)}{2a^3(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output `1/2*b^2*(6*a+5*b)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+(a-2*b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f-1/3*sin(f*x+e)^3/a^2/f-1/2*b^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{3b^2(6a+5b)(\log(\sqrt{a+b}-\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx))-\log(\sqrt{a+b}+\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)))}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + 3\sqrt{a}\left(3a-8b-\frac{4b^3}{(a+b)(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))}\right)\sin(e+fx)}{12a^{7/2}f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((-3*b^2*(6*a + 5*b)*(Log[Sqrt[a + b] - Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]] - Log[Sqrt[a + b] + Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]]))/(a + b)^(3/2) + 3*Sqrt[a]*(3*a - 8*b - (4*b^3)/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))*Sin[e + f*x] + a^(3/2)*Sin[3*(e + f*x)]/(12*a^(7/2)*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 & \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^3}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \sin(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{300} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a^2} + \frac{a - 2b}{a^3} + \frac{b^2(3a + 2b) - 3ab^2 \sin^2(e + fx)}{a^3(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} \right) d \sin(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b^2(6a + 5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}(a + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^3 \sin(e + fx)}{2a^3(a + b)(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)} + \frac{(a - 2b) \sin(e + fx)}{a^3} - \frac{\sin^3(e + fx)}{3a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((b^2*(6*a + 5*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(2*a^(7/2)*(a + b)^(3/2)) + ((a - 2*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/a^3 - Sin[e + f*x]^3/(3*a^2) - (b^3*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*a^3*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \sin(fx+e)^3 - \sin(fx+e)a + 2 \sin(fx+e)b}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{(6a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{a^3}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \sin(fx+e)^3 - \sin(fx+e)a + 2 \sin(fx+e)b}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{(6a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{a^3}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{3i(fx+e)}}{24a^2f} - \frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} + \frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}b}{a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}b}{a^3f} + \frac{ie^{-3i(fx+e)}}{24a^2f} + \frac{ib^3(e^{i(fx+e)} - e^{-i(fx+e)})}{a^3(a+b)f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \left(-\frac{1}{a^3} \left(\frac{1}{3} a \sin(fx+e)^3 - \sin(fx+e)a + 2 \sin(fx+e)b \right) - \frac{b^2}{a^3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{(a+b)(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{(6a+5b)}{(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right) \right) \right)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(6ab^3 + 5b^4 + (6a^2b^2 + 5ab^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{a^2 + ab} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2+ab} \sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}\right) + 2 \dots}{12((a^7 + 2a^6b + \dots))} + \frac{3(6ab^3 + 5b^4 + (6a^2b^2 + 5ab^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2-ab} \sin(fx+e)}{a+b}\right) - (4a^4b - 4a^3b^2) \dots}{6((a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)f)}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*(6*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + (6*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(4*a^4*b - 4*a^3*b^2 - 23*a^2*b^3 - 15*a*b^4 + 2*(a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(2*a^5 - a^4*b - 8*a^3*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f), -1/6*(3*(6*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + (6*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) - (4*a^4*b - 4*a^3*b^2 - 23*a^2*b^3 - 15*a*b^4 + 2*(a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(2*a^5 - a^4*b - 8*a^3*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{6b^3 \sin(fx+e)}{a^5+2a^4b+a^3b^2-(a^5+a^4b)\sin(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3(6ab^2+5b^3) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)-\sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e)+\sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^4+a^3b)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} + \frac{4(a \sin(fx+e)^3-3(a-2b)\sin(fx+e))}{a^3}}{12f}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
-1/12*(6*b^3*sin(f*x + e)/(a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2 - (a^5 + a^4*b)*sin(f*x
+ e)^2) + 3*(6*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*s
in(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) + 4*(a*sin
(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a - 2*b)*sin(f*x + e))/a^3)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^3 \sin(fx+e)}{(a^4+a^3b)(a \sin(fx+e)^2-a-b)} - \frac{3(6ab^2+5b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{(a^4+a^3b)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} - \frac{2(a^4 \sin(fx+e)^3 - 3a^4 \sin(fx+e) + 6a^3b \sin(fx+e))}{a^6}$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{6f}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*(3*b^3*sin(f*x + e)/((a^4 + a^3*b)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)) - 3*(6*
a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*sqrt
(-a^2 - a*b)) - 2*(a^4*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^4*sin(f*x + e) + 6*a^3*b*sin(f
*x + e))/a^6)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (6a + 5b)}{2a^{7/2} f (a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3}{3a^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{b^3 \sin(e + fx)}{2f(a+b)(-a^4 \sin(e + fx)^2 + a^4 + ba^3)}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{2(a+b)}{a^3} - \frac{3}{a^2}\right)}{f}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(b^2*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))*(6*a + 5*b))/(2*a^(7/2)*f
*(a + b)^(3/2)) - sin(e + f*x)^3/(3*a^2*f) - (b^3*sin(e + f*x))/(2*f*(a +
b)*(a^3*b + a^4 - a^4*sin(e + f*x)^2)) - (sin(e + f*x)*((2*(a + b))/a^3 -
3/a^2))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a +
b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2
*b**2 + 33*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(
a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**3 + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(s
qrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))
*b**4 + 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(
a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 15*sqrt(a
)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a
)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sq
rt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*
a**2*b**2 - 33*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + s
qrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*l
og(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)
/2))*b**4 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**5 - 8*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b - 4*sin(e +
f*x)**5*a**3*b**2 + 16*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**5 + 12*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4*b -
24*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b**2 - 20*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**3 - 12*sin(e + f
*x)*a**5 - 12*sin(e + f*x)*a**4*b + 36*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b**2 + 66*sin(...
```

3.198 $\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1690
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1691
Rubi [A] (verified)	1691
Maple [A] (verified)	1693
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1693
Sympy [F(-1)]	1694
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1694
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1695
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1696
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1696

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{b^3(8a+7b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^{9/2}(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{(a^2-2ab+3b^2)\sin(e+fx)}{a^4f} - \frac{2(a-b)\sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^3f} + \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{5a^2f} + \frac{b^4\sin(e+fx)}{2a^4(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-1/2*b^3*(8*a+7*b)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+(a^2-2*a*b+3*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a^4/f-2/3*(a-b)*sin(f*x+e)^3/a^3/f+1/5*sin(f*x+e)^5/a^2/f+1/2*b^4*sin(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{60b^3(8a+7b)(\log(\sqrt{a+b}-\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx))-\log(\sqrt{a+b}+\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)))}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + 30\sqrt{a}\left(5a^2 - 12ab + 8b^2\left(3 + \frac{b^2}{(a+b)(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))}\right)\right)$$

$$240a^{9/2}f$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((60*b^3*(8*a + 7*b)*(Log[Sqrt[a + b] - Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]] - Log[Sqrt[a + b] + Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]]))/(a + b)^(3/2) + 30*Sqrt[a]*(5*a^2 - 12*a*b + 8*b^2*(3 + b^2/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))))*Sin[e + f*x] + 5*a^(3/2)*(5*a - 8*b)*Sin[3*(e + f*x)] + 3*a^(5/2)*Sin[5*(e + f*x)]/(240*a^(9/2)*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4635$$

$$\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\sin(e+fx)$$

$$f$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{a^2} - \frac{2(a-b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{a^3} + \frac{a^2-2ba+3b^2}{a^4} - \frac{b^3(4a+3b)-4ab^3\sin^2(e+fx)}{a^4(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \right) d\sin(e+fx)$$

↓ 300

f

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^3(8a+7b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^{9/2}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^4\sin(e+fx)}{2a^4(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} - \frac{2(a-b)\sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^3} + \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{5a^2} + \frac{(a^2-2ab+3b^2)\sin(e+fx)}{a^4}$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-1/2*(b^3*(8*a + 7*b)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\sin[e + f*x])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b]])/(a^{(9/2)*(a + b)^{(3/2)})} + ((a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*\sin[e + f*x])/a^4 - (2*(a - b)*\sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*a^3) + \sin[e + f*x]^5/(5*a^2) + (b^4*\sin[e + f*x])/(2*a^4*(a + b)*(a + b - a*\sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 \sin^5(fx+e)}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \frac{2ab \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \sin(fx+e)a^2 - 2 \sin(fx+e)ab + 3 \sin(fx+e)b^2}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \left(-\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 \sin^5(fx+e)}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \frac{2ab \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + \sin(fx+e)a^2 - 2 \sin(fx+e)ab + 3 \sin(fx+e)b^2}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \left(-\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{2(a+b)} \right)}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{5ie^{3i(fx+e)}}{96a^2f} + \frac{5ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{16a^2f} + \frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}b}{4a^3f} + \frac{5ie^{-3i(fx+e)}}{96a^2f} - \frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}b^2}{2fa^4} - \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}b}{4a^3f} - \frac{ie^{-3i(fx+e)}b}{12a^3f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^4*(1/5*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^5-2/3*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^3+2/3*a*b*sin(f*x+e)^3+sin(f*x+e)*a^2-2*sin(f*x+e)*a*b+3*sin(f*x+e)*b^2)+b^3/a^4*(-1/2/(a+b)*b*sin(f*x+e)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*(8*a+7*b)/(a+b)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15(8ab^4 + 7b^5 + (8a^2b^3 + 7ab^4) \cos^2(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{a^2 + ab} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + 2\sqrt{a^2+ab} \sin(fx+e) - 2a-b}{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}\right) + 2}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/60*(15*(8*a*b^4 + 7*b^5 + (8*a^2*b^3 + 7*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(6*(a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 16*a^5*b - 8*a^4*b^2 + 26*a^3*b^3 + 155*a^2*b^4 + 105*a*b^5 + 2*(4*a^6 + a^5*b - 10*a^4*b^2 - 7*a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(8*a^6 + 11*a^4*b^2 + 54*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^7*b + 2*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f), 1/30*(15*(8*a*b^4 + 7*b^5 + (8*a^2*b^3 + 7*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (6*(a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 16*a^5*b - 8*a^4*b^2 + 26*a^3*b^3 + 155*a^2*b^4 + 105*a*b^5 + 2*(4*a^6 + a^5*b - 10*a^4*b^2 - 7*a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(8*a^6 + 11*a^4*b^2 + 54*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^7*b + 2*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{30b^4 \sin(fx+e)}{a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2 - (a^6 + a^5b) \sin(fx+e)^2} + \frac{15(8ab^3 + 7b^4) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^5 + a^4b) \sqrt{(a+b)a}} + \frac{4(3a^2 \sin(fx+e)^5 - 10(a^2 - ab) \sin(fx+e)^3 + 15(a^2 - ab) \sin(fx+e))}{a^4}$$

60 f

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/60*(30*b^4*sin(f*x + e)/(a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2 - (a^6 + a^5*b)*sin(f*x
+ e)^2) + 15*(8*a*b^3 + 7*b^4)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*
sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) + 4*(3*a^
2*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2
)*sin(f*x + e))/a^4)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{15b^4 \sin(fx+e)}{(a^5+a^4b)(a \sin(fx+e)^2-a-b)} - \frac{15(8ab^3+7b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{(a^5+a^4b)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} - \frac{2(3a^8 \sin(fx+e)^5 - 10a^8 \sin(fx+e)^3 + 10a^7b \sin(fx+e)^3 + 15a^6b^2 \sin(fx+e))}{a^{10}}$$

$30f$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/30*(15*b^4*sin(f*x + e)/((a^5 + a^4*b)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)) - 15
*(8*a*b^3 + 7*b^4)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*
sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) - 2*(3*a^8*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a^8*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 10*a
^7*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^8*sin(f*x + e) - 30*a^7*b*sin(f*x + e) + 45*a^6
*b^2*sin(f*x + e))/a^10)/f
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(e + fx)^5}{5a^2 f} + \frac{\sin(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{2(a+b)}{3a^3} - \frac{4}{3a^2} \right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{\sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{6}{a^2} - \frac{(a+b)^2}{a^4} + \frac{2(a+b) \left(\frac{2(a+b)}{3a^3} - \frac{4}{3a^2} \right)}{a} \right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4 \sin(e + fx)}{2f(a+b)(-a^5 \sin(e + fx)^2 + a^5 + b a^4)}$$

$$- \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (8a + 7b)}{2a^{9/2} f (a + b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `sin(e + f*x)^5/(5*a^2*f) + (sin(e + f*x)^3*((2*(a + b))/(3*a^3) - 4/(3*a^2)))/f + (sin(e + f*x)*(6/a^2 - (a + b)^2/a^4 + (2*(a + b))*((2*(a + b))/a^3 - 4/a^2))/a)/f + (b^4*sin(e + f*x))/(2*f*(a + b)*(a^4*b + a^5 - a^5*sin(e + f*x)^2)) - (b^3*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))*(8*a + 7*b))/(2*a^(9/2)*f*(a + b)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 805, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(120*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*sq
r
t(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan
((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4 - 120*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2
*b**3 - 225*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt
(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**4 - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log
(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2
))*b**5 - 120*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sq
r
t(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 - 105*sq
r
t(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sq
r
t(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4 + 120*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*l
o
g(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)
/2))*a**2*b**3 + 225*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)*
*2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**4 + 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a
+ b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2))*b**5 + 12*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**6 + 24*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**5*b + 1
2*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4*b**2 - 52*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**6 - 76*sin(e + f*x)**5
*a**5*b + 4*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b**2 + 28*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b**3 + 100
*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**6 + 80*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**5*b + 160*sin(e + f*x)**3...
```

3.199
$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1698
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1698
Rubi [A] (verified)	1699
Maple [A] (verified)	1701
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1701
Sympy [F]	1702
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1702
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1703
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1703
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1704

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{a(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b^2f} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e+fx)}{2b^2(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output `-1/2*a*(3*a+4*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+tan(f*x+e)/b^2/f+1/2*a^2*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(\frac{a(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}} \right) (a+2b+)$$

$8b^2 f(a$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*((a*(3*a + 4*b)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sec}[f*x]*(\text{Cos}[2*e] - \text{I}*\text{Sin}[2*e))*(-(a + 2*b)*\text{Sin}[f*x]) + a*\text{Sin}[2*e + f*x]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[b*(\text{Cos}[e] - \text{I}*\text{Sin}[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(\text{Cos}[2*e] - \text{I}*\text{Sin}[2*e]))/((a + b)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[b*(\text{Cos}[e] - \text{I}*\text{Sin}[e])^4]) + 2*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]*\text{Sin}[f*x] + (a*(-((a + 2*b)*\text{Sin}[2*e]) + a*\text{Sin}[2*f*x]))/(a + b)*(\text{Cos}[e] - \text{Sin}[e])*(\text{Cos}[e] + \text{Sin}[e]))))/(8*b^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^6}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4634 \\ & \int \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 300 \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{b^2} - \frac{2ab \tan^2(e + fx) + a(a + 2b)}{b^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \tan(e+fx)}{2b^2(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{a(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b^2}$$

f

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(-1/2*(a*(3*a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(b^(5/2)*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Tan[e + f*x]/b^2 + (a^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*b^2*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left(-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{a \left(-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b^2}$
risch	$\frac{i(3a^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+4abe^{4i(fx+e)}+6a^2e^{2i(fx+e)}+14abe^{2i(fx+e)}+8b^2e^{2i(fx+e)}+3a^2+2ab)}{(a+b)b^2 f (ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} - \frac{3a^2 \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2iba+}{4\sqrt{-ab}}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/b^2*a*(-1/2*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a+4*b)/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))+tan(f*x+e)/b^2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{((3a^3+4a^2b) \cos(fx+e)^3 + (3a^2b+4ab^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-ab-b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3a^2+2ab) \cos(fx+e) + 2b^2}{8((a^3b^3+2a^2b^4))}\right)}{8((a^3b^3+2a^2b^4))} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(((3*a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))
)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b +
4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqr
t(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + b^2)) - 4*(2*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + 2*b^4 + (3*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b
^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^3*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*f*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + (a^2*b^4 + 2*a*b^5 + b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/4*(((3*a^3 + 4*a^2*
b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arct
an(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*
x + e))) + 2*(2*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + 2*b^4 + (3*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3
)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^3*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*f*cos(f*x +
e)^3 + (a^2*b^4 + 2*a*b^5 + b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e)}{a^2 b^2 + 2 a b^3 + b^4 + (a b^3 + b^4) \tan(fx+e)^2} - \frac{(3 a^2 + 4 a b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a b^2 + b^3) \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{2 \tan(fx+e)}{b^2}}{2 f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{(a^2 b^2 + 2ab^3 + b^4 + (ab^3 + b^4) \tan(fx + e)^2)} - \frac{(3a^2 + 4ab) \arctan(b \tan(fx + e) / \sqrt{(a+b)b})}{(a^2 b^2 + b^3) \sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{2 \tan(fx + e)}{b^2} / f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(ab^2+b^3)(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)} - \left(\frac{\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) (3a^2+4ab)}{(ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{2 \tan(fx+e)}{b^2}}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{(a^2 b^2 + b^3) (b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)} - \frac{(\pi \lfloor (fx + e) / \pi + 1/2 \rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b \tan(fx + e) / \sqrt{ab + b^2})) (3a^2 + 4ab)}{(ab^2 + b^3) \sqrt{ab + b^2}} + \frac{2 \tan(fx + e)}{b^2} / f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{b^2 f} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e + fx)}{2 f (a + b) (b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + b^3 + a b^2)}$$

$$- \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a \sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx) (3a + 4b)}{\sqrt{a + b} (3a^2 + 4ba)}\right) (3a + 4b)}{2 b^{5/2} f (a + b)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)}{b^2 f} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e + fx)}{(2 f (a + b) (a^2 b^2 + b^3 + b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2))} - \frac{(a \operatorname{atan}((a b^{1/2}) \tan(e + fx) (3a + 4b)) / ((a + b)^{(1/2)} (4ab + 3a^2))) (3a + 4b)}{(2 b^{5/2} f (a + b)^{(3/2))}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 7*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 7*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b + 5*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**3 - 3*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b - 7*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**2 - 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**3 - 2*sin(e + f*x)*b**4)/(2*cos(e + f*x)*b**3*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.200
$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1705
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1705
Rubi [A] (verified)	1706
Maple [A] (verified)	1707
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1708
Sympy [F]	1709
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1709
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1709
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1710
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1710

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output 1/2*(a+2*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{a\sqrt{b} \sin(2(e+fx))}{(a+b)(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))} \cdot \frac{1}{2b^{3/2}f}$$

input Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]

output

```
((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(a + b)^(3/2) - (a
*Sqrt[b]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))/(2*b^(
(3/2)*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 298, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^4}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{(a + 2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2b(a + b)} - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{2b(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a + 2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}(a + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{2b(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output
$$\frac{((a + 2b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}]) / (2b^{3/2}(a + b)^{3/2}) - (a \tan(e + fx)) / (2b(a + b)(a + b + b \tan(e + fx)^2))}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 298
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{p} \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1)), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \operatorname{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$$

rule 3042
$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4634
$$\operatorname{Int}[\sec(e + (f \cdot x)^m) \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^{p}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{ff = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\tan(e + fx), x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[ff/f \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}, x]^p, x], x, \tan(e + fx)/ff], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n/2]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)b(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)b \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)b(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)b \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}{bf(a+b)(a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} - \frac{a \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2iba + 2ib^2 + a\sqrt{-ab-b^2} + 2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}} + a\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab-b^2}(a+b)fb}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/2*a/(a+b)/b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a+2*b)/(a+b)/b/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(a^2b+ab^2)\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e) + ((a^2+2ab)\cos(fx+e)^2 + ab+2b^2)\sqrt{-ab-b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2+8a^2b+8b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 - 2(3ab+4b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a+2b)\cos(fx+e)^3 - b\cos(fx+e))\sqrt{-ab-b^2}\sin(fx+e) + b^2}{(a^2\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab\cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2)}\right)}{8((a^3b^2+2a^2b^3+ab^4)f\cos(fx+e)^2 + (a^2b^3+2ab^4+b^5)f)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2(a^2b+ab^2)\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e) + ((a^2+2ab)\cos(fx+e)^2 + ab+2b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2} \arctan\left(\frac{(a+2b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - b}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}\right)}{4((a^3b^2+2a^2b^3+ab^4)f\cos(fx+e)^2 + (a^2b^3+2ab^4+b^5)f)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(4*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/((a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + b^5)*f), -1/4*(2*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + b^5)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{a^2 b + 2 a b^2 + b^3 + (a b^2 + b^3) \tan(fx+e)^2} - \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}(ab+b^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(a*tan(f*x + e)/(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - (a + 2*b)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*(a*b + b^2)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right)(a+2b)}{(ab+b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)(ab+b^2)}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} * ((\pi * \text{floor}((f * x + e) / \pi + 1/2) * \text{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b * \tan(f * x + e) / \sqrt{a * b + b^2})) * (a + 2 * b) / (a * b + b^2)^{3/2} - a * \tan(f * x + e) / ((b * \tan(f * x + e)^2 + a + b) * (a * b + b^2))) / f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right) (a + 2b)}{2 b^{3/2} f (a + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{2 b f (a + b) (b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output
$$\left(\frac{\operatorname{atan}(b^{1/2} * \tan(e + f * x))}{(a + b)^{1/2}} * (a + 2 * b)\right) / (2 * b^{3/2} * f * (a + b)^{3/2}) - (a * \tan(e + f * x)) / (2 * b * f * (a + b) * (a + b + b * \tan(e + f * x)^2))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 483, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx + e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx + e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)}{\dots}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan
((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2
+ sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(
b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*at
an((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 2*sqr
t(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*
*2 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2)/
(2*b**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)*
*2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```


3.201
$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1712
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1712
Rubi [A] (verified)	1713
Maple [A] (verified)	1715
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1715
Sympy [F]	1716
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1717
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1717
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1718

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+1/2*tan(f
*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}} \right)}{8(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\sec[e + f*x]^4*(-(\arctan[(\sec[f*x]*(\cos[2*e] - \sin[2*e]))*(-((a + 2*b)*\sin[f*x]) + a*\sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*\sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{b*(\cos[e] - \sin[e])^4}]))*(\cos[2*e] - \sin[2*e]))/(\sqrt{a + b}*\sqrt{b*(\cos[e] - \sin[e])^4})) + (-((a + 2*b)*\sin[2*e]) + a*\sin[2*f*x])/(a*(\cos[e] - \sin[e])*(\cos[e] + \sin[e]))}{(8*(a + b)*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^2}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2(a + b)} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a + b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(2*Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Tan[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{i(a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}{af(a+b)(a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2iba + 2ib^2 + a\sqrt{-ab-b^2} + 2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab-b^2}(a+b)f} + \frac{\ln\left(\dots\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/2*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) - (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)\sqrt{-ab - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2}{8((a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^2b^2 + 2ab^2) \cos(fx + e) + a^2)}\right)}{8((a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^2b^2 + 2ab^2) \cos(fx + e) + a^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(4*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/((a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f), 1/4*(2*(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{(ab+b^2)\tan(fx+e)^2+a^2+2ab+b^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b(a+b)}}}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(tan(f*x + e)/((a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*(a + b)))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)(a+b)} \cdot \frac{1}{2f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*(a + b)) + tan(f*x + e)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{2f(a+b)(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)(2a + 2b)}{2(a+b)^{3/2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}f(a+b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2),x)`

output `tan(e + f*x)/(2*f*(a + b)*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)) + atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x)*(2*a + 2*b))/(2*(a + b)^(3/2)))/(2*b^(1/2)*f*(a + b)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx+e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b - \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) a b - \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) b^2}{(2 b^2 f (\sin(e + fx))^2 a^3 + 2 \sin(e + fx)^2 a^2 b + \sin(e + fx)^2 a b^2 - a^3 - 3 a^2 b - 3 a b^2 - b^3)}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(2*b*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))`

3.202 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1719
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1719
Rubi [A] (verified)	1720
Maple [A] (verified)	1722
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1723
Sympy [F]	1724
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1724
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1724
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1725
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1726

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

$$x/a^2-1/2*b^{(1/2)}*(3*a+2*b)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^2/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f-1/2*b*\tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)$$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(2x(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + \frac{b(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{8a^2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-2),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(2*x*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + (b*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/((a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (b*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))) / (8*a^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{316} \\
 \int \frac{-b \tan^2(e + fx) + 2a + b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{397}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{2(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-2), x]
```

output

```
((2*(a + b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))`
`), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x`
`^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x`
`], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !`
`(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,`
`p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_`
`Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[`
`(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e`
`, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =`
`FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p`
`/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]`
`&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{ib(a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}{a^2(a+b)f(a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} + a + 2b}{a}}{a}\right)}{4(a+b)^2 f a} +$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{-b/a^2 \cdot (1/2 \cdot a/(a+b) \cdot \tan(fx+e)/(a+b+b \cdot \tan(fx+e)^2) + 1/2 \cdot (3a+2b)/(a+b) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{1/2} \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \tan(fx+e)/((a+b) \cdot b)^{1/2})) + 1/a^2 \cdot \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8(a^2 + ab)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4ab \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + 8(ab + b^2)fx + ((3a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + 8((a^4 +$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/8 \cdot (8 \cdot (a^2 + a \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(fx + e) \cdot \sin(fx + e) + 8 \cdot (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot f \cdot x + ((3 \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \sqrt{-b/(a + b)} \cdot \log(((a^2 + 8 \cdot a \cdot b + 8 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot b + 4 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4 \cdot ((a^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^3 - (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot \cos(fx + e)) \cdot \sqrt{-b/(a + b)} \cdot \sin(fx + e) + b^2)/(a^2 \cdot \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2)))/(a^4 + a^3 \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^3 \cdot b + a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f), 1/4 \cdot (4 \cdot (a^2 + a \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(fx + e) \cdot \sin(fx + e) + 4 \cdot (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot f \cdot x + ((3 \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \sqrt{b/(a + b)} \cdot \arctan(1/2 \cdot ((a + 2 \cdot b) \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 - b) \cdot \sqrt{b/(a + b)})/(b \cdot \cos(fx + e) \cdot \sin(fx + e)))/(a^4 + a^3 \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^3 \cdot b + a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f)]$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{a^3+2a^2b+ab^2+(a^2b+ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3ab+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3+a^2b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*tan(f*x + e)/(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2 + (a^2*b + a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + (3*a*b + 2*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) (3ab+2b^2)}{(a^3+a^2b)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)(a^2+ab)} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/2*((\pi*\text{floor}((f*x + e)/\pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2}))*(3*a*b + 2*b^2)/((a^3 + a^2*b)*\sqrt{a*b + b^2}) + b*\tan(f*x + e)/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a^2 + a*b)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2056, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + f x))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{atan}(\frac{(((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i)/((2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)))/(8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)))}{(2*a^2) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3))/(4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)))/a^2 - (((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i)/((2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)))/(8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)))}{(2*a^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3))/(4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)))/a^2} / (((((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i)/((2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)))/(8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))))*i)/((2*a^2) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)*i)/(4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)))/a^2 + (((((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i)/((2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)))/(8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))))*i)/((2*a^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)*i)/(4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)))/a^2 + ((3*a*b^3)/2 + b^4)/(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)))/(a^2*f) + (\text{atan}(\frac{(\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3))/(2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)) - ((-b*(a + b)^3)^{1/2})*((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)/(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(-b*(a + b)^3)^{1/2})*(3*a + 2*b)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2))/(8*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)*(3*a^4*b \dots}} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*f*x + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*f*x + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x - 2*a**3*f*x - 6*a**2*b*f*x - 6*a*b**2*f*x - 2*b**3*f*x)/(2*a**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.203 $\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1727
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1728
Rubi [A] (verified)	1728
Maple [A] (verified)	1731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1732
Sympy [F]	1733
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1733
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1734
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1734
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a-4b)x}{2a^3} + \frac{b^{3/2}(5a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^3(a+b)^{3/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

$$+ \frac{b(a+2b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a^2(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-4*b)*x/a^3+1/2*b^(3/2)*(5*a+4*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*b*(a+2*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a - 4b)(e + fx) + \frac{2b^{3/2}(5a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + \left(a + \frac{2ab^2}{(a+b)(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}\right) \sin(2(e + fx))}{4a^3 f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a - 4*b)*(e + f*x) + (2*b^(3/2)*(5*a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + (a + (2*a*b^2)/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/(4*a^3*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3b\tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}$$

f
↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{3b\tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 402

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(a^2-2ba-2b^2+b(a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{b(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{a^2-2ba-2b^2+b(a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{b(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 397

$$\frac{b^2(5a+4b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{(a-4b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{b^2(5a+4b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{(a-4b)(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} + \frac{b(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 218

$$\frac{b^{3/2}(5a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{(a-4b)(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} + \frac{b(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + (((a - 4*b)*(a + b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + (b^(3/2)*(5*a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) + (b*(a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x]/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

```
rule 397 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_)
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2+2 \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-4b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(5a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2+2 \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-4b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{2}}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(5a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{x}{2a^2} - \frac{2xb}{a^3} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} + \frac{ib^2(ae^{2i(fx+e)}+2be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)}{a^3(a+b)f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)} + \frac{5\sqrt{-(a+b)}}{f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{1}{a^3} \left(\frac{1}{2} a \tan(fx+e) / (1 + \tan^2(fx+e)) + \frac{1}{2} (a-4b) \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right) + \frac{b^2}{a^3} \left(\frac{1}{2} a / (a+b) \tan(fx+e) / (a+b + \tan^2(fx+e)) + \frac{1}{2} (5a+4b) / (a+b) / ((a+b)b)^{1/2} \arctan(b \tan(fx+e) / ((a+b)b)^{1/2}) \right) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(a^3 - 3a^2b - 4ab^2)fx \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4(a^2b - 3ab^2 - 4b^3)fx + (5ab^2 + 4b^3 + (5a^2b + 4ab^2) \cos(fx+e))}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{8} (4(a^3 - 3a^2b - 4ab^2)fx \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4(a^2b - 3ab^2 - 4b^3)fx + (5ab^2 + 4b^3 + (5a^2b + 4ab^2) \cos(fx+e))) \sqrt{-b/(a+b)} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos^4(fx+e) - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos^2(fx+e) - 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos^3(fx+e) - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-b/(a+b)} \sin(fx+e) + b^2}{(a^2 \cos^4(fx+e) + 2ab \cos^2(fx+e) + b^2)}\right) + 4((a^3 + a^2b) \cos^3(fx+e) + (a^2b + 2ab^2) \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)) / ((a^5 + a^4b) f \cos^2(fx+e) + (a^4b + a^3b^2) f), \frac{1}{4} (2(a^3 - 3a^2b - 4ab^2)fx \cos(fx+e)^2 + 2(a^2b - 3ab^2 - 4b^3)fx - (5ab^2 + 4b^3 + (5a^2b + 4ab^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{b/(a+b)} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} ((a+2b) \cos^2(fx+e) - b) \sqrt{b/(a+b)} / (b \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e))\right) + 2((a^3 + a^2b) \cos^3(fx+e) + (a^2b + 2ab^2) \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)) / ((a^5 + a^4b) f \cos^2(fx+e) + (a^4b + a^3b^2) f)} \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5ab^2 + 4b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^4 + a^3b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(ab+2b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (a^2+2ab+2b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{(a^3b+a^2b^2) \tan(fx+e)^4 + a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2 + (a^4+3a^3b+2a^2b^2) \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(fx+e)(a-4b)}{a^3}$$

$$2f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((5*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/((a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + (f*x + e)*(a - 4*b)/a^3`
/f

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5ab^2 + 4b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^4 + a^3b)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{ab \tan(fx+e)^3 + 2b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 + a^2 \tan(fx+e) + 2ab \tan(fx+e) + 2b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^4 + a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 2b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)(a^3 + a^2b)} \cdot \frac{1}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((5*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 2*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 2*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a^3 + a^2*b)) + (f*x + e)*(a - 4*b)/a^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2401, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output

```

((tan(e + f*x)*(2*a*b + a^2 + 2*b^2))/(2*a^2*(a + b)) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^3*
(a + 2*b))/(2*a^2*(a + b)))/(f*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^4 + tan(e + f*x)^2*
(a + 2*b))) - (atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(64*a*b^6 + 32*b^7 + 26*a^2*b^5 - 6*a
^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)))/(2*(2*a^5*b + a^6 + a^4*b^2)) - ((4*a^6*b^5 + 8*a^7*b^
4 + 2*a^8*b^3 - 2*a^9*b^2)/(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a*1i
- b*4i)*(32*a^6*b^5 + 80*a^7*b^4 + 64*a^8*b^3 + 16*a^9*b^2))/(8*a^3*(2*a^
5*b + a^6 + a^4*b^2)))*(a*1i - b*4i))/(4*a^3))*(a*1i - b*4i)*1i)/(4*a^3) +
(((tan(e + f*x)*(64*a*b^6 + 32*b^7 + 26*a^2*b^5 - 6*a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)))/(
2*(2*a^5*b + a^6 + a^4*b^2)) + (((4*a^6*b^5 + 8*a^7*b^4 + 2*a^8*b^3 - 2*a^
9*b^2)/(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a*1i - b*4i)*(32*a^6*b^5
+ 80*a^7*b^4 + 64*a^8*b^3 + 16*a^9*b^2))/(8*a^3*(2*a^5*b + a^6 + a^4*b^2)
))*(a*1i - b*4i))/(4*a^3))*(a*1i - b*4i)*1i)/(4*a^3))/((12*a*b^6 + 8*b^7 +
(3*a^2*b^5)/2 - (5*a^3*b^4)/4)/(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2) - ((tan(e + f*x)
*(64*a*b^6 + 32*b^7 + 26*a^2*b^5 - 6*a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3))/(2*(2*a^5*b + a^
6 + a^4*b^2)) - ((4*a^6*b^5 + 8*a^7*b^4 + 2*a^8*b^3 - 2*a^9*b^2)/(2*a^7*b
+ a^8 + a^6*b^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a*1i - b*4i)*(32*a^6*b^5 + 80*a^7*b^4 +
64*a^8*b^3 + 16*a^9*b^2))/(8*a^3*(2*a^5*b + a^6 + a^4*b^2)))*(a*1i - b*4i
))/(4*a^3))*(a*1i - b*4i))/(4*a^3) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(64*a*b^6 + 32*b^7 +
26*a^2*b^5 - 6*a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3))/(2*(2*a^5*b + a^6 + a^4*b^2)) + (((4*a^
6*b^5 + 8*a^7*b^4 + 2*a^8*b^3 - 2*a^9*b^2)/(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2) + ...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 792, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```


output

```
(5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a**2*b - 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*b**3 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a**2*b - 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a*b**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*b**3 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**4 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**3 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*e + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*f*x - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b*e - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b*f*x - 7*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2*e - 7*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2*f*x - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3*e - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3*f*x - a**4*e - a**4*f*x + a**3*b*e + a**3*b*f*x + 9*a**2*b**...
```

3.204 $\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1737
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1738
Rubi [A] (verified)	1738
Maple [A] (verified)	1742
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1742
Sympy [F]	1743
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1743
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1745
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - 8ab + 24b^2)x}{8a^4} - \frac{b^{5/2}(7a+6b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^4(a+b)^{3/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a-2b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

$$+ \frac{(a-3b)b(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

```
output 1/8*(3*a^2-8*a*b+24*b^2)*x/a^4-1/2*b^(5/2)*(7*a+6*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+3/8*(a-2*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(a-3*b)*b*(3*a+4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(3a^2 - 8ab + 24b^2)(e + fx) - \frac{16b^{5/2}(7a+6b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} + 8a(a - 2b) \sin(2(e + fx)) - \frac{16ab^3 \sin(2(e + fx))}{(a+b)(a+2b+a \cos(2(e + fx)))}}{32a^4 f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(4*(3*a^2 - 8*a*b + 24*b^2)*(e + f*x) - (16*b^(5/2)*(7*a + 6*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2) + 8*a*(a - 2*b)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)] - (16*a*b^3*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])) + a^2*Ssin[4*(e + f*x)])/(32*a^4*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{316}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{5b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{f} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{5b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \downarrow 402$$

$$\frac{\frac{3(a-2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3a^2+ba+6b^2+9(a-2b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+ba+6b^2+9(a-2b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{3(a-2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \downarrow 402$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(3a^3-2ba^2+11b^2a+12b^3+(a-3b)b(3a+4b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+4b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{3(a-2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a^3-2ba^2+11b^2a+12b^3+(a-3b)b(3a+4b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+4b)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{3(a-2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{f} \downarrow 397$$

$$\frac{\frac{(a+b)(3a^2-8ab+24b^2) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{4b^3(7a+6b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a} + \frac{3(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

216

$$\frac{\frac{(a+b)(3a^2-8ab+24b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{4b^3(7a+6b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a} + \frac{3(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

218

$$\frac{\frac{(a+b)(3a^2-8ab+24b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{4b^{5/2}(7a+6b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a} + \frac{3(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + ((3*(a - 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))) + (((a + b)*(3*a^2 - 8*a*b + 24*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (4*b^(5/2)*(7*a + 6*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) + ((a - 3*b)*b*(3*a + 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*a))/(4*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + d \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (! \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}a^2-ab\right)\tan(fx+e)^3+\left(-ab+\frac{5}{8}a^2\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{\left(3a^2-8ab+24b^2\right)\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8}}{\left(1+\tan(fx+e)^2\right)^2} \frac{b^3\left(\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b\tan(fx+e)^2)}+\frac{7a}{a^4}\right)}{a^4 f}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}a^2-ab\right)\tan(fx+e)^3+\left(-ab+\frac{5}{8}a^2\right)\tan(fx+e)+\frac{\left(3a^2-8ab+24b^2\right)\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{8}}{\left(1+\tan(fx+e)^2\right)^2} \frac{b^3\left(\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b\tan(fx+e)^2)}+\frac{7a}{a^4}\right)}{a^4 f}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{8a^2} - \frac{xb}{a^3} + \frac{3xb^2}{a^4} - \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{64a^2f} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} + \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^3f} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}b}{4a^3f} + \frac{ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{64a^2f}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^4*(((3/8*a^2-a*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-a*b+5/8*a^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(3*a^2-8*a*b+24*b^2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))-b^3/a^4*(1/2*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(7*a+6*b)/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 656, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*((3*a^4 - 5*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2 + 24*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (3*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3 + 24*b^4)*f*x + (7*a*b^3 + 6*b^4 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + (2*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 3*(a^4 - a^3*b - 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 - 12*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + a^5*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f), 1/8*((3*a^4 - 5*a^3*b + 16*a^2*b^2 + 24*a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (3*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 + 16*a*b^3 + 24*b^4)*f*x + 2*(7*a*b^3 + 6*b^4 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + (2*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 3*(a^4 - a^3*b - 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 - 12*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + a^5*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(cos(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{4(7ab^3 + 6b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + a^4b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{(3a^2b - 5ab^2 - 12b^3) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (3a^3 + 3a^2b - 16ab^2 - 24b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (5a^3 + 2a^2b - 11ab^2 - (a^4b + a^3b^2) \tan(fx+e)^6 + a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2 + (a^5 + 4a^4b + 3a^3b^2) \tan(fx+e)^4 + (2a^5 + 5a^4b + 3a^3b^2 - 8f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/8*(4*(7*a*b^3 + 6*b^4)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{(a + b)*b}))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*\sqrt{(a + b)*b}) - ((3*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 - 12*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e)^5 + (3*a^3 + 3*a^2*b - 16*a*b^2 - 24*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - 11*a*b^2 - 12*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e))/((a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*\tan(f*x + e)^6 + a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2 + (a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2)*\tan(f*x + e)^4 + (2*a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2)*\tan(f*x + e)^2) - (3*a^2 - 8*a*b + 24*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^4)/f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{4b^3 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^4+a^3b)(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)} + \frac{4(7ab^3+6b^4) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^5+a^4b)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{(3a^2-8ab+24b^2)(fx+e)}{a^4} - \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/8*(4*b^3*\tan(f*x + e)/((a^4 + a^3*b)*(b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)) + 4*(7*a*b^3 + 6*b^4)*(pi*\operatorname{floor}((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*\operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2}))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*\sqrt{a*b + b^2}) - (3*a^2 - 8*a*b + 24*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^4 - (3*a*\tan(f*x + e)^3 - 8*b*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a*\tan(f*x + e) - 8*b*\tan(f*x + e))/((\tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^2*a^3))/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2880, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.19

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output `(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(2112*a*b^8 + 1152*b^9 + 800*a^2*b^7 - 16*a^3*b^6 + 121*a^4*b^5 - 30*a^5*b^4 + 9*a^6*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) - ((6*a^8*b^6 + (23*a^9*b^5)/2 + (9*a^10*b^4)/2 + (a^11*b^3)/2 + (3*a^12*b^2)/2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i))*(512*a^8*b^5 + 1280*a^9*b^4 + 1024*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(512*a^4*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)))*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i))/(16*a^4)*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i)*1i)/(16*a^4) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(2112*a*b^8 + 1152*b^9 + 800*a^2*b^7 - 16*a^3*b^6 + 121*a^4*b^5 - 30*a^5*b^4 + 9*a^6*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) + (((6*a^8*b^6 + (23*a^9*b^5)/2 + (9*a^10*b^4)/2 + (a^11*b^3)/2 + (3*a^12*b^2)/2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b^2) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i))*(512*a^8*b^5 + 1280*a^9*b^4 + 1024*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(512*a^4*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)))*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i))/(16*a^4)*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i)*1i)/(16*a^4)/(((135*a*b^9)/4 + 27*b^10 - (9*a^2*b^8)/2 - (149*a^3*b^7)/32 + (219*a^4*b^6)/64 - (63*a^5*b^5)/64)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b^2) - (((tan(e + f*x)*(2112*a*b^8 + 1152*b^9 + 800*a^2*b^7 - 16*a^3*b^6 + 121*a^4*b^5 - 30*a^5*b^4 + 9*a^6*b^3))/(32*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)) - (((6*a^8*b^6 + (23*a^9*b^5)/2 + (9*a^10*b^4)/2 + (a^11*b^3)/2 + (3*a^12*b^2)/2)/(2*a^10*b + a^11 + a^9*b^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a^2*3i - a*b*8i + b^2*24i))*(512*a^8*b^5 + 1280*a^9*b^4 + 1024*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(512*a^4*(2*a^7*b + a^8 + a^6*b^2)))*(a^2*3i ...`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 963, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 + 52*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 + 52*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**5 - 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b**2 + 7*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**5 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4*b - 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**3 - 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**5 - 7*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**4*b + 9*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b**2 + 23*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**3 + 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5*e + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5*f*x - ...
```

3.205 $\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1747
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1748
Rubi [A] (verified)	1748
Maple [A] (verified)	1753
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1754
Sympy [F(-1)]	1754
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1755
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1755
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1756
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1757

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(5a^3 - 12a^2b + 24ab^2 - 64b^3) x}{16a^5} + \frac{b^{7/2}(9a + 8b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^5(a+b)^{3/2}f} + \frac{(15a^2 - 26ab + 48b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{48a^3f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(5a - 8b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{6af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))} + \frac{b(5a^3 - 7a^2b + 12ab^2 + 32b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{16a^4(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3-12*a^2*b+24*a*b^2-64*b^3)*x/a^5+1/2*b^(7/2)*(9*a+8*b)*arctan(b
^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^5/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+1/48*(15*a^2-26*a*b+48*b^
2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/24*(5*a-8*b)*cos(f*x
+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/a/
f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/16*b*(5*a^3-7*a^2*b+12*a*b^2+32*b^3)*tan(f*x+e)/a
^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx) \left(12(5a^3 - 12a^2b + 24ab^2 - 64b^3) x(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(12*(5*a^3 - 12*a^2*b + 24*
a*b^2 - 64*b^3)*x*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - (96*b^4*(9*a + 8*b)*Arc
Tan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e +
f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*
(e + f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/((a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*S
in[e])^4]) + (3*a*(15*a^2 - 32*a*b + 48*b^2)*Cos[2*f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2
*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*e])/f + (3*a^2*(3*a - 4*b)*Cos[4*f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[
2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[4*e])/f + (a^3*cos[6*f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])
*sin[6*e])/f + (3*a*(15*a^2 - 32*a*b + 48*b^2)*Cos[2*e]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2
*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*f*x])/f - (96*b^4*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/
((a + b)*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])) + (3*a^2*(3*a - 4*b)*Cos[4
*e]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[4*f*x])/f + (a^3*cos[6*e]*(a + 2*b
+ a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[6*f*x])/f))/(768*a^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)$$

f

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{7b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a}$$

f

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{7b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{(5a-8b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{15a^2-ba+8b^2+5(5a-8b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^2-ba+8b^2+5(5a-8b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{(5a-8b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{\frac{(15a^2 - 26ab + 48b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(5a^3+3ba^2-2b^2a-16b^3+b(15a^2-26ba+48b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a}}{6a} + \frac{(5a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

27

$$3 \int \frac{5a^3+3ba^2-2b^2a-16b^3+b(15a^2-26ba+48b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{(15a^2-26ab+48b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{(5a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

402

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2(5a^4-2ba^3+5b^2a^2-28b^3a-32b^4+b(5a^3-7ba^2+12b^2a+32b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(5a^3-7a^2b+12ab^2+32b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{(15a^2-26ab+48b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

27

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{5a^4-2ba^3+5b^2a^2-28b^3a-32b^4+b(5a^3-7ba^2+12b^2a+32b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(5a^3-7a^2b+12ab^2+32b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{(15a^2-26ab+48b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

397

$$3 \left(\frac{(a+b)(5a^3-12a^2b+24ab^2-64b^3)}{a} \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{8b^4(9a+8b)}{a} \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{b(5a^3-7a^2b+12ab^2+32b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)$$

↓ 216

$$3 \left(\frac{8b^4(9a+8b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{(a+b)(5a^3-12a^2b+24ab^2-64b^3) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{4a} + \frac{b(5a^3-7a^2b+12ab^2+32b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{6a} \right) + \frac{(15a^2-26ab+48b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(15a^2-26ab+48b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{(a+b)(5a^3-12a^2b+24ab^2-64b^3) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{4a} + \frac{8b^{7/2}(9a+8b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a} + \frac{b(5a^3-7a^2b+12ab^2+32b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{6a}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Tan[e + f*x]/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + ((5*a - 8*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + (((15*a^2 - 26*a*b + 48*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(((a + b)*(5*a^3 - 12*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 - 64*b^3)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + (8*b^(7/2)*(9*a + 8*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) + (b*(5*a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 12*a*b^2 + 32*b^3)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(2*a))/(4*a))/(6*a))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```


rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + d \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)/((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f)/(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f)/(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_} \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^4 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(9a+8b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^5} + \frac{\left(\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{3}{4}a^2b + \frac{3}{2}ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (3ab^2 + \frac{5}{8}a^3 - 2a^2b) \tan(fx+e)}{(1+\tan(fx+e))^2 f}$
default	$\frac{b^4 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(9a+8b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^5} + \frac{\left(\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{3}{4}a^2b + \frac{3}{2}ab^2\right) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (3ab^2 + \frac{5}{8}a^3 - 2a^2b) \tan(fx+e)}{(1+\tan(fx+e))^2 f}$
risch	$\frac{5x}{16a^2} - \frac{3xb}{4a^3} + \frac{3xb^2}{2a^4} - \frac{4xb^3}{a^5} + \frac{15ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{128a^2f} - \frac{ie^{-4i(fx+e)}b}{32a^3f} - \frac{3ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{128a^2f} + \frac{3ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{128a^2f} + \frac{ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{32a^3f}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(b^4/a^5*(1/2*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(9*a+8*b)/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^5*(((5/16*a^3-3/4*a^2*b+3/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5+(3*a*b^2+5/6*a^3-2*a^2*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-5/4*a^2*b+3/2*a*b^2+11/16*a^3)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^3+1/16*(5*a^3-12*a^2*b+24*a*b^2-64*b^3)*arctan(tan(f*x+e))))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 789, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*(5*a^5 - 7*a^4*b + 12*a^3*b^2 - 40*a^2*b^3 - 64*a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(5*a^4*b - 7*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 - 40*a*b^4 - 64*b^5)*f*x + 6*(9*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + (9*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + (8*(a^5 + a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 2*(5*a^5 - 3*a^4*b - 8*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (15*a^5 - 11*a^4*b + 22*a^3*b^2 + 48*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^4*b - 7*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 + 32*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f), 1/48*(3*(5*a^5 - 7*a^4*b + 12*a^3*b^2 - 40*a^2*b^3 - 64*a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(5*a^4*b - 7*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 - 40*a*b^4 - 64*b^5)*f*x - 12*(9*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + (9*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + (8*(a^5 + a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 2*(5*a^5 - 3*a^4*b - 8*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (15*a^5 - 11*a^4*b + 22*a^3*b^2 + 48*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^4*b - 7*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 + 32*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{24(9ab^4 + 8b^5) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^6 + a^5b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{3(5a^3b - 7a^2b^2 + 12ab^3 + 32b^4) \tan(fx + e)^7 + (15a^4 + 34a^3b - 41a^2b^2 + 156ab^3 + 288b^4) \tan(fx + e)^5 + (40a^4 + 17a^3b - 35a^2b^2 + 204ab^3 + 288b^4) \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3(11a^4 + 2a^3b - 5a^2b^2 + 28ab^3 + 32b^4) \tan(fx + e)}{(a^5b + a^4b^2) \tan(fx + e)^8 + (a^6 + 5a^5b + 4a^4b^2) \tan(fx + e)^6 + a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2 + 3(a^6 + 3a^5b + 2a^4b^2) \tan(fx + e)^4 + (3a^6 + 7a^5b + 4a^4b^2) \tan(fx + e)^2 + 3(5a^3 - 12a^2b + 24ab^2 - 64b^3)(fx + e)/a^5} / f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/48*(24*(9*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^6 + a^5*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (3*(5*a^3*b - 7*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3 + 32*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (15*a^4 + 34*a^3*b - 41*a^2*b^2 + 156*a*b^3 + 288*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (40*a^4 + 17*a^3*b - 35*a^2*b^2 + 204*a*b^3 + 288*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 + 28*a*b^3 + 32*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)))/((a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^8 + (a^6 + 5*a^5*b + 4*a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2 + 3*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 2*a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + (3*a^6 + 7*a^5*b + 4*a^4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + 3*(5*a^3 - 12*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 - 64*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^5)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{24b^4 \tan(fx + e)}{(a^5 + a^4b)(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)} + \frac{24(9ab^4 + 8b^5) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx + e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^6 + a^5b)\sqrt{ab + b^2}} + \frac{3(5a^3 - 12a^2b + 24ab^2 - 64b^3)(fx + e)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/48*(24*b^4*tan(f*x + e)/((a^5 + a^4*b)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)) + 24*
(9*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x
+ e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^6 + a^5*b)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 3*(5*a^3 - 12*a^2
*b + 24*a*b^2 - 64*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^5 + (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 36*a*b*ta
n(f*x + e)^5 + 72*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 96*a*b*tan(
f*x + e)^3 + 144*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 33*a^2*tan(f*x + e) - 60*a*b*tan(f*x
+ e) + 72*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3*a^4)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3310, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)*(28*a*b^3 + 2*a^3*b + 11*a^4 + 32*b^4 - 5*a^2*b^2))/(16*a^4
*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^5*(156*a*b^3 + 34*a^3*b + 15*a^4 + 288*b^4 - 41*
a^2*b^2))/(48*a^4*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^3*(204*a*b^3 + 17*a^3*b + 40*a^
4 + 288*b^4 - 35*a^2*b^2))/(48*a^4*(a + b)) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^7*(12*a*b^2
- 7*a^2*b + 5*a^3 + 32*b^3))/(16*a^4*(a + b)))/(f*(a + b + tan(e + f*x)^2*
(3*a + 4*b) + tan(e + f*x)^4*(3*a + 6*b) + b*tan(e + f*x)^8 + tan(e + f*x)
^6*(a + 4*b))) - (atan(-((((((8*a^10*b^7 + 15*a^11*b^6 + (23*a^12*b^5)/4 -
(3*a^13*b^4)/4 - (3*a^14*b^3)/4 - (5*a^15*b^2)/4)/(2*a^13*b + a^14 + a^12
*b^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a*b^2*24i - a^2*b*12i + a^3*5i - b^3*64i)*(2048*a^1
0*b^5 + 5120*a^11*b^4 + 4096*a^12*b^3 + 1024*a^13*b^2))/(4096*a^5*(2*a^9*b
+ a^10 + a^8*b^2)))*(a*b^2*24i - a^2*b*12i + a^3*5i - b^3*64i))/(32*a^5)
- (tan(e + f*x)*(14336*a*b^10 + 8192*b^11 + 5248*a^2*b^9 - 64*a^3*b^8 + 64
*a^4*b^7 - 568*a^5*b^6 + 169*a^6*b^5 - 70*a^7*b^4 + 25*a^8*b^3))/(128*(2*a
^9*b + a^10 + a^8*b^2)))*(a*b^2*24i - a^2*b*12i + a^3*5i - b^3*64i)*1i)/(3
2*a^5) - (((((8*a^10*b^7 + 15*a^11*b^6 + (23*a^12*b^5)/4 - (3*a^13*b^4)/4
- (3*a^14*b^3)/4 - (5*a^15*b^2)/4)/(2*a^13*b + a^14 + a^12*b^2) + (tan(e +
f*x)*(a*b^2*24i - a^2*b*12i + a^3*5i - b^3*64i)*(2048*a^10*b^5 + 5120*a^1
1*b^4 + 4096*a^12*b^3 + 1024*a^13*b^2))/(4096*a^5*(2*a^9*b + a^10 + a^8*b^
2)))*(a*b^2*24i - a^2*b*12i + a^3*5i - b^3*64i))/(32*a^5) + (tan(e + f*x)*
(14336*a*b^10 + 8192*b^11 + 5248*a^2*b^9 - 64*a^3*b^8 + 64*a^4*b^7 - 56...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1142, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(216*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 + 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4 - 216*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**3 - 408*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4 - 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**5 + 216*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 + 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4 - 216*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**3 - 408*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4 - 192*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**5 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**6 + 16*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**5*b + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4*b**2 - 34*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**6 - 52*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**5*b - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b**2 + 16*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b**3 + 59*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**6 + 60*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**5*b - 9*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4*b**2 + 38*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b**3 + 48*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**4 - 33*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + ...
```

$$3.206 \quad \int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1758
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1759
Rubi [A] (verified)	1759
Maple [A] (verified)	1761
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1762
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1763
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1763
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1764
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1764

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{3\sin(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/8*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/4*sin(
f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b-a*sin(
f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(a+b)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(7a+10b+3a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^2} \frac{1}{8f}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `((3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(5/2)) + (2*(7*a + 10*b + 3*a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2))/(8*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 215, 215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^5}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\sin(e+fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 215 \\
 \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{3 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sin[e + f*x]/(4*(a + b)*(a + b - a*SIN[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(2*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Sin[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b - a*SIN[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{4(a+b)(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{-\frac{3\sin(fx+e)}{8(a+b)(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{a+b}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{4(a+b)(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{-\frac{3\sin(fx+e)}{8(a+b)(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{a(a+b)}}}{a+b}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3ae^{7i(fx+e)}+11ae^{5i(fx+e)}+20be^{5i(fx+e)}-11ae^{3i(fx+e)}-20be^{3i(fx+e)}-3ae^{i(fx+e)})}{4(a+b)^2 f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)^2} + \frac{3\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i(a+b)}{16\sqrt{a^2+ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{a^2+ab}}$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/4*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/4/(a+b)*(-1/2*sin(f*x+
e)/(a+b)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/2/(a+b)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x
+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(a^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 2ab \cos^2(fx + e) + b^2) \sqrt{a^2 + ab} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2 + ab} \sin(fx + e) - 2a - b}{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}\right) + 2(2a^3 + 7a^2b + 5ab^2 + 3a^3 + a^2b) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}{16((a^6 + 3a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + a^3b^3)f \cos^4(fx + e) + 2(a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + a^2b^4)f \cos^2(fx + e) + (a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + 3a^2b^4 + ab^5)f)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(a^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 2ab \cos^2(fx + e) + b^2) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \sin(fx + e)}{a + b}\right) - (2a^3 + 7a^2b + 5ab^2 + 3a^3 + a^2b) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}{8((a^6 + 3a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + a^3b^3)f \cos^4(fx + e) + 2(a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + a^2b^4)f \cos^2(fx + e) + (a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + 3a^2b^4 + ab^5)f)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)
*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(2*a^3 + 7*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2 + 3*(a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4
*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*f), -1/8*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*
a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x
+ e)/(a + b)) - (2*a^3 + 7*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2 + 3*(a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)
^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ 2*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b^2
+ 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{2(3a \sin(fx+e)^3 - 5(a+b) \sin(fx+e))}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 + a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4 - 2(a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + ab^3) \sin(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)a}(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}$$

16 f

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*(2*(3*a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 5*(a + b)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4 - 2*(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2) + 3*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/(sqrt((a + b)*a)*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = -\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} + \frac{3a \sin(fx+e)^3 - 5a \sin(fx+e) - 5b \sin(fx+e)}{(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)^2 (a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}$$

8 f

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(3*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) + (3*a*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 5*a*sin(f*x + e) - 5*b*sin(f*x + e))/((a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5 \sin(e+fx)}{8(a+b)} - \frac{3 a \sin(e+fx)^3}{8(a+b)^2}}{f (2 a b + a^2 + b^2 - \sin(e + f x)^2 (2 a^2 + 2 b a) + a^2 \sin(e + f x)^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{a} f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x))^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((5*sin(e + f*x))/(8*(a + b)) - (3*a*sin(e + f*x)^3)/(8*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 - sin(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*a^2) + a^2*sin(e + f*x)^4)) + (3*atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(8*a^(1/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 834, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.72

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +
b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e +
f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**
2*a*b - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a
+ b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(
a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b
- 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)
)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e +
f*x)**4*a**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 +
sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 6*sqrt(a
)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a
)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2
+ 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
+ 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)
*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 - 6*
sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3 - 6*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 10*sin(e + f*x)*a**3 ...
```

3.207 $\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1766
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1767
Rubi [A] (verified)	1767
Maple [A] (verified)	1769
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1770
Sympy [F]	1770
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1772
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1772

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(4a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{(4a+b)\sin(e+fx)}{8a(a+b)^2f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*a+b)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-
1/4*b*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(4*a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/a
/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^3 \sec^6(e+fx) \left(\frac{8\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))^2} - (4a+b) \left(\frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)^{5/2}}} + \frac{4\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} \right) \right)}{192af(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/192*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((8*Sin[e + f*x])/
(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2 - (4*a + b)*((3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]
)/Sqrt[a + b]])/(Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(5/2)) + (4*Sin[e + f*x]*(5*(a + b) - 3*a
*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2)))))/(a*f*(a
+ b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 298, 215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^3}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 298 \\
 \frac{(4a+b) \int \frac{1}{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 215 \\
 \frac{(4a+b) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{(4a+b) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \downarrow f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(b*Sin[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((4*a + b)*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(2*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Sin[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*a*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 298 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(
2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p_, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(4a+b)\sin(fx+e)^3}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(4a-b)\sin(fx+e)}{8a(a+b)}}{(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(4a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)a\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(4a+b)\sin(fx+e)^3}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(4a-b)\sin(fx+e)}{8a(a+b)}}{(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(4a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)a\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(4a^2e^{7i(fx+e)}+abe^{7i(fx+e)}+4a^2e^{5i(fx+e)}+9abe^{5i(fx+e)}-4b^2e^{5i(fx+e)}-4a^2e^{3i(fx+e)}-9abe^{3i(fx+e)}+4b^2e^{3i(fx+e)})}{4a(a+b)^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)^2}$

```
input int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*((-1/8*(4*a+b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(4*a-b)/a/(a+b)*sin(f*
x+e))/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(4*a+b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/a/(a*(a+b))^(1/2
)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{((4a^3 + a^2b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 4ab^2 + b^3 + 2(4a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{a^2 + ab} \log\left(-\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2 + ab} \sin(fx + e)}{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}\right) + 2(2a^3b + a^2b^2 - ab^3 + (4a^4 + 5a^3b + a^2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)}{16((a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + 3a^4b^3 + a^3b^4) f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^5b^2 + 3a^4b^3 + 3a^3b^4 + a^2b^5) f)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{((4a^3 + a^2b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 4ab^2 + b^3 + 2(4a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \sin(fx + e)}{a + b}\right) - (2a^3b + a^2b^2 - ab^3 + (4a^4 + 5a^3b + a^2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)}{8((a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + 3a^4b^3 + a^3b^4) f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^5b^2 + 3a^4b^3 + 3a^3b^4 + a^2b^5) f)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(((4*a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 4*a*b^2 + b^3 + 2*(4*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - a*b^3 + (4*a^4 + 5*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f), -1/8*(((4*a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 4*a*b^2 + b^3 + 2*(4*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) - (2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - a*b^3 + (4*a^4 + 5*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(4a+b) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} + \frac{2\left((4a^2+ab) \sin(fx+e)^3 - (4a^2+3ab-b^2) \sin(fx+e)\right)}{a^5+4a^4b+6a^3b^2+4a^2b^3+ab^4+(a^5+2a^4b+a^3b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 - 2(a^5+3a^4b+3a^3b^2+a^2b^3) \sin(fx+e)^2} \frac{1}{16f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*((4*a + b)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) + 2*((4*a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^3 - (4*a^2 + 3*a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(4a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} + \frac{4a^2 \sin(fx+e)^3 + ab \sin(fx+e)^3 - 4a^2 \sin(fx+e) - 3ab \sin(fx+e) + b^2 \sin(fx+e)}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)^2} \frac{1}{8f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((4*a + b)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b +
a*b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) + (4*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 + a*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 4*
a^2*sin(f*x + e) - 3*a*b*sin(f*x + e) + b^2*sin(f*x + e))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b
+ a*b^2)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)^2))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (4a + b)}{8a^{3/2} f (a + b)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{\sin(e+fx)^3 (4a+b)}{8(a+b)^2} - \frac{\sin(e+fx) (4a-b)}{8a(a+b)}}{f (2ab + a^2 + b^2 - \sin(e + fx)^2) (2a^2 + 2ba) + a^2 \sin(e + fx)^4}$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)
```

output

```
(atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))*(4*a + b))/(8*a^(3/2)*f*(a +
b)^(5/2)) - ((sin(e + f*x)^3*(4*a + b))/(8*(a + b)^2) - (sin(e + f*x)*(4*a
- b))/(8*a*(a + b)))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 - sin(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*a^
2) + a^2*sin(e + f*x)^4))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1184, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.47

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)
*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*
x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**
2*a**3 + 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt
(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*t
an((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a
 + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**3
 - 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
 - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a +
 b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**2
 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) -
 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*
 tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*
x)**4*a**3 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqr
t(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b - 8*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*
tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqr...
```

$$3.208 \quad \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1774
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1775
Rubi [A] (verified)	1776
Maple [A] (verified)	1778
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1779
Sympy [F]	1780
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1781
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1781
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1782

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{b^2 \sin(e+fx)}{4a^2(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(8a+5b)\sin(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*(8*a^2+8*a*b+3*b^2)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(a
+b)^(5/2)/f+1/4*b^2*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(8
*a+5*b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 927, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.62

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^5(e + fx) \left(-2i(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \arctan \left(\frac{(a+b) \sin(e)}{(a+b) \cos(e) - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))}} \right) \right)}{}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5*((-2*I)*(8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*
b^2)*ArcTan[((a + b)*Sin[e])/((a + b)*Cos[e] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(C
os[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*(Cos[2*e] + I*Sin[2*e])*Sin[e + f*x])]*(a + 2*b + a*C
os[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sec[e + f*x]*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]) + (8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b
^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Log[a + 2*(a + b)*Cos[2*e] - a*Cos[2*
(e + f*x)] - (2*I)*a*Sin[2*e] - (2*I)*b*Sin[2*e] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*S
qrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Sin[f*x] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] -
I*Sin[e])^2]*Sin[2*e + f*x])*Sec[e + f*x]*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]) - (8*a^2 +
8*a*b + 3*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Log[-a - 2*(a + b)*Cos[2*e
] + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + (2*I)*a*Sin[2*e] + (2*I)*b*Sin[2*e] + 2*Sqrt[a]*S
qrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Sin[f*x] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sq
rt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Sin[2*e + f*x])*Sec[e + f*x]*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])
+ 2*(8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTan[(2*Sin[e]*(I*a + I*b + I*(a + b)*Cos[2
*e] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Cos[f*x])*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2] - Sqrt[a]*S
qrt[a + b]*Cos[2*e + f*x])*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2] + a*Sin[2*e] + b*Sin
[2*e] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Sin[f*x] - I*Sqr
t[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^2]*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(I*(a + 3*b)
*Cos[e] + I*(a + b)*Cos[3*e] + I*a*Cos[e + 2*f*x] + I*a*Cos[3*e + 2*f*x] +
3*a*Sin[e] + b*Sin[e] + a*Sin[3*e] + b*Sin[3*e] + a*Sin[e + 2*f*x] - a*Si
n[3*e + 2*f*x]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sec[e + f*x]*(I*Cos[e...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 315, 25, 298, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{315} \\
 \frac{\int -\frac{-(4a+3b)\sin^2(e+fx)+4a+b}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))}{4a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \frac{\int -\frac{-(4a+3b)\sin^2(e+fx)+4a+b}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\sin(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))}{4a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{298} \\
 \frac{(8a^2+8ab+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\sin(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{3b(2a+b)\sin(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))}{4a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(8a^2+8ab+3b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{3b(2a+b)\sin(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))}{4a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}$$

f

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(b*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(2*a^(3/2)*(a + b)^(3/2)) - (3*b*(2*a + b)*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^ (p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{b(8a+5b)\sin(fx+e)^3}{8a(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(8a+3b)b\sin(fx+e)}{8a^2(a+b)}}{(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(8a^2+8ab+3b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)a^2\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{b(8a+5b)\sin(fx+e)^3}{8a(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(8a+3b)b\sin(fx+e)}{8a^2(a+b)}}{(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(8a^2+8ab+3b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)a^2\sqrt{a(a+b)}}$
risch	$\frac{ib(8a^2e^{7i(fx+e)}+5abe^{7i(fx+e)}+8a^2e^{5i(fx+e)}+29ab e^{5i(fx+e)}+12b^2e^{5i(fx+e)}-8a^2e^{3i(fx+e)}-29ab e^{3i(fx+e)}-12b^2e^{3i(fx+e)}-8a^2e^{i(fx+e)}-5abe^{i(fx+e)}-8a^2)}{4a^2(a+b)^2 f(a e^{4i(fx+e)}+2a e^{2i(fx+e)}+4b e^{2i(fx+e)}+a)^2}$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-(-1/8*b*(8*a+5*b)/a/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(8*a+3*b)/a^2*b
/(a+b)*sin(f*x+e))/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(8*a^2+8*a*b+3*b^2)/(a^2+2*
a*b+b^2)/a^2/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. $2(132) = 264$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 613, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((8a^4 + 8a^3b + 3a^2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8a^2b^2 + 8ab^3 + 3b^4 + 2(8a^3b + 8a^2b^2 + 3ab^3) \cos(fx + e)^2 \right) \sqrt{a^2 + ab} \log\left(\frac{-a \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2\sqrt{a^2 + ab} \sin(fx + e) - 2a - b}{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b} \right) - 2(6a^3b^2 + 9a^2b^3 + 3ab^4 + (8a^4b + 13a^3b^2 + 5a^2b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)}{16((a^8 + 3a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + a^5b^3) f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2((8a^4 + 8a^3b + 3a^2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8a^2b^2 + 8ab^3 + 3b^4 + 2(8a^3b + 8a^2b^2 + 3ab^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab} \sin(fx + e)}{a + b} \right) + (6a^3b^2 + 9a^2b^3 + 3ab^4 + (8a^4b + 13a^3b^2 + 5a^2b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)}{8((a^8 + 3a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + a^5b^3) f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + 3a^5b^3 + a^4b^4) f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^6b^2 + 3a^5b^3 + 3a^4b^4 + a^3b^5) f)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(((8*a^4 + 8*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3 + 3*b^4 + 2*(8*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) - 2*(6*a^3*b^2 + 9*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + (8*a^4*b + 13*a^3*b^2 + 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f), -1/8*(((8*a^4 + 8*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3 + 3*b^4 + 2*(8*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (6*a^3*b^2 + 9*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + (8*a^4*b + 13*a^3*b^2 + 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} - \frac{2\left((8a^2b + 5ab^2) \sin(fx+e)^3 - (8a^2b + 11ab^2 + 3b^3) \sin(fx+e)\right)}{16f(a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4 + (a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 - 2(a^6 + 3a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + a^3b^3) \sin(fx+e)^2)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) - 2*((8*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^3 - (8*a^2*b + 11*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4 + (a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(8a^2 + 8ab + 3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx + e)}{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}}\right) - \frac{8a^2 b \sin(fx + e)^3 + 5ab^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 - 8a^2 b \sin(fx + e) - 11ab^2 \sin(fx + e) - 3b^3 \sin(fx + e)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}}}{8f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + 3*b^2)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) - (8*a^2*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a*b^2*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 8*a^2*b*sin(f*x + e) - 11*a*b^2*sin(f*x + e) - 3*b^3*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)^2))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{\sin(e+fx)^3(5b^2+8ab)}{8a(a+b)^2} - \frac{\sin(e+fx)(3b^2+8ab)}{8a^2(a+b)}}{f(2ab+a^2+b^2-\sin(e+fx)^2(2a^2+2ba)+a^2\sin(e+fx)^4)} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)(8a^2+8ab+3b^2)}{8a^{5/2}f(a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)`output `((sin(e + f*x)^3*(8*a*b + 5*b^2))/(8*a*(a + b)^2) - (sin(e + f*x)*(8*a*b + 3*b^2))/(8*a^2*(a + b)))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 - sin(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*a^2) + a^2*sin(e + f*x)^4)) + (atanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))*(8*a*b + 8*a^2 + 3*b^2))/(8*a^(5/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1518, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.84

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +
b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e +
f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)
**4*a**2*b**2 + 16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2
+ sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 32*sqr
t(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqr
t(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 22*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log
(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2
))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((
e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2
*a*b**3 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt
(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sq
rt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*
a**3*b - 27*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt
(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b**2 - 14*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*l
og(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)
/2))*a*b**3 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 +
sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**4 + 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*...
```

3.209 $\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1783
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1784
Rubi [A] (verified)	1784
Maple [A] (verified)	1786
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1786
Sympy [F(-1)]	1787
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1787
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1788
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1789
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1789

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{3b(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a^3f} - \frac{b^3 \sin(e+fx)}{4a^3(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{3b^2(4a+3b) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)^2f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-3/8*b*(8*a^2+12*a*b+5*b^2)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f-1/4*b^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin
(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*b^2*(4*a+3*b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^
2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3b(8a^2+12ab+5b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{5/2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)(8a^4+32a^3b+60a^2b^2+51ab^3+15b^4-a(16a^3+48a^2b+60ab^2+25b^3)\sin^2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^2(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^2}}{8a^{7/2}f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `((-3*b*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 5*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) + (4*Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]*(8*a^4 + 32*a^3*b + 60*a^2*b^2 + 51*a*b^3 + 15*b^4 - a*(16*a^3 + 48*a^2*b + 60*a*b^2 + 25*b^3)*Sin[e + f*x]^2 + 8*a^2*(a + b)^2*Sin[e + f*x]^4))/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))^2)/(8*a^(7/2)*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4635}$$

$$\int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^3}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^3} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{a^3} - \frac{3a^2b \sin^4(e+fx) - 3ab(2a+b) \sin^2(e+fx) + b(3a^2 + 3ba + b^2)}{a^3(-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a+b)^3} \right) d \sin(e+fx)$$

f

2009

$$\frac{-\frac{3b(4(a+b)^2 + (2a+b)^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}(a+b)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^3 \sin(e+fx)}{4a^3(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a+b)^2} + \frac{3b^2(4a+3b) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)^2(-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a+b)} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a^3}}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `((-3*b*(4*(a + b)^2 + (2*a + b)^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(8*a^(7/2)*(a + b)^(5/2)) + Sin[e + f*x]/a^3 - (b^3*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*a^3*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*b^2*(4*a + 3*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/(8*a^3*(a + b)^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{-3ab(4a+3b)\sin(fx+e)^3 + (12a+7b)b\sin(fx+e)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(12a+7b)b\sin(fx+e)}{8a+8b} - \frac{3(8a^2+12ab+5b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2}}{f a^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a^3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{-3ab(4a+3b)\sin(fx+e)^3 + (12a+7b)b\sin(fx+e)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(12a+7b)b\sin(fx+e)}{8a+8b} - \frac{3(8a^2+12ab+5b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a(a+b)}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{a(a+b)}} \right)}{(-a-b+a\sin(fx+e))^2}}{f a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{i(fx+e)}}{2a^3f} + \frac{ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{2a^3f} - \frac{ib^2(12a^2e^{7i(fx+e)}+9abe^{7i(fx+e)}+12a^2e^{5i(fx+e)}+49ab e^{5i(fx+e)}+28b^2e^{5i(fx+e)}-12a^2e^{3i(fx+e)}-9ab e^{3i(fx+e)}-12a^2e^{i(fx+e)}-9ab e^{i(fx+e)}-b^2)}{4a^3(a+b)^2 f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(sin(f*x+e)/a^3+b/a^3*((-3/8*a*b*(4*a+3*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(12*a+7*b)*b/(a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)-3/8*(8*a^2+12*a*b+5*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 351 vs. 2(148) = 296.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 727, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(3*(8*a^2*b^3 + 12*a*b^4 + 5*b^5 + (8*a^4*b + 12*a^3*b^2 + 5*a^2*b^3)
)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(8*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*
a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(8*a^4*b^2 + 34*a^3*b^3 + 41*a^2*b^4 +
15*a*b^5 + 8*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (16*a^
5*b + 60*a^4*b^2 + 69*a^3*b^3 + 25*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/
((a^9 + 3*a^8*b + 3*a^7*b^2 + a^6*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^8*b + 3*a^7
*b^2 + 3*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^7*b^2 + 3*a^6*b^3 + 3*a^
5*b^4 + a^4*b^5)*f), 1/8*(3*(8*a^2*b^3 + 12*a*b^4 + 5*b^5 + (8*a^4*b + 12*
a^3*b^2 + 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(8*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4)
*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a
+ b)) + (8*a^4*b^2 + 34*a^3*b^3 + 41*a^2*b^4 + 15*a*b^5 + 8*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b
+ 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (16*a^5*b + 60*a^4*b^2 + 69*a^3*b
^3 + 25*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^9 + 3*a^8*b + 3*a^7*b^2
+ a^6*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^8*b + 3*a^7*b^2 + 3*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4)
*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^7*b^2 + 3*a^6*b^3 + 3*a^5*b^4 + a^4*b^5)*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2b + 12ab^2 + 5b^3) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} - \frac{2(3(4a^2b^2 + 3ab^3) \sin(fx+e)^3 - (12a^2b^2 + 19ab^3 + 7b^4) \sin(fx+e))}{a^7 + 4a^6b + 6a^5b^2 + 4a^4b^3 + a^3b^4 + (a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 - 2(a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) \sin(fx+e)^2}$$

16 f

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{16} \cdot (3 \cdot (8a^2b + 12ab^2 + 5b^3) \cdot \log((a \sin(fx + e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}) / (a \sin(fx + e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a})) / ((a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) \sqrt{(a+b)a}) - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot (4a^2b^2 + 3ab^3) \sin(fx + e)^3 - (12a^2b^2 + 19ab^3 + 7b^4) \sin(fx + e)) / (a^7 + 4a^6b + 6a^5b^2 + 4a^4b^3 + a^3b^4 + (a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2) \sin(fx + e)^4 - 2(a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) \sin(fx + e)^2) + 16 \sin(fx + e) / a^3) / f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2b + 12ab^2 + 5b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx + e)}{\sqrt{-a^2 - ab}}\right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab}} - \frac{12a^2b^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 + 9ab^3 \sin(fx + e)^3 - 12a^2b^2 \sin(fx + e) - 19ab^3 \sin(fx + e) - 7b^4 \sin(fx + e)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) (a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)^2}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8} \cdot (3 \cdot (8a^2b + 12ab^2 + 5b^3) \cdot \arctan(a \sin(fx + e) / \sqrt{-a^2 - ab}) / ((a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) \sqrt{-a^2 - ab}) - (12a^2b^2 \sin(fx + e)^3 + 9ab^3 \sin(fx + e)^3 - 12a^2b^2 \sin(fx + e) - 19ab^3 \sin(fx + e) - 7b^4 \sin(fx + e)) / ((a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) \cdot (a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)^2) + 8 \sin(fx + e) / a^3) / f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(e + fx)}{a^3 f}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{\sin(e+fx)(7b^3+12ab^2)}{8(a+b)} - \frac{3\sin(e+fx)^3(4a^2b^2+3ab^3)}{8(a+b)^2}}{f(2a^4b - \sin(e+fx)^2(2a^5 + 2ba^4) + a^5 + a^3b^2 + a^5\sin(e+fx)^4)}$$

$$- \frac{3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)(8a^2 + 12ab + 5b^2)}{8a^{7/2}f(a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`output `sin(e + f*x)/(a^3*f) + ((sin(e + f*x)*(12*a*b^2 + 7*b^3))/(8*(a + b)) - (3*
*sin(e + f*x)^3*(3*a*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^2))/(8*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a^4*b - sin(e
+ f*x)^2*(2*a^4*b + 2*a^5) + a^5 + a^3*b^2 + a^5*sin(e + f*x)^4)) - (3*b*a
tanh((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))*(12*a*b + 8*a^2 + 5*b^2))/(8*a^
(7/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1649, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.57

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 36*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +
b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e +
f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a +
b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e +
f*x)**4*a**2*b**3 - 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/
2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b -
120*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**2 - 102*sqrt(a)*sqr
t(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan
((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt
(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*si
n(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x
)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**4*b + 84*sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2))*a**3*b**2 + 111*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b**3 + 66*s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*s
qrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**4 + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**5 - 2...
```

3.210 $\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1791
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1792
Rubi [A] (verified)	1792
Maple [A] (verified)	1794
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1795
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1798

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{b^2(48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{(a-3b) \sin(e+fx)}{a^4 f} - \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^3 f} + \frac{b^4 \sin(e+fx)}{4a^4(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b^3(16a+13b) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^4(a+b)^2 f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*b^2*(48*a^2+80*a*b+35*b^2)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^(
9/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+(a-3*b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^4/f-1/3*sin(f*x+e)^3/a^3/f+1/4*b^4
*sin(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b^3*(16*a+13*b)*sin(f*x
+e)/a^4/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3b^2(48a^2+80ab+35b^2)(\log(\sqrt{a+b}-\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx))-\log(\sqrt{a+b}+\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)))}{(a+b)^{5/2}} + 12\sqrt{a}\left(-12b - \frac{b^4(9a+22b+13a\cos(2(e+fx)))}{(a+b)^2(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^2}\right)}{48a^{9/2}f}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`output
$$\frac{((-3*b^2*(48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*(Log[Sqrt[a + b] - Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]] - Log[Sqrt[a + b] + Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x]]))/(a + b)^{(5/2)} + 12*Sqrt[a]*(-12*b - (b^4*(9*a + 22*b + 13*a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) + a*(3 - (16*b^3)/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))*Sin[e + f*x] + 4*a^{(3/2)}*Sin[3*(e + f*x)]/(48*a^{(9/2)}*f)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^3 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4635}$$

$$\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^4}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\sin(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{f}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{a^3} + \frac{a-3b}{a^4} + \frac{6a^2b^2 \sin^4(e+fx) - 4ab^2(3a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx) + b^2(6a^2+8ba+3b^2)}{a^4(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} \right) d \sin(e+fx)$$

↓ 300

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^4 \sin(e+fx)}{4a^4(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} - \frac{b^3(16a+13b) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^4(a+b)^2(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} + \frac{(a-3b) \sin(e+fx)}{a^4} - \frac{\sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^3} + \frac{b^2(48a^2+80ab+35b^2) \arctan \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{a+b}}{8a^{9/2}(a+b)^5}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `((b^2*(48*a^2 + 80*a*b + 35*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(8*a^(9/2)*(a + b)^(5/2)) + ((a - 3*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/a^4 - Sin[e + f*x]^3/(3*a^3) + (b^4*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*a^4*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (b^3*(16*a + 13*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/(8*a^4*(a + b)^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4635

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{a \sin(fx+e)^3}{3} - \sin(fx+e)a + 3 \sin(fx+e)b}{a^4} - \frac{i^2 \left(\frac{-\frac{ab(16a+13b) \sin(fx+e)^3}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(16a+11b)b \sin(fx+e)}{8a+8b}}{(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e))^2} - \frac{(48a^2+80ab+35b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a+b}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} \right)}{f a^4}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{a \sin(fx+e)^3}{3} - \sin(fx+e)a + 3 \sin(fx+e)b}{a^4} - \frac{i^2 \left(\frac{-\frac{ab(16a+13b) \sin(fx+e)^3}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{(16a+11b)b \sin(fx+e)}{8a+8b}}{(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e))^2} - \frac{(48a^2+80ab+35b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)}{a+b}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} \right)}{f a^4}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{3i(fx+e)}}{24a^3 f} - \frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}}{8a^3 f} + \frac{3ie^{i(fx+e)}b}{2a^4 f} + \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{8a^3 f} - \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}b}{2a^4 f} + \frac{ie^{-3i(fx+e)}}{24a^3 f} + \frac{ib^3(16a^2e^{7i(fx+e)})}{8a^3 f}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/a^4*(1/3*a*sin(f*x+e)^3-sin(f*x+e)*a+3*sin(f*x+e)*b)-b^2/a^4*((-1/8*a*b*(16*a+13*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(16*a+11*b)*b/(a+b)*sin(f*x+e))/(-a-b+a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*(48*a^2+80*a*b+35*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 416 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 856, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*(48*a^2*b^4 + 80*a*b^5 + 35*b^6 + (48*a^4*b^2 + 80*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(48*a^3*b^3 + 80*a^2*b^4 + 35*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(16*a^5*b^2 - 24*a^4*b^3 - 210*a^3*b^4 - 275*a^2*b^5 - 105*a*b^6 + 8*(a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 8*(2*a^7 - a^6*b - 15*a^5*b^2 - 19*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (32*a^6*b - 40*a^5*b^2 - 360*a^4*b^3 - 463*a^3*b^4 - 175*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^10 + 3*a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + a^7*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + a^6*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^4 + a^5*b^5)*f), -1/24*(3*(48*a^2*b^4 + 80*a*b^5 + 35*b^6 + (48*a^4*b^2 + 80*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(48*a^3*b^3 + 80*a^2*b^4 + 35*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) - (16*a^5*b^2 - 24*a^4*b^3 - 210*a^3*b^4 - 275*a^2*b^5 - 105*a*b^6 + 8*(a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 8*(2*a^7 - a^6*b - 15*a^5*b^2 - 19*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (32*a^6*b - 40*a^5*b^2 - 360*a^4*b^3 - 463*a^3*b^4 - 175*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^10 + 3*a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + a^7*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + a^6*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^4 + a^5*b^5)*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(48a^2b^2 + 80ab^3 + 35b^4) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} - \frac{6\left((16a^2b^3 + 13ab^4) \sin(fx+e)^3 - (16a^2b^3 + 27ab^4 + 11b^5) \sin(fx+e)\right)}{a^8 + 4a^7b + 6a^6b^2 + 4a^5b^3 + a^4b^4 + (a^8 + 2a^7b + a^6b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 - 2(a^8 + 3a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + a^5b^3) \sin(fx+e)^2 + 16(a \sin(fx+e))^3 - 3(a - 3b) \sin(fx+e)} a^4 / f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/48*(3*(48*a^2*b^2 + 80*a*b^3 + 35*b^4)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) - 6*((16*a^2*b^3 + 13*a*b^4)*sin(f*x + e)^3 - (16*a^2*b^3 + 27*a*b^4 + 11*b^5)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^8 + 4*a^7*b + 6*a^6*b^2 + 4*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4 + (a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a*sin(f*x + e))^3 - 3*(a - 3*b)*sin(f*x + e))/a^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(48a^2b^2 + 80ab^3 + 35b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right)}{(a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} - \frac{3(16a^2b^3 \sin(fx+e)^3 + 13ab^4 \sin(fx+e)^3 - 16a^2b^3 \sin(fx+e) - 27ab^4 \sin(fx+e) - 11b^5 \sin(fx+e))}{(a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2)(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)^2}$$

$$- \frac{24f}{24f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*(3*(48*a^2*b^2 + 80*a*b^3 + 35*b^4)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) - 3*(16*a^2*b^3*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 13*a*b^4*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*sin(f*x + e) - 27*a*b^4*sin(f*x + e) - 11*b^5*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)^2) + 8*(a^6*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a^6*sin(f*x + e) + 9*a^5*b*sin(f*x + e))/a^9)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \ln(\sqrt{a+b} + \sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)) \left(3a^2 + 5ab + \frac{35b^2}{16}\right)}{a^{9/2} f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{\sin(e+fx)(11b^4+16ab^3)}{8(a+b)} - \frac{\sin(e+fx)^3(16a^2b^3+13ab^4)}{8(a+b)^2}}{f(2a^5b - \sin(e+fx)^2(2a^6 + 2ba^5) + a^6 + a^4b^2 + a^6 \sin(e+fx)^4)}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(e+fx)^3}{3a^3 f} - \frac{b^2 \ln(\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx) - \sqrt{a+b}) (48a^2 + 80ab + 35b^2)}{16a^{9/2} f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sin(e+fx) \left(\frac{3(a+b)}{a^4} - \frac{4}{a^3}\right)}{f}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(b^2*log((a + b)^(1/2) + a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x))*(5*a*b + 3*a^2 + (35*b^2)/16)))/(a^(9/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2)) - ((sin(e + f*x)*(16*a*b^3 + 11*b^4))/(8*(a + b)) - (sin(e + f*x)^3*(13*a*b^4 + 16*a^2*b^3))/(8*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a^5*b - sin(e + f*x)^2*(2*a^5*b + 2*a^6) + a^6 + a^4*b^2 + a^6*sin(e + f*x)^4)) - sin(e + f*x)^3/(3*a^3*f) - (b^2*log(a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x) - (a + b)^(1/2))*(80*a*b + 48*a^2 + 35*b^2))/(16*a^(9/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2)) - (sin(e + f*x)*((3*(a + b))/a^4 - 4/a^3))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1766, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 144*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**2 - 240*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**3 - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**4 + 288*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b**2 + 768*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**3 + 690*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**4 + 210*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**5 - 144*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**4*b**2 - 528*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**3*b**3 - 729*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b**4 - 450*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**5 - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan(...
```

3.211
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1799
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1800
Rubi [A] (verified)	1801
Maple [A] (verified)	1802
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1803
Sympy [F(-1)]	1804
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1804
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1805
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1806

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^3(80a^2+140ab+63b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{(a^2-3ab+6b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{a^5 f} - \frac{(2a-3b) \sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^4 f} + \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{5a^3 f} - \frac{b^5 \sin(e+fx)}{4a^5(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{b^4(20a+17b) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^5(a+b)^2 f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-1/8*b^3*(80*a^2+140*a*b+63*b^2)*arctanh(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a
^(11/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+(a^2-3*a*b+6*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a^5/f-1/3*(2*a-3*b)*sin
(f*x+e)^3/a^4/f+1/5*sin(f*x+e)^5/a^3/f-1/4*b^5*sin(f*x+e)/a^5/(a+b)/f/(a+b
-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*b^4*(20*a+17*b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^5/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b-a*sin
(f*x+e)^2)
```


Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2670, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((5*a^2 - 18*a*b + 48*b^2)*Cos[f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e
+ f*x]^6*Sin[e])/(64*a^5*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((-80*a^2*b^3 - 14
0*a*b^4 - 63*b^5)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(((I/128
)*ArcTan[((-I)*a*Cos[e] - I*b*Cos[e] + I*a*Cos[3*e] + I*b*Cos[3*e] + a*Sin
[e] + b*Sin[e] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Cos[e - f*x]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*
e]] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Cos[3*e + f*x]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]] + a*S
in[3*e] + b*Sin[3*e] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]*S
in[e - f*x] - (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]*Sin[e
+ f*x] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]*Sin[3*e + f*x])
/(a*Cos[e] + 3*b*Cos[e] + a*Cos[3*e] + b*Cos[3*e] + a*Cos[e + 2*f*x] + a*C
os[3*e + 2*f*x] - (3*I)*a*Sin[e] - I*b*Sin[e] - I*a*Sin[3*e] - I*b*Sin[3*e
] - I*a*Sin[e + 2*f*x] + I*a*Sin[3*e + 2*f*x]))*Cos[e])/(a^(11/2)*Sqrt[a +
b]*f*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]) + (ArcTan[((-I)*a*Cos[e] - I*b*Cos[e] +
I*a*Cos[3*e] + I*b*Cos[3*e] + a*Sin[e] + b*Sin[e] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*C
os[e - f*x]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Cos[3*e + f*
x]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]] + a*Sin[3*e] + b*Sin[3*e] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[
a + b]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]*Sin[e - f*x] - (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b
]*Sqrt[Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]*Sin[e + f*x] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[Co
s[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]]*Sin[3*e + f*x])/(a*Cos[e] + 3*b*Cos[e] + a*Cos[3*e] +
b*Cos[3*e] + a*Cos[e + 2*f*x] + a*Cos[3*e + 2*f*x] - (3*I)*a*Sin[e] - ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4635, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4635} \\
 & \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^5}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{300} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\sin^4(e+fx)}{a^3} - \frac{(2a-3b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{a^4} + \frac{a^2-3ba+6b^2}{a^5} - \frac{10a^2b^3\sin^4(e+fx)-5ab^3(4a+3b)\sin^2(e+fx)+b^3(10a^2+15ba+6b^2)}{a^5(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} \right) d\sin(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{b^5\sin(e+fx)}{4a^5(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} + \frac{b^4(20a+17b)\sin(e+fx)}{8a^5(a+b)^2(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} - \frac{(2a-3b)\sin^3(e+fx)}{3a^4} + \frac{\sin^5(e+fx)}{5a^3} - \frac{b^3(80a^2+140ab+63b^2)\sin(e+fx)}{8a^{11/2}(a+b)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-1/8*(b^3*(80*a^2 + 140*a*b + 63*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a^(11/2)*(a + b)^(5/2)) + ((a^2 - 3*a*b + 6*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x])/a^5 - ((2*a - 3*b)*Sin[e + f*x]^3)/(3*a^4) + Sin[e + f*x]^5/(5*a^3) - (b^5 *Sin[e + f*x])/(4*a^5*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (b^4*(20*a + 17*b)*Sin[e + f*x])/(8*a^5*(a + b)^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 300 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int
[PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4635 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[ExpandToSum[b + a*(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m
+ n*p + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && In
tegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 \sin^5(fx+e)}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + ab \sin^3(fx+e) + \sin(fx+e)a^2 - 3 \sin(fx+e)ab + 6 \sin(fx+e)b^2}{a^5} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{-ab(20a+17b) \sin(fx+e)^3}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{1}{(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e))} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 \sin^5(fx+e)}{5} - \frac{2a^2 \sin^3(fx+e)}{3} + ab \sin^3(fx+e) + \sin(fx+e)a^2 - 3 \sin(fx+e)ab + 6 \sin(fx+e)b^2}{a^5} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{-ab(20a+17b) \sin(fx+e)^3}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{1}{(-a-b+a \sin(fx+e))} \right)}{f}$
risch	$\frac{5ie^{-i(fx+e)}}{16a^3f} - \frac{ie^{5i(fx+e)}}{160a^3f} + \frac{5ie^{-3i(fx+e)}}{96a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{-i(fx+e)}b^2}{fa^5} - \frac{5ie^{3i(fx+e)}}{96a^3f} + \frac{9ie^{i(fx+e)}b}{8a^4f} - \frac{ib^4(20a^2e^{7i(fx+e)})}{8a^4f}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^5*(1/5*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^5-2/3*a^2*sin(f*x+e)^3+a*b*sin(f*x+e)^3+sin
(f*x+e)*a^2-3*sin(f*x+e)*a*b+6*sin(f*x+e)*b^2)+b^3/a^5*((-1/8*a*b*(20*a+17
*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*sin(f*x+e)^3+5/8*(4*a+3*b)*b/(a+b)*sin(f*x+e))/(-a-b+a
*sin(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*(80*a^2+140*a*b+63*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/(a*(a+b))^(1/
2)*arctanh(a*sin(f*x+e)/(a*(a+b))^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 485 vs. 2(202) = 404.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 995, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/240*(15*(80*a^2*b^5 + 140*a*b^6 + 63*b^7 + (80*a^4*b^3 + 140*a^3*b^4 +
63*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(80*a^3*b^4 + 140*a^2*b^5 + 63*a*b^6)*cos(f
*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*log(-(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*sqrt(a^2 + a*b)*sin(
f*x + e) - 2*a - b)/(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)) + 2*(24*(a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6
*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 64*a^6*b^2 - 48*a^5*b^3 + 192*a^4*b^4 + 1
774*a^3*b^5 + 2415*a^2*b^6 + 945*a*b^7 + 8*(4*a^8 + 3*a^7*b - 15*a^6*b^2 -
23*a^5*b^3 - 9*a^4*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 8*(8*a^8 + 2*a^7*b + 21*a^6*b^2
+ 131*a^5*b^3 + 167*a^4*b^4 + 63*a^3*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (128*a^7*b - 64
*a^6*b^2 + 360*a^5*b^3 + 3044*a^4*b^4 + 4067*a^3*b^5 + 1575*a^2*b^6)*cos(f
*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^11 + 3*a^10*b + 3*a^9*b^2 + a^8*b^3)*f*cos(f*
x + e)^4 + 2*(a^10*b + 3*a^9*b^2 + 3*a^8*b^3 + a^7*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
(a^9*b^2 + 3*a^8*b^3 + 3*a^7*b^4 + a^6*b^5)*f), 1/120*(15*(80*a^2*b^5 + 1
40*a*b^6 + 63*b^7 + (80*a^4*b^3 + 140*a^3*b^4 + 63*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ 2*(80*a^3*b^4 + 140*a^2*b^5 + 63*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b
)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)/(a + b)) + (24*(a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a
^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 64*a^6*b^2 - 48*a^5*b^3 + 192*a^4*b^4 +
1774*a^3*b^5 + 2415*a^2*b^6 + 945*a*b^7 + 8*(4*a^8 + 3*a^7*b - 15*a^6*b^2
- 23*a^5*b^3 - 9*a^4*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 8*(8*a^8 + 2*a^7*b + 21*a^6*b^
2 + 131*a^5*b^3 + 167*a^4*b^4 + 63*a^3*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (128*a^7*b -
64*a^6*b^2 + 360*a^5*b^3 + 3044*a^4*b^4 + 4067*a^3*b^5 + 1575*a^2*b^6)*...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(80a^2b^3 + 140ab^4 + 63b^5) \log\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{(a+b)a}}{a \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{(a+b)a}}\right)}{(a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)a}} - \frac{30\left((20a^2b^4 + 17ab^5) \sin(fx+e)^3 - 5(4a^2b^4 + 7ab^5 + 3b^6) \sin(fx+e)^2 + 16(3a^2 \sin(fx+e)^5 - 5(2a^2 - 3ab) \sin(fx+e)^3 + 15(a^2 - 3ab + 6b^2) \sin(fx+e))\right)}{a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4 + (a^9 + 2a^8b + a^7b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 - 2(a^9 + 3a^8b + 3a^7b^2) \sin(fx+e)^3 + 15(a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4) \sin(fx+e)^2 - 2(a^9 + 3a^8b + 3a^7b^2) \sin(fx+e) + 15(a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4)}$$

240 f

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/240*(15*(80*a^2*b^3 + 140*a*b^4 + 63*b^5)*log((a*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt((a + b)*a))/(a*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt((a + b)*a)))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*a)) - 30*((20*a^2*b^4 + 17*a*b^5)*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 5*(4*a^2*b^4 + 7*a*b^5 + 3*b^6)*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(3*a^2*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(2*a^2 - 3*a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(a^2 - 3*a*b + 6*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/a^5)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(80a^2b^3 + 140ab^4 + 63b^5) \arctan\left(\frac{a \sin(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-a^2-ab}}\right) - 15(20a^2b^4 \sin(fx+e)^3 + 17ab^5 \sin(fx+e)^3 - 20a^2b^4 \sin(fx+e) - 35ab^5 \sin(fx+e) - 15b^6 \sin(fx+e))}{(a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)\sqrt{-a^2-ab}} - \frac{15(20a^2b^4 \sin(fx+e)^3 + 17ab^5 \sin(fx+e)^3 - 20a^2b^4 \sin(fx+e) - 35ab^5 \sin(fx+e) - 15b^6 \sin(fx+e))}{(a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)^2}$$

120

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/120*(15*(80*a^2*b^3 + 140*a*b^4 + 63*b^5)*arctan(a*sin(f*x + e)/sqrt(-a^2 - a*b))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 - a*b)) - 15*(20*a^2*b^4*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 17*a*b^5*sin(f*x + e)^3 - 20*a^2*b^4*sin(f*x + e) - 35*a*b^5*sin(f*x + e) - 15*b^6*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)^2) + 8*(3*a^12*sin(f*x + e)^5 - 10*a^12*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^11*b*sin(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^12*sin(f*x + e) - 45*a^11*b*sin(f*x + e) + 90*a^10*b^2*sin(f*x + e))/a^15)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5 \sin(e+fx) (3b^5+4ab^4)}{8(a+b)} - \frac{\sin(e+fx)^3 (20a^2b^4+17ab^5)}{8(a+b)^2}}{f (2a^6b - \sin(e+fx)^2 (2a^7 + 2ba^6) + a^7 + a^5b^2 + a^7 \sin(e+fx)^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sin(e+fx)^5}{5a^3 f} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)^3 \left(\frac{a+b}{a^4} - \frac{5}{3a^3}\right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{\sin(e+fx) \left(\frac{10}{a^3} - \frac{3(a+b)^2}{a^5} + \frac{3(a+b) \left(\frac{3(a+b)}{a^4} - \frac{5}{a^3}\right)}{a}\right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx) \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (80a^2 + 140ab + 63b^2) \operatorname{li}}{8a^{11/2} f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output `((5*sin(e + f*x)*(4*a*b^4 + 3*b^5))/(8*(a + b)) - (sin(e + f*x)^3*(17*a*b^5 + 20*a^2*b^4))/(8*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a^6*b - sin(e + f*x)^2*(2*a^6*b + 2*a^7) + a^7 + a^5*b^2 + a^7*sin(e + f*x)^4)) + sin(e + f*x)^5/(5*a^3*f) + (sin(e + f*x)^3*((a + b)/a^4 - 5/(3*a^3)))/f + (sin(e + f*x)*(10/a^3 - (3*(a + b)^2)/a^5 + (3*(a + b)*((3*(a + b))/a^4 - 5/a^3))/a))/f + (b^3*atan((a^(1/2)*sin(e + f*x)*1i)/(a + b)^(1/2))*(140*a*b + 80*a^2 + 63*b^2)*1i)/(8*a^(11/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1887, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(1200*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**3 + 2100*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*t
an((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**4 + 945*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(s
qrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**5 - 2400*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**
2*a**4*b**3 - 6600*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2
 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**4 - 6
090*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
 - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**5 - 1890*sqrt(a)*sqr
t(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan
((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**6 + 1200*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(
a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**
4*b**3 + 4500*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sq
rt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**3*b**4 + 6345*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a +
b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e +
f*x)/2))*a**2*b**5 + 3990*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x
)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**6 + 945*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a + b)*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a...
```


3.212 $\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1808
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1809
Rubi [A] (verified)	1809
Maple [A] (verified)	1811
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1812
Sympy [F]	1813
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1813
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1814
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1814
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1815

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e+fx)}{4b^2(a+b)f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{a(5a+8b)\tan(e+fx)}{8b^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/4*a^2*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)-1/8*a*(5*a+8*b)*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(3a^2+8ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{5/2}} - \frac{a\sqrt{b}(3a^2+16ab+16b^2+3a(a+2b)\cos(2(e+fx))) \sin(2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^2(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^2}}{8b^{5/2}f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(a + b)^(5/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 3*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2))/(8*b^(5/2)*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 315, 298, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\int \frac{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)$$

$$f$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 315 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{(3a+4b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+4b}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)} - \frac{a\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{4b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 298 \\
 \frac{(3a^2+8ab+8b^2)\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)} - \frac{3a(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{a\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{4b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{(3a^2+8ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}(a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{3a(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{2b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{a\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{4b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{(-1/4*(a*\tan[e + f*x]*(1 + \tan[e + f*x]^2))/(b*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\tan[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b])])/(2*b^{3/2}*(a + b)^{3/2}) - (3*a*(a + 2*b)*\tan[e + f*x])/(2*b*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*b*(a + b)))/f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),`
`x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S`
`imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))`
`*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -`
`1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)`
`)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f`
`Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),`
`x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ`
`[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a(5a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3}{8b(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(3a+8b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8b^2(a+b)} + \frac{(3a^2+8ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)b^2\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e))^2} \cdot f$
default	$\frac{-\frac{a(5a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3}{8b(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{(3a+8b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8b^2(a+b)} + \frac{(3a^2+8ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)b^2\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e))^2} \cdot f$
risch	$-\frac{i(3a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+8a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+8ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+9a^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+42a^2be^{4i(fx+e)}+72ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+48b^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+4(a+b)^2b^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{-1/8*a*(5*a+8*b)/b/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*\tan(f*x+e)^3 - 1/8*(3*a+8*b)*a/b^2/(a+b)*\tan(f*x+e)}{(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e))^2} + \frac{1/8*(3*a^2+8*a*b+8*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/b^2/((a+b)*b)^{(1/2)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^{(1/2))}}{(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e))^2} \right)$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 321 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 722, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.23

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/32*(((3*a^4 + 8*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*(3*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^3*b^2 + 13*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^5 + a^2*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^6 + a*b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^6 + 3*a*b^7 + b^8)*f), -1/16*(((3*a^4 + 8*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + 2*(3*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^3*b^2 + 13*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^5 + a^2*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b^4 + 3*a^3*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^6 + a*b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^5 + 3*a^2*b^6 + 3*a*b^7 + b^8)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^2b^2 + 2ab^3 + b^4)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{(5a^2b + 8ab^2) \tan(fx + e)^3 + (3a^3 + 11a^2b + 8ab^2) \tan(fx + e)}{a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + 6a^2b^4 + 4ab^5 + b^6 + (a^2b^4 + 2ab^5 + b^6) \tan(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^3b^3 + 3a^2b^4 + 3ab^5 + b^6) \tan(fx + e)^2} / f$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - ((5*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^4 + 4*a*b^5 + b^6 + (a^2*b^4 + 2*a*b^5 + b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) (3a^2+8ab+8b^2)}{(a^2b^2+2ab^3+b^4)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{5a^2b \tan(fx+e)^3 + 8ab^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 3a^3 \tan(fx+e) + 11a^2b \tan(fx+e)}{(a^2b^2+2ab^3+b^4)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{10em}}{8f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$\frac{1}{8} * ((\pi * \text{floor}((f*x + e) / \pi + 1/2) * \text{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b * \tan(f*x + e) / \sqrt{a*b + b^2})) * (3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2) / ((a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4) * \sqrt{a*b + b^2}) - (5*a^2*b*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + 8*a*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a^3*\tan(f*x + e) + 11*a^2*b*\tan(f*x + e) + 8*a*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)) / ((a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4) * (b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2)) / f$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (3a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2)}{8b^{5/2} f (a+b)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)^3 (5a^2+8ba)}{8b(a+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) (3a^2+8ba)}{8b^2(a+b)}}{f (2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e+fx)^2 (2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e+fx)^4)}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)`output
$$\frac{\operatorname{atan}(b^{1/2} * \tan(e + f*x) / (a + b)^{1/2}) * (8*a*b + 3*a^2 + 8*b^2)}{(8*b^{5/2} * f * (a + b)^{5/2}) - ((\tan(e + f*x)^3 * (8*a*b + 5*a^2)) / (8*b * (a + b)^2) + (\tan(e + f*x) * (8*a*b + 3*a^2)) / (8*b^2 * (a + b))) / (f * (2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + f*x)^2 * (2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2 * \tan(e + f*x)^4))}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1296, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.39

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 22*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 32*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 + 14*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b + 27*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + ...
```


$$3.213 \quad \int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1816
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1817
Rubi [A] (verified)	1817
Maple [A] (verified)	1819
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1820
Sympy [F]	1821
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1821
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1822
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1822
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{(a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8b(a+b)^2f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/8*(a+4*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1
/4*a*tan(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(a+4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/b/
(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(- \frac{(a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx)) + a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{b\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right) (a+2b+ \dots)}{64(a + b)^2 f (a + \dots)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(-(((a + 4*b)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]^4)]])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e]^4)]) - (4*(a + b)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(a*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + 4*b)*Sin[2*e] - (a - 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/(b*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))))/(64*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 298, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)+1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{(a+4b) \int \frac{1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{(a+4b) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4b(a+b)} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a+4b) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4b(a+b)} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{4b(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(a*Tan[e + f*x])/(b*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((a + 4*b)*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(2*Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Tan[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*b*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} - \frac{(a-4b)\tan(fx+e)}{8(a+b)b}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{(a+4b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)b\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} - \frac{(a-4b)\tan(fx+e)}{8(a+b)b}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{(a+4b)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)b\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$\frac{i(-a^3e^{6i(fx+e)} - 4a^2be^{6i(fx+e)} - 3a^3e^{4i(fx+e)} - 2a^2be^{4i(fx+e)} + 8ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 16b^3e^{4i(fx+e)} - 3a^3e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4e^{2i(fx+e)})}{4a(a+b)^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)^2b}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/f*((1/8*(a+4*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3-1/8*(a-4*b)/(a+b)/b*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(a+4*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/b/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/32*(((a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a*b^2 + 4*b^3 + 2*(a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*((a^3*b - a^2*b^2 - 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3 + 4*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^5 + 3*a*b^6 + b^7)*f), -1/16*(((a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a*b^2 + 4*b^3 + 2*(a^2*b + 4*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + 2*((a^3*b - a^2*b^2 - 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3 + 4*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5*b^2 + 3*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^4 + 3*a^2*b^5 + 3*a*b^6 + b^7)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^2b+2ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(ab+4b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 - (a^2-3ab-4b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{a^4b+4a^3b^2+6a^2b^3+4ab^4+b^5+(a^2b^3+2ab^4+b^5) \tan(fx+e)^4+2(a^3b^2+3a^2b^3+3ab^4+b^5) \tan(fx+e)^2} 8f$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((a + 4*b)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((a*b + 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 - (a^2 - 3*a*b - 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5 + (a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right)(a+4b)}{(a^2b+2ab^2+b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{ab \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 - a^2 \tan(fx+e) + 3ab \tan(fx+e) + 4b^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^2b+2ab^2+b^3)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{8f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*(a + 4*b)/((a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 3*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)^3(a+4b)}{8(a+b)^2} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a-4b)}{8b(a+b)}}{f(2ab+a^2+b^2+\tan(e+fx)^2(2b^2+2ab)+b^2\tan(e+fx)^4)} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)(a+4b)}{8b^{3/2}f(a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)`output `((tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + 4*b))/(8*(a + b)^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a - 4*b))/(8*b*(a + b)))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^4)) + (atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2))*(a + 4*b))/(8*b^(3/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1026, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.34

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)
*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*
*3 - 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/
sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*
tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3 + 6*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a
**2*b + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a)
)/sqrt(b))*a*b**2 + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/
2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)
)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a
**2*b - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a)
)/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)
*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 8*sqrt(b)*s
qrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e +
f*x)**2*a*b**2 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) +
sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e...
```


3.214 $\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1824
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1825
Rubi [A] (verified)	1825
Maple [A] (verified)	1827
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1828
Sympy [F]	1829
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1829
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1830
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1830
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1831

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{3 \tan(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/8*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/4*tan(f
*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f
*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(-\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e)) - ((a+2b) \sin(fx) + a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right) (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{64(a + \dots)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((-3*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (4*b*(a + b)*Sec[2*e]*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/a^2 + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[2*e]*(-(5*a^2 + 16*a*b + 8*b^2)*Sin[2*e]) + a*(5*a + 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/a^2)/(64*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 215, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]/(2*Sqrt[b]*(a + b)^(3/2)) + Tan[e + f*x]/(2*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(4*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{4(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} + \frac{\frac{3 \tan(fx+e)}{8(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{a+b}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{4(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} + \frac{\frac{3 \tan(fx+e)}{8(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{a+b}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{i(5a^3e^{6i(fx+e)} + 16a^2be^{6i(fx+e)} + 8ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 15a^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 46a^2be^{4i(fx+e)} + 56ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 16b^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 4a^2(a+b)^2 f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a))}{4a^2(a+b)^2 f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}$

```
input int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(1/4*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/4/(a+b)*(1/2*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(a^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 2ab \cos^2(fx + e) + b^2) \sqrt{-ab - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos^2(fx + e) + a^2}{a^2 \cos^2(fx + e)}\right)}{32((a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + a^2b^4)f \cos^4(fx + e) + 2(a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + 3a^2b^4 + ab^5))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(a^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 2ab \cos^2(fx + e) + b^2) \sqrt{ab + b^2} \arctan\left(\frac{(a + 2b) \cos^2(fx + e) - b}{2\sqrt{ab + b^2} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}\right) - 2((5a^2b + 7a^3b^2 + 2b^3) \cos^3(fx + e) + 3(a^2b^2 + b^3) \cos^2(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}{16((a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + a^2b^4)f \cos^4(fx + e) + 2(a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3 + 3a^2b^4 + ab^5))} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/32*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*((5*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6)*f), -1/16*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 2*((5*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 b \tan(fx+e)^3 + 5 (a+b) \tan(fx+e)}{(a^2 b^2 + 2 a b^3 + b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + a^4 + 4 a^3 b + 6 a^2 b^2 + 4 a b^3 + b^4 + 2 (a^3 b + 3 a^2 b^2 + 3 a b^3 + b^4) \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^2 + 2 a b + b^2) \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$$

$$8 f$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((3*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e))/((a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + 3*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{3b \tan(fx+e)^3 + 5a \tan(fx+e) + 5b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2 (a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}$$

$$8f$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(3*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (3*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a*tan(f*x + e) + 5*b*tan(f*x + e))/(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5 \tan(e+fx)}{8(a+b)} + \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)^3}{8(a+b)^2}}{f(2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e+fx)^2(2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e+fx)^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b} f (a+b)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3),x)`

output `((5*tan(e + f*x))/(8*(a + b)) + (3*b*tan(e + f*x)^3)/(8*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^4)) + (3*atan((b^(1/2)*tan(e + f*x))/(a + b)^(1/2)))/(8*b^(1/2)*f*(a + b)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 752, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.09

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b - 7*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**3 + 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 10*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*b**3)/(8*b*f*(sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 3*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**3 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5 - 8*sin(e ...
```


3.215 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1832
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1833
Rubi [A] (verified)	1833
Maple [A] (verified)	1836
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1837
Sympy [F]	1837
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1839
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1840

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output $x/a^3-1/8*b^{(1/2)}*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^3/(a+b)^{(5/2)}/f-1/4*b*\tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(7*a+4*b)*\tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(8x(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 + \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)}{\cos(e + fx)}\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(8*x*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + (b*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/((a + b)^(5/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) - (4*b^2*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])) + (b*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((9*a^2 + 28*a*b + 16*b^2)*Sin[2*e] - 3*a*(3*a + 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)^2*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))) / (64*a^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \int \frac{-3b \tan^2(e+fx)+4a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \int \frac{8a^2+9ba+4b^2-b(7a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{8(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2+20ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{8(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2+20ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{8(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2+20ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{-1/4*(b*\tan[e + f*x])}{a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)^2} + \left(\frac{(8*(a + b)^2*\arctan[\tan[e + f*x]])}{a} - \frac{(\sqrt{b}*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*\arctan[\frac{\sqrt{b}*\tan[e + f*x]}{\sqrt{a + b}}])}{a*\sqrt{a + b}} \right) / (2*a*(a + b)) - \frac{(b*(7*a + 4*b)*\tan[e + f*x])}{2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2)} \right) / (4*a*(a + b)) \end{aligned} / f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2])\}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 316

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}*\{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2\}^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 397

$$\text{Int}[\{(e_)+(f_)*(x_)^2\}/\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}*\{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$$

rule 402

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}*\{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2\}^{(q_)}*\{(e_)+(f_)*(x_)^2\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \end{aligned}$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{ib(9a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+28a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+16ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+27a^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+90a^2be^{4i(fx+e)}+120ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+48b^3e^{4i(fx+e)})}{4a^3(a+b)^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)})}$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b/a^3*((1/8*a*b*(7*a+4*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(9*a+4*b)*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 819, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(32*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 64*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 32*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(3*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f), 1/16*(16*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)) - 2*(3*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-3), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^2b + 20ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(7ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a^2b + 13ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)}{a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4 + (a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 2(a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3) \tan(fx+e)^2} \frac{1}{8f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) /((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((7*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (9*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4 + (a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^2b + 20ab^2 + 8b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{7ab^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 9a^2b \tan(fx+e) + 13ab^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2} \frac{1}{8f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) +
arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(a
*b + b^2)) + (7*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^2*b*tan(
f*x + e) + 13*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a
^2*b^2)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3271, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
atan((((((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^1
0*b^2)*1i)/(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) - (tan(e
+ f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 + 2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a
^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6
*a^6*b^2)))/(2*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*a^2*b^5 +
856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a
^6*b^2)))/a^3 - (((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)
/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)
) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 + 2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^
4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a
^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/(2*a^3) - (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*
a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5
*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/a^3)/(((17*a*b^5)/4 + b^6 + (25*a^2*b^4)/4 + (105*a^3*
b^3)/32)/(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2) + (((((2*a^6*b
^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/(2*(4*
a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*
b^7 + 2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^1
1*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))*1i)/(
2*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 +
289*a^4*b^3)*1i))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2))...
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1496, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 70*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 56*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 50*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 36*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)...
```

3.216 $\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1841
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1842
Rubi [A] (verified)	1842
Maple [A] (verified)	1846
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1846
Sympy [F(-1)]	1847
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1848
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1848
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1849
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1850

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(a-6b)x}{2a^4} + \frac{b^{3/2}(35a^2+56ab+24b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^4(a+b)^{5/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a^2(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b(4a+3b)(a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-6*b)*x/a^4+1/8*b^(3/2)*(35*a^2+56*a*b+24*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/4*b*(2*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*b*(4*a+3*b)*(a+4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(a - 6b)(e + fx) + \frac{b^{3/2}(35a^2 + 56ab + 24b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{5/2}} + a\left(2 + \frac{13ab^2}{(a+b)^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}\right) + \frac{2b^3(3a+8b+5a)}{(a+b)^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}}{8a^4 f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(4*(a - 6*b)*(e + f*x) + (b^(3/2)*(35*a^2 + 56*a*b + 24*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) + a*(2 + (13*a*b^2)/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))) + (2*b^3*(3*a + 8*b + 5*a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2))*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]/(8*a^4*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 27, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$f$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{5b\tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \quad \downarrow \quad 316$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{5b\tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(2a^2-4ba-3b^2+3b(2a+3b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} + \frac{b(2a+3b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 402$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2a^2-4ba-3b^2+3b(2a+3b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(2a+3b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{4a^3-12ba^2-25b^2a-12b^3+b(4a+3b)(a+4b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(4a+3b)(a+4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{b(2a+3b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 402$$

$$\frac{b^2(35a^2+56ab+24b^2) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{4(a-6b)(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(4a+3b)(a+4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{b(2a+3b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 397$$

$$\frac{b^2(35a^2+56ab+24b^2) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{4(a-6b)(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(4a+3b)(a+4b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{b(2a+3b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 216$$

$$\frac{\frac{b^2(35a^2+56ab+24b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{4(a-6b)(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} + \frac{b(4a+3b)(a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{b^{3/2}(35a^2+56ab+24b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{4(a-6b)(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} + \frac{b(4a+3b)(a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \dots$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((b*(2*a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((4*(a - 6*b)*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + (b^(3/2)*(35*a^2 + 56*a*b + 24*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) + (b*(4*a + 3*b)*(a + 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*a*(a + b)))/(2*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 316 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + d \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x^2)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{q_}) \cdot ((e_ + (f_ \cdot x^2)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x^m)) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{ab(11a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (13a+8b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(35a^2+56ab+24b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^4} + \frac{\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2+2\tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-6b)a}{a^4}}{f}$
default	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{ab(11a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (13a+8b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(35a^2+56ab+24b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^4} + \frac{\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2+2\tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-6b)a}{a^4}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{x}{2a^3} - \frac{3xb}{a^4} - \frac{ie^{2i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} + \frac{ie^{-2i(fx+e)}}{8a^3f} + \frac{ib^2(13a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+40a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+24ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+39a^3e^{4i(fx+e)})}{4a^4}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \cdot \frac{b^2/a^4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{ab(11a+8b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (13a+8b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(35a^2+56ab+24b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^4} + \frac{\frac{a\tan(fx+e)}{2+2\tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a-6b)a}{a^4}}{f}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs. 2(183) = 366.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 970, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(16*(a^5 - 4*a^4*b - 11*a^3*b^2 - 6*a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32
*(a^4*b - 4*a^3*b^2 - 11*a^2*b^3 - 6*a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a^3*b
^2 - 4*a^2*b^3 - 11*a*b^4 - 6*b^5)*f*x + (35*a^2*b^3 + 56*a*b^4 + 24*b^5 +
(35*a^4*b + 56*a^3*b^2 + 24*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(35*a^3*b^2 + 56*
a^2*b^3 + 24*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8
*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b
+ 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f
*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*(4*(
a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (8*a^4*b + 29*a^3*b^2 + 18*a^2*b
^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (4*a^3*b^2 + 19*a^2*b^3 + 12*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin
(f*x + e))/((a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 2*a^6*
b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 2*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f), 1/16
*(8*(a^5 - 4*a^4*b - 11*a^3*b^2 - 6*a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 16*(a^4*
b - 4*a^3*b^2 - 11*a^2*b^3 - 6*a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(a^3*b^2 - 4*
a^2*b^3 - 11*a*b^4 - 6*b^5)*f*x - (35*a^2*b^3 + 56*a*b^4 + 24*b^5 + (35*a^
4*b + 56*a^3*b^2 + 24*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(35*a^3*b^2 + 56*a^2*b^3
+ 24*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + 2*(4*(a^5 +
2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (8*a^4*b + 29*a^3*b^2 + 18*a^2*b^3)*co
s(f*x + e)^3 + (4*a^3*b^2 + 19*a^2*b^3 + 12*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(35a^2b^2 + 56ab^3 + 24b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(4a^2b^2 + 19ab^3 + 12b^4) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (8a^3b + 37a^2b^2 + 56ab^3 + 24b^4) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (4a^4 + 16a^3b + 37a^2b^2 + 37ab^3 + 12b^4) \tan(fx+e) + (a^5b^2 + 2a^4b^3 + a^3b^4) \tan(fx+e)^6 + (2a^6b + 7a^5b^2 + 8a^4b^3 + 3a^3b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + (a^7 + 6a^6b + 12a^5b^2 + 10a^4b^3 + 3a^3b^4) \tan(fx+e)^2 + 4(fx+e)(a-6b)/a^4}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*((35*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3 + 24*b^4)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((4*a^2*b^2 + 19*a*b^3 + 12*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (8*a^3*b + 37*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3 + 24*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (4*a^4 + 16*a^3*b + 37*a^2*b^2 + 37*a*b^3 + 12*b^4)*tan(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + (2*a^6*b + 7*a^5*b^2 + 8*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + (a^7 + 6*a^6*b + 12*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 3*a^3*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 4*(f*x + e)*(a - 6*b)/a^4)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(35a^2b^2 + 56ab^3 + 24b^4) \left(\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{11ab^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 8b^4 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 13a^2b^2 \tan(fx+e) + 21ab^3 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*((35*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3 + 24*b^4)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b)
+ arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*sqrt
(a*b + b^2)) + (11*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 8*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 13*a^2*b^
2*tan(f*x + e) + 21*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e) + 8*b^4*tan(f*x + e))/((a^5 + 2*a^4
*b + a^3*b^2)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) + 4*(f*x + e)*(a - 6*b)/a^4 +
4*tan(f*x + e)/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)*a^3))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3708, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.45

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)^5*(19*a*b^3 + 12*b^4 + 4*a^2*b^2))/(8*a^3*(a + b)^2) + (tan
(e + f*x)*(25*a*b^2 + 12*a^2*b + 4*a^3 + 12*b^3))/(8*a^3*(a + b)) + (b*tan
(e + f*x)^3*(56*a*b^2 + 37*a^2*b + 8*a^3 + 24*b^3))/(8*a^3*(a + b)^2))/(f*
(2*a*b + tan(e + f*x)^2*(4*a*b + a^2 + 3*b^2) + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^4
*(2*a*b + 3*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^6)) + (atan(((((((6*a^8*b^7 + (49*a^9*
b^6)/2 + 37*a^10*b^5 + (45*a^11*b^4)/2 + 2*a^12*b^3 - 2*a^13*b^2)/(4*a^12*
b + a^13 + a^9*b^4 + 4*a^10*b^3 + 6*a^11*b^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a*1i - b*6i
))*(512*a^8*b^7 + 2304*a^9*b^6 + 4096*a^10*b^5 + 3584*a^11*b^4 + 1536*a^12*
b^3 + 256*a^13*b^2))/(128*a^4*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^
8*b^2)))*(a*1i - b*6i))/(4*a^4) - (tan(e + f*x)*(4800*a*b^8 + 1152*b^9 + 7
520*a^2*b^7 + 5136*a^3*b^6 + 1129*a^4*b^5 - 128*a^5*b^4 + 16*a^6*b^3))/(32
*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)))*(a*1i - b*6i)*1i)/(4
*a^4) - ((((((6*a^8*b^7 + (49*a^9*b^6)/2 + 37*a^10*b^5 + (45*a^11*b^4)/2 +
2*a^12*b^3 - 2*a^13*b^2)/(4*a^12*b + a^13 + a^9*b^4 + 4*a^10*b^3 + 6*a^11*
b^2) + (tan(e + f*x)*(a*1i - b*6i))*(512*a^8*b^7 + 2304*a^9*b^6 + 4096*a^10
*b^5 + 3584*a^11*b^4 + 1536*a^12*b^3 + 256*a^13*b^2))/(128*a^4*(4*a^9*b +
a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)))*(a*1i - b*6i))/(4*a^4) + (tan(e
+ f*x)*(4800*a*b^8 + 1152*b^9 + 7520*a^2*b^7 + 5136*a^3*b^6 + 1129*a^4*b^5
- 128*a^5*b^4 + 16*a^6*b^3))/(32*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 +
6*a^8*b^2)))*(a*1i - b*6i)*1i)/(4*a^4))/(((405*a*b^8)/4 + 27*b^9 + (261...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1949, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 56*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**3 - 70*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b - 182*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**2 - 160*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4 + 35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4*b + 126*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b**2 + 171*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**3 + 104*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**4 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**5 + 35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 56*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)...
```

3.217
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1851
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1852
Rubi [A] (verified)	1853
Maple [A] (verified)	1857
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1858
Sympy [F(-1)]	1859
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1859
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1861

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{3(a^2 - 4ab + 16b^2)x}{8a^5} - \frac{3b^{5/2}(21a^2 + 36ab + 16b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^5(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{(3a - 8b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{b(3a^2 - 7ab - 12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{3b(a+2b)(a^2 - 4ab - 4b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^4(a+b)^2 f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
3/8*(a^2-4*a*b+16*b^2)*x/a^5-3/8*b^(5/2)*(21*a^2+36*a*b+16*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^5/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/8*(3*a-8*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*b*(3*a^2-7*a*b-12*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*b*(a+2*b)*(a^2-4*a*b-4*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1134, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((96*b^3*(21*a^2 + 36*a*b +
16*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) +
a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*
b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Co
s[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + Sec[2*e]*(48*(a + b)^2*(3*a^4 - 4*a^3*b + 24*a^2*b^
2 + 96*a*b^3 + 128*b^4)*f*x*Cos[2*e] + 96*a*(a + b)^2*(a^3 - 2*a^2*b + 8*a
*b^2 + 32*b^3)*f*x*Cos[2*f*x] + 24*a^6*f*x*Cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] - 48*a^5*b*f
*x*Cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 216*a^4*b^2*f*x*Cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 672*a^3*b^3*f
*x*Cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 384*a^2*b^4*f*x*Cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 96*a^6*f*x*Co
s[4*e + 2*f*x] + 480*a^4*b^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 4416*a^3*b^3*f*x*Cos[4
*e + 2*f*x] + 6912*a^2*b^4*f*x*Cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 3072*a*b^5*f*x*Cos[4*e +
2*f*x] + 24*a^6*f*x*Cos[6*e + 4*f*x] - 48*a^5*b*f*x*Cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 21
6*a^4*b^2*f*x*Cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 672*a^3*b^3*f*x*Cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 384*a^
2*b^4*f*x*Cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 816*a^3*b^3*Sin[2*e] + 2848*a^2*b^4*Sin[2*e]
+ 3968*a*b^5*Sin[2*e] + 1792*b^6*Sin[2*e] + 44*a^6*Sin[2*f*x] + 104*a^5*b*
Sin[2*f*x] - 180*a^4*b^2*Sin[2*f*x] - 1696*a^3*b^3*Sin[2*f*x] - 3264*a^2*b
^4*Sin[2*f*x] - 1664*a*b^5*Sin[2*f*x] + 38*a^6*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 60*a^5
*b*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] - 170*a^4*b^2*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] - 640*a^3*b^3*Sin[2
*(e + 2*f*x)] - 400*a^2*b^4*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 44*a^6*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x] +
104*a^5*b*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x] - 180*a^4*b^2*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x] - 608*a^3*b^...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{7b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{7b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{(3a-8b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3a^2+3ba+8b^2+5(3a-8b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+3ba+8b^2+5(3a-8b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{(3a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{\int \frac{12(a^3+5b^2a+4b^3+b(3a^2-7ba-12b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{(3a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{1}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

f

↓ 27

$$3 \int \frac{a^3+5b^2a+4b^3+b(3a^2-7ba-12b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{(3a-8b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{1}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

f

↓ 402

$$3 \left(\int \frac{2(a^4-ba^3+7b^2a^2+16b^3a+8b^4+b(a+2b)(a^2-4ba-4b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

f

f

↓ 27

$$3 \left(\int \frac{a^4-ba^3+7b^2a^2+16b^3a+8b^4+b(a+2b)(a^2-4ba-4b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{1}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}$$

f

f

↓ 397

$$3 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2(a^2-4ab+16b^2) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^3(21a^2+36ab+16b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a}{4a} f$$

216

$$3 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2(a^2-4ab+16b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^3(21a^2+36ab+16b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a}{4a} f$$

218

$$3 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2(a^2-4ab+16b^2) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^{5/2}(21a^2+36ab+16b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{b(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) + \frac{b(3a^2-7ab-12b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a}{4a} f$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((3*a - 8*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((b*(3*a^2 - 7*a*b - 12*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(((a + b)^2*(a^2 - 4*a*b + 16*b^2)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(5/2)*(21*a^2 + 36*a*b + 16*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) + (b*(a + 2*b)*(a^2 - 4*a*b - 4*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))))/(a*(a + b)))/(2*a))/(4*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-b})*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{b}*c + 2*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + \text{d}*b*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*e - \text{c}*f)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}*(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)*\text{x}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)}/(\text{a}^2*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(p + 1))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}^2*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f) + \text{e}^2*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(p + 1) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))
^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}a^2 - \frac{3}{2}ab\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{2}ab + \frac{5}{8}a^2\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3(a^2 - 4ab + 16b^2)}{8} \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^2} \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{3ab(5a+4b) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (17a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{8(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{17a^2}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} \right)}{a^5} \frac{f}{f}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}a^2 - \frac{3}{2}ab\right) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \left(-\frac{3}{2}ab + \frac{5}{8}a^2\right) \tan(fx+e) + \frac{3(a^2 - 4ab + 16b^2)}{8} \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)^2} \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{3ab(5a+4b) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (17a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{8(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{17a^2}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} \right)}{a^5} \frac{f}{f}$
risch	$\frac{3x}{8a^3} - \frac{3xb}{2a^4} + \frac{6xb^2}{a^5} - \frac{ib^3(17a^3e^{6i(fx+e)} + 52a^2be^{6i(fx+e)} + 32ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 51a^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 178a^2be^{4i(fx+e)} + 2b^3e^{4i(fx+e)})}{4a^5(a+b)^2 f (ae^{4i(fx+e)})}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(1/a^5*(((3/8*a^2-3/2*a*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-3/2*a*b+5/8*a^2)*tan(f*x+e))
/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*(a^2-4*a*b+16*b^2)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))-b^3/a^5*((3
/8*a*b*(5*a+4*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(17*a+12*b)*a/(a+b)*tan(
f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+3/8*(21*a^2+36*a*b+16*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/
((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 521 vs. $2(249) = 498$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1129, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(12*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b + 9*a^4*b^2 + 28*a^3*b^3 + 16*a^2*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 24*(a^5*b - 2*a^4*b^2 + 9*a^3*b^3 + 28*a^2*b^4 + 16*a*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 12*(a^4*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^3 + 9*a^2*b^4 + 28*a*b^5 + 16*b^6)*f*x + 3*(21*a^2*b^4 + 36*a*b^5 + 16*b^6 + (21*a^4*b^2 + 36*a^3*b^3 + 16*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(21*a^3*b^3 + 36*a^2*b^4 + 16*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*(2*(a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + (3*a^6 - 2*a^5*b - 13*a^4*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (6*a^5*b - 10*a^4*b^2 - 55*a^3*b^3 - 36*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a^4*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^3 - 12*a^2*b^4 - 8*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^9 + 2*a^8*b + a^7*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^8*b + 2*a^7*b^2 + a^6*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^7*b^2 + 2*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4)*f), 1/16*(6*(a^6 - 2*a^5*b + 9*a^4*b^2 + 28*a^3*b^3 + 16*a^2*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 12*(a^5*b - 2*a^4*b^2 + 9*a^3*b^3 + 28*a^2*b^4 + 16*a*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 6*(a^4*b^2 - 2*a^3*b^3 + 9*a^2*b^4 + 28*a*b^5 + 16*b^6)*f*x + 3*(21*a^2*b^4 + 36*a*b^5 + 16*b^6 + (21*a^4*b^2 + 36*a^3*b^3 + 16*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(21*a^3*b^3 + 36*a^2*b^4 + 16*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(21a^2b^3 + 36ab^4 + 16b^5) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{3(a^3b^2 - 2a^2b^3 - 12ab^4 - 8b^5) \tan(fx+e)^7 + (6a^4b - a^3b^2 - 73a^2b^3 - 144ab^4 - 72b^5) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (3a^5 + 10a^4b - 24a^3b^2 - 136a^2b^3 - 180ab^4 - 72b^5) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (5a^5 + 8a^4b - 18a^3b^2 - 69a^2b^3 - 72ab^4 - 24b^5) \tan(fx+e)}{(a^6b^2 + 2a^5b^3 + a^4b^4) \tan(fx+e)^8 + a^8 + 4a^7b + 6a^6b^2 + 4a^5b^3 + a^4b^4 + 2(a^7b + 4a^6b^2 + 5a^5b^3 + 2a^4b^4) \tan(fx+e)^6 + (a^8 + 8a^7b + 19a^6b^2 + 18a^5b^3 + 6a^4b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 2(a^8 + 5a^7b + 9a^6b^2 + 7a^5b^3 + 2a^4b^4) \tan(fx+e)^2} - 3(a^2 - 4ab + 16b^2) \frac{(fx+e)}{a^5} / f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/8*(3*(21*a^2*b^3 + 36*a*b^4 + 16*b^5)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - (3*(a^3*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^3 - 12*a*b^4 - 8*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (6*a^4*b - a^3*b^2 - 73*a^2*b^3 - 144*a*b^4 - 72*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (3*a^5 + 10*a^4*b - 24*a^3*b^2 - 136*a^2*b^3 - 180*a*b^4 - 72*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^5 + 8*a^4*b - 18*a^3*b^2 - 69*a^2*b^3 - 72*a*b^4 - 24*b^5)*tan(f*x + e))/((a^6*b^2 + 2*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^8 + a^8 + 4*a^7*b + 6*a^6*b^2 + 4*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 4*a^6*b^2 + 5*a^5*b^3 + 2*a^4*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + (a^8 + 8*a^7*b + 19*a^6*b^2 + 18*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^4*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^8 + 5*a^7*b + 9*a^6*b^2 + 7*a^5*b^3 + 2*a^4*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 3*(a^2 - 4*a*b + 16*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^5)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{3(21a^2b^3 + 36ab^4 + 16b^5) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{3a^3b^2 \tan(fx+e)^7 - 6a^2b^3 \tan(fx+e)^7 - 36ab^4 \tan(fx+e)^7 - 21a^5b^2 \tan(fx+e)^5 - 72a^4b^3 \tan(fx+e)^5 - 144a^3b^4 \tan(fx+e)^5 - 72b^5 \tan(fx+e)^5 + 3a^5 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 10a^4b \tan(fx+e)^3 - 24a^3b^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 136a^2b^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 180a^2b^4 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 72b^5 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 5a^5 \tan(fx+e) + 8a^4b \tan(fx+e) - 18a^3b^2 \tan(fx+e) - 69a^2b^3 \tan(fx+e) - 72ab^4 \tan(fx+e) - 24b^5 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^6 + 2a^5b + a^4b^2)(b \tan(fx+e)^4 + a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 2b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2} - 3(a^2 - 4ab + 16b^2)(fx+e)/a^5/f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(3*(21*a^2*b^3 + 36*a*b^4 + 16*b^5)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - (3*a^3*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^7 - 6*a^2*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^7 - 36*a*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^7 - 24*b^5*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 6*a^4*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 - a^3*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 73*a^2*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 144*a*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 72*b^5*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 3*a^5*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 10*a^4*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 24*a^3*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 136*a^2*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 180*a*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 72*b^5*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a^5*tan(f*x + e) + 8*a^4*b*tan(f*x + e) - 18*a^3*b^2*tan(f*x + e) - 69*a^2*b^3*tan(f*x + e) - 72*a*b^4*tan(f*x + e) - 24*b^5*tan(f*x + e))/(a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2 - 3*(a^2 - 4*a*b + 16*b^2)*(f*x + e)/a^5)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4158, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(18432*a*b^10 + 4608*b^11 + 27360*a^2*b^9 + 17568*a^3*b^8 + 3978*a^4*b^7 + 180*a^5*b^6 + 198*a^6*b^5 - 36*a^7*b^4 + 9*a^8*b^3)))/(32*(4*a^11*b + a^12 + a^8*b^4 + 4*a^9*b^3 + 6*a^10*b^2)) - (3*((12*a^10*b^8 + 48*a^11*b^7 + (141*a^12*b^6)/2 + (87*a^13*b^5)/2 + 9*a^14*b^4 + (3*a^15*b^3)/2 + (3*a^16*b^2)/2)/(4*a^15*b + a^16 + a^12*b^4 + 4*a^13*b^3 + 6*a^14*b^2) - (3*tan(e + f*x)*(-b^5*(a + b)^5)^(1/2)*(36*a*b + 21*a^2 + 16*b^2)*(512*a^10*b^7 + 2304*a^11*b^6 + 4096*a^12*b^5 + 3584*a^13*b^4 + 1536*a^14*b^3 + 256*a^15*b^2)))/(512*(4*a^11*b + a^12 + a^8*b^4 + 4*a^9*b^3 + 6*a^10*b^2)*(5*a^9*b + a^10 + a^5*b^5 + 5*a^6*b^4 + 10*a^7*b^3 + 10*a^8*b^2))))*(-b^5*(a + b)^5)^(1/2)*(36*a*b + 21*a^2 + 16*b^2))/(16*(5*a^9*b + a^10 + a^5*b^5 + 5*a^6*b^4 + 10*a^7*b^3 + 10*a^8*b^2)))*(-b^5*(a + b)^5)^(1/2)*(36*a*b + 21*a^2 + 16*b^2)*3i)/(16*(5*a^9*b + a^10 + a^5*b^5 + 5*a^6*b^4 + 10*a^7*b^3 + 10*a^8*b^2)) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(18432*a*b^10 + 4608*b^11 + 27360*a^2*b^9 + 17568*a^3*b^8 + 3978*a^4*b^7 + 180*a^5*b^6 + 198*a^6*b^5 - 36*a^7*b^4 + 9*a^8*b^3)))/(32*(4*a^11*b + a^12 + a^8*b^4 + 4*a^9*b^3 + 6*a^10*b^2)) + (3*((12*a^10*b^8 + 48*a^11*b^7 + (141*a^12*b^6)/2 + (87*a^13*b^5)/2 + 9*a^14*b^4 + (3*a^15*b^3)/2 + (3*a^16*b^2)/2)/(4*a^15*b + a^16 + a^12*b^4 + 4*a^13*b^3 + 6*a^14*b^2) + (3*tan(e + f*x)*(-b^5*(a + b)^5)^(1/2)*(36*a*b + 21*a^2 + 16*b^2)*(512*a^10*b^7 + 2304*a^11*b^6 + 4096*a^12*b^5 + 3584*a^13*b^4 + 1536*a^14*b^3 + 256*a^15*b^2)))/(512*(4*a^11*b + a^12...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2166, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**2 - 108*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**3 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**4 + 126*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b**2 + 342*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**3 + 312*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**4 + 96*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**b**5 - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4*b**2 - 234*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b**3 - 327*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**4 - 204*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**5 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**6 - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**2 - 108*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**3 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqr...
```

$$3.218 \quad \int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1863
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1864
Rubi [A] (verified)	1865
Maple [A] (verified)	1870
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1871
Sympy [F(-1)]	1872
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1873
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1873
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1874
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1875

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 352

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3)x}{16a^6} + \frac{b^{7/2}(99a^2 + 176ab + 80b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^6(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{(15a^2 - 34ab + 80b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{48a^3 f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{5(a-2b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{6af (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 29a^2b + 64ab^2 + 120b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^4(a+b)f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{b(5a^4 - 8a^3b + 17a^2b^2 + 116ab^3 + 80b^4) \tan(e+fx)}{16a^5(a+b)^2 f (a+b + b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```

1/16*(5*a^3-18*a^2*b+48*a*b^2-160*b^3)*x/a^6+1/8*b^(7/2)*(99*a^2+176*a*b+8
0*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^6/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/48*(15*a
^2-34*a*b+80*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+5/24*
(a-2*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/6*cos(f*x+e
)^5*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/48*b*(15*a^3-29*a^2*b+64*a*b^2
+120*b^3)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/16*b*(5*a^4-8*a^
3*b+17*a^2*b^2+116*a*b^3+80*b^4)*tan(f*x+e)/a^5/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e
)^2)

```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1770, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

((99*a^2 + 176*a*b + 80*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]
^6*(-1/64*(b^4*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*cos[4*e] -
I*b*sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2*e])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4
*e]])))*(-(a*sin[f*x]) - 2*b*sin[f*x] + a*sin[2*e + f*x])*Cos[2*e])/(a^6*S
qrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]]) + ((I/64)*b^4*ArcTan[Sec[f*x
]*(Cos[2*e]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2
*e])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]]))*(-(a*sin[f*x]) - 2*b*S
in[f*x] + a*sin[2*e + f*x])*Sin[2*e])/(a^6*Sqrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[b*cos[4*e]
- I*b*sin[4*e]])))/((a + b)^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3 + ((a + 2*b + a*Co
s[2*e + 2*f*x])*Sec[2*e]*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(720*a^7*f*x*cos[2*e] + 768*a^6*b*
f*x*cos[2*e] + 1296*a^5*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e] - 8352*a^4*b^3*f*x*cos[2*e] - 641
28*a^3*b^4*f*x*cos[2*e] - 158976*a^2*b^5*f*x*cos[2*e] - 165888*a*b^6*f*x*C
os[2*e] - 61440*b^7*f*x*cos[2*e] + 480*a^7*f*x*cos[2*f*x] + 192*a^6*b*f*x*
Cos[2*f*x] + 96*a^5*b^2*f*x*cos[2*f*x] - 4608*a^4*b^3*f*x*cos[2*f*x] - 418
56*a^3*b^4*f*x*cos[2*f*x] - 67584*a^2*b^5*f*x*cos[2*f*x] - 30720*a*b^6*f*x
*cos[2*f*x] + 480*a^7*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 192*a^6*b*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x
] + 96*a^5*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] - 4608*a^4*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] -
41856*a^3*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] - 67584*a^2*b^5*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] -
30720*a*b^6*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 120*a^7*f*x*cos[2*e + 4*f*x] - 192*a^6*
b*f*x*cos[2*e + 4*f*x] + 408*a^5*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e + 4*f*x] - 1968*a^4*b^...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{9b \tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{6a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{9b \tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{15a^2+ba+10b^2+35(a-2b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\frac{5(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15a^2+ba+10b^2+35(a-2b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\frac{5(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{15a^3+21ba^2-26b^2a-80b^3+5b(15a^2-34ba+80b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{\frac{(15a^2-34ab+80b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2}}{4a} + \frac{5(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{15a^3 + 21ba^2 - 26b^2a - 80b^3 + 5b(15a^2 - 34ba + 80b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{1}{4a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 34ab + 80b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{5(a-2b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$6a$

f

↓ 402

$$\int \frac{12(5a^4 + 2ba^3 + b^2a^2 - 48b^3a - 40b^4 + b(15a^3 - 29ba^2 + 64b^2a + 120b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{1}{2a} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 29a^2b + 64ab^2 + 120b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{(15a^2 - 34ab + 80b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$4a$

$6a$

f

↓ 27

$$3 \int \frac{5a^4 + 2ba^3 + b^2a^2 - 48b^3a - 40b^4 + b(15a^3 - 29ba^2 + 64b^2a + 120b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{1}{2a} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 29a^2b + 64ab^2 + 120b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{(15a^2 - 34ab + 80b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$4a$

$6a$

f

↓ 402

$$3 \left(\int \frac{2(5a^5 - 3ba^4 + 9b^2a^3 - 65b^3a^2 - 156b^4a - 80b^5 + b(5a^4 - 8ba^3 + 17b^2a^2 + 116b^3a + 80b^4) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(5a^4 - 8a^3b + 17a^2b^2 + 116ab^3 + 80b^4) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$2a$

$4a$

$6a$

↓ 27

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{5a^5 - 3ba^4 + 9b^2a^3 - 65b^3a^2 - 156b^4a - 80b^5 + b(5a^4 - 8ba^3 + 17b^2a^2 + 116b^3a + 80b^4) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(5a^4 - 8a^3b + 17a^2b^2 + 116ab^3 + 80b^4) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)$$

$a(a+b)$

$2a$

$4a$

$6a$

↓ 397

$$3 \left(\frac{2b^4(99a^2 + 176ab + 80b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(a+b)^2(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(5a^4 - 8a^3b + 17a^2b^2 + 116ab^3 + 80b^4) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)$$

$a(a+b)$

$2a$

$4a$

$6a$

↓ 216

$$3 \left(\frac{2b^4(99a^2 + 176ab + 80b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(a+b)^2(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(5a^4 - 8a^3b + 17a^2b^2 + 116ab^3 + 80b^4) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \right)$$

$a(a+b)$

$2a$

$4a$

$6a$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(15a^2 - 34ab + 80b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 29a^2b + 64ab^2 + 120b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + 3 \left(\frac{2b^{7/2}(99a^2 + 176ab + 80b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{(a+b)^2(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a(a+b)} \right)$$

$2a$

$4a$

$6a$

input Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\tan[e + fx]/(6a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^3(a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2)^2) + \\ & ((5(a - 2b)\tan[e + fx])/(4a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^2(a + b + b\tan[e + \\ & fx]^2)^2) + (((15a^2 - 34ab + 80b^2)\tan[e + fx])/(2a(1 + \tan[e + \\ & fx]^2)(a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2)^2) + ((b(15a^3 - 29a^2b + 64ab^2 \\ & + 120b^3)\tan[e + fx])/(a(a + b)(a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2)^2) + (3((\\ & (a + b)^2(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3)\operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan[e + fx]])/a \\ & + (2b^{7/2}(99a^2 + 176ab + 80b^2)\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}\tan[e + fx])/\sqrt{ \\ & a + b}]))/(a\sqrt{a + b}))/((a + b)) + (b(5a^4 - 8a^3b + 17a^2b^2 \\ & + 116ab^3 + 80b^4)\tan[e + fx])/(a(a + b)(a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2 \\ &)))))/(a(a + b)))/(2a)/(4a)/(6a))/f \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \quad \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \quad \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 216

$$\operatorname{Int}[((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]*\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\operatorname{Int}[((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 316

$$\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Int}[((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_})*((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp} \\ & p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q + 1}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \\ &), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \quad \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}*(c + d*x \\ & ^2)^q*\operatorname{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x \\ &], x] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ ! \\ & (\ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, \\ & p, q, x] \end{aligned}$$

```
rule 397 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

```
rule 402 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4634 Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{9}{8}a^2b + 3ab^2\right) \tan^5(x+e) + \left(6ab^2 + \frac{5}{6}a^3 - 3a^2b\right) \tan^3(x+e) + \left(-\frac{15}{8}a^2b + 3ab^2 + \frac{11}{16}a^3\right) \tan(x+e)}{\left(1 + \tan^2(x+e)\right)^3} + \frac{\left(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2\right)}{a^6}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{16}a^3 - \frac{9}{8}a^2b + 3ab^2\right) \tan^5(x+e) + \left(6ab^2 + \frac{5}{6}a^3 - 3a^2b\right) \tan^3(x+e) + \left(-\frac{15}{8}a^2b + 3ab^2 + \frac{11}{16}a^3\right) \tan(x+e)}{\left(1 + \tan^2(x+e)\right)^3} + \frac{\left(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2\right)}{a^6}$
risch	$\frac{5x}{16a^3} - \frac{9xb}{8a^4} + \frac{3xb^2}{a^5} - \frac{10xb^3}{a^6} - \frac{3ie^{2i(fx+e)}b^2}{4a^5f} - \frac{3ie^{4i(fx+e)}}{128a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{128a^3f} + \frac{3ie^{4i(fx+e)}b}{64a^4f} - \frac{3ie^{-4i(fx+e)}}{64a^4f}$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^6*(((5/16*a^3-9/8*a^2*b+3*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5+(6*a*b^2+5/6*a^3-3*a^2*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+(-15/8*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+11/16*a^3)*tan(f*x+e))/(1+tan(f*x+e)^2)^3+1/16*(5*a^3-18*a^2*b+48*a*b^2-160*b^3)*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+b^4/a^6*((1/8*a*b*(19*a+16*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(21*a+16*b)*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2+1/8*(99*a^2+176*a*b+80*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1296, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(6*(5*a^7 - 8*a^6*b + 17*a^5*b^2 - 82*a^4*b^3 - 272*a^3*b^4 - 160*a^2*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 12*(5*a^6*b - 8*a^5*b^2 + 17*a^4*b^3 - 82*a^3*b^4 - 272*a^2*b^5 - 160*a*b^6)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 6*(5*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 + 17*a^3*b^4 - 82*a^2*b^5 - 272*a*b^6 - 160*b^7)*f*x + 3*(99*a^2*b^5 + 176*a*b^6 + 80*b^7 + (99*a^4*b^3 + 176*a^3*b^4 + 80*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(99*a^3*b^4 + 176*a^2*b^5 + 80*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 2*(8*(a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^9 + 10*(a^7 - 3*a^5*b^2 - 2*a^4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + (15*a^7 - 4*a^6*b + 27*a^5*b^2 + 126*a^4*b^3 + 80*a^3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(15*a^6*b - 19*a^5*b^2 + 43*a^4*b^3 + 266*a^3*b^4 + 180*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(5*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 + 17*a^3*b^4 + 116*a^2*b^5 + 80*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^10 + 2*a^9*b + a^8*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^9*b + 2*a^8*b^2 + a^7*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^8*b^2 + 2*a^7*b^3 + a^6*b^4)*f), 1/48*(3*(5*a^7 - 8*a^6*b + 17*a^5*b^2 - 82*a^4*b^3 - 272*a^3*b^4 - 160*a^2*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 6*(5*a^6*b - 8*a^5*b^2 + 17*a^4*b^3 - 82*a^3*b^4 - 272*a^2*b^5 - 160*a*b^6)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(5*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 + 17*a^3*b^4 - 82*a^2*b^5 - 272*a*b^6 - 160*b^7)*f*x - 3*(99*a^2*b^5 + 176*a*b^6 + 80*...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(99a^2b^4 + 176ab^5 + 80b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^8 + 2a^7b + a^6b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{3(5a^4b^2 - 8a^3b^3 + 17a^2b^4 + 116ab^5 + 80b^6) \tan(fx + e)^9 + 2(15a^5b + 11a^4b^2 - 5a^3b^3 + 368a^2b^4 + 876ab^5 + 480b^6) \tan(fx + e)^7 + (15a^6 + 86a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 240a^3b^3 + 1982a^2b^4 + 3168ab^5 + 1440b^6) \tan(fx + e)^5 + 2(20a^6 + 41a^5b - 15a^4b^2 + 197a^3b^3 + 980a^2b^4 + 1236ab^5 + 480b^6) \tan(fx + e)^3 + 3(11a^6 + 14a^5b - 6a^4b^2 + 56a^3b^3 + 221a^2b^4 + 236ab^5 + 80b^6) \tan(fx + e)}{(a^7b^2 + 2a^6b^3 + a^5b^4) \tan(fx + e)^{10} + a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4 + (2a^8b + 9a^7b^2 + 12a^6b^3 + 5a^5b^4) \tan(fx + e)^8 + (a^9 + 10a^8b + 27a^7b^2 + 28a^6b^3 + 10a^5b^4) \tan(fx + e)^6 + (3a^9 + 18a^8b + 37a^7b^2 + 32a^6b^3 + 10a^5b^4) \tan(fx + e)^4 + (3a^9 + 14a^8b + 24a^7b^2 + 18a^6b^3 + 5a^5b^4) \tan(fx + e)^2} + 3(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3)(fx + e) / a^6 / f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
1/48*(6*(99*a^2*b^4 + 176*a*b^5 + 80*b^6)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a +
b)*b))/((a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + (3*(5*a^4*b^2 - 8*a^3
*b^3 + 17*a^2*b^4 + 116*a*b^5 + 80*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 2*(15*a^5*b + 11*
a^4*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^3 + 368*a^2*b^4 + 876*a*b^5 + 480*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^7 +
(15*a^6 + 86*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 240*a^3*b^3 + 1982*a^2*b^4 + 3168*a*b^5 +
1440*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(20*a^6 + 41*a^5*b - 15*a^4*b^2 + 197*a^3*b^
3 + 980*a^2*b^4 + 1236*a*b^5 + 480*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(11*a^6 + 14*a^
5*b - 6*a^4*b^2 + 56*a^3*b^3 + 221*a^2*b^4 + 236*a*b^5 + 80*b^6)*tan(f*x +
e))/((a^7*b^2 + 2*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^10 + a^9 + 4*a^8*b + 6*
a^7*b^2 + 4*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4 + (2*a^8*b + 9*a^7*b^2 + 12*a^6*b^3 + 5*a^5*
b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^8 + (a^9 + 10*a^8*b + 27*a^7*b^2 + 28*a^6*b^3 + 10*a^5*b
^4)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + (3*a^9 + 18*a^8*b + 37*a^7*b^2 + 32*a^6*b^3 + 10*a^5*
b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + (3*a^9 + 14*a^8*b + 24*a^7*b^2 + 18*a^6*b^3 + 5*a^5*
b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + 3*(5*a^3 - 18*a^2*b + 48*a*b^2 - 160*b^3)*(f*x + e)
/a^6)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(99a^2b^4 + 176ab^5 + 80b^6) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^8 + 2a^7b + a^6b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{6(19ab^5 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 16b^6 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 21a^2b^4 \tan(fx+e) + 37a^3b^3 \tan(fx+e)^2 + 10a^4b^2 \tan(fx+e) + 10a^5b \tan(fx+e) + 10a^6 \tan(fx+e))}{(a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2)(b \tan(fx+e))^2 + a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4 + (2a^8b + 9a^7b^2 + 12a^6b^3 + 5a^5b^4) \tan(fx+e)^8 + (a^9 + 10a^8b + 27a^7b^2 + 28a^6b^3 + 10a^5b^4) \tan(fx+e)^6 + (3a^9 + 18a^8b + 37a^7b^2 + 32a^6b^3 + 10a^5b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + (3a^9 + 14a^8b + 24a^7b^2 + 18a^6b^3 + 5a^5b^4) \tan(fx+e)^2} + 3(5a^3 - 18a^2b + 48ab^2 - 160b^3)(fx + e) / a^6 / f$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*(6*(99*a^2*b^4 + 176*a*b^5 + 80*b^6)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 6*(19*a*b^5*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 16*b^6*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 21*a^2*b^4*tan(f*x + e) + 37*a*b^5*tan(f*x + e) + 16*b^6*tan(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) + 3*(5*a^3 - 18*a^2*b + 48*a*b^2 - 160*b^3)*(f*x + e)/a^6 + (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 54*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 144*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 40*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 144*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 288*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 33*a^2*tan(f*x + e) - 90*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 144*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((tan(f*x + e)^2 + 1)^3*a^5)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4594, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.05

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)*(156*a*b^4 + 3*a^4*b + 11*a^5 + 80*b^5 + 65*a^2*b^3 - 9*a^3
*b^2))/(16*a^5*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^7*(876*a*b^5 + 15*a^5*b + 480*b^6
+ 368*a^2*b^4 - 5*a^3*b^3 + 11*a^4*b^2))/(24*a^5*(a + b)^2) + (tan(e + f*x
)^3*(1236*a*b^5 + 41*a^5*b + 20*a^6 + 480*b^6 + 980*a^2*b^4 + 197*a^3*b^3
- 15*a^4*b^2))/(24*a^5*(a + b)^2) + (tan(e + f*x)^5*(3168*a*b^5 + 86*a^5*b
+ 15*a^6 + 1440*b^6 + 1982*a^2*b^4 + 240*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^2))/(48*a^5*(a
+ b)^2) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^9*(116*a*b^4 + 5*a^4*b + 80*b^5 + 17*a^2*b^3 -
8*a^3*b^2))/(16*a^5*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a*b + tan(e + f*x)^6*(8*a*b + a^2 +
10*b^2) + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^8*(2*a*b + 5*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^10
+ tan(e + f*x)^2*(8*a*b + 3*a^2 + 5*b^2) + tan(e + f*x)^4*(12*a*b + 3*a^2
+ 10*b^2))) - (atan(-((((((20*a^12*b^9 + 79*a^13*b^8 + (457*a^14*b^7)/4 +
(277*a^15*b^6)/4 + (25*a^16*b^5)/2 - 2*a^17*b^4 - (7*a^18*b^3)/4 - (5*a^1
9*b^2)/4)/(4*a^18*b + a^19 + a^15*b^4 + 4*a^16*b^3 + 6*a^17*b^2) - (tan(e
+ f*x)*(a*b^2*48i - a^2*b*18i + a^3*5i - b^3*160i)*(2048*a^12*b^7 + 9216*a
^13*b^6 + 16384*a^14*b^5 + 14336*a^15*b^4 + 6144*a^16*b^3 + 1024*a^17*b^2)
))/(4096*a^6*(4*a^13*b + a^14 + a^10*b^4 + 4*a^11*b^3 + 6*a^12*b^2)))*(a*b^
2*48i - a^2*b*18i + a^3*5i - b^3*160i))/(32*a^6) - (tan(e + f*x)*(199680*a
*b^12 + 51200*b^13 + 287488*a^2*b^11 + 178560*a^3*b^10 + 39240*a^4*b^9 - 3
6*a^5*b^8 - 1119*a^6*b^7 - 1092*a^7*b^6 + 234*a^8*b^5 - 80*a^9*b^4 + 25*a^
10*b^3))/(128*(4*a^13*b + a^14 + a^10*b^4 + 4*a^11*b^3 + 6*a^12*b^2)))*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2455, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(594*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**3 + 1056*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**4 + 480*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**5 - 1188*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b**3 - 3300*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**4 - 3072*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**5 - 960*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**6 + 594*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4*b**3 + 2244*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b**4 + 3186*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**5 + 2016*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**6 + 480*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**7 + 594*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**3 + 1056*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**4 + 480*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + ...
```

3.219 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(c+dx))^4} dx$

Optimal result	1877
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1878
Rubi [A] (verified)	1879
Maple [A] (verified)	1882
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1882
Sympy [F(-1)]	1883
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1884
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1885
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1886

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(c+dx))^4} dx = \frac{x}{a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(35a^3 + 70a^2b + 56ab^2 + 16b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{16a^4(a+b)^{7/2}d} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)d(a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx))^3} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{24a^2(a+b)^2d(a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b(19a^2+22ab+8b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{16a^3(a+b)^3d(a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx))}$$

output

```
x/a^4-1/16*b^(1/2)*(35*a^3+70*a^2*b+56*a*b^2+16*b^3)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^4/(a+b)^(7/2)/d-1/6*b*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a+b)/d/(a+b+b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^3-1/24*b*(11*a+6*b)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a+b)^2/d/(a+b+b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^2-1/16*b*(19*a^2+22*a*b+8*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a+b)^3/d/(a+b+b*tan(d*x+c)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1411, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-4),x]`

output

```
((35*a^3 + 70*a^2*b + 56*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])^4*
Sec[c + d*x]^8*((b*ArcTan[Sec[d*x]*(Cos[2*c]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*c]
] - I*b*Sin[4*c]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2*c])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*c] - I*b*Sin[4*c]])))*(-a*Sin[d*x]) - 2*b*Sin[d*x] + a*Sin[2*c + d*x]))*Cos[2*c])/(2
56*a^4*Sqrt[a + b]*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*c] - I*b*Sin[4*c]]) - ((I/256)*b*ArcTan[
Sec[d*x]*(Cos[2*c]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*c] - I*b*Sin[4*c]]) - ((I/2
)*Sin[2*c])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*c] - I*b*Sin[4*c]])))*(-a*Sin[d*x])
- 2*b*Sin[d*x] + a*Sin[2*c + d*x]))*Sin[2*c])/(a^4*Sqrt[a + b]*d*Sqrt[b*Co
s[4*c] - I*b*Sin[4*c]])))/((a + b)^3*(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^4) + ((a + 2*b
+ a*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])*Sec[2*c]*Sec[c + d*x]^8*(480*a^6*d*x*Cos[2*c] + 316
8*a^5*b*d*x*Cos[2*c] + 8928*a^4*b^2*d*x*Cos[2*c] + 14112*a^3*b^3*d*x*Cos[2
*c] + 13248*a^2*b^4*d*x*Cos[2*c] + 6912*a*b^5*d*x*Cos[2*c] + 1536*b^6*d*x*
Cos[2*c] + 360*a^6*d*x*Cos[2*d*x] + 2232*a^5*b*d*x*Cos[2*d*x] + 5688*a^4*b
^2*d*x*Cos[2*d*x] + 7272*a^3*b^3*d*x*Cos[2*d*x] + 4608*a^2*b^4*d*x*Cos[2*d
*x] + 1152*a*b^5*d*x*Cos[2*d*x] + 360*a^6*d*x*Cos[4*c + 2*d*x] + 2232*a^5*
b*d*x*Cos[4*c + 2*d*x] + 5688*a^4*b^2*d*x*Cos[4*c + 2*d*x] + 7272*a^3*b^3*
d*x*Cos[4*c + 2*d*x] + 4608*a^2*b^4*d*x*Cos[4*c + 2*d*x] + 1152*a*b^5*d*x*
Cos[4*c + 2*d*x] + 144*a^6*d*x*Cos[2*c + 4*d*x] + 720*a^5*b*d*x*Cos[2*c +
4*d*x] + 1296*a^4*b^2*d*x*Cos[2*c + 4*d*x] + 1008*a^3*b^3*d*x*Cos[2*c + 4*
d*x] + 288*a^2*b^4*d*x*Cos[2*c + 4*d*x] + 144*a^6*d*x*Cos[6*c + 4*d*x] ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 27, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(c + dx)^2)^4} dx \\
 \downarrow 4616 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^4} d \tan(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow 316 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{-5b \tan^2(c+dx)+6a+b}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^3} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{3(8a^2+5ba+2b^2-b(11a+6b) \tan^2(c+dx))}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^3} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{3 \int \frac{8a^2+5ba+2b^2-b(11a+6b) \tan^2(c+dx)}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^3} \\
 \downarrow 402
 \end{array}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{16a^3 + 29ba^2 + 26b^2a + 8b^3 - b(19a^2 + 22ba + 8b^2) \tan^2(c+dx)}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)} d \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(19a^2 + 22ab + 8b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{6a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)}$$

397

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(c+dx)+1} d \tan(c+dx)}{a} - \frac{b(35a^3 + 70a^2b + 56ab^2 + 16b^3)}{2a(a+b)} \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b} d \tan(c+dx)}{a} - \frac{b(19a^2 + 22ab + 8b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{6a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)}$$

216

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(c+dx))}{a} - \frac{b(35a^3 + 70a^2b + 56ab^2 + 16b^3)}{2a(a+b)} \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b} d \tan(c+dx)}{a} - \frac{b(19a^2 + 22ab + 8b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{6a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)}$$

218

$$3 \left(\frac{16(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(c+dx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(35a^3 + 70a^2b + 56ab^2 + 16b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a(a+b) a \sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{b(19a^2 + 22ab + 8b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{6a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^2} - \frac{b(11a+6b) \tan(c+dx)}{6a(a+b)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-4), x]`

output `(-1/6*(b*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2)^3) + (-1/4*(b*(11*a + 6*b)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2)^2) + (3*((16*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[Tan[c + d*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(35*a^3 + 70*a^2*b + 56*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(19*a^2 + 22*a*b + 8*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b))/(6*a*(a + b))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{a^4} - \left(\frac{b^2 a (19a^2 + 22ab + 8b^2) \tan(dx+c)^5}{16a^3 + 48a^2 b + 48a b^2 + 16b^3} + \frac{(17a^2 + 18ab + 6b^2) ab \tan(dx+c)^3}{6a^2 + 12ab + 6b^2} + \frac{(29a^2 + 26ab + 8b^2) a \tan(dx+c)}{16a + 16b} \right)}{d a^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{a^4} - \left(\frac{b^2 a (19a^2 + 22ab + 8b^2) \tan(dx+c)^5}{16a^3 + 48a^2 b + 48a b^2 + 16b^3} + \frac{(17a^2 + 18ab + 6b^2) ab \tan(dx+c)^3}{6a^2 + 12ab + 6b^2} + \frac{(29a^2 + 26ab + 8b^2) a \tan(dx+c)}{16a + 16b} \right)}{d a^4}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a+sec(d*x+c)^2*b)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(1/a^4*arctan(tan(d*x+c))-b/a^4*((1/16*b^2*a*(19*a^2+22*a*b+8*b^2)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)*tan(d*x+c)^5+1/6*(17*a^2+18*a*b+6*b^2)*a*b/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(d*x+c)^3+1/16*(29*a^2+26*a*b+8*b^2)*a/(a+b)*tan(d*x+c))/(a+b*b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^3+1/16*(35*a^3+70*a^2*b+56*a*b^2+16*b^3)/(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(d*x+c)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 618 vs. 2(188) = 376.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1323, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c))^2)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/192*(192*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 576*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 576*(a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 192*(a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6)*d*x + 3*((35*a^6 + 70*a^5*b + 56*a^4*b^2 + 16*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 35*a^3*b^3 + 70*a^2*b^4 + 56*a*b^5 + 16*b^6 + 3*(35*a^5*b + 70*a^4*b^2 + 56*a^3*b^3 + 16*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(35*a^4*b^2 + 70*a^3*b^3 + 56*a^2*b^4 + 16*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(d*x + c))^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(d*x + c) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b^2)) - 4*((87*a^5*b + 116*a^4*b^2 + 44*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*(68*a^4*b^2 + 83*a^3*b^3 + 30*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(19*a^3*b^3 + 22*a^2*b^4 + 8*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/((a^10 + 3*a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + a^7*b^3)*d*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 3*(a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + a^6*b^4)*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^4 + a^5*b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^7*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^4 + 3*a^5*b^5 + a^4*b^6)*d), 1/96*(96*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 288*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 288*(a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*d*x*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 96*(a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6)*d*x + 3*((35*a^6 + 70*a^5*b + 56*a^4*b^2 + 16*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*...`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)**2)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{3(35a^3b + 70a^2b^2 + 56ab^3 + 16b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(dx+c)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{3(19a^2b^3 + 22ab^4 + 8b^5) \tan(dx+c)^5 + 8(17a^2b^3 + 24ab^4 + 6b^5) \tan(dx+c)^3 + 3(29a^4b + 84a^3b^2 + 89a^2b^3 + 42ab^4 + 8b^5) \tan(dx+c)}{a^9 + 6a^8b + 15a^7b^2 + 20a^6b^3 + 15a^5b^4 + 6a^4b^5 + a^3b^6 + (a^6b^3 + 3a^5b^4 + 3a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) \tan(dx+c)^6 + 3(a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + 6a^5b^4 + 4a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) \tan(dx+c)^4 + 3(a^8b + 5a^7b^2 + 10a^6b^3 + 10a^5b^4 + 5a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) \tan(dx+c)^2} - 48(dx+c)/a^4/d$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(35*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*arctan(b*tan(d*x + c)
/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*sqrt((a + b)*b))
+ (3*(19*a^2*b^3 + 22*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 8*(17*a^3*b^2 + 35*a
^2*b^3 + 24*a*b^4 + 6*b^5)*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(29*a^4*b + 84*a^3*b^2 + 89*
a^2*b^3 + 42*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*tan(d*x + c))/(a^9 + 6*a^8*b + 15*a^7*b^2 + 20
*a^6*b^3 + 15*a^5*b^4 + 6*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6 + (a^6*b^3 + 3*a^5*b^4 + 3*a^4
*b^5 + a^3*b^6)*tan(d*x + c)^6 + 3*(a^7*b^2 + 4*a^6*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^4 + 4*a^
4*b^5 + a^3*b^6)*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^8*b + 5*a^7*b^2 + 10*a^6*b^3 + 10*a
^5*b^4 + 5*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6)*tan(d*x + c)^2) - 48*(d*x + c)/a^4/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{3(35a^3b + 70a^2b^2 + 56ab^3 + 16b^4) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{dx+c}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(dx+c)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{57a^2b^3 \tan(dx+c)^5 + 66ab^4 \tan(dx+c)^5 + 24b^5 \tan(dx+c)^5}{(a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(35*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 + 56*a*b^3 + 16*b^4)*(pi*floor((d*x + c)/p
i + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(d*x + c)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^7 + 3*a^6*b
+ 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (57*a^2*b^3*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 66*
a*b^4*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 24*b^5*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 136*a^3*b^2*tan(d*x + c)^3
+ 280*a^2*b^3*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 192*a*b^4*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 48*b^5*tan(d*x +
c)^3 + 87*a^4*b*tan(d*x + c) + 252*a^3*b^2*tan(d*x + c) + 267*a^2*b^3*tan
(d*x + c) + 126*a*b^4*tan(d*x + c) + 24*b^5*tan(d*x + c))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b
+ 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*(b*tan(d*x + c)^2 + a + b)^3) - 48*(d*x + c)/a^4/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4506, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^4,x)
```

output

```
atan((((((2*a^8*b^8 + (25*a^9*b^7)/2 + (131*a^10*b^6)/4 + (189*a^11*b^5)/4
+ (161*a^12*b^4)/4 + (77*a^13*b^3)/4 + 4*a^14*b^2)*1i)/(2*(6*a^14*b + a^1
5 + a^9*b^6 + 6*a^10*b^5 + 15*a^11*b^4 + 20*a^12*b^3 + 15*a^13*b^2)) - (ta
n(c + d*x)*(2048*a^8*b^9 + 13312*a^9*b^8 + 36864*a^10*b^7 + 56320*a^11*b^6
+ 51200*a^12*b^5 + 27648*a^13*b^4 + 8192*a^14*b^3 + 1024*a^15*b^2))/(512*
a^4*(6*a^11*b + a^12 + a^6*b^6 + 6*a^7*b^5 + 15*a^8*b^4 + 20*a^9*b^3 + 15*
a^10*b^2)))/(2*a^4) + (tan(c + d*x)*(3328*a*b^8 + 512*b^9 + 9216*a^2*b^7 +
14080*a^3*b^6 + 12660*a^4*b^5 + 6436*a^5*b^4 + 1481*a^6*b^3))/(256*(6*a^1
1*b + a^12 + a^6*b^6 + 6*a^7*b^5 + 15*a^8*b^4 + 20*a^9*b^3 + 15*a^10*b^2))
)/a^4 - (((((2*a^8*b^8 + (25*a^9*b^7)/2 + (131*a^10*b^6)/4 + (189*a^11*b^5)
/4 + (161*a^12*b^4)/4 + (77*a^13*b^3)/4 + 4*a^14*b^2)*1i)/(2*(6*a^14*b + a
^15 + a^9*b^6 + 6*a^10*b^5 + 15*a^11*b^4 + 20*a^12*b^3 + 15*a^13*b^2)) + (
tan(c + d*x)*(2048*a^8*b^9 + 13312*a^9*b^8 + 36864*a^10*b^7 + 56320*a^11*b
^6 + 51200*a^12*b^5 + 27648*a^13*b^4 + 8192*a^14*b^3 + 1024*a^15*b^2))/(51
2*a^4*(6*a^11*b + a^12 + a^6*b^6 + 6*a^7*b^5 + 15*a^8*b^4 + 20*a^9*b^3 + 1
5*a^10*b^2)))/(2*a^4) - (tan(c + d*x)*(3328*a*b^8 + 512*b^9 + 9216*a^2*b^7
+ 14080*a^3*b^6 + 12660*a^4*b^5 + 6436*a^5*b^4 + 1481*a^6*b^3))/(256*(6*a
^11*b + a^12 + a^6*b^6 + 6*a^7*b^5 + 15*a^8*b^4 + 20*a^9*b^3 + 15*a^10*b^2
)))/a^4)/((((((2*a^8*b^8 + (25*a^9*b^7)/2 + (131*a^10*b^6)/4 + (189*a^11*b
^5)/4 + (161*a^12*b^4)/4 + (77*a^13*b^3)/4 + 4*a^14*b^2)*1i)/(2*(6*a^14...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2880, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/
sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**6*a**6 - 210*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*
tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**6*a**5*b - 168*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c +
d*x)**6*a**4*b**2 - 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)
)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**6*a**3*b**3 + 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a +
b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**4*
a**6 + 945*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a)
)/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**4*a**5*b + 1134*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**4*a**4*b**2 + 648
*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a**3*b**3 + 144*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*ta
n((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**4*a**2*b**4 - 315*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c
+ d*x)**2*a**6 - 1260*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/
2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**2*a**5*b - 2079*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*a
tan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**2*a**4
*b**2 - 1782*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt
(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**2*a**3*b**3 - 792*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sq
rt(a + b)*tan((c + d*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(c + d*x)**2*a**2*b**...
```


3.220 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

Optimal result	1888
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1888
Rubi [A] (verified)	1889
Maple [A] (verified)	1891
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1892
Sympy [F(-1)]	1892
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1893
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1893
Mupad [F(-1)]	1894
Reduce [F]	1894

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = -\frac{a^3 \cot(c + dx) \log(\cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{a^3 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{2d} + \frac{a^3 \tan^3(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{4d} - \frac{a^3 \tan^5(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{6d}$$

output

```
-a^3*cot(d*x+c)*ln(cos(d*x+c))*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-1/2*a^3*tan(d*x+c)
)*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/4*a^3*tan(d*x+c)^3*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
-1/6*a^3*tan(d*x+c)^5*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{\cot^7(c + dx) (12 \log(\cos(c + dx)) + 18 \sec^2(c + dx) - 9 \sec^4(c + dx) + 2 \sec^6(c + dx)) (-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{5/2}}{12d}$$

input `Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2), x]`

output `(Cot[c + d*x]^7*(12*Log[Cos[c + d*x]] + 18*Sec[c + d*x]^2 - 9*Sec[c + d*x]^4 + 2*Sec[c + d*x]^6)*(-a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2))/(12*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.706$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int (-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (-a \tan(c + dx)^2)^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & -a^3 \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan^7(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -a^3 \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan(c + dx)^7 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & -a^3 \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^6(c + dx)}{6d} - \int \tan^5(c + dx) dx \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -a^3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \int \tan(c+dx)^5 dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3954 \\
& -a^3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\int \tan^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -a^3 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\int \tan(c+dx)^3 dx + \frac{\tan^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3954 \\
& dx \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(-\int \tan(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\tan^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& dx \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(-\int \tan(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\tan^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3956 \\
& dx \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\tan^2(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{\log(\cos(c+dx))}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `-(a^3*Cot[c + d*x]*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)]*(Log[Cos[c + d*x]]/d + Tan[c + d*x]^2/(2*d) - Tan[c + d*x]^4/(4*d) + Tan[c + d*x]^6/(6*d)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x])^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])] Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig])]`

rule 4609 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2])^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-\cos(dx+c)^6 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+\cos(dx+c)^6 \ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)-\cos(dx+c)^6 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+\frac{11}{2}\cos(dx+c)\right) d}{e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1}$
risch	$\frac{a^3 (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1) \sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}} x}{e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1} - \frac{2a^3 (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1) \sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}} (dx+c)}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)d} - \frac{2ia^3 \sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}} (9e^{10i(dx+c)} - 3e^{2i(dx+c)})}{3(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)d}$

input `int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-cos(d*x+c)^6*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+cos(d*x+c)^6*ln(2/(cos(d*x+c)+1))-cos(d*x+c)^6*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+11/12*cos(d*x+c)^6-3/2*cos(d*x+c)^4+3/4*cos(d*x+c)^2-1/6)*a^3*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^5*csc(d*x+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{(12 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^6 \log(-\cos(dx + c)) + 18 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^4 - 9 a^3 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 a^3) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(dx + c)^2 - a}{\cos(dx + c)^2}}}{12 d \cos(dx + c)^5 \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(12*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^6*log(-cos(d*x + c)) + 18*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^4 - 9*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a^3)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5*sin(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-aa^3} \tan(dx + c)^6 - 3\sqrt{-aa^3} \tan(dx + c)^4 + 6\sqrt{-aa^3} \tan(dx + c)^2 - 6\sqrt{-aa^3} \log(\tan(dx + c)^2 + 1)}{12d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(2*sqrt(-a)*a^3*tan(d*x + c)^6 - 3*sqrt(-a)*a^3*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 6*sqrt(-a)*a^3*tan(d*x + c)^2 - 6*sqrt(-a)*a^3*log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1))/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{-aa^3} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2} + 2\right) - 6\sqrt{-aa^3} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)^2} + 2\right)}{12d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(6*sqrt(-a)*a^3*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2) - 6*sqrt(-a)*a^3*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2) + (11*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)^3*sqrt(-a)*a^3 - 90*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)^2*sqrt(-a)*a^3 + 276*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)*sqrt(-a)*a^3 - 408*sqrt(-a)*a^3)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2)^3/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int \left(a - \frac{a}{\cos(c + dx)^2} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2} dx &= \sqrt{a} a^3 \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} dx \right. \\ &\quad - \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) \\ &\quad + 3 \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) \\ &\quad \left. - 3 \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2), x)`output `sqrt(a)*a**3*(int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1),x) - int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1)*sec(c + d*x)**6,x) + 3*int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x) - 3*int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x))`

3.221 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1895
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1895
Rubi [A] (verified)	1896
Maple [A] (verified)	1898
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1899
Sympy [F]	1899
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1899
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1900
Mupad [F(-1)]	1900
Reduce [F]	1901

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = -\frac{a^2 \cot(c + dx) \log(\cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{a^2 \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{4d}$$

output

```
-a^2*cot(d*x+c)*ln(cos(d*x+c))*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-1/2*a^2*tan(d*x+c)*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/4*a^2*tan(d*x+c)^3*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{a \csc^3(c + dx)(2 + 3 \log(\cos(c + dx)) + \cos(4(c + dx)) \log(\cos(c + dx)) + 4 \cos(2(c + dx)))}{8d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5/2), x]
```


output

```
(a*Csc[c + d*x]^3*(2 + 3*Log[Cos[c + d*x]] + Cos[4*(c + d*x)]*Log[Cos[c +
d*x]] + 4*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*(1 + Log[Cos[c + d*x]]))*Sec[c + d*x]*(-(a*Tan[
c + d*x]^2))^(3/2))/(8*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int (-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (-a \tan(c + dx)^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & a^2 \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan^5(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a^2 \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan(c + dx)^5 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & a^2 \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^4(c + dx)}{4d} - \int \tan^3(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^2 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \int \tan(c+dx)^3 dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
& a^2 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\int \tan(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\tan^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& a^2 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\int \tan(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\tan^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
& a^2 \cot(c+dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\tan^2(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{\log(\cos(c+dx))}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `a^2*Cot[c + d*x]*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)]*(-(Log[Cos[c + d*x]]/d) - Tan[c + d*x]^2/(2*d) + Tan[c + d*x]^4/(4*d))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141

```
Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff
= FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x]^
n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])) Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Ta
n[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]
&& IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /
; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig]])
```

rule 4609

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[A
ctivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ
[a + b, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\left(-\cos(dx+c)^4 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)+\cos(dx+c)^4 \ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)-\cos(dx+c)^4 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)+\frac{3\cos(dx+c)^4}{2}\right) \frac{d}{dx}$
risch	$\frac{a^2(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}}{e^{2i(dx+c)}-1} - \frac{2a^2(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}(dx+c)}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)d} - \frac{4ia^2\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}(e^{6i(dx+c)}+e^{4i(dx+c)}+e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)}$

input

```
int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(-cos(d*x+c)^4*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)+cos(d*x+c)^4*ln(2/(cos(d*x
+c)+1))-cos(d*x+c)^4*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)+3/4*cos(d*x+c)^4-cos(d*x
+c)^2+1/4)*a^2*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*sec(d*x+c)^3*csc(d*x+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{(4a^2 \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\cos(dx + c)) + 4a^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 - a^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(dx + c)^2 - a}{\cos(dx + c)^2}}}{4d \cos(dx + c)^3 \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(4*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-cos(d*x + c)) + 4*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a^2)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3*sin(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-aa^2} \tan(dx + c)^4 - 2\sqrt{-aa^2} \tan(dx + c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-aa^2} \log(\tan(dx + c)^2 + 1)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/4*(\sqrt{-a})*a^2*\tan(dx + c)^4 - 2*\sqrt{-a}*a^2*\tan(dx + c)^2 + 2*\sqrt{-a}*a^2*\log(\tan(dx + c)^2 + 1))/d$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx =$$

$$2\sqrt{-aa^2} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2} + 2\right) - 2\sqrt{-aa^2} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2}\right) -$$

$4d$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(dx+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/4*(2*\sqrt{-a}*a^2*\log(\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 2) - 2*\sqrt{-a}*a^2*\log(\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 - 2) + (3*(\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2)*\sqrt{-a}*a^2 - 20*(\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2)*\sqrt{-a}*a^2 + 44*\sqrt{-a}*a^2)/(\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/\tan(1/2*dx + 1/2*c)^2 - 2)^2)/d$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \left(a - \frac{a}{\cos(c + dx)^2}\right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a - a/cos(c + dx)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a - a/cos(c + dx)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \sqrt{a} a^2 \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right. \\ \left. - 2 \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) \right)$$

input `int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*a**2*(int(sqrt(-sec(c+d*x)**2+1),x) + int(sqrt(-sec(c+d*x)**2+1)*sec(c+d*x)**4,x) - 2*int(sqrt(-sec(c+d*x)**2+1)*sec(c+d*x)**2,x))`

3.222 $\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1902
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1902
Rubi [A] (verified)	1903
Maple [A] (verified)	1905
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1905
Sympy [F]	1906
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1906
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1906
Mupad [F(-1)]	1907
Reduce [F]	1907

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a \cot(c + dx) \log(\cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{a \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{2d}$$

output

```
-a*cot(d*x+c)*ln(cos(d*x+c))*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-1/2*a*tan(d*x+c)*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\cot^3(c + dx) (2 \log(\cos(c + dx)) + \sec^2(c + dx)) (-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{3/2}}{2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Cot[c + d*x]^3*(2*Log[Cos[c + d*x]] + Sec[c + d*x]^2)*(-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2
))^((3/2))/(2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 3954, 3042, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int (-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (-a \tan(c + dx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & -a \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan^3(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -a \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan(c + dx)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & -a \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^2(c + dx)}{2d} - \int \tan(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -a \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^2(c + dx)}{2d} - \int \tan(c + dx) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
 & -a \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \left(\frac{\tan^2(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{\log(\cos(c + dx))}{d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(a*Cot[c + d*x]*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)]*(Log[Cos[c + d*x]]/d + Tan[c + d*x]^2/(2*d)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x])^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])] Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig])]`

rule 4609

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$\frac{a\sqrt{-a\tan(dx+c)^2}\left(2\ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)\cot(dx+c)-2\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1)\cot(dx+c)-2\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1)\cot(dx+c)-\tan(dx+c)\right)}{2d}$
risch	$-\frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}(ie^{4i(dx+c)}\ln(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)+e^{4i(dx+c)}dx+2e^{4i(dx+c)}c+2ie^{2i(dx+c)}\ln(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)+2e^{2i(dx+c)}dx+2ie^{2i(dx+c)}c)}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input

```
int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/d*a*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*ln(2/(cos(d*x+c)+1))*cot(d*x+c)-2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cot(d*x+c)-2*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cot(d*x+c)-tan(d*x+c))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{(2a \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\cos(dx + c)) + a) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(dx + c)^2 - a}{\cos(dx + c)^2}}}{2d \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)}$$

input

```
integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*a*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-cos(d*x + c)) + a)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)/(d*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-aa} \tan(dx + c)^2 - \sqrt{-aa} \log(\tan(dx + c)^2 + 1)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(-a)*a*tan(d*x + c)^2 - sqrt(-a)*a*log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1))/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-aa} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2} + 2\right) - \sqrt{-aa} \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2} - 2\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(-a)*a*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2)
) - sqrt(-a)*a*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2)
+ ((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)*sqrt(-a)*a - 6*sqrt
(-a)*a)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1/tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 2))/d
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a - \frac{a}{\cos(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a} a \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} dx - \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec(dx + c)^2 + 1} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) \right)$$

input

```
int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(a)*a*(int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1),x) - int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)*
**2 + 1)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x))
```

3.223 $\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx$

Optimal result	1908
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1908
Rubi [A] (verified)	1909
Maple [A] (verified)	1910
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1911
Sympy [F]	1911
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1911
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1912
Mupad [F(-1)]	1912
Reduce [F]	1913

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\cot(c + dx) \log(\cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{d}$$

output

```
-cot(d*x+c)*ln(cos(d*x+c))*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\cot(c + dx) \log(\cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
-((Cot[c + d*x]*Log[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2))]/d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{a - a \sec(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{-a \tan(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \int \tan(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
 & -\frac{\cot(c + dx) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)} \log(\cos(c + dx))}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2], x]`

output `-((Cot[c + d*x]*Log[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2))]/d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x]^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])) Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig]])`

rule 4609 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-a \tan(dx+c)^2} \ln(1+\tan(dx+c)^2)}{2d \tan(dx+c)}$
risch	$\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)x - 2\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)(dx+c) - i\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1) \ln(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1) / (e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)d$

input `int((a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/tan(d*x+c)*ln(1+tan(d*x+c)^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^2 - a}{\cos(dx+c)^2}} \cos(dx+c) \log(-\cos(dx+c))}{d \sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-cos(d*x + c))/(d*sin(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a} \log(\tan(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-a)*log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1)/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.27

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(-\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right) - \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + \right.\right.\right.}$$

input `integrate((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*sgn(-tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1))*sgn(-tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) - log(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1))*sgn(-tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)))*sqrt(-a)*sgn(cos(d*x + c))/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a - \frac{a}{\cos(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

input `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)} dx = \sqrt{a} \left(\int \sqrt{-\sec^2(c + dx) + 1} dx \right)$$

input `int((a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(-sec(c+d*x)**2+1),x)`

3.224 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1914
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1914
Rubi [A] (verified)	1915
Maple [A] (verified)	1917
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1917
Sympy [F]	1918
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1918
Giac [F]	1918
Mupad [F(-1)]	1919
Reduce [F]	1919

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\log(\sin(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `ln(sin(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\log(\sin(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2],x]`

output `(Log[Sin[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 25, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec(c + dx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a \tan(c + dx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \cot(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int -\tan\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) dx}{\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \log(-\sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2],x]`

output `(Log[-Sin[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x]^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])) Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig])]`

rule 4609 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\tan(dx+c) \left(2 \ln(\tan(dx+c)) - \ln(1 + \tan(dx+c)^2) \right)}{2d \sqrt{-a \tan(dx+c)^2}}$	48
risch	$\frac{(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)x}{\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)}} - \frac{2(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} d} - \frac{i(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1) \ln(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)}{\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} d}$	194

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*tan(d*x+c)*(2*ln(tan(d*x+c))-ln(1+tan(d*x+c)^2))/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(dx+c)^2 - a}{\cos(dx+c)^2}} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(dx+c)\right)}{ad \sin(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*cos(d*x + c)*log(1/2*sin(d*x + c))/(a*d*sin(d*x + c))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\frac{\log(\tan(dx+c)^2+1)}{\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{2 \log(\tan(dx+c))}{\sqrt{-a}}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1)/sqrt(-a) - 2*log(tan(d*x + c))/sqrt(-a))/d`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a \sec^2(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(-a*sec(d*x + c)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - \frac{a}{\cos(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - a \sec^2(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sec(dx+c)^2+1}}{\sec(dx+c)^2-1} dx \right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(- sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1)/(sec(c + d*x)**2 - 1),x))/a`

3.225 $\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1920
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1920
Rubi [A] (verified)	1921
Maple [A] (verified)	1923
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1924
Sympy [F]	1924
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1924
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1925
Mupad [F(-1)]	1925
Reduce [F]	1926

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{2ad\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{\log(\sin(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{ad\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*cot(d*x+c)/a/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+ln(sin(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)/a/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(\csc^2(c + dx) + 2 \log(\sin(c + dx))) \tan^3(c + dx)}{2d(-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*((Csc[c + d*x]^2 + 2*Log[Sin[c + d*x]])*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/(d*(-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2))^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.647$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 25, 3954, 25, 3042, 25, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(-a \tan(c + dx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \cot^3(c + dx) dx}{a \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int -\tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{a \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \tan(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^3 dx}{a \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3954} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \left(\frac{\cot^2(c + dx)}{2d} - \int -\cot(c + dx) dx \right)}{a \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int \cot(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int -\tan\left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} - \int \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx\right) dx \right)}{a\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 3956 \\
 \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{\log(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{a\sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-3/2), x]`

output `((Cot[c + d*x]^2/(2*d) + Log[-Sin[c + d*x]]/d)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x]^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])) Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig]])`

rule 4609 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$\frac{4 \ln(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c)) \tan(dx+c) - 4 \ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) \tan(dx+c) + \cot(dx+c) + \sec(dx+c) \csc(dx+c)}{4d\sqrt{-a \tan(dx+c)^2} a}$
risch	$-\frac{ie^{4i(dx+c)} \ln(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1) + e^{4i(dx+c)} dx - 2ie^{2i(dx+c)} \ln(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1) + 2e^{4i(dx+c)} c - 2e^{2i(dx+c)} dx - 2ie^{2i(dx+c)} + i \ln(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)}{a(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1) \sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)} - 1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2}} d}$

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a*(4*ln(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)-4*ln(2/(cos(d*x+c)+1))*tan(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c)*csc(d*x+c))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2 (\cos(dx + c))^3 - \cos(dx + c)) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(dx + c)\right) - \cos(dx + c) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(dx + c)^2 - a}{\cos(dx + c)^2}}}{2 (a^2 d \cos(dx + c)^2 - a^2 d) \sin(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(2*(cos(d*x + c)^3 - cos(d*x + c))*log(1/2*sin(d*x + c)) - cos(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)/((a^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d)*sin(d*x + c))`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a)**(-3/2), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{\log(\tan(dx+c)^2+1)}{\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{2 \log(\tan(dx+c))}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{a^2 \tan(dx+c)^2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a) - 2*log(tan(d*x + c))/(sqrt(-a)*a) + sqrt(-a)/(a^2*tan(d*x + c)^2))/d
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2}{\sqrt{-aa}} - \frac{8 \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{-aa}} + \frac{4 \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2)}{\sqrt{-aa}} - \frac{4 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-aa} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2}}{8d}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/8*(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2/(sqrt(-a)*a) - 8*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a) + 4*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)/(sqrt(-a)*a) - (4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2))/d
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a - \frac{a}{\cos(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sec(dx+c)^2+1}}{\sec(dx+c)^4 - 2\sec(dx+c)^2 + 1} dx \right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(-sec(c+d*x)**2+1)/(sec(c+d*x)**4-2*sec(c+d*x)**2+1),x))/a**2`

3.226 $\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1927
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1927
Rubi [A] (verified)	1928
Maple [A] (verified)	1931
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1931
Sympy [F]	1932
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Mupad [F(-1)]	1933
Reduce [F]	1933

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{2a^2 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{\cot^3(c + dx)}{4a^2 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{\log(\sin(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{a^2 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

$1/2*\cot(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(-a*\tan(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}-1/4*\cot(d*x+c)^3/a^2/d/(-a*\tan(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}+\ln(\sin(d*x+c))*\tan(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(-a*\tan(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cot(c + dx) (-4 \csc^2(c + dx) + \csc^4(c + dx) - 4 \log(\sin(c + dx))) \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}{4a^3 d}$$

input

`Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-5/2), x]`

output

```
(Cot[c + d*x]*(-4*Csc[c + d*x]^2 + Csc[c + d*x]^4 - 4*Log[Sin[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)])/(4*a^3*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.882$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 25, 3954, 25, 3042, 25, 3954, 25, 3042, 25, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(-a \tan(c + dx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \cot^5(c + dx) dx}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int -\tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5 dx}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \tan(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^5 dx}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3954 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \int -\cot^3(c+dx) dx \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int \cot^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int -\tan \left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \int \tan \left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi) + dx \right)^3 dx \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3954 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int -\cot(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(-\int \cot(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(-\int -\tan \left(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int \tan \left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi) + dx \right) dx + \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow 3956 \\
\frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} - \frac{\log(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{a^2 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-5/2),x]`

output `-(((-1/2*Cot[c + d*x]^2/d + Cot[c + d*x]^4/(4*d) - Log[-Sin[c + d*x]]/d)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a^2*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2))))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x])^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])] Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig])]`

rule 4609 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2])^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\ln(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)^4-\ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)\sin(dx+c)^4-\frac{13\cos(dx+c)^4}{32}-\frac{3\cos(dx+c)^2}{16}+\frac{11}{32}\right)\sec(dx+c)\csc(dx+c)^3}{d\sqrt{-a\tan(dx+c)^2}a^2}$
risch	$\frac{(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)x}{a^2(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}}-\frac{2(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)(dx+c)}{a^2(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}}d+\frac{4i(e^{6i(dx+c)}-e^{4i(dx+c)}+e^{2i(dx+c)})}{a^2(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^3(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}}$

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{d}(\ln(\csc(d*x+c)-\cot(d*x+c))*\sin(d*x+c)^4-\ln(2/(\cos(d*x+c)+1))*\sin(d*x+c)^4-13/32*\cos(d*x+c)^4-3/16*\cos(d*x+c)^2+11/32)/(-a*\tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2*\sec(d*x+c)*\csc(d*x+c)^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(4 \cos(dx + c)^3 - 4(\cos(dx + c))^5 - 2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + \cos(dx + c)) \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{4(a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^4 - 2a^3 d \cos(dx + c)^2 + a^3 d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}(4*\cos(d*x + c)^3 - 4*(\cos(d*x + c))^5 - 2*\cos(d*x + c)^3 + \cos(d*x + c))*\log(1/2*\sin(d*x + c)) - 3*\cos(d*x + c)*\sqrt{(a*\cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/\cos(d*x + c)^2}/((a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^4 - 2*a^3*d*\cos(d*x + c)^2 + a^3*d)*\sin(d*x + c))$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a)**(-5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{2 \log(\tan(dx+c)^2+1)}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} - \frac{4 \log(\tan(dx+c))}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a} \tan(dx+c)^2 - \sqrt{-a}}{a^3 \tan(dx+c)^4}}{4d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) - 4*log(tan(d*x + c))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) + (2*sqrt(-a)*tan(d*x + c)^2 - sqrt(-a))/(a^3*tan(d*x + c)^4))/d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{64 \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} - \frac{32 \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2)}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-aa^2} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 - 12 \sqrt{-aa^2} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{a^5}}{64d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/64*(64*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) - 32*log(tan(1/2*d
*x + 1/2*c)^2)/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) - (sqrt(-a)*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 12*
sqrt(-a)*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)/a^5 + (48*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 12
*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4))/d
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a - \frac{a}{\cos(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sec(dx+c)^2+1}}{\sec(dx+c)^6 - 3\sec(dx+c)^4 + 3\sec(dx+c)^2 - 1} dx \right)}{a^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(a)*int(sqrt( - sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1)/(sec(c + d*x)**6 - 3*sec(c +
d*x)**4 + 3*sec(c + d*x)**2 - 1), x))/a**3
```

3.227 $\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1934
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1934
Rubi [A] (verified)	1935
Maple [A] (verified)	1938
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1939
Sympy [F]	1939
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1940
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1940
Mupad [F(-1)]	1941
Reduce [F]	1941

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\cot(c + dx)}{2a^3 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{\cot^3(c + dx)}{4a^3 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{\cot^5(c + dx)}{6a^3 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{\log(\sin(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx)}{a^3 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*cot(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*cot(d*x+c)^3/a^3/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*cot(d*x+c)^5/a^3/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+ln(sin(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(18 \csc^2(c + dx) - 9 \csc^4(c + dx) + 2 \csc^6(c + dx) + 12 \log(\sin(c + dx))) \tan(c + dx)}{12a^3 d \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-7/2),x]
```

output

```
((18*Csc[c + d*x]^2 - 9*Csc[c + d*x]^4 + 2*Csc[c + d*x]^6 + 12*Log[Sin[c + d*x]])*Tan[c + d*x])/(12*a^3*d*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.118$, Rules used = {3042, 4609, 3042, 4141, 3042, 25, 3954, 25, 3042, 25, 3954, 25, 3042, 25, 3954, 25, 3042, 25, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec(c + dx)^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4609} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(-a \tan^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(-a \tan(c + dx)^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4141} \\
 & -\frac{\tan(c + dx) \int \cot^7(c + dx) dx}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\tan(c + dx) \int -\tan(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^7 dx}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \int \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx\right)^7 dx}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3954 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \int -\cot^5(c+dx) dx \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int \cot^5(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int -\tan\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \int \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx\right)^5 dx \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3954 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int -\cot^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(-\int \cot^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(-\int -\tan\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx\right)^3 dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3954
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(-\int -\cot(c+dx)dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int \cot(c+dx)dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\int -\tan\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(-\int \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx\right)dx + \frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
& \frac{\tan(c+dx) \left(\frac{\cot^6(c+dx)}{6d} - \frac{\cot^4(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{\cot^2(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{\log(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{-a \tan^2(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - a*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-7/2), x]`

output `((Cot[c + d*x]^2/(2*d) - Cot[c + d*x]^4/(4*d) + Cot[c + d*x]^6/(6*d) + Log[-Sin[c + d*x]]/d)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a^3*Sqrt[-(a*Tan[c + d*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3954 `Int[((b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*((b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] - Simp[b^2 Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4141 `Int[(u_.)*((b_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[(b*ff^n)^IntPart[p]*((b*Tan[e + f*x])^n)^FracPart[p]/(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*FracPart[p])] Int[ActivateTrig[u]*(Tan[e + f*x]/ff)^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[n] && (EqQ[u, 1] || MatchQ[u, ((d_.)*(trig_)[e + f*x])^(m_.) /; FreeQ[{d, m}, x] && MemberQ[{sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc}, trig])]`

rule 4609 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ActivateTrig[u*(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)^p], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-\ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)\sin(dx+c)^6 + \ln(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c))\sin(dx+c)^6 + \frac{25\cos(dx+c)^6}{48} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)^4}{16} - \frac{11\cos(dx+c)^2}{16} + \frac{19}{48}\right)\sec(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{-a\tan(dx+c)^2}a^3}$
risch	$\frac{(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)x}{a^3(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}} - \frac{2(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)(dx+c)}{a^3(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}}d + \frac{2i(9e^{10i(dx+c)}-18e^{8i(dx+c)}+34e^{6i(dx+c)}-18e^{4i(dx+c)}+9e^{2i(dx+c)}-9)}{3a^3(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^5(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)\sqrt{\frac{a(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)^2}{(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^2}}}$

input `int(1/(a-sec(d*x+c)^2*a)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/d*(-ln(2/(cos(d*x+c)+1))*sin(d*x+c)^6+ln(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)^6+25/48*cos(d*x+c)^6-1/16*cos(d*x+c)^4-11/16*cos(d*x+c)^2+19/48)/(-a*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^3*sec(d*x+c)*csc(d*x+c)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(18 \cos(dx + c)^5 - 27 \cos(dx + c)^3 - 12 (\cos(dx + c))^7 - 3 \cos(dx + c)^5)}{12 (a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^6 - 3 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^4 + 3 a^4 d \cos(dx + c)^2 - a^4 d) \sin(dx + c)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(18*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 27*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 12*(cos(d*x + c)^7 - 3*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 3*cos(d*x + c)^3 - cos(d*x + c))*log(1/2*sin(d*x + c)) + 11*cos(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a)/cos(d*x + c)^2)/((a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^6 - 3*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*a^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 - a^4*d)*sin(d*x + c))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-a \sec^2(c + dx) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((-a*sec(c + d*x)**2 + a)**(-7/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{6 \log(\tan(dx+c)^2+1)}{\sqrt{-aa^3}} - \frac{12 \log(\tan(dx+c))}{\sqrt{-aa^3}} + \frac{6\sqrt{-a} \tan(dx+c)^4 - 3\sqrt{-a} \tan(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{-a}}{a^4 \tan(dx+c)^6}}{12d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(6*log(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) - 12*log(tan(d*x + c))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) + (6*sqrt(-a)*tan(d*x + c)^4 - 3*sqrt(-a)*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(-a))/(a^4*tan(d*x + c)^6))/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{384 \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{-aa^3}} - \frac{192 \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2)}{\sqrt{-aa^3}} + \frac{352 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^6 - 87 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 + 12 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2 - 1}{\sqrt{-aa^3} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^6} - \frac{a^7 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^6 - 12 a^7 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^4 + 87 a^7 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^2}{\sqrt{-aa^3} \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^6}}{12d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/384*(384*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) - 192*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) + (352*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 87*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 12*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6) - (a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 12*a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 87*a^7*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2)/(sqrt(-a)*a^10))/d`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a - \frac{a}{\cos(c+dx)^2}\right)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int(1/(a - a/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - a \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-\sec(dx+c)^2+1}}{\sec(dx+c)^8 - 4 \sec(dx+c)^6 + 6 \sec(dx+c)^4 - 4 \sec(dx+c)^2 + 1} dx \right)}{a^4}$$

input `int(1/(a-a*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2), x)`output `(sqrt(a)*int(sqrt(-sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1)/(sec(c + d*x)**8 - 4*sec(c + d*x)**6 + 6*sec(c + d*x)**4 - 4*sec(c + d*x)**2 + 1),x))/a**4`

3.228 $\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1942
Mathematica [F]	1943
Rubi [A] (verified)	1943
Maple [C] (verified)	1949
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1950
Sympy [F]	1951
Maxima [F]	1952
Giac [F]	1952
Mupad [F(-1)]	1952
Reduce [F]	1953

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 376

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 = & - \frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15b^2 f} \\
 & + \frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) \mid \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15b^2 f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \\
 & - \frac{(a - 8b)(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15bf (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \\
 & + \frac{(a + 4b) \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{15bf} \\
 & + \frac{\sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{5f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/15*(2*a^2-3*a*b-8*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b^2/f+1/15*(2*a^2-3*a*b-8*b^2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b^2/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)-1/15*(a-8*b)*(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/15*(a+4*b)*sec(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/b/f+1/5*sec(f*x+e)^3*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 314, 25, 402, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

2057

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

314

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{5(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{4(a+b) - 3a \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{4(a+b) - 3a \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{5(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

402

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\int -\frac{a(a+4b) \sin^2(e+fx) + (a-8b)(a+b)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{3b(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{3b(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \int \frac{a(a+4b) \sin^2(e+fx) + (a-8b)(a+b)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

402

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{f - \frac{a(2(a-2b)(a+b) - (2a^2 - 3ba - 8b^2) \sin^2(e+fx)) \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{b} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2-3ab-8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2-3ab-8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2-3ab-8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{(a + 4b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{3b(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{b \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(5*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) + (((a + 4*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(3*b*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - (((2*a^2 - 3*a*b - 8*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (a*((2*a^2 - 3*a*b - 8*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - ((a - 8*b)*b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])))/b)/(3*b))/5)/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 314 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^
2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,
0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3376, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.98

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3376

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/15/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b
^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)
*((-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)
)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b
^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^4*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b
^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I
I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^3-4*cos(f*
x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(
1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos
(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*Elli
pticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4
*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-co
s(f*x+e)^3-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-cos(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x
+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^
(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))
^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+
e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(
a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(12*cos(f*x+e)^3+24*cos(f*x+e)^2+12*cos(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(
I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+
e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos...

```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 887, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/30*((2*(-2*I*a^3 + 3*I*a^2*b + 8*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*
cos(f*x + e)^4 - (-2*I*a^3 - I*a^2*b + 14*I*a*b^2 + 16*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*cos(
f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsi
n(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x
+ e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2)
+ (2*(2*I*a^3 - 3*I*a^2*b - 8*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^4 - (2*I*a^3 + I*a^2*b - 14*I*a*b^2 - 16*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x +
e)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqr
t((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))
), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 4*
((I*a^2*b + 4*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (I*a
^3 + I*a^2*b - 4*I*a*b^2 - 4*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt
((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^
2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b
^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 4*((-I*a^2*b - 4*I*a*b^
2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (-I*a^3 - I*a^2*b + 4*I*
a*b^2 + 4*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) -
a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/
a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b
)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 2*((2*a^3 - 3*a^2*b - 8*a*b^2)*cos(f*x ...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sec^5(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**5, x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sec^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sec^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e+fx)}}}{\cos^5(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^5,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.229 $\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1954
Mathematica [F]	1955
Rubi [A] (verified)	1955
Maple [C] (verified)	1960
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1961
Sympy [F]	1962
Maxima [F]	1963
Giac [F]	1963
Mupad [F(-1)]	1963
Reduce [F]	1964

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3bf}$$

$$- \frac{(a + 2b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) \mid \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3bf \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

$$+ \frac{\sec(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
1/3*(a+2*b)*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b/f-1/3*(a+2*b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)+2/3*(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/3*sec(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2))*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 314, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sec(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 314

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3} \int - \frac{2(a+b)-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2(a+b)-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\int \frac{a(-((a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \int \frac{a(-((a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{-((a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2}}}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(a + 2b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{b \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(a + 2b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)))}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(3*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((a + 2*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (a*((a + 2*b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (2*b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))) / b) / 3) / (f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 314 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^
2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,
0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2475, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2475

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/3/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b*
(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*((
-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(
1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a
^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2
+cos(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos
(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-
I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b*EllipticE(((
2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/
2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(4*cos(f*x+e
)^3+8*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2
)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(
f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)
^(1/2))*(5*cos(f*x+e)^3+10*cos(f*x+e)^2+5*cos(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2
)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a...

```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 782, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/6*((2*(I*a^2 + 2*I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (
I*a^2 + 4*I*a*b + 4*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b
^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) -
a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a
^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(-I*a^2 - 2*I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sq
rt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (-I*a^2 - 4*I*a*b - 4*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*
cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(a
rcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(
f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/
a^2) - 2*(2*I*a^(3/2)*b*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (-I*a^2 - 3
*I*a*b - 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)
- a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)
/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*
b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 2*(-2*I*a^(3/2)*b*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + (I*a^2 + 3*I*a*b + 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((
2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((
a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a
*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + 2*((a^2 + 2*a*b
)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*
x + e))/(a*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sec^3(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e+fx)}}}{\cos^3(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.230 $\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1965
Mathematica [F]	1966
Rubi [A] (verified)	1966
Maple [C] (verified)	1970
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1971
Sympy [F]	1972
Maxima [F]	1972
Giac [F]	1973
Mupad [F(-1)]	1973
Reduce [F]	1973

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) \mid \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

output

```
sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f-(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
)^(1/2)/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)+(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(se
c(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 314, 25, 27, 389, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 314

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \int -\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\int \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 389

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 323

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 330

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2] + a*(-((EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])) + ((a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])))/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 314 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + d \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]

rule 321 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

rule 323 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 389 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b \cdot \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[a/b \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^n))^{p_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n) / (c + d \cdot x^n))^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1831, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.25

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1831

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((1/
(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+c
os(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2
)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2
)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(
1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(-cos(f*x+e)^3-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-
cos(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f
*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b*EllipticE(((2*I
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*
b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^
3-4*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(
1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b
^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*
b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+
e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/
2))*(-cos(f*x+e)^3-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-cos(f*x+e))+I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*
(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+
e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f
*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(...

```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 603, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$4i a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}}-a-2b}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}} F(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}}-a-2b}{a}}(\cos(fx + e) + i \sin(fx + e))\right) \mid \frac{a^2+8ab+8b^2}{a^2})$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(4*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*sqrt((a*b
+ b^2)/a^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a
))*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)
*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2 - 4*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)
- a - 2*b)/a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b
+ b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a))*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b
+ 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2 + (-2*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt
((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + sqrt(a)*(I*a + 2*I*b))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)
- a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b
)/a))*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a
*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2 + (2*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + sqr
t(a)*(-I*a - 2*I*b))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*ellipti
c_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a))*(cos(f*x + e) - I
*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a
^2))/a^2 - 2*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/
(a*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sec(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\cos(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x),x)`

3.231 $\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1974
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1974
Rubi [A] (verified)	1975
Maple [C] (verified)	1977
Fricas [F]	1978
Sympy [F]	1978
Maxima [F]	1978
Giac [F]	1979
Mupad [F(-1)]	1979
Reduce [F]	1979

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) \mid \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

output `(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(e + fx) E(e + fx \mid \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*Cos[e + f*x]*EllipticE[e + f*x, a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(f*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sec(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{330} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} E\left(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) \middle| \frac{a}{a + b}\right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])]/(f*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1770, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.59

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1770

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)*cos(f*x+e)*((cos(f*x+e)^2+2*cos(f*x+e)+1)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+cos(f*x+e)^2+2*cos(f*x+e)+1)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+I*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-4*cos(f*x+e)-2)*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cos(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x),x)`

3.232 $\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1980
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1981
Rubi [A] (verified)	1981
Maple [C] (verified)	1985
Fricas [F]	1986
Sympy [F(-1)]	1987
Maxima [F]	1987
Giac [F]	1987
Mupad [F(-1)]	1988
Reduce [F]	1988

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f}$$

$$+ \frac{(2a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3af \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$- \frac{b(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3af (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

output

```
1/3*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f+1/
3*(2*a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(
f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/a/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)
)-1/3*b*(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*
(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
)/a/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \cos^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \left(\frac{6\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))} E\left(e+fx \mid \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b \csc^2(2(e+fx)) \sec(2(e+fx))}{4i\sqrt{2}(a+b)} \right)}{12f \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*((6*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*EllipticE[e + f*x, a/(a + b)]/Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]/(a + b)) + (Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*b*Csc[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Sec[2*(e + f*x)]*((4*I)*Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*Sqrt[-((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + a*(a*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(-1 + Cos[4*(e + f*x)]) - (4*I)*Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*Sqrt[-((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])))*Sin[4*(e + f*x)]/(2*a^2))/(12*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 319, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}}{\sec(e + fx)^3} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \int \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 319

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{-((2a + b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 2a + 2b)}{2 \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2(a + b) - (2a + b) \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(2a + b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b})}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(2a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(2a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/3 + (((2*a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/3)/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_)*(G x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 319 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a+b*x^2)^p*((c+d*x^2)^q/(2*(p+q)+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2/(2*(p+q)+1) \text{ Int}[(a+b*x^2)^{(p-1)}*(c+d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[a*c*(p+q)+(q*(b*c-a*d)+a*d*(p+q))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c-a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 321 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 323 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1+(d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1+(d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1+(b/a)*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1+(b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2386, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.54

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2386

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/3/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/a*
((2*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+2)*(-1/(a+b))*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2
)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*
x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(
1/2)+(5*cos(f*x+e)^2+10*cos(f*x+e)+5)*(-1/(a+b))*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^(1/2)*a^2*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e
)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a
+b)^2)^(1/2)+(4*cos(f*x+e)^2+8*cos(f*x+e)+4)*(-1/(a+b))*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+
b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(
f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(co
t(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-
b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)+(cos(f*x+e)^2+2*cos(f*x+e)+1)*(-1/(a+b))*(I*a^(1/2)*b^
(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(
1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1
+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \cos^3(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.233 $\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1989
Mathematica [F]	1990
Rubi [A] (verified)	1990
Maple [C] (verified)	1995
Fricas [F]	1996
Sympy [F(-1)]	1997
Maxima [F]	1997
Giac [F]	1997
Mupad [F(-1)]	1998
Reduce [F]	1998

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 342

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a - b) \cos^2(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15af}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^2(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{5af}$$

$$+ \frac{(8a^2 + 3ab - 2b^2) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15a^2 f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$- \frac{2(2a - b)b(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx)}}{15a^2 f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

output

```
2/15*(2*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/a/f+1/5*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/a/f+1/15*(8*a^2+3*a*b-2*b^2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/a^2/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)-2/15*(2*a-b)*b*(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/a^2/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 318, 25, 403, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sec^5(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} (-2(2a-b))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{5a} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} (-2(2a-b) \sin^2(e+fx)+4a-b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{5a} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{3}(2a-b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(8a-b)(a+b) - (8a^2+3ba-2b^2)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{5a} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(8a-b)(a+b) - (8a^2+3ba-2b^2) \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{2}{3}(2a-b) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx)}{5a} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2b(2a-b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}$

323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2b(2a-b)(a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)$$

$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}$

321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2b(2a-b)(a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticE}(\sin^{-1}(\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}))}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)$$

$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}$

330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+3ab-2b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b(2a-b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)$$

$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2 + 3ab - 2b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b(2a-b)(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}}}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \right)$$

$f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(5*a) + ((2*(2*a - b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/3 + (((8*a^2 + 3*a*b - 2*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (2*(2*a - b)*b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/3)/(5*a)))/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^
2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,
0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +
q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +
f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3236, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3236

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/15/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a
+b)*((8*cos(f*x+e)^2+16*cos(f*x+e)+8)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+
e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^
(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^(1/2)*a^4*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-c
ot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)
^2)^(1/2))+19*cos(f*x+e)^2+38*cos(f*x+e)+19)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a
+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(
f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cs
c(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-
b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+12*cos(f*x+e)^2+24*cos(f*x+e)+12)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)
)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/
2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-
b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b)
))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)
-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+(-cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e)-1)*(1/(a+b)*(
I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+
e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f
*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^5(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.234 $\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	1999
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2000
Rubi [A] (verified)	2000
Maple [B] (verified)	2003
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2004
Sympy [F]	2005
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2005
Giac [F]	2006
Mupad [F(-1)]	2006
Reduce [F]	2007

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{16b^{5/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 - 2ab + 5b^2) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16b^2f}$$

$$- \frac{(a - 3b) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{8b^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{\tan^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{6bf}$$

output

```
1/16*(a+b)*(a^2-2*a*b+5*b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f+1/16*(a^2-2*a*b+5*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f-1/8*(a-3*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b^2/f+1/6*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b/f
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \sec^6(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{ie^{i(e+fx)}\sqrt{4b+ae^{-2i(e+fx)}(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}\left(\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}(-3a^2\right)}{-}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((-1/24*I)*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(-3*a^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4 + 4*a*b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2*(1 + 4*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + E^((4*I)*(e + f*x))) + b^2*(15 + 100*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 298*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x))) + 100*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 15*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)))) + 3*(a^3 - a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^6*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]])*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*b^(5/2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^6*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 318, 25, 299, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^6 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\frac{\int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\int -\left(\frac{((3a-5b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-5b) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{6b}\right) d \tan(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6b} - \frac{\int ((3a-5b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-5b) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{3(a^2-2ab+5b^2) \int \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} \tan(e+fx)}{4b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{3(a^2-2ab+5b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}\right)}{6b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{3(a^2-2ab+5b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}\right)}{6b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a-5b)\tan(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{3(a^2-2ab+5b^2)}{6b} \left(\frac{(a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(6*b) - (((3*a - 5*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(4*b) - (3*(a^2 - 2*a*b + 5*b^2)*((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/(4*b))/(6*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1105 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 47.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1106, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.21

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1106

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/96/f/b^(11/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(3*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^3*b^3-3*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4*(
b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))
*a^2*b^4+9*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f
*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a*b^5+15*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^6+3*cos(f*x+e)*l
n(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/
2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+
e)-1))*a^3*b^3-3*cos(f*x+e)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^2*b^4+9*cos(f*x+e)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a*b^5+15*
cos(f*x+e)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(
f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(a^3 - a^2b + 3ab^2 + 5b^3)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e)^5 \log \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e))^3}{\cos(fx + e)^4} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/192*(3*(a^3 - a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(((a^2
- 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/co
s(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*((3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^
2 - 15*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 8*b^3 - 2*(a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)
^5), 1/96*(3*(a^3 - a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^5 -
2*((3*a^2*b - 4*a*b^2 - 15*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 8*b^3 - 2*(a*b^2 + 5*b^3)
*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)
)/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^5)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sec^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \left(b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \tan^3(fx+e)}{b} + \frac{3(a+b)^2 a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3(a+b)^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{12(a+b) a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/48*(8*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^3/b + 3*(a + b)^2*a*
arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(5/2) + 3*(a + b)^2*arcsinh(b*ta
n(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - 12*(a + b)*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/
sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - 12*(a + b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*
b))/sqrt(b) + 24*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) + 24*sq
rt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 24*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 +
a + b)*tan(f*x + e) - 6*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)*tan(f*x
+ e)/b^2 + 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)/b^2 + 2
4*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)/b - 12*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)
^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b)/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^6, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}}}{\cos^6(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^6, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.235 $\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2008
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2009
Rubi [A] (verified)	2009
Maple [B] (verified)	2012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2013
Sympy [F]	2014
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2014
Giac [F]	2015
Mupad [F(-1)]	2015
Reduce [F]	2015

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a - 3b)(a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}f}$$

$$- \frac{(a - 3b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8bf}$$

$$+ \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{4bf}$$

output

```
-1/8*(a-3*b)*(a+b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/
b^(3/2)/f-1/8*(a-3*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f+1/4*tan(f*
x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \sec^4(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{ie^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b+ae^{-2i(e+fx)}(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \left(-\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)}) \sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} (a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2) \right)}{4\sqrt{2}b^{3/2}(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((I/4)*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*(-Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 + b*(3 + 14*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 3*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)))) + (a^2 - 2*a*b - 3*b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*b^(3/2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 299, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \frac{\int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{(a - 3b) \int \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{(a - 3b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{(a - 3b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{4b} - \frac{(a - 3b) \left(\frac{(a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right)}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(4*b) - ((a - 3*b)*((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/(4*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4634 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x_)]^{m_}) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2) \cdot \sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x_)]^{n_})^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff / f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x] / ff], x]] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 796 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 31.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 797, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2} \left(3b^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(fx+e) \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right) + 2b^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx+e)}{\dots}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/16/f/b^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(3*b^(5/2)*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+2*b^(3/2)*cos(f*x+e)*ln(
4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+
1))*a-b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-si
n(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^2+3*b^(5/2)*cos(f*x+e)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))+2*b^(3/2)
*cos(f*x+e)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos
(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a
+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a-b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^2+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*(2*sin(f*x+e)+2*tan(f*x+e))+6*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*c
os(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+4)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^
2*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2 - 2ab - 3b^2) \sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e)^3 \log \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e))}{\cos(fx + e)^4} \right) + (a^2 - 2ab - 3b^2) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left(-\frac{((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{2(ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sin(fx + e)} \right) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 2((ab + 3b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \sin(fx + e)}{16b^2 f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/32*((a^2 - 2*a*b - 3*b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*((a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), -1/16*((a^2 - 2*a*b - 3*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 2*((a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sec^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a+b)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(a+b) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{4a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 4\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - 4\sqrt{b}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*((a + b)*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) + (a + b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) - 4*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) - 4*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 4*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*tan(f*x + e) - 2*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)/b + sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b)/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\cos(e + fx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.236 $\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2016
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2016
Rubi [A] (verified)	2017
Maple [B] (verified)	2019
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2019
Sympy [F]	2020
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2021
Giac [F]	2021
Mupad [F(-1)]	2021
Reduce [F]	2022

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}f} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/f
+1/2*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 210 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)} \left(\sqrt{2}(a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}{\sqrt{\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}\right) \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + 2b} \right)}{\sqrt{2}f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^{3/2} \sqrt{b \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)
)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b))]*Cos[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)] + (
a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sqrt[(b*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Tan[e + f*
x]/(Sqrt[2]*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(b*Sin[e + f*x]^2
)/(a + b)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sec(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 508 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 23.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.70

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2} \left(\ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sin(fx+e)a - 4a - 4b}}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx+e) + \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{f}{b} \frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} \frac{((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2}}{(\ln(4*(b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2})*\cos(fx+e)+b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2}-\sin(fx+e)*a-a-b)/(\sin(fx+e)+1))} * b^{3/2} \cos(fx+e) + \ln(4*(b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2})*\cos(fx+e)+b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2}-\sin(fx+e)*a-a-b)/(\sin(fx+e)+1)) * b^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) * a + \ln(-4*(b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2})*\cos(fx+e)+b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2}-\sin(fx+e)*a+a+b)/(\sin(fx+e)-1)) * b^{3/2} \cos(fx+e) + \ln(-4*(b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2})*\cos(fx+e)+b^{1/2})*((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2}-\sin(fx+e)*a+a+b)/(\sin(fx+e)-1)) * b^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) * a + ((b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)/(1+\cos(fx+e))^2)^{1/2} * b * (2*\sin(fx+e)+2*\tan(fx+e))$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(a + b) \sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e) \log \left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\cos(fx + e)}}}{\cos(fx + e)^4} \right) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)}{\cos(fx + e)}}}{8bf \cos(fx + e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*((a + b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/4*((a + b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + 2*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sec^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + \sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b} \tan(fx+e)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*sec(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\cos(e + fx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/cos(e + f*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \sec^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.237 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2023
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2023
Rubi [A] (verified)	2024
Maple [B] (verified)	2026
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2027
Sympy [F]	2028
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	2029
Giac [F]	2030
Mupad [F(-1)]	2030
Reduce [F]	2030

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

output

$$a^{(1/2)} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{a^{(1/2)} \cdot \tan(f \cdot x + e)}{(a + b + b \cdot \tan(f \cdot x + e)^2)^{(1/2)}}\right) / f + b^{(1/2)} \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b^{(1/2)} \cdot \tan(f \cdot x + e)}{(a + b + b \cdot \tan(f \cdot x + e)^2)^{(1/2)}}\right) / f$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{i(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}) \left(2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a+2b+ae^{2i(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} f}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{-1/2 * I * (1 + E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)}) * (2 * \text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[b] * (-1 + E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)})])}{\text{Sqrt}[4 * b * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)} + a * (1 + E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)})^2]} \right) \\ & + \text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{ArcTanh}[(a + 2 * b + a * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)}) / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[4 * b * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)} + a * (1 + E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)})^2])] \\ & - \text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{ArcTanh}[(a + a * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)} + 2 * b * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)}) / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[4 * b * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)} + a * (1 + E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)})^2])] \\ & * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * \text{Sec}[e + f * x]^2] / (\text{Sqrt}[4 * b * E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)} + a * (1 + E^{(2 * I) * (e + f * x)})^2] * f) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 301, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{301} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 219 \\
 a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}+1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 301 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/
d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(
p - 1)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (EqQ[p, 1/2] || EqQ[Denominator[p], 4] || (EqQ[p, 2/3] && E
qQ[b*c + 3*a*d, 0]))`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 4.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

method	result
default	$\left(\sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - 4a - 4b}}{\sin(fx+e) - 1} \right) \sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)+2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1227, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 2*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4))/f, 1/8*(4*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/f, -1/4*(sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3227, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*sqrt(a)*b^(3/2)*arctan2(a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^
2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*c
os(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*
arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2*cos(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*
a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a
)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos
(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + a + 2*b) + a^(3/2)*sq
rt(b)*arctan2(2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2
+ 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin
(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2
+ 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos
(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2
*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) +
a)), 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*...
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.238 $\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2031
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2031
Rubi [A] (verified)	2032
Maple [B] (verified)	2034
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2035
Sympy [F]	2035
Maxima [F]	2036
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2036
Mupad [F(-1)]	2037
Reduce [F]	2037

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

$$\frac{1/2*(a+b)*\arctan(a^{1/2}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{1/2})/a^{1/2}/f+1/2*\cos(f*x+e)*\sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{1/2}/f}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(2\sqrt{a + b} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{a + b}} \sin(e + fx) \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}f \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{a + b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(2*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]] + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 292, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sec^2(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{292} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 292 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)a\right)a+\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)a\right)}{2f\sqrt{-a}(1+\cos(fx+e))}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a+ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b+(1+cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2))*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.09

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{8a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e) - \sqrt{-a}(a+b) \log\left(128a^4 \cos^8(fx+e) - 256(a^4 - a^3b) \cos^6(fx+e) + 32(5a^4 - 14a^3b + 5a^2b^2) \cos^4(fx+e) + a^4 - 28a^3b + 70a^2b^2 - 28ab^3 + b^4 - 32(a^4 - 7a^3b + 7a^2b^2 - ab^3) \cos^2(fx+e) + 8(16a^3 \cos(fx+e)^7 - 24(a^3 - a^2b) \cos(fx+e)^5 + 2(5a^3 - 14a^2b + 5ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (a^3 - 7a^2b + 7ab^2 - b^3) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} \sin(fx+e)}{(a \cos^2(fx+e) \sin(fx+e) - (a+b) \sqrt{a} \arctan(1/4(8a^2 \cos^5(fx+e) - 8(a^2 - ab) \cos^3(fx+e) + (a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}} / ((2a^3 \cos^4(fx+e) - a^2b + ab^2 - (a^3 - 3a^2b) \cos^2(fx+e) \sin(fx+e))))} / (a * f)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - sqrt(-a)*(a + b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*f), 1/8*(4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - (a + b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cos^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{(a+b) \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{-a} \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{-a \sin^2(fx+e) + a + b}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right| \right) - \sqrt{-a \sin^2(fx+e) + a + b} \sin(fx+e)}{2f} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*((a + b)*log(abs(-sqrt(-a)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a*sin(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)))/sqrt(-a) - sqrt(-a*sin(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*sin(f*x + e))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.239 $\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2038
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2039
Rubi [A] (verified)	2039
Maple [B] (verified)	2042
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2043
Sympy [F]	2044
Maxima [F]	2044
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2044
Mupad [F(-1)]	2045
Reduce [F]	2045

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a - b)(a + b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a - b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8af}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{4af}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a-b)*(a+b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+1/8*(3*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(\sqrt{2} (3a - b) \sqrt{a + b} \arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}} \right) + \sqrt{a} (4a + b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \right)}{8a^{3/2} f \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{a + b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(Sqrt[2]*(3*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]] + Sqrt[a]*(4*a + b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x])/(8*a^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 296, 292, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\sec(e + fx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4634}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3} d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2] \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 292 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c \cdot (q / (a \cdot (p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 296 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e_) + (f_ \cdot x)]^{m_} \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x) \cdot \sec[(e_) + (f_ \cdot x)])^{n_}]^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + \text{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + \text{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}, x]^p, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x]/\text{ff}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 440 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 9.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

method	result
default	$\left(3 \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a \right) a^2 + 2 \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) \right) \right)$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8/f/a/(-a)^{(1/2)}*(3*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2) \\ &)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ &)-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2+2*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ &)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ &)-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b-\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ &)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ &)-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^2+(2*\cos(f*x+e)^3+2*\cos(f*x+e)^2+3*\cos(f*x+e)+3)*\sin \\ & (f*x+e)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a+(1+\cos(f* \\ & x+e))*\sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*b \\ &)*\cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1 \\ & +\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.05

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 + 2ab - b^2)\sqrt{-a} \log\left(128a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256(a^4 - a^3b) \cos^6(fx + e) + 32(5a^4 - 14a^3b + 5a^2b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) + a^4 - 28a^3b + 70a^2b^2 - 28ab^3 + b^4 - 32(a^4 - 7a^3b + 7a^2b^2 - ab^3) \cos^2(fx + e) - 8(16a^3 \cos^7(fx + e) - 24(a^3 - a^2b) \cos^5(fx + e) + 2(5a^3 - 14a^2b + 5ab^2) \cos^3(fx + e) - (a^3 - 7a^2b + 7ab^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e) + 8(2a^2 \cos^3(fx + e) + (3a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e)\right)}{32a^2f} - \frac{(3a^2 + 2ab - b^2)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{(8a^2 \cos^5(fx + e) - 8(a^2 - ab) \cos^3(fx + e) + (a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}}}{4(2a^3 \cos^4(fx + e) - a^2b + ab^2 - (a^3 - 3a^2b) \cos^2(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}\right)}{32a^2f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/64*((3*a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^2*f), -1/32*((3*a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^2*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cos^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cos(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\sqrt{-a \sin^2(fx + e) + a + b} \left(2 \sin^2(fx + e) - \frac{5a^2 + ab}{a^2} \right) \sin(fx + e) + \frac{(3a^2 + 2ab - b^2) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{-a} \sin(fx + e) + \sqrt{-aa} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{-aa}} \right)}{8f}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(sqrt(-a*sin(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(2*sin(f*x + e)^2 - (5*a^2 + a*b)/a^2)*sin(f*x + e) + (3*a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(-a)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a*sin(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)))/(sqrt(-a)*a))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.240 $\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2046
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2047
Rubi [A] (verified)	2048
Maple [B] (verified)	2051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Sympy [F(-1)]	2053
Maxima [F]	2053
Giac [F]	2054
Mupad [F(-1)]	2054
Reduce [F]	2054

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b)(5a^2 - 2ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{16a^{5/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a - b)(5a + 3b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{48a^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{(5a + b) \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{24af}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^5(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{6f}$$

output

```
1/16*(a+b)*(5*a^2-2*a*b+b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+1/48*(3*a-b)*(5*a+3*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f+1/24*(5*a+b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 14.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1902, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.70

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, -1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^10*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Se
c[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, -1/2, 3/2, Sin
[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - (a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2, 5/2,
Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1,
-1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((
3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, -1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])/(3*(a + b)*App
ellF1[1/2, -2, -1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - (a
*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] +
4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, -1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2) - (12*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, -1/2, 3/2, Sin[
e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Co
s[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, -1/2, 3/2, Si
n[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - (a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2, 5/2,
Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1,
-1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2) +
(3*(a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sin[e + f*x]
*(-1/3*(a*f*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x])/(a + b) - (4*f*AppellF1[3/2, -1, -...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 314, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^6(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)^2}}{\sec^6(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{4b \tan^2(e+fx)+5(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{4b \tan^2(e+fx)+5(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b(5a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(15a-b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} \right) + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2b(5a+b) \tan^2(e+fx) + (15a-b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right) + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(3a-b)(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int - \frac{3(a+b)(5a^2-2ba+b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3(a+b)(5a^2-2ab+b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{(3a-b)(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3(a+b)(5a^2-2ab+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{4a} + \frac{(3a-b)(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3(a+b)(5a^2-2ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} + \frac{(3a-b)(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{(5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \right)$$

f

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output
$$\frac{((\tan[e + fx] \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (6(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^3) + (((5a + b) \tan[e + fx] \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (4a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^2) + ((3(a + b)(5a^2 - 2ab + b^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{a} \tan[e + fx]] / \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (2a^{3/2}) + ((3a - b)(5a + 3b) \tan[e + fx] \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (2a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2))) / (4a)) / 6) / f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 216 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[b, 2])) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2](x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 291 $\operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2}) * ((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 314 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_} * ((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-x)(a + b*x^2)^{p+1} * ((c + d*x^2)^q / (2*a*(p+1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (2*a*(p+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1} * (c + d*x^2)^{q-1} * \operatorname{Simp}[c*(2*p+3) + d*(2*(p+q+1)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[0, q, 1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 21.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(15 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right)a^3 + 9 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right)a^3 + 9 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right)a^3 + 9 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right)a^3\right)}{a^3}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/48/f/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)*(15*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3+9*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b-3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2+3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^3+(8*cos(f*x+e)^5+8*cos(f*x+e)^4+10*cos(f*x+e)^3+10*cos(f*x+e)^2+15*cos(f*x+e)+15)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2+(2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+4)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b+(-3*cos(f*x+e)-3)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(5*a^3 + 3*a^2*b - a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x +
e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4
- 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 -
24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos
s(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 8*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5
+ 2*(5*a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 + 4*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f), -
1/192*(3*(5*a^3 + 3*a^2*b - a*b^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x
+ e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^
4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(8*
a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 + 4*a^2*b
- 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f
*x + e))/(a^3*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \cos^6(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.241 $\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2055
Mathematica [F]	2056
Rubi [A] (verified)	2056
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2063
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2064
Sympy [F]	2065
Maxima [F]	2065
Giac [F]	2065
Mupad [F(-1)]	2066
Reduce [F]	2066

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 454

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(a + 2b) (a^2 - 4ab - 4b^2) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{35b^2 f}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a + 2b) (a^2 - 4ab - 4b^2) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{35b^2 f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b) (a^2 - 16ab - 16b^2) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx)}}{35bf (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 + 11ab + 8b^2) \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{35bf}$$

$$+ \frac{2(4a + 3b) \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{35f}$$

$$+ \frac{b \sec^5(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{7f}$$

output

```
-2/35*(a+2*b)*(a^2-4*a*b-4*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b^2/f+2/35*(a+2*b)*(a^2-4*a*b-4*b^2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b^2/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)-1/35*(a+b)*(a^2-16*a*b-16*b^2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/35*(a^2+11*a*b+8*b^2)*sec(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/b/f+2/35*(4*a+3*b)*sec(f*x+e)^3*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/7*b*sec(f*x+e)^5*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.720$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 402, 27, 402, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^3} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^3} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{9/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{7(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2}} - \frac{1}{7} \int -\frac{(a+b)(7a+6b) - a(7a+5b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(a+b)(7a+6b) - a(7a+5b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{7(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\int \frac{3b((a+b)(9a+8b) - 2a(4a+3b) \sin^2(e+fx))}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{2(4a+3b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{5(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{(a+b)(9a+8b) - 2a(4a+3b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{2(4a+3b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{5(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a(a^2+11ba+8b^2) \sin^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(a^2-16ba-16b^2)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3b} + \frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

25

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{a(a^2+11ba+8b^2) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

402

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{a(a+b)(2a^2-5ba-8b^2)-2}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

25

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

27

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

399

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{7} \\ \frac{3}{5} \end{array} \right) \frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{7} \\ \frac{3}{5} \end{array} \right) \frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{7} \\ \frac{3}{5} \end{array} \right) \frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{7} \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((b*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(7*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)) + ((2*(4*a + 3*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(5*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) + (3*(((a^2 + 11*a*b + 8*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(3*b*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*(a + 2*b)*(a^2 - 4*a*b - 4*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (a*((2*(a + 2*b)*(a^2 - 4*a*b - 4*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*(a^2 - 16*a*b - 16*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])))/b)/(3*b)))/5)/7))/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b)*x*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)})/(2*\text{a}*b*(\text{p} + 1))], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*b*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{a}*d - \text{c}*b*(2*\text{p} + 3)) + \text{d}*(\text{a}*d*(2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{b}*c*(2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 321 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, -\text{d}/\text{c}])$
- rule 323 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c})*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2] \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c})*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{c}, 0]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{b}/\text{a})*x^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{b}/\text{a})*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/35*((2*(-I*a^4 + 2*I*a^3*b + 12*I*a^2*b^2 + 8*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b
+ b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (-I*a^4 + 16*I*a^2*b^2 + 32*I*a*b^3 + 16*I*b
^4)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^6)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*
elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x +
e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b +
b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(I*a^4 - 2*I*a^3*b - 12*I*a^2*b^2 - 8*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(
a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (I*a^4 - 16*I*a^2*b^2 - 32*I*a*b
^3 - 16*I*b^4)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^6)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a
- 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)
*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*
sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(-I*a^3*b - 11*I*a^2*b^2 - 8*I*a*b^3)*sqr
t(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*I*a^4 + I*a^3*b - 19*I*a^2*
b^2 - 34*I*a*b^3 - 16*I*b^4)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^6)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b +
b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)
- a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*
(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(I*a^3*b + 11*I*a^2*b^2 + 8
*I*a*b^3)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (-2*I*a^4 - I*a^3
*b + 19*I*a^2*b^2 + 34*I*a*b^3 + 16*I*b^4)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^6)*sqrt((2
*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a
*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sec(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\cos(e + fx)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^5,x)`output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^5, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sec^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^7(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^5(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**7,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**5,x)*a`

3.242 $\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2067
Mathematica [F]	2068
Rubi [A] (verified)	2068
Maple [C] (verified)	2074
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2075
Sympy [F]	2076
Maxima [F]	2076
Giac [F]	2076
Mupad [F(-1)]	2077
Reduce [F]	2077

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 375

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(3a^2 + 13ab + 8b^2) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15bf} \\
 &- \frac{(3a^2 + 13ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15bf \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \\
 &+ \frac{(a + b)(9a + 8b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \\
 &+ \frac{2(3a + 2b) \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{15f} \\
 &+ \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{5f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/15*(3*a^2+13*a*b+8*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b/f-1/15*(3*a^2+13*a*b+8*b^2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/b/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)+1/15*(a+b)*(9*a+8*b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+2/15*(3*a+2*b)*sec(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/5*b*sec(f*x+e)^3*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 402, 27, 402, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^2} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^2} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{5(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{(a+b)(5a+4b)-a(5a+3b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(a+b)(5a+4b)-a(5a+3b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{5(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\int \frac{b((a+b)(9a+8b)-2a(3a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx))}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{2(3a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(a+b)(9a+8b)-2a(3a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) + \frac{2(3a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\int -\frac{a((a+b)(3a+4b)-(3a^2+13ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx) + \frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2)\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right) \right) + f\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

25

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a((a+b)(3a+4b)-(3a^2+13ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right) \right) + f\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

27

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a((a+b)(3a+4b)-(3a^2+13ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right) \right) + f\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

399

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a((a+b)(3a+4b)-(3a^2+13ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right) \right) + f\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a((a+b)(3a+4b)-(3a^2+13ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right) \right) + f\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \int \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((b*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(5*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) + ((2*(3*a + 2*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(3*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((3*a^2 + 13*a*b + 8*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (a*(((3*a^2 + 13*a*b + 8*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*(9*a + 8*b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])))/b/3/5)/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 315 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 323 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^ (p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x
, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3442, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.18

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3442

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b
*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/(cos(f*x+e)^4*(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^2+cos(f*x+e)^2*(2
*cos(f*x+e)+2)*a*b+(1+cos(f*x+e))*b^2)*((1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*
a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^ (1/2)*a^4*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)
-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+
b)^2)^(1/2))*(3*cos(f*x+e)^5+6*cos(f*x+e)^4+3*cos(f*x+e)^3)+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^
(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)
)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a
+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3
/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(19*cos(f*x+e)^5+38*cos(f*x+e)^4+19*cos
(f*x+e)^3)+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*
x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*
a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*EllipticE(((
2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/
2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(37*cos(f*x+
e)^5+74*cos(f*x+e)^4+37*cos(f*x+e)^3)+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+
e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/30*((2*(3*I*a^3 + 13*I*a^2*b + 8*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*
cos(f*x + e)^4 - (3*I*a^3 + 19*I*a^2*b + 34*I*a*b^2 + 16*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*co
s(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arc
sin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*
x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^
2) + (2*(-3*I*a^3 - 13*I*a^2*b - 8*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*
cos(f*x + e)^4 - (-3*I*a^3 - 19*I*a^2*b - 34*I*a*b^2 - 16*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*c
os(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(ar
csin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f
*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a
^2) - 2*(4*(3*I*a^2*b + 2*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + (-3*I*a^3 - 13*I*a^2*b - 18*I*a*b^2 - 8*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e
)^4)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(
(2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))),
(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 2*(4
*(-3*I*a^2*b - 2*I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (
3*I*a^3 + 13*I*a^2*b + 18*I*a*b^2 + 8*I*b^3)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt(
(2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt(
(a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*
a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + 2*((3*a^3 + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sec(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\cos(e + fx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^5(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^3(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**5,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**3,x)*a`

3.243 $\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2078
Mathematica [F]	2079
Rubi [A] (verified)	2079
Maple [C] (verified)	2084
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2085
Sympy [F]	2086
Maxima [F]	2086
Giac [F]	2086
Mupad [F(-1)]	2087
Reduce [F]	2087

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(2a + b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f} - \frac{2(2a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{(a + b)(3a + 2b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))} \tan(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
2/3*(2*a+b)*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f-2/3*(2*a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)+1/3*(a+b)*(3*a+2*b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)+1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{(a+b)(3a+2b)-a(3a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b)-a(3a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{ab(-2(2a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} + \frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{ab(-2(2a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - a \int \frac{-2(2a+b) \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - a \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 323

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - a \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - a \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - a \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - a \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}\right)\right)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((b*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(3*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(2*a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2] - a*((2*(2*a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - ((a + b)*(3*a + 2*b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/3)/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 315

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 323

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x
, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2743, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.33

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2743

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*((
1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1
+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a
^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(4*cos(f*x+e)^5+8*cos(f*x+e)
^4+4*cos(f*x+e)^3+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2
)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b*Ellipt
icE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I
*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(10*co
s(f*x+e)^5+20*cos(f*x+e)^4+10*cos(f*x+e)^3+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(
f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^
2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(8*cos(f*x+e)^5+16*cos(f*x+e)^4+8*cos(f*x+e)^3+(1/(a+b)
)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f
*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-co
s(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 798, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/3*((2*(2*I*a^2 + I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (
2*I*a^2 + 5*I*a*b + 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b +
b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)
- a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*
(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(-2*I*a^2 - I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*
sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (-2*I*a^2 - 5*I*a*b - 2*I*b^2)*sqrt
(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic
_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*
sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^
2))/a^2) + (2*(-3*I*a^2 - I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e
)^2 - (-I*a^2 - 3*I*a*b - 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt(
(a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)
)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^
2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(3*I*a^2 + I*a*b)*sqr
t(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (I*a^2 + 3*I*a*b + 2*I*b^2)*sqr
t(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*ellipt
ic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) -
I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/
a^2))/a^2) + (2*(2*a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sec(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\cos(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sec(e + fx) (a \\ + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = & \left(\int \sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)^3 dx \right) b \\ & + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e) dx \right) a \end{aligned}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x),x)*a`

3.244 $\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2088
Mathematica [F]	2089
Rubi [A] (verified)	2089
Maple [C] (verified)	2093
Fricas [F]	2094
Sympy [F]	2095
Maxima [F]	2095
Giac [F]	2095
Mupad [F(-1)]	2096
Reduce [F]	2096

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{b \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f} + \frac{(a - b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{b(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

output

```
b*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f+(a-b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)+b*(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \frac{\int \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \int -\frac{a(-((a-b) \sin^2(e+fx))+a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\int \frac{a(-((a-b) \sin^2(e+fx))+a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \int \frac{-((a-b) \sin^2(e+fx))+a+b}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e + fx) + \frac{b \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 323

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}})}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 330

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \left(a \left(\frac{(a-b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \left(a \left(\frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{(a-b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((b*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2] + a*(((a - b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) + (b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])))/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),`
`x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S`
`imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))`
`*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -`
`1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S`
`imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c`
`/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,`
`0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S`
`imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (`
`d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)`
`)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[`
`Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^`
`2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,`
`0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)`
`^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +`
`Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr`
`eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&`
`(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*`
`((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1987, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.71

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1987

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*cos(
f*x+e)^2*((1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x
+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-(4*I*a^(3/2)*b^
(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(cos(f*x+e)^3+2*c
os(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b
^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b*E
llipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(
-(4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*
(cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*
a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^1/2)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+
e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-(4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(
a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-cos(f*x+e)^3-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-cos(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/
2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1
/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a
-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b)...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*cos(f*x + e)*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b*sec(f*x +
e)^2 + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*cos(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e) \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x),x)*a`

3.245 $\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2097
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2098
Rubi [A] (verified)	2098
Maple [C] (verified)	2102
Fricas [F]	2103
Sympy [F(-1)]	2104
Maxima [F]	2104
Giac [F]	2104
Mupad [F(-1)]	2105
Reduce [F]	2105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a \cos^2(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f} + \frac{2(a + 2b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a + b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{3f (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

output

```
1/3*a*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f+
2/3*(a+2*b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(se
c(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)/f/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)
)-1/3*b*(a+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*
(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(4\sqrt{2}(a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}} E\left(e + fx \mid \frac{a}{a+b}\right) - 2\sqrt{2}b(a + b) \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(e + fx, \frac{a}{a+b}\right) + a(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sin(2(e + fx)) \right)}{6f(a + b)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(4*Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[e + f*x, a/(a + b)] - 2*Sqrt[2]*b*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[e + f*x, a/(a + b)] + a*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/(6*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 318, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sec(e + fx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \right)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \int \frac{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} a \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2a(a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(2(a + 2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) - b(a + b) \int \frac{2a(a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 323

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(2(a + 2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \int \frac{2a(a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(2(a + 2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \int \frac{2a(a+b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e + fx) \right) \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 330

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(a+2b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx) - \frac{b(a+b)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(a+2b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) \middle| \frac{a}{a+b}\right) - \frac{b(a+b)\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}\right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*((a*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/3 + ((2*(a + 2*b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - (b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/3)/(f*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 318

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^
2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,
0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^(p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r)))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2625, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.71

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2625

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/3/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)*co
s(f*x+e)^3*((2*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*
x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)
/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+8*cos(f*x+e)^2+16*cos(f*x+e)+8)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1
/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+
cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*
a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+10*cos(f*x+e)^2+20*cos(f*x+e)+10)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^
(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))
^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)
*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a
+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3
/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+8*cos(f*x+e)+4)*(1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f
*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-co
s(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*cos(f*x + e)^3*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a*cos(f*x + e)^3)*sqrt(b*sec(f
*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^3(fx + e) \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^3(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**3*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**3,x)*a`

3.246 $\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2106
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2107
Rubi [A] (verified)	2107
Maple [C] (verified)	2112
Fricas [F]	2113
Sympy [F(-1)]	2113
Maxima [F]	2113
Giac [F]	2114
Mupad [F(-1)]	2114
Reduce [F]	2114

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 323

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(a - 3(a + b)) \cos^2(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15f}$$

$$+ \frac{a \cos^4(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{5f}$$

$$+ \frac{(8a^2 + 13ab + 3b^2) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15af \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$- \frac{b(a + b)(4a + 3b) \sqrt{\cos^2(e + fx)} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}}{15af (a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx))}$$

output

```
-2/15*(-2*a-3*b)*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2
))^1/2/f+1/5*a*cos(f*x+e)^4*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2
))^1/2/f+1/15*(8*a^2+13*a*b+3*b^2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^1/2*EllipticE(sin(f*
x+e),(a/(a+b))^1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^1/2/a/f/((a+b-
a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^1/2-1/15*b*(a+b)*(4*a+3*b)*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^1/2*E
llipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^1/2)*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^1/2*(s
ec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^1/2/a/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) \csc(2(e + fx)) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \left(-8i\sqrt{2}(8a^3 + 21a^2b + 16ab^2 + 3b^3) \sqrt{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]^3*Csc[2*(e + f*x)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*((-8*I)*Sqrt[2]*(8*a^3 + 21*a^2*b + 16*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*Sqrt[-((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + a*((8*I)*Sqrt[2]*(8*a^2 + 17*a*b + 9*b^2)*Sqrt[-((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + a*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]*(11*a + 12*b + 3*a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]^2)))/(30*a^2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 318, 403, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\sec(e + fx)^5} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \int \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} a \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} - \frac{1}{5} \int \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}\right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{a((a+b)(8a+9b) - (8a^2 + 13ba + 3b^2) \sin^2(e + fx))}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} - \frac{2}{3}(a - 3(a + b)) \sin(e + fx)\right)\right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(a+b)(8a+9b) - (8a^2 + 13ba + 3b^2) \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx) - \frac{2}{3}(a - 3(a + b)) \sin(e + fx)\right)\right)}{f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+13ab+3b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a+3b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{1} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+13ab+3b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a+3b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{1} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+13ab+3b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a+3b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+13ab+3b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{1} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(8a^2+13ab+3b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E \left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) \middle| \frac{a}{a+b} \right)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a+3b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{1} \right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output $(\sqrt{1 - \sin[e + fx]^2} \sqrt{(a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2)/(1 - \sin[e + fx]^2)}) * ((a \sin[e + fx] * (1 - \sin[e + fx]^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2}) / 5 + ((-2 * (a - 3 * (a + b)) * \sin[e + fx] * \sqrt{1 - \sin[e + fx]^2} * \sqrt{a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2}) / 3 + (((8 * a^2 + 13 * a * b + 3 * b^2) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sin[e + fx]], a / (a + b)] * \sqrt{a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2}) / (a * \sqrt{1 - (a \sin[e + fx]^2) / (a + b)})) - (b * (a + b) * (4 * a + 3 * b) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sin[e + fx]], a / (a + b)] * \sqrt{1 - (a \sin[e + fx]^2) / (a + b)})) / (a * \sqrt{a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2})) / 3) / 5) / (f * \sqrt{a + b - a \sin[e + fx]^2})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}(((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)/(b*(2*(p+q)+1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q)+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q)+1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1)+1) - a*d*(2*(q-1)+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q)+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 321 $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}*\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 323 $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}*\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + (d/c)*x^2}/\sqrt{c + d*x^2} \text{ Int}[1/(\sqrt{a + b*x^2}*\sqrt{1 + (d/c)*x^2}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}(r_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r}))] \text{ Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4636 $\text{Int}[\text{sec}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^{(n/2)}]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m + 1)/2}, x], x, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3284, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.17

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3284

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/15/f/((2*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}/a/(2*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-a+b) \\ & *((8*\cos(f*x+e)^2+16*\cos(f*x+e)+8)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e) \\ & -I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)}*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)} \\ & *b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)-I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)} \\ & *a^4*\text{EllipticE}(((2*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cot(f*x+e)-\csc(f*x+e)), \\ & (-4*I*a^{(3/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-4*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(3/2)}-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & +(29*\cos(f*x+e)^2+58*\cos(f*x+e)+29)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e) \\ & -I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)}*(1/(a+b)* \\ & (I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)-I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)} \\ & *a^3*b*\text{EllipticE}(((2*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cot(f*x+e)-\csc(f*x+e)), \\ & (-4*I*a^{(3/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-4*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(3/2)}-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & +(37*\cos(f*x+e)^2+74*\cos(f*x+e)+37)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e) \\ & -I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)} \\ & *(1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)-I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)} \\ & *a^2*b^2*\text{EllipticE}(((2*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+a-b)/(a+b))^{(1/2)}*(\cot(f*x+e)-\csc(f*x+e)), \\ & (-4*I*a^{(3/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-4*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(3/2)}-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & +(19*\cos(f*x+e)^2+38*\cos(f*x+e)+19)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e) \\ & -I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}-\cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)}*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e) \\ & -I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+\cos(f*x+e)))^{(1/2)}*a*b^3*\text{EllipticE}(((2*I*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}\dots \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*cos(f*x + e)^5*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a*cos(f*x + e)^5)*sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^5 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^5 dx \right) a$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**5*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**5,x)*a`

3.247 $\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2115
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2116
Rubi [A] (verified)	2116
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2120
Sympy [F]	2121
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2121
Giac [F]	2122
Mupad [F(-1)]	2122
Reduce [F]	2123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a + b)^2 (3a^2 - 10ab + 35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{128b^{5/2} f} + \frac{(a + b) (3a^2 - 10ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{128b^2 f} + \frac{(3a^2 - 10ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{192b^2 f} - \frac{(3a - 13b) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{48b^2 f} + \frac{\tan^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{8bf}$$

output

```
1/128*(a+b)^2*(3*a^2-10*a*b+35*b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f+1/128*(a+b)*(3*a^2-10*a*b+35*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f+1/192*(3*a^2-10*a*b+35*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b^2/f-1/48*(3*a-13*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/b^2/f+1/8*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{i\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})(-9a^3(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^6 + \dots}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*((-I)*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*(-9*a^3*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^6 + 3*a^2*b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4*(5 + 18*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 5*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x))) + a*b^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2*(145 + 948*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2758*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) + 948*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 145*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x))) + b^3*(105 + 910*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 3591*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) + 8644*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 3591*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)) + 910*E^((10*I)*(e + f*x)) + 105*E^((12*I)*(e + f*x)))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^8 - (3*(a + b)^2*(3*a^2 - 10*a*b + 35*b^2)*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*f + (4*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(96*Sqrt[2]*b^(5/2)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 318, 25, 299, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\frac{\int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2} d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 318

$$\frac{\int -\left(\frac{(3a-7b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-7b}{8b} (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}\right) d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{\tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b}}{f}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b} - \int \left(\frac{(3a-7b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-7b}{8b} (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d \tan(e+fx)\right)}{f}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{(3a-7b) \tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a^2-10ab+35b^2)}{8b} \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d \tan(e+fx)}{6b}}{f}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{(3a-7b) \tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a^2-10ab+35b^2)}{8b} \left(\frac{3}{4} (a+b) \int \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)\right)}{f}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{(3a-7b) \tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a^2-10ab+35b^2)}{8b} \left(\frac{3}{4} (a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2} (a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)\right)\right)}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{(3a-7b)\tan(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a^2-10ab+35b^2)}{f} \left(\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b)f \frac{b\tan^2}{1-b\tan^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{(3a-7b)\tan(e+fx)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(3a^2-10ab+35b^2)}{f} \left(\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{(a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((Tan[e + f*x]*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(8*b) - (((3*a - 7*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(6*b) - ((3*a^2 - 10*a*b + 35*b^2)*((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*(a + b)*((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2))/4)/(6*b))/(8*b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 211

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1473 vs. $2(213) = 426$.

Time = 63.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1474, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1474

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/768/f/b^(13/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(9*cos(f*x+e)^3
*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x
+e)+1))*a^4*b^4-12*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^3*b^5+54*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/
2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^2*
b^6+180*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*
x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a*b^7+105*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^8+9*cos(f*x+e)
^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(
f*x+e)-1))*a^4*b^4-12*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^3*b^5+54*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(
b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(3a^4 - 4a^3b + 18a^2b^2 + 60ab^3 + 35b^4)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e)^7 \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - \dots)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/1536*(3*(3*a^4 - 4*a^3*b + 18*a^2*b^2 + 60*a*b^3 + 35*b^4)*sqrt(b)*cos(
f*x + e)^7*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*co
s(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) -
4*((9*a^3*b - 15*a^2*b^2 - 145*a*b^3 - 105*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 2*(3*a^2*
b^2 + 46*a*b^3 + 35*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 48*b^4 - 8*(9*a*b^3 + 7*b^4)*cos
(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^
3*f*cos(f*x + e)^7), 1/768*(3*(3*a^4 - 4*a^3*b + 18*a^2*b^2 + 60*a*b^3 + 3
5*b^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sq
rt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*((9*a^3*b - 15*a^2*b^2 - 145*a*b^3
- 105*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 2*(3*a^2*b^2 + 46*a*b^3 + 35*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)
^4 - 48*b^4 - 8*(9*a*b^3 + 7*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^7)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sec^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sec(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{48 (b \tan^2(fx+e) + a + b)^{5/2} \tan^3(fx+e)}{b} + \frac{9 (a+b)^3 a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} + \frac{9 (a+b)^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{48 (a+b)^2}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/384*(48*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)*tan(f*x + e)^3/b + 9*(a + b)^3*
a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(5/2) + 9*(a + b)^3*arcsinh(b*
tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - 48*(a + b)^2*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x +
e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - 48*(a + b)^2*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a
+ b)*b))/sqrt(b) + 144*(a + b)*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/
sqrt(b) + 144*(a + b)*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 96
*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e) + 144*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2
+ a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e) - 24*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)*(a +
b)*tan(f*x + e)/b^2 + 6*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)^2*tan(f*x
+ e)/b^2 + 9*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^3*tan(f*x + e)/b^2 +
128*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)*tan(f*x + e)/b - 32*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2
+ a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b - 48*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)
*(a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)/b)/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^6, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\cos(e + fx)^6} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^6, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^8(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^6(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**8,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**6,x)*a
```

3.248 $\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2124
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2125
Rubi [A] (verified)	2125
Maple [B] (verified)	2128
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2129
Sympy [F]	2130
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2130
Giac [F]	2131
Mupad [F(-1)]	2131
Reduce [F]	2131

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(a - 5b)(a + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}f}$$

$$-\frac{(a - 5b)(a + b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16bf}$$

$$-\frac{(a - 5b) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{24bf}$$

$$+\frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{6bf}$$

output

```
-1/16*(a-5*b)*(a+b)^2*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
)/b^(3/2)/f-1/16*(a-5*b)*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f-
1/24*(a-5*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b/f+1/6*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{i\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)}) (3a^2(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^4 + 2a^2(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2 + 2a^2)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*((-I)*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*(3*a^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4 + 2*a*b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2*(11 + 50*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 11*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x))) + b^2*(15 + 100*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 298*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)) + 100*E^((6*I)*(e + f*x)) + 15*E^((8*I)*(e + f*x)))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^6 + (3*(a - 5*b)*(a + b)^2*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (4*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(12*Sqrt[2]*b^(3/2)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 299, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\frac{\int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2} d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(a-5b) \int (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2} d \tan(e+fx)}{6b}}{f}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(a-5b) \left(\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \int \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{6b}}{f}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(a-5b) \left(\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{6b}}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(a-5b) \left(\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{6b}}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{(a-5b) \left(\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2} \right)}{6b}}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(6*b) - ((a - 5*b)*((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*(a + b)*((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2))/4))/(6*b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 299

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```


Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1150 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 48.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.98

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1151

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/96/f/b^(9/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(3*cos(f*x+e)^3*
ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(
f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x
+e)-1))*a^3*b^3-9*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^2*b^4-27*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(-b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^
(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a*b
^5-15*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^6+3*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^3*b^3-9*cos(f*x+e
)^3*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(si
n(f*x+e)+1))*a^2*b^4-27*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a*b^5-15*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*
(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(a^3 - 3a^2b - 9ab^2 - 5b^3)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e)^5 \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}\right) + 3(a^3 - 3a^2b - 9ab^2 - 5b^3)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(-\frac{((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{2(ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sin(fx + e)}\right) \cos(fx + e)^5}{96 b^2 f \cos(fx + e)^5}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/192*(3*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b - 9*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4 - 4*((3*a^2*b + 22*a*b^2 + 15*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*b^3 + 2*(7*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^5), -1/96*(3*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b - 9*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 2*((3*a^2*b + 22*a*b^2 + 15*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*b^3 + 2*(7*a*b^2 + 5*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^5)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sec^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sec(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(a+b)^2 a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3(a+b)^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{18(a+b)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 18(a+b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/48*(3*(a + b)^2*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) + 3*(a + b)^2*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) - 18*(a + b)*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) - 18*(a + b)*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 12*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e) - 18*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e) - 8*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(5/2)*tan(f*x + e)/b + 2*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b + 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2*tan(f*x + e)/b)/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\cos(e + fx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sec^4(e + fx) (a & \\ + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = & \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^6(fx + e) dx \right) b \\ + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^4(fx + e) dx \right) & a \end{aligned}$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**6,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4,x)*a`

3.249 $\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2132
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2133
Rubi [A] (verified)	2133
Maple [B] (verified)	2135
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2136
Sympy [F]	2137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2137
Giac [F]	2138
Mupad [F(-1)]	2138
Reduce [F]	2139

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(a + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}f} + \frac{3(a + b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8f} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{4f}$$

output

```
3/8*(a+b)^2*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
/f+3/8*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/4*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b
*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a + b)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{b \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}\right) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sin(2(e + fx))}{f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((a + b)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3, 3/2, (b*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \frac{\int (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \int \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx) (a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)^{3/2}}{f}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan(e+fx) (a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)^{3/2}}{f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*(a + b)*((a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 828 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 40.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 829, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.47

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	829

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/16/f/b^(5/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(3*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln
n(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e
)+1))*a^2*b^2+6*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a*b^3+3*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^4+3*cos(
f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)
)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^2*b^2+6*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a*b^3+3*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4
*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1
))*b^4+(6*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+4)*b^(7/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)+10*sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(1+cos
(f*x+e))*b^(5/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e)^3 \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e))}{\cos(fx + e)}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*((5*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), 1/16*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*((5*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sec^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(a+b)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + 3(a+b)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) + 2(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} \tan(fx+e)}{8f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*(3*(a + b)*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) + 3*(a +
b)*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b)) + 2*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 +
a + b)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e) + 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(
f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \sec^2(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*sec(f*x + e)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\cos(e + fx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/cos(e + f*x)^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^4(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*a
```

3.250 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2140
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2141
Rubi [A] (verified)	2141
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2144
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2145
Sympy [F]	2146
Maxima [F]	2147
Giac [F]	2147
Mupad [F(-1)]	2147
Reduce [F]	2148

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*b^(1/2)
)*(3*a+b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*b*t
an(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{ib(-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})}{(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} + \frac{2a^{3/2} fx - ia^{3/2} \log(\dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(((-I)*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 + (2*a^(3/2)*f*x - I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 3*a*Sqrt[b]*Log[(-2*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (2*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(b*(3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))] - b^(3/2)*Log[(-2*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (2*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(b*(3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))])/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 318, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b(3a + b) \tan^2(e + fx) + (a + b)(2a + b)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a + b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^{3/2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) + \sqrt{b}(3a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*(3*a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/2 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 676 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 677, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.74

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\cos(fx+e)^3 b^{\frac{5}{2}} \ln \left(\frac{-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sin(fx+e)a - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) - 1} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{-a+3c}}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(cos(f*x+e)^3
*b^(5/2)*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)
/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)+3*cos(f*x+e)^3*b^(3/2)*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)*a+co
s(f*x+e)^3*b^(5/2)*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)+3*cos(f*x+e)^3*b^(3/2)*ln(-4*(-b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)
^(1/2)*a+4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*
x+e)*a)*a^2*b*cos(f*x+e)^3+(2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*cos(f*x+e))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1457, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.35

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*
b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4
- 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2
- a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(
f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*
b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(
f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + (3*a + b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a
*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f
*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/8*(2*(3*a + b)*sqr
t(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqr
t((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f
*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^
8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7
*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24
*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e
)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx \right) a + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b`

3.251 $\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2149
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2150
Rubi [A] (verified)	2150
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2153
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2154
Sympy [F(-1)]	2155
Maxima [F]	2156
Giac [F]	2156
Mupad [F(-1)]	2156
Reduce [F]	2157

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(a + 3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{a \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
1/2*a^(1/2)*(a+3*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/
f+b^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*a*c
os(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{e^{-i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-ia(-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}) + \frac{2e^{2i(e+fx)}}{2} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2]/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*((-I)*a*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))) + (2*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))*(2*a^(3/2)*f*x + 6*Sqrt[a]*b*f*x - I*Sqrt[a]*(a + 3*b)*Log[(a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]^2)]/E^((2*I)*e)] + I*Sqrt[a]*(a + 3*b)*Log[(a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]^2)]/E^((2*I)*e)] - 4*b^(3/2)*Log[-1/2*(E^((3*I)*e)*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]^2)]*f)/(b^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))]^2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(2*Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 315, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + (a + b)(a + 2b)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{a \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + a(a + 3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2b^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + a(a + 3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(a(a + 3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + 2b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right) \right) + \frac{a \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(a(a + 3b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + 2b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right) \right) + \frac{a \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{a}(a+3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + 2b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \right) + \frac{a \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*(a + 3*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + 2*b^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/2 + (a*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))),`
`x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*S`
`imp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))`
`*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -`
`1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]]`
`, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/`
`b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}`
`, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)`
`)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f`
`Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),`
`x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ`
`[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 506 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 21.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

method	result
default	$\left(\ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) \sqrt{-a} b^{\frac{3}{2}} + \ln \left(- \frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b \right)}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) \right)$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e
)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e
))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+ln(
4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2+3*ln
n(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-
a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b+(
1+cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(
1/2)*a)*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 276 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1403, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.31

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*(a + 3*b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 4*b^(3/2)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4))/f, 1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + sqrt(-a)*(a + 3*b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/f...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos^2(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cos^2(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cos^2(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*a`

3.252 $\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2158
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2158
Rubi [A] (verified)	2159
Maple [B] (verified)	2161
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2162
Sympy [F(-1)]	2163
Maxima [F]	2163
Giac [F]	2164
Mupad [F(-1)]	2164
Reduce [F]	2164

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(a + b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{3(a + b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8f} + \frac{\cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{4f}$$

output

```
3/8*(a+b)^2*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+3/8*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) (b + a \cos^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)} \left(3(a + b)^{3/2} + \dots\right)}{2\sqrt{a}f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cos[e + f*x]*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(3*(a + b)^(3/2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]] + Sqrt[a]*(4*a + 5*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b]))/(2*Sqrt[a]*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 292, 292, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sec(e + fx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{292} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4}(a + b) \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{4(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{292} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4}(a + b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a + b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \right) + \frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}{4(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}(a+b) \left(\frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} \right) + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}{4(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(4*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (3*(a + b)*((a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 292 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 463 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

method	result
default	$\left(3 \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) a^2 + 6 \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)\right)$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/8/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*a^2+6*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*a*b+3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*b^2+(2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a+(5*cos(f*x+e)+5)*sin(f*x+e)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*b*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\sqrt{-a} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256 (a^4 - a^3b) \cos^6(fx + e) + 32 (5 a^4 - 4 a^3 b + 3 a^2 b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) - 8 a^2 b^3 \cos^2(fx + e) + b^4 \right)}{32 a f} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)\sqrt{a} \arctan \left(\frac{(8 a^2 \cos^5(fx+e) - 8 (a^2 - ab) \cos^3(fx+e) + (a^2 - 6 ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}}}{4 (2 a^3 \cos^4(fx+e) - a^2 b + ab^2 - (a^3 - 3 a^2 b) \cos^2(fx+e)) \sin(fx+e)} \right)}{32 a f} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/64*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - 8*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*f), -1/32*(3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*f)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cos^4(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^4 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^4 dx \right) a$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**4,x)*a`

3.253 $\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2165
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2166
Rubi [A] (verified)	2166
Maple [B] (verified)	2169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2170
Sympy [F(-1)]	2170
Maxima [F]	2171
Giac [F]	2171
Mupad [F(-1)]	2171
Reduce [F]	2172

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(5a - b)(a + b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{16a^{3/2}f} + \frac{(5a - b)(a + b) \cos(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16af} + \frac{(5a - b) \cos^3(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{24af} + \frac{\cos^5(e + fx) \sin(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{6af}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a-b)*(a+b)^2*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
/a^(3/2)/f+1/16*(5*a-b)*(a+b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(
1/2)/a/f+1/24*(5*a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/a
/f+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b}(5a^2+4ab-b^2) \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}}} \right) + \sqrt{a}(23a^2 + 29ab + 48a^{3/2}f}{48a^{3/2}f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*((3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a + b]*(5*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)] + Sqrt[a]*(23*a^2 + 29*a*b + 3*b^2 + a*(9*a + 7*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + a^2*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]))/(48*a^(3/2)*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 296, 292, 292, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\sec(e + fx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^4} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{f}$$

output

$$\frac{((\tan[e + fx] \cdot (a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + fx]^2))^{5/2}) / (6 \cdot a \cdot (1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^3) + ((5 \cdot a - b) \cdot ((\tan[e + fx] \cdot (a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + fx]^2))^{3/2}) / (4 \cdot (1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^2) + (3 \cdot (a + b) \cdot ((a + b) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} \cdot \tan[e + fx]) / \sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + fx]^2}])) / (2 \cdot \sqrt{a}) + (\tan[e + fx] \cdot \sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (2 \cdot (1 + \tan[e + fx]^2))) / 4) / (6 \cdot a)) / f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \operatorname{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 291

$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x)^2) \cdot ((c + (d \cdot x)^2))}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$$

rule 292

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{p} \cdot ((c + (d \cdot x)^2)^{q}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^q / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[c \cdot (q / (a \cdot (p+1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[2 \cdot (p + q + 1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 296

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{p} \cdot ((c + (d \cdot x)^2)^{q}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b \cdot c + 2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[2 \cdot (p + q + 2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\operatorname{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 648 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 10.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 649, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(15 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) a^3 + 27 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)\right) a^3\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/48/f/a/(-a)^(1/2)*(15*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3+27*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b+9*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2-3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^3+(8*cos(f*x+e)^5+8*cos(f*x+e)^4+10*cos(f*x+e)^3+10*cos(f*x+e)^2+15*cos(f*x+e)+15)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2+2*(7*cos(f*x+e)^3+7*cos(f*x+e)^2+11*cos(f*x+e)+11)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b+3*(1+cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 647, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/384*(3*(5*a^3 + 9*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 + 7*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 + 22*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^2*f), -1/192*(3*(5*a^3 + 9*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - b^3)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 + 7*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 + 22*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^2*f)]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cos^6(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cos^6(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**6*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**6,x)*a`

3.254 $\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2173
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2174
Rubi [A] (verified)	2175
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2178
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2179
Sympy [F]	2180
Maxima [F]	2180
Giac [F]	2180
Mupad [F(-1)]	2181
Reduce [F]	2181

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx)}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx)}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{b(7a + 3b) \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(c + dx)}}{8d} + \frac{b \tan(c + dx) (a + b + b \tan^2(c + dx))^{3/2}}{4d}$$

output

```
a^(5/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/(a+b*b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d+1/8*b^(1/2)
*(15*a^2+10*a*b+3*b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/(a+b*b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1
/2))/d+1/8*b*(7*a+3*b)*tan(d*x+c)*(a+b*b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/4*b*tan(d
*x+c)*(a+b*b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/d
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 706, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{e^{i(c+dx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(c+dx)} (1 + e^{2i(c+dx)})^2} \cos^5(c + dx) \left(-\frac{ib(-1+e^{2i(c+dx)}) (9a(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})^2 + b(3+14e^{2i(c+dx)}) + 3e^{4i(c+dx)})}{(1+e^{2i(c+dx)})^4} \right)}{(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^4 + (8a^{5/2}d^2x - (4I)a^{5/2} \text{Log}[a + 2b + aE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + \text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Sqrt}[4bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + a(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^2]] + (4I)a^{5/2} \text{Log}[a + aE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + 2bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + \text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Sqrt}[4bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + a(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^2]] - 15a^2 \text{Sqrt}[b] \text{Log}[(-4\text{Sqrt}[b]d(-1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)}) + (4I)d\text{Sqrt}[4bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + a(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^2])]/(b(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2)(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})))] - 10ab^{3/2} \text{Log}[(-4\text{Sqrt}[b]d(-1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)}) + (4I)d\text{Sqrt}[4bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + a(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^2])]/(b(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2)(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})))] - 3b^{5/2} \text{Log}[(-4\text{Sqrt}[b]d(-1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)}) + (4I)d\text{Sqrt}[4bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + a(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^2])]/(b(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2)(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})))]/ \text{Sqrt}[4bE^{(2I)(c + dx)} + a(1 + E^{(2I)(c + dx)})^2]} * (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} / (\text{Sqrt}[2]d(a + 2b + a \text{Cos}[2c + 2dx])^{5/2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(E^(I*(c + d*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))^2]/E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))*Cos[c + d*x]^5*((( -I)*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))*(9*a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))^2 + b*(3 + 14*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 3*E^((4*I)*(c + d*x)))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^4 + (8*a^(5/2)*d*x - (4*I)*a^(5/2)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^2]] + (4*I)*a^(5/2)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^2]] - 15*a^2*Sqrt[b]*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*d*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))) + (4*I)*d*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))^2])/(b*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))] - 10*a*b^(3/2)*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*d*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))) + (4*I)*d*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))^2])/(b*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))] - 3*b^(5/2)*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*d*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))) + (4*I)*d*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x))))^2])/(b*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(c + d*x)))^2]}*(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5/2)/(Sqrt[2]*d*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 318, 403, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (a + b \sec(c + dx)^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4616$$

$$\int \frac{(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^{5/2}}{\tan^2(c+dx)+1} d \tan(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}(b(7a+3b) \tan^2(c+dx)+(a+b)(4a+3b))}{\tan^2(c+dx)+1} d \tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{4} b \tan(c + dx) (a + b \tan^2(c + dx) + b)^{3/2}}{d}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 403$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b(15a^2+10ba+3b^2) \tan^2(c+dx)+(a+b)(8a^2+7ba+3b^2)}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{2} b(7a + 3b) \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(c + dx)} \right)}{d}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 398$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8a^3 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c + dx) + b(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8a^3 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c + dx) + b(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(c+dx)}{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} \right) \right)}{d}}{d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8a^3 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c+dx) + \sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(c+dx)+b}}\right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8a^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(c+dx)}{b\tan^2(c+dx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} + \sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(c+dx)+b}}\right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}b(7a + 3b) \tan(c+dx)}{d}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(8a^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(c+dx)+b}}\right) + \sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 10ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(c+dx)+b}}\right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}b(7a + 3b) \tan(c+dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((b*Tan[c + d*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2))/4 + ((8*a^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2]]))/2 + (b*(7*a + 3*b)*Tan[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2])/2)/4)/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 318 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(2*(p+q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q-1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398 $\text{Int}(((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 403 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4616 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2])^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f*x]/ff], x]\} \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a + b, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 987 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 33.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 988, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	988

input `int((a+sec(d*x+c)^2*b)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{16} \frac{d}{dx} \frac{(-a)^{1/2}}{b^2} \frac{(a + \sec(d*x+c)^2*b)^{5/2}}{((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(\cos(d*x+c)+1)} \frac{1}{(\cos(d*x+c)^{4*a^2+2*\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a*b+b^2}} * (3*b^{9/2} * \ln(4*(b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - a*\sin(d*x+c) - a - b) / (1 + \sin(d*x+c))) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * (-a)^{1/2} + 10*b^{7/2} * \ln(4*(b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - a*\sin(d*x+c) - a - b) / (1 + \sin(d*x+c))) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * (-a)^{1/2} * a + 15*b^{5/2} * \ln(4*(b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - a*\sin(d*x+c) - a - b) / (1 + \sin(d*x+c))) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * (-a)^{1/2} * a^2 + 3*b^{9/2} * \ln(-4*(b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - a*\sin(d*x+c) + a + b) / (-1 + \sin(d*x+c))) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * (-a)^{1/2} + 10*b^{7/2} * \ln(-4*(b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - a*\sin(d*x+c) + a + b) / (-1 + \sin(d*x+c))) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * (-a)^{1/2} * a + 15*b^{5/2} * \ln(-4*(b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + b^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - a*\sin(d*x+c) + a + b) / (-1 + \sin(d*x+c))) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * (-a)^{1/2} * a^2 + 16*\ln(4*(-a)^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} * \cos(d*x+c) + 4*(-a)^{1/2} * ((\cos(d*x+c)^{2*a+b}) / (\cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^{1/2} - 4*a*\sin(d*x+c)) * \cos(d*x+c)^5 * a^3 * b^2 + 18*s...$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1611, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.70

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(4*sqrt(-a)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c)) + (15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*b^2)/cos(d*x + c)^4) + 4*(3*(3*a*b + b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), 1/16*(2*sqrt(-a)*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c)) + (15*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(c + d*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \sec(dx + c)^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(d*x + c)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \sec(dx + c)^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(d*x + c)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)^2} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{5/2} dx &= \left(\int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)^2 b + a} dx \right) a^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)^2 b + a} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)^2 b + a} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) ab \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)**2*b + a), x)*a**2 + int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)**2*b + a)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)*b**2 + 2*int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)**2*b + a)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)*a*b`

3.255 $\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2182
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2182
Rubi [A] (verified)	2183
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2185
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2186
Sympy [F]	2186
Maxima [F]	2187
Giac [F]	2187
Mupad [F(-1)]	2187
Reduce [F]	2188

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = 2\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2 + \tan^2(x)}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\tan(x)\sqrt{2 + \tan^2(x)}$$

output

```
2*arcsinh(1/2*tan(x)*2^(1/2))+arctan(tan(x)/(2+tan(x)^2)^(1/2))+1/2*tan(x)
*(2+tan(x)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{(1 + \cos^2(x)) \sec(x) \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} \left(4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(x)}{\sqrt{3 + \cos(2x)}}\right) \cos^2(x) - 2i\sqrt{2} \cos^2(x) \log\right)}{(3 + \cos(2x))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + Sec[x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((1 + Cos[x]^2)*Sec[x]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2]*(4*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sin[x])/Sqrt[3 + Cos[2*x]])*Cos[x]^2 - (2*I)*Sqrt[2]*Cos[x]^2*Log[Sqrt[3 + Cos[2*x]] + I*Sqrt[2]*Sin[x]] + Sqrt[3 + Cos[2*x]]*Sin[x]))/(3 + Cos[2*x])^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 318, 27, 398, 222, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (\sec^2(x) + 1)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (\sec(x)^2 + 1)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{(\tan^2(x) + 2)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(x) + 1} d \tan(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(2 \tan^2(x) + 3)}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2} \tan(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{2 \tan^2(x) + 3}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2} \tan(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2} \tan(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 222 \\ & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(x) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2} \\ & \downarrow 291 \\ & \int \frac{1}{\frac{\tan^2(x)}{\tan^2(x)+2} + 1} d \frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(x) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2} \\ & \downarrow 216 \\ & 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(x) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + Sec[x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `2*ArcSinh[Tan[x]/Sqrt[2]] + ArcTan[Tan[x]/Sqrt[2 + Tan[x]^2]] + (Tan[x]*Sqrt[2 + Tan[x]^2])/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 9.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{2+2 \sec(x)^2} \left(2 \cos(x) \arctan \left(\frac{2 \cot(x) - 2 \csc(x)}{\sqrt{2 \cot(x)^4 - 8 \cot(x)^3 \csc(x) + 12 \cot(x)^2 \csc(x)^2 - 8 \cot(x) \csc(x)^3 + 2 \csc(x)^4 + 2}} \right) + 2 \cos(x) \arctan \left(\frac{\cos(x)}{\cos(x)} \right) \right)}{4(\cos(x)+1)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)}{\cos(x)}}}$

input `int((1+sec(x)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4*2^(1/2)*(2+2*sec(x)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(x)+1)/((cos(x)^2+1)/(cos(x)+1)^2)^(1/2)*(2*cos(x)*arctan(2*(cot(x)-csc(x))/(2*cot(x)^4-8*cot(x)^3*csc(x)+12*cot(x)^2*csc(x)^2-8*cot(x)*csc(x)^3+2*csc(x)^4+2)^(1/2))+2*cos(x)*arctanh((sin(x)-2)/(cos(x)+1)/((cos(x)^2+1)/(cos(x)+1)^2)^(1/2))+2*cos(x)*arctanh((sin(x)+2)/(cos(x)+1)/((cos(x)^2+1)/(cos(x)+1)^2)^(1/2))+((cos(x)^2+1)/(cos(x)+1)^2)^(1/2)*(-sin(x)-tan(x)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(35) = 70$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{\cos(x)^2}} \cos(x)^3 \sin(x) + \cos(x) \sin(x)}{\cos(x)^4 + \cos(x)^2 - 1}\right) \cos(x) - \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}\right) \cos(x) + 2 \cos(x) \log\left(\frac{\cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) \sin(x) + (\cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) \sin(x)) \sqrt{(\cos(x)^2 + 1)/\cos(x)^2} + 1}{\cos(x)^2 - \cos(x) \sin(x) + (\cos(x)^2 - \cos(x) \sin(x)) \sqrt{(\cos(x)^2 + 1)/\cos(x)^2} + 1} + \sqrt{(\cos(x)^2 + 1)/\cos(x)^2} \sin(x)\right)}{\cos(x)}$$

input

```
integrate((1+sec(x)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(arctan((sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2)*cos(x)^3*sin(x) + cos(x)*sin(x))/(cos(x)^4 + cos(x)^2 - 1))*cos(x) - arctan(sin(x)/cos(x))*cos(x) + 2*cos(x)*log(cos(x)^2 + cos(x)*sin(x) + (cos(x)^2 + cos(x)*sin(x))*sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2) + 1) - 2*cos(x)*log(cos(x)^2 - cos(x)*sin(x) + (cos(x)^2 - cos(x)*sin(x))*sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2) + 1) + sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2)*sin(x))/cos(x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \int (\sec^2(x) + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+sec(x)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output `Integral((sec(x)**2 + 1)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \int (\sec(x)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+sec(x)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sec(x)^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \int (\sec(x)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+sec(x)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sec(x)^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \int \left(\frac{1}{\cos(x)^2} + 1 \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(x)^2 + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((1/cos(x)^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (1 + \sec^2(x))^{3/2} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1} dx + \int \sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1} \sec(x)^2 dx$$

input `int((1+sec(x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(x)**2 + 1),x) + int(sqrt(sec(x)**2 + 1)*sec(x)**2,x)`

3.256 $\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx$

Optimal result	2189
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2189
Rubi [A] (verified)	2190
Maple [B] (verified)	2192
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2192
Sympy [F]	2193
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	2193
Giac [F]	2194
Mupad [F(-1)]	2195
Reduce [F]	2195

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2 + \tan^2(x)}}\right)$$

output

```
arcsinh(1/2*tan(x)*2^(1/2))+arctan(tan(x)/(2+tan(x)^2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sin(x)}{\sqrt{3+\cos(2x)}}\right)\right) \cos(x) \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}}{\sqrt{3 + \cos(2x)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*(ArcSin[Sin[x]/Sqrt[2]] + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sin[x])/Sqrt[3 + Cos[2*x]]])*Cos[x]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2])/Sqrt[3 + Cos[2*x]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 301, 222, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sec^2(x) + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}}{\tan^2(x) + 1} d \tan(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{301} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) + \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\frac{\tan^2(x)}{\tan^2(x)+2} + 1} d \frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} + \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2], x]`

output $\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Tan}[x]/\text{Sqrt}[2]] + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[x]/\text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Tan}[x]^2]]$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 222 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 301 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}/((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)/d \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 1/2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Denominator}[p], 4] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 2/3] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b \cdot c + 3 \cdot a \cdot d, 0]))$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4616 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot \sec[e_ + (f_ \cdot x)]^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b + b \cdot ff^2 \cdot x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x]\} /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a + b, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 7.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2+2\sec(x)^2}\left((1-\cos(x))^2\csc(x)^2-1\right)\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{2\csc(x)-2\cot(x)}{\sqrt{2(1-\cos(x))^4\csc(x)^4+2}}\right)-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(x)-2}{(\cos(x)+1)\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{(\cos(x)+1)^2}}}\right)-\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{(\cos(x)+1)^2}\right)\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{(\cos(x)+1)^2}}}$

input `int((1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8*2^{(1/2)}*(2+2*\sec(x)^2)^{(1/2)}*((1-\cos(x))^2*\csc(x)^2-1)*(2*\arctan(2/(2*(1-\cos(x))^4*\csc(x)^4+2)^{(1/2)}*(\csc(x)-\cot(x))))-\operatorname{arctanh}((\sin(x)-2)/(\cos(x)+1)/((\cos(x)^2+1)/(\cos(x)+1)^2)^{(1/2)}))-\operatorname{arctanh}((\sin(x)+2)/(\cos(x)+1)/((\cos(x)^2+1)/(\cos(x)+1)^2)^{(1/2)})))/((\cos(x)^2+1)/(\cos(x)+1)^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(21) = 42$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{\cos(x)^2}} \cos(x)^3 \sin(x) + \cos(x) \sin(x)}{\cos(x)^4 + \cos(x)^2 - 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) \sin(x) + (\cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) \sin(x)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2 + 1}{\cos(x)^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\cos(x)^2 - \cos(x) \sin(x) + (\cos(x)^2 - \cos(x) \sin(x)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2 + 1}{\cos(x)^2} + 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*arctan((sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2)*cos(x)^3*sin(x) + cos(x)*sin(x)) / (cos(x)^4 + cos(x)^2 - 1)) - 1/2*arctan(sin(x)/cos(x)) + 1/2*log(cos(x)^2 + cos(x)*sin(x) + (cos(x)^2 + cos(x)*sin(x))*sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2) + 1) - 1/2*log(cos(x)^2 - cos(x)*sin(x) + (cos(x)^2 - cos(x)*sin(x))*sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2) + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(x) + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+sec(x)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sec(x)**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1391, normalized size of antiderivative = 57.96

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/2*arctan2(2*(2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 +
sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4
)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)), 2*(2
*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*
sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2
(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + 8) + 3/2*arctan2(2*(
2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12
*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan
2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + 2*sin(2*x), 2*(2*(6
*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin
(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(si
n(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + 2*cos(2*x) + 6) - arcta
n2((2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2
+ 12*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + sin(2*x), (2*(6
*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin
(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(si
n(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + cos(2*x) + 3) - 1/2*log
(-(2*sqrt(2)*(abs(2*e^(2*I*x) + 2)^4 + 4*cos(2*x)^4 + 4*sin(2*x)^4 - 4*(co
s(2*x)^2 - sin(2*x)^2 - 2*cos(2*x) + 1)*abs(2*e^(2*I*x) + 2)^2 - 16*cos...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(sec(x)^2 + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(x)^2} + 1} dx$$

input `int((1/cos(x)^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int((1/cos(x)^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(x)**2 + 1),x)`

3.257 $\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2196
Mathematica [F]	2197
Rubi [A] (verified)	2197
Maple [C] (verified)	2203
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2204
Sympy [F]	2205
Maxima [F]	2205
Giac [F]	2205
Mupad [F(-1)]	2206
Reduce [F]	2206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 334

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a-b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3b^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

$$- \frac{(a-2b) \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3bf \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

$$- \frac{2(a-b) \sec(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)) \tan(e+fx)}{3b^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sec^3(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)) \tan(e+fx)}{3bf \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```

2/3*(a-b)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/b^2/f
/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a
b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*(a-2*b)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))
*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2
*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-2/3*(a-b)*sec(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)*tan
(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*sec(f*x+e)^3*(
a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)/b/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/
2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 316, 25, 402, 25, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^5}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3} \sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2} \sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 316

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)+a-2b}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{3b} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)+a-2b}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{3b} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{a(-2(a-b)\sin^2(e+fx)+2a-b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{b} + \frac{2(a-b)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{f \frac{a(-2(a-b) \sin^2(e+fx)+2a-b)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{3b} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a f \frac{-2(a-b) \sin^2(e+fx)+2a-b}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{3b} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(a-b) f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(a-b) f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(a-b) f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2(a-b) f \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3b(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-b) \sin(e+fx)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2(a-b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{a} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

```
input Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(3*b*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*(a - b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (a*((2*(a - b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - ((a - 2*b)*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/b)/(3*b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 316

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 323

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^p), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x
, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2359, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2359

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+
b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*((1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*
x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)
/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(2*cos(f*x+e)+4+2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a
+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos
(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(c
sc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b
-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(2*cos(f*x+e)+4+2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-
1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(
1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/
2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+
6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-2*cos(f*x+e)-4-2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1
/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*
a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/3*((2*(-I*a^2 + I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (-
I*a^2 - I*a*b + 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2
)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a
- 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2
+ 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(I*a^2 - I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a
*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (I*a^2 + I*a*b - 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sq
rt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e)
)), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - (
2*I*a^(3/2)*b*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (2*I*a^2 + 3*I*a*b -
2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b
)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(
f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((
a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - (-2*I*a^(3/2)*b*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + (-2*I*a^2 - 3*I*a*b + 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt
((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^
2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b
^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - (2*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 - a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a
*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**5/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)^5}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.258 $\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2207
Mathematica [F]	2207
Rubi [A] (verified)	2208
Maple [C] (verified)	2211
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2212
Sympy [F]	2212
Maxima [F]	2213
Giac [F]	2213
Mupad [F(-1)]	2213
Reduce [F]	2214

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\middle|\frac{a+b}{a}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{bf\sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))\tan(e+fx)}{bf\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2),((a+b)/a)^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+sec(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)/b/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```


output

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 316, 25, 27, 331, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{b} + \frac{\sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{b \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int \frac{a \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 331 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} E \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}} \right) \middle| \frac{a+b}{a} \right)}{b \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]], (a + b)/a]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(b*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{-b}) * \text{x} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} + 1)} / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} * \text{Simp}[\text{b} * \text{c} + 2 * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) + \text{d} * \text{b} * (2 * (\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1) * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{q}, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}] * \text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2] * \text{x}], \text{b} * (\text{c} / (\text{a} * \text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 331 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c}) * \text{x}^2] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c}) * \text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{c}, 0]$
- rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(\text{u}_) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) / ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}}))^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{u} * ((\text{b} + \text{a} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d} * \text{x}^{\text{n}}) / (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^{\text{n}}))^{\text{p}}, \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(\text{u}_) * ((\text{e}_) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}}))^{(\text{q}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}}))^{(\text{r}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(\text{e} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{q}} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{r}})^{\text{p}} / ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{(\text{p} * \text{q})} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{(\text{p} * \text{r})})] \quad \text{Int}[\text{u} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{(\text{p} * \text{q})} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{(\text{p} * \text{r})}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{r}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x
, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1518, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1518

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*((1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x
+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)*a^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-
cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b
)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)+2+sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+
e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)*a*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-c
ot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b
)^2)^(1/2))*(2*cos(f*x+e)+4+2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e
)))^(1/2)*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e
)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a
+b)^2)^(1/2))*(cos(f*x+e)+2+sec(f*x+e))+I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1
/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*
a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx =$$

$$2\sqrt{a}(-ia - 2ib)\sqrt{\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}-a-2b}}{a}}F(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}-a-2b}}{a}}(\cos(fx + e) + i \sin(fx + e))\right) \mid \frac{a^2+8ab+8b^2}{a^2})$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*sqrt(a)*(-I*a - 2*I*b)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + 2*sqrt(a)*(I*a + 2*I*b)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (-2*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + sqrt(a)*(I*a + 2*I*b))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + sqrt(a)*(-I*a - 2*I*b))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 2*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(a*b*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^3}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^3}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.259 $\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2215
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2215
Rubi [A] (verified)	2216
Maple [C] (verified)	2218
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2218
Sympy [F]	2219
Maxima [F]	2219
Giac [F]	2220
Mupad [F(-1)]	2220
Reduce [F]	2220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}\right), \frac{a}{a+b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output `EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/f / (cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(e+fx, \frac{a}{a+b}\right) \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2}f \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/(a + b))*EllipticF[e + f*x, a/(a + b)]*Sec[e + f*x]/(Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 323, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{323} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\cos(fx+e)-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+\cos(fx+e)a+b}{(a+b)(1+\cos(fx+e))}}\sqrt{\frac{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\cos(fx+e)+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+\cos(fx+e)a+b}{(a+b)(1+\cos(fx+e))}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+a-b}{a+b}}(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e)),\sqrt{\frac{2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+a-b}{a+b}}\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(fx+e)^2}\right)$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*((-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(1/(a+b)^2*(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+a^2-6*a*b+b^2))^(1/2))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{\left(2i a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}} + \sqrt{a}(i a + 2i b)\right) \sqrt{\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}} - a - 2b}{a}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{2a\sqrt{\frac{ab+b^2}{a^2}} - a - 2b}{a}}(\cos(fx + e) + i \sin(fx + e))\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((2*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + sqrt(a)*(I*a + 2*I*b))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (-2*I*a^(3/2)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + sqrt(a)*(-I*a - 2*I*b))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2)/(a^2*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)^(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.260 $\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2221
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2221
Rubi [A] (verified)	2222
Maple [C] (verified)	2224
Fricas [F]	2225
Sympy [F]	2226
Maxima [F]	2226
Giac [F]	2226
Mupad [F(-1)]	2227
Reduce [F]	2227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \middle| \frac{a+b}{a}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{a} f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
(a+b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(a^(1/2)*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2),((a+b)/a)^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\csc(2(e+fx)) \sin(e+fx) \left(a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}\left(e+fx, \frac{a}{a+b}\right) - 2i \sqrt{-\frac{a \cos^2(e+fx)}{b}} \sqrt{a+b} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(Csc[2*(e + f*x)]*Sin[e + f*x]*(a^2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*EllipticF[e + f*x, a/(a + b)] - (2*I)*Sqrt[-((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Csc[2*(e + f*x)]*(2*(a + b)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)] - a*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))/(Sqrt[2]*a^2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 331, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 4636 \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}} d \sin(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 2057 \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}} d \sin(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 2058
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 331

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \mid \frac{a+b}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]], (a + b)/a]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1526, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.26

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1526

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/f/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*((-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*
a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^(1/2)*a^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)
-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+
b)^2)^(1/2))*(-cos(f*x+e)-2-sec(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*
a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^(1/2)*a*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)
-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+
b)^2)^(1/2))*(-2*cos(f*x+e)-4-2*sec(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*
x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)
/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-cos(f*x+e)-2-sec(f*x+e))+I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e
)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x
+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cos(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.261 $\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2228
Mathematica [F]	2229
Rubi [A] (verified)	2229
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2233
Fricas [F]	2234
Sympy [F(-1)]	2235
Maxima [F]	2235
Giac [F]	2235
Mupad [F(-1)]	2236
Reduce [F]	2236

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 259

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3af \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a-b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

$$- \frac{(a-2b)b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3a^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
1/3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)
)^(1/2)+2/3*(a-b)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^
2)/a^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+
e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*(a-2*b)*b*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+
b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(
sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 318, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ \downarrow 3042 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ \downarrow 4636 \\ \int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ \downarrow 2057 \\ \int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ \downarrow 2058 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 318

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{3a} - \frac{\int -\frac{-2(a-b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 2a - b}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{-2(a-b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 2a - b}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{3a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a-2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} + \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a-2b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} + \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a-2b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{3a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) + \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a-b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a-2b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{3a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a-b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) \middle| \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a-2b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{3a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a) + ((2*(a - b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - ((a - 2*b)*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+2 \cdot q - 1) + 1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 321 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + (b \cdot x)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + (d \cdot x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 323 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + (b \cdot x)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + (d \cdot x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2] \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + (b \cdot x)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + (d \cdot x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + (b \cdot x)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + (d \cdot x)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2331, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2331

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/3/f/a^2/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+
b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*((1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*
x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)
/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(f*x+e)-4-2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(
a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+co
s(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(
cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*
b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(f*x+e)-4-2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*
b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)
*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)
/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^
2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(2*cos(f*x+e)+4+2*sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(
1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^
(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)
*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^3}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(cos(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.262
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2237
Mathematica [F]	2238
Rubi [A] (verified)	2238
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2244
Fricas [F]	2245
Sympy [F(-1)]	2245
Maxima [F]	2245
Giac [F]	2246
Mupad [F(-1)]	2246
Reduce [F]	2246

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 349

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{4(a-b) \sin(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} \\ &+ \frac{\cos^2(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{5af \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} \\ &+ \frac{(8a^2-7ab+8b^2) E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^3 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} \\ &- \frac{b(4a^2-3ab+8b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{15a^3 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4/15*(a-b)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(
f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/5*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a/f/(sec
(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/15*(8*a^2-7*a*b+8*b^2)*EllipticE(s
in(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1
/2)-1/15*b*(4*a^2-3*a*b+8*b^2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b
-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^3/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a
b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 318, 25, 403, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^5 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{\sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 318

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{5a} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-4(a-b)\sin^2(e+fx)+4a-b)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-4(a-b)\sin^2(e+fx)+4a-b)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{5a} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 403

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{4(a-b)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{3a} - \frac{\int -\frac{8a^2-3ba+4b^2-(8a^2-7ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{8a^2 - 3ba + 4b^2 - (8a^2 - 7ba + 8b^2) \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} + \frac{4(a - b) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^2 - 7ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(4a^2 - 3ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^2 - 7ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(4a^2 - 3ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^2 - 7ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(4a^2 - 3ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^2 - 7ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} f \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{b(4a^2 - 3ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a + b})}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^2 - 7ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a + b})}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{b(4a^2 - 3ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)), \frac{a}{a + b})}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)* Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(5*a) + ((4*(a - b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(3*a) + (((8*a^2 - 7*a*b + 8*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(4*a^2 - 3*a*b + 8*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(5*a))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2]^{(\text{p}_)} \cdot ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d} \cdot \text{x} \cdot (\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} \cdot ((\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)} / (\text{b} \cdot (2 \cdot (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{b} \cdot (2 \cdot (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} \cdot (\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[\text{c} \cdot (\text{b} \cdot \text{c} \cdot (2 \cdot (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1) - \text{a} \cdot \text{d}) + \text{d} \cdot (\text{b} \cdot \text{c} \cdot (2 \cdot (\text{p} + 2 \cdot \text{q} - 1) + 1) - \text{a} \cdot \text{d} \cdot (2 \cdot (\text{q} - 1) + 1)) \cdot \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} \cdot \text{c} - \text{a} \cdot \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1, 0] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 321 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[\text{c}] \cdot \text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2] \cdot \text{x}], \text{b} \cdot (\text{c} / (\text{a} \cdot \text{d}))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \&\& !(\text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, -\text{d}/\text{c}])$
- rule 323 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c}) \cdot \text{x}^2] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2] \quad \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c}) \cdot \text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0]$
- rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}] / (\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}] \cdot \text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2] \cdot \text{x}], \text{b} \cdot (\text{c} / (\text{a} \cdot \text{d}))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{b}/\text{a}) \cdot \text{x}^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{b}/\text{a}) \cdot \text{x}^2] / \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 14.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3198, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.16

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3198

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/15/f/a^3/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a
+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*((-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b
)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f
*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^4*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f
*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2
)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-8*cos(f*x+e)-16-8*sec(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1
/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+
cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)
*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*
a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-9*cos(f*x+e)-18-9*sec(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1
/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a
+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+
b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/
2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-2*cos(f*x+e)-4-2*sec(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(
f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^5}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(cos(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^5}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^5}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^5}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.263 $\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2247
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2248
Rubi [A] (verified)	2248
Maple [B] (verified)	2251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2252
Sympy [F]	2252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2253
Giac [F]	2253
Mupad [F(-1)]	2254
Reduce [F]	2254

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}f} - \frac{(3a - 5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}{8b^2f} + \frac{\tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}{4bf}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2-2*a*b+3*b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f-1/8*(3*a-5*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f+1/4*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)} \left(-\frac{i\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})(-3a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2 + (1+e^{2i(e+fx)}))}{8\sqrt{2}b^{5/2}f\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2}b^{5/2}f\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*(((-I)*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*(-3*a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 + b*(3 + 14*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 3*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4 - ((3*a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*Log[(-4*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (4*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2)*f]/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]^2))*Sec[e + f*x])/(8*Sqrt[2]*b^(5/2)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 318, 25, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^6}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4634 \\
 & \int \frac{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 318 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3(a-b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a-3b}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4b} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{\int \frac{3(a-b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a-3b}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3(a-b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2-2ab+3b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3(a-b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2-2ab+3b^2)\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3(a-b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2-2ab+3b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output
$$\frac{((\tan[e + fx] * (1 + \tan[e + fx]^2) * \sqrt{a + b + b * \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (4 * b) - (-1/2 * ((3 * a^2 - 2 * a * b + 3 * b^2) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b} * \tan[e + fx]] / \sqrt{a + b + b * \tan[e + fx]^2}]) / b^{3/2} + (3 * (a - b) * \tan[e + fx] * \sqrt{a + b + b * \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (2 * b)) / (4 * b)) / f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\operatorname{Int}[-(F x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x]$$

rule 219
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b * x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] * \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224
$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a + (b * x)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (1 - b * x^2), x], x, x / \sqrt{a + b * x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 299
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b * x)^2)^{p} * (c + (d * x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d * x * ((a + b * x^2)^{p+1} / (b * (2 * p + 3))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a * d - b * c * (2 * p + 3)) / (b * (2 * p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b * x^2)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[2 * p + 3, 0]$$

rule 318
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b * x)^2)^{p} * (c + (d * x)^2)^{q}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d * x * (a + b * x^2)^{p+1} * (c + d * x^2)^{q-1} / (b * (2 * (p + q) + 1)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / (b * (2 * (p + q) + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b * x^2)^p * (c + d * x^2)^{q-2} * \operatorname{Simp}[c * (b * c * (2 * (p + q) + 1) - a * d) + d * (b * c * (2 * (p + 2 * q - 1) + 1) - a * d * (2 * (q - 1) + 1)) * x^2, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[2 * (p + q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 3042
$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 878 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 29.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.61

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	879

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16/f/b^(9/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+2*(2+3*cos(f*x+e)^2)*b^(9/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4+2*b^(7/2)*a*tan(f*x+e)*(3-sec(f*x+e)^2)-6*b^(5...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e)^3 \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e))^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)}{\cos(fx + e)^4}\right)}{32b^3 f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*((3*a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*(3*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), 1/16*((3*a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 2*(3*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**6/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b \tan^2(fx+e) + a} \tan^3(fx+e)}{b} + \frac{3(a+b)a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3(a+b) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{b \tan^2(fx+e) + a} \tan(fx+e)}{8f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*tan(f*x + e)^3/b + 3*(a + b)*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(5/2) + 3*(a + b)*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - 8*a*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b^2 + 8*sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b)/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^6(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.264 $\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2255
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2256
Rubi [A] (verified)	2256
Maple [B] (verified)	2258
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2259
Sympy [F]	2260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2260
Giac [F]	2261
Mupad [F(-1)]	2261
Reduce [F]	2261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{(a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}{2bf}$$

output

$-1/2*(a-b)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/f+1/2*\tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/b/f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 9.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx)} \sec^4(e+fx) \left(1 - \frac{a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right) \tan(e+fx) \left(\frac{16b^2(b+a\cos^2(e+fx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[\dots]}{30\sqrt{2}f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \right)}{30\sqrt{2}f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*Tan[e + f*x]*((16*b^2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 3, 7/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[-((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2)]/(a + b)^3 + (15*(3*b + a*(3 - 2*Sin[e + f*x]^2))*(ArcSin[Sqrt[-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]] - Sqrt[-((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2)]))/(a + b)))/(30*Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^4}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
\downarrow 4634 \\
\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)+1}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
\downarrow 299 \\
\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2b} \\
\downarrow 224 \\
\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a-b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2b} \\
\downarrow 219 \\
\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(-1/2*((a - b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/b^(3/2) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 571 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 23.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.06

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}}{4} ab \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) (\sec(fx+e) + 1) \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/f*(-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(sec(f*x+
e)+1)-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-1-sec(f
*x+e))-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*
x+e)+1)-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-se
c(f*x+e))+1/2*b^(3/2)*a*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*b^(5/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)/b^(
5/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - b)\sqrt{b} \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e))\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{\cos(fx + e)^4}\right)}{8b^2 f \cos(fx + e)} + \frac{(a - b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{((a - b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e))\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{2(ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sin(fx + e)}\right) \cos(fx + e) - 2b\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{4b^2 f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*((a - b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/4*((a - b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**4/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b \tan(fx+e)}}{b}}{2f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*arsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) - arsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/b)/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^4}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)^4}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

$$3.265 \quad \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2262
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2262
Rubi [A] (verified)	2263
Maple [B] (verified)	2264
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2265
Sympy [F]	2266
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2266
Giac [F]	2266
Mupad [F(-1)]	2267
Reduce [F]	2267

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}f}$$

output `arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 9.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

method	result
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{-4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sin(fx+e)a-4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4a-4b}{\sin(fx+e)-1}\right)+\ln\left(-\frac{4\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+\sin(fx+e)\right)}{\sin(fx+e)-1}\right)}{2f\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2/f/b^(1/2)*(ln(4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))+ln(-4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1)))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.51

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) + 8(ab - b^2) \cos^2(fx + e) + 4((a - b) \cos^3(fx + e) + 2b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e) + 8b^2}}{\cos^4(fx + e)}\right)}{4\sqrt{bf}}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)/(sqrt(b)
*f), 1/2*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*
sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt(b)*f)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.266 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2268
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2268
Rubi [A] (verified)	2269
Maple [B] (verified)	2270
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2271
Sympy [F]	2272
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2272
Giac [F]	2273
Mupad [F(-1)]	2274
Reduce [F]	2274

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f}$$

output `arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*Sqrt[a + 2*
b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e
+ f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{291} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \\
 \downarrow \text{216} \\
 \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(Sqrt[a]*f)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 291

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sin(fx+e)a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1)}{f\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	138

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{-a} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 - 256 (a^4 - a^3 b) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 32 (5 a^4 - 14 a^3 b + 5 a^2 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + a^4 - 28 a^3 b + 70 a^2 b^2 - 28 a b^3 + b^4 - 32 (a^4 - 7 a^3 b + 7 a^2 b^2 - a b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8 (16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^7 - 24 (a^3 - a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 2 (5 a^3 - 14 a^2 b + 5 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7 a^2 b + 7 a b^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \sin(fx + e)}{4 \sqrt{a} f} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(a*f), -1/4*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(sqrt(a)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 992 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 992, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*(arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b
)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x +
2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
+ 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4
*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*
b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), 2*a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^
2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2
)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*co
s(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*a
rctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*
e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + 2*a + 4*b) - arctan2(2*(a^2*cos(
4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*
x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 +
4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f
*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt
(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*c
os(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a}}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.267 $\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2275
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2275
Rubi [A] (verified)	2276
Maple [B] (verified)	2278
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2278
Sympy [F]	2279
Maxima [F]	2279
Giac [F]	2280
Mupad [F(-1)]	2280
Reduce [F]	2280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{(a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}f} + \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{2af}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+
1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))} \left((a-b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sec(e+fx) + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*((a - b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])
/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])*Sec[e + f*x] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin
[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2
])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 296, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{296} \\
 & \frac{(a - b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{(a - b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} \frac{d \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a - b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{2a(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((a - b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(2*a^(3/2)) + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 296 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a \right) (\sec(fx+e)+1) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)/a/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*a+(-a)^(1/2)*b*tan(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{8a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e) + \sqrt{-a}(a-b) \log \left(128 a^4 \cos(fx+e)^8 - 256 (a^4 - a^3 b) \cos(fx+e)^6 + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*(a - b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a^2*f), 1/8*(4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - (a - b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))))/(a^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cos(e + f*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(cos(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^2}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^2}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.268 $\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2281
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2282
Rubi [A] (verified)	2283
Maple [B] (verified)	2286
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2287
Sympy [F]	2288
Maxima [F]	2288
Giac [F]	2288
Mupad [F(-1)]	2289
Reduce [F]	2289

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a-b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{8a^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{4af}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2-2*a*b+3*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+3/8*(a-b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 14.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1840, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^8*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (12*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sin[e + f*x]*((a*f*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x])/(3*(a + b))) - (4*f*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^4 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{3(a-b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3a^2-2ba+3b^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a^2 - 2ba + 3b^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{3(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{3(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2) \int \frac{\frac{1}{a \tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{3(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \frac{3(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((3*a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/(2*a^(3/2)) + (3*(a - b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 462 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 9.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a\right) (3+3 \sec(fx+e)) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/f/(-a)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-2-2*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2+3)*a^2*(-a)^(1/2)+(-cos(f*x+e)^2+3)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b*tan(f*x+e)-3*(-a)^(1/2)*b^2*tan(f*x+e))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2)\sqrt{-a} \log\left(128a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256(a^4 - a^3b) \cos^6(fx + e) + 32(5a^4 - 14a^3b - 7a^2b^2 - ab^3) \cos^4(fx + e) + a^4 - 28a^3b + 70a^2b^2 - 28ab^3 + b^4 - 32(a^4 - 7a^3b + 7a^2b^2 - ab^3) \cos^2(fx + e) + 8(16a^3 \cos^7(fx + e) - 24(a^3 - a^2b) \cos^5(fx + e) + 2(5a^3 - 14a^2b + 5ab^2) \cos^3(fx + e) - (a^3 - 7a^2b + 7ab^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e))\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e) - 8(2a^2 \cos^3(fx + e) + 3(a^2 - ab) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e)\right)}{32a^3f} - \frac{(3a^2 - 2ab + 3b^2)\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{(8a^2 \cos^5(fx + e) - 8(a^2 - ab) \cos^3(fx + e) + (a^2 - 6ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e))\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}}}{4(2a^3 \cos^4(fx + e) - a^2b + ab^2 - (a^3 - 3a^2b) \cos^2(fx + e)) \sin(fx + e)}\right)}{32a^3f}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/64*((3*a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - 8*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f), -1/32*((3*a^2 - 2*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*f)]
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)**4/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^4}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.269 $\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2290
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2291
Rubi [A] (verified)	2292
Maple [B] (verified)	2295
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2296
Sympy [F]	2297
Maxima [F]	2297
Giac [F]	2298
Mupad [F(-1)]	2298
Reduce [F]	2298

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a-b)(5a^2+2ab+5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{(15a^2-14ab+15b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{48a^3f}$$

$$+ \frac{5(a-b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{24a^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{6af}$$

output

```
1/16*(a-b)*(5*a^2+2*a*b+5*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)
^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/f+1/48*(15*a^2-14*a*b+15*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+
b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/f+5/24*(a-b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*ta
n(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/f+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(
1/2)/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 14.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1739, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^12*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)
]]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e
+ f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Si
n[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/
2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((3*(
a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a +
b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^7)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(3*(a + b)*Appell
F1[1/2, -3, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*App
ellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(
a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a +
b)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (18*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f
*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a
+ 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 1/2, 3/2, Sin[e +
f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[
e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2,
5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(
a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^6*Sin[e + f*x]*((a*f*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e
+ f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x])/(3*(a +
b)) - 2*f*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 1/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^6 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} - \int \frac{4b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{5(a-b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \int \frac{15a^2-4ba+5b^2+10(a-b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{5(a-b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{15a^2-4ba+5b^2+10(a-b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^2 - 4ba + 5b^2 + 10(a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{5(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 402

$$\frac{\frac{(15a^2 - 14ab + 15b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} - \frac{\int - \frac{3(a-b)(5a^2 + 2ba + 5b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{4a} + \frac{5(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{3(a-b)(5a^2 + 2ab + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 14ab + 15b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{5(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{3(a-b)(5a^2 + 2ab + 5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 14ab + 15b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{5(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{(15a^2 - 14ab + 15b^2) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{3(a-b)(5a^2 + 2ab + 5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}}{4a} + \frac{5(a-b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3}$$

input Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]

output
$$\frac{((\tan[e + fx] \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (6a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^3) + ((5(a - b) \tan[e + fx] \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (4a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^2) + ((3(a - b)(5a^2 + 2ab + 5b^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{a} \tan[e + fx]] / \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (2a^{3/2}) + ((15a^2 - 14ab + 15b^2) \tan[e + fx] \sqrt{a + b + b \tan[e + fx]^2}) / (2a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2))) / (4a)) / (6a)) / f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 216 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[b, 2])) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 291 $\operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2}) * ((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 316 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_} * ((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1} * ((c + d*x^2)^{q+1} / (2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1} * (c + d*x^2)^q * \operatorname{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 635 vs. $2(184) = 368$.

Time = 22.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 636, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

method	result
default	$\frac{15\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^3 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sin(fx+e)a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1) + 9\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}{1}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/48/f/(-a)^(1/2)/a^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(15*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+9*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(
f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+9*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*
b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*
(sec(f*x+e)+1)+15*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*ln(4*(-a)
)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+
e))+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)*(8*cos(f*x+e)^4+10*cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*a^3*(-a)^(1/
2)+(-2*cos(f*x+e)^4-4*cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b*tan(f*x+e)+(5*cos(
f*x+e)^2-14)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*tan(f*x+e)+15*(-a)^(1/2)*b^3*tan(f*x+e)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 643, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/384*(3*(5*a^3 - 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x
+ e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*
b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a
^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^
7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)
^5 + 10*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*cos(
f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f
), -1/192*(3*(5*a^3 - 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2
*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f
*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f
*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))
- 4*(8*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 10*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 - 1
4*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)
^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^4*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cos(e + f*x)**6/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^6}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^6}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^6}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

```
output int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),  
x)
```

3.270
$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2300
Mathematica [F]	2301
Rubi [A] (verified)	2301
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2307
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2308
Sympy [F]	2309
Maxima [F]	2310
Giac [F]	2310
Mupad [F(-1)]	2310
Reduce [F]	2311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(2a+b) \sin(e+fx)}{b^2(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} - \frac{(2a+b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{b^2(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{bf \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{\sec(e+fx) \tan(e+fx)}{bf \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
a*(2*a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
-(2*a+b)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/b^2/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+sec(f*x+e)*tan(f*x+e)/b/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 316, 25, 27, 402, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^3 \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2} (-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 316

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a(\sin^2(e+fx)+1)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} + \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{a(\sin^2(e+fx)+1)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)+1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2(a+b)-(2a+b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{(2a+b)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{\int \frac{2(a+b)-(2a+b)\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{(2a+b)\sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{b(a+b)} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2}{a}}}{b(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(2a+b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b)}{b(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)}{b\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(2a+b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b)}{b(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(b*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - (a*(-(((2*a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))) + (((2*a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(b*(a + b))))/b)/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3242, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3242

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/f/b^(5/2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2)/(a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(b^(9/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e
)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(
1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^
2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-sec(f*x+e)-2*sec(f*x+e)^2-sec(f*x+e)^3)+b^(
7/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*
a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2
)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*
b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4
*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-cos(f*x+e)-2-5*sec(f*x
+e)-8*sec(f*x+e)^2-4*sec(f*x+e)^3)+b^(5/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*
(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x
+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x
+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/
(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(-4*cos(f*x+e)-8-9*sec(f*x+e)-10*sec(f*x+e)^2-5*sec(f*x+e)
^3)+b^(3/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(
f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)...

```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 960, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/2*((2*(2*I*a^2*b + I*a*b^2 + (2*I*a^3 + I*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)
*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - (2*I*a^2*b + 5*I*a*b^2 + 2*I*b^3 + (2*I*a^3 + 5*I
*a^2*b + 2*I*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^
2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2
*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2
*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(-2*I*a^2*b - I*a*b^2 + (-2*I*a^3 -
I*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - (-2*I*a^2*b - 5*
I*a*b^2 - 2*I*b^3 + (-2*I*a^3 - 5*I*a^2*b - 2*I*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt
((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e)))
, (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 4*(
(-I*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + (-I*a^
2*b - 3*I*a*b^2 - 2*I*b^3 + (-I*a^3 - 3*I*a^2*b - 2*I*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsi
n(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x
+ e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2)
- 4*((I*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + (
I*a^2*b + 3*I*a*b^2 + 2*I*b^3 + (I*a^3 + 3*I*a^2*b + 2*I*a*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(ar
csin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*si...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^5}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^5}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^5(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.271
$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2312
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2312
Rubi [A] (verified)	2313
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2316
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2317
Sympy [F]	2318
Maxima [F]	2318
Giac [F]	2318
Mupad [F(-1)]	2319
Reduce [F]	2319

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{b(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
-a*sin(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+Elliptic
E(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/b/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2
)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e
)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(\sqrt{2}(a+b) \sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}} E \right)}{4b(a+b)f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)]*EllipticE[e + f*x, a/(a + b)] - a*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]))/(4*b*(a + b)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 316, 25, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{a \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{330} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) \mid \frac{a}{a+b})}{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-(a*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])) + (EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`
- rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1783, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.73

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1783

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(a+b)/b*(a*(1-cos(f*x+e))^4*csc(f*x+e)^4+b*(1-cos(f*x+e))^4*csc(f*x+e)^4-2*a*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+a+b)/((1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2-1)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(I*(2*cot(f*x+e)-2*csc(f*x+e)+2*(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*a^(3/2)+I*(-2*cot(f*x+e)+2*csc(f*x+e)+2*(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*a^(1/2)+(2*cot(f*x+e)-2*csc(f*x+e))*b*a*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)+(-(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3-cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e))*a^2*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)+(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3-cot(f*x+e)+csc(f*x+e))*b^2*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*((-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(1/(a+b))^2*(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+a^2-6*a*b+b^2))^^(1/2)+4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*((-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(1/(a+b))^2*(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+a^2-6*a*b+b^2))^(...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 894, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*a^3*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*sin
(f*x + e) - (2*(-I*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 - I*a^2*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/
a^2) - (-I*a^2*b - 2*I*a*b^2 + (-I*a^3 - 2*I*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a
))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2
*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (
a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - (2*(I*
a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + I*a^2*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - (I*a^2*b + 2
*I*a*b^2 + (I*a^3 + 2*I*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*
b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a
^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + 2*(2*(I*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + (I*a^2*b + 3*I*a*b^2 + 2*I*b^
3 + (I*a^3 + 3*I*a^2*b + 2*I*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqr
t((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b
^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*
b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + 2*(2*(-I*a^2*b*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 - I*a*b^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + (-I*a^2*b - 3*I*a*b^2 -
2*I*b^3 + (-I*a^3 - 3*I*a^2*b - 2*I*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt(
(2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt(
(a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^3(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.272
$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2320
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2321
Rubi [A] (verified)	2321
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2326
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2327
Sympy [F]	2327
Maxima [F]	2328
Giac [F]	2328
Mupad [F(-1)]	2328
Reduce [F]	2329

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 233

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sin(e+fx)}{(a+b)f\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}} - \frac{E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b})\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{af\sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-EllipticE(sin
(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/
2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(
1/2)+EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(
1/2)/a/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sec(e+fx)\left(a^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}+2i\sqrt{2}(a+b)\sqrt{-\frac{a\cos^2(e+fx)}{b}}\right)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]*(a^2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] + (2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*Sqrt[-((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]*Csc[2*(e + f*x)]^2*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])]/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sqrt[(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a^2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*(a + b)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 314, 25, 389, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx)) \left(a + \frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx)) \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 314

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx)}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 389

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+b)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx) - \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \frac{a+b}{a}} \right) + \dots$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+b)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) - \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \frac{a+b}{a}} \right) + \dots$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+b)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) - \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \frac{a+b}{a\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}} \right) + \dots$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+b)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) - \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \frac{a+b}{a\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}} \right) + \dots$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])/
(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]) + (-((EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]
]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]
^2)/(a + b)])) + ((a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[
1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a +
b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[
e + f*x]^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 314

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*
(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d
*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q,
x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 323

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 389 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] - Simp[a/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1783, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1783

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(a+b)
)/a/(-(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+1)^3*(a*(1-cos(f*x+e))^4*csc(f*x+e)^4+
b*(1-cos(f*x+e))^4*csc(f*x+e)^4-2*a*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+2*b*(1-c
os(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+a+b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(I*(2*cot(f*x+e)-2
*csc(f*x+e)-2*(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))
^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*a^(1/2)+I*(-2*cot(f*x+e)+2*csc(f*x+e)-2*(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*cs
c(f*x+e)^3)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*a^(3/2)+(cot(f*x+e)
)-csc(f*x+e)+(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3)*a^2*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+
b))^1/2+(-(1-cos(f*x+e))^3*csc(f*x+e)^3+cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e))*b^2*((I*b
^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)+(-2*cot(f*x+e)+2*csc(f*x+e))*b*a*((I*b^(1/2)
)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)+4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*((-I*a^
(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(a+b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)
-cot(f*x+e)),(1/(a+b))^2*(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+a^2-6*a*
b+b^2))^(1/2))+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-
I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*((-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/
2)*cos(f*x+e)+I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)
),(1/(a+b))^2*(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)+4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)+a^2-6*a*b+b^2))^...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*(2*a^2*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*sin(
f*x + e) - 4*(I*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b +
b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*
sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2
+ 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 4*(-I*a^2
*cos(f*x + e)^2 - I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b
)/a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^
2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(I*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + I
*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - ((I*a^2 + 2*I*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
I*a*b + 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*el
liptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e
) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b
^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(-I*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 - I*a*b)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^
2)/a^2) - ((-I*a^2 - 2*I*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - I*a*b - 2*I*b^2)*sqrt(a))*s
qrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*s
qrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2
+ 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2))/((a^4 + a^3
*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 2 \sec(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.273
$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2330
Mathematica [F]	2331
Rubi [A] (verified)	2331
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2335
Fricas [F]	2336
Sympy [F]	2337
Maxima [F]	2337
Giac [F]	2337
Mupad [F(-1)]	2338
Reduce [F]	2338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{(a+2b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{a^2(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} - \frac{2b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
-b*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+(a+2*b)*
EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(co
s(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*
sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-2*b*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin
(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*si
n(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-((a+2b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{-((a+2b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{a(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{2b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx)}{a(a+b)} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 323

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{2b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{2b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+2b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) \middle| \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{2b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-(b*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])) + (((a + 2*b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (2*b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x
, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3227, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3227

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/f/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/(a+b)/a^2/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))
^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*((1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(
a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+co
s(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^4*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cs
c(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-
b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)+2+sec(f*x+e))+1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a
+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos
(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^3*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(c
sc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-
b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(4*cos(f*x+e)+8+5*sec(f*x+e)+2*sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+
e)^3)+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*
a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/
2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)), (-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^
(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(5*cos(f*x+e)+10+
9*sec(f*x+e)+8*sec(f*x+e)^2+4*sec(f*x+e)^3)+(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(-1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)/(b^2*sec(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a
*b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cos(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.274
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2339
Mathematica [F]	2340
Rubi [A] (verified)	2340
Maple [C] (verified)	2345
Fricas [F]	2346
Sympy [F(-1)]	2347
Maxima [F]	2347
Giac [F]	2347
Mupad [F(-1)]	2348
Reduce [F]	2348

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b \cos^2(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^2(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{(2a^2-3ab-8b^2) E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^3(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} - \frac{(a-8b)b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3a^3 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
-b*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*(a+4*b)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*a^2-3*a*b-8*b^2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*(a-8*b)*b*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^3/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 403, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{(-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}(-((a+4b) \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b))}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}(-((a+4b) \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b))}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a+4b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{3a} - \frac{\int -\frac{2(a-2b)(a+b) - (2a^2 - 3ba - 8b^2) \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3a} \right)}{a(a+b) f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2(a-2b)(a+b) - (2a^2 - 3ba - 8b^2) \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3a} + \frac{(a+4b) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{3a} \right)}{a(a+b) f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 399

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a-8b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3a} \right) \frac{1}{a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a-8b)(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3a} \right) \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a-8b)(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a+b}{a})}{3a} \right) \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a-8b)(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a+b}{a})}{3a} \right) \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(2a^2 - 3ab - 8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a-8b)(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \frac{1}{3a} \frac{1}{a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx)}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-(b*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])) + (((a + 4*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(3*a) + (((2*a^2 - 3*a*b - 8*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - ((a - 8*b)*b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(a*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 315

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```


rule 323 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \|\| (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \|\| (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \|\| \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n))^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^n))^q*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)^r, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r}))] \text{ Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4192, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.37

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4192

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/3/f/a^3/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/(a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b
))^1/2*((-cos(f*x+e)^4-2*cos(f*x+e)^3-3*cos(f*x+e)^2-4*cos(f*x+e)-2)*(1/
(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+c
os(f*x+e)))^1/2*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^1/2*a^4*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1
/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^1/2*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a
^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^1/2)+I*sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)^4*(-
2*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e)-4)*a^(9/2)*b^(1/2)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b
))^1/2)+I*sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)^2*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^4-2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f
*x+e)^2-4*cos(f*x+e)-8)*a^(7/2)*b^(3/2)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^1/2
)+(12*cos(f*x+e)^4+24*cos(f*x+e)^3+11*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e)-1)*(1/(a+b
)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f
*x+e)))^1/2*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-co
s(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^1/2*a^3*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
+a-b)/(a+b))^1/2*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(
1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^1/2)+(19*cos(f*x+e)^4+38*cos(f*x+e)
^3+31*cos(f*x+e)^2+24*cos(f*x+e)+12)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^1/2*(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(
1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^
1/2)*a^2*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^1/2*(cot(f*...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^3/(b^2*sec(f*x + e)^4 + 2
*a*b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^3(fx + e)^3}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.275
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2349
Mathematica [F]	2350
Rubi [A] (verified)	2350
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2356
Fricas [F]	2356
Sympy [F(-1)]	2357
Maxima [F]	2357
Giac [F]	2357
Mupad [F(-1)]	2358
Reduce [F]	2358

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 440

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b \cos^4(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{(4a^2-5ab-24b^2) \sin(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^3(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{(a+6b) \cos^2(e+fx) \sin(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{5a^2(a+b)f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{(8a^3-9a^2b+16ab^2+48b^3) E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^4(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} - \frac{4b(a^2-2ab+12b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{15a^4f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
-b*cos(f*x+e)^4*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/15*(4*a^2-5*a*b-24*b^2)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/5*(a+6*b)*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/15*(8*a^3-9*a^2*b+16*a*b^2+48*b^3)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-4/15*b*(a^2-2*a*b+12*b^2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^4/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 403, 25, 403, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{\left(a+\frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d\sin(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{\left(\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{3/2}} d\sin(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2}}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 315

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}(-((a+6b)\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b))}{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}(-((a+6b)\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b))}{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 403

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\frac{(a+6b)\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{5a} - \int -\frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(2(2a-3b)(a+b)-(4a^2-5ba-24b^2))}{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} (2(2a - 3b)(a + b) - (4a^2 - 5ba - 24b^2) \sin^2(e + fx)) d \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{5a} + \frac{(a + 6b) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 403

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{(4a^2 - 5ab - 24b^2) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{3a} - \frac{\int \frac{(a + b)(8a^2 - 13ba + 24b^2) - (8a^3 - 9ba^2 + 16b^2a)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{5a}}{a(a + b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{\int \frac{(a + b)(8a^2 - 13ba + 24b^2) - (8a^3 - 9ba^2 + 16b^2a + 48b^3) \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} + \frac{(4a^2 - 5ab - 24b^2) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{3a}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{(8a^3 - 9a^2b + 16ab^2 + 48b^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^3 - 9a^2b + 16ab^2 + 48b^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{3a} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{5a} \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^3 - 9a^2b + 16ab^2 + 48b^3) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}}{3a} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{5a} \right)$$

$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^3 - 9a^2b + 16ab^2 + 48b^3) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{3a} - \frac{4b(a + b)(a^2 - 2ab + 12b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{5a} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(4a^2 - 5ab - 24b^2) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{3a} + \frac{(8a^3 - 9a^2b + 16ab^2 + 48b^3) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-(b*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])) + (((a + 6*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(5*a) + (((4*a^2 - 5*a*b - 24*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))/(3*a) + (((8*a^3 - 9*a^2*b + 16*a*b^2 + 48*b^3)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (4*b*(a + b)*(a^2 - 2*a*b + 12*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(5*a))/(a*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})(r_)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r}))] \ \text{Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5206, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5206

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

result too large to display

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^5/(b^2*sec(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a^2), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^5}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.276 $\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2359
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2359
Rubi [A] (verified)	2360
Maple [B] (verified)	2362
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2363
Sympy [F]	2364
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2364
Giac [F]	2365
Mupad [F(-1)]	2365
Reduce [F]	2366

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}f} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e+fx)}{b^2(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}{2b^2f}$$

output

```
-1/2*(3*a-b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
)/f+a^2*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*tan(f*x+e)*(
a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^8(e+fx) \left(-7(a+b) \cos^2(e+fx) (15b^2 + 10ab(2 + \cos(2(e+fx))) + a^2 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/210*((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^8*(-7*(a + b)*\text{Cos}[e + \\ & f*x]^2*(15*b^2 + 10*a*b*(2 + \text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)]) + a^2*(8 + 6*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x) \\ &]) + \text{Cos}[4*(e + f*x)]))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 2, 7/2, -((b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/ \\ & (a + b))] + 4*b*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^2*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{2, 2, \\ & 3\}, \{1, 9/2\}, -((b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2 + 16*b*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 3, 9/2, -((b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2*(4*(a \\ & + b)^2 - 7*a*(a + b)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2 + 3*a^2*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^4))*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]) \\ & /((a + b)^4*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 315, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^6}{(a + b\sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2}{(b\tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(3a + b)\tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d\tan(e + fx)}{b(a + b)} - \frac{a\tan(e + fx)(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{b(a + b)\sqrt{a + b\tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{299} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(3a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a-b)(a+b) f \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b)}}{f} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

↓
224

$$\frac{\frac{(3a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a-b)(a+b) f \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{b(a+b)}}{f} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

↓
219

$$\frac{\frac{(3a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a-b)(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}}{b(a+b)} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx) (\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-(a*Tan[e + f*x]*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + (-1/2*((3*a - b)*(a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/b^(3/2) + ((3*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b))/(b*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1284 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 25.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1285, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.62

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1285

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/f/(a+b)/b^(7/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(2+2*sec(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)^2+3*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e)+2*sec(f*x+e)^2+2*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-sec(f*x+e)^2-sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(2+2*sec(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)^2+3*s...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left((3a^3 + 2a^2b - ab^2) \cos^3(fx + e) + (3a^2b + 2ab^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e) \right) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left(-\frac{((a-b) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 2b \cos(fx+e))}{2(ab \cos(fx+e) + b^2)} \right)}{4((a^2b^3 + ab^4)f \cos(fx + e)^3 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/8*((3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - a*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 - b^3)*\cos(f*x + e))*\sqrt{b}*\log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*\cos(f*x + e))*\sqrt{b})*\sqrt{(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/\cos(f*x + e)^2}*\sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/\cos(f*x + e)^4 - 4*(a*b^2 + b^3 + (3*a^2*b + a*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2)*\sqrt{(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/\cos(f*x + e)^2}*\sin(f*x + e))/((a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a*b^4 + b^5)*f*\cos(f*x + e)), -1/4*((3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - a*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 - b^3)*\cos(f*x + e))*\sqrt{-b}*\arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*\cos(f*x + e))*\sqrt{-b}*\sqrt{(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/\cos(f*x + e)^2})/((a*b*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*\sin(f*x + e))) - 2*(a*b^2 + b^3 + (3*a^2*b + a*b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2)*\sqrt{(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/\cos(f*x + e)^2}*\sin(f*x + e))/((a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*\cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a*b^4 + b^5)*f*\cos(f*x + e))] \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + bb}} - \frac{3(a+b) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + bb}}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(tan(f*x + e)^3/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b) - 3*(a + b)*arcsinh
(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(5/2) + 4*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((
a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) + 2*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b
)) + 3*(a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b^2) - 4*tan(f
*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b))/f
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sec(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^6(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.277
$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2367
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2367
Rubi [A] (verified)	2368
Maple [B] (verified)	2370
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2371
Sympy [F]	2372
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Giac [F]	2372
Mupad [F(-1)]	2373
Reduce [F]	2373

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{b^{3/2} f} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b) f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/f-a*tan(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx))^{3/2} \sec^4(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\frac{2a \sin^2(e+fx)}{2a+2b}} \tan(e+fx) \left(15 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$-1/15*((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*e + 2*f*x])^{3/2}*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (2*a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)/(2*a + 2*b)]*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]*(15*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[-((b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]]*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*(3*b^2 + a*b*(6 - 5*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2) + a^2*(3 - 5*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2 + 2*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^4)) + 15*(a + b)*(-3*b + a*(-3 + 2*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2))*\text{Sqrt}[-((b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2)] + 4*b*(a + b)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 2, 7/2, -((b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] * \text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2*(-((b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2))^{3/2}))/((a + b)^2*(2*a + 2*b)*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^{3/2}*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*\text{Sqrt}[2*a + 2*b - 2*a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(-((b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^{3/2}))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^4}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)+1}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}}}{b} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}} \\
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{f}{f} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}} \\
 \frac{f}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/b^(3/2) - (a*Tan[e + f*x])/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))* ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 889 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 9.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.56

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	890

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(1+sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(1+sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)-b^(3/2)*a^2*tan(f*x+e)-b^(5/2)*a*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4ab \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e) - ((a^2 + ab) \cos(fx+e))^2}{2ab \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e) - ((a^2 + ab) \cos(fx+e)^2 + ab + b^2) \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(-\frac{(a-b) \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{-b}}\right)}{2((a^2 b^2 + ab^3) f \cos(fx+e)^2 + (ab^3 + b^4) f)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/4*(4*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)/((a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^3 + b^4)*f), -1/2*(2*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^3 + b^4)*f) ]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b(a+b)}} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + bb}}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(3/2) + tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)) - tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^4(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

$$3.278 \quad \int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2374
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2374
Rubi [A] (verified)	2375
Maple [A] (verified)	2376
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2376
Sympy [F]	2377
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2377
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2377
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2378
Reduce [F]	2378

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output `tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sec^2(e+fx)\tan(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*(a + b)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^2}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 208

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)}{f(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Tan[e + f*x]/((a + b)*f*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result	size
default	$\frac{a \tan(fx+e) + b \tan(fx+e) \sec(fx+e)^2}{f(a+b) \left(a + b \sec(fx+e)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	49

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/(a+b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(a*tan(f*x+e)+b*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}{(a^2 + ab)f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (ab + b^2)f}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)/((a^2 + a*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b + b^2)*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b(a + b)}f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*f)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)}{(a^3 b^2 + a^2 b^3) \sqrt{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 - 2 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2}}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*a^2*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)/((a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*sqrt
(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1
/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)}{\cos(2e+2fx)+1}} (5a \sin(2e + 2fx) + 4a \sin(4e + 4fx) + a \sin(6e + 6fx) + 8b \sin(2e + 2fx) + 4b \sin(4e + 4fx))}{f(a+b)(24ab + 10a^2 + 16b^2 + 15a^2 \cos(2e + 2fx) + 6a^2 \cos(4e + 4fx) + 32ab \cos(2e + 2fx) + 8ab \cos(4e + 4fx))}$$

input

```
int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos(2*e + 2*f*x))/(cos(2*e + 2*f*x) + 1))^(1/2)*(5*a*sin(2*
e + 2*f*x) + 4*a*sin(4*e + 4*f*x) + a*sin(6*e + 6*f*x) + 8*b*sin(2*e + 2*f
*x) + 4*b*sin(4*e + 4*f*x)))/(f*(a + b)*(24*a*b + 10*a^2 + 16*b^2 + 15*a^2
*cos(2*e + 2*f*x) + 6*a^2*cos(4*e + 4*f*x) + a^2*cos(6*e + 6*f*x) + 16*b^2
*cos(2*e + 2*f*x) + 32*a*b*cos(2*e + 2*f*x) + 8*a*b*cos(4*e + 4*f*x)))
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a \sec^2(fx + e)^2}}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 +
2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```

3.279 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2379
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2379
Rubi [A] (verified)	2380
Maple [B] (verified)	2382
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2383
Sympy [F]	2383
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2384
Giac [F]	2385
Mupad [F(-1)]	2385
Reduce [F]	2385

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \right) (a+)}{4a^{3/2}(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2),x]`

output $((a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])*\sec[e + f*x]^3*(\sqrt{a + b}*\arcsin[(\sqrt{a + b}*\sin[e + f*x])/\sqrt{a + b}]) - \sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*b*\sqrt{(a + 2*b + a*\cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)}*\sin[e + f*x])/(4*a^{3/2}*(a + b)*f*(a + b*\sec[e + f*x]^2)^{3/2}*\sqrt{(a + b - a*\sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 296, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 296

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{a} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

f

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{f} \quad \downarrow \text{216}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2), x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/a^(3/2) - (b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 296 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 4.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.84

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f/(a+b)/a/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(1+sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)-b*a*(-a)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)-(-a)^(1/2)*b^2*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(8*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f), -1/4*(4*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2055 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2055, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*a*b*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^3 - 2*(a*b*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2 + a*b)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) - (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^1/4)*(((a + b)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 + (a + b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2)*arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*...
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a}}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.280
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2386
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2386
Rubi [A] (verified)	2387
Maple [B] (verified)	2390
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2391
Sympy [F]	2392
Maxima [F]	2392
Giac [F]	2393
Mupad [F(-1)]	2393
Reduce [F]	2393

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a-3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}f} + \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{b(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a^2(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-3*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/
f+1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(a+3*b)*t
an(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 14.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2059, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.72

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^6*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (3*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2*((3*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (3*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5)/(2*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (3*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)))*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (6*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a-3b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{b(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{b(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2a} + \frac{b(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{(a-3b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2a} + \frac{b(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a-3b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{2a} + \frac{b(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) +
 (((a - 3*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])
 /a^(3/2) + (b*(a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*
 x]^2]))/(2*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
 tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
 rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
 , 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
 [Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
 p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
 ^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
 (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
 p, q, x]`

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 665 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 7.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^3 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2/f/(a+b)/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(
f*x+e)*a)*(-2-2*sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e)-2*sec(f*x+e)^2-2*sec(f*x+e)^3)+
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-3*sec(f*x+e)^2-3*sec(f*x+e)^
3)+(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)+(2+cos(f*x+e)^2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b*
tan(f*x+e)+(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*(4*tan(f*x+e)+tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)+3*(-a)^(
1/2)*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 289 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 699, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.34

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/16*((a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - 3*b^3 + (a^3 - 2*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)
)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 +
32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^
2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x +
e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a
^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*
cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x
+ e)) + 8*((a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))
)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*
f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f), -1/8*((a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 - 3*b^3 +
(a^3 - 2*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*
x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)
^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*((
a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(
f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^5 + a^4*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + (a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cos(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^2(fx + e)^2}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 +  
2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```

3.281
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2395
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2396
Rubi [A] (verified)	2397
Maple [B] (verified)	2400
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2401
Sympy [F]	2402
Maxima [F]	2403
Giac [F]	2403
Mupad [F(-1)]	2403
Reduce [F]	2404

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(a^2 - 2ab + 5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}f} + \frac{(3a - 5b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2 f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(a - 3b)b(3a + 5b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^3(a+b)f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

```
output 3/8*(a^2-2*a*b+5*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
)/a^(7/2)/f+1/8*(3*a-5*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
^(1/2)+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(a-3
*b)*b*(3*a+5*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 14.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2046, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.55

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
((a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^10*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^7*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2*((a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + ((a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^7)/(2*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \int \frac{4b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{4b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{(3a-5b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \int \frac{3a^2+5b^2+2(3a-5b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(3a-5b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3a^2+5b^2+2(3a-5b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

402

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)(a^2-2ba+5b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

27

$$3(a^2-2ab+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

291

$$3(a^2-2ab+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

216

$$3(a^2-2ab+5b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \frac{b(a-3b)(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{(3a-5b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{(\tan[e + fx]/(4a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)^2\sqrt{a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2}) + (((3a - 5b)\tan[e + fx])/(2a(1 + \tan[e + fx]^2)\sqrt{a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2})) + ((3(a^2 - 2ab + 5b^2)\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a}\tan[e + fx])/\sqrt{a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2}]))/a^{3/2} + ((a - 3b)b(3a + 5b)\tan[e + fx])/(a(a + b)\sqrt{a + b + b\tan[e + fx]^2}))/2a)/(4a)/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 216 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]))\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 291 $\operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2})((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 316 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)})/(2a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}(c + d*x^2)^q \operatorname{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
  Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
  Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 857 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 11.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 858, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	858

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/8/f/(a+b)/a^3/(-a)^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)^2*(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f*x+e)^2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(9*cos(f*x+e)^3+9*cos(f*x+e)^2-3*cos(f*x+e)-
3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(15*cos(f*x+e)^3+15*cos
(f*x+e)^2+9*cos(f*x+e)+9)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^
3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4
*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(1
5*cos(f*x+e)+15)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-a)
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+sin(f*x+e)*co
s(f*x+e)^4*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2+3)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^4+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)^2*(2*co
s(f*x+e)^4+6)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b+(-3*cos(f*x+e)^4-6*cos(f*x+e)^2+3)*sin(f*x+
e)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2+(-20*cos(f*x+e)^2-4)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3-15*
(-a)^(1/2)*b^4*sin(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*sec(f*x+e)^3

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 811, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/64*(3*(a^3*b - a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + (a^4 - a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 +
5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 -
a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*
b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*
a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/
cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 8*(2*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (3*a^4
- 2*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2 - 15*a*b^3)*
cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((
a^6 + a^5*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f), -1/32*(3*(a^3*b - a^
2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3 + 5*b^4 + (a^4 - a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)
^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^
3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/
cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(2*(a^4 + a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (3*a^4
- 2*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2 - 15*a*b^3)*
cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((
a^6 + a^5*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f)]

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cos(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^4(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.282
$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2405
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2406
Rubi [A] (verified)	2407
Maple [B] (verified)	2411
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2412
Sympy [F]	2412
Maxima [F]	2413
Giac [F]	2413
Mupad [F(-1)]	2413
Reduce [F]	2414

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{9/2}f} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{48a^3 f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(5a - 7b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{6af \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 17a^2b + 25ab^2 + 105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^4(a+b)f \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*a^3-9*a^2*b+15*a*b^2-35*b^3)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/f+1/48*(15*a^2-22*a*b+35*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/24*(5*a-7*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/48*b*(15*a^3-17*a^2*b+25*a*b^2+105*b^3)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 16.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2068, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^14*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*
x)]]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(3*(a + b)*Ap
pellF1[1/2, -4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (3
*a*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]
- 8*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2
)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((3*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[
e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^9*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sq
rt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2*(3*(a + b)*A
ppellF1[1/2, -4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (
3*a*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)
] - 8*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^
2)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin
[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^9)/(2*Sqrt[a + 2*b +
a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -
4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (3*a*AppellF1[3
/2, -4, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 8*(a + b)*
AppellF1[3/2, -3, 3/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*S
in[e + f*x]^2)) - (12*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 3/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2,
(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^7*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt[a + 2*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 25, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{(5a-7b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15a^2-2ba+7b^2+4(5a-7b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 \sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^2 - 2ba + 7b^2 + 4(5a - 7b)b \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} + \frac{(5a - 7b) \tan(e + fx)}{4a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^2 - 2ba + 7b^2 + 4(5a - 7b)b \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{6a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^3 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} - \frac{\int \frac{15a^3 + 3ba^2 + b^2a - 35b^3 + 2b(15a^2 - 22ba + 35b^2) \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^3 + 3ba^2 + b^2a - 35b^3 + 2b(15a^2 - 22ba + 35b^2) \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} + \frac{(5a - 7b) \tan(e + fx)}{4a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^3 + 3ba^2 + b^2a - 35b^3 + 2b(15a^2 - 22ba + 35b^2) \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{6a}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^3 + 3ba^2 + b^2a - 35b^3 + 2b(15a^2 - 22ba + 35b^2) \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^3 + 3ba^2 + b^2a - 35b^3 + 2b(15a^2 - 22ba + 35b^2) \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} + \frac{(5a - 7b) \tan(e + fx)}{4a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15a^3 + 3ba^2 + b^2a - 35b^3 + 2b(15a^2 - 22ba + 35b^2) \tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{6a}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a + b)(5a^3 - 9ba^2 + 15b^2a - 35b^3)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b)} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 17a^2b + 25ab^2 + 105b^3) \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a + b)(5a^3 - 9ba^2 + 15b^2a - 35b^3)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} + \frac{(5a - 7b) \tan(e + fx)}{4a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a + b)(5a^3 - 9ba^2 + 15b^2a - 35b^3)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} + \frac{(5a - 7b) \tan(e + fx)}{4a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a + b)(5a^3 - 9ba^2 + 15b^2a - 35b^3)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{6a}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{a} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 17a^2b + 25ab^2 + 105b^3) \tan(e + fx)}{a(a + b) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{3(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{3(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{4a} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e + fx)}{2a (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}$$

$$\frac{3(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{6a}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{3(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}}}{2a} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 17a^2b + 25ab^2 + 105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}} + \frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx) + 1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}$$

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$$\frac{(15a^2 - 22ab + 35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx) + 1)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 17a^2b + 25ab^2 + 105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}} + \frac{3(5a^3 - 9a^2b + 15ab^2 - 35b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{2a a^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + (((5*a - 7*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + (((15*a^2 - 22*a*b + 35*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + ((3*(5*a^3 - 9*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 35*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) + (b*(15*a^3 - 17*a^2*b + 25*a*b^2 + 105*b^3)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*a))/(4*a))/(6*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1098 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 24.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1099, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1099

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/48/f/a^4/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b)*(15*cos(f*x+e)^2*(1+cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+3*(5-4*cos(f*x+e)^3-4*cos(f*x+e)^2+5*cos(f*x
+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+6*(3*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*cos
(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e)-2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*
b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+
6*(3-10*cos(f*x+e)^3-10*cos(f*x+e)^2+3*cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+15*(-7*cos(f*x+e)^3-7*cos(f*x+e)^2-4*cos(f*x+e)-4
))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+105*(-1-cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)^4*(8*cos(f*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 941, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/384*(3*(5*a^4*b - 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 - 20*a*b^4 - 35*b^5 + (5*a^5 -
4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 - 20*a^2*b^3 - 35*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(
128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14
*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^
3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^
3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b +
5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*s
qrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*(
a^5 + a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 2*(5*a^5 - 2*a^4*b - 7*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^5 + (15*a^5 - 7*a^4*b + 13*a^3*b^2 + 35*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^4
*b - 17*a^3*b^2 + 25*a^2*b^3 + 105*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + a^6*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
(a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f), -1/192*(3*(5*a^4*b - 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 - 20*a*b^
4 - 35*b^5 + (5*a^5 - 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 - 20*a^2*b^3 - 35*a*b^4)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2
*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(8*(a^5 + a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 2
*(5*a^5 - 2*a^4*b - 7*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (15*a^5 - 7*a^4*b + 13*a^3
*b^2 + 35*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^4*b - 17*a^3*b^2 + 25*a^2*b^3...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos^6(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.283
$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2415
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2416
Rubi [A] (verified)	2416
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2421
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2422
Sympy [F]	2423
Maxima [F]	2424
Giac [F]	2424
Mupad [F(-1)]	2424
Reduce [F]	2425

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a(a+2b) \sin(e+fx)}{3b^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)f (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{2(a+2b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3b^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3b(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
-2/3*a*(a+2*b)*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*a*sin(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(a+2*b)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/b^2/(a+b)^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sec^5(e+fx)\left(\sqrt{2}(a+b)^2\left(\frac{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))}{a+b}\right)\right)^3}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(Sqrt[2]*(a + b)^2*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b))^(3/2)*(2*(a + 2*b)*EllipticE[e + f*x, a/(a + b)] - b*EllipticF[e + f*x, a/(a + b)] - 2*a*(a^2 + 5*a*b + 5*b^2 + a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]))/(24*b^2*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 316, 25, 402, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^5}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^3 \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+3b}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)} - \frac{a \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx)}{3b(a+b) (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+3b}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{3b(a+b) (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{(a+b)(2a+3b)-2a(a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{2a(a+2b) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{3b(a+b) (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(2a+3b)-2a(a+2b) \sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{2a(a+2b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{a \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{3b(a+b) (-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx) - b(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b)} - \frac{2a(a+2b)}{b(a+b)} \right) \frac{1}{3b(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx) - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{b(a+b)} \right) \frac{1}{3b(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx) - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b})}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{b(a+b)} - \frac{2a(a+2b)}{b(a+b)} \right) \frac{1}{3b(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a+2b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx) - \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b})}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \frac{1}{b(a+b)} \frac{1}{3b(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2(a+2b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx))|\frac{a}{a+b}) - b(a+b)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b})}{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \\ \frac{b(a+b)}{3b(a+b)} \end{array} \right.$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-1/3*(a*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(b*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*a*(a + 2*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]) + ((2*(a + 2*b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - (b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*(a + b)))/(3*b*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^
2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,
0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +
Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&
(PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4473, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.76

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4473

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/3/f/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b
)/(a+b))^(1/2)/b^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*((-3*cos(f*x+e)
^4+9*cos(f*x+e)^3+4*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a
+b))^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*co
s(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*
(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x
+e)))^(1/2)*b^5*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x
+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/
(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(-6*sec(f*x+e)^3-12*sec(f*x+e)^4-6*sec(f*x+e)^5)+(-1/(a+b)
*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*
x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(
f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*b^5*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)
/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b
^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(4*sec(f*x+e)^3+8*sec(f*x+e)^4+4*sec
(f*x+e)^5)+4*I*a^(9/2)*b^(1/2)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)*sin(f*x
+e)+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a
-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^5*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-
4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(2*cos(f*x+e)+4+2*se...

```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1374, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/3*((2*(-I*a^3*b^2 - 2*I*a^2*b^3 + (-I*a^5 - 2*I*a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 -
2*(I*a^4*b + 2*I*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) -
(-I*a^3*b^2 - 4*I*a^2*b^3 - 4*I*a*b^4 + (-I*a^5 - 4*I*a^4*b - 4*I*a^3*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(-I*a^4*b - 4*I*a^3*b^2 - 4*I*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)
*sqrt(a)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(
sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x +
e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) +
(2*(I*a^3*b^2 + 2*I*a^2*b^3 + (I*a^5 + 2*I*a^4*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(-I*
a^4*b - 2*I*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - (I*a^
3*b^2 + 4*I*a^2*b^3 + 4*I*a*b^4 + (I*a^5 + 4*I*a^4*b + 4*I*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*
x + e)^4 + 2*(I*a^4*b + 4*I*a^3*b^2 + 4*I*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)
)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*
a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a
^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*(-I*
a^2*b^3 - 3*I*a*b^4 + (-I*a^4*b - 3*I*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(I*a^3*b
^2 + 3*I*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - (2*I*a^3
*b^2 + 9*I*a^2*b^3 + 13*I*a*b^4 + 6*I*b^5 + (2*I*a^5 + 9*I*a^4*b + 13*I*a^
3*b^2 + 6*I*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(2*I*a^4*b + 9*I*a^3*b^2 + 13*I*a^
2*b^3 + 6*I*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2
) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - ...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^5}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)^5}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^5(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.284
$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2426
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2427
Rubi [A] (verified)	2428
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2433
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2434
Sympy [F]	2435
Maxima [F]	2435
Giac [F]	2435
Mupad [F(-1)]	2436
Reduce [F]	2436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 323

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(a-b) \sin(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} \sin(e+fx)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}{(a-b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

$$+ \frac{3ab(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3a(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a-b)*sin(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
)+1/3*sin(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x
+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*(a-b)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f
*x+e)^2)/a/b/(a+b)^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(
1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a
/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)
^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 17.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1204, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b\sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(-1/24*((-2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)])*(-a - a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))*(2*a^2*(a + 3*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]) + b*(2*b^2 + 3*b*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]) - 2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) + a*(4*b^2 + 5*b*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]) - (a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2)) + (2*I)*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*Sqrt[(a - a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])/(a + b)]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[4 - (2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))/b]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)])*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)] - I*(2*a^2 + 5*a*b + 3*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(4*a + 4*b - 2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[2 - (a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])/b]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)])*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])/Sqrt[2]], b/(a + b)]*Sin[2*e + 2*f*x])/(a*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*b^2*(a + b)^2*f*Sqrt[((a - a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])*(a + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))/a^2]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]^2]) + (Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*(-2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)])*(-a - a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))*(4*b^4 - b^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2 + 2*a^3*(a + 3*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]) + a*b*(10*b^2 + b*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]) - (a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) + a^2*(8*b^2 + 3*b*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]) - (a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2)) + (2*I)*(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[(4*a + 4*b - 2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))/(a + b)]*Sqrt[2 - (a + 2*b...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 314, 25, 402, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sec(e+fx)^3}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2 \left(\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{314} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{2-\sin^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} \right)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{2 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 402

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{((a - b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} - \frac{(a - b) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{b(a + b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{((a - b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} - \frac{(a - b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{b(a + b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{b(a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} + \frac{(a - b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} - \frac{(a - b) \sin(e + fx)}{b(a + b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \frac{b(a+b)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a-b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \frac{b(a+b)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(a-b) \sin(e+fx)}{b(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(a-b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) \frac{b(a+b)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{b(a+b) \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{(a-b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E\left(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx))\right) \frac{a}{a+b}}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} \right) \frac{b(a+b)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*((Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(3*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (-(((a - b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])) + (((a - b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) + (b*(a + b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(b*(a + b)))/(3*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 314 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(2*p + 3) + d*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_
))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x
, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3241, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.03

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3241

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3/f/b/a/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*((-1/(a+b)*(I*a
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e
)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^5*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b
))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)
-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)+2+sec(f*x+e))+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^
(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e
)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^4*b*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+
b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)
-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(2+cos(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)+4*sec(f*x+e)^
2+2*sec(f*x+e)^3)-(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)+2
-sec(f*x+e)-4*sec(f*x+e)^2-3*sec(f*x+e)^3-2*sec(f*x+e)^4-sec(f*x+e)^5)*a^3
*b^2*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x
+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1
/2))-(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*
a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(...
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*((2*((-I*a^4 + I*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - I*a^2*b^2 + I*a*b^3 - 2*(I*a^3*b - I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - ((-I*a^4 - I*a^3*b + 2*I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - I*a^2*b^2 - I*a*b^3 + 2*I*b^4 + 2*(-I*a^3*b - I*a^2*b^2 + 2*I*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*((I*a^4 - I*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + I*a^2*b^2 - I*a*b^3 - 2*(-I*a^3*b + I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - ((I*a^4 + I*a^3*b - 2*I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + I*a^2*b^2 + I*a*b^3 - 2*I*b^4 + 2*(I*a^3*b + I*a^2*b^2 - 2*I*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 2*(4*(I*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*I*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + I*a*b^3)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) + ((I*a^4 + 3*I*a^3*b + 2*I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + I*a^2*b^2 + 3*I*a*b^3 + 2*I*b^4 + 2*(I*a^3*b + 3*I*a^2*b^2 + 2*I*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) - 2*(4*(-I*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^3(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.285
$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2437
Mathematica [F]	2438
Rubi [A] (verified)	2438
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2443
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2444
Sympy [F]	2445
Maxima [F]	2446
Giac [F]	2446
Mupad [F(-1)]	2446
Reduce [F]	2447

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 331

$$\int \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(2a+b)\sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{2(2a+b)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx))|\frac{a}{a+b})(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(3a+2b)\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)),\frac{a}{a+b})\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3a^2(a+b)f\sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}}$$

output

```
2/3*(2*a+b)*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*b*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-2/3*(2*a+b)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*(3*a+2*b)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 402, 27, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 315

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-((3a + 2b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 3a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{3a(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{-((3a + 2b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 3a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{3a(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 402

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a + b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{(a + b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} - \frac{\int \frac{b(-2(2a + b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{b(a + b)}}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{3a(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a + b) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{(a + b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} - \frac{\int \frac{-2(2a + b) \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a + b}}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{3a(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 399

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{a+b}}{3a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a+b}}{a+b}}{3a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a+b}}{a+b}}{3a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{2(2a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a+b}}{a+b}}{3a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\frac{2(2a+b) \sin(e+fx) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{2(2a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b})}{a \sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(a+b)(3a+2b) \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{a+b}}{3a(a+b)} \right) + \frac{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}$$

```
input Int[Sec[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-1/3*(b*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(2*a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]) - ((2*(2*a + b)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - ((a + b)*(3*a + 2*b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b)/(3*a*(a + b))))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*d - c*b]*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 321 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 323 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]) || (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& (\text{PosQ}[d/c] || (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] || \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c]))))$

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4473, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.51

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4473

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/3/f/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/(2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-a+b)/((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)
/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*(-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(
9/2)*((I*b^(1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4-2*((I*b^(
1/2)+a^(1/2))^2/(a+b))^(1/2)*b^5*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(
1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*
a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*EllipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a
+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3
/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(f*x+e)-4-18*sec(f*x+e)-32*sec(f
*x+e)^2-26*sec(f*x+e)^3-20*sec(f*x+e)^4-10*sec(f*x+e)^5)+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1
/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(
1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a
+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^4*b*EllipticF(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b)
)^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)
-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))*(12*cos(f*x+e)+24+24*sec(f*x+e)+24*sec(f*x
+e)^2+12*sec(f*x+e)^3)+(-1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b
^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a-b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(1/(a+b)*(I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)-I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*a^4*b*El
lipticE(((2*I*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+a-b)/(a+b))^(1/2)*(cot(f*x+e)-csc(f*x+e)),(-
(4*I*a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)-4*I*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)-a^2+6*a*b-b^2)/(a+b)^2)^(1/2))...

```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1293, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/3*((2*((2*I*a^4 + I*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*I*a^2*b^2 + I*a*b^3 - 2*(-
2*I*a^3*b - I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - ((
2*I*a^4 + 5*I*a^3*b + 2*I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*I*a^2*b^2 + 5*I*a*b^3
+ 2*I*b^4 + 2*(2*I*a^3*b + 5*I*a^2*b^2 + 2*I*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(
a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((
2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))),
(a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*((
-2*I*a^4 - I*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*I*a^2*b^2 - I*a*b^3 - 2*(2*I*a^3*b
+ I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - ((-2*I*a^4 -
5*I*a^3*b - 2*I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*I*a^2*b^2 - 5*I*a*b^3 - 2*I*b^
4 + 2*(-2*I*a^3*b - 5*I*a^2*b^2 - 2*I*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt
((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt
((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) - I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8
*a*b + 8*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2))/a^2) + (2*((-3*I*a^4
- I*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*I*a^2*b^2 - I*a*b^3 - 2*(3*I*a^3*b + I*a^2*
b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a^2) - ((-I*a^4 - 3*I*a^3*b
- 2*I*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - I*a^2*b^2 - 3*I*a*b^3 - 2*I*b^4 + 2*(-I*a^
3*b - 3*I*a^2*b^2 - 2*I*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a))*sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*
b + b^2)/a^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt((2*a*sqrt((a*b + b^2)/a
^2) - a - 2*b)/a)*(cos(f*x + e) + I*sin(f*x + e))), (a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sec(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.286
$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2448
Mathematica [F]	2449
Rubi [A] (verified)	2449
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2454
Fricas [F]	2454
Sympy [F]	2455
Maxima [F]	2455
Giac [F]	2455
Mupad [F(-1)]	2456
Reduce [F]	2456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 353

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(3a+2b) \sin(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b \cos^2(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b) f (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^3(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b(9a+8b) \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3a^3(a+b) f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-2/3*b*(3*a+2*b)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*b*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*(3*a^2+13*a*b+8*b^2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*b*(9*a+8*b)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 401, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4636} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 315

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-((3a+4b)\sin^2(e+fx))+3a+b)}{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}(-((3a+4b)\sin^2(e+fx))+3a+b)}{(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3a(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 401

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(3a+4b)-((3a^2+13ba+8b^2)\sin^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(3a+2b)\sin(e+fx)\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}{a(a+b)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{b \sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2+13ab+8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(9a+8b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2 + 13ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a + b)(9a + 8b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a(a + b)} \right) \frac{1}{3a(a + b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2 + 13ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a + b)(9a + 8b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)))}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \frac{1}{3a(a + b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2 + 13ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{b(a + b)(9a + 8b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)))}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \frac{1}{3a(a + b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2 + 13ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} E(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)) | \frac{a}{a + b})}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{b(a + b)(9a + 8b) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e + fx)))}{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \frac{1}{3a(a + b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-1/3*(b*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*b*(3*a + 2*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])) + (((3*a^2 + 13*a*b + 8*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*(9*a + 8*b)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(a + b)))/(3*a*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 315 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 401 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*b*2*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*2*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e*2*(p+1) + b*e - a*f) + d*(b*e*2*(p+1) + (b*e - a*f)*(2*q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(q_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})(r_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r}))] \ \text{Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5176, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.66

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5176

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)/(b^3*sec(f*x + e)^6 + 3*a*b^2*sec(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a^3), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.287
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2457
Mathematica [F]	2458
Rubi [A] (verified)	2458
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2466
Fricas [F]	2466
Sympy [F(-1)]	2466
Maxima [F]	2467
Giac [F]	2467
Mupad [F(-1)]	2467
Reduce [F]	2468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 445

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(4a+3b) \cos^2(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b \cos^4(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(a^2+11ab+8b^2) \sin(e+fx) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^3(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)) | \frac{a}{a+b}) (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{3a^4(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b(a^2-16ab-16b^2) \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)), \frac{a}{a+b}) \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3a^4(a+b)f \sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)} (a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-2/3*b*(4*a+3*b)*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-
a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*b*cos(f*x+e)^4*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(
f*x+e)^2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/3*(a^2+11*a*b+8*b^2)
*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*
x+e)^2))^(1/2)+2/3*(a+2*b)*(a^2-4*a*b-4*b^2)*EllipticE(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b)
)^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^4/(a+b)^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((a+b-a*s
in(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*b*
(a^2-16*a*b-16*b^2)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e), (a/(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+
e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*s
in(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 401, 27, 403, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{7/2}}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{5/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}$$

↓ 315

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} (-3(a + 2b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 3a + b)}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{3a(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} (-3(a + 2b) \sin^2(e + fx) + 3a + b)}{(-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \sin(e + fx)}{3a(a + b)} - \frac{b \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{3a(a + b) (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 401

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} ((a + b)(a + 2b) - (a^2 + 11ba + 8b^2) \sin^2(e + fx))}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a(a + b)} - \frac{2b(4a + 3b) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{a(a + b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \left((a+b)(a+2b) - (a^2 + 11ba + 8b^2) \sin^2(e + fx) \right) d \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(4a+3b) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^3}{a(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 403

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left((a^2 + 11ab + 8b^2) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} - \frac{(a+b)(2a^2 - 5ba - 8b^2) - 2(a+2b)(a^2 - 4ba - 4b^2)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} - \frac{f \frac{(a+b)(2a^2 - 5ba - 8b^2) - 2(a+2b)(a^2 - 4ba - 4b^2)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{a(a+b)}}{3a(a+b)}$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{(a+b)(2a^2 - 5ba - 8b^2) - 2(a+2b)(a^2 - 4ba - 4b^2)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) \sin^2(e + fx) d \sin(e + fx)}{3a} + \frac{(a^2 + 11ab + 8b^2) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sin(e + fx)}{3a}}{a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(a^2-16ab-16b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}}{3a} \\ \frac{a(a+b)}{a(a+b)} \end{array} \right.$$

$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2}$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(a^2-16ab-16b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{3a} \\ \frac{a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}{a(a+b)} \end{array} \right.$$

$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2}$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a+2b)(a^2 - 4ab - 4b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(a^2 - 16ab - 16b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}}{3a a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2}$

330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{2(a+2b)(a^2 - 4ab - 4b^2) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)}} d \sin(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b)(a^2 - 16ab - 16b^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{3a a \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2}$

327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2(a+2b)(a^2-4ab-4b^2)\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sin(e+fx)\right)\left|\frac{a}{a+b}\right.\right)}{a\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{b(a+b)(a^2-16ab-16b^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{a\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \\ \frac{3}{3a} \\ a(a+b) \end{array} \right.$$

```
input Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-1/3*(b*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*b*(4*a + 3*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]) + (3*(((a^2 + 11*a*b + 8*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a) + ((2*(a + 2*b)*(a^2 - 4*a*b - 4*b^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*(a^2 - 16*a*b - 16*b^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/(a*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```


rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot d - c \cdot b] \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q - 1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q - 2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q - 1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p + q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 321 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 323 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 401

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*b*2*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e*2*(p + 1) + b*e - a*f) + d*(b*e*2*(p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(2*q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n)^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n)^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6007, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.50

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	6007

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^3(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^3/(b^3*sec(f*x + e)^6 + 3*a*b^2*sec(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^3}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^3}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^3/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cos^3(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.288
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2469
Mathematica [F]	2470
Rubi [A] (verified)	2470
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2478
Fricas [F]	2478
Sympy [F(-1)]	2478
Maxima [F]	2479
Giac [F]	2479
Mupad [F(-1)]	2479
Reduce [F]	2480

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 563

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(5a+4b)\cos^4(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2f\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b\cos^6(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{2(2a^3-3a^2b-42ab^2-32b^3)\sin(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^4(a+b)^2f\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(3a^2+61ab+48b^2)\cos^2(e+fx)\sin(e+fx)(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^3(a+b)^2f\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(8a^4-11a^3b+27a^2b^2+184ab^3+128b^4)E(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx))|\frac{a}{a+b})(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{15a^5(a+b)^2f\sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))} - \frac{b(4a^3-9a^2b+120ab^2+128b^3)\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sin(e+fx)),\frac{a}{a+b})\sqrt{\frac{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}{15a^5(a+b)f\sqrt{\cos^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)}(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```

-2/3*b*(5*a+4*b)*cos(f*x+e)^4*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-
a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)-1/3*b*cos(f*x+e)^6*sin(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b-a*sin(
f*x+e)^2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+2/15*(2*a^3-3*a^2*b-42
*a*b^2-32*b^3)*sin(f*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^4/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2
*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)+1/15*(3*a^2+61*a*b+48*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^2*sin(f
*x+e)*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2
))^^(1/2)+1/15*(8*a^4-11*a^3*b+27*a^2*b^2+184*a*b^3+128*b^4)*EllipticE(sin(
f*x+e),(a/(a+b))^(1/2))*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/a^5/(a+b)^2/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2)^
(1/2)/((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2
))^^(1/2)-1/15*b*(4*a^3-9*a^2*b+120*a*b^2+128*b^3)*EllipticF(sin(f*x+e),(a/
(a+b))^(1/2))*((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^(1/2)/a^5/(a+b)/f/(cos(f*x+e)^2
)^^(1/2)/(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 315, 25, 401, 403, 27, 403, 25, 399, 323, 321, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4636

$$\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{\left(a+\frac{b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^2}{\left(\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\right)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{9/2}}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}}$$

↓ 315

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}(-((3a+8b)\sin^2(e+fx)+3a+b))}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2}}{3a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{5/2}(-((3a+8b)\sin^2(e+fx)+3a+b))}{(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\sin(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b\sin(e+fx)(1-\sin^2(e+fx))^{7/2}}{3a(a+b)(-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}\sqrt{\frac{-a\sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1-\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

↓ 401

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} ((a+b)(3a+8b) - (3a^2 + 61ba + 48b^2) \sin^2(e + fx)) d \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(5a+4b) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))}{a(a+b) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 403

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2 + 61ab + 48b^2) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{5a} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} ((a+b)(4a^2 - 7ba - 16b^2))}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} ((a+b)(4a^2 - 7ba - 16b^2) - 2(2a^3 - 3ba^2 - 42b^2a - 32b^3) \sin^2(e + fx)) d \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} 5a} + \frac{(3a^2 + 61ab + 48b^2) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{a(a+b)} \right)$$

$$f \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

↓ 403

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2(2a^3 - 3a^2b - 42ab^2 - 32b^3) \sin(e + fx) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{3a} - \frac{\int -\frac{(a+b)(8a^3 - 15ba^2 + 36b^2a + 64b^3)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{5a} \right)}{5a} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a+b)(8a^3 - 15ba^2 + 36b^2a + 64b^3) - (8a^4 - 11ba^3 + 27b^2a^2 + 184b^3a + 128b^4) \sin^2(e + fx) d \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{3a} + \frac{2(2a^3 - 3a^2b)}{5a} \right)$$

↓ 399

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(8a^4 - 11a^3b + 27a^2b^2 + 184ab^3 + 128b^4) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{3} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a^3 - 9a^2b + 120ab^2 + 128b^3)}{3a} \right)$$

↓ 323

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(8a^4 - 11a^3b + 27a^2b^2 + 184ab^3 + 128b^4) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}}{3} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a^3 - 9a^2b + 120ab^2 + 128b^3)}{3a} \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^4 - 11a^3b + 27a^2b^2 + 184ab^3 + 128b^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a^3 - 9a^2b + 120ab^2 + 128b^3)}{3a} \right)$$

↓ 330

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(8a^4 - 11a^3b + 27a^2b^2 + 184ab^3 + 128b^4) \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}} d \sin(e + fx)}{a \sqrt{1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}} - \frac{b(a+b)(4a^3 - 9a^2b + 120ab^2 + 128b^3)}{3a} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b} \left(\frac{(3a^2 + 61ab + 48b^2) \sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{5a} + \frac{2(2a^3 - 3a^2b - 42ab^2 - 32b^3) \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}}{3a} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]*(-1/3*(b*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2))/(a*(a + b)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*b*(5*a + 4*b)*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]) + (((3*a^2 + 61*a*b + 48*b^2)*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(5*a) + (3*((2*(2*a^3 - 3*a^2*b - 42*a*b^2 - 32*b^3)*Sin[e + f*x]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a) + (((8*a^4 - 11*a^3*b + 27*a^2*b^2 + 184*a*b^3 + 128*b^4)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]) - (b*(a + b)*(4*a^3 - 9*a^2*b + 120*a*b^2 + 128*b^3)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sin[e + f*x]], a/(a + b)]*Sqrt[1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a)))/(5*a))/(a*(a + b))/(3*a*(a + b)))/(f*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \cdot d - c \cdot b] \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q - 1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{(q - 2)} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q - 1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p + q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 321 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 323 $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] \cdot \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] \cdot x], b \cdot (c / (a \cdot d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / (\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 401

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*b*2*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e*2*(p + 1) + b*e - a*f) + d*(b*e*2*(p + 1) + (b*e - a*f)*(2*q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 403

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^n)^(q_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)^(r_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4636

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^(n/2)]^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7179, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.75

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	7179

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cos(f*x + e)^5/(b^3*sec(f*x + e)^6 + 3*a*b^2*sec(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a^3), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^5}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(fx + e)^5}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cos^5(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.289
$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2481
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2481
Rubi [A] (verified)	2482
Maple [B] (verified)	2485
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2486
Sympy [F]	2486
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2487
Giac [F]	2487
Mupad [F(-1)]	2488
Reduce [F]	2488

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{b^{5/2} f} + \frac{a^2 \tan(e+fx)}{3b^2(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3b^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output `arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f+1/3*a^2*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-2/3*a*(2*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 9.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx))^{5/2} \sec^6(e+fx) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2a \sin^2(e+fx)}{2a+2b}} \tan(e+fx)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[1 - (2*a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(2*a + 2*b)]*Tan[e + f*x]*((-24*b*cos[e + f*x]^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2}, {1, 9/2}, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Sin[e + f*x]^2*(-((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2))^(5/2))/(a + b) - (Sec[e + f*x]^6*(24*b^3*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2, 9/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Sin[e + f*x]^6*(4*b^2 + a*b*(8 - 7*sin[e + f*x]^2) + a^2*(4 - 7*sin[e + f*x]^2 + 3*sin[e + f*x]^4))*Sqrt[-((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2)] + 35*(a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^2*(15*b^2 + 10*a*b*(3 - 2*sin[e + f*x]^2) + a^2*(15 - 20*sin[e + f*x]^2 + 8*sin[e + f*x]^4))*(-3*ArcSin[Sqrt[-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]]*(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)^2 - (a + b)*Cos[e + f*x]^2*(-3*a*cos[e + f*x]^2 - b*(3 + sin[e + f*x]^2))*Sqrt[-((b*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2)])))/(a + b)^5))/(315*(2*a + 2*b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b])*Sqrt[2*a + 2*b - 2*a*sin[e + f*x]^2]*(1 - (a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^(3/2)*(-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^(5/2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 315, 298, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^6}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \int \frac{3(a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+3b}{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{3b(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)} - \frac{a(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{3b(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{3b(a+b)} - \frac{a(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{3b(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{3b(a+b)} - \frac{a(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{b(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{3b(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-1/3*(a*Tan[e + f*x]*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(b*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/b^(3/2) - (a*(3*a + 5*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(b*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*b*(a + b))/f
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 298 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - c \cdot b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4634 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x))^m] \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{n_})^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + \text{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + \text{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}, x]^p, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x]/\text{ff}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1636 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 21.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1637, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1637

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/6/f/(a+b)^2/b^(7/2)*(cos(f*x+e)^4*(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+cos(f*x+e)^2*(6*cos(f*x+e)^3+6*cos(f*x+
e)^2+6*cos(f*x+e)+6)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*
ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/
2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+
e)+1)))+(3*cos(f*x+e)^5+3*cos(f*x+e)^4+12*cos(f*x+e)^3+12*cos(f*x+e)^2+3*cos
(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*ln(4*(b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+(6*
cos(f*x+e)^3+6*cos(f*x+e)^2+6*cos(f*x+e)+6)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^4*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x
+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^5*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e
)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+cos(f*x+e)^4*(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2...
    
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 688, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.42

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*((3*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*(2*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^3*b^4 + 2*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^5 + 2*a*b^6 + b^7)*f), 1/6*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 2*((3*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*(2*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^3*b^4 + 2*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^5 + 2*a*b^6 + b^7)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\left(\frac{3 \tan^2(fx + e)}{(b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b)^{3/2} b} + \frac{2a}{(b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b)^{3/2} b^2} + \frac{2}{(b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b)^{3/2} b} \right) \tan(fx + e) - \frac{3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a + b)b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b}}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*((3*tan(f*x + e)^2/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b^2) + 2/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b))*tan(f*x + e) - 3*arcsinh(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/b^(5/2) - 2*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2) - tan(f*x + e)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)) + 3*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*b^2) - 2*a*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*b^2) + 2*tan(f*x + e)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b) - 4*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)*b))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sec(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos(e + fx)^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sec^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^6(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.290
$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2489
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2489
Rubi [A] (verified)	2490
Maple [A] (verified)	2491
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2492
Sympy [F]	2492
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2492
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2493
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2493
Reduce [F]	2494

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{a \tan(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{(a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3b(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*tan(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/3*(a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/b/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(2a+3b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \tan(e+fx)}{6(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(2*a + 3*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/((6*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 292, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^4}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{292} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{3(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\ & \frac{2 \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} + \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\ & \frac{2 \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} + \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$((\text{Tan}[e + f*x]*(1 + \text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2))/(3*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/((3*(a + b)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2])))/f$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 292 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 (2a \cos(fx+e)^2+a+3b) \tan(fx+e) \sec(fx+e)^4}{3f(a^2+2ab+b^2)(a+b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	75

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/f/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)*(2*a*cos(f*x+e)^2+a+3*b)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2a \cos(fx + e))^3 + (a + 3b) \cos(fx + e)}{3((a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f \cos(fx + e))} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \sin(fx + e)$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b(a + b)^2}} + \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} (a + b)} - \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} b} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b}}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*(2*tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a + b)^2) + tan(f*x +
e)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*(a + b)) - tan(f*x + e)/((b*tan(f*x
+ e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2)*b) + tan(f*x + e)/(sqrt(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a
+ b)*b))/f
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 336 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.05

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(a^6 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + 2a^5 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + a^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2}{a^7 b^4 + 3a^6 b^5 + 3a^5 b^6 + a^4 b^7} - \frac{2(a^6 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + 2a^5 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + a^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)}{a^7 b^4 + 3a^6 b^5 + 3a^5 b^6 + a^4 b^7} \right)}{3 \left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right) \right)}$$

input

```
integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3*((3*(a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^4*b^6
*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^7*b^4 + 3*a^6*b^5 + 3*a^5*b^
6 + a^4*b^7) - 2*(a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 2*a^5*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
- 3*a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^7*b^4 + 3*a^6*b^5 + 3*a^5*b^6 + a^4*b^7)
)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 3*(a^6*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^5*b^5*sgn(co
s(f*x + e)) + a^4*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^7*b^4 + 3*a^6*b^5 + 3*a^5*b^6
+ a^4*b^7))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)/((a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a
+ b)^(3/2)*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(e^{e+fx} - 1) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\left(\frac{e^{-e-fx}}{2} + \frac{e^{e+fx}}{2}\right)^2}} (a \operatorname{li} + a e^{2i+fx} \operatorname{li} + a e^{e+fx} \operatorname{li} + b e^{2i+fx} \operatorname{li})}{3f(a+b)^2(a+2ae^{2i+fx} + ae^{e+fx} + 4be^{2i+fx})^2}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) - 1)*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x*1i)/2)^(1/2)*(a*1i + a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*4i + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*1i + b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*6i))/(3*f*(a + b)^2*(a + 2*a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 4*b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i))^2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^4(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e) b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e) a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e) a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.291
$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2495
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2495
Rubi [A] (verified)	2496
Maple [A] (verified)	2497
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2498
Sympy [F]	2498
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2498
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2499
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2499
Reduce [F]	2500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
1/3*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+2/3*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(3a+5b+(3a+b) \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx)}{12(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```


output $((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*a + 5*b + (3*a + b)*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])* \text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(12*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sec(e + fx)^2}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 209

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 208

$$\frac{2 \tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)^2 \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{3(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{3/2}}$$

f

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$

output $(\text{Tan}[e + f*x]/(3*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2})) + (2*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/((3*(a + b)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2]))/f$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(3a \cos(fx+e)^2 + \cos(fx+e)^2 b + 2b)(b + a \cos(fx+e)^2) \tan(fx+e) \sec(fx+e)^4}{3f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)(a + b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	84

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/f/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*(3*a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)^2*b+2*b)*(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((3a + b) \cos(fx + e))^3 + 2b \cos(fx + e)}{3((a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3)f \cos(fx + e))} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} \sin(fx + e)$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((3*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sec(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2 \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b(a + b)^2}} + \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} (a + b)}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \cdot \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b}} \cdot (a + b)^2 + \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{((b \cdot \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} \cdot (a + b))} / f$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\left(\frac{3(a^6 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + 2a^5 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + a^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2}{a^7 b^4 + 3a^6 b^5 + 3a^5 b^6 + a^4 b^7} \right) \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \right)}{3 \left(a \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e) \right)}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2/3 \cdot ((3 \cdot (a^6 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) + 2 \cdot a^5 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) + a^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))) \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e)^2 / (a^7 b^4 + 3 \cdot a^6 b^5 + 3 \cdot a^5 b^6 + a^4 b^7) - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot a^6 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) + 2 \cdot a^5 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) + a^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)))) / (a^7 b^4 + 3 \cdot a^6 b^5 + 3 \cdot a^5 b^6 + a^4 b^7) \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e)^2 + 3 \cdot (a^6 b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) + 2 \cdot a^5 b^5 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)) + a^4 b^6 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))) / (a^7 b^4 + 3 \cdot a^6 b^5 + 3 \cdot a^5 b^6 + a^4 b^7) \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e) / ((a \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e))^4 + b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e)^2 - 2 \cdot a \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e)^2 + 2 \cdot b \cdot \tan(1/2 \cdot fx + 1/2 \cdot e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} \cdot f)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 26.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(e^{4i+fx4i} - 1) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\left(\frac{e^{-e1i-fx1i} + e^{1i+fx1i}}{2}\right)^2}} (a^3 i + b^1 i + a e^{e^{2i+fx2i} 6i} + a e^{e^{4i+fx4i} 3i} + b e^{e^{2i+fx2i} 10i})}{3 f (a + b)^2 (a + 2 a e^{e^{2i+fx2i}} + a e^{e^{4i+fx4i}} + 4 b e^{e^{2i+fx2i}})^2}$$

input `int(1/(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output

```

-((exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) - 1)*(a + b/(exp(- e*1i - f*x*1i)/2 + exp(e*1i + f*x
*1i)/2)^2)^(1/2)*(a*3i + b*1i + a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*6i + a*exp(e*4i + f*x
*4i)*3i + b*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i)*10i + b*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i)*1i))/(3*f*(a + b
)^2*(a + 2*a*exp(e*2i + f*x*2i) + a*exp(e*4i + f*x*4i) + 4*b*exp(e*2i + f*
x*2i))^2)

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec(fx + e)^2}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input

```
int(sec(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 +
3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)
```

3.292 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2501
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2501
Rubi [A] (verified)	2502
Maple [B] (verified)	2505
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2506
Sympy [F]	2507
Maxima [F(-1)]	2507
Giac [F]	2507
Mupad [F(-1)]	2508
Reduce [F]	2508

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(5*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1927, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2), x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^
(5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3
/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7
/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[
3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*
x]^2)*((15*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e
+ f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Si
n[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2,
(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*
x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2,
Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)
*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*C
os[e + f*x]^5)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*App
ellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a
*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] -
4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e
+ f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt
[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \int \frac{-2b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \int \frac{3(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & 3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{3(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2),x]`

output `(-1/3*(b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(5*a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 860 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 6.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	861

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))-1/
3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-6-6*sec(f*x+e)-6*sec(f*x
+e)^2-6*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*
b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*
(-3-3*sec(f*x+e)-12*sec(f*x+e)^2-12*sec(f*x+e)^3-3*sec(f*x+e)^4-3*sec(f*x+
e)^5)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-6*sec(f*x+e)^2-6
*sec(f*x+e)^3-6*sec(f*x+e)^4-6*sec(f*x+e)^5)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^
2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a*(-3*sec(f*x+e)^4-3*sec(f*x+e)^5)-2*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*tan
(f*x+e)-1/3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*(4*tan(f*x+e)+11*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)-1
/3*(7*cos(f*x+e)^2+5)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4-(-a)^(1/2)*
b^4*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4)/(a+b)^2/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 +
b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*c
os(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(2*(3*a^3*b +
2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2
)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a
^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f), -1/12*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f
*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*
x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a
^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(2*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)**(-5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a}}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3), x)`

3.293
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2509
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2510
Rubi [A] (verified)	2511
Maple [B] (verified)	2514
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2515
Sympy [F]	2516
Maxima [F]	2516
Giac [F]	2516
Mupad [F(-1)]	2517
Reduce [F]	2517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a-5b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2a^{7/2}f} + \frac{\cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{6a^2(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(3a^2+22ab+15b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{6a^3(a+b)^2f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

```
output 1/2*(a-5*b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/
f+1/2*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/6*b*(3*a+5*b)
*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/6*b*(3*a^2+22*a*b+15*
b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 15.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1775, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.49

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^8*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(
5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3
/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 7
/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[
3/2, -2, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*
x]^2)*((15*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e
+ f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^7*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Si
n[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2,
(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*
x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 5/2, 5/2,
Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)
*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*C
os[e + f*x]^7)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*App
ellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a
*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] -
6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e
+ f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(2*Sq
rt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 5/2...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^2 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{4b\tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4b\tan^2(e+fx)+a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3a^2-6ba-5b^2+2b(3a+5b)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} + \frac{b(3a+5b)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a-5b)(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(3a^2+22ab+15b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{3a(a+b)} + \frac{b(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

27

$$\frac{3(a-5b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(3a^2+22ab+15b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{3a(a+b)} + \frac{b(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

291

$$\frac{3(a-5b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{b(3a^2+22ab+15b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{3a(a+b)} + \frac{b(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

216

$$\frac{3(a-5b)(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \frac{b(3a^2+22ab+15b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{b(3a+5b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((b*(3*a + 5*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a - 5*b)*(a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) + (b*(3*a^2 + 22*a*b + 15*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b)))/(2*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`
- rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1106 vs. $2(167) = 334$.

Time = 9.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1107, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1107

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/6*cos(f*x+e)^4*(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^2*(-9*cos(f*x+e)^3-9*cos(f*x+e)^2+6*cos(f*x+e)+6)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+1/6*(-27*cos(f*x+e)^5-27*cos(f*x+e)^4-18*cos(f*x+e)^3-18*cos(f*x+e)^2+3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+1/6*(-15*cos(f*x+e)^5-15*cos(f*x+e)^4-54*cos(f*x+e)^3-54*cos(f*x+e)^2-9*cos(f*x+e)-9)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+1/6*(-30*cos(f*x+e)^3-30*cos(f*x+e)^2-27*cos(f*x+e)-27)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+1/6*(-15*cos(f*x+e)-15)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 451 vs. $2(167) = 334$.

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1023, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*(a^3*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^3 - 9*a*b^4 - 5*b^5 + (a^5 - 3*a^4*b - 9*a^3*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b - 3*a^3*b^2 - 9*a^2*b^3 - 5*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*(3*(a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(3*a^4*b + 15*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b^2 + 22*a^2*b^3 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^8 + 2*a^7*b + a^6*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 2*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 2*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f), -1/24*(3*(a^3*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^3 - 9*a*b^4 - 5*b^5 + (a^5 - 3*a^4*b - 9*a^3*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b - 3*a^3*b^2 - 9*a^2*b^3 - 5*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 4*(3*(a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(3*a^4*b + 15*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cos(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cos(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cos(fx + e)^2}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.294
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2518
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2519
Rubi [A] (verified)	2520
Maple [B] (verified)	2523
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2524
Sympy [F]	2525
Maxima [F]	2526
Giac [F]	2526
Mupad [F(-1)]	2526
Reduce [F]	2527

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - 10ab + 35b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}f} + \frac{(3a - 7b) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{8a^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{4af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(9a^2 - 18ab - 35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{24a^3(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(9a^3 - 15a^2b - 145ab^2 - 105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{24a^4(a+b)^2f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*a^2-10*a*b+35*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/f+1/8*(3*a-7*b)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/4*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/24*b*(9*a^2-18*a*b-35*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/a^3/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/24*b*(9*a^3-15*a^2*b-145*a*b^2-105*b^3)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 16.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1777, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^12*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 8*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((15*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^9*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 8*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^9)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 8*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^7*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -4, 5/2, ...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 25, 402, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{6b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{6b\tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{(3a-7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{3a^2+2ba+7b^2+4(3a-7b)b\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(3a-7b)\tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{3a^2+2ba+7b^2+4(3a-7b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{(3a-7b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\int \frac{9a^3-3ba^2+39b^2a+35b^3+2b(9a^2-18ba-35b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(9a^2-18ab-35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{(3a-7b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\int \frac{3(a+b)^2(3a^2-10ba+35b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(9a^3-15a^2b-145ab^2-105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{b(9a^2-18ab-35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{(3a-7b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 27

$$3(a+b)(3a^2-10ab+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(9a^3-15a^2b-145ab^2-105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{b(9a^2-18ab-35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 291

$$3(a+b)(3a^2-10ab+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{b(9a^3-15a^2b-145ab^2-105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{b(9a^2-18ab-35b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{b(9a^2-18ab-35b^2)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{3(a+b)(3a^2-10ab+35b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{b(9a^3-15a^2b-145ab^2-105b^3)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{2a} + \frac{(3a-)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+)}$$

$$\frac{4a}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((3*a - 7*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) + ((b*(9*a^2 - 18*a*b - 35*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))) + ((3*(a + b)*(3*a^2 - 10*a*b + 35*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) + (b*(9*a^3 - 15*a^2*b - 145*a*b^2 - 105*b^3)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b)))/(2*a))/(4*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))`
`), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x`
`^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x`
`] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !`
`(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,`
`p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x`
`_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(`
`q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))`
`Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)`
`*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b`
`, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)`
`)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f`
`Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),`
`x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ`
`[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1341 vs. $2(237) = 474$.

Time = 13.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1342, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.14

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1342

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/24/f/a^4/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2*(cos(f*x+e))^4*(9*cos(f*x+e)+9)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*a^6*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+cos(f*x+e)^2*(-12*cos(f*x+e)^3-12*cos(f*x+e
)^2+18*cos(f*x+e)+18)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*a^5*b*ln
(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a
)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(54*co
s(f*x+e)^5+54*cos(f*x+e)^4-24*cos(f*x+e)^3-24*cos(f*x+e)^2+9*cos(f*x+e)+9)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*a^4*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(180*cos(f*x+e)^5+180*cos
(f*x+e)^4+108*cos(f*x+e)^3+108*cos(f*x+e)^2-12*cos(f*x+e)-12)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*a^3*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(105*cos(f*x+e)^5+105*cos(f*x+e)^4+360
*cos(f*x+e)^3+360*cos(f*x+e)^2+54*cos(f*x+e)+54)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*a^2*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(210*cos(f*x+e)^3+210*cos(f*x+e)^2+180*cos(f*x+e)+1
80)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*a*b^5*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*(...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 533 vs. $2(237) = 474$.

Time = 4.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1187, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/192*(3*(3*a^4*b^2 - 4*a^3*b^3 + 18*a^2*b^4 + 60*a*b^5 + 35*b^6 + (3*a^
6 - 4*a^5*b + 18*a^4*b^2 + 60*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(3*
a^5*b - 4*a^4*b^2 + 18*a^3*b^3 + 60*a^2*b^4 + 35*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*
(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^
2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 -
14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(
f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e
)) - 8*(6*(a^6 + 2*a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(3*a^6 - a^5*b - 11
*a^4*b^2 - 7*a^3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(9*a^5*b - 12*a^4*b^2 - 99*a^3*b^
3 - 70*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (9*a^4*b^2 - 15*a^3*b^3 - 145*a^2*b^4 - 1
05*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*
x + e))/((a^9 + 2*a^8*b + a^7*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^8*b + 2*a^7*b^2
+ a^6*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^7*b^2 + 2*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4)*f), -1/96*(
3*(3*a^4*b^2 - 4*a^3*b^3 + 18*a^2*b^4 + 60*a*b^5 + 35*b^6 + (3*a^6 - 4*a^5
*b + 18*a^4*b^2 + 60*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(3*a^5*b - 4
*a^4*b^2 + 18*a^3*b^3 + 60*a^2*b^4 + 35*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arc
tan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*
b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cos(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cos^4(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)ab^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.295
$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2528
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2529
Rubi [A] (verified)	2530
Maple [B] (verified)	2535
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2536
Sympy [F(-1)]	2536
Maxima [F]	2537
Giac [F]	2537
Mupad [F(-1)]	2537
Reduce [F]	2538

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 332

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5(a-3b)(a^2+7b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16a^{11/2}f} + \frac{(5a^2-10ab+21b^2) \cos(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{16a^3 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{(5a-9b) \cos^3(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{24a^2 f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\cos^5(e+fx) \sin(e+fx)}{6af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15a^3-25a^2b+49ab^2+105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^4(a+b)f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15a^4-20a^3b+38a^2b^2+420ab^3+315b^4) \tan(e+fx)}{48a^5(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
5/16*(a-3*b)*(a^2+7*b^2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(11/2)/f+1/16*(5*a^2-10*a*b+21*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/24*(5*a-9*b)*cos(f*x+e)^3*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/6*cos(f*x+e)^5*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/48*b*(15*a^3-25*a^2*b+49*a*b^2+105*b^3)*tan(f*x+e)/a^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/48*b*(15*a^4-20*a^3*b+38*a^2*b^2+420*a*b^3+315*b^4)*tan(f*x+e)/a^5/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 18.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1776, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.35

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^16*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + 5*(a*AppellF1[3/2, -5, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*((15*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^11*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + 5*(a*AppellF1[3/2, -5, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^11)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + 5*(a*AppellF1[3/2, -5, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -4, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (15*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^9*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -5, ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 316, 25, 402, 27, 402, 25, 402, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sec(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{8b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{8b\tan^2(e+fx)+5a-b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{6a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{(5a-9b)\tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3(5a^2+3b^2+2(5a-9b)b\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d\tan(e+fx)}{4a} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \int \frac{5a^2+3b^2+2(5a-9b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{4a}{6a} + \frac{(5a-9b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{6a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 402

$$3 \left(\frac{(5a^2-10ab+21b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5a^3+5ba^2-5b^2a-21b^3+4b(5a^2-10ba+21b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a}{6a} + \frac{(5a-9b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 25

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{5a^3+5ba^2-5b^2a-21b^3+4b(5a^2-10ba+21b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{(5a^2-10ab+21b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4a}{6a} + \frac{(5a-9b) \tan(e+fx)}{4a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 402

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{15a^4+10b^2a^2-112b^3a-105b^4+2b(15a^3-25ba^2+49b^2a+105b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} + \frac{b(15a^3-25a^2b+49ab^2+105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a}{4a} + \frac{(5a^2-10ab+21b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2 (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 402

$$\left(\int \frac{15(a-3b)(a+b)^2(a^2+7b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(15a^4-20a^3b+38a^2b^2+420ab^3+315b^4)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{b(15a^3-25a^2b+49ab^2+105b^3)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \dots \right)$$

4a

6a

↓ 27

$$\left(\frac{15(a-3b)(a+b)(a^2+7b^2)}{a} \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) + \frac{b(15a^4-20a^3b+38a^2b^2+420ab^3+315b^4)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{b(15a^3-25a^2b+49ab^2+105b^3)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \dots \right)$$

4a

6a

↓ 291

$$\left(\frac{15(a-3b)(a+b)(a^2+7b^2)}{a} \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}+1} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{b(15a^4-20a^3b+38a^2b^2+420ab^3+315b^4)\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} + \frac{b(15a^3-25a^2b+49ab^2+105b^3)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \dots \right)$$

4a

6a

↓ 216

$$3 \left(\frac{(5a^2 - 10ab + 21b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 25a^2b + 49ab^2 + 105b^3) \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{15(a-3b)(a+b)(a^2+7b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15a^3 - 25a^2b + 49ab^2 + 105b^3)}{3a(a+b)} \right)$$

4a

6a

f

```
input Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (Tan[e + f*x]/(6*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)
) + (((5*a - 9*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*a*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b + b*Tan
[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (3*(((5*a^2 - 10*a*b + 21*b^2)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(1
+ Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((b*(15*a^3 - 25*a^
2*b + 49*a*b^2 + 105*b^3)*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*
x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*(a - 3*b)*(a + b)*(a^2 + 7*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e
+ f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) + (b*(15*a^4 - 20*a^3*b +
38*a^2*b^2 + 420*a*b^3 + 315*b^4)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b
*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b)))/(2*a)))/(4*a))/(6*a))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
, x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x
^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !
(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,
p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)
(p + 1) + d(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1601 vs. $2(304) = 608$.

Time = 27.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1602, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1602

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{48} \frac{f}{a^5} \frac{(-a)^{1/2}}{(a+b)^2} \frac{(15 \cos(f*x+e))^4 (1+\cos(f*x+e)) \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} a^7 \ln(4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} \cos(f*x+e) + 4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} - 4 \sin(f*x+e) a + 15 \cos(f*x+e)^2 (-\cos(f*x+e)^3 - \cos(f*x+e)^2 + 2 \cos(f*x+e) + 2) \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} a^6 b \ln(4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} \cos(f*x+e) + 4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} - 4 \sin(f*x+e) a + 15(1+2 \cos(f*x+e)^5 + 2 \cos(f*x+e)^4 - 2 \cos(f*x+e)^3 - 2 \cos(f*x+e)^2 + \cos(f*x+e)) \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} a^5 b^2 \ln(4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} \cos(f*x+e) + 4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} - 4 \sin(f*x+e) a + 15(-10 \cos(f*x+e)^5 - 10 \cos(f*x+e)^4 + 4 \cos(f*x+e)^3 + 4 \cos(f*x+e)^2 - \cos(f*x+e) - 1) \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} a^4 b^3 \ln(4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} \cos(f*x+e) + 4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} - 4 \sin(f*x+e) a + 15(-35 \cos(f*x+e)^5 - 35 \cos(f*x+e)^4 - 20 \cos(f*x+e)^3 - 20 \cos(f*x+e)^2 + 2 \cos(f*x+e) + 2) \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} a^3 b^4 \ln(4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} \cos(f*x+e) + 4(-a)^{1/2} \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} - 4 \sin(f*x+e) a + 15(-21 \cos(f*x+e)^5 - 21 \cos(f*x+e)^4 - 70 \cos(f*x+e)^3 - 70 \cos(f*x+e)^2 - 10 \cos(f*x+e) - 10) \left((b+a \cos(f*x+e))^2 / (1+\cos(f*x+e))^2 \right)^{1/2} a^2 b^5 \dots$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1337, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/384*(15*(a^5*b^2 - a^4*b^3 + 2*a^3*b^4 - 10*a^2*b^5 - 35*a*b^6 - 21*b^7
+ (a^7 - a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 - 10*a^4*b^3 - 35*a^3*b^4 - 21*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*
x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b - a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 - 10*a^3*b^4 - 35*a^2*b^5 - 21*a
*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3
*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^
4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2
- a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2
*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos
(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(8*(a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^9
+ 2*(5*a^7 + a^6*b - 13*a^5*b^2 - 9*a^4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(5*a^7 +
6*a^5*b^2 + 32*a^4*b^3 + 21*a^3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(15*a^6*b - 15*a^5
*b^2 + 31*a^4*b^3 + 287*a^3*b^4 + 210*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^5*b^
2 - 20*a^4*b^3 + 38*a^3*b^4 + 420*a^2*b^5 + 315*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(
(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^10 + 2*a^9*b + a^
8*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^9*b + 2*a^8*b^2 + a^7*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ (a^8*b^2 + 2*a^7*b^3 + a^6*b^4)*f), -1/192*(15*(a^5*b^2 - a^4*b^3 + 2*a
^3*b^4 - 10*a^2*b^5 - 35*a*b^6 - 21*b^7 + (a^7 - a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 - 10*a^
4*b^3 - 35*a^3*b^4 - 21*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b - a^5*b^2 + 2*a
^4*b^3 - 10*a^3*b^4 - 35*a^2*b^5 - 21*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*ar...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cos(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cos^6(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cos(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.296 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2539
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2540
Rubi [A] (verified)	2541
Maple [B] (verified)	2544
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2545
Sympy [F]	2546
Maxima [F(-1)]	2546
Giac [F]	2546
Mupad [F(-1)]	2547
Reduce [F]	2547

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx)}}\right)}{a^{7/2}d} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)d(a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{b(9a+5b) \tan(c+dx)}{15a^2(a+b)^2d(a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(33a^2+40ab+15b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{15a^3(a+b)^3d\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/(a+b*b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d-1/5*b*tan(d*x+c)/a/(a+b)/d/(a+b+b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2)-1/15*b*(9*a+5*b)*tan(d*x+c)/a^2/(a+b)^2/d/(a+b+b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)-1/15*b*(33*a^2+40*a*b+15*b^2)*tan(d*x+c)/a^3/(a+b)^3/d/(a+b+b*tan(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 15.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1777, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-7/2),x]`

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[c + d*x]^6*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*Sqrt[2]*d*(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (7*a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 9/2, 5/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[c + d*x]^2)*((21*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[c + d*x]^7*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(8*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(9/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (7*a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 9/2, 5/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[c + d*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[c + d*x]^7)/(8*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (7*a*AppellF1[3/2, -3, 9/2, 5/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 6*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[c + d*x]^2)) - (9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2, 3/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2, (a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[c + d*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -3, 7/2...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(c + dx)^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^{7/2}} d \tan(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-4b \tan^2(c+dx)+5a+b}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15a^2+12ba+5b^2-2b(9a+5b) \tan^2(c+dx)}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)(b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b(9a+5b) \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15(a+b)^3}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c+dx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(33a^2+40ab+15b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b}} - \frac{b(9a+5b) \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{15(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}} d \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b(33a^2+40ab+15b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b}} - \frac{b(9a+5b) \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{5/2}}$$

291

$$\frac{15(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(c+dx)}{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(c+dx)+a+b}}}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b(33a^2+40ab+15b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b}} - \frac{b(9a+5b) \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{5/2}}$$

216

$$\frac{15(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(33a^2+40ab+15b^2) \tan(c+dx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b}} - \frac{b(9a+5b) \tan(c+dx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \tan(c+dx)}{5a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(c+dx)+b)^{5/2}}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*Sec[c + d*x]^2)^(-7/2), x]
```

```
output (-1/5*(b*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2)^(5/2)) + (-1/3*(b*(9*a + 5*b)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[c + d*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(33*a^2 + 40*a*b + 15*b^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[c + d*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b))/(5*a*(a + b))/d
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))], x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1291 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 11.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1292, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.22

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1292

input `int(1/(a+sec(d*x+c)^2*b)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/15/d/(a+b)^3/a^3/(-a)^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)^6*(-15*cos(d*x+c)-15)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*a^6*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)-4*a*sin(d*x+c))+cos(d*x+c)^4*(-45*cos(d*x+c)^3-45*cos(d*x+c)^2-45*cos(d*x+c)-45)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*a^5*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)-4*a*sin(d*x+c))+cos(d*x+c)^2*(-45*cos(d*x+c)^5-45*cos(d*x+c)^4-135*cos(d*x+c)^3-135*cos(d*x+c)^2-45*cos(d*x+c)-45)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)-4*a*sin(d*x+c))+(-15*cos(d*x+c)^7-15*cos(d*x+c)^6-135*cos(d*x+c)^5-135*cos(d*x+c)^4-135*cos(d*x+c)^3-135*cos(d*x+c)^2-15*cos(d*x+c)-15)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)-4*a*sin(d*x+c))+(-45*cos(d*x+c)^5-45*cos(d*x+c)^4-135*cos(d*x+c)^3-135*cos(d*x+c)^2-45*cos(d*x+c)-45)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a+b)/(cos(d*x+c)+1)^2)^(1/2)-4*a*sin(d*x+c))+(-45*cos(d*x+c)^3-45*cos(d*x+c)^2-45*cos(d*x+c)-45)*((cos(d*x+c)^2*a...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1241, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/120*(15*((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6 + 3*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(d*x + c)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(d*x + c)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c) + 8*((45*a^5*b + 60*a^4*b^2 + 23*a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^5 + (75*a^4*b^2 + 94*a^3*b^3 + 35*a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (33*a^3*b^3 + 40*a^2*b^4 + 15*a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*cos(d*x + c)^2 + b)/cos(d*x + c)^2)*sin(d*x + c))/((a^10 + 3*a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + a^7*b^3)*d*cos(d*x + c)^6 + 3*(a^9*b + 3*a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + a^6*b^4)*d*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^8*b^2 + 3*a^7*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^4 + a^5*b^5)*d*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (a^7*b^3 + 3*a^6*b^4 + 3*a^5*b^5 + a^4*b^6)*d), -1/60*(15*((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*cos(d*x + c)^6 + a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + 3*a*b^5 + b^6 + 3*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 3*(a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(d*x + c)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*s...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(c + d*x)**2)**(-7/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec(dx + c)^2 + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(d*x + c)^2 + a)^(-7/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(c+dx)^2}\right)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(c + d*x)^2)^(7/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx + c)^2 b + a}}{\sec(dx + c)^8 b^4 + 4 \sec(dx + c)^6 a b^3 + 6 \sec(dx + c)^4 a^2 b^2 + 4 \sec(dx + c)^2 a^3 b + a^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(d*x+c)^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(c + d*x)**8*b**4 + 4*sec(c + d*x)**6*a*b**3 + 6*sec(c + d*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 4*sec(c + d*x)**2*a**3*b + a**4), x)`

3.297 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sec^2(x)}} dx$

Optimal result	2548
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2548
Rubi [A] (verified)	2549
Maple [B] (verified)	2550
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2551
Sympy [F]	2551
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2551
Giac [F]	2552
Mupad [F(-1)]	2552
Reduce [F]	2553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{2 + \tan^2(x)}}\right)$$

output

```
arctan(tan(x)/(2+tan(x)^2)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 37 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \sqrt{3 + \cos(2x)} \sec(x)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2], x]
```

output

```
(ArcSin[Sin[x]/Sqrt[2]]*Sqrt[3 + Cos[2*x]]*Sec[x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x) + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(x) + 1) \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} d \tan(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\frac{\tan^2(x)}{\tan^2(x)+2} + 1} d \frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \arctan \left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[1 + Sec[x]^2], x]`

output `ArcTan[Tan[x]/Sqrt[2 + Tan[x]^2]]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.43

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{(\cos(x)+1)^2}}\arctan\left(\frac{2\csc(x)-2\cot(x)}{\sqrt{2(1-\cos(x))^4\csc(x)^4+2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2+2\sec(x)^2}\left((1-\cos(x))^2\csc(x)^2-1\right)}$	76

input `int(1/(1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*2^(1/2)/(2+2*sec(x)^2)^(1/2)/((1-cos(x))^2*csc(x)^2-1)*((cos(x)^2+1)/(cos(x)+1)^2)^(1/2)*arctan(2/(2*(1-cos(x))^4*csc(x)^4+2)^(1/2)*(csc(x)-cot(x))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2+1}{\cos(x)^2}} \cos(x)^3 \sin(x) + \cos(x) \sin(x)}{\cos(x)^4 + \cos(x)^2 - 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*arctan((sqrt((cos(x)^2 + 1)/cos(x)^2)*cos(x)^3*sin(x) + cos(x)*sin(x)) / (cos(x)^4 + cos(x)^2 - 1)) - 1/2*arctan(sin(x)/cos(x))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec^2(x) + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+sec(x)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(sec(x)**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(12) = 24$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.71

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*arctan2(2*(2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)), 2*(2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + 8) + 1/2*arctan2(2*(2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + 2*sin(2*x), 2*(2*(6*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + cos(4*x)^2 + 36*cos(2*x)^2 + sin(4*x)^2 + 12*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 36*sin(2*x)^2 + 12*cos(2*x) + 1)^(1/4)*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*x) + 6*sin(2*x), cos(4*x) + 6*cos(2*x) + 1)) + 2*cos(2*x) + 6)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(sec(x)^2 + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(x)^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1/cos(x)^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(1/cos(x)^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sec^2(x)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(x)^2 + 1}}{\sec(x)^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+sec(x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(x)**2 + 1)/(sec(x)**2 + 1), x)`

3.298 $\int (d \sec(e+fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2554
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2554
Rubi [F]	2555
Maple [F]	2556
Fricas [F]	2556
Sympy [F]	2557
Maxima [F]	2557
Giac [F]	2557
Mupad [F(-1)]	2558
Reduce [F]	2558

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{2+m}{2}, \sec^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right) \cot(e + fx) (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p}{fm}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2*m, 1/2, -p, 1+1/2*m, sec(f*x+e)^2, -b*sec(f*x+e)^2/a)*cot(f*x+e)*(
d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(-tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f/m/(((a+b*sec(
f*x+e)^2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2195 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 16.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2195, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.60

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*Sec[e + f*x])^m*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1 - m/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(d*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^m*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1 + m/2 + p)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]/(f*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1 - m/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - m/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (a + b)*(-2 + m)*AppellF1[3/2, 2 - m/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2*((3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1 - m/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(m/2 + p)))/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1 - m/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - m/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (a + b)*(-2 + m)*AppellF1[3/2, 2 - m/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2 - (6*a*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, 1 - m/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1 + m/2 + p)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x])/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1 - m/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - m/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (a + b)*(-2 + m)*AppellF1[3/2, 2 - m/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2 + (6*(a + ...
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4638$$

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

input

```
Int[(d*Sec[e + f*x])^m*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4638 `Int[((d_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*Sec[e + f*x])^m*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (d \sec(fx + e))^m (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int((d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^p (d \sec(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*sec(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d \sec(e+fx))^m (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^p dx = \int (d \sec(e+fx))^m (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*sec(f*x+e))**m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((d*sec(e + f*x))**m*(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d \sec(e+fx))^m (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx+e) + a)^p (d \sec(fx+e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*sec(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d \sec(e+fx))^m (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx+e) + a)^p (d \sec(fx+e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*sec(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{d}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p*(d/cos(e + f*x))^m,x)`output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p*(d/cos(e + f*x))^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d \sec(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= d^m \left(\int \sec(fx + e)^m (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p dx \right)$$

input `int((d*sec(f*x+e))^m*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`output `d**m*int(sec(e + f*x)**m*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p,x)`

3.299 $\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2559
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2559
Rubi [A] (verified)	2560
Maple [F]	2563
Fricas [F]	2563
Sympy [F(-1)]	2563
Maxima [F]	2564
Giac [F]	2564
Mupad [F(-1)]	2564
Reduce [F]	2565

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 + p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cos^2(e + fx)^p \sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} (\sec^2(e + fx))^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,2+p,-p,3/2,sin(f*x+e)^2,a*sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^p/f/(((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1392 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 15.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1392, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.26

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```


output

```
(AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b
))] * Sec[e + f*x]^3 * (a + b * Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p * Tan[e + f*x] * (3*(a + b) * Appell
F1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (
2*b*p * AppellF1[3/2, -1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2
)/(a + b))] + (a + b) * AppellF1[3/2, 1/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan
[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) * Tan[e + f*x]^2) / (f * (AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2,
-Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] * Sec[e + f*x]^2 * (3*(a + b)
* AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)
))] + (2*b*p * AppellF1[3/2, -1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (a + b) * AppellF1[3/2, 1/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2,
-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) * Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (2*a*p * AppellF1[1/2, -1/
2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] * Sin[2*(e + f*x
)] * Tan[e + f*x] * (3*(a + b) * AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -
((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (2*b*p * AppellF1[3/2, -1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan
[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (a + b) * AppellF1[3/2, 1/2,
-p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) * Tan[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + 2*b + a * Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 2*(1/2 + p) * AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2,
-Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] * Tan[e + f*x]^2 * (3*(a + b)
* AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)
))] + (2*b*p * AppellF1[3/2, -1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4636$$

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} d \sin(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p}{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2} d \sin(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 2058

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{-p-2} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{-p} d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{-p-2} \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, p + 2, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx)\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 2 + p, -p, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^p*((a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))^p)/(f*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]^{(p_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{p_+}c^{q_+}x \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)(x^2/a), (-d)(x^2/c)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

rule 334 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]^{(p_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_+)((a_+) + (b_+)/(c_+ + (d_+)(x_+)^n))^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_+)((e_+)((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^n))^{(q_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^n)^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p / ((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r})) \text{Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_+, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]

rule 4636 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e_+) + (f_+)(x_+)]^{(m_+)}((a_+) + (b_+)\sec[(e_+) + (f_+)(x_+)]^{(n_+)})^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^{(n/2)}]^p / (1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m+1)/2}, x], x, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]

Maple [F]

$$\int \sec^3(fx + e) (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sec^3(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\cos(e + fx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \sec(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sec(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.300 $\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2566
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2566
Rubi [A] (verified)	2567
Maple [F]	2570
Fricas [F]	2570
Sympy [F]	2570
Maxima [F]	2571
Giac [F]	2571
Mupad [F(-1)]	2571
Reduce [F]	2572

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cos^2(e + fx)^p \sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} (\sec^2(e + fx))^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,p+1,-p,3/2,sin(f*x+e)^2,a*sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^p*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^p/f/(((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1394 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 15.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1394, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.28

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(f*(AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (2*a*p*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + 2*(-1/2 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4636$$

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx)$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)} d \sin(e + fx)$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p}{f} \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{-p-1} (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{-p} d \sin(e + fx)$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{-p-1} \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, p + 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx)\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 1 + p, -p, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^p*((a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))^p)/(f*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 333 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]^{(p_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{p_+}c^{q_+}x \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)(x^2/a), (-d)(x^2/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 334 $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2]^{(p_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{(q_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p * (c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_+)((a_+) + (b_+)/(c_+ + (d_+)(x_+)^n))^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u * ((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_+)((e_+)((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^n))^{(q_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^n)^{(r_+)}]^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q * (c + d*x^n)^r]^p / ((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)} * (c + d*x^n)^{(p*r}))] \ \text{Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)} * (c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4636 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e_+) + (f_+)(x_+)]^{(m_+)}((a_+) + (b_+)\sec[(e_+) + (f_+)(x_+)]^{(n_+)})^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2))^{(n/2)}]^p / (1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m+1)/2}, x], x, \text{Sin}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \sec (fx + e) (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sec (e + fx) (a + b \sec^2 (e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec (fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sec (fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec (e + fx) (a + b \sec^2 (e + fx))^p dx = \int (a + b \sec^2 (e + fx))^p \sec (e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p*sec(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\cos(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \sec(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sec(e + f*x),x)`

3.301 $\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2573
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2573
Rubi [A] (verified)	2574
Maple [F]	2576
Fricas [F]	2577
Sympy [F(-1)]	2577
Maxima [F]	2577
Giac [F]	2578
Mupad [F(-1)]	2578
Reduce [F]	2578

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cos^2(e + fx)^p \sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} (\sec^2(e + fx))^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,p,-p,3/2,sin(f*x+e)^2,a*sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(cos(f*x+e)^2)^p*
sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^p/f/(((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2)/
(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1983 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 15.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1983, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.25

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2 + p)
*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 3/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 3*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 5/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*((-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1/2 + p))/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 3/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 3*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 5/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (6*a*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2 + p)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x])/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 3/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 3*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 5/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (6*(a + b)*(-3/2 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 3/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sec(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4636$$

$$\frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \right)^p d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \right)^p d \sin(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^p (-a \sin^2(e+fx) + a+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \right)^p \int (1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{-p} (-a \sin^2(e+fx) - \dots)}{f}$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-p} \int (1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^p d \sin(e - \dots)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\sin(e+fx) (1 - \sin^2(e+fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e+fx)+a+b}{1 - \sin^2(e+fx)} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e+fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, p, -p, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^p*((a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))^p)/(f*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(fx + e) (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cos(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \cos(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cos(e + f*x),x)`

3.302 $\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2579
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2579
Rubi [A] (verified)	2580
Maple [F]	2582
Fricas [F]	2583
Sympy [F(-1)]	2583
Maxima [F]	2583
Giac [F]	2584
Mupad [F(-1)]	2584
Reduce [F]	2584

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -1 + p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cos^2(e + fx)^p \sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p}}{f} (\sec$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2, -1+p, -p, 3/2, sin(f*x+e)^2, a*sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(cos(f*x+e)^2)
^p*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^p/f/(((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^
2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1987 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 15.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1987, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.92

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-7/2 + p)
*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 5/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 5*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 7/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*((-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2 + p))/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 5/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 5*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 7/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (6*a*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2 + p)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x])/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 5/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 5*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 7/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (6*(a + b)*(-5/2 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 5/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sec(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4636$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 2057$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx)) \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 2058$$

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{1-p} (-a \sin^2(e + fx))}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 334$$

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{1-p} \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 333$$

$$\frac{\sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, p - 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx)\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, -1 + p, -p, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^p*((a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))^p)/(f*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim`
`p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[`
`(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&`
`NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*`
`((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(`
`r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +`
`b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*`
`r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_`
`)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f`
`Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x`
`, Sin[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
`&& IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(fx + e)^3 (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cos(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.303 $\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2585
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2585
Rubi [A] (verified)	2586
Maple [F]	2588
Fricas [F]	2589
Sympy [F(-1)]	2589
Maxima [F]	2589
Giac [F]	2590
Mupad [F(-1)]	2590
Reduce [F]	2590

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2 + p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cos^2(e + fx)^p \sin(e + fx) \left(\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p}}{f} (\sec$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2, -2+p, -p, 3/2, sin(f*x+e)^2, a*sin(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(cos(f*x+e)^2)
^p*sin(f*x+e)*(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^2))^p/f/(((a+b-a*sin(f*x+e)^
2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1997 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 15.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1997, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.02

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-7/2 + p)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 7/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + 7*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 9/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2*((-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2 + p))/(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 7/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + 7*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 9/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (6*a*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-7/2 + p)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x])/(f*(-3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + (-2*b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 7/2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]) + 7*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 9/2, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (6*(a + b)*(-7/2 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 7/2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4636, 2057, 2058, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sec(e + fx)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4636$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2057

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^2 \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p (-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{2-p} (-a \sin^2(e + fx))}{f}$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \int (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^{2-p} \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p d \sin(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\sin(e + fx) (1 - \sin^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{-a \sin^2(e + fx) + a + b}{1 - \sin^2(e + fx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, p - 2, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(e + fx)\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, -2 + p, -p, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]*(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2)^p*((a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(1 - Sin[e + f*x]^2))^p)/(f*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4636 `Int[sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))]^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sin[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m + 1)/2), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n/2] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(fx + e)^5 (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cos(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.304 $\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2592
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2592
Maple [F]	2595
Fricas [F]	2595
Sympy [F(-1)]	2595
Maxima [F]	2596
Giac [F]	2596
Mupad [F(-1)]	2596
Reduce [F]	2597

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(3a - b(7 + 4p)) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{b^2 f(3 + 2p)(5 + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\tan^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{bf(5 + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2 - 4ab(1 + p) + 4b^2(2 + 3p + p^2)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b)}{b^2 f(3 + 2p)(5 + 2p)}$$

output

```

-(3*a-b*(7+4*p))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/b^2/f/(3+2*p)/(5+2*
p)+tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/b/f/(5+2*p)+(3*a^2-4*a*b*(p+1)+
4*b^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*
x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/b^2/f/(3+2*p)/(5+2*p)/(((a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(
a+b))^p)
    
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) \left(1 + \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \left(15 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `((a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]*(15*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 10*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2 + 3*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^4))/(15*f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 318, 25, 299, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\int \frac{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)^2 (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 318$$

$$\frac{\int - (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p ((3a-2b(p+2)) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-2b(p+2)) d \tan(e+fx)}{b(2p+5)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)}$$

f

25

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} - \frac{\int (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p ((3a-2b(p+2)) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-2b(p+2)) d \tan(e+fx)}{b(2p+5)}$$

f

299

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} - \frac{(3a-2b(p+2)) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(3a^2-4ab(p+1)+4b^2(p^2+3p+2)) \int (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p ((3a-2b(p+2)) \tan^2(e+fx)+a-2b(p+2)) d \tan(e+fx)}{b(2p+5)}$$

f

238

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} - \frac{(3a-2b(p+2)) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(3a^2-4ab(p+1)+4b^2(p^2+3p+2))(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)}$$

f

237

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} - \frac{(3a-2b(p+2)) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(3a^2-4ab(p+1)+4b^2(p^2+3p+2)) \tan(e+fx)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)}$$

f

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*(1 + Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(5 + 2*p)) - (((3*a - 2*b*(2 + p))*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 2*p)) - ((3*a^2 - 4*a*b*(1 + p) + 4*b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(b*(3 + 2*p)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p))/(b*(5 + 2*p))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 237 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[2p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 238 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \quad \text{Int}[(1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[2p] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x^2)^p) \cdot ((c + (d \cdot x^2)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (2p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2p+3)) / (b \cdot (2p+3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2p+3, 0]$
- rule 318 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x^2)^p) \cdot ((c + (d \cdot x^2)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (b \cdot (2(p+q)+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (2(p+q)+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2(p+q)+1) - a \cdot d) + d \cdot (b \cdot c \cdot (2(p+2q-1)+1) - a \cdot d \cdot (2(q-1)+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2(p+q)+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4634 $\text{Int}[\sec[(e \cdot x) + (f \cdot x)]^m \cdot ((a + (b \cdot x^2)^n)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/f \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 + \text{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[a + b \cdot (1 + \text{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2}], x]^p, x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f \cdot x]/\text{ff}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \sec^6(fx + e) (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\cos(e + fx)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^6,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \sec^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sec(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.305 $\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2598
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2598
Rubi [A] (verified)	2599
Maple [F]	2601
Fricas [F]	2601
Sympy [F(-1)]	2601
Maxima [F]	2602
Giac [F]	2602
Mupad [F(-1)]	2602
Reduce [F]	2603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{bf(3 + 2p)} - \frac{(a - 2b(1 + p)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p}{bf(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```
tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/b/f/(3+2*p)-(a-2*b*(p+1))*hypergeom(
[1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/b
/f/(3+2*p)/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) \left(1 + \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-p} \left((-a + 2b(1 + p)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)\right)}{bf(3 + 2p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]*((-a + 2*b*(1 + p))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + (a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p))/(b*f*(3 + 2*p)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 299, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \sec(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

↓ 4634

$$\int (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 299

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(a - 2b(p+1)) \int (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{b(2p+3)}$$

f
↓ 238

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(a - 2b(p+1))(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{b(2p+3)}$$

f
↓ 237

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(a - 2b(p+1)) \tan(e + fx)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)}{b(2p+3)}$$

f

input `Int[Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 2*p)) - ((a - 2*b*(1 + p))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(b*(3 + 2*p)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sec^4(fx + e) (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\cos(e + fx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \sec^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sec(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.306 $\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2604
Rubi [A] (verified)	2605
Maple [F]	2606
Fricas [F]	2607
Sympy [F]	2607
Maxima [F]	2607
Giac [F]	2608
Mupad [F(-1)]	2608
Reduce [F]	2608

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

output

```
hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) \left(1 + \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-p}}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + b*Sec
[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sec(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4634} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^p d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*
x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4634 `Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sec(fx + e)^2 (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \sec^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \sec^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*sec(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^p}{\cos(e + fx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p/cos(e + f*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e) b + a)^p \sec^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.307 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2609
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2609
Rubi [A] (verified)	2610
Maple [F]	2612
Fricas [F]	2612
Sympy [F]	2612
Maxima [F]	2613
Giac [F]	2613
Mupad [F(-1)]	2613
Reduce [F]	2614

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2137 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 6.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2137, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.14

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*((3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1 + p))/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (6*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4616$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 334$$

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 333$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p,x)`

3.308 $\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2615
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2615
Rubi [A] (verified)	2616
Maple [F]	2618
Fricas [F]	2618
Sympy [F(-1)]	2618
Maxima [F]	2619
Giac [F]	2619
Mupad [F(-1)]	2619
Reduce [F]	2620

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{f}$$

output `AppellF1(1/2,2,-p,3/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)`

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1343 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 14.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1343, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.80

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output

```
(AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/
2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*Ap
pellF1[3/2, 2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
- 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^
2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(f*(AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]
^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2,
2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*Appe
llF1[3/2, 2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] -
2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)
/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2 - (2*a*p*AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*
x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x]*(3*(a +
b)*AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b
))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 2, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*
x]^2)/(a + b))] - 2*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 3, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((
b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)
]) + 2*(-2 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*
x]^2)/(a + b))*Tan[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e
+ f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 2, 1 - p,
5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 2*(a + b)*Appel...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)
)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(fx + e)^2 (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p dx$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^2, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cos^2(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \cos^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.309 $\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2621
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2621
Rubi [A] (verified)	2622
Maple [F]	2624
Fricas [F]	2624
Sympy [F(-1)]	2624
Maxima [F]	2625
Giac [F]	2625
Mupad [F(-1)]	2625
Reduce [F]	2626

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,3,-p,3/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1342 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 14.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1342, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.79

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[
1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*
AppellF1[3/2, 3, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)
)] - 3*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 4, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]
]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(f*(AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*
x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/
2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*Ap
pellF1[3/2, 3, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))
] - 3*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 4, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^
2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (2*a*p*AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e +
f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x]*(3*(a
+ b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a +
b))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 3, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 3*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 4, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -
((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*
x)]) + 2*(-3 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b))*Tan[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan
[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 3, 1 -
p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 3*(a + b)*App...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sec(e + fx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 3, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)
)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f
Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2),
x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ
[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(fx + e)^4 (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p dx$$

input

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos^4(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^4, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cos^4(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \cos^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cos(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.310 $\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	2627
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2627
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2628
Maple [F]	2630
Fricas [F]	2630
Sympy [F(-1)]	2630
Maxima [F]	2631
Giac [F]	2631
Mupad [F(-1)]	2631
Reduce [F]	2632

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,4,-p,3/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1914 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 15.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1914, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.52

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-4 + p)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]/(f*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 4, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 5, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)*((3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3 + p))/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 4, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 5, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - (6*a*(a + b)*p*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-4 + p)*Sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x]/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 4, 1 - p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, 5, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (6*(a + b)*(-4 + p)*AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + ...
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4634, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\sec(e + fx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4634$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)^4} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cos[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 4, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4634

```
Int[sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m/2 - 1)*ExpandToSum[a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2), x]^p, x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m/2] && IntegerQ[n/2]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(fx + e)^6 (a + b \sec(fx + e))^p dx$$

```
input int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(cos(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cos(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cos(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cos(e + fx)^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cos(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p \cos^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cos(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cos(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.311 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2633
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2633
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2634
Maple [A] (verified)	2636
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2636
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2637
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2637
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2638
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2639

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{(2a - b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{(a - 2b) \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b \sec^6(e + fx)}{6f}$$

output

```
-a*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f-1/2*(2*a-b)*sec(f*x+e)^2/f+1/4*(a-2*b)*sec(f*x+e)^4/f+1/6*b*sec(f*x+e)^6/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a \sec^2(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b \tan^6(e + fx)}{6f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a \cdot \log[\cos[e + f \cdot x]]}{f}\right) - \frac{a \cdot \sec[e + f \cdot x]^2}{f} + \frac{a \cdot \sec[e + f \cdot x]^4}{4 \cdot f} + \frac{b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^6}{6 \cdot f}$$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^7(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^4(e + fx) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sec^4(e + fx) + (a - 2b) \sec^3(e + fx) + (b - 2a) \sec^2(e + fx) + a \sec(e + fx)) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}(a - 2b) \sec^2(e + fx) + (2a - b) \sec(e + fx) + a \log(\cos^2(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{3}b \sec^3(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sec[e + f \cdot x]^2) \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^5, x]$$

output

```
-1/2*(a*Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2] + (2*a - b)*Sec[e + f*x] - ((a - 2*b)*Sec[e +
f*x]^2)/2 - (b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f
*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*
x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}
, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
parts	$a \left(\frac{\tan^4(fx+e) - \tan^2(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{\ln(1+\tan^2(fx+e))}{2} \right) + \frac{b \tan^6(fx+e)}{6f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sec^6(fx+e)b}{6} + \frac{\sec^4(fx+e)a}{4} - \frac{b \sec^2(fx+e)}{2} - a \sec^2(fx+e) + \frac{b \sec^2(fx+e)}{2} + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sec^6(fx+e)b}{6} + \frac{\sec^4(fx+e)a}{4} - \frac{b \sec^2(fx+e)}{2} - a \sec^2(fx+e) + \frac{b \sec^2(fx+e)}{2} + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
risch	$iax + \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{-4ae^{10i(fx+e)} + 2be^{10i(fx+e)} - 12ae^{8i(fx+e)} - 16ae^{6i(fx+e)} + \frac{20be^{6i(fx+e)}}{3} - 12ae^{4i(fx+e)} - 4ae^{2i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^6}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a/f*(1/4*tan(f*x+e)^4-1/2*tan(f*x+e)^2+1/2*ln(1+tan(f*x+e)^2))+1/6*b/f*tan(f*x+e)^6`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{12a \cos(fx + e)^6 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) + 6(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 3(a - 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2b}{12f \cos(fx + e)^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(12*a*cos(f*x + e)^6*log(-cos(f*x + e)) + 6*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*(a - 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^6)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{a \tan^4(e+fx)}{4f} - \frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan^4(e+fx) \sec^2(e+fx)}{6f} - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^2(e+fx)}{6f} + \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{6f} \\ x(a + b \sec^2(e)) \tan^5(e) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((a*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a*tan(e + f*x)**4/(4*f) - a*tan(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + b*tan(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**2/(6*f) - b*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2/(6*f) + b*sec(e + f*x)**2/(6*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**2)*tan(e)**5, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{6a \log(\sin^2(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{6(2a-b) \sin^4(fx+e) - 3(7a-2b) \sin^2(fx+e) + 9a-2b}{\sin^6(fx+e) - 3 \sin^4(fx+e) + 3 \sin^2(fx+e) - 1}}{12f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(6*a*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - (6*(2*a - b)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 3*(7*a - 2*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 9*a - 2*b)/(sin(f*x + e)^6 - 3*sin(f*x + e)^4 + 3*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f} - \frac{6(2a - b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 3(a - 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2b}{12f \cos(fx + e)^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f - 1/12*(6*(2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*(a - 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^6)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a \ln(\tan(e+fx)^2+1)}{2} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)^2}{2} + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)^4}{4} + \frac{b \tan(e+fx)^6}{6}}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `((a*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/2 - (a*tan(e + f*x)^2)/2 + (a*tan(e + f*x)^4)/4 + (b*tan(e + f*x)^6)/6)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a + 2 \sec(fx + e)^2 \tan(fx + e)^4 b - 2 \sec(fx + e)^2 \tan(fx + e)^2 b + 2 \sec(fx + e)^2 \tan(fx + e) b - 6 \tan(fx + e)^2 a}{12f}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)
```

output

```
(6*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**4*b - 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*b + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + 3*tan(e + f*x)**4*a - 6*tan(e + f*x)**2*a)/(12*f)
```


3.312 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2640
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2640
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2641
Maple [A] (verified)	2643
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2643
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2645
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2645
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{(a - b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f}$$

output `a*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+1/2*(a-b)*sec(f*x+e)^2/f+1/4*b*sec(f*x+e)^4/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a(2 \log(\cos(e + fx)) + \sec^2(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{b \tan^4(e + fx)}{4f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output

```
(a*(2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] + Sec[e + f*x]^2))/(2*f) + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^4)/(4*f)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$-\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^5(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$-\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^3(e + fx) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$-\frac{\int (b \sec^3(e + fx) + (a - b) \sec^2(e + fx) - a \sec(e + fx)) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{-(a - b) \sec(e + fx) - a \log(\cos^2(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{2} b \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(-(a*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2]) - (a - b)*\text{Sec}[e + f*x] - (b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/2)}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85
$$\text{Int}[\text{((d_.)*(x_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))* \text{((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))}^{\text{(p_.)}, x_]} : > \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 354
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_.)}* \text{((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(q_.)}, x_ \text{Symbol}] :> \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\text{(m - 1)/2}}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_ \text{Symbol}] :> \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_ \text{Symbol}] :> \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4626
$$\text{Int}[\text{((a_.) + (b_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])}^{\text{(n_)}}^{\text{(p_.)}* \text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{\text{(m_.)}, x_ \text{Symbol}] :> \text{Module}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{\text{(m + n*p - 1)}})^{-1} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{\text{(m - 1)/2}}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{\text{(m + n*p)}}), x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	s
parts	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^2}{2} - \frac{\ln(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)}{2} \right)}{f} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)^4}{4f}$	4
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b \sec(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{a \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - \frac{b \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	4
default	$\frac{\frac{b \sec(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{a \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - \frac{b \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	4
risch	$-iax - \frac{2iae}{f} - \frac{2(-ae^{6i(fx+e)} + be^{6i(fx+e)} - 2ae^{4i(fx+e)} - ae^{2i(fx+e)} + be^{2i(fx+e)})}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^4} + \frac{a \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}{f}$	1

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/f*(1/2*tan(f*x+e)^2-1/2*ln(1+tan(f*x+e)^2))+1/4*b/f*tan(f*x+e)^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4a \cos(fx + e)^4 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) + 2(a - b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{4f \cos(fx + e)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(4*a*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(-cos(f*x + e)) + 2*(a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^2(e+fx)}{4f} - \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{4f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \sec^2(e)) \tan^3(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a*tan(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + b*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2/(4*f) - b*sec(e + f*x)**2/(4*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**2)*tan(e)**3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) - \frac{2(a-b)\sin(fx+e)^2 - 2a+b}{\sin(fx+e)^4 - 2\sin(fx+e)^2 + 1}}{4f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(2*a*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - (2*(a - b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a + b)/(sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f} + \frac{2(a - b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{4f \cos(fx + e)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f + 1/4*(2*(a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \tan(e + fx)^2}{2f} - \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^4}{4f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `(a*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*f) - (a*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^4)/(4*f)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{-2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a + \sec(fx + e)^2 \tan(fx + e)^2 b - \sec(fx + e)^2 b + 2 \tan(fx + e)^2 a}{4f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`

output `(- 2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*b - sec
(e + f*x)**2*b + 2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a)/(4*f)`

3.313 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2647
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2647
Rubi [A] (verified)	2648
Maple [A] (verified)	2649
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2651
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2651
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2651

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
-a*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+1/2*b*sec(f*x+e)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x],x]
```

output

```
-((a*Log[Cos[e + f*x]])/f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & - \frac{\int (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec^3(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{244} \\ & - \frac{\int (b \sec^3(e + fx) + a \sec(e + fx)) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{2} b \sec^2(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x],x]
```

output

```
-((a*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] - (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/2)/f)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \sec^2(fx+e) + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	26
default	$\frac{b \sec^2(fx+e) + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	26
parts	$\frac{a \ln(1 + \tan^2(fx+e))}{2f} + \frac{b \sec^2(fx+e)}{2f}$	33
risch	$iax + \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{2be^{2i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^2} - \frac{a \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}{f}$	61

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/2*b*sec(f*x+e)^2+a*ln(sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{2a \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) - b}{2f \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(2*a*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-cos(f*x + e)) - b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \sec^2(e)) \tan(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*tan(f*x+e),x)`output `Piecewise((a*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + b*sec(e + f*x)**2/(2*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**2)*tan(e), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) + \frac{b}{\sin(fx+e)^2-1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(a*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) + b/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f} + \frac{b}{2f \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-a*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f + 1/2*b/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^2}{2f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `(a*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*f)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{\log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a + \sec(fx + e)^2 b}{2f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e),x)`output `(log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + sec(e + f*x)**2*b)/(2*f)`

3.314 $\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2652
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2652
Rubi [A] (verified)	2653
Maple [A] (verified)	2654
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2655
Sympy [F]	2655
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2656
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2656
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2656
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{(a + b) \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

output `-b*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+(a+b)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((b*Log[Cos[e + f*x]])/f) + (a*Log[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (b*Log[Sin[e + f*x]])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\tan(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) \sec(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{-a-b}{\cos^2(e + fx) - 1} + b \sec(e + fx) \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{b \log(\cos^2(e + fx)) - (a + b) \log(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(b*Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86	<pre>Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))</pre>
rule 354	<pre>Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]</pre>
rule 2009	<pre>Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]</pre>
rule 3042	<pre>Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]</pre>
rule 4626	<pre>Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]</pre>

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(\sin(fx+e))+b \ln(\tan(fx+e))}{f}$	24
default	$\frac{a \ln(\sin(fx+e))+b \ln(\tan(fx+e))}{f}$	24
risch	$-iax - \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)a}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)b}{f} - \frac{b \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}{f}$	67

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*ln(sin(f*x+e))+b*ln(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \log(\cos(fx + e)^2) - (a + b) \log(-\frac{1}{4} \cos(fx + e)^2 + \frac{1}{4})}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b*log(cos(f*x + e)^2) - (a + b)*log(-1/4*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1/4))/f`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) - (a + b) \log(\sin(fx + e)^2)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - (a + b)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + b) \log(|\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1|)}{2f}$$

$$- \frac{b \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(a + b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f - b*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)) (a + b)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `(log(tan(e + f*x))*(a + b))/f - (a*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) a - \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) b - \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) b + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) a}{f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b - log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b + log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a + log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*b)/f`

3.315 $\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2658
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2658
Rubi [A] (verified)	2659
Maple [A] (verified)	2660
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2661
Sympy [F]	2661
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2662
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2662
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2662
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2663

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(a + b) \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b)*csc(f*x+e)^2/f-a*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{b \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(a*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/f - (b*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f) - (a*Log[Sin[e + f*x]])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 353, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}{\tan(e+fx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{a}{\cos^2(e+fx)-1} + \frac{a+b}{(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} \right) d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{a+b}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} + a \log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b)/(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2) + a*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 353 $\text{Int}[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4626 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{(m + n*p - 1)})^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m - 1)/2}*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m + n*p)}], x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, n\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} - \ln(\sin(fx+e))\right) - \frac{b}{2\sin(fx+e)^2}}{f}$	39
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} - \ln(\sin(fx+e))\right) - \frac{b}{2\sin(fx+e)^2}}{f}$	39
risch	$iax + \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{2(a+b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^2} - \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)a}{f}$	63

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2-ln(sin(f*x+e)))-1/2*b/sin(f*x+e)^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(a \cos(fx + e)^2 - a) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(fx + e)\right) - a - b}{2(f \cos(fx + e)^2 - f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)) - a - b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cot^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \log(\sin(fx + e)^2) + \frac{a+b}{\sin(fx+e)^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(a*log(sin(f*x + e)^2) + (a + b)/sin(f*x + e)^2)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{a \log(|\sin(fx + e)|)}{f} - \frac{a + b}{2f \sin(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-a*log(abs(sin(f*x + e)))/f - 1/2*(a + b)/(f*sin(f*x + e)^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} - \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)^2 (\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2})}{f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`output `(a*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) - (a*log(tan(e + f*x)))/f - (cot(e + f*x)^2*(a/2 + b/2))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a + \sin(fx + e)^2 a + \sin(fx + e)^2 b}{4 \sin(fx + e)^2 f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)) *sin(e + f*x)**2*a + sin(e + f*x)**2*a + sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 2*a - 2*b)/(4*sin(e + f*x)**2*f)`

3.316 $\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2664
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2664
Rubi [A] (verified)	2665
Maple [A] (verified)	2667
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2667
Sympy [F]	2668
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2668
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2668
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2669
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2669

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(2a + b) \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{(a + b) \csc^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

output `1/2*(2*a+b)*csc(f*x+e)^2/f-1/4*(a+b)*csc(f*x+e)^4/f+a*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \cot^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{a \csc^2(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a \csc^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$$-1/4*(b*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^4)/f + (a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2)/f - (a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^4)/(4*f) + (a*\text{Log}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x]])/f$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\tan(e + fx)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & - \frac{\int \left(-\frac{a}{\cos^2(e+fx)-1} + \frac{-2a-b}{(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} + \frac{-a-b}{(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^3} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{\frac{a+b}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{2a+b}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} - a \log(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2), x]$$

output

```
-1/2*((a + b)/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (2*a + b)/(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)
- a*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.))^((p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f
*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*
x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}
, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	s
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} + \ln(\sin(fx+e))\right) - \frac{b \cos(fx+e)^4}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4}}{f}$	5
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} + \ln(\sin(fx+e))\right) - \frac{b \cos(fx+e)^4}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4}}{f}$	5
risch	$-iax - \frac{2iae}{f} - \frac{2(2ae^{6i(fx+e)} + be^{6i(fx+e)} - 2ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + be^{2i(fx+e)})}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^4} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)a}{f}$	1

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^4+1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2+ln(sin(f*x+e)))-1/4*b/sin(f*x+e)^4*cos(f*x+e)^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(2a + b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4(a \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2a \cos(fx + e)^2 + a) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(fx + e)\right) - 3a - b}{4(f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2f \cos(fx + e)^2 + f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*(2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*(a*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)) - 3*a - b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cot^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{2a \log(\sin(fx + e)^2) + \frac{2(2a+b)\sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b}{\sin(fx+e)^4}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*a*log(sin(f*x + e)^2) + (2*(2*a + b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/sin(f*x + e)^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \log(|\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1|)}{2f} - \frac{2(2a + b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3a - b}{4(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2 f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}a \log(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)/f - \frac{1}{4}(2(2a + b)\cos(fx + e)^2 - 3a - b)/((\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2 f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} - \frac{-\frac{a \tan(e+fx)^2}{2} + \frac{a}{4} + \frac{b}{4}}{f \tan(e + fx)^4}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cot(e + fx)^5 * (a + b/\cos(e + fx)^2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(a \log(\tan(e + fx)))}{f} - \frac{(a \log(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1))}{(2f)} - \frac{(a/4 + b/4 - (a \tan(e + fx)^2)/2)}{(f \tan(e + fx)^4)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{-32 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a + 32 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 13 \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 5 \sin(e + fx)^4 b + 32 \sin(e + fx)^2 a + 16 \sin(e + fx)^2 b - 8a - 8b}{32 \sin(fx + e)^4 f}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cot(fx+e)^5*(a+b*\sec(fx+e)^2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(-32 \log(\tan((e + fx)/2)**2 + 1) * \sin(e + fx)**4 * a + 32 \log(\tan((e + fx)/2)) * \sin(e + fx)**4 * a - 13 * \sin(e + fx)**4 * a - 5 * \sin(e + fx)**4 * b + 32 * \sin(e + fx)**2 * a + 16 * \sin(e + fx)**2 * b - 8 * a - 8 * b)}{(32 * \sin(e + fx)**4 * f)}$$

3.317 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2670
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2670
Rubi [A] (verified)	2671
Maple [A] (verified)	2673
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2673
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2674
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2674
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2675
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2676

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx = -ax + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \tan^7(e + fx)}{7f}$$

output

```
-a*x+a*tan(f*x+e)/f-1/3*a*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*a*tan(f*x+e)^5/f+1/7*b*tan(f*x+e)^7/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \tan^7(e + fx)}{7f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]]}{f}\right) + \frac{a \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]}{f} - \frac{a \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]^3}{3 f} + \frac{a \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]^5}{5 f} + \frac{b \operatorname{Tan}[e + f x]^7}{7 f}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 363, 254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^6(e + f x) (a + b \sec^2(e + f x)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + f x)^6 (a + b \sec(e + f x)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4629$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + f x) (a + b (\tan^2(e + f x) + 1))}{\tan^2(e + f x) + 1} d \tan(e + f x)$$

$$\downarrow 2075$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + f x) (b \tan^2(e + f x) + a + b)}{\tan^2(e + f x) + 1} d \tan(e + f x)$$

$$\downarrow 363$$

$$a \int \frac{\tan^6(e + f x)}{\tan^2(e + f x) + 1} d \tan(e + f x) + \frac{1}{7} b \tan^7(e + f x)$$

$$\downarrow 254$$

$$a \int \left(\tan^4(e + f x) - \tan^2(e + f x) - \frac{1}{\tan^2(e + f x) + 1} + 1 \right) d \tan(e + f x) + \frac{1}{7} b \tan^7(e + f x)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a \left(-\arctan(\tan(e + f x)) + \frac{1}{5} \tan^5(e + f x) - \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(e + f x) + \tan(e + f x) \right) + \frac{1}{7} b \tan^7(e + f x)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `((b*Tan[e + f*x]^7)/7 + a*(-ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + Tan[e + f*x] - Tan[e + f*x]^3/3 + Tan[e + f*x]^5/5))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 254 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[m, 3]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
parts	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + \tan(fx+e) - \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)^7}{7f}$
derivativedivides	$a \left(\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + \tan(fx+e) - fx - e}{f} \right) + \frac{b \sin(fx+e)^7}{7 \cos(fx+e)^7}$
default	$a \left(\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + \tan(fx+e) - fx - e}{f} \right) + \frac{b \sin(fx+e)^7}{7 \cos(fx+e)^7}$
risch	$-ax - \frac{2i(-315a e^{12i(fx+e)} + 105b e^{12i(fx+e)} - 1260a e^{10i(fx+e)} - 2555a e^{8i(fx+e)} + 525b e^{8i(fx+e)} - 3080a e^{6i(fx+e)} - 105f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^7)}{105f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^7}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/f*(1/5*tan(f*x+e)^5-1/3*tan(f*x+e)^3+tan(f*x+e)-arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+1/7*b*tan(f*x+e)^7/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{105 a f x \cos(fx + e)^7 - ((161 a - 15 b) \cos(fx + e)^6 - (77 a - 45 b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3(7 a - 15 b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 15 b) \sin(fx + e)^2}{105 f \cos(fx + e)^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/105*(105*a*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^7 - ((161*a - 15*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (77*a - 45*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(7*a - 15*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 15*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^7)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= a \left(\begin{cases} -x + \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{5f} - \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x \tan^6(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ b \left(\begin{cases} x \tan^6(e) \sec^2(e) & \text{for } f = 0 \\ \frac{\tan^7(e+fx)}{7f} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*tan(f*x+e)**6,x)`output `a*Piecewise((-x + tan(e + f*x)**5/(5*f) - tan(e + f*x)**3/(3*f) + tan(e + f*x)/f, Ne(f, 0)), (x*tan(e)**6, True)) + b*Piecewise((x*tan(e)**6*sec(e)**2, Eq(f, 0)), (tan(e + f*x)**7/(7*f), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b \tan(fx + e)^7 + 21 a \tan(fx + e)^5 - 35 a \tan(fx + e)^3 - 105 (fx + e)a + 105 a \tan(fx + e)}{105 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/105*(15*b*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 21*a*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 35*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 105*(f*x + e)*a + 105*a*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a}{f} + \frac{15bf^6 \tan^7(fx + e) + 21af^6 \tan^5(fx + e) - 35af^6 \tan^3(fx + e) + 105af^6 \tan(fx + e)}{105f^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(f*x + e)*a/f + 1/105*(15*b*f^6*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 21*a*f^6*tan(f*x + e)^5 - 35*a*f^6*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 105*a*f^6*tan(f*x + e))/f^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{\frac{b \tan(e+fx)^7}{7} + \frac{a \tan(e+fx)^5}{5} - \frac{a \tan(e+fx)^3}{3} + a \tan(e + fx) - a f x}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `(a*tan(e + f*x) - (a*tan(e + f*x)^3)/3 + (a*tan(e + f*x)^5)/5 + (b*tan(e + f*x)^7)/7 - a*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{21 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e)^5 a - 35 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e)^3 a + 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e) a - 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e)^3 a + 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e) a}{(105 \cos(e + fx) f (\sin(e + fx)^6 - 3 \sin(e + fx)^4 + 3 \sin(e + fx)^2 - 1))}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x)
```

output

```
(21*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)**5*a - 35*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)**3*a + 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)*a - 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*f*x - 63*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**5*a + 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**3*a - 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)*a + 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*f*x + 63*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**5*a - 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3*a + 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)*a - 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*f*x - 21*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)**5*a + 35*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)**3*a - 105*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)*a + 105*cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x - 15*sin(e + f*x)**7*b)/(105*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**6 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.318 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2677
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2677
Rubi [A] (verified)	2678
Maple [A] (verified)	2680
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2680
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2681
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2681
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2682
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx = ax - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output

```
a*x-a*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*a*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*b*tan(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(a*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/f - (a*Tan[e + f*x])/f + (a*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
+ (b*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/(5*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 363, 254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5} b \tan^5(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{254} \\
 & \frac{a \int \left(\tan^2(e + fx) + \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} - 1 \right) d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5} b \tan^5(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a(\arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(e + fx) - \tan(e + fx)) + \frac{1}{5} b \tan^5(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((b*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/5 + a*(ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] - Tan[e + f*x] + Tan[e + f*x]^3/3))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 254 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialDivide[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[m, 3]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
parts	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)^5}{5f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + fx+e \right) + \frac{b \sin(fx+e)^5}{5 \cos(fx+e)^5}}{f}$
default	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + fx+e \right) + \frac{b \sin(fx+e)^5}{5 \cos(fx+e)^5}}{f}$
risch	$ax + \frac{2i(-30a e^{8i(fx+e)} + 15b e^{8i(fx+e)} - 90a e^{6i(fx+e)} - 110a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 30b e^{4i(fx+e)} - 70a e^{2i(fx+e)} - 20a + 3b)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^5}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/f*(1/3*tan(f*x+e)^3-tan(f*x+e)+arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+1/5*b*tan(f*x+e)^5/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 a f x \cos(fx + e)^5 - ((20 a - 3 b) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (5 a - 6 b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3 b) \sin(fx + e)}{15 f \cos(fx + e)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(15*a*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^5 - ((20*a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (5*a - 6*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^5)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx = a \left(\begin{cases} x + \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3f} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x \tan^4(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + b \left(\begin{cases} x \tan^4(e) \sec^2(e) & \text{for } f = 0 \\ \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{5f} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*tan(f*x+e)**4,x)`output `a*Piecewise((x + tan(e + f*x)**3/(3*f) - tan(e + f*x)/f, Ne(f, 0)), (x*tan(e)**4, True)) + b*Piecewise((x*tan(e)**4*sec(e)**2, Eq(f, 0)), (tan(e + f*x)**5/(5*f), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx \\ = \frac{3 b \tan (fx + e)^5 + 5 a \tan (fx + e)^3 + 15 (fx + e) a - 15 a \tan (fx + e)}{15 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/15*(3*b*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 5*a*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(f*x + e)*a - 15*a*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(fx + e)a}{f} + \frac{3bf^4 \tan(fx + e)^5 + 5af^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 - 15af^4 \tan(fx + e)}{15f^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(f*x + e)*a/f + 1/15*(3*b*f^4*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 5*a*f^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 15*a*f^4*tan(f*x + e))/f^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^5}{5} + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)^3}{3} - a \tan(e + fx) + a f x$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `((a*tan(e + f*x)^3)/3 - a*tan(e + f*x) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^5)/5 + a*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a + 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a + 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a}{15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a + 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a + 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^3 a - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output

```
(5*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**3*a - 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e
+ f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)*a + 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*f*x - 10*cos(
e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3*a + 30*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*
**2*tan(e + f*x)*a - 30*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*f*x + 5*cos(e + f*x)
*tan(e + f*x)**3*a - 15*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)*a + 15*cos(e + f*x)*a*f*
x + 3*sin(e + f*x)**5*b)/(15*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**4 - 2*sin(e + f
*x)**2 + 1))
```

3.319 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2684
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2684
Rubi [A] (verified)	2685
Maple [A] (verified)	2687
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2687
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2689
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2689

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -ax + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output `-a*x+a*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)^3/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `-((a*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/f) + (a*Tan[e + f*x])/f + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 363, 262, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & a \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} b \tan^3(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{a \left(\tan(e + fx) - \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{1}{3} b \tan^3(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{a(\tan(e + fx) - \arctan(\tan(e + fx))) + \frac{1}{3} b \tan^3(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output $((b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^3)/3 + a \cdot (-\text{ArcTan}[\tan[e + f \cdot x]] + \tan[e + f \cdot x]))/f$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 262 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}/(b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot c^2 \cdot ((m - 1)/(b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 363 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x^2)^p) \cdot ((c + (d \cdot x^2)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}/(b \cdot e \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 3))/(b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3, 0]$

rule 2075 $\text{Int}(u)^p \cdot (v)^q \cdot ((e \cdot x)^m), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& \ ! \ \text{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4629 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x) \cdot \sec[e + f \cdot x] + (f \cdot x)^n)^p \cdot ((d \cdot x) \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x] + (f \cdot x)^m), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\tan[e + f \cdot x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d \cdot ff \cdot x)^m \cdot ((a + b \cdot (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2})^p / (1 + ff^2 \cdot x^2)), x], x, \tan[e + f \cdot x]/ff], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{a(\tan(fx+e)-\arctan(\tan(fx+e)))}{f} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3}{3f}$	37
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(\tan(fx+e)-fx-e) + \frac{b \sin(fx+e)^3}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3}}{f}$	41
default	$\frac{a(\tan(fx+e)-fx-e) + \frac{b \sin(fx+e)^3}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3}}{f}$	41
risch	$-ax - \frac{2i(-3ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 3be^{4i(fx+e)} - 6ae^{2i(fx+e)} - 3a + b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3}$	66

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/f*(tan(f*x+e)-arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)^3/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3afx \cos(fx + e)^3 - ((3a - b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) \sin(fx + e)}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*a*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 - ((3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sin(f*x + e))/ (f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx = a \left(\begin{cases} -x + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x \tan^2(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + b \left(\begin{cases} x \tan^2(e) \sec^2(e) & \text{for } f = 0 \\ \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3f} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)*tan(f*x+e)**2,x)`output `a*Piecewise((-x + tan(e + f*x)/f, Ne(f, 0)), (x*tan(e)**2, True)) + b*Piecewise((x*tan(e)**2*sec(e)**2, Eq(f, 0)), (tan(e + f*x)**3/(3*f), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{b \tan^3(fx + e) - 3(fx + e)a + 3a \tan(fx + e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(b*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(f*x + e)*a + 3*a*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a}{f} + \frac{bf^2 \tan^3(fx + e) + 3af^2 \tan(fx + e)}{3f^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(f*x + e)*a/f + 1/3*(b*f^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a*f^2*tan(f*x + e))/f^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{\frac{b \tan(e+fx)^3}{3} + a \tan(e + fx) - a f x}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `(a*tan(e + f*x) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^3)/3 - a*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 \tan(fx + e) a - 3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a f x - 3 \cos(fx + e) \tan(fx + e) b}{3 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `(3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)*a - 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*f*x - 3*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)*a + 3*cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x - sin(e + f*x)**3*b)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.320 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2690
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2690
Rubi [A] (verified)	2691
Maple [A] (verified)	2692
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2692
Sympy [F]	2693
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2693
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2693
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2694
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2694

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `a*x+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*Tan[e + f*x])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	16
parts	$ax + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	16
derivativdivides	$\frac{(fx+e)a+b \tan(fx+e)}{f}$	21
parallelrisc	$\frac{b \sin(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)f} + ax$	24
risc	$ax + \frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$	25
norman	$\frac{ax \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - ax - \frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f}}{\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 1}$	51

input `int(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{afx \cos(fx + e) + b \sin(fx + e)}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*f*x*cos(f*x + e) + b*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + b*tan(f*x + e)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + b*tan(f*x + e)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{b \tan(e + fx) + a f x}{f}$$

input `int(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2,x)`

output `(b*tan(e + f*x) + a*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\cos(fx + e) a f x + \sin(fx + e) b}{\cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `(cos(e + f*x)*a*f*x + sin(e + f*x)*b)/(cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.321 $\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2695
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2695
Rubi [A] (verified)	2696
Maple [A] (verified)	2697
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2698
Sympy [F]	2698
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2699
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2699
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2699
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2700

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -ax - \frac{(a + b) \cot(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `-a*x-(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= -\frac{b \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a \cot(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx)\right)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((b*Cot[e + f*x])/f) - (a*Cot[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 359, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\tan(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)(a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{-a \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) - ((a + b) \cot(e + fx))}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{-a \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) - (a + b) \cot(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `(-(a*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]) - (a + b)*Cot[e + f*x])/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*ArcTan[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 359 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]

rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{(p_)}*(v_)^{(q_)}*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*\text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /;$ FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4629 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\sec[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((d_)*\tan[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(n/2)})^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(-\cot(fx+e)-fx-e)-b\cot(fx+e)}{f}$	33
default	$\frac{a(-\cot(fx+e)-fx-e)-b\cot(fx+e)}{f}$	33
risch	$-ax - \frac{2ia}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)} - \frac{2ib}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}$	46

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-cot(f*x+e)-f*x-e)-b*cot(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{afx \sin(fx + e) + (a + b) \cos(fx + e)}{f \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a*f*x*sin(f*x + e) + (a + b)*cos(f*x + e))/(f*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cot^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a + \frac{a+b}{\tan(fx+e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((f*x + e)*a + (a + b)/tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\begin{aligned} \int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ = -\frac{2(fx + e)a - a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right) - b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right) + \frac{a+b}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)}}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(2*(f*x + e)*a - a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) - b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) + (a + b)/tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -ax - \frac{\cot(e + fx) (a + b)}{f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `- a*x - (cot(e + f*x)*(a + b))/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\cos(fx + e)a - \cos(fx + e)b - \sin(fx + e)afx}{\sin(fx + e)f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- (cos(e + f*x)*a + cos(e + f*x)*b + sin(e + f*x)*a*f*x))/(sin(e + f*x)*f)`

3.322 $\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2701
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2701
Rubi [A] (verified)	2702
Maple [A] (verified)	2704
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2704
Sympy [F]	2705
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2705
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2705
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2706

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax + \frac{a \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output `a*x+a*cot(f*x+e)/f-1/3*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/f`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= -\frac{b \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{a \cot^3(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx)\right)}{3f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/3*(b*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/f - (a*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1, -1/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(3*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 359, 264, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^4(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}{\tan(e+fx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{-a \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{-a \left(- \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) - \cot(e+fx) \right) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{-a(-\arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \cot(e+fx)) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output
$$\frac{(-a*(-\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x]] - \text{Cot}[e + f*x])) - ((a + b)*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^3)/3}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))* \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 264
$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^m*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^{2*(m+1)})) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 359
$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^m*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^{2*(m+1)}) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 2075
$$\text{Int}[(u_)^p*(v_)^q*((e_)*(x_)^m), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*\text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4629
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]^n))^p*((d_)*\text{tan}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{ff}/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d*\text{ff}*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + \text{ff}^2*x^2)^{n/2})^p/(1 + \text{ff}^2*x^2)), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f*x]/\text{ff}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} + \cot(fx+e) + fx+e\right) - \frac{b \cos(fx+e)^3}{3 \sin(fx+e)^3}}{f}$	48
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} + \cot(fx+e) + fx+e\right) - \frac{b \cos(fx+e)^3}{3 \sin(fx+e)^3}}{f}$	48
risch	$ax + \frac{2i(6ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 3be^{4i(fx+e)} - 6ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4a+b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^3}$	65

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3+cot(f*x+e)+f*x+e)-1/3*b/sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^3)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4a + b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3a \cos(fx + e) + 3(afx \cos(fx + e)^2 - afx) \sin(fx + e)}{3(f \cos(fx + e)^2 - f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((4*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a*cos(f*x + e) + 3*(a*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cot^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{3(fx + e)a + \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^2 - a - b}{\tan(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(f*x + e)*a + (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3 + 24(fx + e)a - 15a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right) - 3b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)}{24f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 + 24*(f*x + e)*a
- 15*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) - 3*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) + (15*a*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^2 + 3*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - a - b)/tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3
/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = ax - \frac{-a \tan(e + fx)^2 + \frac{a}{3} + \frac{b}{3}}{f \tan(e + fx)^3}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
a*x - (a/3 + b/3 - a*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(f*tan(e + f*x)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{4 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a + \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 b - \cos(fx + e) a - \cos(fx + e) b + 3 \sin(fx + e)^3 f}{3 \sin(fx + e)^3 f}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - cos(e
+ f*x)*a - cos(e + f*x)*b + 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*f*x)/(3*sin(e + f*x)**3*f
)
```

3.323 $\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	2707
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2707
Rubi [A] (verified)	2708
Maple [A] (verified)	2710
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2710
Sympy [F]	2711
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2711
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2712
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2712
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2713

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -ax - \frac{a \cot(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output

```
-a*x-a*cot(f*x+e)/f+1/3*a*cot(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \cot^5(e + fx)}{5f} - \frac{a \cot^5(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, 1, -\frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx)\right)}{5f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

$$-1/5*(b*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^5)/f - (a*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]^5*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, 1, -3/2, -\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2])/(5*f)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 359, 264, 264, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}{\tan(e + fx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4629$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)(a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2075$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 359$$

$$-a \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{1}{5}(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 264$$

$$-a \left(- \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e + fx) \right) - \frac{1}{5}(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 264$$

$$-a \left(\int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e + fx) + \cot(e + fx) \right) - \frac{1}{5}(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\frac{-a(\arctan(\tan(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e + fx) + \cot(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{5}(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-1/5*((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^5) - a*(ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + Cot[e + f*x] - Cot[e + f*x]^3/3))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 264 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} - \cot(fx+e) - fx - e\right) - \frac{b \cos(fx+e)^5}{5 \sin(fx+e)^5}}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} - \cot(fx+e) - fx - e\right) - \frac{b \cos(fx+e)^5}{5 \sin(fx+e)^5}}{f}$
risch	$-ax - \frac{2i(45ae^{8i(fx+e)} + 15be^{8i(fx+e)} - 90ae^{6i(fx+e)} + 140ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 30be^{4i(fx+e)} - 70ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 23a + 3b)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^5}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5+1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3-cot(f*x+e)-f*x-e)-1/5*b/sin(f*x+e)^5*cos(f*x+e)^5)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(23a + 3b) \cos(fx + e)^5 - 35a \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a \cos(fx + e) + 15(afx \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2afx \cos(fx + e)^2 + f) \sin(fx + e)}{15(f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2f \cos(fx + e)^2 + f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*((23*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 35*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a*cos(f*x + e) + 15*(a*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \cot^6(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**6, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{15(fx + e)a + \frac{15a \tan(fx+e)^4 - 5a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3a + 3b}{\tan(fx+e)^5}}{15f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*(f*x + e)*a + (15*a*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 5*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a + 3*b)/tan(f*x + e)^5)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^5 + 3 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^5 - 35 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^3 - 15 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^3 - 480 (f x + e) a + 330 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right) + 30 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right) - (330 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 + 30 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 - 35 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 - 15 b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + 3 a + 3 b) / \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} f x + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^5}{f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/480*(3*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^5 + 3*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^5 - 35*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 - 15*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 - 480*(f*x + e)*a + 330*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) + 30*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) - (330*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + 30*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 35*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 15*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 3*a + 3*b)/tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^5)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx = -a x - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)^4 - \frac{a \tan(e + fx)^2}{3} + \frac{a}{5} + \frac{b}{5}}{f \tan(e + fx)^5}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `- a*x - (a/5 + b/5 - (a*tan(e + f*x)^2)/3 + a*tan(e + f*x)^4)/(f*tan(e + f*x)^5)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-23 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 a - 3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 b + 11 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a + 6 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 b - 3 \cos(fx + e) a - 3 \cos(fx + e) b - 15 \sin(fx + e)^5 a f x}{15 \sin(fx + e)^5 f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `(- 23*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a - 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b + 11*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a - 3*cos(e + f*x)*b - 15*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*f*x)/(15*sin(e + f*x)**5*f)`

3.324 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2714
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2714
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2715
Maple [A] (verified)	2717
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2717
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2718
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2718
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2719
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2719
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2720

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^2 \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a(a - b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{(a - b)b \sec^6(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^8(e + fx)}{8f}$$

```
output -a^2*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f-a*(a-b)*sec(f*x+e)^2/f+1/4*(a^2-4*a*b+b^2)*sec(f*x+e)^4/f+1/3*(a-b)*b*sec(f*x+e)^6/f+1/8*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^8/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{\cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (24a^2 \log(\cos(e + fx)) + 24a(a - b) \sec^2(e + fx) - 6(a^2 - 4ab + b^2))}{6f(a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*(24*a^2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] +
24*a*(a - b)*Sec[e + f*x]^2 - 6*(a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*Sec[e + f*x]^4 - 8*(a
- b)*b*Sec[e + f*x]^6 - 3*b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^8))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2
*f*x])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^9(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^5(e + fx) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 99$$

$$\frac{\int (b^2 \sec^5(e + fx) + 2(a - b)b \sec^4(e + fx) + (a^2 - 4ba + b^2) \sec^3(e + fx) - 2a(a - b) \sec^2(e + fx) + a^2 \sec(e + fx)) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \sec^2(e + fx) + a^2 \log(\cos^2(e + fx)) - \frac{2}{3}b(a - b) \sec^3(e + fx) + 2a(a - b) \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{4}b^2 \sec^5(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2] + 2*a*(a - b)*Sec[e + f*x] - ((a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/2 - (2*(a - b)*b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/3 - (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4)/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)])^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)], x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^m + n*p - 1)^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^4}{4} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^2}{2} + \frac{\ln(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)}{2} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^8}{8} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)^6}{6} \right)}{f} + \frac{ab \tan(fx+e)^6}{3f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sec(fx+e)^8 b^2}{8} + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6 ab}{3} - \frac{b^2 \sec(fx+e)^6}{3} + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 a^2}{4} - ab \sec(fx+e)^4 + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 b^2}{4} - a^2 \sec(fx+e)^2 + \sec(fx+e)^2}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sec(fx+e)^8 b^2}{8} + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^6 ab}{3} - \frac{b^2 \sec(fx+e)^6}{3} + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 a^2}{4} - ab \sec(fx+e)^4 + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 b^2}{4} - a^2 \sec(fx+e)^2 + \sec(fx+e)^2}{f}$
risch	$ia^2x + \frac{2ia^2e}{f} + \frac{-4a^2e^{14i(fx+e)} + 4ab e^{14i(fx+e)} - 20e^{12i(fx+e)}a^2 + 8ab e^{12i(fx+e)} + 4b^2e^{12i(fx+e)} - 44e^{10i(fx+e)}a^2}{f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2/f*(1/4*tan(f*x+e)^4-1/2*tan(f*x+e)^2+1/2*ln(1+tan(f*x+e)^2))+b^2/f*(1/8*tan(f*x+e)^8+1/6*tan(f*x+e)^6)+1/3*a*b/f*tan(f*x+e)^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{24 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^8 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) + 24 (a^2 - ab) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 6 (a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4}{24 f \cos(fx + e)^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/24*(24*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^8*log(-cos(f*x + e)) + 24*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 6*(a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^8)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{a^2 \tan^4(e+fx)}{4f} - \frac{a^2 \tan^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{ab \tan^4(e+fx) \sec^2(e+fx)}{3f} - \frac{ab \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^2(e+fx)}{3f} + \frac{ab \sec^2}{3} \\ x(a + b \sec^2(e))^2 \tan^5(e) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a**2*tan(e + f*x)**4/(4*f) - a**2*tan(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + a*b*tan(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**2/(3*f) - a*b*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2/(3*f) + a*b*sec(e + f*x)**2/(3*f) + b**2*tan(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**4/(8*f) - b**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**4/(12*f) + b**2*sec(e + f*x)**4/(24*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**2)**2*tan(e)**5, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{12 a^2 \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) - \frac{24(a^2 - ab) \sin(fx + e)^6 - 6(11 a^2 - 8 ab - b^2) \sin(fx + e)^4 + 4(15 a^2 - 8 ab - b^2) \sin(fx + e)^2 - 18 a^2 + \dots}{\sin(fx + e)^8 - 4 \sin(fx + e)^6 + 6 \sin(fx + e)^4 - 4 \sin(fx + e)^2 + 1}}{24 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/24*(12*a^2*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - (24*(a^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^6 - 6*(11*a^2 - 8*a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 + 4*(15*a^2 - 8*a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 18*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)/(sin(f*x + e)^8 - 4*sin(f*x + e)^6 + 6*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 4*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^2 \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f} - \frac{24(a^2 - ab) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 6(a^2 - 4ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 8(ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3b^2}{24f \cos(fx + e)^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a^2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f - 1/24*(24*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 6*(a^2 - 4*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^8)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx)^4 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{4} + \frac{b^2}{4} - \frac{b(a+b)}{2} \right)}{f} - \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{2} + \frac{b^2}{2} - b(a+b) \right)}{f} - \frac{\tan(e + fx)^6 \left(\frac{b^2}{6} - \frac{b(a+b)}{3} \right)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^8}{8f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(tan(e + f*x)^4*((a + b)^2/4 + b^2/4 - (b*(a + b))/2))/f - (tan(e + f*x)^2
*((a + b)^2/2 + b^2/2 - b*(a + b)))/f - (tan(e + f*x)^6*(b^2/6 - (b*(a + b
))/3))/f + (a^2*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^8)/(8*f
)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^4 b^2 - 2 \sec(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^2 b^2 + \sec(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^2 b^2 + \sec(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^2 b^2}{24f}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)
```

output

```
(12*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**4*b**2
- 2*sec(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 8*sec(e
+ f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**4*a*b - 8*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 8
*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 6*tan(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 12*tan(e + f*x)**2*a**2)/(
24*f)
```

3.325 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2721
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2721
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2722
Maple [A] (verified)	2724
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2724
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2725
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2725
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2726
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2726
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2727

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a^2 \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a(a - 2b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{(2a - b)b \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^6(e + fx)}{6f}$$

output

```
a^2*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+1/2*a*(a-2*b)*sec(f*x+e)^2/f+1/4*(2*a-b)*b*sec(f*x+e)^4/f+1/6*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^6/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (12a^2 \log(\cos(e + fx)) + 6a(a - 2b) \sec^2(e + fx) + 3(2a - b)b \sec^4(e + fx))}{3f(a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*(12*a^2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] + 6*a*(
a - 2*b)*Sec[e + f*x]^2 + 3*(2*a - b)*b*Sec[e + f*x]^4 + 2*b^2*Sec[e + f*x
]^6))/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^7(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^4(e + fx) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\frac{\int (b^2 \sec^4(e + fx) + (2a - b)b \sec^3(e + fx) + a(a - 2b) \sec^2(e + fx) - a^2 \sec(e + fx)) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-a^2 \log(\cos^2(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{2}b(2a - b) \sec^2(e + fx) - a(a - 2b) \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}b^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(-(a^2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2]) - a*(a - 2*b)*Sec[e + f*x] - ((2*a - b)*b
*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/2 - (b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f
*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*
x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}
, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^2}{2} - \frac{\ln(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)}{2} \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)^6}{6} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{4} \right)}{f} + \frac{ab \tan(fx+e)^4}{2f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sec(fx+e)^6}{6} + \frac{ab \sec(fx+e)^4}{2} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 b^2}{4} + \frac{a^2 \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - \sec(fx+e)^2 ab - a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b^2 \sec(fx+e)^6}{6} + \frac{ab \sec(fx+e)^4}{2} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 b^2}{4} + \frac{a^2 \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - \sec(fx+e)^2 ab - a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
risch	$-ia^2x - \frac{2ia^2e}{f} - \frac{2(-3e^{10i(fx+e)}a^2 + 6e^{10i(fx+e)}ab - 12a^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 12e^{8i(fx+e)}ab + 6e^{8i(fx+e)}b^2 - 18a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} - 18a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 6e^{4i(fx+e)}ab - 6e^{4i(fx+e)}b^2 + 18a^2e^{2i(fx+e)} - 18a^2e^{2i(fx+e)}ab + 6e^{2i(fx+e)}b^2 - 18a^2e^{0i(fx+e)} + 18a^2e^{0i(fx+e)}ab - 6e^{0i(fx+e)}b^2)}{f}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$a^2/f*(1/2*\tan(f*x+e)^2-1/2*\ln(1+\tan(f*x+e)^2))+b^2/f*(1/6*\sec(f*x+e)^6-1/4*\sec(f*x+e)^4)+1/2*a*b/f*\tan(f*x+e)^4$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^6 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) + 6(a^2 - 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3(2ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2b^2}{12 f \cos(fx + e)^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/12*(12*a^2*\cos(f*x + e)^6*\log(-\cos(f*x + e)) + 6*(a^2 - 2*a*b)*\cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(2*a*b - b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)/(f*\cos(f*x + e)^6)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{a^2 \tan^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{ab \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} - \frac{ab \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^4(e+fx)}{6f} - \frac{b^2 \sec^4(e+fx)}{6f} \\ x(a + b \sec^2(e))^2 \tan^3(e) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a**2*tan(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + a*b*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) - a*b*sec(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + b**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**4/(6*f) - b**2*sec(e + f*x)**4/(12*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**2)**2*tan(e)**3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6a^2 \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) - \frac{6(a^2 - 2ab) \sin(fx + e)^4 - 3(4a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \sin(fx + e)^2 + 6a^2 - 6ab - b^2}{\sin(fx + e)^6 - 3 \sin(fx + e)^4 + 3 \sin(fx + e)^2 - 1}}{12f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(6*a^2*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - (6*(a^2 - 2*a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 3*(4*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 6*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)/(sin(f*x + e)^6 - 3*sin(f*x + e)^4 + 3*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{6(a^2 - 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3(2ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2b^2}{12f \cos(fx + e)^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a^2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f + 1/12*(6*(a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(2*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^6)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{2} + \frac{b^2}{2} - b(a+b) \right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{\tan(e + fx)^4 \left(\frac{b^2}{4} - \frac{b(a+b)}{2} \right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^6}{6f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `(tan(e + f*x)^2*((a + b)^2/2 + b^2/2 - b*(a + b)))/f - (tan(e + f*x)^4*(b^2/4 - (b*(a + b))/2))/f - (a^2*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^6)/(6*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-6 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a^2 + 2 \sec(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e)^2 b^2 - \sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 6 \sec(fx + e)^2 \tan(fx + e) a b + 6 \tan(fx + e)^2 a^2}{12f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`output `(- 6*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 6*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 6*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 6*tan(e + f*x)**2*a**2)/(12*f)`

3.326 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2728
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2729
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2731
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2732
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2733
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2733
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2734

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^2 \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{ab \sec^2(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f}$$

output

```
-a^2*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+a*b*sec(f*x+e)^2/f+1/4*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^4/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{\cos^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (4a^2 \log(\cos(e + fx)) - 4ab \sec^2(e + fx) - b^2 \sec^4(e + fx))}{f(a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x],x]
```

output

```

-((Cos[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*(4*a^2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] - 4*a*
b*Sec[e + f*x]^2 - b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^
2))

```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 243, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^5(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & - \frac{\int (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^3(e + fx) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & - \frac{\int (b^2 \sec^3(e + fx) + 2ab \sec^2(e + fx) + a^2 \sec(e + fx)) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{a^2 \log(\cos^2(e + fx)) - 2ab \sec(e + fx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x], x]

```

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(a^2*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2] - 2*a*b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x] - (b^2*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/2)}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \text{ \&\& IGtQ}\{m, 0\} \text{ \&\& IGtQ}\{m + n + 2, 0\}$$

rule 243
$$\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x \text{ \&\& IntegerQ}\{(m-1)/2\}$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4626
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{(m+n*p-1)})^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m+n*p)}), x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, n\}, x \text{ \&\& IntegerQ}\{(m-1)/2\} \text{ \&\& IntegerQ}[n] \text{ \&\& IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 b^2}{4} + \sec(fx+e)^2 ab + a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	41
default	$\frac{\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4 b^2}{4} + \sec(fx+e)^2 ab + a^2 \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	41
parts	$\frac{a^2 \ln(1 + \tan(fx+e)^2)}{2f} + \frac{b^2 \sec(fx+e)^4}{4f} + \frac{ab \sec(fx+e)^2}{f}$	51
risch	$ia^2x + \frac{2ia^2e}{f} + \frac{4b(ae^{6i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{4i(fx+e)} + be^{4i(fx+e)} + ae^{2i(fx+e)})}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^4} - \frac{a^2 \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}{f}$	104

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/4*sec(f*x+e)^4*b^2+sec(f*x+e)^2*a*b+a^2*ln(sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) - 4ab \cos(fx + e)^2 - b^2}{4f \cos(fx + e)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(4*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(-cos(f*x + e)) - 4*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{ab \sec^2(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^4(e+fx)}{4f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \sec^2(e))^2 \tan(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*tan(f*x+e),x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a*b*sec(e + f*x)**2/f + b**2*sec(e + f*x)**4/(4*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**2)**2*tan(e), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a^2 \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) + \frac{4ab \sin(fx+e)^2 - 4ab - b^2}{\sin(fx+e)^4 - 2 \sin(fx+e)^2 + 1}}{4f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(2*a^2*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) + (4*a*b*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 4*a*b - b^2)/(sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*sin(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan(e+fx) dx = -\frac{a^2 \log(|\cos(fx+e)|)}{f} + \frac{4ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}{4f \cos(fx+e)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a^2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/f + 1/4*(4*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \tan(e+fx) dx = \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e+fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2 \left(\frac{b^2}{2} - b(a+b)\right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e+fx)^4}{4f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output `(a^2*log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) - (tan(e + f*x)^2*(b^2/2 - b*(a + b)))/f + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^4)/(4*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan(e + fx) dx$$
$$= \frac{2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a^2 + \sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 4 \sec(fx + e)^2 ab}{4f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `(2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a**2 + sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 4*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b)/(4*f)`

3.327 $\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	2735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2735
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2736
Maple [A] (verified)	2738
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2738
Sympy [F]	2739
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2739
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2739
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{b(2a + b) \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{(a + b)^2 \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b^2 \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
-b*(2*a+b)*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+(a+b)^2*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f+1/2*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{2(b^2 + 2 \cos^2(e + fx) (-b(2a + b) \log(\cos(e + fx)) + (a + b)^2 \log(\sin(e + fx)))) (a \cos(e + fx) + b \sec^2(e + fx))}{f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```


output

```
(2*(b^2 + 2*Cos[e + f*x]^2*(-(b*(2*a + b)*Log[Cos[e + f*x]]) + (a + b)^2*Log[Sin[e + f*x]]))*(a*Cos[e + f*x] + b*Sec[e + f*x])^2)/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\tan(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{f}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec^2(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos^2(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{2f}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 99$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{(a+b)^2}{\cos^2(e+fx)-1} + b^2 \sec^2(e+fx) + b(2a+b) \sec(e+fx) \right) d \cos^2(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{2f}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b(2a+b) \log(\cos^2(e+fx)) - (a+b)^2 \log(1 - \cos^2(e+fx)) + b^2(-\sec(e+fx))}{2f}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output
$$-1/2*(b*(2*a + b)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)^2*\text{Log}[1 - \text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2] - b^2*\text{Sec}[e + f*x])/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 354
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$$
 SumQ[u]

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$$
 FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4626
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(ff^m)^{m+n*p-1})^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m+n*p)}), x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sin(fx+e))+2ab \ln(\tan(fx+e))+b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2 \cos(fx+e)^2} + \ln(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(\sin(fx+e))+2ab \ln(\tan(fx+e))+b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2 \cos(fx+e)^2} + \ln(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f}$
risch	$-ia^2x - \frac{2ia^2e}{f} + \frac{2b^2e^{2i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^2} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)a^2}{f} + \frac{2\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)ab}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)b^2}{f} - \dots$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*ln(sin(f*x+e))+2*a*b*ln(tan(f*x+e))+b^2*(1/2/cos(f*x+e)^2+ln(tan(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(2ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(\cos(fx + e)^2) - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 \log\left(-\frac{1}{4} \cos(fx + e)^2 + \frac{1}{4}\right)}{2f \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(cos(f*x + e)^2) - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-1/4*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1/4) - b^2)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cot(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(2ab + b^2) \log(\sin^2(fx + e) - 1) - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(\sin^2(fx + e)) + \frac{b^2}{\sin^2(fx + e) - 1}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((2*a*b + b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2) + b^2/(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e)|^2 - 1)}{2f} - \frac{(2ab + b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f} + \frac{b^2}{2f \cos^2(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)/f - (2ab + b^2) \log(\cos(fx + e))/f + \frac{1}{2}b^2/(f \cos(fx + e)^2)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)) (a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}{f} - \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)^2}{2f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output $(\log(\tan(e + f*x))*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2))/f - (a^2*\log(\tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1))/(2*f) + (b^2*\tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*f)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.66

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{-2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) a^2 - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2}{2f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*log(tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*
log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) -
1)*a*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*b**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*si
n(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + 4*l
og(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*b**2 + 2*log(ta
n((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x
)**2*a*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 2*log(tan((e + f
*x)/2))*a**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2
- sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2)/(2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.328 $\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	2742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2742
Rubi [A] (verified)	2743
Maple [A] (verified)	2745
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2745
Sympy [F]	2746
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2746
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2746
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2747
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2747

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(a + b)^2 \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{b^2 \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

output

$$-1/2*(a+b)^2*csc(f*x+e)^2/f-b^2*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f-(a^2-b^2)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{2(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 ((a + b)^2 \csc^2(e + fx) + 2b^2 \log(\cos(e + fx)) + 2(a^2 - b^2) \log(\sin(e + fx)))}{f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*((a + b)^2*csc[e + f*x]^2 + 2*b^2*log[cos[e + f*x]] + 2*(a^2 - b^2)*log[sin[e + f*x]])/(f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\tan(e + fx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2 \sec(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\sec(e + fx) b^2 + \frac{a^2 - b^2}{\cos^2(e + fx) - 1} + \frac{(a + b)^2}{(\cos^2(e + fx) - 1)^2} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) + \frac{(a + b)^2}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} + b^2 \log(\cos^2(e + fx))}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b)^2/(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2) + b^2*Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2] + (a^2 - b^2)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} - \ln(\sin(fx+e)) \right) - \frac{ab}{\sin(fx+e)^2} + b^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2 \sin(fx+e)^2} + \ln(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} - \ln(\sin(fx+e)) \right) - \frac{ab}{\sin(fx+e)^2} + b^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2 \sin(fx+e)^2} + \ln(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f}$
risch	$ia^2x + \frac{2ia^2e}{f} + \frac{2(a^2+2ab+b^2)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)a^2}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)b^2}{f}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2-ln(sin(f*x+e)))-a*b/sin(f*x+e)^2+b^2*(-1/2/sin(f*x+e)^2+ln(tan(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - (b^2 \cos(fx+e)^2 - b^2) \log(\cos(fx+e)^2) - ((a^2 - b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 - a^2 + b^2) \log(-\frac{1}{4 \cos(fx+e)^2 + 1/4})}{2(f \cos(fx+e)^2 - f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2 - (b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)*log(cos(f*x + e)^2) - ((a^2 - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 + b^2)*log(-1/4*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1/4))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cot^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cot(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2 \log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1) + (a^2 - b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e)^2) + \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{\sin(fx + e)^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1) + (a^2 - b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2) + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/sin(f*x + e)^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{b^2 \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1|)}{2f}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{2(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-b^2 \cdot \log(\cos(fx + e)) / f - 1/2 \cdot (a^2 - b^2) \cdot \log(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1) / f + 1/2 \cdot (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) / ((\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1) \cdot f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)) (a^2 - b^2)}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{a^2}{2} + ab + \frac{b^2}{2}\right)}{f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output
$$(a^2 \cdot \log(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)) / (2f) - (\log(\tan(e + fx)) \cdot (a^2 - b^2)) / f - (\cot(e + fx)^2 \cdot (ab + a^2/2 + b^2/2)) / f$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 2*a**2 - 4*a*b - 2*b**2)/(4*sin(e + f*x)**2*f)
```

3.329 $\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	2749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2749
Rubi [A] (verified)	2750
Maple [A] (verified)	2752
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2752
Sympy [F]	2753
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2753
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2753
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2754
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a(a + b) \csc^2(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \csc^4(e + fx)}{4f} + \frac{a^2 \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

output

```
a*(a+b)*csc(f*x+e)^2/f-1/4*(a+b)^2*csc(f*x+e)^4/f+a^2*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = - \frac{(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (-4a(a + b) \csc^2(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \csc^4(e + fx) - 4a^2 \log(\sin(e + fx)))}{f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*(-4*a*(a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + (a + b)^2*Csc[e
+ f*x]^4 - 4*a^2*Log[Sin[e + f*x]])))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 353, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2}{\tan(e + fx)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(-\frac{a^2}{\cos^2(e+fx)-1} - \frac{2(a+b)a}{(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} - \frac{(a+b)^2}{(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^3} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{a^2(-\log(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))) - \frac{2a(a+b)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} + \frac{(a+b)^2}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b)^2/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (2*a*(a + b))/(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2) - a^2*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} + \ln(\sin(fx+e)) \right) - \frac{ab \cos(fx+e)^4}{2 \sin(fx+e)^4} - \frac{b^2}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4}}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2} + \ln(\sin(fx+e)) \right) - \frac{ab \cos(fx+e)^4}{2 \sin(fx+e)^4} - \frac{b^2}{4 \sin(fx+e)^4}}{f}$
risch	$-ia^2x - \frac{2ia^2e}{f} - \frac{4(a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + abe^{6i(fx+e)} - a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + b^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + a^2e^{2i(fx+e)} + abe^{2i(fx+e)})}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^4} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)})}{f}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^4+1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2+ln(sin(f*x+e)))-1/2*a*b/sin(f*x+e)^4*cos(f*x+e)^4-1/4*b^2/sin(f*x+e)^4)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{4(a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3a^2 - 2ab + b^2 - 4(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(fx + e)\right)}{4(f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2f \cos(fx + e)^2 + f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(4*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 - 4*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cot^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cot(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2 \log(\sin(fx + e)^2) + \frac{4(a^2 + ab) \sin(fx + e)^2 - a^2 - 2ab - b^2}{\sin(fx + e)^4}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*a^2*log(sin(f*x + e)^2) + (4*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)/sin(f*x + e)^4)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \log(|\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1|)}{2f}$$

$$- \frac{4(a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3a^2 - 2ab + b^2}{4(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2 f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2 \log(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)/f - \frac{1}{4}(4(a^2 + ab)\cos(fx + e)^2 - 3a^2 - 2ab + b^2)/((\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2 f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{\frac{ab}{2} + \frac{a^2}{4} + \frac{b^2}{4} - \tan(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{a^2}{2} - \frac{b^2}{2}\right)}{f \tan(e + fx)^4} - \frac{a^2 \ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2f}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cot(e + fx)^5 * (a + b/\cos(e + fx)^2)^2, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(a^2 \log(\tan(e + fx)))/f - ((ab)/2 + a^2/4 + b^2/4 - \tan(e + fx)^2 * (a^2/2 - b^2/2))/(f * \tan(e + fx)^4) - (a^2 \log(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1))/(2 * f)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{-32 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 + 32 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - 13 \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2}{32 \sin(fx + e)^4}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cot(fx+e)^5*(a+b*\sec(fx+e)^2)^2,x)$$

output

$$\frac{(-32 \log(\tan((e + fx)/2))^2 + 1) \sin(e + fx)^4 a^2 + 32 \log(\tan((e + fx)/2)) \sin(e + fx)^4 a^2 - 13 \sin(e + fx)^4 a^2 - 10 \sin(e + fx)^4 ab + 3 \sin(e + fx)^4 b^2 + 32 \sin(e + fx)^2 a^2 + 32 \sin(e + fx)^2 ab - 8 a^2 - 16 ab - 8 b^2}{32 \sin(e + fx)^4 f}$$

3.330 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2755
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2755
Rubi [A] (verified)	2756
Maple [A] (verified)	2758
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2758
Sympy [F]	2759
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2759
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2760
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2760
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2761

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx = -a^2x + \frac{a^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a^2 \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b(2a + b) \tan^7(e + fx)}{7f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^9(e + fx)}{9f}$$

output

```
-a^2*x+a^2*tan(f*x+e)/f-1/3*a^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*a^2*tan(f*x+e)^5/f+1/7*
b*(2*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^7/f+1/9*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^9/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{4(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^9(e + fx) (315a^2 fx \cos^9(e + fx) - 35b^2 \sec(e) \sin(fx) - 5(18a - 19b)b \cos^2(e + fx))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-4*(b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2)^2*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^9*(315*a^2*f*x*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^9 - \\ & 35*b^2*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sin}[f*x] - 5*(18*a - 19*b)*b*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sin}[f*x] \\ & - 3*(21*a^2 - 90*a*b + 25*b^2)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^4*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sin}[f*x] + (231*a^2 - \\ & 270*a*b + 5*b^2)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^6*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sin}[f*x] - (483*a^2 - 90*a*b - 10* \\ & b^2)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^8*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sin}[f*x] - 35*b^2*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*\text{Tan}[e] - 5*(18*a \\ & - 19*b)*b*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^3*\text{Tan}[e] - 3*(21*a^2 - 90*a*b + 25*b^2)*\text{Cos}[e + f* \\ & x]^5*\text{Tan}[e] + (231*a^2 - 270*a*b + 5*b^2)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^7*\text{Tan}[e]))/(315*f*(\\ & a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^2) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \tan^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \tan(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{364} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{\left(b^2 \tan^8(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \tan^6(e + fx) + a^2 \tan^4(e + fx) - a^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + a^2 - \frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1}\right) d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + \frac{1}{5}a^2 \tan^5(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}a^2 \tan^3(e + fx) + a^2 \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{7}b(2a + b) \tan^7(e + fx) + \dots}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `(-(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]) + a^2*Tan[e + f*x] - (a^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (a^2*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/5 + (b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]^7)/7 + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^9)/9)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + \tan(fx+e) - \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^9}{9} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)^7}{7} \right)}{f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)}{7f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + \tan(fx+e) - fx - e \right) + \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e)^7}{7 \cos(fx+e)^7} + b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{9 \cos(fx+e)^9} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)^7}{63 \cos(fx+e)^7} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + \tan(fx+e) - fx - e \right) + \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e)^7}{7 \cos(fx+e)^7} + b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^7}{9 \cos(fx+e)^9} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)^7}{63 \cos(fx+e)^7} \right)}{f}$
risch	$-a^2 x - \frac{2i(10b^2 - 483a^2 + 90ab - 28350 e^{10i(fx+e)} a^2 + 3150b^2 e^{10i(fx+e)} - 32508a^2 e^{8i(fx+e)} - 1890 e^{8i(fx+e)} b^2 + 1890 a^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 1890 a b e^{6i(fx+e)} - 1890 b^2 e^{6i(fx+e)})}{315 f \cos(fx+e)}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^2/f*(1/5*tan(f*x+e)^5-1/3*tan(f*x+e)^3+tan(f*x+e)-arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+b^2/f*(1/9*tan(f*x+e)^9+1/7*tan(f*x+e)^7)+2/7*a*b/f*tan(f*x+e)^7
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{-315 a^2 f x \cos(fx + e)^9 - ((483 a^2 - 90 ab - 10 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^8 - (231 a^2 - 270 ab + 5 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^7 + (189 a^2 - 189 ab) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 189 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 189 a b \cos(fx + e)^4 - 189 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^3 + 189 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 - 189 a b \cos(fx + e) + 189 b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{315 f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/315*(315*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^9 - ((483*a^2 - 90*a*b - 10*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^8 - (231*a^2 - 270*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 3*(21*a^2 - 90*a*b +
25*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 5*(18*a*b - 19*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 35*b^2)*sin
(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^9)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*tan(f*x+e)**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*tan(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{35 b^2 \tan^9(fx + e) + 45 (2ab + b^2) \tan^7(fx + e) + 63 a^2 \tan^5(fx + e) - 105 a^2 \tan^3(fx + e) - 315 (fx + e) a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{315 f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/315*(35*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 45*(2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 63*a^2*ta
n(f*x + e)^5 - 105*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 315*(f*x + e)*a^2 + 315*a^2*tan(f*
x + e))/f
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a^2}{f} + \frac{35b^2 f^8 \tan^9(e + fx) + 90abf^8 \tan^7(e + fx) + 45b^2 f^8 \tan^5(e + fx) + 63a^2 f^8 \tan^3(e + fx) - 105a^2 f^8}{315 f^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(f*x + e)*a^2/f + 1/315*(35*b^2*f^8*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 90*a*b*f^8*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 45*b^2*f^8*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 63*a^2*f^8*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 105*a^2*f^8*tan(f*x + e))/f^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx) ((a + b)^2 + b^2 - 2b(a + b)) - \tan(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{3} + \frac{b^2}{3} - \frac{2b(a+b)}{3} \right) + \tan(e + fx)^5 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{5} + \frac{b^2}{5} - \frac{2b(a+b)}{5} \right) - \tan(e + fx)^7 \left(\frac{b^2}{7} - \frac{2b(a+b)}{7} \right) + (b^2 \tan(e + fx)^9) / 9}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output `(tan(e + f*x)*((a + b)^2 + b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)) - tan(e + f*x)^3*((a + b)^2/3 + b^2/3 - (2*b*(a + b))/3) + tan(e + f*x)^5*((a + b)^2/5 + b^2/5 - (2*b*(a + b))/5) - tan(e + f*x)^7*(b^2/7 - (2*b*(a + b))/7) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^9)/9 - a^2*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{63 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^8 \tan(fx + e)^5 a^2 - 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^8 \tan(fx + e)^3 a^2 + 315 \cos$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^6,x)`

output `(63*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**8*tan(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**8*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**8*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2*f*x - 252*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)**5*a**2 + 420*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 1260*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 + 1260*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*f*x + 378*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 630*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 1890*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 1890*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*f*x - 252*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**5*a**2 + 420*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 1260*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 + 1260*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x + 63*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)**5*a**2 - 105*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 315*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 315*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x - 90*sin(e + f*x)**9*a*b - 10*sin(e + f*x)**9*b**2 + 90*sin(e + f*x)**7*a*b + 45*sin(e + f*x)**7*b**2)/(315*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**8 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**6 + 6*sin(e + f*x)**4 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))`

3.331 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	2762
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2762
Rubi [A] (verified)	2763
Maple [A] (verified)	2765
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2765
Sympy [F]	2766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2766
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2767
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2767
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2768

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx = a^2 x - \frac{a^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b(2a + b) \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^7(e + fx)}{7f}$$

output

```
a^2*x-a^2*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*a^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*b*(2*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^5/f+1/7*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^7/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 395 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sec(e) \sec^7(e + fx) (3675a^2 fx \cos(fx) + 3675a^2 fx \cos(2e + fx) + 2205a^2 fx \cos(2e + 3fx) + 2205a^2 fx \cos(2e + 5fx) + 2205a^2 fx \cos(2e + 7fx))}{7f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(Sec[e]*Sec[e + f*x]^7*(3675*a^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 3675*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x]
] + 2205*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 2205*a^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] + 735*a^
2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] + 735*a^2*f*x*Cos[6*e + 5*f*x] + 105*a^2*f*x*Cos[6*
e + 7*f*x] + 105*a^2*f*x*Cos[8*e + 7*f*x] - 5320*a^2*Sin[f*x] + 1680*a*b*S
in[f*x] + 840*b^2*Sin[f*x] + 4480*a^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 1260*a*b*Sin[2*e +
f*x] + 420*b^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 3780*a^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 924*a*b*Sin[2*
e + 3*f*x] - 168*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 2100*a^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 840*a*
b*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 420*b^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 1540*a^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x]
+ 168*a*b*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 84*b^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 420*a^2*Sin[6*e + 5
*f*x] - 420*a*b*Sin[6*e + 5*f*x] - 280*a^2*Sin[6*e + 7*f*x] + 84*a*b*Sin[6
*e + 7*f*x] + 12*b^2*Sin[6*e + 7*f*x]))/(13440*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4629$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 2075$$

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 364$$

$$\int \frac{\left(b^2 \tan^6(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \tan^4(e + fx) + a^2 \tan^2(e + fx) - a^2 + \frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1}\right) d \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + \frac{1}{3}a^2 \tan^3(e + fx) - a^2 \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5}b(2a + b) \tan^5(e + fx) + \frac{1}{7}b^2 \tan^7(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] - a^2*Tan[e + f*x] + (a^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/5 + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^7)/7)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^7}{7} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} \right)}{f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)^5}{5f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + fx+e \right) + \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e)^5}{5 \cos(fx+e)^5} + b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{7 \cos(fx+e)^7} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)^5}{35 \cos(fx+e)^5} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3} - \tan(fx+e) + fx+e \right) + \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e)^5}{5 \cos(fx+e)^5} + b^2 \left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^5}{7 \cos(fx+e)^7} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)^5}{35 \cos(fx+e)^5} \right)}{f}$
risch	$a^2 x + \frac{4i(-105 e^{12i(fx+e)} a^2 + 105 ab e^{12i(fx+e)} - 525 e^{10i(fx+e)} a^2 + 210 e^{10i(fx+e)} ab + 105 b^2 e^{10i(fx+e)} - 1120 a^2 e^{8i(fx+e)} + 1120 ab e^{8i(fx+e)} - 560 b^2 e^{8i(fx+e)})}{105 f \cos(fx+e)^7}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^2/f*(1/3*tan(f*x+e)^3-tan(f*x+e)+arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+b^2/f*(1/7*tan(f*x+e)^7+1/5*tan(f*x+e)^5)+2/5*a*b/f*tan(f*x+e)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{105 a^2 fx \cos(fx + e)^7 - (2(70 a^2 - 21 ab - 3 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 - (35 a^2 - 84 ab + 3 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 105 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + 105 b^2)}{105 f \cos(fx + e)^7}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/105*(105*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^7 - (2*(70*a^2 - 21*a*b - 3*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^6 - (35*a^2 - 84*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 6*(7*a*b - 4*b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^2 - 15*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^7)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*tan(f*x+e)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*tan(e + f*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^2 \tan(fx + e)^7 + 21 (2ab + b^2) \tan(fx + e)^5 + 35 a^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 105 (fx + e) a^2 - 105 a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{105 f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/105*(15*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 21*(2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 35*a^2*ta
n(f*x + e)^3 + 105*(f*x + e)*a^2 - 105*a^2*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{(fx + e)a^2}{f} + \frac{15b^2f^6 \tan^7(fx + e) + 42abf^6 \tan^5(fx + e) + 21b^2f^6 \tan^3(fx + e) - 105a^2f^6 \tan(fx + e)}{105f^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(f*x + e)*a^2/f + 1/105*(15*b^2*f^6*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 42*a*b*f^6*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 21*b^2*f^6*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 105*a^2*f^6*tan(f*x + e))/f^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{3} + \frac{b^2}{3} - \frac{2b(a+b)}{3} \right) - \tan(e + fx) \left((a+b)^2 + b^2 - 2b(a+b) \right) - \tan(e + fx)^5 \left(\frac{b^2}{5} - \frac{2b(a+b)}{5} \right) + \frac{b^2 \tan^7(e + fx)}{7} + a^2 f x}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `(tan(e + f*x)^3*((a + b)^2/3 + b^2/3 - (2*b*(a + b))/3) - tan(e + f*x)*((a + b)^2 + b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)) - tan(e + f*x)^5*(b^2/5 - (2*b*(a + b))/5) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^7)/7 + a^2*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{35 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e)^3 a^2 - 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan(fx + e) a^2 + 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^3(fx + e) a^2 - 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^5(fx + e) a^2 + 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^7(fx + e) a^2 - 35 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^3(fx + e) a b + 35 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^5(fx + e) a b - 35 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^7(fx + e) a b + 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^3(fx + e) b^2 - 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^5(fx + e) b^2 + 105 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^6 \tan^7(fx + e) b^2}{(105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^2(fx + e) - 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^4(fx + e) + 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^6(fx + e) - 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^8(fx + e) + 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^{10}(fx + e) - 35 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^4(fx + e) a b + 35 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^6(fx + e) a b - 35 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^8(fx + e) a b + 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^4(fx + e) b^2 - 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^6(fx + e) b^2 + 105 \cos^2(fx + e) \sin^6(fx + e) \tan^8(fx + e) b^2)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)
```

output

```
(35*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 + 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*f*x - 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*f*x + 105*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 - 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 + 315*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 35*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)**3*a**2 + 105*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 105*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 42*sin(e + f*x)**7*a*b + 6*sin(e + f*x)**7*b**2 - 42*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b - 21*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**2)/(105*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**6 - 3*sin(e + f*x)**4 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.332 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	2770
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -a^2 x + \frac{a^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b(2a + b) \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output `-a^2*x+a^2*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b*(2*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^5/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.76

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sec(e) \sec^5(e + fx) (150a^2 fx \cos(fx) + 150a^2 fx \cos(2e + fx) + 75a^2 fx \cos(2e + 3fx) + 75a^2 fx \cos($$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output

```

-1/480*(Sec[e]*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(150*a^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 150*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e
+ f*x] + 75*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 75*a^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] + 15*a^
2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] + 15*a^2*f*x*Cos[6*e + 5*f*x] - 180*a^2*Sin[f*x] +
80*a*b*Sin[f*x] - 20*b^2*Sin[f*x] + 120*a^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 120*a*b*Sin[2
*e + f*x] - 60*b^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 120*a^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 40*a*b*Sin[
2*e + 3*f*x] + 20*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 30*a^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 60*a*b*
Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 30*a^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 20*a*b*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 4*b
^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x]))/f

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx) (a + b (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{364} \\
 & \int \left(b^2 \tan^4(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \tan^2(e + fx) + a^2 - \frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + a^2 \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3}b(2a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) + \frac{1}{5}b^2 \tan^5(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `(-(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]) + a^2*Tan[e + f*x] + (b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3 + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^5)/5)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2(\tan(fx+e)-\arctan(\tan(fx+e)))}{f} + \frac{b^2\left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)^3}{3}\right)}{f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)^3}{3f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(\tan(fx+e)-fx-e) + \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e)^3}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3} + b^2\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^3}{5 \cos(fx+e)^5} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)^3}{15 \cos(fx+e)^3}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2(\tan(fx+e)-fx-e) + \frac{2ab \sin(fx+e)^3}{3 \cos(fx+e)^3} + b^2\left(\frac{\sin(fx+e)^3}{5 \cos(fx+e)^5} + \frac{2 \sin(fx+e)^3}{15 \cos(fx+e)^3}\right)}{f}$
risch	$-a^2x - \frac{2i(-15a^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 30e^{8i(fx+e)}ab - 60a^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 60abe^{6i(fx+e)} + 30b^2e^{6i(fx+e)} - 90a^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 40ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)} - 15b^2e^{2i(fx+e)} - 15b^2)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^2/f*(tan(f*x+e)-arctan(tan(f*x+e)))+b^2/f*(1/5*tan(f*x+e)^5+1/3*tan(f*x+e)^3)+2/3*a*b/f*tan(f*x+e)^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{15 a^2 f x \cos(fx + e)^5 - ((15 a^2 - 10 ab - 2 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + (10 ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3 b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{15 f \cos(fx + e)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/15*(15*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^5 - ((15*a^2 - 10*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (10*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^5)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2*tan(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2 \tan^5(fx + e) + 5(2ab + b^2) \tan^3(fx + e) - 15(fx + e)a^2 + 15a^2 \tan(fx + e)}{15f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(3*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 5*(2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(f*x + e)*a^2 + 15*a^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a^2}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^2 f^4 \tan^5(fx + e) + 10abf^4 \tan^3(fx + e) + 5b^2 f^4 \tan(fx + e) + 15a^2 f^4 \tan(fx + e)}{15f^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-(f*x + e)*a^2/f + 1/15*(3*b^2*f^4*tan(f*x + e)^5 + 10*a*b*f^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*b^2*f^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*f^4*tan(f*x + e))/f^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\tan(e + fx) ((a + b)^2 + b^2 - 2b(a + b)) - \tan(e + fx)^3 \left(\frac{b^2}{3} - \frac{2b(a+b)}{3}\right) + \frac{b^2 \tan(e+fx)^5}{5} - a^2 f x}{f}$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(tan(e + f*x)*((a + b)^2 + b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)) - tan(e + f*x)^3*(b^2/3 - (2*b*(a + b))/3) + (b^2*tan(e + f*x)^5)/5 - a^2*f*x)/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a^2 - 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 fx - 30 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) a b + 15 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 \tan(fx + e) b^2 - 10 \sin(fx + e)^5 a b - 2 \sin(fx + e)^5 b^2 + 10 \sin(fx + e)^3 a b + 5 \sin(fx + e)^3 b^2}{15 \cos(e + f*x) * f * (\sin(e + f*x)^4 - 2 * \sin(e + f*x)^2 + 1)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)
```

output

```
(15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*f*x - 30*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 + 30*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x + 15*cos(e + f*x)*tan(e + f*x)*a**2 - 15*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x - 10*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b - 2*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**2 + 10*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b + 5*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2)/(15*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**4 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2 + 1))
```

3.333 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	2775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2775
Rubi [A] (verified)	2776
Maple [A] (verified)	2777
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2778
Sympy [F]	2778
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2779
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2779
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2779
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2780

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
a^2*x+b*(2*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/f+1/3*b^2*tan(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2fx + 3b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx) + b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^2*f*x + 3*b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 300, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{300} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} + b^2 \tan^2(e + fx) + b(2a + b) \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + b(2a + b) \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 \tan^3(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + b*(2*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x] + (b^2*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 300 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int [PolynomialDivide[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c + d*x^2)^(-q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, 0] && GeQ[p, -q]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
parts	$a^2x - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(fx+e)}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f} + \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(fx+e) + 2ab \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(fx+e)}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2(fx+e) + 2ab \tan(fx+e) - b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\sec^2(fx+e)}{3} \right) \tan(fx+e)}{f}$
risch	$a^2x + \frac{4ib(3ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 6ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 3be^{2i(fx+e)} + 3a+b)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3}$
norman	$\frac{a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 - a^2x + 3a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 - 3a^2x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 - \frac{2b(2a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2b(2a+b) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5}{f} + \frac{4b}{f}}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^6 a^2 f + (-12ab - 6b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^5 - 9x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^4 a^2 f + (24ab + 4b^2) \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^3 + 9x \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2}{3f \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*x-b^2/f*(-2/3-1/3*sec(f*x+e)^2)*tan(f*x+e)+2*a*b*tan(f*x+e)/f`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2fx \cos(fx + e)^3 + (2(3ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sin(fx + e)}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (2*(3*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{(\tan(fx+e))^3 + 3\tan(fx+e)b^2}{3f} + \frac{2ab\tan(fx+e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*x + 1/3*(tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*tan(f*x + e))*b^2/f + 2*a*b*tan(f*x + e)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2\tan(fx+e)^3 + 3(fx+e)a^2 + 6ab\tan(fx+e) + 3b^2\tan(fx+e)}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(f*x + e)*a^2 + 6*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 3*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/f`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx = \frac{\frac{b^2\tan(e+fx)^3}{3} - \tan(e+fx)(b^2 - 2b(a+b)) + a^2fx}{f}$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `((b^2*tan(e + f*x)^3)/3 - tan(e + f*x)*(b^2 - 2*b*(a + b)) + a^2*f*x)/f`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 fx - 3 \cos(fx + e) a^2 fx + 6 \sin(fx + e)^3 ab + 2 \sin(fx + e)^3 b^2 - 6 \sin(fx + e) ab - 3 \sin(fx + e) b^2}{3 \cos(fx + e) f (\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*f*x - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + 6*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b + 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b - 3*sin(e + f*x)*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))`

3.334 $\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	2781
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2781
Rubi [A] (verified)	2782
Maple [A] (verified)	2784
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2784
Sympy [F]	2785
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2785
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2785
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2786
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2786

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -a^2x - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

output

```
-a^2*x-(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)/f+b^2*tan(f*x+e)/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{4(b + a \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec(e + fx) (a^2 fx \cos(e + fx) - ((a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx) \csc(e) + b^2 \sec(e)) \sin(fx))}{f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-4*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)^2*sec[e + f*x]*(a^2*f*x*cos[e + f*x] - ((a + b)^2*cot[e + f*x]*csc[e] + b^2*sec[e])*sin[f*x]))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\tan(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4629$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 2075$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 364$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} + b^2 + (a + b)^2 \cot^2(e + fx) \right) d \tan(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2(-\arctan(\tan(e + fx))) - (a + b)^2 \cot(e + fx) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output
$$\frac{-(a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan[e + f x]]) - (a + b)^2 \operatorname{Cot}[e + f x] + b^2 \tan[e + f x]}{f}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364
$$\operatorname{Int}[\frac{(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p}{(c + d \cdot x^2)}, x, x] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c + d \cdot x^2)], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[2 \cdot (m + 1), 0] \ || \ !\operatorname{RationalQ}[m])$

rule 2009
$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2075
$$\operatorname{Int}[(u)^p \cdot (v)^q \cdot (e \cdot x)^m, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p \cdot \operatorname{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[\operatorname{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \operatorname{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& !\operatorname{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x$

rule 3042
$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4629
$$\operatorname{Int}[\frac{(a + b \cdot \sec[e + f x] + (f \cdot x)^n)^p \cdot (d \cdot \tan[e + f x] + (f \cdot x))}{(a + b \cdot (1 + f^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2})^p}, x, x] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{\operatorname{ff} = \operatorname{FreeFactors}[\tan[e + f x], x]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[\frac{\operatorname{ff}}{f} \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(d \cdot \operatorname{ff} \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot (1 + \operatorname{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)^{n/2})^p / (1 + \operatorname{ff}^2 \cdot x^2)], x], x, \tan[e + f x] / \operatorname{ff}, x] /;$$
 $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ || \ \operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2(-\cot(fx+e)-fx-e)-2ab\cot(fx+e)+b^2\left(\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-2\cot(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	66
default	$\frac{a^2(-\cot(fx+e)-fx-e)-2ab\cot(fx+e)+b^2\left(\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)\cos(fx+e)}-2\cot(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	66
risch	$-a^2x - \frac{2i(a^2e^{2i(fx+e)}+2abe^{2i(fx+e)}+a^2+2ab+2b^2)}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}$	79

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-cot(f*x+e)-f*x-e)-2*a*b*cot(f*x+e)+b^2*(1/sin(f*x+e)/cos(f*x+e)-2*cot(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \cot^2(e+fx)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{a^2fx\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)+(a^2+2ab+2b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2-b^2}{f\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a^2*f*x*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e)+(a^2+2*a*b+2*b^2)*cos(f*x+e)^2-b^2)/(f*cos(f*x+e)*sin(f*x+e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cot^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cot(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a^2 - b^2 \tan(fx + e) + \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{\tan(fx + e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((f*x + e)*a^2 - b^2*tan(f*x + e) + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/tan(f*x + e))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -\frac{(fx + e)a^2 - b^2 \tan(fx + e) + \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{\tan(fx + e)}}{f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-((f*x + e)*a^2 - b^2*tan(f*x + e) + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/tan(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 \tan(e + fx)}{f} - a^2 x - \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{f \tan(e + fx)}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `(b^2*tan(e + f*x))/f - a^2*x - (2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)/(f*tan(e + f*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-\cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) a^2 fx + \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 ab + 2 \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 - a^2 - 2ab - b^2}{\cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(- cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - a**2 - 2*a*b - b**2)/(cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*f)`

3.335 $\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	2787
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2787
Rubi [A] (verified)	2788
Maple [A] (verified)	2790
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2790
Sympy [F]	2791
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2791
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2791
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2792
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2792

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \cot(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
a^2*x+(a^2-b^2)*cot(f*x+e)/f-1/3*(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. 2(45) = 90.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\csc(e) \csc^3(e + fx) (9a^2 fx \cos(fx) - 9a^2 fx \cos(2e + fx) - 3a^2 fx \cos(2e + 3fx) + 3a^2 fx \cos(4e + 3fx))}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*(9*a^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 9*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] - 3*
a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 3*a^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 12*a^2*Sin[f*x] +
12*b^2*Sin[f*x] - 12*a^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 12*a*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 8*a^2*Si
n[2*e + 3*f*x] + 4*a*b*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 4*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x]))/(24*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\tan(e + fx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) (a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{364} \\
 & \int \left((a + b)^2 \cot^4(e + fx) + (b^2 - a^2) \cot^2(e + fx) + \frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + (a^2 - b^2) \cot(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3}(a + b)^2 \cot^3(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]] + (a^2 - b^2)*Cot[e + f*x] - ((a + b)^2*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} + \cot(fx+e) + fx+e \right) - \frac{2ab \cos(fx+e)^3}{3 \sin(fx+e)^3} + b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\csc(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cot(fx+e)}{f}$	73
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} + \cot(fx+e) + fx+e \right) - \frac{2ab \cos(fx+e)^3}{3 \sin(fx+e)^3} + b^2 \left(-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{\csc(fx+e)^2}{3} \right) \cot(fx+e)}{f}$	73
risch	$a^2 x + \frac{4i(3a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 3ab e^{4i(fx+e)} - 3a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3b^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2a^2 + ab - b^2)}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^3}$	95

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3+cot(f*x+e)+f*x+e)-2/3*a*b/sin(f*x+e)^3*cos(f*x+e)^3+b^2*(-2/3-1/3*csc(f*x+e)^2)*cot(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + ab - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - 3(a^2 - b^2) \cos(fx + e) + 3(a^2 fx \cos(fx + e)^2 - a^2 fx) \sin(fx + e)}{3(f \cos(fx + e)^2 - f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*(2*a^2 + a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a^2 - b^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 3*(a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \cot^4(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2*cot(e + f*x)**4, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3(fx + e)a^2 + \frac{3(a^2 - b^2) \tan(fx + e)^2 - a^2 - 2ab - b^2}{\tan(fx + e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*(f*x + e)*a^2 + (3*(a^2 - b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)/tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3 + 2ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3 + b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3 + 24(fx + e)a^2 - 15a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(a^2*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 + 2*a*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 + b^2*tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3 + 24*(f*x + e)*a^2 - 15*a^2*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) - 6*a*
b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) + 9*b^2*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e) + (15*a^2*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^2 + 6*a*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 9*b^2*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 -
a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)/tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = a^2 x - \frac{\frac{2ab}{3} - \tan(e + fx)^2 (a^2 - b^2) + \frac{a^2}{3} + \frac{b^2}{3}}{f \tan(e + fx)^3}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
a^2*x - ((2*a*b)/3 - tan(e + f*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2) + a^2/3 + b^2/3)/(f*tan(e
+ f*x)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 2 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 ab - 2 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^2 b^2 - \cos(fx + e)}{3 \sin(fx + e)^3 f}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b
- 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)
*a*b - cos(e + f*x)*b**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*f*x)/(3*sin(e + f*x)**3*
f)
```

3.336 $\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = -a^2x - \frac{a^2 \cot(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \cot^3(e + fx)}{3f} - \frac{(a + b)^2 \cot^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

```
output -a^2*x-a^2*cot(f*x+e)/f+1/3*(a^2-b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^3/f-1/5*(a+b)^2*cot(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 256 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{\csc(e) \csc^5(e + fx) (-150a^2 fx \cos(fx) + 150a^2 fx \cos(2e + fx) + 75a^2 fx \cos(2e + 3fx) - 75a^2 fx \cos(4e + 3fx) + 150ab \cot(e) \cos(fx) + 150ab \cot(e) \cos(2e + fx) + 75ab \cot(e) \cos(2e + 3fx) - 75ab \cot(e) \cos(4e + 3fx) - 150b^2 \cot^3(e) \cos(fx) - 150b^2 \cot^3(e) \cos(2e + fx) - 75b^2 \cot^3(e) \cos(2e + 3fx) + 75b^2 \cot^3(e) \cos(4e + 3fx) + 150b^2 \cot^5(e) \cos(fx) + 150b^2 \cot^5(e) \cos(2e + fx) + 75b^2 \cot^5(e) \cos(2e + 3fx) - 75b^2 \cot^5(e) \cos(4e + 3fx)}{f^2}$$

```
input Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*(-150*a^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 150*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x]
+ 75*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] - 75*a^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 15*a^2*f*x*
Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] + 15*a^2*f*x*Cos[6*e + 5*f*x] + 280*a^2*Sin[f*x] + 120*a*
b*Sin[f*x] + 20*b^2*Sin[f*x] + 180*a^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 60*b^2*Sin[2*e + f
*x] - 140*a^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 20*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 90*a^2*Sin[4*e
+ 3*f*x] - 60*a*b*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 46*a^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 12*a*b*Sin[
4*e + 5*f*x] - 4*b^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x]))/(480*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 364, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\tan(e + fx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx) (a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx) (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{364} \\
 & \int \left((a + b)^2 \cot^6(e + fx) + (b^2 - a^2) \cot^4(e + fx) + a^2 \cot^2(e + fx) - \frac{a^2}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} \right) d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-a^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx)) + \frac{1}{3}(a^2 - b^2) \cot^3(e + fx) - a^2 \cot(e + fx) - \frac{1}{5}(a + b)^2 \cot^5(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(-(a^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]) - a^2*Cot[e + f*x] + ((a^2 - b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/3 - ((a + b)^2*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/5)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 364 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IGtQ[2*(m + 1), 0] || !RationalQ[m])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} - \cot(fx+e) - fx - e \right) - \frac{2ab \cos(fx+e)^5}{5 \sin(fx+e)^5} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e)^3}{5 \sin(fx+e)^5} - \frac{2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{15 \sin(fx+e)^3} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{\cot(fx+e)^3}{3} - \cot(fx+e) - fx - e \right) - \frac{2ab \cos(fx+e)^5}{5 \sin(fx+e)^5} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\cos(fx+e)^3}{5 \sin(fx+e)^5} - \frac{2 \cos(fx+e)^3}{15 \sin(fx+e)^3} \right)}{f}$
risch	$-a^2 x - \frac{2i(45a^2 e^{8i(fx+e)} + 30e^{8i(fx+e)} ab - 90a^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 30b^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 140a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 60ab e^{4i(fx+e)} + 10b^2)}{15f(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^5}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a^2*(-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5+1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3-cot(f*x+e)-f*x-e)-2/5*a*b/sin(f*x+e)^5*cos(f*x+e)^5+b^2*(-1/5/sin(f*x+e)^5*cos(f*x+e)^3-2/15*cos(f*x+e)^3/sin(f*x+e)^3))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{(23a^2 + 6ab - 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^5 - 5(7a^2 - b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 15a^2 \cos(fx + e) + 15(a^2 fx \cos(fx + e) - 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2 \cos(fx + e))}{15(f \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2f \cos(fx + e)^2 + f) \sin(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*((23*a^2 + 6*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 5*(7*a^2 - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*a^2*cos(f*x + e) + 15*(a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + f)*sin(f*x + e))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{15 (fx + e)a^2 + \frac{15a^2 \tan(fx+e)^4 - 5(a^2 - b^2) \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3a^2 + 6ab + 3b^2}{\tan(fx+e)^5}}{15f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*(f*x + e)*a^2 + (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 5*(a^2 - b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/tan(f*x + e)^5)/f`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 273 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^5 + 6ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^5 + 3b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^5 - 35a^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^3 - 30ab \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)}{15f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{480}(3a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^5 + 6ab \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^5 + 3b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^5 - 35a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^3 - 30ab \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^3 + 5b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^3 - 480(fx + e)a^2 + 330a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e) + 60ab \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e) - 30b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e) - (330a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 + 60ab \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 - 30b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 - 35a^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 - 30ab \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + 5b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + 3a^2 + 6ab + 3b^2) / \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^5) / f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= -a^2 x - \frac{\frac{2ab}{5} + \frac{a^2}{5} + \frac{b^2}{5} - \tan(e + fx)^2 \left(\frac{a^2}{3} - \frac{b^2}{3}\right) + a^2 \tan(e + fx)^4}{f \tan(e + fx)^5}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output
$$-a^2 x - ((2ab)/5 + a^2/5 + b^2/5 - \tan(e + f*x)^2*(a^2/3 - b^2/3) + a^2 \tan(e + f*x)^4) / (f \tan(e + f*x)^5)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-23 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 - 6 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 ab + 2 \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 11 \dots}{f \tan(e + fx)^5}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 23*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*
a*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 11*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**
2*a**2 + 12*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**
2*b**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 6*cos(e + f*x)*a*b - 3*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 -
15*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*f*x)/(15*sin(e + f*x)**5*f)
```


3.337 $\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2800
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2801
Maple [A] (verified)	2803
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2803
Sympy [F]	2804
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2804
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2804
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2805
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2805

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b) \log(\cos(e+fx))}{b^2 f} - \frac{(a+b)^2 \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2ab^2 f} + \frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{2bf}$$

output

$(a+2*b)*\ln(\cos(f*x+e))/b^2/f-1/2*(a+b)^2*\ln(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/a/b^2/f+1/2*\sec(f*x+e)^2/b/f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) (2a(a+2b) \log(\cos(e+fx)) - (a+b)^2 \log(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)))}{4ab^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input

`Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$$((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*(2*a*(a + 2*b)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]] - (a + b)^2*\text{Log}[a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2] + a*b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2))/(4*a*b^2*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2))$$
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^3(e + fx)}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec^2(e + fx)}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\ & \frac{\int \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{b^2(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} + \frac{\sec^2(e + fx)}{b} + \frac{(-a-2b) \sec(e + fx)}{b^2} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{(a+b)^2 \log(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)}{ab^2} - \frac{(a+2b) \log(\cos^2(e + fx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{b}}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2), x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(-((a + 2*b)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2])/b^2) + ((a + b)^2*\text{Log}[b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2])/(a*b^2) - \text{Sec}[e + f*x]/b)/f$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 354

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$$

SumQ[u]

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$$

FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4626

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{(m+n*p-1)})^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m+n*p)}), x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e))^2}{2b^2a} + \frac{(a+2b)\ln(\cos(fx+e))}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2b\cos(fx+e)^2}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e))^2}{2b^2a} + \frac{(a+2b)\ln(\cos(fx+e))}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2b\cos(fx+e)^2}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2ie}{af} + \frac{2e^{2i(fx+e)}}{fb(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^2} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)a}{b^2f} + \frac{2\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}{bf} - \frac{a\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a}\right)}{2b^2f}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/2*(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/b^2/a*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(a+2*b)/b^2*ln(cos(f*x+e))+1/2/b/cos(f*x+e)^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 \log(a\cos(fx+e)^2+b) - 2(a^2+2ab)\cos(fx+e)^2 \log(-\cos(fx+e))}{2ab^2f\cos(fx+e)^2}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(-cos(f*x + e)) - a*b)/(a*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\frac{(a+2b) \log(\sin(fx+e)^2-1)}{b^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(fx+e)^2-b} - \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \log(a \sin(fx+e)^2-a-b)}{ab^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((a + 2*b)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)/b^2 - 1/(b*sin(f*x + e)^2 - b) - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a*b^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + 2b) \log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{b^2 f} - \frac{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2ab^2 f} + \frac{1}{2bf \cos(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(a + 2*b)*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/(b^2*f) - 1/2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a*b^2*f) + 1/2/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2af} - \frac{\ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{bf} - \frac{\ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2af} + \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2}{2bf} - \frac{a \ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2b^2f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a*f) - log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(b*f) - log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*a*f) + tan(e + f*x)^2/(2*b*f) - (a*log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2))/(2*b^2*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 766, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.10

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output

```
(2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)
/2)**2 + 1)*b**2 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 4*lo
g(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*
a**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e
 + f*x)**2*a**2 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*log(
tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a*b - log(sqrt(a
 + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e
 + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*
sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2
 + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e +
f*x)/2))*a**2 + 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sq
rt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a
 + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/
2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*
log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x
)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a +
b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 + log(sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2 + 2*lo
g(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*...
```

3.338 $\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2807
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2807
Rubi [A] (verified)	2808
Maple [A] (verified)	2809
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2810
Sympy [F]	2810
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2811
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2811
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2811
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2812

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(\cos(e+fx))}{bf} + \frac{(a+b) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2abf}$$

output `-ln(cos(f*x+e))/b/f+1/2*(a+b)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a/b/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{-2a \log(\cos(e+fx)) + (a+b) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2abf}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-2*a*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] + (a + b)*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a*b*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^3}{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(1-\cos^2(e+fx)) \sec(e+fx)}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(1-\cos^2(e+fx)) \sec(e+fx)}{a \cos^2(e+fx)+b} d \cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{-a-b}{b(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{b} \right) d \cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\log(\cos^2(e+fx))}{b} - \frac{(a+b) \log(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{ab}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2]/b - ((a + b)*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4626 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(\cos(fx+e))}{b} + \frac{(a+b)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{2ba}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(\cos(fx+e))}{b} + \frac{(a+b)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{2ba}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2ie}{af} - \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}{bf} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2bf} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2af}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/b*ln(cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(a+b)/b/a*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + b) \log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) - 2a \log(-\cos(fx + e))}{2abf}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((a + b)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) - 2*a*log(-cos(f*x + e)))/(a*b*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a+b) \log(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)}{ab} - \frac{\log(\sin(fx+e)^2 - 1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*((a + b)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a*b) - log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)/b)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + b) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2abf} - \frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{bf}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(a + b)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a*b*f) - log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/(b*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2af} + \frac{\ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2bf} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2af}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```
log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*a*f) + log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*b
*f) - log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) b - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - 1\right) a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + 1\right) a + \log\left(\sqrt{a + b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right)}{f}$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b)/(2*a*b*f)
```

$$3.339 \quad \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2813
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2813
Rubi [A] (verified)	2814
Maple [A] (verified)	2815
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2815
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2816
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2816
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2817
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2817

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2af}$$

output `-1/2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{2af}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]/(a*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a\cos^2(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{240} \\ & -\frac{\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{2af} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]/(a*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{a} - \frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)}{2a}}{f}$	35
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{a} - \frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)}{2a}}{f}$	35
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2ie}{af} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2af}$	58

```
input int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(1/a*ln(sec(f*x+e))-1/2/a*ln(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)}{2af}$$

```
input integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/(a*f)
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.09

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tilde{\infty} x \tan(e)}{\sec^2(e)} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge f = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2bf \sec^2(e + fx)} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{2af} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{x \tan(e)}{a + b \sec^2(e)} & \text{for } f = 0 \\ -\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + \sec(e + fx)\right)}{2af} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + \sec(e + fx)\right)}{2af} + \frac{\log(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}{2af} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*x*tan(e)/sec(e)**2, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(f, 0)), (-1/(2*b*f*sec(e + f*x)**2), Eq(a, 0)), (log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*a*f), Eq(b, 0)), (x*tan(e)/(a + b*sec(e)**2), Eq(f, 0)), (-log(-sqrt(-a/b) + sec(e + f*x))/(2*a*f) - log(sqrt(-a/b) + sec(e + f*x))/(2*a*f) + log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*a*f), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(a \sin^2(fx + e) - a - b)}{2af}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a*f)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2af}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{a}{2\left(\frac{3a}{2} + 2b + \frac{a \cos(2e + 2fx)}{2}\right)} - \frac{a \cos(2e + 2fx)}{2\left(\frac{3a}{2} + 2b + \frac{a \cos(2e + 2fx)}{2}\right)}\right)}{af}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `atanh(a/(2*((3*a)/2 + 2*b + (a*cos(2*e + 2*f*x))/2))) - (a*cos(2*e + 2*f*x))/(2*((3*a)/2 + 2*b + (a*cos(2*e + 2*f*x))/2)))/(a*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) - \log(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)}{2af}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1) - log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a))/(2*a*f)`

3.340 $\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2818
Rubi [A] (verified)	2819
Maple [A] (verified)	2820
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2821
Sympy [F]	2821
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2822
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{b \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a(a+b)f} + \frac{\log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)f}$$

output `1/2*b*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a/(a+b)/f+ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{2a \log(\sin(e+fx)) + b \log(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{2a^2f + 2abf}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*a*Log[Sin[e + f*x]] + b*Log[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(2*a^2*f + 2*a*b*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{1}{(-a-b)(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} - \frac{b}{(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{\log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{a+b} - \frac{b \log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a(a+b)}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(-(Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2]/(a + b)) - (b*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4626 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b} + \frac{b \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{2(a+b)a} + \frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b}$
default	$\frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b} + \frac{b \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{2(a+b)a} + \frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a+2b}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2ix}{a+b} - \frac{2ie}{f(a+b)} - \frac{2ibx}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2ibe}{af(a+b)} + \frac{\ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)}{f(a+b)} + \frac{b \ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2af(a+b)}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/(2*a+2*b)*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2/(a+b)*b/a*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/(2*a+2*b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) + 2a \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(fx + e)\right)}{2(a^2 + ab)f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + 2*a*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^2 + a*b)*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \log(a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)}{a^2 + ab} + \frac{\log(\sin(fx + e)^2)}{a + b}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^2 + a*b) + log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a + b))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2(a^2 f + abf)} + \frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1|)}{2(af + bf)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^2*f + a*b*f) + 1/2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/(a*f + b*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx))}{f(a + b)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2af} + \frac{b \ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2f(a^2 + ba)}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```
log(tan(e + f*x))/(f*(a + b)) - log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a*f) + (b*log(a
+ b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2))/(2*f*(a*b + a^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) b + \log\left(\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a+b} - 2\sqrt{a+b}\right)}{2af}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*b +
log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)
)/2))*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2))*b + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a)/(2*a*f*(a + b))
```


3.341 $\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2824
Rubi [A] (verified)	2825
Maple [A] (verified)	2827
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2827
Sympy [F]	2828
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2829
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2829

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f} - \frac{b^2 \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{(a+2b) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^2 f}$$

```
output -1/2*csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)/f-1/2*b^2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a/(a+b)^2/f-(a+2*b)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) (a(a+b) \csc^2(e+fx) + 2a(a+2b) \log(\sin(e+fx)) + b^2 \log(a+b - a \sin(2(e+fx))))}{4a(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

```
input Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(a*(a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 2*a*(a +
2*b)*Log[Sin[e + f*x]] + b^2*Log[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])*Sec[e + f*x]^2
)/(a*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

↓ 4626

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 354

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos^2(e + fx)$$

$2f$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2}{(a+b)^2 (a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{a+2b}{(a+b)^2 (\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} + \frac{1}{(a+b) (\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)$$

$2f$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)}{a(a+b)^2} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))} + \frac{(a+2b) \log(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{(a+b)^2}$$

$2f$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(1/((a + b)*(1 - \text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2)) + ((a + 2*b)*\text{Log}[1 - \text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^2 + (b^2*\text{Log}[b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(a + b)^2))/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 354
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$$
 SumQ[u]

rule 3042
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$$
 FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4626
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_)]^(p_.)*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(ff^m)^{m+n*p-1})^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{m+n*p}), x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{1}{(4a+4b)(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-2b)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} - \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-2b)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2 a}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{(4a+4b)(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-2b)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} - \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-2b)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2 a}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2iax}{a^2+2ab+b^2} + \frac{2iae}{f(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{4ibx}{a^2+2ab+b^2} + \frac{4ibe}{f(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{2ib^2x}{a(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{2ib^2e}{af(a^2+2ab+b^2)}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/(4*a+4*b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(-a-2*b)/(a+b)^2*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))-1/(4*a+4*b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(-a-2*b)/(a+b)^2*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))-1/2*b^2/(a+b)^2/a*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + ab - (b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 - b^2) \log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) - 2((a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 - a^2 - 2ab) \log(2((a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f))}{2((a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a^2 + a*b - (b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) - 2*((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log(a \sin^2(fx+e) - a - b)}{a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2} + \frac{(a+2b) \log(\sin^2(fx+e))}{a^2 + 2ab + b^2} + \frac{1}{(a+b) \sin^2(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2) + (a + 2*b)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) + 1/((a + b)*sin(f*x + e)^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log(|a \cos^2(fx + e) + b|)}{2(a^3 f + 2a^2 b f + ab^2 f)} - \frac{(a + 2b) \log(|-\cos^2(fx + e) + 1|)}{2(a^2 f + 2abf + b^2 f)} + \frac{1}{2(\cos^2(fx + e) - 1)(a + b)f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/2*b^2*\log(\text{abs}(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^3*f + 2*a^2*b*f + a*b^2*f) - 1/2*(a + 2*b)*\log(\text{abs}(-\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) + 1/2/((\cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*(a + b)*f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2af} - \frac{\cot(e + fx)^2}{2f(a + b)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx))(a + 2b)}{f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{b^2 \ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2af(a + b)^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/\cos(e + f*x)^2), x)$$

output

$$\log(\tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a*f) - \cot(e + f*x)^2/(2*f*(a + b)) - (\log(\tan(e + f*x))*(a + 2*b))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)) - (b^2*\log(a + b + b*\tan(e + f*x)^2))/(2*a*f*(a + b)^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin^2(fx + e) a^2 + 8 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin^2(fx + e) ab + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin^2(fx + e) b^2}{2af(a + b)^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}(\cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2), x)$$

output

```
(4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*a**2 - 2*a*b)/(4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*f*(a**2 + 2*a*b + b**2))
```

3.342 $\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2831
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2831
Rubi [A] (verified)	2832
Maple [A] (verified)	2834
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2834
Sympy [F]	2835
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2835
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2836
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2836
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2837

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(2a+3b) \csc^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{4(a+b)f} + \frac{b^3 \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a(a+b)^3 f} + \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

$\frac{1}{2}*(2*a+3*b)*\csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^2/f-1/4*\csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b)/f+1/2*b^3*\ln(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/a/(a+b)^3/f+(a^2+3*a*b+3*b^2)*\ln(\sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^3/f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)) \left(\frac{2(2a+3b) \csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2} - \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{4(a^2+3ab+3b^2) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3} + \frac{2b^3 \log(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{a(a+b)^3} \right)}{8f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output $((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*e + 2*f*x])*((2*(2*a + 3*b)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 - \text{Csc}[e + f*x]^4/(a + b) + (4*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x]])/(a + b)^3 + (2*b^3*\text{Log}[a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(a + b)^3))*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/(8*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

↓ 4626

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos(e + fx)$$

↓ 354

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} d \cos^2(e + fx)$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^3}{(a+b)^3 (a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{-a^2-3ba-3b^2}{(a+b)^3 (\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} + \frac{-2a-3b}{(a+b)^2 (\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(a+b)(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^3} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{b^3\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a(a+b)^3} - \frac{2a+3b}{(a+b)^2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$$2f$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(1/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (2*a + 3*b)/((a + b)^2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - ((a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^3 - (b^3*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a*(a + b)^3))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^m + n*p - 1)^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-7a-11b}{16(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{b^3\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{2(a+b)^3a} - \frac{f}{2(8a+8b)(1+\cos(fx+e))}$
default	$-\frac{1}{2(8a+8b)(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-7a-11b}{16(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{b^3\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{2(a+b)^3a} - \frac{f}{2(8a+8b)(1+\cos(fx+e))}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2ia^2x}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} - \frac{2ia^2e}{f(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{6iabx}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} - \frac{6iabe}{f(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{f}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/2/(8*a+8*b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-7*a-11*b)/(a+b)^2/(1+cos(f*x+e)))+1/2*(a^2+3*a*b+3*b^2)/(a+b)^3*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*b^3/(a+b)^3/a*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2/(8*a+8*b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(7*a+11*b)/(a+b)^2/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(a^2+3*a*b+3*b^2)/(a+b)^3*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 265 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{3a^3 + 8a^2b + 5ab^2 - 2(2a^3 + 5a^2b + 3ab^2)\cos^2(fx+e) + 2(b^3\cos^4(fx+e) - 2b^3\cos^2(fx+e)^2 + b^3)}{4((a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + ab^3)f\cos(fx+e) + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*(3*a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2 - 2*(2*a^3 + 5*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(b^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + 4*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2b^3 \log(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)}{a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + ab^3} + \frac{2(a^2 + 3ab + 3b^2) \log(\sin(fx+e)^2)}{a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3} + \frac{2(2a + 3b) \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b}{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4} \cdot 4f$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(2*b^3*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3) + 2*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) + (2*(2*a + 3*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{b^3 \log(|a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b|)}{2(a^4 f + 3a^3 b f + 3a^2 b^2 f + ab^3 f)} + \frac{(a^2 + 3ab + 3b^2) \log(|\sin(fx+e)|)}{a^3 f + 3a^2 b f + 3ab^2 f + b^3 f} + \frac{2(2a^2 + 5ab + 3b^2) \sin(fx+e)^2 - a^2 - 2ab - b^2}{4(a+b)^3 f \sin(fx+e)^4}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b^3*log(abs(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b))/(a^4*f + 3*a^3*b*f + 3*a^2*b^2*f + a*b^3*f) + (a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*log(abs(sin(f*x + e)))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/4*(2*(2*a^2 + 5*a*b + 3*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)/((a + b)^3*f*sin(f*x + e)^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx)) (a^2 + 3ab + 3b^2)}{f(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx)^2 + 1)}{2af} - \frac{\ln(b \tan(e+fx)^2 + a + b) \left(\frac{b}{2(a+b)^2} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)} + \frac{b^2}{2(a+b)^3} - \frac{1}{2a} \right)}{f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)^4 \left(\frac{1}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(a+2b)}{2(a+b)^2} \right)}{f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```
(log(tan(e + f*x))*(3*a*b + a^2 + 3*b^2))/(f*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3)) - log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a*f) - (log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)*(b/(2*(a + b)^2) + 1/(2*(a + b)) + b^2/(2*(a + b)^3) - 1/(2*a)))/f - (cot(e + f*x)^4*(1/(4*(a + b)) - (tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + 2*b))/(2*(a + b)^2)))/f
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-32 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^3 - 96 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a^2 b - 96 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 a b^2 - 32 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) \sin(fx + e)^4 b^3}{f}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 32*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 - 96*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b - 96*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 - 32*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**3 + 16*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**3 + 16*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**3 + 32*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 96*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 96*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 - 13*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 - 34*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b - 21*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 32*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 80*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 48*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 8*a**3 - 16*a**2*b - 8*a*b**2)/(32*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*f*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b + 3*a*b**2 + b**3))
```

3.343 $\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2838
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2838
Rubi [A] (verified)	2839
Maple [A] (verified)	2842
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2843
Sympy [F]	2844
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2844
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2844
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2845
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2846

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{(a+b)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ab^{5/2}f} - \frac{(a+2b) \tan(e+fx)}{b^2f} + \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3bf}$$

output

```
-x/a+(a+b)^(5/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a/b^(5/2)/f-(a+2*b)
)*tan(f*x+e)/b^2/f+1/3*tan(f*x+e)^3/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(-\frac{3x}{a} - \frac{3(a+b)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{ab^2 f \sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{6(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*((-3*x)/a - (3*(a + b))^{5/2} \\ &)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sec}[f*x]*(\text{Cos}[2*e] - I*\text{Sin}[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*\text{Sin}[f*x]) + a*\text{Sin}[\\ & 2*e + f*x]))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[b*(\text{Cos}[e] - I*\text{Sin}[e])^4]])*(\text{Cos}[2*e] - I* \\ & \text{Sin}[2*e]))/(a*b^2*f*\text{Sqrt}[b*(\text{Cos}[e] - I*\text{Sin}[e])^4]) - ((3*a + 7*b)*\text{Sec}[e]*\text{S} \\ & \text{ec}[e + f*x]*\text{Sin}[f*x])/(b^2*f) + (\text{Sec}[e]*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3*\text{Sin}[f*x])/(b*f) + (\\ & \text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*\text{Tan}[e])/(b*f)))/(6*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 381, 27, 444, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^6}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\ & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{381} \\ & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3b} - \frac{\int \frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx)((a+2b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{3b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3b} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 444 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3b} - \frac{(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^2+3ba+3b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 397 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3b} - \frac{(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3b} - \frac{(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{b^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{3b} - \frac{(a+2b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(a+b)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}} - \frac{b^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} \\
 \downarrow f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]^3/(3*b) - (-((-(b^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]))/a) + ((a + b)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]))/b + ((a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/b)/b)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 381 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(b*d*(m + 2*(p+q) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p+q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 444 $\text{Int}[(g_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*g*(g*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(b*d*(m + 2*(p+q+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[g^2/(b*d*(m + 2*(p+q+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m-1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(m + 2*(p+q+1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + a \tan(fx+e) + 2b \tan(fx+e)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{f b^2 a \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3}{3} + a \tan(fx+e) + 2b \tan(fx+e)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{f b^2 a \sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2i(3a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 9b e^{4i(fx+e)} + 6a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 12b e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3a + 7b)}{3f b^2 (e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} a \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b}}{a}\right)}{2b^3 f}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/b^2*(-1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)^3+a*tan(f*x+e)+2*b*tan(f*x+e))+1/b^2*(a^3+3*a^2*b+3*a*b^2+b^3)/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))-1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 b^2 f x \cos (f x + e)^3 - 3 (a^2 + 2 a b + b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{b}} \cos (f x + e)^3 \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8 a b + 8 b^2) \cos (f x + e)^4 - 2 (3 a b + 4 b^2) \cos (f x + e)^2 + b^2}{a} \right)}{12 a b^2} + \frac{6 b^2 f x \cos (f x + e)^3 + 3 (a^2 + 2 a b + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{b}} \arctan \left(\frac{((a+2b) \cos (f x + e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{b}}}{2(a+b) \cos (f x + e) \sin (f x + e)} \right) \cos (f x + e)^3 + 2 ((a+b) \cos (f x + e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{b}}}{6 a b^2 f \cos (f x + e)^3}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(12*b^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*((3*a^2 + 7*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), -1/6*(6*b^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt((a + b)/b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*((3*a^2 + 7*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{3(fx+e)}{a} - \frac{b \tan(fx+e)^3 - 3(a+2b) \tan(fx+e)}{b^2} - \frac{3(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)bab^2}}}{3f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*(f*x + e)/a - (b*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 3*(a + 2*b)*tan(f*x + e))/b^2 - 3*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt((a + b)*b)*a*b^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{fx + e}{af} + \frac{(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}ab^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 f^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 - 3abf^2 \tan(fx + e) - 6b^2 f^2 \tan(fx + e)}{3b^3 f^3}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-(f*x + e)/(a*f) + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2})/(\sqrt{a*b + b^2}*a*b^2*f) + 1/3*(b^2*f^2*\tan(f*x + e)^3 - 3*a*b*f^2*\tan(f*x + e) - 6*b^2*f^2*\tan(f*x + e))/(b^3*f^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1109, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.36

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \tan(e + f*x)^3/(3*b*f) - \operatorname{atan}((40*a^2*\tan(e + f*x))/(30*a*b + 40*a^2 + 10*b^2 + (30*a^3)/b + (12*a^4)/b^2 + (2*a^5)/b^3) + (30*a^3*\tan(e + f*x))/(30*a*b^2 + 40*a^2*b + 30*a^3 + 10*b^3 + (12*a^4)/b + (2*a^5)/b^2) + (12*a^4*\tan(e + f*x))/(30*a*b^3 + 30*a^3*b + 12*a^4 + 10*b^4 + 40*a^2*b^2 + (2*a^5)/b) + (2*a^5*\tan(e + f*x))/(30*a*b^4 + 12*a^4*b + 2*a^5 + 10*b^5 + 40*a^2*b^3 + 30*a^3*b^2) + (10*b^2*\tan(e + f*x))/(30*a*b + 40*a^2 + 10*b^2 + (30*a^3)/b + (12*a^4)/b^2 + (2*a^5)/b^3) + (30*a*b*\tan(e + f*x))/(30*a*b + 40*a^2 + 10*b^2 + (30*a^3)/b + (12*a^4)/b^2 + (2*a^5)/b^3)/(a*f) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(a + 2*b))/(b^2*f) - (\operatorname{atan}(((b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)}*((2*\tan(e + f*x))*(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + 2*b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2))/b^3 + ((b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)}*((8*a^2*b^5 + 12*a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3)/b^3 + (\tan(e + f*x)*(8*a^2*b^6 + 4*a^3*b^5)*(-b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)))/(a*b^8)))/(2*a*b^5))*i)/(2*a*b^5) + ((b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)}*((2*\tan(e + f*x))*(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + 2*b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2))/b^3 - ((b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)}*((8*a^2*b^5 + 12*a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3)/b^3 - (\tan(e + f*x)*(8*a^2*b^6 + 4*a^3*b^5)*(-b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)))/(a*b^8)))/(2*a*b^5))*i)/(2*a*b^5))/((2*(12*a*b^4 + 6*a^4*b + a^5 + 3*b^5 + 19*a^2*b^3 + 15*a^3*b^2))/b^3 - ((b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)}*((2*\tan(e + f*x))*(6*a*b^5 + 6*a^5*b + a^6 + 2*b^6 + 15*a^2*b^4 + 20*a^3*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^2))/b^3 + ((b^5*(a + b)^5)^{(1/2)}*((8*a^2*b^5 + 12*a^3*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^3)/b^3 + (\tan(e + f*x))*...$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.88

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a*b - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*b**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3*f*x + 3*cos(e + f*x)*b**3*f*x - 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b - 7*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 6*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2)/(3*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**3*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2 - 1))
```

3.344 $\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2847
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2847
Rubi [A] (verified)	2848
Maple [A] (verified)	2850
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2851
Sympy [F]	2851
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2852
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(a+b)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{ab^{3/2}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{bf}$$

output

$x/a - (a+b)^{(3/2)} * \arctan(b^{(1/2)} * \tan(f*x+e) / (a+b)^{(1/2)}) / a/b^{(3/2)} / f + \tan(f*x+e) / b/f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left((a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b}(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4} \right) \right)}{2ab\sqrt{a+b}f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input

`Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*sec[e + f*x]^2*((a + b)^2*arctan[(sec[f*x]
*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*sin[f*x]) + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4]]*(cos[2*e] - I*sin[2*e]) + sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*(I*cos[e] + sin[e])^4]*(b*f*x + a*sec[e]*sec[e + f*x]*sin[f*x])))/(2*a*b*sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)*sqrt[b*(cos[e] - I*sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 381, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^4}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 381

$$\frac{\tan(e + fx)}{b} - \int \frac{(a + 2b) \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f
↓ 397

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{f}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(a+b)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}} - \frac{b \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{f}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `((-((-((b*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a) + ((a + b)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]))/b) + Tan[e + f*x]/b)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 381 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

```
rule 397 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

```
rule 2075 Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4629 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a} + \frac{(-a^2-2ab-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a} + \frac{(-a^2-2ab-b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2i}{fb(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2b^2f} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b}}{a}\right)}{2bfa}$

```
input int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b+1/a \arctan(\tan(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a^2-2ab-b^2)/a/b/((a+b)b)^{(1/2)} \arctan(b \tan(fx+e)/((a+b)b)^{(1/2)})}{(a+b)b} \right)$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. $2(51) = 102$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bfx \cos(fx+e) + (a+b) \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{b}} \cos(fx+e) \log \left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab+4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((ab+2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - b^2 \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{b}} \sin(fx+e) + b^2)}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4abf \cos(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*b*f*x*cos(f*x + e) + (a + b)*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*a*sin(f*x + e)/(a*b*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/2*(2*b*f*x*cos(f*x + e) + (a + b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + 2*a*sin(f*x + e)/(a*b*f*cos(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\frac{fx+e}{a} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b} - \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)bab}}}{f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((f*x + e)/a + tan(f*x + e)/b - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/sqrt((a + b)*b)*a*b)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{fx+e}{af} + \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{bf} - \frac{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}abf}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(f*x + e)/(a*f) + tan(f*x + e)/(b*f) - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a*b*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8a^2 \tan(e+fx)}{12ab+8a^2+6b^2+\frac{2a^3}{b}} + \frac{2a^3 \tan(e+fx)}{2a^3+8a^2b+12ab^2+6b^3} + \frac{6b^2 \tan(e+fx)}{12ab+8a^2+6b^2+\frac{2a^3}{b}} + \frac{12ab \tan(e+fx)}{12ab+8a^2+6b^2+\frac{2a^3}{b}}\right)}{af}$$

$$+ \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{bf}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{6 \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 - 3a^2 b^4 - 3ab^5 - b^6}}{18ab^2 + 20a^2 b + 10a^3 + 6b^3 + \frac{2a^4}{b}} + \frac{6a \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 - 3a^2 b^4 - 3ab^5 - b^6}}{2a^4 + 10a^3 b + 20a^2 b^2 + 18ab^3 + 6b^4} + \frac{2a^2 \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 - 3a^2 b^4 - 3ab^5 - b^6}}{2a^4 b + 10a^3 b^2 + 20a^2 b^3 + 18ab^4}\right)}{ab^3 f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2), x)`output

```
atan((8*a^2*tan(e + f*x))/(12*a*b + 8*a^2 + 6*b^2 + (2*a^3)/b) + (2*a^3*tan(e + f*x))/(12*a*b^2 + 8*a^2*b + 2*a^3 + 6*b^3) + (6*b^2*tan(e + f*x))/(12*a*b + 8*a^2 + 6*b^2 + (2*a^3)/b) + (12*a*b*tan(e + f*x))/(12*a*b + 8*a^2 + 6*b^2 + (2*a^3)/b))/(a*f) + tan(e + f*x)/(b*f) + (atanh((6*tan(e + f*x))*(-3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(18*a*b^2 + 20*a^2*b + 10*a^3 + 6*b^3 + (2*a^4)/b) + (6*a*tan(e + f*x))*(-3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(18*a*b^3 + 10*a^3*b + 2*a^4 + 6*b^4 + 20*a^2*b^2) + (2*a^2*tan(e + f*x))*(-3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2))/(18*a*b^4 + 2*a^4*b + 6*b^5 + 20*a^2*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^2))*(-b^3*(a + b)^3)^(1/2))/(a*b^3*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos(fx + e) a - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos(fx + e)}{ab^3 f}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*b + cos(e + f*x)*b**2*f*x + sin(e + f*x)*a*b)/(cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2*f)`

3.345 $\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2855
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2855
Rubi [A] (verified)	2856
Maple [A] (verified)	2858
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2859
Sympy [F]	2859
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2860
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2860
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2861

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}f}$$

output `-x/a+(a+b)^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a/b^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(\sqrt{a+b} f x \sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4} + (a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \right)}{2a\sqrt{a+b} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
-1/2*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(Sqrt[a + b]*f*x*Sqrt[
b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4] + (a + b)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]
)*(-(a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e]
] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(a*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e
+ f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 383, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{383} \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 218$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-(ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]]/a) + (Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 383 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[c*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LeQ[2, m, 3]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a \sqrt{(a+b)b} f}$	48
default	$\frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right) - \arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a \sqrt{(a+b)b} f}$	48
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2bfa} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b-a-2b}}{a}\right)}{2bfa}$	111

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*((a+b)/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))-1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.91

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4fx - \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 - 4((ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - b^2 \cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{-\frac{a+b}{b}} \sin(fx+e)}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4af} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2fx + \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{b}} \arctan \left(\frac{((a+2b) \cos(fx+e)^2 - b) \sqrt{\frac{a+b}{b}}}{2(a+b) \cos(fx+e) \sin(fx+e)} \right)}{2af} \right]$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(4*f*x - sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/(a*f), -1/2*(2*f*x + sqrt((a + b)/b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba}} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((a + b)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a) - (f*x + e)/a)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}af} - \frac{fx + e}{af}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(a + b)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a*f) - (f*x + e)/(a*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2ab^2 \tan(e+fx)}{2a^2b+2ab^2} + \frac{2a^2b \tan(e+fx)}{2a^2b+2ab^2}\right)}{af} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ab^2 \tan(e+fx)\sqrt{-b^2-ab}}{2a^2b^2+2ab^3}\right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{abf}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `- atan((2*a*b^2*tan(e + f*x))/(2*a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b) + (2*a^2*b*tan(e + f*x)) / (2*a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b))/(a*f) - (atanh((2*a*b^2*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b - b^2)^(1/2))/(2*a*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b*f)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - bfx}{abf}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) - b*f*x)/(a*b*f)`

3.346 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2862
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2862
Rubi [A] (verified)	2863
Maple [A] (verified)	2864
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2865
Sympy [F]	2865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2866
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2866
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2867
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2867

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+bf}}$$

output

```
x/a+b^(1/2)*arctan((a+b)^(1/2)*cot(f*x+e)/b^(1/2))/a/(a+b)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(\sqrt{a + b} f x \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4} + b \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \right)}{2a\sqrt{a+bf} (a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(Sqrt[a + b]*f*x*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4] + b*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 4615, 3042, 3660, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4615} \\
 & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \cos^2(e + fx) + b} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + b} dx}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3660} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(a+b) \cot^2(e + fx) + b} d \cot(e + fx)}{af} + \frac{x}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{af\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{x}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-1),x]`

output `x/a + (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a + b]*Cot[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3660 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[1/(a + (a + b)*ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x]`

rule 4615 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/a, x] - Simp[b/a Int[1/(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$	46
default	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f}$	46
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b-a-2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)fa}$	114

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-b/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4fx + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log \left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx+e)^2 + 4((a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx+e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx+e))}{a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2} \right)}{4af} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*f*x + sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))/(a*f), 1/2*(2*f*x + sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba}} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(b*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a) - (f*x + e)/a)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) b}{\sqrt{ab+b^2} a} - \frac{fx+e}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a) - (f*x + e)/a)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.22

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\text{atan} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) - \left(2a^2b^2 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2+16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) + \left(2a^2b^2 + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2+16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right)}{\left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) - \left(2a^2b^2 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2+16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{\frac{a^2+ba}{2(a^2+ba)}} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)} \operatorname{li} \left(\frac{2b^3 \tan(e+fx) + \left(2a^2b^2 + \frac{\tan(e+fx)(8a^3b^2+16a^2b^3)\sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{4(a^2+ba)} \right) \sqrt{-b(a+b)}}{2(a^2+ba)} \right)} \right)}{f(a^2 + ba)}$$

```
input int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

```
output x/a - (atan((((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + a^2) + ((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(a*b + a^2)/(((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) - ((2*a^2*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + a^2) - ((2*b^3*tan(e + f*x) + ((2*a^2*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(16*a^2*b^3 + 8*a^3*b^2))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a*b + a^2))))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(2*(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(a*b + a^2)))*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(f*(a*b + a^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + afx + bfx}{af(a+b)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b)) - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b)) + a*f*x + b*f*x)/(a*f*(a + b))`

3.347 $\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2869
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2869
Rubi [A] (verified)	2870
Maple [A] (verified)	2873
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2873
Sympy [F]	2874
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2874
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2875
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2875
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2876

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a(a+b)^{3/2} f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)f}$$

output

```
-x/a+b^(3/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b}(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4} \right) \right)}{2a(a+b)^{3/2} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(b^2*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*
(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))]/(2*Sqr
t[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + Sqrt[a
+ b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]*((a + b)*f*x - a*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Si
n[f*x])))/(a*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin
[e])^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 382, 25, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{382} \\
 & \int -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + 2b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) - b^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - b^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx)) - \frac{b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}}}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output `(-(((a + b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b) - Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/
(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*
x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m
+ 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[
b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f
.)*(x)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{(a+b)\tan(fx+e)} + \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$
default	$-\frac{1}{(a+b)\tan(fx+e)} + \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2i}{f(a+b)(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} b \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^2 fa} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} b \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} - \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b+a+2b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^2 fa}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/(a+b)/tan(f*x+e)+1/(a+b)*b^2/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))-1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(a+b)fx \sin(fx+e) - b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log\left(\frac{(a^2+8ab+8b^2)\cos(fx+e)^4 - 2(3ab+4b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 - 4((a^2+3ab+2b^2)\cos(fx+e)^2 - a^2\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab\cos(fx+e)^2)}{4(a^2+ab)f \sin(fx+e)}\right)}{2(a+b)fx \sin(fx+e) + b\sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}} \arctan\left(\frac{((a+2b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - b)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}}}{2b\cos(fx+e)\sin(fx+e)}\right) \sin(fx+e) + 2a\cos(fx+e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*(4*(a + b)*f*x*sin(f*x + e) - b*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b +
8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*
b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin
(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*
x + e) + 4*a*cos(f*x + e))/((a^2 + a*b)*f*sin(f*x + e)), -1/2*(2*(a + b)*f
*x*sin(f*x + e) + b*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 -
b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) + 2*a*cos(
f*x + e))/((a^2 + a*b)*f*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^2+ab)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{fx+e}{a} - \frac{1}{(a+b)\tan(fx+e)}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b^2*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b))
- (f*x + e)/a - 1/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) b^2}{(a^2+ab)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{fx+e}{a} - \frac{1}{(a+b)\tan(fx+e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b^2/((a^2 + a*b)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - (f*x + e)/a - 1/((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 637, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.27

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{a b^2 + 2 a^2 b + a^3 + a^3 \tan(e + f x) \operatorname{atan}(\tan(e + f x)) + b^3 \tan(e + f x) \operatorname{atan}(\tan(e + f x)) + 3 a b^2 \tan(e + f x)}{f(a^2 + a b)}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```

-(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b + a^3 - atan((a*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(3/2)*1i + b*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(3/2)*2i + b^7*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*2i + a*b^6*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*10i + a^6*b*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*1i + a^2*b^5*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*21i + a^3*b^4*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*24i + a^4*b^3*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*16i + a^5*b^2*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*6i)/(3*a*b^9 + 18*a^2*b^8 + 46*a^3*b^7 + 65*a^4*b^6 + 55*a^5*b^5 + 28*a^6*b^4 + 8*a^7*b^3 + a^8*b^2))*tan(e + f*x))*(- 3*a*b^5 - b^6 - 3*a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^3)^(1/2)*1i + a^3*tan(e + f*x)*atan(tan(e + f*x)) + b^3*tan(e + f*x)*atan(tan(e + f*x)) + 3*a*b^2*tan(e + f*x)*atan(tan(e + f*x)) + 3*a^2*b*tan(e + f*x)*atan(tan(e + f*x)))/(a^4*f*tan(e + f*x) + a*b^3*f*tan(e + f*x) + 3*a^3*b*f*tan(e + f*x) + 3*a^2*b^2*f*tan(e + f*x))

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e) b + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)}{\sin(fx + e) a f(a)}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```

(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b - cos(e + f*x)*a**2 - cos(e + f*x)*a*b - sin(e + f*x)*a**2*f*x - 2*sin(e + f*x)*a*b*f*x - sin(e + f*x)*b**2*f*x)/(sin(e + f*x)*a*f*(a**2 + 2*a*b + b**2))

```

3.348 $\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2877
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2877
Rubi [A] (verified)	2878
Maple [A] (verified)	2881
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2882
Sympy [F]	2882
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2883
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2883
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2884
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2884

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a(a+b)^{5/2} f} + \frac{(a+2b) \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b) f}$$

output

```
x/a-b^(5/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+(a+2*b)
*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^2/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \left(3b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx))+a \sin(2e+fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b}(\cos(e)-i \sin(e))^4}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(3*b^3*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + (Sqrt[a + b]*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]*(9*(a + b)^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 9*(a + b)^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] - 3*a^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] - 6*a*b*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] - 3*b^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 3*a^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] + 6*a*b*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] + 3*b^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 12*a^2*Sin[f*x] - 24*a*b*Sin[f*x] - 12*a^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 18*a*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 8*a^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] + 14*a*b*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x]))/8))/(6*a*(a + b)^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 382, 27, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))} d \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 382

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3 \cot^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a^2+3ba+3b^2+b(a+2b) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^3 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^3 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{(a+2b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-1/3*Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b) - (-(((a + b)^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)) - ((a + 2*b)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(a + b)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 382 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*e^{(m+1)})), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*e^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[(b*c + a*d)*(m+3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*g^{2*(m+1)})), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m+2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a} - \frac{b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^2 a \sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{1}{3(a+b) \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{-a-2b}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a} - \frac{b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^2 a \sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{1}{3(a+b) \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{-a-2b}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2i(6ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 9be^{4i(fx+e)} - 6ae^{2i(fx+e)} - 12be^{2i(fx+e)} + 4a + 7b)}{3f(a+b)^2(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} b^2 \ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b}}{a}\right)}{2(a+b)^3 fa}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-1/(a+b)^2*b^3/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))-1/3/(a+b)/tan(f*x+e)^3-1/(a+b)^2*(-a-2*b)/tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 533, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.20

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(4a^2 + 7ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 3(b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 - b^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a+b}} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4(a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (ab + b^2) \cos(fx + e)}{(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2)} \sin(fx + e) + b^2\right)}{(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2)} \sin(fx + e) - 12(a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e) + 12((a^2 + 2ab + b^2) f x \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) f x \sin(fx + e)) / ((a^3 + 2a^2 b + ab^2) f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2a^2 b + ab^2) f \sin(fx + e)), \frac{1}{6} (2(4a^2 + 7ab) \cos(fx + e)^3 + 3(b^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 - b^2) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a+b}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - b \cos(fx + e)}{b \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}\right) \sin(fx + e) - 6(a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e) + 6((a^2 + 2ab + b^2) f x \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) f x \sin(fx + e)) / ((a^3 + 2a^2 b + ab^2) f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2a^2 b + ab^2) f \sin(fx + e))} \right]$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(4*(4*a^2 + 7*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) - 12*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e) + 12*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*x*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*sin(f*x + e)), 1/6*(2*(4*a^2 + 7*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b*cos(f*x + e))/b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 6*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e) + 6*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*x*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*sin(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{3b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{3(fx+e)}{a} - \frac{3(a+2b) \tan(fx+e)^2 - a - b}{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3} \cdot \frac{1}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*b^3*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 3*(f*x + e)/a - (3*(a + 2*b)*tan(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{3 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) b^3}{(a^3+2a^2b+ab^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{3(fx+e)}{a} - \frac{3a \tan(fx+e)^2 + 6b \tan(fx+e)^2 - a - b}{(a^2+2ab+b^2) \tan(fx+e)^3} \cdot \frac{1}{3f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(3*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b^3/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - 3*(f*x + e)/a - (3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 6*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2644, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.74

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```
atan((10*b^12*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*
b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4
+ 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2) + (80*a*b^11*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12
+ 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 +
330*a^7*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2) + (290*a^2*b^10*tan(e
+ f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 +
922*a^5*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^
10*b^2) + (630*a^3*b^9*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 +
630*a^3*b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7*b^5 + 110
*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2) + (912*a^4*b^8*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^1
1 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5*b^7 + 660
*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2) + (922*a^5
*b^7*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*b^9 + 912
*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*
b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2) + (660*a^6*b^6*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*
a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7
*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2) + (330*a^7*b^5*tan(e + f*x))
/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*a^3*b^9 + 912*a^4*b^8 + 922*a^5
*b^7 + 660*a^6*b^6 + 330*a^7*b^5 + 110*a^8*b^4 + 22*a^9*b^3 + 2*a^10*b^2)
+ (110*a^8*b^4*tan(e + f*x))/(80*a*b^11 + 10*b^12 + 290*a^2*b^10 + 630*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^3(fx + e) b^2 - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)}{\dots}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**2 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 11*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 7*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - cos(e + f*x)*a**3 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b - cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*f*x + 9*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b*f*x + 9*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2*f*x + 3*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**3*f*x)/(3*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*f*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b + 3*a*b**2 + b**3))`

3.349 $\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	2886
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2887
Rubi [A] (verified)	2888
Maple [A] (verified)	2891
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2892
Sympy [F]	2893
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2893
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2893
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2894
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2895

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{b^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3f} + \frac{(a+2b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)^2f} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)f}$$

output

```
-x/a+b^(7/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-(a^2+3
*a*b+3*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)/(a+b)^3/f+1/3*(a+2*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b)^2/f-1/5*co
t(f*x+e)^5/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 671, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.59

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \left(-\frac{480b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))(-((a+2b) \sin(fx)) + a \sin(2e + fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right) (\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2), x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*((-480*b^4*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]
*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sq
rt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a
+ b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*(-150*(a + b)
^3*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 150*(a + b)^3*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] + 75*a^3*f*x*Cos[2*e +
3*f*x] + 225*a^2*b*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 225*a*b^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] +
75*b^3*f*x*Cos[2*e + 3*f*x] - 75*a^3*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 225*a^2*b*f*x
*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 225*a*b^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 75*b^3*f*x*Cos[4*e +
3*f*x] - 15*a^3*f*x*Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] - 45*a^2*b*f*x*Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] - 45*
a*b^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] - 15*b^3*f*x*Cos[4*e + 5*f*x] + 15*a^3*f*x*Cos[
6*e + 5*f*x] + 45*a^2*b*f*x*Cos[6*e + 5*f*x] + 45*a*b^2*f*x*Cos[6*e + 5*f*
x] + 15*b^3*f*x*Cos[6*e + 5*f*x] + 280*a^3*Sin[f*x] + 780*a^2*b*Sin[f*x] +
680*a*b^2*Sin[f*x] + 180*a^3*Sin[2*e + f*x] + 540*a^2*b*Sin[2*e + f*x] +
480*a*b^2*Sin[2*e + f*x] - 140*a^3*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 420*a^2*b*Sin[2*e +
3*f*x] - 400*a*b^2*Sin[2*e + 3*f*x] - 90*a^3*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 240*a^2*b*
Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] - 180*a*b^2*Sin[4*e + 3*f*x] + 46*a^3*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] +
132*a^2*b*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x] + 116*a*b^2*Sin[4*e + 5*f*x]))/(960*a*(a + b)^
3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 382, 27, 445, 27, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{382} \\
 & \int -\frac{5 \cot^4(e+fx) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3 \cot^2(e+fx) (a^2+3ba+3b^2+b(a+2b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) (b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(a^2+3ba+3b^2+b(a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(a^2+3ba+3b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a+2b)(a^2+2ba+2b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b^4 \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^4 \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(a^2+3ab+3b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a+b} - \frac{b^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{(a+2b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-1/5*Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b) - (-1/3*((a + 2*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a + b) - (-(((a + b)^3*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)) - ((a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(a + b)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 382 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*e^{(m+1)})), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*e^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[(b*c + a*d)*(m+3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*g^{2*(m+1)})), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m+2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

```
rule 2075 Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4629 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{5(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{-a-2b}{3(a+b)^2\tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2+3ab+3b^2}{(a+b)^3\tan(fx+e)} + \frac{b^4\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^3a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$
default	$-\frac{1}{5(a+b)\tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{-a-2b}{3(a+b)^2\tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2+3ab+3b^2}{(a+b)^3\tan(fx+e)} + \frac{b^4\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a+b)^3a\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2i(45a^2e^{8i(fx+e)}+120e^{8i(fx+e)}ab+90e^{8i(fx+e)}b^2-90a^2e^{6i(fx+e)}-270abe^{6i(fx+e)}-240b^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+140a^2)}{15f(a+b)}$

```
input int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-1/5/(a+b)/tan(f*x+e)^5-1/3*(-a-2*b)/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)^3-(a^2+3*a*b+3*b^2)/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)+1/(a+b)^3*b^4/a/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))-1/a*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.94

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/60*(4*(23*a^3 + 66*a^2*b + 58*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 20*(7*a^3 + 21*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*(b^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 60*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 60*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/30*(2*(23*a^3 + 66*a^2*b + 58*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 10*(7*a^3 + 21*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 15*(b^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 30*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 30*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2), x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 b^4 \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^4+3 a^3 b+3 a^2 b^2+ab^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{15 (fx+e)}{a} - \frac{15 (a^2+3 ab+3 b^2) \tan(fx+e)^4 - 5 (a^2+3 ab+2 b^2) \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3 a^2 + 6 ab + 3 b^2}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 ab^2+b^3) \tan(fx+e)^5}$$

$15 f$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*(15*b^4*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 15*(f*x + e)/a - (15*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 3*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 5*(a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^5)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \left(\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right) b^4}{(a^4+3 a^3 b+3 a^2 b^2+ab^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{15 (fx+e)}{a} - \frac{15 a^2 \tan(fx+e)^4 + 45 ab \tan(fx+e)^4 + 45 b^2 \tan(fx+e)^4 - 5 a^2 \tan(fx+e)^2 + 6 ab \tan(fx+e)^2 + 3 b^2 \tan(fx+e)^2}{(a^3+3 a^2 b+3 ab^2+b^3) \tan(fx+e)^5}$$

$15 f$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*(15*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))*b^4/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - 15*(f*x + e)/a - (15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 45*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 45*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 5*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 15*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 10*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4324, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.03

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output

```
(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(48*a*b^17 + 4*b^18 + 282*a^2*b^16 + 1078*a^3*b^15
+ 2982*a^4*b^14 + 6258*a^5*b^13 + 10178*a^6*b^12 + 12942*a^7*b^11 + 12888*
a^8*b^10 + 10012*a^9*b^9 + 6006*a^10*b^8 + 2730*a^11*b^7 + 910*a^12*b^6 +
210*a^13*b^5 + 30*a^14*b^4 + 2*a^15*b^3))/2 - ((-b^7*(a + b)^7)^(1/2)*(8*a
^2*b^17 + 108*a^3*b^16 + 680*a^4*b^15 + 2650*a^5*b^14 + 7152*a^6*b^13 + 14
168*a^7*b^12 + 21296*a^8*b^11 + 24750*a^9*b^10 + 22440*a^10*b^9 + 15884*a^
11*b^8 + 8712*a^12*b^7 + 3638*a^13*b^6 + 1120*a^14*b^5 + 240*a^15*b^4 + 32
*a^16*b^3 + 2*a^17*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(-b^7*(a + b)^7)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*b^18
+ 248*a^3*b^17 + 1800*a^4*b^16 + 8120*a^5*b^15 + 25480*a^6*b^14 + 58968*a
^7*b^13 + 104104*a^8*b^12 + 143000*a^9*b^11 + 154440*a^10*b^10 + 131560*a^
11*b^9 + 88088*a^12*b^8 + 45864*a^13*b^7 + 18200*a^14*b^6 + 5320*a^15*b^5
+ 1080*a^16*b^4 + 136*a^17*b^3 + 8*a^18*b^2))/(4*a*(a + b)^7)))/(2*a*(a +
b)^7))*(-b^7*(a + b)^7)^(1/2)*i)/(a*(a + b)^7) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(48*a*b
^17 + 4*b^18 + 282*a^2*b^16 + 1078*a^3*b^15 + 2982*a^4*b^14 + 6258*a^5*b^13
+ 10178*a^6*b^12 + 12942*a^7*b^11 + 12888*a^8*b^10 + 10012*a^9*b^9 + 6006
*a^10*b^8 + 2730*a^11*b^7 + 910*a^12*b^6 + 210*a^13*b^5 + 30*a^14*b^4 + 2*
a^15*b^3))/2 + ((-b^7*(a + b)^7)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*b^17 + 108*a^3*b^16 + 680*a^
4*b^15 + 2650*a^5*b^14 + 7152*a^6*b^13 + 14168*a^7*b^12 + 21296*a^8*b^11 +
24750*a^9*b^10 + 22440*a^10*b^9 + 15884*a^11*b^8 + 8712*a^12*b^7 + 3638*a
^13*b^6 + 1120*a^14*b^5 + 240*a^15*b^4 + 32*a^16*b^3 + 2*a^17*b^2 + (ta...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^5(fx + e) b^3 + 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^5(fx + e) b^3}{2}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2),x)
```


output

```
(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**3 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((
e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**3 - 23*cos(e + f*x)*sin
(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 89*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 124*cos(e + f
*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 58*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**3 + 1
1*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 38*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3
*b + 43*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 16*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f
*x)**2*a*b**3 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a**4 - 9*cos(e + f*x)*a**3*b - 9*cos(e + f*
x)*a**2*b**2 - 3*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**3 - 15*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*f*x - 60*si
n(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b*f*x - 90*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**2*f*x - 60*sin(e + f
*x)**5*a*b**3*f*x - 15*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**4*f*x)/(15*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*f*(
a**4 + 4*a**3*b + 6*a**2*b**2 + 4*a*b**3 + b**4))
```

3.350 $\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2897
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2897
Rubi [A] (verified)	2898
Maple [A] (verified)	2900
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2900
Sympy [F]	2901
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2901
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2901
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2902
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2903

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{(a+b)^2}{2a^2bf(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\log(\cos(e+fx))}{b^2f} - \frac{(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2f}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b)^2/a^2/b/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-ln(cos(f*x+e))/b^2/f-1/2*(1/a^2-1/b^2)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx))^2 \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{a^2b(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{2 \log(\cos(e+fx))}{b^2} + \left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}\right) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx)) \right)}{8f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$-1/8*((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*((a + b)^2/(a^2*b*(b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2)) + (2*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]])/b^2 + (a^{-2} - b^{-2}))*\text{Log}[b + a*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]^2])* \text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4/(f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec(e + fx)}{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 \sec(e + fx)}{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\ & \frac{\int \left(-\frac{(a+b)^2}{ab(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} + \frac{\sec(e + fx)}{b^2} + \frac{b^2 - a^2}{ab^2(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2} \right) \log(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b) + \frac{(a+b)^2}{a^2 b (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} + \frac{\log(\cos^2(e + fx))}{b^2}}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b)^2/(a^2*b*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)) + Log[Cos[e + f*x]^2]/b^2 + (a^(-2) - b^(-2))*Log[b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^m + n*p - 1)^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{a^3 b \sin^2(fx + e) - a^3 b - a^2 b^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(fx + e)^2 - 1)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin^2(fx + e) - a - b)}{a^2 b^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)/(a^3*b*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a^3*b - a^2*b^2) - log(sin(f*x + e)^2 - 1)/b^2 + (a^2 - b^2)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^2*b^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e)|)}{b^2 f}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2 a^2 b^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 b + 2 a b^2 + b^3}{2 (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) a^2 b^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-log(abs(cos(f*x + e)))/(b^2*f) + 1/2*(a^2 - b^2)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^2*b^2*f) - 1/2*(a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^2*b^2*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2b^2 f} - \frac{\ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2a^2 f} + \frac{a^2}{2f(a^2 b^2 + a b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + a b^3)} + \frac{b^2}{2f(a^2 b^2 + a b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + a b^3)} + \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2a^2 f} + \frac{ab}{f(a^2 b^2 + a b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2 + a b^3)}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output `log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*b^2*f) - log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*a^2*f) + a^2/(2*f*(a*b^3 + a^2*b^2 + a*b^3*tan(e + f*x)^2)) + b^2/(2*f*(a*b^3 + a^2*b^2 + a*b^3*tan(e + f*x)^2)) + log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a^2*f) + (a*b)/(f*(a*b^3 + a^2*b^2 + a*b^3*tan(e + f*x)^2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 756, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.82

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a*b**2 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*b**3 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a**3 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) - 1)*a**2*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a**3 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2) + 1)*a**2*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**3 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**2 + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**3 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**2 + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a
```


3.351 $\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2904
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2904
Rubi [A] (verified)	2905
Maple [A] (verified)	2907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2907
Sympy [F(-1)]	2908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2908
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2908
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2909
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2909

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{a+b}{2a^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^2 f}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b)/a^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{2(a+b) + (a+2b) \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + a \cos(2(e+fx)) \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{2a^2 f (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b) + (a + 2*b)*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]] + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(2*a^2*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 353, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1-\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{a+b}{a(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{1}{a(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{a+b}{a^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\log(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^2}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(-((a + b)/(a^2*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2))) - Log[b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2]/a^2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{2a^2} - \frac{-a-b}{2a^2(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}}{f}$	50
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{2a^2} - \frac{-a-b}{2a^2(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}}{f}$	50
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a^2} - \frac{2ie}{a^2 f} + \frac{2(a+b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a^2 f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2 f}$	117

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/2/a^2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*(-a-b)/a^2/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b) \log(a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b) + a + b}{2(a^3 f \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^2 b f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + a + b)/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{a+b}{a^3 \sin^2(fx+e)^2 - a^3 - a^2 b} - \frac{\log(a \sin^2(fx+e) - a - b)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((a + b)/(a^3*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a^3 - a^2*b) - log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2a^2 f} + \frac{a + b}{2(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^2*f) + 1/2*(a + b)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^2*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4b^2 \tan(e+fx)^2}{8b^2 + \frac{8b^3}{a} + 4b^2 \tan(e+fx)^2 + \frac{8b^3 \tan(e+fx)^2}{a}}\right)}{a^2 f} - \frac{a + b}{2abf(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `- atanh((4*b^2*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(8*b^2 + (8*b^3)/a + 4*b^2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + (8*b^3*tan(e + f*x)^2)/a))/(a^2*f) - (a + b)/(2*a*b*f*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{-\log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^2 b - \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a + \log(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a) \sec(fx + e)^2 b + a}{2a^2 f (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`output `(- log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**2*b - log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a + tan(e + f*x)**2*a)/(2*a**2*f*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a))`

3.352
$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2910
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2910
Rubi [A] (verified)	2911
Maple [A] (verified)	2912
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2913
Sympy [F(-1)]	2913
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2914
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2914
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2914
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2915

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{b}{2a^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^2 f}$$

output `-1/2*b/a^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{2b+(a+2b)\log(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))) + a\cos(2(e+fx))\log(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))}{2a^2 f(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(2*b + (a + 2*b)*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]] + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]])/(a^2*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 243, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3(e+fx)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{1}{a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b}{a(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \right) d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{b}{a^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^2}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(b/(a^2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]/a^2)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4626 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{(m + n*p - 1)})^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m + n*p)}], x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, n\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f a^2} + \frac{1}{2fa(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)}{2fa^2}$	59
default	$\frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f a^2} + \frac{1}{2fa(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)}{2fa^2}$	59
risch	$\frac{ix}{a^2} + \frac{2ie}{a^2f} - \frac{2be^{2i(fx+e)}}{a^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2f}$	115

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f/a^2*ln(sec(f*x+e))+1/2/f/a/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)-1/2/f/a^2*ln(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) \log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) + b}{2(a^3 f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2 b f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + b)/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{b}{a^3 \sin^2(fx+e) - a^3 - a^2 b} - \frac{\log(a \sin^2(fx+e) - a - b)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b/(a^3*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a^3 - a^2*b) - log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/a^2)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{b}{2(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^2*f) - 1/2*b/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*a^2*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4b^2 \tan^2(e+fx)}{8b^2 + \frac{8b^3}{a} + 4b^2 \tan^2(e+fx) + \frac{8b^3 \tan^2(e+fx)}{a}}\right)}{a^2 f} + \frac{1}{2af(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output `atanh((4*b^2*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(8*b^2 + (8*b^3)/a + 4*b^2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + (8*b^3*tan(e + f*x)^2)/a))/(a^2*f) + 1/(2*a*f*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^2 b + \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a - \log(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a) \sec(fx + e)}{2a^2 f (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output `(log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a - log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*b - log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a - sec(e + f*x)**2*b)/(2*a**2*f*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a))`

3.353 $\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2916
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2916
Rubi [A] (verified)	2917
Maple [A] (verified)	2919
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2919
Sympy [F]	2920
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2920
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2920
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2921
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2921

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{b^2}{2a^2(a+b)f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{b(2a+b) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^2(a+b)^2 f} + \frac{\log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^2 f}$$

output `1/2*b^2/a^2/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*b*(2*a+b)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f+ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^2/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2 \sec^4(e+fx) \left(2 \log(\sin(e+fx)) + \frac{b(2a+b) \log(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))}{a^2} + \frac{b^2(a+b)}{a^2(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))} \right)}{8(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((a + 2b + a\cos[2(e + fx)])^2 \sec[e + fx]^4 (2\log[\sin[e + fx]] + (b + (2a + b)\log[a + b - a\sin[e + fx]^2])/a^2 + (b^2(a + b))/(a^2(a + b - a\sin[e + fx]^2))))}{(8(a + b)^2 f (a + b \sec[e + fx]^2)^2)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^5(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^4(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^2}{a(a+b)(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} - \frac{(2a+b)b}{a(a+b)^2(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{1}{(a+b)^2(\cos^2(e + fx) - 1)} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{b^2}{a^2(a+b)(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b(2a+b) \log(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)}{a^2(a+b)^2} - \frac{\log(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{(a+b)^2}}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[e + fx]/(a + b \sec[e + fx]^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(-(b^2/(a^2*(a+b)*(b+a*\cos[e+f*x]^2))) - \log[1 - \cos[e+f*x]^2] / (a+b)^2 - (b*(2*a+b)*\log[b+a*\cos[e+f*x]^2]) / (a^2*(a+b)^2)) / f$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 354

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$$

SumQ[u]

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$$

FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4626

$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*\sec[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*\tan[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\cos[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{(m+n*p-1)})^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m+n*p)}), x], x, \cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(a+b)b}{a^2(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(2a+b) \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^2} \right)}{2(a+b)^2}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} + \frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^2} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(a+b)b}{a^2(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(2a+b) \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^2} \right)}{2(a+b)^2}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a^2} - \frac{2ix}{a^2+2ab+b^2} - \frac{2ie}{f(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{4ibx}{a(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{4ibe}{af(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{2ib^2x}{a^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{2ib^2e}{a^2f(a^2+2ab+b^2)}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/2/(a+b)^2*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2/(a+b)^2*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*b/(a+b)^2*((a+b)*b/a^2/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(2*a+b)/a^2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{ab^2 + b^3 + (2ab^2 + b^3 + (2a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx+e)^2) \log(a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b) + 2(a^3 \cos(fx+e)^2 + a^2b \cos(fx+e) + ab^2) \log(1/2 \sin(fx+e))}{2((a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) f \cos(fx+e)^2 + (a^4b + 2a^3b^2 + a^2b^3) f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*b^2 + b^3 + (2*a*b^2 + b^3 + (2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + 2*(a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b^2}{a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2 - (a^4 + a^3b)\sin^2(fx + e)} + \frac{(2ab + b^2)\log(a\sin^2(fx + e) - a - b)}{a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2} + \frac{\log(\sin^2(fx + e))}{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b^2/(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - (a^4 + a^3*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2) + (2*a*b + b^2)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2) + log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(2ab + b^2)\log(|a \cos^2(fx + e) + b|)}{2(a^4f + 2a^3bf + a^2b^2f)} + \frac{\log(|-\cos^2(fx + e) + 1|)}{2(a^2f + 2abf + b^2f)} + \frac{ab^2 + b^3}{2(a \cos^2(fx + e) + b)(a + b)^2 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}*(2*a*b + b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^4*f + 2*a^3*b*f + a^2*b^2*f) + \frac{1}{2}*\log(\text{abs}(-\cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) + \frac{1}{2}*(a*b^2 + b^3)/((a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*(a + b)^2*a^2*f)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx))}{f(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{b}{2af(a+b)(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)} + \frac{b \ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)}{2a^2 f(a+b)^2}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output $\log(\tan(e + f*x))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)) - \log(\tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a^2*f) - b/(2*a*f*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\tan(e + f*x)^2)) + (b*\log(a + b + b*\tan(e + f*x)^2)*(2*a + b))/(2*a^2*f*(a + b)^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.92

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 4*log(tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin
(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a**3 + 6*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a**2*b + 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a*b**2 + 2*log(ta
n((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*b**3 + 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt
(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + log(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) -
2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b - 3*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2
+ sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 + 2*log(s
qrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b
) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 2*log(sqrt(a + b)
*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b -
3*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f
*x)/2))*a*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqr
t(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*b**3 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3
- 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**3 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a**2*b - sin(e +
f*x)**2*a*b**2)/(2*a**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a...
```

3.354 $\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2923
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2923
Rubi [A] (verified)	2924
Maple [A] (verified)	2926
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2926
Sympy [F]	2927
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2927
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2928
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2928
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2929

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{b^3}{2a^2(a+b)^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{b^2(3a+b) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^2(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(a+3b) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

```
-1/2*b^3/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*b^2*(3*a+b)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)^3/f-(a+3*b)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2 \left((a+b) \csc^2(e+fx) + 2(a+3b) \log(\sin(e+fx)) + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2b(a+b)}{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))} + \dots \right)}{8(a+b)^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} \right)}{8(a+b)^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/8*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*((a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 2*(a + 3*b)*Log[Sin[e + f*x]] + (b^2*((2*b*(a + b))/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])) + (3*a + b)*Log[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/a^2)*Sec[e + f*x]^4/((a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^7(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^6(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(-\frac{b^3}{a(a+b)^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{(3a+b)b^2}{a(a+b)^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{a+3b}{(a+b)^3(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} + \frac{1}{(a+b)^2(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{b^3}{a^2(a+b)^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{b^2(3a+b)\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^2(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{(a+b)^2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(a+3b)\log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3}}{2f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(1/((a + b)^2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + b^3/(a^2*(a + b)^2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + ((a + 3*b)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^3 + (b^2*(3*a + b)*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a^2*(a + b)^3))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^m + n*p - 1)^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{(a+b)b}{a^2(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a+b) \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^2} \right)}{2(a+b)^3} - \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-3b) \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))} - \frac{1}{f}$
default	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{(a+b)b}{a^2(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a+b) \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^2} \right)}{2(a+b)^3} - \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-3b) \ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))} - \frac{1}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a^2} + \frac{2iax}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} + \frac{2iae}{f(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} + \frac{6ibx}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} + \frac{6ibe}{f(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} + \frac{1}{a(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/2*b^2/(a+b)^3*((a+b)*b/a^2/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(3*a+b)/a^2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))-1/4/(a+b)^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(-a-3*b)/(a+b)^3*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a+b)^2/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(-a-3*b)/(a+b)^3*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3b + a^2b^2 + ab^3 + b^4 + (a^4 + a^3b - ab^3 - b^4) \cos(fx + e)^2 - ((3a^2b^2 + ab^3) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 3ab^3 - b^4)}{2((a^6 + 3a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + a^3b^3)f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2 + a*b^3 + b^4 + (a^4 + a^3*b - a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x +
e)^2 - ((3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 3*a*b^3 - b^4 - (3*a^2*b^2 -
2*a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) - 2*((a^4 + 3*a^
3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^3*b - 3*a^2*b^2 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 3*a^2*b^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*
f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 - a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2
- (a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(3ab^2 + b^3) \log(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)}{a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3} + \frac{(a+3b) \log(\sin(fx+e)^2)}{a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3} - \frac{a^3 + a^2b - (a^3 - b^3) \sin(fx+e)^2}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2) \sin(fx+e)^4 - (a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3) \sin(fx+e)^2} \cdot 2f$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*((3*a*b^2 + b^3)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3
*b^2 + a^2*b^3) + (a + 3*b)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 +
b^3) - (a^3 + a^2*b - (a^3 - b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2)/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b
^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - (a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2
)/f
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{(3ab^2 + b^3) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2(a^5f + 3a^4bf + 3a^3b^2f + a^2b^3f)} - \frac{(a + 3b) \log(|-\cos(fx + e)^2 + 1|)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)} + \frac{a^2b + b^3 + (a^3 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2}{2(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)(a + b)^2 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(3*a*b^2 + b^3)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^5*f + 3*a^4*b*f + 3*a^3*b^2*f + a^2*b^3*f) - 1/2*(a + 3*b)*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/2*(a^2*b + b^3 + (a^3 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*(a + b)^2*a^2*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{\frac{1}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2 (ab-b^2)}{2a(a+b)^2}}{f (b \tan(e + fx)^4 + (a + b) \tan(e + fx)^2)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)) (a + 3b)}{f (a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{b^2 \ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b) (3a + b)}{2a^2 f (a + b)^3}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a^2*f) - (1/(2*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(a*b
- b^2))/(2*a*(a + b)^2))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b) + b*tan(e + f*x)^4)) -
(log(tan(e + f*x))*(a + 3*b))/(f*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3)) - (b^2*
log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)*(3*a + b))/(2*a^2*f*(a + b)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1057, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.52

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 6*log(tan((e + f*x)
/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 6*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e
+ f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**
3 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 8*log(tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 12*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*si
n(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a
*b**3 - 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**4 - 3*log(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(
e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**3 + 3*log(sqrt(a + b)*t
an((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x
)**2*a**2*b**2 + 4*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*s
qrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*b*
**4 - 3*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((
e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)*
**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**3 + 3*
log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x
)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 4*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 +
sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + log(...
```

3.355 $\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2930
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2930
Rubi [A] (verified)	2931
Maple [A] (verified)	2933
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2933
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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2934
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2935
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2936
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2936

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{b^4}{2a^2(a+b)^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(a+2b) \csc^2(e+fx)}{(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^2 f} + \frac{b^3(4a+b) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^2(a+b)^4 f} + \frac{(a^2+4ab+6b^2) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^4 f}$$

```
output 1/2*b^4/a^2/(a+b)^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(a+2*b)*csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b)^2/f+1/2*b^3*(4*a+b)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^2/(a+b)^4/f+(a^2+4*a*b+6*b^2)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^4/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2 \sec^4(e+fx) \left(4(a+b)(a+2b) \csc^2(e+fx) - (a+b)^2 \csc^4(e+fx) + 4(a^2 + b^2) \right)}{16(a+b)^4 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^2*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*(4*(a + b)*(a + 2*b)*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^2 - (a + b)^2*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^4 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 6*b^2)*\text{Log}[\text{Sin}[e + f*x]]) + (2*b^3*(4*a + b)*\text{Log}[a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2])/a^2 + (2*b^4*(a + b))/(a^2*(a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)))}{(16*(a + b)^4*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^9(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^8(e + fx)}{(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))^3 (a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} d \cos^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\ & \int \left(\frac{b^4}{a(a+b)^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(4a+b)b^3}{a(a+b)^4(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{-a^2-4ba-6b^2}{(a+b)^4(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} - \frac{2(a+2b)}{(a+b)^3(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(a+b)^2(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{b^4}{a^2(a+b)^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b^3(4a+b)\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^2(a+b)^4} - \frac{(a^2+4ab+6b^2)\log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^4} - \frac{2(a+2b)}{(a+b)^3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{2(a+b)}{2f}}{2f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(1/(2*(a + b)^2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (2*(a + 2*b))/((a + b)^3*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - b^4/(a^2*(a + b)^3*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)) - ((a^2 + 4*a*b + 6*b^2)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^4 - (b^3*(4*a + b)*Log[b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a^2*(a + b)^4))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{16(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{7a+15b}{16(a+b)^3(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a^2+4ab+6b^2)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^4} + \frac{b^3\left(\frac{(a+b)b}{a^2(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(4a-b)}{2(a+b)}\right)}{f}$
default	$-\frac{1}{16(a+b)^2(-1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{7a+15b}{16(a+b)^3(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a^2+4ab+6b^2)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^4} + \frac{b^3\left(\frac{(a+b)b}{a^2(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(4a-b)}{2(a+b)}\right)}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{12ib^2e}{f(a^4+4ba^3+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)} - \frac{2ib^4x}{a^2(a^4+4ba^3+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)} - \frac{8ib^3x}{a(a^4+4ba^3+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)} - \frac{a^2f(a^4+4ba^3+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)}{f(a^4+4ba^3+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)}$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/16/(a+b)^2/(-1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(7*a+15*b)/(a+b)^3/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))+1/2*(a^2+4*a*b+6*b^2)/(a+b)^4*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*b^3/(a+b)^4*((a+b)*b/a^2/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(4*a+b)/a^2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))-1/16/(a+b)^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-7*a-15*b)/(a+b)^3/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(a^2+4*a*b+6*b^2)/(a+b)^4*ln(1+cos(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 557 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 7a^2b^3 + 2ab^4 + 2b^5 - 2(2a^5 + 6a^4b + 4a^3b^2 - ab^4 - b^5)\cos(fx+e)^4 + (3a^5 + 6a^4b - 2a^3b^2 - 2ab^4 - 2b^5)\cos(fx+e)^2 + (3a^5 + 6a^4b - 2a^3b^2 - 2ab^4 - 2b^5)\cos(fx+e)^0}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*(3*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + 2*b^5 - 2*(2*a^5 + 6*a^4
*b + 4*a^3*b^2 - a*b^4 - b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (3*a^5 + 6*a^4*b - 5*a^3*b^
2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 4*a*b^4 - 4*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*((4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*c
os(f*x + e)^6 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5 - (8*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ (4*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)
+ 4*((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a
^2*b^3 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2 - 6*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 +
2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*b^2 - 12*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/
((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a
^7 + 7*a^6*b + 8*a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 - 2*a^3*b^4 - a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)
^4 + (a^7 + 2*a^6*b - 2*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5)*f*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 6*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2(4ab^3 + b^4) \log(a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)}{a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4} + \frac{2(a^2 + 4ab + 6b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e)^2)}{a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4} + \frac{2(2a^4 + 4a^3b - b^4) \sin(fx + e)^4 + a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2 - (5a^4 + 13a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4) \sin(fx + e)^6 - (a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \sin(fx + e)^8}{4f}}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(2*(4*a*b^3 + b^4)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4) + 2*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 6*b^2)*log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4) + (2*(2*a^4 + 4*a^3*b - b^4)*sin(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - (5*a^4 + 13*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^2)/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^6 - (a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*sin(f*x + e)^4))/f
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(4ab^3 + b^4) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2(a^6f + 4a^5bf + 6a^4b^2f + 4a^3b^3f + a^2b^4f)} + \frac{(a^2 + 4ab + 6b^2) \log(|-\cos(fx + e)^2 + 1|)}{2(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)} - \frac{\frac{2(2a^5 + 6a^4b + 4a^3b^2 - ab^4 - b^5) \cos(fx + e)^4}{a} - \frac{(3a^5 + 6a^4b - 5a^3b^2 - 8a^2b^3 - 4ab^4 - 4b^5) \cos(fx + e)^2}{a} - \frac{3a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 7a^2b^3 + 2ab^4 + 2b^5}{a}}{4(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2(a + b)^4af}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*a*b^3 + b^4)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^6*f + 4*a^5*b*f + 6*a^4*b^2*f + 4*a^3*b^3*f + a^2*b^4*f) + 1/2*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 6*b^2)*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f) - 1/4*(2*(2*a^5 + 6*a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 - a*b^4 - b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4/a - (3*a^5 + 6*a^4*b - 5*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 4*a*b^4 - 4*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2/a - (3*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + 2*b^5)/a)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)^2*(a + b)^4*a*f)
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(2a+5b)}{4(a+b)^2} - \frac{1}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4(a^2b+3ab^2-b^3)}{2a(a+b)^3}}{f(b\tan(e+fx)^6 + (a+b)\tan(e+fx)^4)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx)^2 + 1)}{2a^2f} + \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx))(a^2 + 4ab + 6b^2)}{f(a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4)} + \frac{b^3 \ln(b\tan(e+fx)^2 + a+b)(4a+b)}{2a^2f(a+b)^4}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`output `((tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a + 5*b))/(4*(a + b)^2) - 1/(4*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^4*(3*a*b^2 + a^2*b - b^3))/(2*a*(a + b)^3))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b) + b*tan(e + f*x)^6)) - log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a^2*f) + (log(tan(e + f*x))*(4*a*b + a^2 + 6*b^2))/(f*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 + 6*a^2*b^2)) + (b^3*log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)*(4*a + b))/(2*a^2*f*(a + b)^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1312, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.37

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 64*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**5 - 256*log(tan((e
+ f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4*b - 384*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1
)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b**2 - 256*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x
)**6*a**2*b**3 - 64*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**4 +
64*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5 + 320*log(tan((e + f*
x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 640*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*si
n(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + 640*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4
*a**2*b**3 + 320*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**4 + 64*
log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**5 + 128*log(sqrt(a + b)*ta
n((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)
**6*a**2*b**3 + 32*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*s
qrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**4 - 128*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**
4*a**2*b**3 - 160*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sq
rt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**4 - 32*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*
b**5 + 128*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*t
an((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**3 + 32*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b*
*4 - 128*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) + 2*sqrt(a)*...
```

3.356 $\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2938
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2938
Rubi [A] (verified)	2939
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{(3a-2b)(a+b)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2 b^{5/2} f} + \frac{(3a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{2ab^2 f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{2abf(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output `-x/a^2-1/2*(3*a-2*b)*(a+b)^(3/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/b^(5/2)/f+1/2*(3*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/a/b^2/f-1/2*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/a/b/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx) \left(-\frac{2x(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}{a^2} + \frac{(3a - 2b)(a + b)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{a^2} \right)}{8(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((-2*x*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/a^2 + ((3*a - 2*b)*(a + b)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x])]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(a^2*b^2*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e]*Sec[e + f*x]*Sin[f*x]/(b^2*f) - ((a + b)^2*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(a^2*b^2*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))) / (8*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 444, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^6}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4629$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((3a+b)\tan^2(e+fx)+3(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{444} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2+4ba-b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(3a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2ab}}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{2ab} + \frac{(3a-2b)(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{b}}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{(3a-2b)(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2ab} + \frac{2b^2 \arctan(\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a})}{b}}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{2b^2 \arctan(\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a})}{a} + \frac{(3a-2b)(a+b)^{3/2} \arctan(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}})}{b a \sqrt{b}}}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\left(\frac{-\left(\frac{2b^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]]}{a} + \frac{(3a - 2b)(a + b)^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right]}{a \sqrt{b}} \right)}{b} + \frac{(3a + b) \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]}{b} \right) / (2ab) - \frac{(a + b) \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]^3}{2ab(a + b + b \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx]^2)} \Big) / f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{1}{\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])}{\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]}\right], x\right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]}{a} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]}\right], x\right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 372

$$\operatorname{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)^q, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[(-a) \cdot e^{3m} \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-3} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x\right] + \operatorname{Simp}\left[e^4 / (2b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-4} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \operatorname{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot (m-3) + (a \cdot d \cdot (m+2q-1) + 2b \cdot c \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x\right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 397

$$\operatorname{Int}[(e + (f \cdot x)^2) / ((a + (b \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{b \cdot e - a \cdot f}{b \cdot c - a \cdot d} \operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{1}{a + b \cdot x^2}, x\right], x\right] - \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{d \cdot e - c \cdot f}{b \cdot c - a \cdot d} \operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{1}{c + d \cdot x^2}, x\right], x\right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$$

rule 444

$$\operatorname{Int}[(g \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)^q \cdot (e + (f \cdot x)^2), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[f \cdot g \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (b \cdot d \cdot (m+2(p+q+1)+1)), x\right] - \operatorname{Simp}\left[g^2 / (b \cdot d \cdot (m+2(p+q+1)+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(g \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \operatorname{Simp}[a \cdot f \cdot c \cdot (m-1) + (a \cdot f \cdot d \cdot (m+2q+1) + b \cdot (f \cdot c \cdot (m+2p+1) - e \cdot d \cdot (m+2(p+q+1)+1))] \cdot x^2, x], x], x\right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 1]$$

```

rule 2075 Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]

rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4629 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
    
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b^2} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}}{f} - \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}a^3 - a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right)\tan(fx+e)}{a+b+b\tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{\left(3a^3 + 4a^2b - ab^2 - 2b^3\right)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^2b^2 \cdot 2\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{b^2} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}}{f} - \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}a^3 - a^2b - \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right)\tan(fx+e)}{a+b+b\tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{\left(3a^3 + 4a^2b - ab^2 - 2b^3\right)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^2b^2 \cdot 2\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{i(3a^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 4a^2be^{4i(fx+e)} + 5a^2b^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2b^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 6a^3e^{2i(fx+e)} + 14e^{2i(fx+e)}a^2b + 6e^{2i(fx+e)}a^2b^2 + 6e^{2i(fx+e)}ab^2 + 6e^{2i(fx+e)}b^3)}{a^2b^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}$

```

input int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
    
```

```

output 1/f*(tan(f*x+e)/b^2-1/a^2*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-1/a^2/b^2*((-1/2*a^3-a^2*b-1/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(3*a^3+4*a^2*b-a*b^2-2*b^3)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
    
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8ab^2fx \cos(fx + e)^3 + 8b^3fx \cos(fx + e) + ((3a^3 + a^2b - 2ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (3a^2b + ab^2 - 2b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-(a + b)/b} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4(ab + 2b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - b^2 \cos(fx + e)}{(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2)} - 4(2a^2b + (3a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)}{(a^3b^2f \cos(fx + e)^3 + a^2b^3f \cos(fx + e))\right) - 1/4(4ab^2fx \cos(fx + e)^3 + 4b^3fx \cos(fx + e) - ((3a^3 + a^2b - 2ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (3a^2b + ab^2 - 2b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{(a + b)/b} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1/2((a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - b) \sqrt{(a + b)/b}}{(a + b) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)}\right) - 2(2a^2b + (3a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e))}{(a^3b^2f \cos(fx + e)^3 + a^2b^3f \cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(8*a*b^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 8*b^3*f*x*cos(f*x + e) + ((3*a^3 + a^2*b - 2*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(2*a^2*b + (3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/4*(4*a*b^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^3*f*x*cos(f*x + e) - ((3*a^3 + a^2*b - 2*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a + b)/b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 2*(2*a^2*b + (3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \tan(fx + e)}{ab^3 \tan^2(fx + e) + a^2 b^2 + ab^3} - \frac{2(fx + e)}{a^2} + \frac{2 \tan(fx + e)}{b^2} - \frac{(3a^3 + 4a^2b - ab^2 - 2b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^2b^2}}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*tan(f*x + e)/(a*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2 + a*b^3) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2 + 2*tan(f*x + e)/b^2 - (3*a^3 + 4*a^2*b - a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^2*b^2))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = -\frac{fx + e}{a^2 f} + \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{b^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{(3a^3 + 4a^2b - ab^2 - 2b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab + b^2} a^2 b^2 f}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 \tan^2(fx + e) + 2ab \tan(fx + e) + b^2 \tan^2(fx + e)}{2(b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b) a b^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-(f*x + e)/(a^2*f) + \tan(f*x + e)/(b^2*f) - 1/2*(3*a^3 + 4*a^2*b - a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2})/(\sqrt{a*b + b^2})*a^2*b^2*f + 1/2*(a^2*\tan(f*x + e) + 2*a*b*\tan(f*x + e) + b^2*\tan(f*x + e))/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*a*b^2*f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 765, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.43

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \tan(e + f*x)/(b^2*f) - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{5*\tan(e + f*x)}{\left(\frac{12*a}{b} - \frac{10*b}{a} - \frac{15*b^2}{2*a^2} + \frac{9*a^2}{2*b^2} + 5\right)}\right) - \frac{10*\tan(e + f*x)}{\left(\frac{5*a}{b} - \frac{15*b}{2*a} + \frac{12*a^2}{b^2} + \frac{9*a^3}{2*b^3} - 10\right)} + \frac{12*a*\tan(e + f*x)}{12*a + 5*b - \frac{10*b^2}{a} + \frac{9*a^2}{2*b} - \frac{15*b^3}{2*a^2}} - \frac{15*b*\tan(e + f*x)}{2*\left(\frac{5*a^2}{b} - \frac{15*b}{2} - 10*a + \frac{12*a^3}{b^2} + \frac{9*a^4}{2*b^3}\right)} + \frac{9*a^2*\tan(e + f*x)}{2*\left(\frac{12*a*b}{2} + \frac{9*a^2}{2} + 5*b^2 - \frac{10*b^3}{a} - \frac{15*b^4}{2*a^2}\right)} \\ & + \frac{\tan(e + f*x)*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)}{2*a*f*(a*b^2 + b^3 + b^3*\tan(e + f*x)^2)} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan(e + f*x)*(-3*a*b^7 - b^8 - 3*a^2*b^6 - a^3*b^5)^{1/2}*15i}{\left(\frac{25*a*b^3}{4} - \frac{49*a^3*b}{2} + 9*a^4 + \frac{15*b^4}{2} - \frac{85*a^2*b^2}{4} + \frac{81*a^5}{4*b} + \frac{27*a^6}{4*b^2}\right)}\right)}{4*\left(\frac{9*a^3*b}{4} - \frac{85*a*b^3}{4} + \frac{81*a^4}{4} + \frac{25*b^4}{4} - \frac{49*a^2*b^2}{2} + \frac{15*b^5}{2*a} + \frac{27*a^5}{4*b}\right)} \\ & - \frac{\tan(e + f*x)*(-3*a*b^7 - b^8 - 3*a^2*b^6 - a^3*b^5)^{1/2}*45i}{4*\left(\frac{81*a^3*b}{4} - \frac{49*a*b^3}{2} + \frac{27*a^4}{4} - \frac{85*b^4}{4} + 9*a^2*b^2 + \frac{25*b^5}{4*a} + \frac{15*b^6}{2*a^2}\right)} + \frac{a^2*\tan(e + f*x)*(-3*a*b^7 - b^8 - 3*a^2*b^6 - a^3*b^5)^{1/2}*27i}{4*\left(\frac{9*a^2*b^4}{4} - \frac{85*b^6}{4} - \frac{49*a*b^5}{2} + \frac{81*a^3*b^3}{4} + \frac{27*a^4*b^2}{4} + \frac{25*b^7}{4*a} + \frac{15*b^8}{2*a^2}\right)} + \frac{a*\tan(e + f*x)*(-3*a*b^7 - b^8 - 3*a^2*b^6 - a^3*b^5)^{1/2}*27i}{4*\left(\frac{27*a^4*b}{4} - \frac{49*a*b^4}{2} - \frac{85*b^5}{4} + 9*a^2*b^3 + \frac{81*a^3*b^2}{4} + \frac{25*b^6}{4*a} + \frac{15*b^7}{2*a^2}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 799, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.71

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*b**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*cos(e + f*x)*b**3 - 2*cos(e + f...
```

3.357 $\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2947
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2947
Rubi [A] (verified)	2948
Maple [A] (verified)	2951
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2951
Sympy [F]	2952
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2952
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2953
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2953
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2954

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{(a-2b)\sqrt{a+b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2b^{3/2}f} - \frac{(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2abf(a+b+b\tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
x/a^2+1/2*(a-2*b)*(a+b)^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/b^(3/2)/f-1/2*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/a/b/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(2x(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + \frac{(-a^2+ab+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)\cos(2e+2fx)}{\sec(fx)\cos(2e+2fx)}\right)}{8a^2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))} \right)}{8a^2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(2*x*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + ((-a^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*Sqrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + ((a + b)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(b*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])))/(8*a^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^4}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 372

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a-b)\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \quad 397 \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(a-2b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \quad 216 \\
 & \frac{(a-2b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{2ab} + \frac{2b \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \quad 218 \\
 & \frac{2b \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} + \frac{(a-2b)\sqrt{a+b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((2*b*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + ((a - 2*b)*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]))/(2*a*b) - ((a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*b*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2)/(((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u._)^(p._)*(v._)^(q._)*((e._)*(x._))^(m._), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a._) + (b._)*sec[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(n._))^(p._)*((d._)*tan[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(m._), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} + \frac{(a+b) \left(-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2b(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a-2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}\right)}{2b\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2}}{f}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} + \frac{(a+b) \left(-\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2b(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(a-2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}\right)}{2b\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2}}{f}}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{i(a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 3ab e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2b^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + a^2 + ab)}{a^2 b f (a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} - 2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} - a - 2b}{a}\right)}{4b^2 f a}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^2*arctan(tan(f*x+e))+(a+b)/a^2*(-1/2*a/b*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a-2*b)/b/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{8 abfx \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8 b^2 fx - 4(a^2 + ab) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) - ((a^2 - 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + ab}{8(a^3 b f \cos} \right.$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(8*a*b*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*b^2*f*x - 4*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - ((a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b - 2*b^2)*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/(a^3*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2*f), 1/4*(4*a*b*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*b^2*f*x - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - ((a^2 - 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b - 2*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)/b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))))/(a^3*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a+b) \tan(fx+e)}{ab^2 \tan^2(fx+e) + a^2b + ab^2} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2} - \frac{(a^2 - ab - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^2b}}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*((a + b)*tan(f*x + e)/(a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b + a*b^2) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2 - (a^2 - a*b - 2*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^2*b))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{fx + e}{a^2 f} + \frac{(a^2 - ab - 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{ab + b^2} a^2 b f} - \frac{a \tan(fx + e) + b \tan(fx + e)}{2 (b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b) a b f}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(f*x + e)/(a^2*f) + 1/2*(a^2 - a*b - 2*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^2*b*f) - 1/2*(a*tan(f*x + e) + b*tan(f*x + e))/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*a*b*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\frac{3b}{2a} - \frac{a}{2b} + 1} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2\left(\frac{b}{a} + \frac{3b^2}{2a^2} - \frac{1}{2}\right)} + \frac{3b \tan(e+fx)}{2\left(a + \frac{3b}{2} - \frac{a^2}{2b}\right)}\right)}{a^2 f} - \frac{\tan(e + fx) (a + b)}{2 a b f (b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b)} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{3 \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-b^4 - a b^3}}{2\left(\frac{ab}{4} - a^2 + \frac{3b^2}{2} + \frac{a^3}{4b}\right)} - \frac{5 \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-b^4 - a b^3}}{4\left(\frac{a^2}{4} - ab + \frac{b^2}{4} + \frac{3b^3}{2a}\right)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{-b^4 - a b^3}}{4\left(\frac{ab}{4} - b^2 + \frac{b^3}{4a} + \frac{3b^4}{2a^2}\right)}\right)}{2 a^2 b^3 f} \sqrt{-b^3 (a + b)} (a - 2b)$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
atan(tan(e + f*x)/((3*b)/(2*a) - a/(2*b) + 1) - tan(e + f*x)/(2*(b/a + (3*
b^2)/(2*a^2) - 1/2)) + (3*b*tan(e + f*x))/(2*(a + (3*b)/2 - a^2/(2*b))))/(
a^2*f) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a + b))/(2*a*b*f*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)) - (at
anh((3*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2))/(2*((a*b)/4 - a^2 + (3*b^2)/2 +
a^3/(4*b))) - (5*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2))/(4*(a^2/4 - a*b + b^
2/4 + (3*b^3)/(2*a))) + (tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^3 - b^4)^(1/2))/(4*((a*b)/4 -
b^2 + b^3/(4*a) + (3*b^4)/(2*a^2))))*(-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2)*(a - 2*b)/(2*a
^2*b^3*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.22

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin^2(fx + e) a^2 - 2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e) a^2}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan
((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a +
b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 +
sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan
((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a +
b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 +
cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*s
in(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x - 2*a*b**2*f*x - 2*b**3*f*x)/(2*a**2*b**2*f*(sin
(e + f*x)**2*a - a - b))
```

3.358 $\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2955
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2956
Rubi [A] (verified)	2956
Maple [A] (verified)	2959
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2960
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2961
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2962
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2963

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b} f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^2+1/2*(a+2*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/b^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+1/2*tan(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \sec^4(e + fx) \left(-\frac{16bx + \frac{(-a^3 + 6a^2b + 24ab^2 + 16b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e)) - ((a+2b) \sin(fx))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{b(a+b)^{3/2} f \sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}} \right)}{64(a +$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-((16*x + ((-a^3 + 6*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(b*(a + b)^(3/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + ((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(b*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e]))) / a^2) + (((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(3/2) - (a*Sqrt[b]*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])))/(b^(3/2)*f)))/(64*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 373, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{\int \frac{1-\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `(-1/2*((2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - ((a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]))/a + Tan[e + f*x]/(2*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

rule 373 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2 / (2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (m-1) + d \cdot (m+2 \cdot p+2 \cdot q+3) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]

rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{p_} \cdot (v_)^{q_} \cdot (e_ \cdot x)^{m_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /;$ FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} + \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^2}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} + \frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{a^2}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{i(ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 2be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}{a^2 f (ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{\ln\left(e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{-2iba - 2ib^2 + a\sqrt{-ab-b^2} + 2b\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}{a\sqrt{-ab-b^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab-b^2} fa}$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/a^2*arctan(tan(f*x+e))+1/a^2*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(a+2*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{8(a^2b + ab^2)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 + 8(ab^2 + b^3)fx - 4(a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + ((a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \sqrt{-ab - b^2}) \log(((a^2 + 8ab + 8b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3ab + 4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4((a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^3 - b \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-ab - b^2}) \sin(fx + e) + b^2)}{(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2)} \right] / ((a^4b + a^3b^2) f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^3b^2 + a^2b^3) f)$$

$$\frac{4(a^2b + ab^2)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 + 4(ab^2 + b^3)fx - 2(a^2b + ab^2) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + ((a^2 + 2ab + b^2) \sqrt{ab + b^2}) \arctan(1/2((a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 - b) / (\sqrt{ab + b^2} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e)))}{4((a^4b + a^3b^2) f \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^3b^2 + a^2b^3) f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(8*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x - 4*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)))/((a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f), -1/4*(4*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*(a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x - 2*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 2*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\tan(fx+e)}{ab \tan(fx+e)^2 + a^2 + ab} + \frac{(a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^2}} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(tan(f*x + e)/(a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + a*b) + (a + 2*b)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^2) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a + 2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{ab + b^2} a^2 f} - \frac{fx + e}{a^2 f} + \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{2(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b) a f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(a + 2*b)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^2*
f) - (f*x + e)/(a^2*f) + 1/2*tan(f*x + e)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*a*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.36

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
tan(e + f*x)/(2*a*f*(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)) - x/a^2 - (atan((((tan(e
+ f*x)*(4*a*b^2 + a^2*b + 8*b^3))/(2*a^2) - ((2*a*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(32*
a^4*b^3 + 16*a^5*b^2)*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(8*a^2*(a^3*b + a^2*b^
2))))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a
+ b))^(1/2)*1i)/(4*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(4*a*b^2 + a^2*b
+ 8*b^3))/(2*a^2) + ((2*a*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^3 + 16*a^5*b^2)*(a
+ 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(8*a^2*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a +
b))^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(4*(a^3
*b + a^2*b^2)))/(((a*b)/2 + b^2)/a^3 - (((tan(e + f*x)*(4*a*b^2 + a^2*b +
8*b^3))/(2*a^2) - ((2*a*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^3 + 16*a^5*b^2)*(a +
2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(8*a^2*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b)
)^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*b +
a^2*b^2)) + (((tan(e + f*x)*(4*a*b^2 + a^2*b + 8*b^3))/(2*a^2) + ((2*a*b^2
+ (tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^3 + 16*a^5*b^2)*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(
8*a^2*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*b + a^2*b^
2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(a + b))^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2)))*(a + 2*b)*(-b*(
a + b))^(1/2)*1i)/(2*f*(a^3*b + a^2*b^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a^2 + 2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin(fx + e) a + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2}$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan
((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2
+ sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(
b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e
+ f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*at
an((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b - 2*sqrt
(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*
*2 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 -
2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*f*x - 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x + 2*a**2*b*f*
x + 4*a*b**2*f*x + 2*b**3*f*x)/(2*a**2*b*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 + sin(e +
f*x)**2*a*b - a**2 - 2*a*b - b**2))
```

3.359 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

$$x/a^2-1/2*b^{(1/2)}*(3*a+2*b)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^{(1/2)})/a^2/(a+b)^{(3/2)}/f-1/2*b*\tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)$$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \left(2x(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + \frac{b(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{8a^2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{2(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b(3a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{2(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-2), x]
```

output

```
((2*(a + b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (Sqrt[b]*(3*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 316 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))`
`), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x`
`^2)^q*Simp[b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x`
`] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !`
`(!IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, 2,`
`p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_`
`Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[`
`(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e`
`, f}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =`
`FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p`
`/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]`
`&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2(a+b)(a+b+b \tan(fx+e)^2)} + \frac{(3a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{ib(a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)}{a^2(a+b)f(a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)} + \frac{3\sqrt{-(a+b)b} \ln\left(\frac{e^{2i(fx+e)} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-(a+b)b} + a + 2b}{a}}{a}\right)}{4(a+b)^2 f a} +$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{-b/a^2 \cdot (1/2 \cdot a/(a+b) \cdot \tan(fx+e) / (a+b \cdot \tan(fx+e)^2) + 1/2 \cdot (3a+2b) / (a+b) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{1/2} \cdot \arctan(b \cdot \tan(fx+e) / ((a+b) \cdot b)^{1/2})) + 1/a^2 \cdot \arctan(\tan(fx+e)) \right)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8(a^2 + ab)fx \cos(fx + e)^2 - 4ab \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + 8(ab + b^2)fx + ((3a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) + 8((a^4 +$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{8} \cdot (8 \cdot (a^2 + a \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + 8 \cdot (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot f \cdot x + ((3 \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \sqrt{-b/(a + b)} \cdot \log(((a^2 + 8 \cdot a \cdot b + 8 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^4 - 2 \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot b + 4 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + 4 \cdot ((a^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^3 - (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)) \cdot \sqrt{-b/(a + b)} \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + b^2) / (a^2 \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^4 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + b^2))) / ((a^4 + a^3 \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + (a^3 \cdot b + a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f), \frac{1}{4} \cdot (4 \cdot (a^2 + a \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot x \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 - 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e) + 4 \cdot (a \cdot b + b^2) \cdot f \cdot x + ((3 \cdot a^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b + 2 \cdot b^2) \cdot \sqrt{b/(a + b)} \cdot \arctan(1/2 \cdot ((a + 2 \cdot b) \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 - b) \cdot \sqrt{b/(a + b)}) / (b \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e) \cdot \sin(f \cdot x + e))) / ((a^4 + a^3 \cdot b) \cdot f \cdot \cos(f \cdot x + e)^2 + (a^3 \cdot b + a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{a^3+2a^2b+ab^2+(a^2b+ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(3ab+2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^3+a^2b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*tan(f*x + e)/(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2 + (a^2*b + a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + (3*a*b + 2*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^3 + a^2*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right) (3ab+2b^2)}{(a^3+a^2b)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)(a^2+ab)} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/2*((\pi*\text{floor}((f*x + e)/\pi + 1/2)*\text{sgn}(b) + \arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2}))* (3*a*b + 2*b^2)/((a^3 + a^2*b)*\sqrt{a*b + b^2}) + b*\tan(f*x + e)/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)*(a^2 + a*b)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2056, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + f x))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{atan}(\frac{((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i)}{(2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / (2*a^2) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)) / a^2 - (((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i) / (2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / (2*a^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / a^2) / (((((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i) / (2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))) * i) / (2*a^2) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)*i) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / a^2 + (((((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2)*i) / (2*(2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) + (\tan(e + f*x)*(32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*a^2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))) * i) / (2*a^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3)*i) / (4*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} / a^2 + ((3*a*b^3)/2 + b^4) / (2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) / (a^2*f) + (\text{atan}(\frac{(\tan(e + f*x)*(20*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + 13*a^2*b^3))}{(2*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2))} - ((-b*(a + b)^3)^{1/2} * ((2*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^5*b^3 + 4*a^6*b^2) / (2*a^4*b + a^5 + a^3*b^2)) - (\tan(e + f*x)*(-b*(a + b)^3)^{1/2} * (3*a + 2*b) * (32*a^4*b^5 + 80*a^5*b^4 + 64*a^6*b^3 + 16*a^7*b^2)) / (8*(2*a^3*b + a^4 + a^2*b^2)) * (3*a^4*b \dots \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b + cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*f*x + 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b*f*x + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2*f*x - 2*a**3*f*x - 6*a**2*b*f*x - 6*a*b**2*f*x - 2*b**3*f*x)/(2*a**2*f*(sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 + 2*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - a**3 - 3*a**2*b - 3*a*b**2 - b**3))
```

3.360 $\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2972
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{b^{3/2}(5a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{(2a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)^2f} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^2+1/2*b^(3/2)*(5*a+2*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/2*(2*a-b)*cot(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*b*cot(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx) \left(-\frac{2x(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{a^2} - \frac{b^2(5a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e)-i \sin(2e))(-((a+b \cos(e) \cos(fx) - i \sin(e) \sin(fx)))}{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{b(\cos(e) \cos(fx) - i \sin(e) \sin(fx))}}\right)}{a^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((-2*x*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))/a^2 - (b^2*(5*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x])]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(a^2*(a + b)^(5/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sin[f*x])/((a + b)^2*f) + (b^2*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e]) + a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(a^2*(a + b)^2*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])))/(8*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^2 (a+b\sec(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{374} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(-3b \tan^2(e+fx)+2a-b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2a^2+6ba+b^2+(2a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^2(5a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{2(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^2(5a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{2(a+b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^{3/2}(5a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a \sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{(2a-b) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `((-(((2*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(3/2)*(5*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)) - ((2*a - b)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*Cot[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 374 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(5a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2(a+b)^2}}{f} - \frac{1}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(5a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2(a+b)^2}}{f} - \frac{1}{(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{i(-2a^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2b^3e^{4i(fx+e)} - 4a^3e^{2i(fx+e)} - 8e^{2i(fx+e)}a^2b - 2b^3e^{2i(fx+e)} - 2a^3 - ab^2)}{a^2(a+b)^2 f (ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)(e^{2i(fx+e)} - 1)}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/a^2*arctan(tan(f*x+e))+b^2/a^2/(a+b)^2*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(5*a+2*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))-1/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(4*(2*a^3 + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (5*a*b^2 + 2*b^3 + (5*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 4*(2*a^2*b - a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 8*((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e)]/(((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/4*(2*(2*a^3 + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a*b^2 + 2*b^3 + (5*a^2*b + 2*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) + 2*(2*a^2*b - a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e) + 4*((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e)]/(((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5ab^2 + 2b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{(2ab - b^2) \tan(fx+e)^2 + 2a^2 + 2ab}{(a^3b + 2a^2b^2 + ab^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (a^4 + 3a^3b + 3a^2b^2 + ab^3) \tan(fx+e)} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((5*a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - ((2*a*b - b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2 + 2*a*b)/((a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5ab^2 + 2b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{2ab \tan(fx+e)^2 - b^2 \tan(fx+e)^2 + 2a^2 + 2ab}{(b \tan(fx+e)^3 + a \tan(fx+e) + b \tan(fx+e))(a^3 + 2a^2b + ab^2)} - \frac{2(fx+e)}{a^2}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((5*a*b^2 + 2*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - (2*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 - b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2 + 2*a*b)/((b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + a*tan(f*x + e) + b*tan(f*x + e))*(a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)) - 2*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3146, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.00

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(atan((((tan(e + f*x)*(128*a^3*b^13 + 1344*a^4*b^12 + 6160*a^5*b^11 + 16160*a^6*b^10 + 26800*a^7*b^9 + 29312*a^8*b^8 + 21424*a^9*b^7 + 10400*a^10*b^6 + 3280*a^11*b^5 + 640*a^12*b^4 + 64*a^13*b^3) - ((-b^3*(a + b)^5)^(1/2))*(5*a + 2*b)*(64*a^6*b^12 + 896*a^7*b^11 + 4992*a^8*b^10 + 15360*a^9*b^9 + 29568*a^10*b^8 + 37632*a^11*b^7 + 32256*a^12*b^6 + 18432*a^13*b^5 + 6720*a^14*b^4 + 1408*a^15*b^3 + 128*a^16*b^2 - (tan(e + f*x)*(-b^3*(a + b)^5)^(1/2))*(5*a + 2*b)*(512*a^7*b^13 + 5376*a^8*b^12 + 25600*a^9*b^11 + 72960*a^10*b^10 + 138240*a^11*b^9 + 182784*a^12*b^8 + 172032*a^13*b^7 + 115200*a^14*b^6 + 53760*a^15*b^5 + 16640*a^16*b^4 + 3072*a^17*b^3 + 256*a^18*b^2)))/(4*(5*a^6*b + a^7 + a^2*b^5 + 5*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^2)))/((4*(5*a^6*b + a^7 + a^2*b^5 + 5*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^2)))*(-b^3*(a + b)^5)^(1/2)*(5*a + 2*b)*1i)/(4*(5*a^6*b + a^7 + a^2*b^5 + 5*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^2)) + ((tan(e + f*x)*(128*a^3*b^13 + 1344*a^4*b^12 + 6160*a^5*b^11 + 16160*a^6*b^10 + 26800*a^7*b^9 + 29312*a^8*b^8 + 21424*a^9*b^7 + 10400*a^10*b^6 + 3280*a^11*b^5 + 640*a^12*b^4 + 64*a^13*b^3) + ((-b^3*(a + b)^5)^(1/2))*(5*a + 2*b)*(64*a^6*b^12 + 896*a^7*b^11 + 4992*a^8*b^10 + 15360*a^9*b^9 + 29568*a^10*b^8 + 37632*a^11*b^7 + 32256*a^12*b^6 + 18432*a^13*b^5 + 6720*a^14*b^4 + 1408*a^15*b^3 + 128*a^16*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(-b^3*(a + b)^5)^(1/2))*(5*a + 2*b)*(512*a^7*b^13 + 5376*a^8*b^12 + 25600*a^9*b^11 + 72960*a^10*b^10 + 138240*a^11*b^9 + 182784*a^12*b^8 + 172032*a^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.48

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2 - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b - 7*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)*b**3 + 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**2 - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b - 7*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)*b**3 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**4 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a**3*b + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b**2 - 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4*f*x - 6*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b*f*x - 6*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2*f*x - 2*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**3*f*x + 2*sin(e + f*x)*a**4*f*x + 8*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b*f*x + 12*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**2*f*x + 8*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**3*f*x + 2*sin(e + ...
```

3.361 $\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$

Optimal result	2982
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2983
Rubi [A] (verified)	2984
Maple [A] (verified)	2987
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2988
Sympy [F]	2989
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2989
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2990
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2990
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2991

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{b^{5/2}(7a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2(a+b)^{7/2}f} + \frac{(2a^2+6ab-b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)^3f} - \frac{(2a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{6a(a+b)^2f} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
x/a^2-1/2*b^(5/2)*(7*a+2*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/(a+b)^(7/2)/f+1/2*(2*a^2+6*a*b-b^2)*cot(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)^3/f-1/6*(2*a-3*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/a/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*b*cot(f*x+e)^3/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1588, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.92

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((48*b^3*(7*a + 2*b)*ArcTan
[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*
x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e
+ f*x)])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^
4) + Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sec[2*e]*(-6*(a + b)^3*(a + 6*b)*f*x*cos[f*x]
+ 3*(a - 4*b)*(a + b)^3*f*x*cos[3*f*x] + 6*a^4*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] + 54*a^
3*b*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] + 126*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] + 114*a*b^3*f*x*cos
[2*e - f*x] + 36*b^4*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] + 6*a^4*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] + 54*a^
3*b*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] + 126*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] + 114*a*b^3*f*x*Co
s[2*e + f*x] + 36*b^4*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] - 6*a^4*f*x*cos[4*e + f*x] - 54*a^
3*b*f*x*cos[4*e + f*x] - 126*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + f*x] - 114*a*b^3*f*x*Co
s[4*e + f*x] - 36*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + f*x] - 3*a^4*f*x*cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 3
*a^3*b*f*x*cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 27*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 33*a*b^3*f
*x*cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 12*b^4*f*x*cos[2*e + 3*f*x] + 3*a^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 3*
f*x] - 3*a^3*b*f*x*cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 27*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 33
*a*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 12*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 3*f*x] - 3*a^4*f*x*cos[
6*e + 3*f*x] + 3*a^3*b*f*x*cos[6*e + 3*f*x] + 27*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[6*e + 3*f
*x] + 33*a*b^3*f*x*cos[6*e + 3*f*x] + 12*b^4*f*x*cos[6*e + 3*f*x] - 3*a^4*
f*x*cos[2*e + 5*f*x] - 9*a^3*b*f*x*cos[2*e + 5*f*x] - 9*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[2*
e + 5*f*x] - 3*a*b^3*f*x*cos[2*e + 5*f*x] + 3*a^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 5*f*x] ...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 445, 27, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{374} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(-5b \tan^2(e+fx)+2a-3b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3 \cot^2(e+fx)(2a^2+6ba-b^2+(2a-3b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(2a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(2a^2+6ba-b^2+(2a-3b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(2a^2+6ba-b^2+(2a-3b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{2a^3+8ba^2+12b^2a+b^3+b(2a^2+6ba-b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d\tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-3b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

↓ 397

$$\frac{2(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^3(7a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-3b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{2(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^3(7a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-3b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(2a^2+6ab-b^2)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{2(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a+b} - \frac{b^{5/2}(7a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{(2a-3b)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output `((-1/3*((2*a - 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a + b) - (-(((2*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(5/2)*(7*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b) - ((2*a^2 + 6*a*b - b^2)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(a + b))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 374 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*g*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b^3 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(7a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2(a+b)^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} - \frac{1}{3(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{-a-3b}{(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)}$
default	$-\frac{b^3 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(7a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^2(a+b)^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^2} - \frac{1}{3(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{-a-3b}{(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{i(-12a^4 e^{8i(fx+e)} - 24a^3 b e^{8i(fx+e)} + 3a b^3 e^{8i(fx+e)} + 6b^4 e^{8i(fx+e)} - 12a^4 e^{6i(fx+e)} - 60a^3 b e^{6i(fx+e)} - 96a^2 b^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 12a^4 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 24a^3 b e^{4i(fx+e)} - 3a b^3 e^{4i(fx+e)} - 6b^4 e^{4i(fx+e)} - 12a^4 e^{2i(fx+e)} - 60a^3 b e^{2i(fx+e)} - 96a^2 b^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 12a^4 e^{0i(fx+e)} + 24a^3 b e^{0i(fx+e)} - 3a b^3 e^{0i(fx+e)} - 6b^4 e^{0i(fx+e)})}{a^2}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b^3/a^2/(a+b)^3*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(7*a+2*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^2*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-1/3/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)^3-(-a-3*b)/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 446 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 979, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.12

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(4*(8*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(3*a^4 + 5*a^3*b
- 10*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*((7*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 - 7*a*b^3 - 2*b^4 - (7*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3 - 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*s
qrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b
^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)
*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) - 12*(2*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 - a*b^
3)*cos(f*x + e) + 24*((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)
^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b
^2 + 3*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*
b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 - a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x +
e)^2 - (a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/12*(2
*(8*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 4*(3*a^4 + 5*a^3*b - 10*a^2
*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*((7*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 -
7*a*b^3 - 2*b^4 - (7*a^2*b^2 - 5*a*b^3 - 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a
+ b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b))/(b*cos(f*
x + e)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) - 6*(2*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f
*x + e) + 12*((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^
4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*a
*b^3 + b^4)*f*x*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{3(7ab^3 + 2b^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{3(2a^2b + 6ab^2 - b^3) \tan(fx+e)^4 - 2a^3 - 4a^2b - 2ab^2 + 2(3a^3 + 11a^2b + 8ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^2}{(a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + 3a^2b^3 + ab^4) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (a^5 + 4a^4b + 6a^3b^2 + 4a^2b^3 + ab^4) \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{6(fx+e)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(3*(7*a*b^3 + 2*b^4)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - (3*(2*a^2*b + 6*a*b^2 - b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^3 - 4*a^2*b - 2*a*b^2 + 2*(3*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 8*a*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^3) - 6*(f*x + e)/a^2)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3b^3 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^4+3a^3b+3a^2b^2+ab^3)(b \tan(fx+e)^2+a+b)} + \frac{3(7ab^3+2b^4)\left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)\right)}{(a^5+3a^4b+3a^3b^2+a^2b^3)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{6(fx+e)}{a^2} - \frac{2(3a \tan(fx+e)^2 - a - b)}{(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)\tan(fx+e)^3} + \frac{2(3a \tan(fx+e)^2 - a - b)}{(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)\tan(fx+e)^3}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(3*b^3*tan(f*x + e)/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)) + 3*(7*a*b^3 + 2*b^4)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - 6*(f*x + e)/a^2 - 2*(3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 9*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^3))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4987, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.17

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)`

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)^2*(3*a + 8*b))/(3*(a + b)^2) - 1/(3*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)
)^4*(6*a*b^2 + 2*a^2*b - b^3))/(2*a*(a + b)^3)/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b)
+ b*tan(e + f*x)^5)) + atan((560*a^3*b^16*tan(e + f*x))/(560*a^3*b^16 + 7
280*a^4*b^15 + 42560*a^5*b^14 + 149184*a^6*b^13 + 351904*a^7*b^12 + 593440
*a^8*b^11 + 741120*a^9*b^10 + 699840*a^10*b^9 + 505008*a^11*b^8 + 278768*a
^12*b^7 + 116480*a^13*b^6 + 35840*a^14*b^5 + 7680*a^15*b^4 + 1024*a^16*b^3
+ 64*a^17*b^2) + (7280*a^4*b^15*tan(e + f*x))/(560*a^3*b^16 + 7280*a^4*b^
15 + 42560*a^5*b^14 + 149184*a^6*b^13 + 351904*a^7*b^12 + 593440*a^8*b^11
+ 741120*a^9*b^10 + 699840*a^10*b^9 + 505008*a^11*b^8 + 278768*a^12*b^7 +
116480*a^13*b^6 + 35840*a^14*b^5 + 7680*a^15*b^4 + 1024*a^16*b^3 + 64*a^17
*b^2) + (42560*a^5*b^14*tan(e + f*x))/(560*a^3*b^16 + 7280*a^4*b^15 + 4256
0*a^5*b^14 + 149184*a^6*b^13 + 351904*a^7*b^12 + 593440*a^8*b^11 + 741120*
a^9*b^10 + 699840*a^10*b^9 + 505008*a^11*b^8 + 278768*a^12*b^7 + 116480*a
^13*b^6 + 35840*a^14*b^5 + 7680*a^15*b^4 + 1024*a^16*b^3 + 64*a^17*b^2) + (
149184*a^6*b^13*tan(e + f*x))/(560*a^3*b^16 + 7280*a^4*b^15 + 42560*a^5*b
^14 + 149184*a^6*b^13 + 351904*a^7*b^12 + 593440*a^8*b^11 + 741120*a^9*b^10
+ 699840*a^10*b^9 + 505008*a^11*b^8 + 278768*a^12*b^7 + 116480*a^13*b^6 +
35840*a^14*b^5 + 7680*a^15*b^4 + 1024*a^16*b^3 + 64*a^17*b^2) + (351904*a
^7*b^12*tan(e + f*x))/(560*a^3*b^16 + 7280*a^4*b^15 + 42560*a^5*b^14 + 149
184*a^6*b^13 + 351904*a^7*b^12 + 593440*a^8*b^11 + 741120*a^9*b^10 + 69...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 993, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.21

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```


output

```
( - 21*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**3 + 21*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2 + 27*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**4 - 21*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**3 + 21*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**2 + 27*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*b**4 + 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5 + 28*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 20*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**3 + 3*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**4 - 10*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5 - 40*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b - 50*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**2 - 20*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 + 2*cos(e + f*x)*a**5 + 6*cos(e + f*x)*a**4*b + 6*cos(e + f*x)*a**3...
```

3.362
$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2993
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2994
Rubi [A] (verified)	2995
Maple [A] (verified)	2999
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2999
Sympy [F(-1)]	3000
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3001
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3001
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3002
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{b^{7/2}(9a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2a^2(a+b)^{9/2}f} - \frac{(2a^3+8a^2b+12ab^2-b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)^4f} + \frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{6a(a+b)^3f} - \frac{(2a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{10a(a+b)^2f} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^2+1/2*b^(7/2)*(9*a+2*b)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^2/(a+b)^(9/2)/f-1/2*(2*a^3+8*a^2*b+12*a*b^2-b^3)*cot(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)^4/f+1/6*(2*a^2+6*a*b-3*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^3/a/(a+b)^3/f-1/10*(2*a-5*b)*cot(f*x+e)^5/a/(a+b)^2/f-1/2*b*cot(f*x+e)^5/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3028, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.63

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((9*a + 2*b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-1/8*(b^4*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e]/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*sin[2*e])/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]])*(-(a*sin[f*x]) - 2*b*sin[f*x] + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))*cos[2*e])/(a^2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]]) + ((I/8)*b^4*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e]/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*sin[2*e])/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]])*(-(a*sin[f*x]) - 2*b*sin[f*x] + a*sin[2*e + f*x]))*sin[2*e])/(a^2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*sin[4*e]])))/((a + b)^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*e + 2*f*x])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sec[2*e]*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(75*a^5*f*x*cos[f*x] + 900*a^4*b*f*x*cos[f*x] + 2850*a^3*b^2*f*x*cos[f*x] + 3900*a^2*b^3*f*x*cos[f*x] + 2475*a*b^4*f*x*cos[f*x] + 600*b^5*f*x*cos[f*x] - 15*a^5*f*x*cos[3*f*x] + 240*a^4*b*f*x*cos[3*f*x] + 1110*a^3*b^2*f*x*cos[3*f*x] + 1740*a^2*b^3*f*x*cos[3*f*x] + 1185*a*b^4*f*x*cos[3*f*x] + 300*b^5*f*x*cos[3*f*x] - 75*a^5*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] - 900*a^4*b*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] - 2850*a^3*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] - 3900*a^2*b^3*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] - 2475*a*b^4*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] - 600*b^5*f*x*cos[2*e - f*x] - 75*a^5*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] - 900*a^4*b*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] - 2850*a^3*b^2*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] - 3900*a^2*b^3*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] - 2475*a*b^4*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] - 600*b^5*f*x*cos[2*e + f*x] + 75*a^5*f*x*cos[4*e + f*x] + 900*a^4*b*f*x*cos[4*e + f*x] + 2850*a^3*b^2*f*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 445, 27, 445, 27, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^2} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 374

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(-7b \tan^2(e+fx)+2a-5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{5 \cot^4(e+fx)(2a^2+6ba-3b^2+(2a-5b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{(2a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(2a^2+6ba-3b^2+(2a-5b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

445

$$\int \frac{3 \cot^2(e+fx) (2a^3+8ba^2+12b^2a-b^3+b(2a^2+6ba-3b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(2a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^7(e+fx)}{7(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a(a+b)}{2a(a+b)} f$$

27

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx) (2a^3+8ba^2+12b^2a-b^3+b(2a^2+6ba-3b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(2a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^7(e+fx)}{7(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a(a+b)}{2a(a+b)} f$$

445

$$\int \frac{2a^4+10ba^3+20b^2a^2+20b^3a+b^4+b(2a^3+8ba^2+12b^2a-b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(2a^3+8a^2b+12ab^2-b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a(a+b)}{2a(a+b)} f$$

397

$$\frac{2(a+b)^4 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^4(9a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^3+8a^2b+12ab^2-b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a(a+b)}{2a(a+b)} f$$

216

$$\frac{2(a+b)^4 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^4(9a+2b) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^3+8a^2b+12ab^2-b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(2a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2a(a+b)}{2a(a+b)} f$$

218

$$\frac{-\frac{(2a^2+6ab-3b^2)\cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(2a^3+8a^2b+12ab^2-b^3)\cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{2(a+b)^4 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^{7/2}(9a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}}}{a+b} - \frac{(2a-5b)\cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)}$$

f

```
input Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2,x]
```

```
output ((-1/5*((2*a - 5*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/(a + b) - (-1/3*((2*a^2 + 6*a*b - 3*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a + b) - (-(((2*(a + b)^4*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(7/2)*(9*a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)) - ((2*a^3 + 8*a^2*b + 12*a*b^2 - b^3)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(a + b))/(a + b))/(2*a*(a + b) - (b*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 374 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 445 $\text{Int}[(g_)*(x_)^m*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_})*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_})*((e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(a*c*g^{m+1}), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m+2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{p_}*(v_)^{q_}*((e_)*(x_)^{m_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*\text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \&\& ! \text{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4629 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]^{n_})^{p_})*((d_)*\tan[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)]^{m_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^{n/2})^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m/2] || \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^4 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(9a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^4 a^2} - \frac{1}{5(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{-a-3b}{3(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2+4ab+6b^2}{(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)}$
default	$\frac{b^4 \left(\frac{a \tan(fx+e)}{2a+2b+2b \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{(9a+2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{(a+b)^4 a^2} - \frac{1}{5(a+b)^2 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{-a-3b}{3(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2+4ab+6b^2}{(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{i(46a^5+15ab^4+172ba^4+216a^3b^2+90a^5e^{12i(fx+e)}+150b^5e^{10i(fx+e)}+300b^5e^{6i(fx+e)}+240a^5e^{6i(fx+e)}-30)}{a^2}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(b^4/(a+b)^4/a^2*(1/2*a*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(9*a+2*b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))-1/5/(a+b)^2/tan(f*x+e)^5-1/3*(-a-3*b)/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)^3-(a^2+4*a*b+6*b^2)/(a+b)^4/tan(f*x+e)-1/a^2*arctan(tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 709 vs. 2(189) = 378.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1505, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.27

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/120*(4*(46*a^5 + 172*a^4*b + 216*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^7 -
4*(70*a^5 + 234*a^4*b + 218*a^3*b^2 - 216*a^2*b^3 + 45*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)
^5 + 20*(6*a^5 + 10*a^4*b - 20*a^3*b^2 - 78*a^2*b^3 + 9*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)
)^3 - 15*((9*a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 9*a*b^4 + 2*b^5 - (18*a^2
*b^3 - 5*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (9*a^2*b^3 - 16*a*b^4 - 4*b^5)*co
s(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 -
2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*co
s(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) + 60*(2*a^4*b + 8
*a^3*b^2 + 12*a^2*b^3 - a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e) + 120*((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*
b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a^3*b^2
+ 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^3*
b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2
+ 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*
b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^7 + 7*a^6*b + 8*a^5*b^2
+ 2*a^4*b^3 - 2*a^3*b^4 - a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^7 + 2*a^6*b - 2*
a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 - 7*a^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + 4
*a^5*b^2 + 6*a^4*b^3 + 4*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/60*(2*(46
*a^5 + 172*a^4*b + 216*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 2*(70*a^5 + 23
4*a^4*b + 218*a^3*b^2 - 216*a^2*b^3 + 45*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 10*(6*...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(9ab^4 + 2b^5) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{15(2a^3b + 8a^2b^2 + 12ab^3 - b^4) \tan(fx+e)^6 + 10(3a^4 + 14a^3b + 26a^2b^2 + 15ab^3) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 6a^5b + 4a^4b^2 + 6a^3b^3 + 4a^2b^4 + ab^5) \tan(fx+e)^7 + (a^6 + 5a^5b + 10a^4b^2 + 6a^3b^3 + 4a^2b^4 + ab^5) \tan(fx+e)^5}{30f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/30*(15*(9*a*b^4 + 2*b^5)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^6 +
4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - (15*(2*a^3*b
+ 8*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3 - b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + 10*(3*a^4 + 14*a^3*b + 26*
a^2*b^2 + 15*a*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 6*a^4 + 18*a^3*b + 18*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b
^3 - 2*(5*a^4 + 22*a^3*b + 29*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^5*b
+ 4*a^4*b^2 + 6*a^3*b^3 + 4*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + (a^6 + 5*a^5
*b + 10*a^4*b^2 + 10*a^3*b^3 + 5*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^5) - 30*(f*
x + e)/a^2)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15b^4 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^5 + 4a^4b + 6a^3b^2 + 4a^2b^3 + ab^4)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)} + \frac{15(9ab^4 + 2b^5) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} - \frac{30(fx+e)}{a^2} - \frac{2}{30f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/30*(15*b^4*tan(f*x + e)/((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)
*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)) + 15*(9*a*b^4 + 2*b^5)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi
+ 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^6 + 4*a^5*b +
6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) - 30*(f*x + e)/a^2 - 2*
(15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 60*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 90*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 5
*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 20*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 15*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^
2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*x +
e)^5))/f

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6017, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.07

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
atan((((64*a^6*b^22 + 2304*a^7*b^21 + 29440*a^8*b^20 + 210560*a^9*b^19 +
997248*a^10*b^18 + 3404800*a^11*b^17 + 8806912*a^12*b^16 + 17809920*a^13*b
^15 + 28745600*a^14*b^14 + 37533184*a^15*b^13 + 39975936*a^16*b^12 + 34874
112*a^17*b^11 + 24926720*a^18*b^10 + 14545920*a^19*b^9 + 6874624*a^20*b^8
+ 2595328*a^21*b^7 + 765504*a^22*b^6 + 170240*a^23*b^5 + 26880*a^24*b^4 +
2688*a^25*b^3 + 128*a^26*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^7*b^23 + 10496*a^8*b^2
2 + 102400*a^9*b^21 + 632320*a^10*b^20 + 2772480*a^11*b^19 + 9178368*a^12*
b^18 + 23814144*a^13*b^17 + 49612800*a^14*b^16 + 84341760*a^15*b^15 + 1182
43840*a^16*b^14 + 137592832*a^17*b^13 + 133293056*a^18*b^12 + 107494400*a^
19*b^11 + 71938560*a^20*b^10 + 39690240*a^21*b^9 + 17860608*a^22*b^8 + 644
9664*a^23*b^7 + 1824000*a^24*b^6 + 389120*a^25*b^5 + 58880*a^26*b^4 + 5632
*a^27*b^3 + 256*a^28*b^2)*i)/(2*a^2))*i)/(2*a^2) + tan(e + f*x)*(128*a^3
*b^23 + 2624*a^4*b^22 + 24592*a^5*b^21 + 140608*a^6*b^20 + 554016*a^7*b^19
+ 1613184*a^8*b^18 + 3637488*a^9*b^17 + 6570624*a^10*b^16 + 9747456*a^11*
b^15 + 12075072*a^12*b^14 + 12596848*a^13*b^13 + 11073344*a^14*b^12 + 8154
592*a^15*b^11 + 4977408*a^16*b^10 + 2481936*a^17*b^9 + 992256*a^18*b^8 + 3
10080*a^19*b^7 + 72960*a^20*b^6 + 12160*a^21*b^5 + 1280*a^22*b^4 + 64*a^23
*b^3))/(2*a^2) - (((64*a^6*b^22 + 2304*a^7*b^21 + 29440*a^8*b^20 + 210560*
a^9*b^19 + 997248*a^10*b^18 + 3404800*a^11*b^17 + 8806912*a^12*b^16 + 1780
9920*a^13*b^15 + 28745600*a^14*b^14 + 37533184*a^15*b^13 + 39975936*a^1...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1216, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(135*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b**3 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a*b**4 - 135*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**3 - 165*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**4 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**5 + 135*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b**3 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a*b**4 - 135*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**3 - 165*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**4 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**5 - 46*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**6 - 218*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**5*b - 388*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4*b**2 - 216*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b**3 - 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**4 - 15*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**5 + 68*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**6 + 350*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5*b + 712*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**2 + 646*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**3 + 216*c...
```

3.363 $\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3005
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3005
Rubi [A] (verified)	3006
Maple [A] (verified)	3008
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3008
Sympy [F(-1)]	3009
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3009
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3009
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3010
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3010

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(a+b)^2}{4a^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{a+b}{a^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^3 f}$$

output `1/4*(a+b)^2/a^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-(a+b)/a^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{2(a^2+4ab+3b^2) + (a+2b)^2 \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + a^2 \cos^2(2(e+fx)) \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{2a^3 f (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```

-1/2*(2*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 3*b^2) + (a + 2*b)^2*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]] + a^2*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]] + 2*a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]*(2*(a + b) + (a + 2*b)*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]))/(a^3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 353, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2}{(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
& - \frac{\int \left(\frac{(a+b)^2}{a^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} - \frac{2(a+b)}{a^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{1}{a^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{\frac{(a+b)^2}{2a^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{2(a+b)}{a^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\log(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^3}}{2f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(-1/2*(a + b)^2/(a^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (2*(a + b))/(a^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]/a^3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{2a^3} + \frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{4a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{-2a-2b}{2a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}$
default	$-\frac{\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{2a^3} + \frac{a^2+2ab+b^2}{4a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{-2a-2b}{2a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a^3} + \frac{2ie}{a^3f} - \frac{4(a^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+abe^{6i(fx+e)}+a^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+4abe^{4i(fx+e)}+3b^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+a^2e^{2i(fx+e)}+abe^{2i(fx+e)})}{a^3f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}+a)^2}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{(a^2+2ab+b^2)}{a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-2a-2b)}{a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)} \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{4(a^2+ab)\cos(fx+e)^2 - a^2 + 2ab + 3b^2 + 2(a^2\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab\cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2)\log(a\cos(fx+e)^2 + b)}{4(a^5f\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^4bf\cos(fx+e)^2 + a^3b^2f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{4} \frac{(4(a^2+ab)\cos(fx+e)^2 - a^2 + 2ab + 3b^2 + 2(a^2\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab\cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2)\log(a\cos(fx+e)^2 + b))}{(a^5f\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^4bf\cos(fx+e)^2 + a^3b^2f)}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(a^2 + ab) \sin^2(fx + e) - 3a^2 - 6ab - 3b^2}{a^5 \sin^4(fx + e) + a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2 - 2(a^5 + a^4b) \sin^2(fx + e)^2} - \frac{2 \log(a \sin^2(fx + e) - a - b)}{a^3}$$

$$4f$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((4*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 3*a^2 - 6*a*b - 3*b^2)/(a^5*sin(f*x + e)^4 + a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2 - 2*(a^5 + a^4*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2) - 2*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/a^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = -\frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2a^3f}$$

$$- \frac{4(a + b) \cos^2(fx + e) - \frac{a^2 - 2ab - 3b^2}{a}}{4(a \cos^2(fx + e) + b)^2 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/2*\log(\text{abs}(a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^3*f) - 1/4*(4*(a + b)*\cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2 - 2*a*b - 3*b^2)/a)/((a*\cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2*a^2*f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4b^2 \tan(e+fx)^2}{8b^2 + \frac{8b^3}{a} + 4b^2 \tan(e+fx)^2 + \frac{8b^3 \tan(e+fx)^2}{a}}\right)}{a^3 f}$$

$$+ \frac{-a^3 + 3ab^2 + 2b^3 - \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2 (a^2 - b^2)}{2a^2 b}}{f (2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + fx)^2 (2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^4)}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4*b^2*\tan(e + f*x)^2}{(8*b^2 + (8*b^3)/a + 4*b^2*\tan(e + f*x)^2 + (8*b^3*\tan(e + f*x)^2)/a)}\right)/(a^3*f) + ((3*a*b^2 - a^3 + 2*b^3)/(4*a^2*b^2) - (\tan(e + f*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2))/(2*a^2*b))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*\tan(e + f*x)^4))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 4 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^2 ab + 2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^2 b^2}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 4*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a**2 - 2*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 4*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a**2 - 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a*b + tan(e + f*x)**4*a**2 - 2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a**2)/(4*a**3*f*(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2))
```

3.364 $\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3012
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3012
Rubi [A] (verified)	3013
Maple [A] (verified)	3015
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3015
Sympy [F(-1)]	3016
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3016
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3016
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3017
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3017

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{b(a+b)}{4a^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{a+2b}{2a^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^3 f}$$

output
$$-1/4*b*(a+b)/a^3/f/(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/2*(a+2*b)/a^3/f/(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*\ln(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/f$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{2(a^2+3ab+3b^2)+(a+2b)^2 \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + a^2 \cos^2(2(e+fx)) \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{2a^3 f (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(2(a^2 + 3ab + 3b^2) + (a + 2b)^2 \text{Log}[a + 2b + a \text{Cos}[2(e + fx)]] + a^2 \text{Cos}[2(e + fx)]^2 \text{Log}[a + 2b + a \text{Cos}[2(e + fx)]] + 2a(a + 2b) \text{Cos}[2(e + fx)](1 + \text{Log}[a + 2b + a \text{Cos}[2(e + fx)]]))}{(2a^3 f (a + 2b + a \text{Cos}[2(e + fx)])^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^3(e + fx)(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^3} d \cos(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^2(e + fx)(1 - \cos^2(e + fx))}{(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^3} d \cos^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \int \left(-\frac{b(a+b)}{a^2(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^3} - \frac{1}{a^2(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} + \frac{a+2b}{a^2(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \right) d \cos^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{\frac{b(a+b)}{2a^3(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)^2} - \frac{a+2b}{a^3(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{\log(a \cos^2(e + fx) + b)}{a^3}}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((b*(a + b))/(2*a^3*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (a + 2*b)/(a^3*(b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2)) - Log[b + a*cos[e + f*x]^2]/a^3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^m + n*p - 1)^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{(a+b)b}{4a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-a-2b}{2a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{\ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{2a^3}}{f}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{(a+b)b}{4a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{-a-2b}{2a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{\ln(b+a \cos(fx+e)^2)}{2a^3}}{f}$
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a^3} - \frac{2ie}{a^3 f} + \frac{2a^2 e^{6i(fx+e)} + 4ab e^{6i(fx+e)} + 4a^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 12ab e^{4i(fx+e)} + 12b^2 e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a^2 e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4ab e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a^3 f (a e^{4i(fx+e)} + 2a e^{2i(fx+e)} + 4b e^{2i(fx+e)} + a)^2}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/4*(a+b)*b/a^3/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/2*(-a-2*b)/a^3/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2/a^3*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a^2 + 2ab) \cos(fx + e)^2 + ab + 3b^2 + 2(a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \log(a \cos(fx + e))}{4(a^5 f \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2a^4 b f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3 b^2 f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + 3*b^2 + 2*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{2(a^2+2ab)\sin(fx+e)^2-2a^2-5ab-3b^2}{a^5\sin(fx+e)^4+a^5+2a^4b+a^3b^2-2(a^5+a^4b)\sin(fx+e)^2} - \frac{2\log(a\sin(fx+e)^2-a-b)}{a^3}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*((2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a^2 - 5*a*b - 3*b^2)/(a^5*sin(f*x + e)^4 + a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2 - 2*(a^5 + a^4*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2) - 2*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/a^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2a^3f} + \frac{2(a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + \frac{ab+3b^2}{a}}{4(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2} \log(\operatorname{abs}(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)) / (a^3 f) + \frac{1}{4} (2(a + 2b) \cos(fx + e)^2 + (ab + 3b^2)/a) / ((a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 a^2 f)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^2 + 3ab + 2b^2}{4a^2 b} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^2}{2a^2}}{f (2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + fx)^2 (2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^4)}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4b^2 \tan(e + fx)^2}{8b^2 + \frac{8b^3}{a} + 4b^2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + \frac{8b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2}{a}}\right)}{a^3 f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output $-\left(\frac{3ab + a^2 + 2b^2}{4a^2 b} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx)^2}{2a^2}\right) / (f(2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + fx)^2(2ab + 2b^2) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^4)) - \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4b^2 \tan(e + fx)^2}{8b^2 + \frac{8b^3}{a} + 4b^2 \tan(e + fx)^2 + \frac{8b^3 \tan(e + fx)^2}{a}}\right) / (a^3 f)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 - 4 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^2 ab - 2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a^2}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 4*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a**2 + 2*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 4*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a**2 + sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a*b + sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a**2)/(4*a**3*f*(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2))
```

3.365 $\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3019
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3019
Rubi [A] (verified)	3020
Maple [A] (verified)	3022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3022
Sympy [F(-1)]	3023
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3023
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3023
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3024
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3024

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{b^2}{4a^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b}{a^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^3 f}$$

output

`1/4*b^2/a^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-b/a^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{2b(2a+3b) + (a+2b)^2 \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) + a^2 \cos^2(2(e+fx)) \log(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{2a^3 f (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}$$

input

`Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*(2*b*(2*a + 3*b) + (a + 2*b)^2*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]] + a^
2*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]] + 2*a*Cos[2*(e + f*
x)]*(2*b + (a + 2*b)*Log[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]))/(a^3*f*(a + 2*b +
a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 243, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^5(e+fx)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{b^2}{a^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} - \frac{2b}{a^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{1}{a^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} \right) d\cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{b^2}{2a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{2b}{a^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^3}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(-1/2*b^2/(a^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (2*b)/(a^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2))) + Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2]/a^3)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{4fa(a+b\sec(fx+e))^2} + \frac{1}{2fa^2(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)}{2fa^3} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{fa^3}$
default	$\frac{1}{4fa(a+b\sec(fx+e))^2} + \frac{1}{2fa^2(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)} - \frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)}{2fa^3} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{fa^3}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a^3} + \frac{2ie}{a^3f} - \frac{4b(ae^{6i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 3be^{4i(fx+e)} + ae^{2i(fx+e)})}{a^3(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a)^2f} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{2(a+2b)e^{2i(fx+e)}}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^3f}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/f/a/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/2/f/a^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)-1/2/f/a^3*ln(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)+1/f/a^3*ln(sec(f*x+e))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{4ab\cos(fx+e)^2 + 3b^2 + 2(a^2\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2ab\cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2)\log(a\cos(fx+e)^2 + b)}{4(a^5f\cos(fx+e)^4 + 2a^4bf\cos(fx+e)^2 + a^3b^2f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(4*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b^2 + 2*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4ab \sin(fx+e)^2 - 4ab - 3b^2}{a^5 \sin(fx+e)^4 + a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2 - 2(a^5 + a^4b) \sin(fx+e)^2} - \frac{2 \log(a \sin(fx+e)^2 - a - b)}{a^3}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*((4*a*b*sin(f*x + e)^2 - 4*a*b - 3*b^2)/(a^5*sin(f*x + e)^4 + a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2 - 2*(a^5 + a^4*b)*sin(f*x + e)^2) - 2*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/a^3)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = -\frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2a^3f} - \frac{4b \cos(fx + e)^2 + \frac{3b^2}{a}}{4(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^3*f) - 1/4*(4*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*
b^2/a)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2*a^2*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3a+2b}{4a^2} + \frac{b \tan(e+fx)^2}{2a^2}}{f (2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + fx)^2 (2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4b^2 \tan(e+fx)^2}{8b^2 + \frac{8b^3}{a} + 4b^2 \tan(e+fx)^2 + \frac{8b^3 \tan(e+fx)^2}{a}}\right)}{a^3 f}$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((3*a + 2*b)/(4*a^2) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^2)/(2*a^2))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 +
tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^4)) + atanh((4*b^2*tan(
e + f*x)^2)/(8*b^2 + (8*b^3)/a + 4*b^2*tan(e + f*x)^2 + (8*b^3*tan(e + f*x
)^2)/a))/(a^3*f)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 4 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) \sec(fx + e)^2 ab + 2 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) a^2}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3}$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 4*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + 2*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a**2 - 2*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 4*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b - 2*log(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a**2 - 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 - 4*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b)/(4*a**3*f*(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2))
```

3.366 $\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3026
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3027
Rubi [A] (verified)	3027
Maple [A] (verified)	3029
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3030
Sympy [F(-1)]	3030
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3031
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3031
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3032
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3032

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^3}{4a^3(a+b)f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{b^2(3a+2b)}{2a^3(a+b)^2f(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{b(3a^2+3ab+b^2) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^3(a+b)^3f} + \frac{\log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3f}$$

output

```
-1/4*b^3/a^3/(a+b)/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/2*b^2*(3*a+2*b)/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*b*(3*a^2+3*a*b+b^2)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)^
3/f+ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^3 \sec^6(e+fx) \left(4\log(\sin(e+fx)) + \frac{2b(3a^2+3ab+b^2)\log(a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx))}{a^3}\right) - \frac{b^3(a+b)}{a^3(a+b)}}{32(a+b)^3 f (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(4*Log[Sin[e + f*x]] + (2*b*(3*a^2 + 3*a*b + b^2)*Log[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/a^3 - (b^3*(a + b)^2)/(a^3*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (2*b^2*(a + b)*(3*a + 2*b))/(a^3*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2))))/(32*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4626}$$

$$\int \frac{\cos^7(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos^2(e+fx)$$

2f
↓ 99

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^3}{a^2(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} + \frac{(3a+2b)b^2}{a^2(a+b)^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(3a^2+3ba+b^2)b}{a^2(a+b)^3(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{1}{(a+b)^3(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} \right) d\cos^2(e+fx)$$

2f
↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^3}{2a^3(a+b)(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{b^2(3a+2b)}{a^3(a+b)^2(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b(3a^2+3ab+b^2)\log(a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^3(a+b)^3} - \frac{\log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^3}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output
$$-1/2*(b^3/(2*a^3*(a + b)*(b + a*\cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (b^2*(3*a + 2*b))/(a^3*(a + b)^2*(b + a*\cos[e + f*x]^2)) - \log[1 - \cos[e + f*x]^2]/(a + b)^3 - (b*(3*a^2 + 3*a*b + b^2)*\log[b + a*\cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a^3*(a + b)^3))/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b(3a^2+5ab+2b^2)}{a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a^2+3ab+b^2) \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{a^3} - \frac{b^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)}{2a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} \right)}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b(3a^2+5ab+2b^2)}{a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a^2+3ab+b^2) \ln(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2}{a^3} - \frac{b^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)}{2a^3(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2} \right)}{2(a+b)^3} + \frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^3}}{f}$
risch	$\frac{ix}{a^3} - \frac{2ix}{a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3} - \frac{2ie}{f(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{6ibx}{a(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{6ibe}{af(a^3+3a^2b+3ab^2+b^3)} - \frac{1}{a^2}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/2/(a+b)^3*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*b/(a+b)^3*(1/a^3*b*(3*a^2+5*a*b+2*b^2)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(3*a^2+3*a*b+b^2)/a^3*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*b^2*(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/a^3/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2)+1/2/(a+b)^3*ln(1+cos(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 307 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{5a^2b^3 + 8ab^4 + 3b^5 + 2(3a^3b^2 + 5a^2b^3 + 2ab^4) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 2(3a^2b^3 + 3ab^4 + b^5 + (3a^4b + 3a^3b^2) \cos(fx + e))}{4((a^8 + 3a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + a^5b^3)f \cos(fx + e) + (a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + 3a^5b^3 + a^4b^4) \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^6b^2 + 3a^5b^3 + 3a^4b^4 + a^3b^5) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (a^5b^3 + 3a^4b^4 + a^3b^5) \cos(fx + e)^4 + (a^4b^4 + a^3b^5) \cos(fx + e)^5 + a^3b^5 \cos(fx + e)^6)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(5*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4 + 3*b^5 + 2*(3*a^3*b^2 + 5*a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5 + (3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + 4*(a^5*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \log(a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)}{a^6 + 3a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + a^3b^3} + \frac{6a^2b^2 + 9ab^3 + 3b^4 - 2(3a^2b^2 + 2ab^3) \sin(fx + e)^2}{a^7 + 4a^6b + 6a^5b^2 + 4a^4b^3 + a^3b^4 + (a^7 + 2a^6b + a^5b^2) \sin(fx + e)^4 - 2(a^7 + 3a^6b + 3a^5b^2 + a^4b^3) \sin(fx + e)^2} \frac{1}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(2*(3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*log(a*sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3) + (6*a^2*b^2 + 9*a*b^3 + 3*b^4 - 2*(3*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4 + (a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*sin(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^7 + 3*a^6*b + 3*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*sin(f*x + e)^2) + 2*log(sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2(a^6f + 3a^5bf + 3a^4b^2f + a^3b^3f)}$$

$$+ \frac{\log(|-\cos(fx + e)^2 + 1|)}{2(a^3f + 3a^2bf + 3ab^2f + b^3f)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3a^2b^2 + 5ab^3 + 2b^4) \cos(fx + e)^2 + \frac{5a^2b^3 + 8ab^4 + 3b^5}{a}}{4(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2(a + b)^3a^2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^6*f + 3*a^5*b*f + 3*a^4*b^2*f + a^3*b^3*f) + 1/2*log(abs(-cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(a^3*f + 3*a^2*b*f + 3*a*b^2*f + b^3*f) + 1/4*(2*(3*a^2*b^2 + 5*a*b^3 + 2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (5*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4 + 3*b^5)/a)/((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)^2*(a + b)^3*a^2*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx))}{f(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{2b^2 + 5ab}{4a^2(a+b)} + \frac{b \tan(e+fx)^2(b^2 + 2ab)}{2a^2(a+b)^2}}{f(2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e+fx)^2(2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e+fx)^4)}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx)^2 + 1)}{2a^3 f} + \frac{b \ln(b \tan(e+fx)^2 + a + b)(3a^2 + 3ab + b^2)}{2a^3 f(a+b)^3}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
log(tan(e + f*x))/(f*(3*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b + a^3 + b^3)) - ((5*a*b + 2*b^2)/(4*a^2*(a + b)) + (b*tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + b^2))/(2*a^2*(a + b)^2))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^4)) - log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*a^3*f) + (b*log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)*(3*a*b + 3*a^2 + b^2))/(2*a^3*f*(a + b)^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1871, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.39

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5 - 12*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b - 12*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*s
in(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 - 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*
a**2*b**3 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5 + 32*log(t
an((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b + 48*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**
2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**2 + 32*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e +
f*x)**2*a**2*b**3 + 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**4
- 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a**5 - 20*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a
**4*b - 40*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a**3*b**2 - 40*log(tan((e + f*x)/2
)**2 + 1)*a**2*b**3 - 20*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a*b**4 - 4*log(tan((
e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*b**5 + 6*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a
+ b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b + 6*log(sqrt(a +
b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e
+ f*x)**4*a**3*b**2 + 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**3 - 12*log(sqrt(a +
b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e +
f*x)**2*a**4*b - 24*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2
*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**2 - 16*log(sqrt(a + b)*
tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*
x)**2*a**2*b**3 - 4*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - ...
```

3.367 $\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3034
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3035
Rubi [A] (verified)	3035
Maple [A] (verified)	3037
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3038
Sympy [F(-1)]	3038
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3039
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3039
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3040
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3041

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{b^4}{4a^3(a+b)^2 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b^3(2a+b)}{a^3(a+b)^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\csc^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{b^2(6a^2+4ab+b^2) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^3(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{(a+4b) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^4 f}$$

output

```
1/4*b^4/a^3/(a+b)^2/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)^2-b^3*(2*a+b)/a^3/(a+b)^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^3/f-1/2*b^2*(6*a^2+4*a*b+b^2)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)^4/f-(a+4*b)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^4/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^3 \sec^6(e+fx) \left(2(a+b) \csc^2(e+fx) + 4(a+4b) \log(\sin(e+fx)) + \frac{2b^2(6a^2+4ab+b^2) \log[\sin(e+fx)]}{a+b} \right)}{32(a+b)^4 f (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/32*((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(2*(a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 4*(a + 4*b)*Log[Sin[e + f*x]] + (2*b^2*(6*a^2 + 4*a*b + b^2)*Log[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/a^3 - (b^4*(a + b)^2)/(a^3*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (4*b^3*(a + b)*(2*a + b))/(a^3*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/((a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^3 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & \int \frac{\cos^9(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx) \\ & \quad \underline{\hspace{10em} f} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^8(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d \cos^2(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{b^4}{a^2(a+b)^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} - \frac{2(2a+b)b^3}{a^2(a+b)^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{(6a^2+4ab+b^2)b^2}{a^2(a+b)^4(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{a+4b}{(a+b)^4(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} + \frac{1}{(a+b)^3 \cos^2(e+fx)} \right) \frac{d \cos^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{b^4}{2a^3(a+b)^2(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} + \frac{2b^3(2a+b)}{a^3(a+b)^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{b^2(6a^2+4ab+b^2) \log(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^3(a+b)^4} + \frac{1}{(a+b)^3(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{1}{(a+b)^3 \cos^2(e+fx)} \right) \frac{d \cos^2(e+fx)}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(1/((a + b)^3*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - b^4/(2*a^3*(a + b)^2*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (2*b^3*(2*a + b))/(a^3*(a + b)^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + ((a + 4*b)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^4 + (b^2*(6*a^2 + 4*a*b + b^2)*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a^3*(a + b)^4))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 17.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{1}{4(a+b)^3(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-4b)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^4} - \frac{b^2\left(-\frac{b^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)}{2a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(6a^2+4ab+b^2)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^3}\right)}{2(a+b)^4}}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{4(a+b)^3(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-a-4b)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^4} - \frac{b^2\left(-\frac{b^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)}{2a^3(b+a\cos(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(6a^2+4ab+b^2)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e)^2)}{a^3}\right)}{2(a+b)^4}}{f}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/4/(a+b)^3/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(-a-4*b)/(a+b)^4*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))-1/2*b^2/(a+b)^4*(-1/2*b^2*(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/a^3/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+(6*a^2+4*a*b+b^2)/a^3*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+2/a^3*b*(2*a^2+3*a*b+b^2)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))-1/4/(a+b)^3/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(-a-4*b)/(a+b)^4*ln(1+cos(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 584 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + 7a^2b^4 + 10ab^5 + 3b^6 + 2(a^6 + a^5b - 4a^3b^3 - 6a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \cos(fx + e)^4 + (4a^5b + 4a^4b^2 + 8a^3b^3 + 5a^2b^4 - 6ab^5 - 3b^6) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2((6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 6a^2b^4 - 4ab^5 - b^6 - (6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 - 7a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (12a^3b^3 + 2a^2b^4 - 2ab^5 - b^6) \cos(fx + e)^2) \log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) - 4((a^6 + 4a^5b) \cos(fx + e)^6 - a^4b^2 - 4a^3b^3 - (a^6 + 2a^5b - 8a^4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (2a^5b + 7a^4b^2 - 4a^3b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \log(1/2 \sin(fx + e))}{((a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4) f \cos(fx + e)^6 - (a^9 + 2a^8b - 2a^7b^2 - 8a^6b^3 - 7a^5b^4 - 2a^4b^5) f \cos(fx + e)^4 - (2a^8b + 7a^7b^2 + 8a^6b^3 + 2a^5b^4 - 2a^4b^5 - a^3b^6) f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + 6a^5b^4 + 4a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot (2a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + 7a^2b^4 + 10ab^5 + 3b^6 + 2(a^6 + a^5b - 4a^3b^3 - 6a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \cos(fx + e)^4 + (4a^5b + 4a^4b^2 + 8a^3b^3 + 5a^2b^4 - 6ab^5 - 3b^6) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 2((6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 6a^2b^4 - 4ab^5 - b^6 - (6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 - 7a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (12a^3b^3 + 2a^2b^4 - 2ab^5 - b^6) \cos(fx + e)^2) \log(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) - 4((a^6 + 4a^5b) \cos(fx + e)^6 - a^4b^2 - 4a^3b^3 - (a^6 + 2a^5b - 8a^4b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (2a^5b + 7a^4b^2 - 4a^3b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \log(1/2 \sin(fx + e)) / ((a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4) f \cos(fx + e)^6 - (a^9 + 2a^8b - 2a^7b^2 - 8a^6b^3 - 7a^5b^4 - 2a^4b^5) f \cos(fx + e)^4 - (2a^8b + 7a^7b^2 + 8a^6b^3 + 2a^5b^4 - 2a^4b^5 - a^3b^6) f \cos(fx + e)^2 - (a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + 6a^5b^4 + 4a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) f)$$
Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 344 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4) \log(a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)}{a^7 + 4a^6b + 6a^5b^2 + 4a^4b^3 + a^3b^4} + \frac{2(a + 4b) \log(\sin(fx + e)^2)}{a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4} + \frac{2a^5 + 4a^4b + 2a^3b^2 + 2(a^5 - 4a^2b^3 - 2a^2b^3 - 4a^2b^3 - 2a^2b^3) \sin(fx + e)^6 - 2(a^8 + 4a^7b + 6a^7b + 6a^7b + 6a^7b)}{(a^8 + 3a^7b + 3a^6b^2 + a^5b^3) \sin(fx + e)^6 - 2(a^8 + 4a^7b + 6a^7b + 6a^7b)} \frac{1}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/4*(2*(6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*\log(a*\sin(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4) + 2*(a + 4*b)*\log(\sin(f*x + e)^2)/(a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4) + (2*a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + 2*(a^5 - 4*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4)*\sin(f*x + e)^4 - (4*a^5 + 4*a^4*b - 8*a^2*b^3 - 11*a*b^4 - 3*b^5)*\sin(f*x + e)^2)/((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*\sin(f*x + e)^6 - 2*(a^8 + 4*a^7*b + 6*a^6*b^2 + 4*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*\sin(f*x + e)^4 + (a^8 + 5*a^7*b + 10*a^6*b^2 + 10*a^5*b^3 + 5*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*\sin(f*x + e)^2))/f$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = -\frac{(6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2(a^7f + 4a^6bf + 6a^5b^2f + 4a^4b^3f + a^3b^4f)}$$

$$-\frac{(a + 4b) \log(|-\cos(fx + e)^2 + 1|)}{2(a^4f + 4a^3bf + 6a^2b^2f + 4ab^3f + b^4f)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^5 + a^4b - 4a^2b^3 - 6ab^4 - 2b^5) \cos(fx + e)^4 + \frac{(4a^5b + 4a^4b^2 + 8a^3b^3 + 5a^2b^4 - 6ab^5 - 3b^6) \cos(fx + e)^2}{a} + \frac{2a^4b^2 + 2a^4b^2 + 2a^4b^2}{a}}{4(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 (\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1) (a + b)^4 a^2 f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*(6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b))/(a^7*f + 4
*a^6*b*f + 6*a^5*b^2*f + 4*a^4*b^3*f + a^3*b^4*f) - 1/2*(a + 4*b)*log(abs(
-cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(a^4*f + 4*a^3*b*f + 6*a^2*b^2*f + 4*a*b^3*f + b^4*f
) + 1/4*(2*(a^5 + a^4*b - 4*a^2*b^3 - 6*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (4
*a^5*b + 4*a^4*b^2 + 8*a^3*b^3 + 5*a^2*b^4 - 6*a*b^5 - 3*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)
^2/a + (2*a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 + 7*a^2*b^4 + 10*a*b^5 + 3*b^6)/a)/((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)^2*(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1)*(a + b)^4*a^2*f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(-4a^2b+7ab^2+2b^3)}{4a^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)} - \frac{1}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4(-a^2b^2+3ab^3+b^4)}{2a^2(a+b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)}}{f(\tan(e+fx)^2(a^2+2ab+b^2) + \tan(e+fx)^4(2b^2+2ab) + b^2 \tan(e+fx)^6)}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx)^2+1)}{2a^3f} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e+fx))(a+4b)}{f(a^4+4a^3b+6a^2b^2+4ab^3+b^4)}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 \ln(b \tan(e+fx)^2+a+b)(6a^2+4ab+b^2)}{2a^3f(a+b)^4}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)^2*(7*a*b^2 - 4*a^2*b + 2*b^3))/(4*a^2*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2))
- 1/(2*(a + b)) + (tan(e + f*x)^4*(3*a*b^3 + b^4 - a^2*b^2))/(2*a^2*(a + b
)*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2)))/(f*(tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2) + tan(e + f
*x)^4*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e + f*x)^6)) + log(tan(e + f*x)^2 + 1)/(2*
a^3*f) - (log(tan(e + f*x))*(a + 4*b))/(f*(4*a*b^3 + 4*a^3*b + a^4 + b^4 +
6*a^2*b^2)) - (b^2*log(a + b + b*tan(e + f*x)^2)*(4*a*b + 6*a^2 + b^2))/(
2*a^3*f*(a + b)^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2392, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.53

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**6 + 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**5*b + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4*b**2 + 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b**3 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**4 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**6 - 40*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5*b - 80*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**2 - 80*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**3 - 40*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**4 - 8*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**5 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**6 + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**5*b + 60*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4*b**2 + 80*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b**3 + 60*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**4 + 24*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**5 + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**6 - 12*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4*b**2 - 8*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b**3 - 2*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**4 + 24*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b...
```

3.368 $\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3042
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3043
Rubi [A] (verified)	3043
Maple [A] (verified)	3045
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3046
Sympy [F(-1)]	3046
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3047
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3047
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3048
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3049

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^5}{4a^3(a+b)^3 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{b^4(5a+2b)}{2a^3(a+b)^4 f (b+a \cos^2(e+fx))} + \frac{(2a+5b) \csc^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{\csc^4(e+fx)}{4(a+b)^3 f} + \frac{b^3(10a^2+5ab+b^2) \log(b+a \cos^2(e+fx))}{2a^3(a+b)^5 f} + \frac{(a^2+5ab+10b^2) \log(\sin(e+fx))}{(a+b)^5 f}$$

output

```
-1/4*b^5/a^3/(a+b)^3/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*b^4*(5*a+2*b)/a^3/(a+b)^4/f/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/2*(2*a+5*b)*csc(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^4/f-1/4*csc(f*x+e)^4/(a+b)^3/f+1/2*b^3*(10*a^2+5*a*b+b^2)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^3/(a+b)^5/f+(a^2+5*a*b+10*b^2)*ln(sin(f*x+e))/(a+b)^5/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^3 \sec^6(e+fx) \left(2(a+b)(2a+5b) \csc^2(e+fx) - (a+b)^2 \csc^4(e+fx) + 4(a+b) \csc^2(e+fx) \right)}{32(a+b)^5 f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(2*(a + b)*(2*a + 5*b)*Cs
c[e + f*x]^2 - (a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^4 + 4*(a^2 + 5*a*b + 10*b^2)*Log[Sin
[e + f*x]] + (2*b^3*(10*a^2 + 5*a*b + b^2)*Log[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2])/
a^3 - (b^5*(a + b)^2)/(a^3*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (2*b^4*(a + b)*
(5*a + 2*b))/(a^3*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)))/(32*(a + b)^5*f*(a + b*Sec
[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^5 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4626}$$

$$\int \frac{\cos^{11}(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos^{11}(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3 (a\cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d\cos(e+fx)}{f}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^{10}(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^3 (a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} d \cos^2(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{b^5}{a^2(a+b)^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^3} + \frac{(5a+2b)b^4}{a^2(a+b)^4(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{(10a^2+5ba+b^2)b^3}{a^2(a+b)^5(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{-a^2-5ba-10b^2}{(a+b)^5(\cos^2(e+fx)-1)} + \frac{1}{(a+b)^4} \right) \frac{1}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b^5}{2a^3(a+b)^3(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{b^4(5a+2b)}{a^3(a+b)^4(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a^2+5ab+10b^2) \log(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}{(a+b)^5} - \frac{b^3(10a^2+5ab+b^2) \log(a \cos^2(e+fx)+b)}{a^3(a+b)^5} \frac{1}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(1/(2*(a + b)^3*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (2*a + 5*b)/((a + b)^4*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + b^5/(2*a^3*(a + b)^3*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (b^4*(5*a + 2*b))/(a^3*(a + b)^4*(b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)) - ((a^2 + 5*a*b + 10*b^2)*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b)^5 - (b^3*(10*a^2 + 5*a*b + b^2)*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^2])/(a^3*(a + b)^5))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4626 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(m - 1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 29.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{16(a+b)^3(-1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{7a+19b}{16(a+b)^4(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a^2+5ab+10b^2)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^5} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{(10a^2+5ab+b^2)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e))}{a^3} \right)}{2(a+b)^5}$
default	$-\frac{1}{16(a+b)^3(-1+\cos(fx+e))^2} - \frac{7a+19b}{16(a+b)^4(-1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(a^2+5ab+10b^2)\ln(-1+\cos(fx+e))}{2(a+b)^5} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{(10a^2+5ab+b^2)\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e))}{a^3} \right)}{2(a+b)^5}$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-1/16/(a+b)^3/(-1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(7*a+19*b)/(a+b)^4/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))+1/2*(a^2+5*a*b+10*b^2)/(a+b)^5*ln(-1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*b^3/(a+b)^5*((10*a^2+5*a*b+b^2)/a^3*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)+1/a^3*b*(5*a^2+7*a*b+2*b^2)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)-1/2*b^2*(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/a^3/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2))-1/16/(a+b)^3/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2-1/16*(-7*a-19*b)/(a+b)^4/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/2*(a^2+5*a*b+10*b^2)/(a+b)^5*ln(1+cos(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 859 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 859, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/4*(3*a^5*b^2 + 12*a^4*b^3 + 9*a^3*b^4 + 9*a^2*b^5 + 12*a*b^6 + 3*b^7 - 2
*(2*a^7 + 7*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 - 7*a^2*b^5 - 2*a*b^6)*cos(f*x +
e)^6 + (3*a^7 + 4*a^6*b - 19*a^5*b^2 - 20*a^4*b^3 - 20*a^3*b^4 - 19*a^2*b
^5 + 4*a*b^6 + 3*b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(3*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3
- 2*a^2*b^5 - 10*a*b^6 - 3*b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*((10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b
^4 + a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 10*a^2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7 - 2*(10*a^4*b^3
- 5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (10*a^4*b^3 - 35*a^3*b^4
- 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6 + b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(10*a^3*b^4 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4
*a*b^6 - b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b) + 4*((a^7 + 5*a^6*
b + 10*a^5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 - 2*(a^7
+ 4*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 10*a^4*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6*b - 9*a^5
*b^2 - 35*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*
a^4*b^3 - 10*a^3*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*log(1/2*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^10 + 5*a^
9*b + 10*a^8*b^2 + 10*a^7*b^3 + 5*a^6*b^4 + a^5*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*
(a^10 + 4*a^9*b + 5*a^8*b^2 - 5*a^6*b^4 - 4*a^5*b^5 - a^4*b^6)*f*cos(f*x +
e)^6 + (a^10 + a^9*b - 9*a^8*b^2 - 25*a^7*b^3 - 25*a^6*b^4 - 9*a^5*b^5 +
a^4*b^6 + a^3*b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^9*b + 4*a^8*b^2 + 5*a^7*b^3 - 5
*a^5*b^5 - 4*a^4*b^6 - a^3*b^7)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^8*b^2 + 5*a^7*b^3 +
10*a^6*b^4 + 10*a^5*b^5 + 5*a^4*b^6 + a^3*b^7)*f)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{2(10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) \log(a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b)}{a^8 + 5a^7b + 10a^6b^2 + 10a^5b^3 + 5a^4b^4 + a^3b^5} + \frac{2(a^2 + 5ab + 10b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e)^2)}{a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5} + \frac{2(2a^6 + 5a^5b - 5a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \sin(fx + e)^6 - a^6 - 3a^5b - 3a^4b^2 - a^3b^3 - (9a^6 + 29a^5b + 20a^4b^2 - 10a^2b^4 - 13ab^5 - 3b^6) \sin(fx + e)^4 + 2(3a^6 + 11a^5b + 13a^4b^2 + 5a^3b^3) \sin(fx + e)^2}{(a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4) \sin(fx + e)^8 - 2(a^9 + 5a^8b + 10a^7b^2 + 10a^6b^3 + 5a^5b^4 + a^4b^5) \sin(fx + e)^6 + (a^9 + 6a^8b + 15a^7b^2 + 20a^6b^3 + 15a^5b^4 + 6a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) \sin(fx + e)^4} / f$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{(2(10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) \log(a \sin(fx + e)^2 - a - b) / (a^8 + 5a^7b + 10a^6b^2 + 10a^5b^3 + 5a^4b^4 + a^3b^5) + 2(a^2 + 5ab + 10b^2) \log(\sin(fx + e)^2) / (a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) + (2(2a^6 + 5a^5b - 5a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \sin(fx + e)^6 - a^6 - 3a^5b - 3a^4b^2 - a^3b^3 - (9a^6 + 29a^5b + 20a^4b^2 - 10a^2b^4 - 13ab^5 - 3b^6) \sin(fx + e)^4 + 2(3a^6 + 11a^5b + 13a^4b^2 + 5a^3b^3) \sin(fx + e)^2) / ((a^9 + 4a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 4a^6b^3 + a^5b^4) \sin(fx + e)^8 - 2(a^9 + 5a^8b + 10a^7b^2 + 10a^6b^3 + 5a^5b^4 + a^4b^5) \sin(fx + e)^6 + (a^9 + 6a^8b + 15a^7b^2 + 20a^6b^3 + 15a^5b^4 + 6a^4b^5 + a^3b^6) \sin(fx + e)^4))}{f}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b|)}{2(a^8f + 5a^7bf + 10a^6b^2f + 10a^5b^3f + 5a^4b^4f + a^3b^5f)} + \frac{(a^2 + 5ab + 10b^2) \log(|\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1|)}{2(a^5f + 5a^4bf + 10a^3b^2f + 10a^2b^3f + 5ab^4f + b^5f)} - \frac{2(2a^6 + 5a^5b - 5a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 3a^4b^2 - 9a^3b^3 - 9ab^5 - 3b^6 - (3a^6 + a^5b - 20a^4b^2 - 4(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 (\cos$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}(10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5) \log(\operatorname{abs}(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)) / (a^8f + 5a^7bf + 10a^6b^2f + 10a^5b^3f + 5a^4b^4f + a^3b^5f) + \frac{1}{2}(a^2 + 5ab + 10b^2) \log(\operatorname{abs}(\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)) / (a^5f + 5a^4bf + 10a^3b^2f + 10a^2b^3f + 5ab^4f + b^5f) - \frac{1}{4}(2(2a^6 + 5a^5b - 5a^2b^4 - 2ab^5) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 3a^4b^2 - 9a^3b^3 - 9ab^5 - 3b^6 - (3a^6 + a^5b - 20a^4b^2 - 20a^2b^4 + ab^5 + 3b^6) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 2(3a^5b + 7a^4b^2 - 5a^3b^3 + 5a^2b^4 - 7ab^5 - 3b^6) \cos(fx + e)^2) / ((a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b)^2 (\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1)^2 (a + b)^4 a^3f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)) (a^2 + 5ab + 10b^2)}{f (a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5)} - \frac{\frac{1}{4(a+b)} - \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2(a+3b)}{2(a+b)^2} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4(-4a^3b-15a^2b^2+9ab^3+2b^4)}{4a^2(a+b)(a^2+2ab+b^2)} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)^6(-a^3b^2-4a^2b^3+4ab^4+b^5)}{2a^2(a+b)^2(a^2+2ab+b^2)}}{f (\tan(e + fx)^4 (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) + \tan(e + fx)^6 (2b^2 + 2ab) + b^2 \tan(e + fx)^8)} - \frac{\ln(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1)}{2a^3f} + \frac{b^3 \ln(b \tan(e + fx)^2 + a + b) (10a^2 + 5ab + b^2)}{2a^3f(a + b)^5}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{(\log(\tan(e + fx)) * (5ab + a^2 + 10b^2)) / (f * (5ab^4 + 5a^4b + a^5 + b^5 + 10a^2b^3 + 10a^3b^2)) - (1 / (4 * (a + b)) - (\tan(e + fx)^2 * (a + 3b)) / (2 * (a + b)^2) + (\tan(e + fx)^4 * (9a^3b^3 - 4a^3b + 2b^4 - 15a^2b^2)) / (4a^2 * (a + b) * (2ab + a^2 + b^2)) + (\tan(e + fx)^6 * (4a^4b^4 + b^5 - 4a^2b^3 - a^3b^2)) / (2a^2 * (a + b)^2 * (2ab + a^2 + b^2))) / (f * (\tan(e + fx)^4 * (2ab + a^2 + b^2) + \tan(e + fx)^6 * (2ab + 2b^2) + b^2 * \tan(e + fx)^8)) - \log(\tan(e + fx)^2 + 1) / (2a^3f) + (b^3 * \log(a + b + b * \tan(e + fx)^2) * (5ab + 10a^2 + b^2)) / (2a^3f * (a + b)^5)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2744, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.29

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**7 - 80*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**6*b - 160*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)
*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**5*b**2 - 160*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)
**8*a**4*b**3 - 80*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**3*b**4
- 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**2*b**5 + 32*log(tan((
e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**7 + 192*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)
)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**6*b + 480*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**
6*a**5*b**2 + 640*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**4*b**3 +
480*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**3*b**4 + 192*log(tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a**2*b**5 + 32*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**
2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**6*a*b**6 - 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*
x)**4*a**7 - 112*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**6*b - 336
*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**5*b**2 - 560*log(tan((e +
f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4*b**3 - 560*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 +
1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b**4 - 336*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f
*x)**4*a**2*b**5 - 112*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**6
- 16*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**4*b**7 + 80*log(sqrt(a +
b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b) - 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e +
f*x)**8*a**4*b**3 + 40*log(sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + sqrt(a + b)
- 2*sqrt(a)*tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**8*a**3*b**4 + 8*log(sqrt(a ...
```

3.369
$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3050
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3051
Rubi [A] (verified)	3051
Maple [A] (verified)	3055
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3055
Sympy [F]	3056
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3056
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3057
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3057
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3058

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-4ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3b^{5/2}f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{4abf(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{(3a-4b)(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^2b^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^3+1/8*(a+b)^(1/2)*(3*a^2-4*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/b^(5/2)/f-1/4*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3/a/b/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*(3*a-4*b)*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/b^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(\frac{2(3a^3 - a^2b + 4ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)(\cos(2e) - i \sin(2e)) - ((a+2b) \sin(fx) + a \sin(e))}{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))^4}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{b(\cos(e) - i \sin(e))}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/128*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((2*(3*a^3 - a^2*b + 4*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4])*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + Sec[2*e]*(8*b^2*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x*cos[2*e] + 16*a*b^2*(a + 2*b)*f*x*cos[2*f*x] + 4*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 16*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 32*a*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 4*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] - 9*a^4*Sin[2*e] - 15*a^3*b*Sin[2*e] + 18*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*e] + 72*a*b^3*Sin[2*e] + 48*b^4*Sin[2*e] + 9*a^4*Sin[2*f*x] + 13*a^3*b*Sin[2*f*x] - 28*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*f*x] - 32*a*b^3*Sin[2*f*x] + 3*a^4*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] - 3*a^3*b*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] - 6*a^2*b^2*Sin[2*(e + 2*f*x)] - 3*a^4*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x] + a^3*b*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x] + 20*a^2*b^2*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x] + 16*a*b^3*Sin[4*e + 2*f*x]))/(a^3*b^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 440, 25, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((3a-b)\tan^2(e+fx)+3(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(3a^2-ba+4b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(3a-4b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} - \frac{(3a-4b)(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2-ba+4b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(3a-4b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} - \frac{(3a-4b)(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{(a+b)(3a^2-4ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2ab} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} - \frac{(3a-4b)(a+b)\tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{(a+b)(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)}{4ab} \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{8b^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(3a-4b)(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a+b}(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)}{a\sqrt{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - \frac{8b^2 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(3a-4b)(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{2ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*((a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(a*b*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((-8*b^2*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + (Sqrt[a + b]*(3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]))/(2*a*b) - ((3*a - 4*b)*(a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*b*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c +
d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b*2*(c
*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] &&
LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p._)*(v_)^(q._)*((e._)*(x_))^(m._), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p._)*((d._)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{-\frac{a(5a-4b)\tan(fx+e)^3}{8b} - \frac{a(3a^2-ab-4b^2)\tan(fx+e)}{8b^2}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8b^2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{(a+b) \left(\frac{-\frac{a(5a-4b)\tan(fx+e)^3}{8b} - \frac{a(3a^2-ab-4b^2)\tan(fx+e)}{8b^2}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(3a^2-4ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8b^2\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} - \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{i(-3a^4e^{6i(fx+e)}+a^3be^{6i(fx+e)}+20a^2b^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+16ab^3e^{6i(fx+e)}-9a^4e^{4i(fx+e)}-15a^3be^{4i(fx+e)}+18a^2b^2e^{4i(fx+e)}-9a^4e^{2i(fx+e)}+18a^3be^{2i(fx+e)}-9a^4e^{0i(fx+e)}+18a^3be^{0i(fx+e)}-9a^4e^{-2i(fx+e)}+18a^3be^{-2i(fx+e)}-9a^4e^{-4i(fx+e)}+18a^3be^{-4i(fx+e)}-9a^4e^{-6i(fx+e)}+18a^3be^{-6i(fx+e)})}{4a^3fb^2(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+b)}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*((a+b)/a^3*((-1/8*a*(5*a-4*b)/b*tan(f*x+e)^3-1/8*a*(3*a^2-a*b-4*b^2)/b^2*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(3*a^2-4*a*b+8*b^2)/b^2/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))-1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 664, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/32*(32*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 64*a*b^3*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 32*b^4*f*x - ((3*a^4 - 4*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b^2*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-(a + b)/b)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) + 4*(3*(a^4 - a^3*b - 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^5*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^4*f), -1/16*(16*a^2*b^2*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*b^4*f*x + ((3*a^4 - 4*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a + b)/b)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt((a + b)/b)/((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) + 2*(3*(a^4 - a^3*b - 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^3*b + a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/(a^5*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^4*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{(5a^2b + ab^2 - 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (3a^3 + 2a^2b - 5ab^2 - 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)}{a^2b^4 \tan(fx+e)^4 + a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + a^2b^4 + 2(a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \tan(fx+e)^2} + \frac{8(fx+e)}{a^3} - \frac{(3a^3 - a^2b + 4ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^3b^2}}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/8*((5*a^2*b + a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e))/(a^2*b^4*\tan(f*x + e)^4 + a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*\tan(f*x + e)^2) + 8*(f*x + e)/a^3 - (3*a^3 - a^2*b + 4*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{(a + b)*b})/(\sqrt{(a + b)*b}*a^3*b^2))/f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = -\frac{fx + e}{a^3 f} + \frac{(3a^3 - a^2b + 4ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab+b^2}a^3b^2f} - \frac{5a^2b \tan(fx+e)^3 + ab^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 - 4b^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 3a^3 \tan(fx+e) + 2a^2b \tan(fx+e)}{8(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2 a^2 b^2 f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-(f*x + e)/(a^3*f) + 1/8*(3*a^3 - a^2*b + 4*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{a*b + b^2})/(\sqrt{a*b + b^2}*a^3*b^2*f) - 1/8*(5*a^2*b*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + a*b^2*\tan(f*x + e)^3 - 4*b^3*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a^3*\tan(f*x + e) + 2*a^2*b*\tan(f*x + e) - 5*a*b^2*\tan(f*x + e) - 4*b^3*\tan(f*x + e))/((b*\tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2*a^2*b^2*f)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

```

- atan((25*tan(e + f*x))/(32*((5*b)/(4*a) - (3*a)/(16*b) + (9*a^2)/(32*b^2)
) + 25/32)) - (3*tan(e + f*x))/(16*((9*a)/(32*b) + (25*b)/(32*a) + (5*b^2)
/(4*a^2) - 3/16)) + (9*tan(e + f*x))/(32*((25*b^2)/(32*a^2) - (3*b)/(16*a)
+ (5*b^3)/(4*a^3) + 9/32)) + (5*tan(e + f*x))/(4*((25*a)/(32*b) - (3*a^2)
/(16*b^2) + (9*a^3)/(32*b^3) + 5/4)))/(a^3*f) - ((tan(e + f*x)^3*(a*b + 5*
a^2 - 4*b^2))/(8*a^2*b) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a + b)*(a*b - 3*a^2 + 4*b^2))/(8*
a^2*b^2))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan
(e + f*x)^4)) - (atanh((27*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^5 - b^6)^(1/2)))/(256*((27*a
*b^2)/256 - (27*b^3)/128 + (171*b^4)/(256*a) - (7*b^5)/(64*a^2) + (5*b^6)/
(32*a^3) + (5*b^7)/(4*a^4))) - (81*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^5 - b^6)^(1/2))/(25
6*((27*a^2*b)/256 - (27*a*b^2)/128 + (171*b^3)/256 - (7*b^4)/(64*a) + (5*b
^5)/(32*a^2) + (5*b^6)/(4*a^3))) - (35*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^5 - b^6)^(1/2))
/(32*((171*a^2*b)/256 - (7*a*b^2)/64 - (27*a^3)/128 + (5*b^3)/32 + (5*b^4)
/(4*a) + (27*a^4)/(256*b))) + (5*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^5 - b^6)^(1/2))/(4*((
5*a*b^2)/32 - (7*a^2*b)/64 + (171*a^3)/256 + (5*b^3)/4 - (27*a^4)/(128*b)
+ (27*a^5)/(256*b^2))) + (63*tan(e + f*x)*(- a*b^5 - b^6)^(1/2))/(64*((171
*a*b^2)/256 - (27*a^2*b)/128 + (27*a^3)/256 - (7*b^3)/64 + (5*b^4)/(32*a)
+ (5*b^5)/(4*a^2))))*(-b^5*(a + b))^(1/2)*(3*a^2 - 4*a*b + 8*b^2))/(8*a^3*
b^5*f)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1259, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.56

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a**4 + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a**3*b + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a**2*b**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*a*b**3 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*b**4 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*...
```

3.370
$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3060
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3061
Rubi [A] (verified)	3062
Maple [A] (verified)	3065
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3065
Sympy [F]	3066
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3067
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3067
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3068
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3068

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{(a^2 - 4ab - 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3b^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bf}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4abf(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{(a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^2bf(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
x/a^3+1/8*(a^2-4*a*b-8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/b^(3/2)/(a+b)^(1/2)/f-1/4*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/a/b/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(a-4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/b/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1333, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.73

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((6*a*(a + 2*b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) + (4*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) - (4*a*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 3*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) - (2*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^3 + 14*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3 + a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) + (Sqrt[b]*((2*(3*a^5 - 10*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2 + 480*a^2*b^3 + 640*a*b^4 + 256*b^5)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (Sec[2*e]*(256*b^2*(a + b)^2*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x*cos[2*e] + 512*a*b^2*(a + b)^2*(a + 2*b)*f*x*cos[2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 512*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2048*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2560*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 1024*a*b^5*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] - 9*a^6*Sin[2*e] + 12*a^5*b*Sin[2*e] + 684*a^4*b^2*Sin[2*e] + 2880*a^3*b^3*Sin[2*e] + 5280*a^2*b^4*Sin[2*e] + 4608*a*b^5*Sin[2*e] + 1536*b^6*Sin[2*e] + 9*a^6*Sin[2*f*x] - 14*a^5*b*Sin[2*f*x] - 608*a^4*b^2*Sin[2*f*x]...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 402, 27, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a-3b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a+b)((a-4b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+4b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} + \frac{(a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a-4b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+4b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4ab} + \frac{(a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 397

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2 - 4ab - 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{8b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx) + 1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{4ab} + \frac{(a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2 - 4ab - 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a} + \frac{8b \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{4ab} + \frac{(a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2 - 4ab - 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}} + \frac{8b \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a}}{4ab} + \frac{(a-4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{4ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx) + b)^2}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*((a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*b*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((8*b*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a + ((a^2 - 4*a*b - 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a) + ((a - 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*b)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 372 $\text{Int}[(e_)(x_)^{m_}((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_})((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot e^{3x} \cdot (e^x)^{m-3} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1}) / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e^x)^{m-4} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot (m - 3) + (a \cdot d \cdot (m + 2 \cdot q - 1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (p + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)(x_)^2) / ((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 402 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)^{q_}) \cdot ((e_ + (f_)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1}) / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) + e \cdot 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p + 1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (2 \cdot (p + q + 2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{p_} \cdot (v_)^{q_} \cdot ((e_)(x_)^{m_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e^x)^m \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& \ ! \ \text{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} + \frac{(\frac{1}{8}a^2 - \frac{1}{2}ab)\tan(fx+e)^3 - \frac{a(a^2+5ab+4b^2)\tan(fx+e)}{8b}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e))^2}}{f} + \frac{(a^2-4ab-8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8b\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} + \frac{(\frac{1}{8}a^2 - \frac{1}{2}ab)\tan(fx+e)^3 - \frac{a(a^2+5ab+4b^2)\tan(fx+e)}{8b}}{(a+b+b\tan(fx+e))^2}}{f} + \frac{(a^2-4ab-8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8b\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{i(a^3e^{6i(fx+e)} + 12a^2be^{6i(fx+e)} + 16ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)} + 3a^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 26a^2be^{4i(fx+e)} + 56ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)} + 48b^3e^{4i(fx+e)} + 4a^3e^{2i(fx+e)} + 2a^2be^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a^3)}{4a^3f(ae^{4i(fx+e)} + 2ae^{2i(fx+e)} + 4be^{2i(fx+e)} + a^3)}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))+1/a^3*(((1/8*a^2-1/2*a*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3-1/8*a*(a^2+5*a*b+4*b^2)/b*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e))^2+1/8*(a^2-4*a*b-8*b^2)/b/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 763, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*(32*(a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 64*(a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 32*(a*b^4 + b^5)*f*x + ((a^4 - 4*a^3*b - 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3 - 8*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2 - 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*((a^4*b + 7*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^3 - 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f), 1/16*(16*(a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*(a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a*b^4 + b^5)*f*x - ((a^4 - 4*a^3*b - 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 - 4*a*b^3 - 8*b^4 + 2*(a^3*b - 4*a^2*b^2 - 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 2*((a^4*b + 7*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^3 - 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ab - 4b^2) \tan^3(fx + e) - (a^2 + 5ab + 4b^2) \tan(fx + e)}{a^2 b^3 \tan^4(fx + e) + a^4 b + 2a^3 b^2 + a^2 b^3 + 2(a^3 b^2 + a^2 b^3) \tan^2(fx + e)} + \frac{8(fx + e)}{a^3} + \frac{(a^2 - 4ab - 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(a+b)ba^3b}}$$

$$8f$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*((a*b - 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 - (a^2 + 5*a*b + 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^2*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^4 + a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3 + 2*(a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2) + 8*(f*x + e)/a^3 + (a^2 - 4*a*b - 8*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/(sqrt((a + b)*b)*a^3*b)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{fx + e}{a^3 f} + \frac{(a^2 - 4ab - 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{ab + b^2} a^3 b f}$$

$$+ \frac{ab \tan^3(fx + e) - 4b^2 \tan^2(fx + e) - a^2 \tan(fx + e) - 5ab \tan(fx + e) - 4b^2 \tan(fx + e)}{8 (b \tan^2(fx + e) + a + b)^2 a^2 b f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(f*x + e)/(a^3*f) + 1/8*(a^2 - 4*a*b - 8*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2))/(sqrt(a*b + b^2)*a^3*b*f) + 1/8*(a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 - 4*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 - a^2*tan(f*x + e) - 5*a*b*tan(f*x + e) - 4*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2*a^2*b*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1117, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.15

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)^3*(a - 4*b))/(8*a^2) - (tan(e + f*x)*(a + b)*(a + 4*b))/(8*
a^2*b))/(f*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2 + tan(e + f*x)^2*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + b^2*tan(e
+ f*x)^4)) - atan(tan(e + f*x)/(32*(b/(4*a) - 1/32)) + tan(e + f*x)/(4*(a
/(32*b) - 1/4)))/(a^3*f) + (atan(-(((((-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^3 + (
a^7*b^2)/2)/(a^6*b) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^4 + 256*a^7*b^3)*(-b^3*(a +
b))^(1/2)*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b^2))/(512*a^4*b*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)))*(4*a*b
- a^2 + 8*b^2))/(16*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(64*a*b^3 - 8*a^3
*b + a^4 + 128*b^4))/(32*a^4*b))*(-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2)*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b^2
)*1i)/(16*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)) - ((((-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^3 + (a^
7*b^2)/2)/(a^6*b) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^4 + 256*a^7*b^3)*(-b^3*(a + b
))^(1/2)*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b^2))/(512*a^4*b*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)))*(4*a*b -
a^2 + 8*b^2))/(16*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)) + (tan(e + f*x)*(64*a*b^3 - 8*a^3*b
+ a^4 + 128*b^4))/(32*a^4*b))*(-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2)*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b^2)*
1i)/(16*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)))/(((a*b^2)/4 - (a^2*b)/4 + a^3/32 + b^3)/(a^6
*b) + ((((-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^3 + (a^7*b^2)/2)/(a^6*b) - (tan(e
+ f*x)*(512*a^6*b^4 + 256*a^7*b^3)*(-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2)*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b
^2))/(512*a^4*b*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)))*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b^2))/(16*(a^3*b^4
+ a^4*b^3)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(64*a*b^3 - 8*a^3*b + a^4 + 128*b^4))/(32*a^4*
b))*(-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2)*(4*a*b - a^2 + 8*b^2))/(16*(a^3*b^4 + a^4*b^3)) +
(((((-b^3*(a + b))^(1/2))*((2*a^6*b^3 + (a^7*b^2)/2)/(a^6*b) + (tan(e + ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1337, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)
*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*
*2*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(
a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)
)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 24*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*
x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*ata
n((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(
a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 15*
sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)
)*a**2*b**2 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - s
qrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e +
f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*
tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x
)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + s
qrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan...
```

3.371 $\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3070
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3071
Rubi [A] (verified)	3072
Maple [A] (verified)	3075
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3075
Sympy [F]	3076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3077
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3077
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3078
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3078

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3 \sqrt{b} (a+b)^{3/2} f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4af (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} + \frac{(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)f (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^3+1/8*(3*a^2+12*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3
/b^(1/2)/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+1/4*tan(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(3*a+
4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1334, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.67

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(-6*a*(a + 2*b)*ArcTan[
Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) + (4*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*
b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a + b)^(5/2) - (4*a*Sqrt
[b]*(3*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 3*a*(a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[2*(e +
f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) + (2*Sqrt[b]*(3*a^3 +
14*a^2*b + 24*a*b^2 + 16*b^3 + a*(3*a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])
*Ssin[2*(e + f*x)])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) - (Sqrt[b]
*((2*(3*a^5 - 10*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2 + 480*a^2*b^3 + 640*a*b^4 + 256*b^5)*A
rcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e
+ f*x]))/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]])*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin
[2*e]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (Sec[2*e]*(256*b^2*(
a + b)^2*(3*a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*f*x*cos[2*e] + 512*a*b^2*(a + b)^2*(a + 2
*b)*f*x*cos[2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*
Cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[2*(e + 2*f*x)] + 512*a^4*b^2*f*x*
Cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2048*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 2560*a^2*b^4*f*x*Co
s[4*e + 2*f*x] + 1024*a*b^5*f*x*cos[4*e + 2*f*x] + 128*a^4*b^2*f*x*cos[6*e
+ 4*f*x] + 256*a^3*b^3*f*x*cos[6*e + 4*f*x] + 128*a^2*b^4*f*x*cos[6*e + 4
*f*x] - 9*a^6*Sin[2*e] + 12*a^5*b*Sin[2*e] + 684*a^4*b^2*Sin[2*e] + 2880*a
^3*b^3*Sin[2*e] + 5280*a^2*b^4*Sin[2*e] + 4608*a*b^5*Sin[2*e] + 1536*b^6*Si
n[2*e] + 9*a^6*Sin[2*f*x] - 14*a^5*b*Sin[2*f*x] - 608*a^4*b^2*Sin[2*f*...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 373, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{1-3 \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-(3a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx)+5a+4b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{8(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}}{4a} - \frac{(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{8(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)}}{4a} - \frac{(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} - \frac{\frac{8(a+b) \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+b}}}{2a(a+b)}}{4a} - \frac{(3a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(4*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) - (((8*(a + b)*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - ((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - ((3*a + 4*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 373

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,
m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f._)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^
(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e._)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)])^(n_)]^(p_)*((d._)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} + \frac{\frac{ab(3a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (5a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a+8b} + \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f a^3}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} + \frac{\frac{ab(3a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (5a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a+8b} + \frac{(3a^2+12ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a+b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}}{f a^3}}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{i(5a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+20a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+16ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+15a^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+58a^2be^{4i(fx+e)}+88ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+48b^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+4a^3(a+b)f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)}))}{4a^3(a+b)f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)})}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))+1/a^3*((1/8*a*b*(3*a+4*b)/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(5*a+4*b)*a*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(3*a^2+12*a*b+8*b^2)/(a+b)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 390 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 860, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/32*(32*(a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 64*(a^3*b^2
+ 2*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 32*(a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + b^5)*f*x
+ ((3*a^4 + 12*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3 +
8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 12*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a*b - b^
2)*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + 4*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a*b - b^2)*sin
(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*((
5*a^4*b + 11*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^3
+ 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7*b + 2*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*co
s(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b^2 + 2*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b
^3 + 2*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f), -1/16*(16*(a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*x*
cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*(a^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*
(a^2*b^3 + 2*a*b^4 + b^5)*f*x + ((3*a^4 + 12*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + 3*a^2*b^2 + 12*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(3*a^3*b + 12*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)/(
sqrt(a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))) - 2*((5*a^4*b + 11*a^3*b^2 + 6
*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b^2 + 7*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)
*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7*b + 2*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b
^2 + 2*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^3 + 2*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5
)*f)]

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**3, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^4 + a^3b)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(3ab + 4b^2) \tan(fx + e)^3 + (5a^2 + 9ab + 4b^2) \tan(fx + e)}{a^5 + 3a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + a^2b^3 + (a^3b^2 + a^2b^3) \tan(fx + e)^4 + 2(a^4b + 2a^3b^2 + a^2b^3) \tan(fx + e)^2} - \frac{8(fx + e)}{a^3} - \frac{8(fx + e)}{8f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) + ((3*a*b + 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2 + 9*a*b + 4*b^2)*tan(f*x + e))/(a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3 + (a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(3a^2 + 12ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{ab + b^2}}\right)}{8(a^4f + a^3bf)\sqrt{ab + b^2}} + \frac{3ab \tan(fx + e)^3 + 4b^2 \tan(fx + e)^3 + 5a^2 \tan(fx + e) + 9ab \tan(fx + e) + 4b^2 \tan(fx + e)}{8(a^3f + a^2bf)(b \tan(fx + e)^2 + a + b)^2} - \frac{fx + e}{a^3f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b + 8*b^2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2))/((a^4*f + a^3*b*f)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 1/8*(3*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 5*a^2*tan(f*x + e) + 9*a*b*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^2*tan(f*x + e))/((a^3*f + a^2*b*f)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - (f*x + e)/(a^3*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2405, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.43

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((\tan(e + fx) \cdot (5a + 4b)) / (8a^2) + (\tan(e + fx)^3 \cdot (3ab + 4b^2)) / (8a^2 \cdot (a + b))) / (f \cdot (2ab + a^2 + b^2 + \tan(e + fx)^2 \cdot (2ab + 2b^2) + b^2 \cdot \tan(e + fx)^4)) - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{((2a^6b^4 + (9a^7b^3)/2 + (5a^8b^2)/2) \cdot 1i)}{(2 \cdot (2a^7b + a^8 + a^6b^2))} - (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (512a^6b^5 + 1280a^7b^4 + 1024a^8b^3 + 256a^9b^2)) / (128a^3 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2))\right) / (2a^3) + (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (320ab^4 + 9a^4b + 128b^5 + 256a^2b^3 + 72a^3b^2)) / (64 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2)) / a^3 - \left(\frac{((2a^6b^4 + (9a^7b^3)/2 + (5a^8b^2)/2) \cdot 1i)}{(2 \cdot (2a^7b + a^8 + a^6b^2))} + (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (512a^6b^5 + 1280a^7b^4 + 1024a^8b^3 + 256a^9b^2)) / (128a^3 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2))\right) / (2a^3) - (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (320ab^4 + 9a^4b + 128b^5 + 256a^2b^3 + 72a^3b^2)) / (64 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2)) / a^3 / \left(\frac{(9ab^3)}{4} + \frac{9a^3b}{32} + b^4 + \frac{3a^2b^2}{2}\right) / (2a^7b + a^8 + a^6b^2) + \left(\frac{((2a^6b^4 + (9a^7b^3)/2 + (5a^8b^2)/2) \cdot 1i)}{(2 \cdot (2a^7b + a^8 + a^6b^2))} - (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (512a^6b^5 + 1280a^7b^4 + 1024a^8b^3 + 256a^9b^2)) / (128a^3 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2))\right) \cdot 1i / (2a^3) + (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (320ab^4 + 9a^4b + 128b^5 + 256a^2b^3 + 72a^3b^2)) \cdot 1i / (64 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2)) / a^3 + \left(\frac{((2a^6b^4 + (9a^7b^3)/2 + (5a^8b^2)/2) \cdot 1i)}{(2 \cdot (2a^7b + a^8 + a^6b^2))} + (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (512a^6b^5 + 1280a^7b^4 + 1024a^8b^3 + 256a^9b^2)) / (128a^3 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2))\right) \cdot 1i / (2a^3) - (\tan(e + fx) \cdot (320ab^4 + 9a^4b + 128b^5 + 256a^2b^3 + 72a^3b^2)) / (128a^3 \cdot (2a^5b + a^6 + a^4b^2)) \cdot 1i / (2a^3) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1422, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.30

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 - 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 40*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 + 18*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b + 35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 + 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 + 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a...
```


3.372 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3080
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3081
Rubi [A] (verified)	3081
Maple [A] (verified)	3084
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3085
Sympy [F]	3085
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3086
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3086
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3087
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3088

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(7a+4b) \tan(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output `x/a^3-1/8*b^(1/2)*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/4*b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(7*a+4*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)`

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(8x(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 + \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sec(fx)}{\cos(e + fx)}\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(8*x*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2 + (b*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-((a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/((a + b)^(5/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) - (4*b^2*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])) + (b*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((9*a^2 + 28*a*b + 16*b^2)*Sin[2*e] - 3*a*(3*a + 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/((a + b)^2*f*(Cos[e] - Sin[e])*(Cos[e] + Sin[e])))))/(64*a^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^3} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \int \frac{-3b \tan^2(e + fx) + 4a + b}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^2} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \int \frac{8a^2 + 9ba + 4b^2 - b(7a + 4b) \tan^2(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
 & \frac{8(a + b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)} - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{8(a + b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{a} - \frac{b(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} d \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)} - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{8(a + b)^2 \arctan(\tan(e + fx))}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(15a^2 + 20ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2a(a + b)} - \frac{b(7a + 4b) \tan(e + fx)}{2a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)} - \frac{b \tan(e + fx)}{4a(a + b)(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-1/4*(b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((8*(a + b)^2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x]])/a - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b + 8*b^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b]])/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b]))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(7*a + 4*b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b)))/f$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 316

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p_1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q_1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p_1+1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q_1+1}/(2*a*(p_1+1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p_1+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p_1+1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q_1}*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p_1+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p_1+q_1+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q_1, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p_1, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p_1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q_1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q_1, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p_1, q_1, x]$$

rule 397

$$\text{Int}[(e + f*x^2)/((a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, x\}$$

rule 402

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p_1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q_1}*(e + f*x^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p_1+1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q_1+1}/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p_1+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p_1+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p_1+1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q_1}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p_1+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p_1+q_1+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q_1, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p_1, -1]$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{ab(7a+4b)\tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a+4b)a\tan(fx+e)}{8a^2+16ab+8b^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ab+8b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{b\tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8(a^2+2ab+b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3}$
risch	$\frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{ib(9a^3e^{6i(fx+e)}+28a^2be^{6i(fx+e)}+16ab^2e^{6i(fx+e)}+27a^3e^{4i(fx+e)}+90a^2be^{4i(fx+e)}+120ab^2e^{4i(fx+e)}+48b^3e^{4i(fx+e)})}{4a^3(a+b)^2f(ae^{4i(fx+e)}+2ae^{2i(fx+e)}+4be^{2i(fx+e)})}$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-b/a^3*((1/8*a*b*(7*a+4*b)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*(9*a+4*b)*a/(a+b)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(15*a^2+20*a*b+8*b^2)/(a^2+2*a*b+b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))+1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 819, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(32*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 64*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 32*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)) - 4*(3*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f), 1/16*(16*(a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 16*(a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4)*f*x + ((15*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 15*a^2*b^2 + 20*a*b^3 + 8*b^4 + 2*(15*a^3*b + 20*a^2*b^2 + 8*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e)) - 2*(3*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (7*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-3), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^2b + 20ab^2 + 8b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} + \frac{(7ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)^3 + (9a^2b + 13ab^2 + 4b^3) \tan(fx+e)}{a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4 + (a^4b^2 + 2a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 2(a^5b + 3a^4b^2 + 3a^3b^3)}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*\arctan(b*\tan(f*x + e)/\sqrt{(a + b)*b}))}{((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*\sqrt{(a + b)*b}) + ((7*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e)^3 + (9*a^2*b + 13*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*\tan(f*x + e))}/(a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4 + (a^4*b^2 + 2*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*\tan(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*\tan(f*x + e)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \frac{(15a^2b + 20ab^2 + 8b^3) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^5 + 2a^4b + a^3b^2)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{7ab^2 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b^3 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 9a^2b \tan(fx+e) + 13ab^2 \tan(fx+e)}{(a^4 + 2a^3b + a^2b^2)(b \tan(fx+e)^2 + a + b)^2}$$

$8f$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((15*a^2*b + 20*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) +
arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(a
*b + b^2)) + (7*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 9*a^2*b*tan(
f*x + e) + 13*a*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^3*tan(f*x + e))/((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a
^2*b^2)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - 8*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3271, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
atan((((((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/
(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 +
2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b +
a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/(2*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 +
1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/a^3 -
((((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/
(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) + (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 +
2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b +
a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/(2*a^3) - (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 +
1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 + 289*a^4*b^3))/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))/a^3)/
(((17*a*b^5)/4 + b^6 + (25*a^2*b^4)/4 + (105*a^3*b^3)/32)/(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2) +
((((2*a^6*b^6 + (17*a^7*b^5)/2 + 15*a^8*b^4 + (25*a^9*b^3)/2 + 4*a^10*b^2)*1i)/
(2*(4*a^9*b + a^10 + a^6*b^4 + 4*a^7*b^3 + 6*a^8*b^2)) - (tan(e + f*x)*(512*a^6*b^7 +
2304*a^7*b^6 + 4096*a^8*b^5 + 3584*a^9*b^4 + 1536*a^10*b^3 + 256*a^11*b^2))/(128*a^3*(4*a^7*b +
a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2)))*1i)/
(2*a^3) + (tan(e + f*x)*(576*a*b^6 + 128*b^7 + 1024*a^2*b^5 + 856*a^3*b^4 +
289*a^4*b^3)*1i)/(64*(4*a^7*b + a^8 + a^4*b^4 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^6*b^2))...
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1496, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**4 + 70*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b + 56*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 + 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4 - 50*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2 - 36*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**4 - 20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3*b - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b**2 + 30*sqrt(b)...
```

3.373 $\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3089
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3090
Rubi [A] (verified)	3091
Maple [A] (verified)	3094
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3095
Sympy [F(-1)]	3096
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3097
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3097
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3098
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3099

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{b^{3/2}(35a^2 + 28ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{(8a^2 - 11ab - 4b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^3f} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(9a+4b) \cot(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^3+1/8*b^(3/2)*(35*a^2+28*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-1/8*(8*a^2-11*a*b-4*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*b*cot(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(9*a+4*b)*cot(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2089, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.54

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((35*a^2 + 28*a*b + 8*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6
*(-1/64*(b^2*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*e] - I*
b*Sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2*e])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*
e]])))*(-(a*Sin[f*x]) - 2*b*Sin[f*x] + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))*Cos[2*e])/(a^3*Sqr
t[a + b]*f*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]]) + ((I/64)*b^2*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*
(Cos[2*e]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2*
e])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]])]*(-(a*Sin[f*x]) - 2*b*Sin
[f*x] + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]))*Sin[2*e])/(a^3*Sqrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[b*Cos[4*e] -
I*b*Sin[4*e]])))/((a + b)^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[
2*e + 2*f*x])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[2*e]*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(8*a^5*f*x*Cos[f
*x] + 56*a^4*b*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 184*a^3*b^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 296*a^2*b^3*f*x*Co
s[f*x] + 224*a*b^4*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 64*b^5*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 12*a^5*f*x*Cos[3*
f*x] - 68*a^4*b*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 132*a^3*b^2*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 108*a^2*b^3*
f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 32*a*b^4*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 8*a^5*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] - 56*a
^4*b*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] - 184*a^3*b^2*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] - 296*a^2*b^3*f*x
*Cos[2*e - f*x] - 224*a*b^4*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] - 64*b^5*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x]
- 8*a^5*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] - 56*a^4*b*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] - 184*a^3*b^2*f*
x*Cos[2*e + f*x] - 296*a^2*b^3*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] - 224*a*b^4*f*x*Cos[2*e
+ f*x] - 64*b^5*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] + 8*a^5*f*x*Cos[4*e + f*x] + 56*a^4*b*f
*x*Cos[4*e + f*x] + 184*a^3*b^2*f*x*Cos[4*e + f*x] + 296*a^2*b^3*f*x*Co...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 441, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^2 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{374} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(-5b \tan^2(e+fx)+4a-b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{441} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(8a^2-11ba-4b^2-3b(9a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b(9a+4b) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{8a^3 + 32ba^2 + 13b^2a + 4b^3 + b(8a^2 - 11ba - 4b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{(8a^2 - 11ab - 4b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b(9a+4b) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

397

$$\frac{8(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^2(35a^2 + 28ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^2 - 11ab - 4b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b(9a+4b) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

216

$$\frac{8(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^2(35a^2 + 28ab + 8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^2 - 11ab - 4b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b(9a+4b) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

218

$$\frac{8(a+b)^3 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^{3/2}(35a^2 + 28ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{(8a^2 - 11ab - 4b^2) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{b(9a+4b) \cot(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(b*Cot[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-(((8*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(3/2)*(35*a^2 + 28*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)) - ((8*a^2 - 11*a*b - 4*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(9*a + 4*b)*Cot[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 374 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a \cdot e^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c \cdot (m+1) + 2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 397 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, x\}$

rule 441 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^2)^{q_} \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (a \cdot g^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (a^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+1) + e^2 \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1) + d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m + 2 \cdot (p+q+2) + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 445

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)
*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f
_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{11}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right) \tan^3(fx+e) + \frac{a(13a^2+17ab+4b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{8}}{(a+b+b \tan^2(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(35a^2+28ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3(a+b)^3} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{a}\right)}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{11}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2\right) \tan^3(fx+e) + \frac{a(13a^2+17ab+4b^2) \tan(fx+e)}{8}}{(a+b+b \tan^2(fx+e))^2} + \frac{(35a^2+28ab+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{(a+b)b}} \right)}{a^3(a+b)^3} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)}{a}\right)}{a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{i(-8a^5e^{8i(fx+e)} + 13a^3b^2e^{8i(fx+e)} + 36a^2b^3e^{8i(fx+e)} + 16ab^4e^{8i(fx+e)} - 32a^5e^{6i(fx+e)} - 64a^4be^{6i(fx+e)} + 2a^5e^{4i(fx+e)} - 13a^3b^2e^{4i(fx+e)} - 36a^2b^3e^{4i(fx+e)} - 16ab^4e^{4i(fx+e)} - 32a^5e^{2i(fx+e)} - 64a^4be^{2i(fx+e)} + 2a^5e^{0i(fx+e)} - 13a^3b^2e^{0i(fx+e)} - 36a^2b^3e^{0i(fx+e)} - 16ab^4e^{0i(fx+e)} - 32a^5e^{-2i(fx+e)} - 64a^4be^{-2i(fx+e)} + 2a^5e^{-4i(fx+e)} - 13a^3b^2e^{-4i(fx+e)} - 36a^2b^3e^{-4i(fx+e)} - 16ab^4e^{-4i(fx+e)} - 32a^5e^{-6i(fx+e)} - 64a^4be^{-6i(fx+e)} + 2a^5e^{-8i(fx+e)})}{a^3}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(b^2/a^3/(a+b)^3*(((11/8*a^2*b+1/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*a*(13*a^2+17*a*b+4*b^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(35*a^2+28*a*b+8*b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))-1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-1/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 486 vs. $2(165) = 330$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1060, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/32*(4*(8*a^5 + 13*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 4*(16*a^4*b -
13*a^3*b^2 + 5*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (35*a^2*b^3 + 28*a*b^4
+ 8*b^5 + (35*a^4*b + 28*a^3*b^2 + 8*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(35*a^3*b
^2 + 28*a^2*b^3 + 8*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*
a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 +
3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b)
)*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*s
in(f*x + e) + 4*(8*a^3*b^2 - 11*a^2*b^3 - 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e) + 32*((a^5
+ 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b
^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4
+ b^5)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
(a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/16*(2*(8
*a^5 + 13*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(16*a^4*b - 13*a^3*b^2 +
5*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (35*a^2*b^3 + 28*a*b^4 + 8*b^5 + (3
5*a^4*b + 28*a^3*b^2 + 8*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(35*a^3*b^2 + 28*a^2*
b^3 + 8*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(b/(a + b))*arctan(1/2*((a + 2*b)*cos(f
*x + e)^2 - b)*sqrt(b/(a + b)))/(b*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e)
+ 2*(8*a^3*b^2 - 11*a^2*b^3 - 4*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e) + 16*((a^5 + 3*a^4*b
+ 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

output

```
1/8*((35*a^2*b^2 + 28*a*b^3 + 8*b^4)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b)
+ arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^
3*b^3)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + (11*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^3
+ 13*a^2*b^2*tan(f*x + e) + 17*a*b^3*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^4*tan(f*x + e))/((
a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - 8*(f*
x + e)/a^3 - 8/((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*tan(f*x + e))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4890, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.02

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
((tan(e + f*x)^4*(11*a*b^3 + 4*b^4 - 8*a^2*b^2))/(8*a^2*(a + b)^3) - 1/(a
+ b) + (tan(e + f*x)^2*(13*a*b^2 - 16*a^2*b + 4*b^3))/(8*a^2*(a + b)^2))/((
f*(tan(e + f*x)^3*(2*a*b + 2*b^2) + tan(e + f*x)*(2*a*b + a^2 + b^2) + b^2
*tan(e + f*x)^5)) - atan((286720*a^6*b^15*tan(e + f*x))/(286720*a^6*b^15 +
3619840*a^7*b^14 + 21052416*a^8*b^13 + 74346496*a^9*b^12 + 177172480*a^10
*b^11 + 299796480*a^11*b^10 + 369346560*a^12*b^9 + 334344192*a^13*b^8 + 22
1663232*a^14*b^7 + 105978880*a^15*b^6 + 35445760*a^16*b^5 + 7864320*a^17*b
^4 + 1048576*a^18*b^3 + 65536*a^19*b^2) + (3619840*a^7*b^14*tan(e + f*x)))/
(286720*a^6*b^15 + 3619840*a^7*b^14 + 21052416*a^8*b^13 + 74346496*a^9*b^1
2 + 177172480*a^10*b^11 + 299796480*a^11*b^10 + 369346560*a^12*b^9 + 33434
4192*a^13*b^8 + 221663232*a^14*b^7 + 105978880*a^15*b^6 + 35445760*a^16*b^
5 + 7864320*a^17*b^4 + 1048576*a^18*b^3 + 65536*a^19*b^2) + (21052416*a^8*
b^13*tan(e + f*x))/(286720*a^6*b^15 + 3619840*a^7*b^14 + 21052416*a^8*b^13
+ 74346496*a^9*b^12 + 177172480*a^10*b^11 + 299796480*a^11*b^10 + 3693465
60*a^12*b^9 + 334344192*a^13*b^8 + 221663232*a^14*b^7 + 105978880*a^15*b^6
+ 35445760*a^16*b^5 + 7864320*a^17*b^4 + 1048576*a^18*b^3 + 65536*a^19*b^
2) + (74346496*a^9*b^12*tan(e + f*x))/(286720*a^6*b^15 + 3619840*a^7*b^14
+ 21052416*a^8*b^13 + 74346496*a^9*b^12 + 177172480*a^10*b^11 + 299796480*
a^11*b^10 + 369346560*a^12*b^9 + 334344192*a^13*b^8 + 221663232*a^14*b^7 +
105978880*a^15*b^6 + 35445760*a^16*b^5 + 7864320*a^17*b^4 + 1048576*a^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1851, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.23

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b + 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b**2 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**3 - 70*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4*b - 126*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b**2 - 72*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**3 - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**4 + 35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a**4*b + 98*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a**3*b**2 + 99*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a**2*b**3 + 44*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*a*b**4 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)*b**5 + 35*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b + 28*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b**2 + 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqr...
```

3.374 $\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3100
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3101
Rubi [A] (verified)	3102
Maple [A] (verified)	3106
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3106
Sympy [F(-1)]	3107
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3108
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3108
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3109
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3110

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{b^{5/2}(63a^2 + 36ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3(a+b)^{9/2}f} + \frac{(8a^3 + 32a^2b - 15ab^2 - 4b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^4f} - \frac{(8a^2 - 39ab - 12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{24a^2(a+b)^3f} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(11a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
x/a^3-1/8*b^(5/2)*(63*a^2+36*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(9/2)/f+1/8*(8*a^3+32*a^2*b-15*a*b^2-4*b^3)*cot(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^4/f-1/24*(8*a^2-39*a*b-12*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^3/a^2/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*b*cot(f*x+e)^3/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(11*a+4*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3340, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.52

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((63*a^2 + 36*a*b + 8*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^6
*((b^3*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e]/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[
4*e]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2*e])/(sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]]))*
(-(a*Sin[f*x]) - 2*b*Sin[f*x] + a*Sin[2*e + f*x])*Cos[2*e])/(64*a^3*sqrt[a
+ b]*f*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]]) - ((I/64)*b^3*ArcTan[Sec[f*x]*(Co
s[2*e]/(2*sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]]) - ((I/2)*Sin[2*e])/(
sqrt[a + b]*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b*Sin[4*e]])]*(-(a*Sin[f*x]) - 2*b*Sin[f*
x] + a*Sin[2*e + f*x])*Sin[2*e])/(a^3*sqrt[a + b]*f*sqrt[b*cos[4*e] - I*b
*Sin[4*e]])))/((a + b)^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e
+ 2*f*x])*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sec[2*e]*Sec[e + f*x]^6*(-36*a^6*f*x*Cos[
f*x] - 336*a^5*b*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 1560*a^4*b^2*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 3600*a^3*b^3*f
*x*Cos[f*x] - 4260*a^2*b^4*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 2496*a*b^5*f*x*Cos[f*x] - 576*b^
6*f*x*Cos[f*x] + 36*a^6*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] + 240*a^5*b*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] + 408*a^
4*b^2*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 48*a^3*b^3*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 732*a^2*b^4*f*x*Cos[3*f
*x] - 672*a*b^5*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] - 192*b^6*f*x*Cos[3*f*x] + 36*a^6*f*x*Cos[2
*e - f*x] + 336*a^5*b*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] + 1560*a^4*b^2*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x]
+ 3600*a^3*b^3*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] + 4260*a^2*b^4*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] + 249
6*a*b^5*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] + 576*b^6*f*x*Cos[2*e - f*x] + 36*a^6*f*x*Cos[2
*e + f*x] + 336*a^5*b*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] + 1560*a^4*b^2*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x]
+ 3600*a^3*b^3*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] + 4260*a^2*b^4*f*x*Cos[2*e + f*x] + ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 441, 445, 27, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{374} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(-7b \tan^2(e+fx)+4a-3b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{441} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(8a^2-39ba-12b^2-5b(11a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{3 \cot^2(e+fx) (8a^3+32ba^2-15b^2a-4b^3+b(8a^2-39ba-12b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^2-39ab-12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$4a(a+b)$$

f

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx) (8a^3+32ba^2-15b^2a-4b^3+b(8a^2-39ba-12b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^2-39ab-12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+4b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$4a(a+b)$$

f

↓ 445

$$\int \frac{8a^4+40ba^3+80b^2a^2+17b^3a+4b^4+b(8a^3+32ba^2-15b^2a-4b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^3+32a^2b-15ab^2-4b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^2-39ab-12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$2a(a+b)$$

$$4a(a+b)$$

f

↓ 397

$$\frac{8(a+b)^4 \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b^3(63a^2+36ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^3+32a^2b-15ab^2-4b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^2-39ab-12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$2a(a+b)$$

$$4a(a+b)$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{8(a+b)^4 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^3(63a^2+36ab+8b^2) \int \frac{1}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^3+32a^2b-15ab^2-4b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^2-39ab-12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}$$

$$2a(a+b)$$

$$4a(a+b)$$

f

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{(8a^2 - 39ab - 12b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{8(a+b)^4 \arctan(\tan(e+fx))}{a} - \frac{b^{5/2}(63a^2 + 36ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{a+b} - \frac{(8a^3 + 32a^2b - 15ab^2 - 4b^3) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b}}{2a(a+b)} \cdot \frac{1}{a+b} = \frac{\dots}{4a(a+b)} \cdot f$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(b*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-1/3*((8*a^2 - 39*a*b - 12*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a + b) - (-(((8*(a + b)^4*ArcTan[Tan[e + f*x]])/a - (b^(5/2)*(63*a^2 + 36*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]])/(a*Sqrt[a + b]))/(a + b)) - ((8*a^3 + 32*a^2*b - 15*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a + b))/(2*a*(a + b)) - (b*(1 + 4*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(2*a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*a*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 374

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q
+ 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c -
a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b,
c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 397

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_
Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[
(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f}, x]
```

rule 441

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*g*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2
)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(m
+ 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, q},
x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 22.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} - \frac{1}{3(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{-a-4b}{(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)}}{f} - \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{(\frac{15}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{a(17a^2+21ab+4b^2)}{8} \tan(fx+e)}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} \right)}{a^3(a+b)^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} - \frac{1}{3(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{-a-4b}{(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)}}{f} - \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{(\frac{15}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{a(17a^2+21ab+4b^2)}{8} \tan(fx+e)}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))^2} \right)}{a^3(a+b)^4}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-1/3/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)^3-(-a-4*b)/(a+b)^4/tan(f*x+e)-b^3/a^3/(a+b)^4*(((15/8*a^2*b+1/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*a*(17*a^2+21*a*b+4*b^2)*tan(f*x+e))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)+1/8*(63*a^2+36*a*b+8*b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 781 vs. 2(212) = 424.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1649, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.17

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/96*(4*(32*a^6 + 104*a^5*b + 51*a^3*b^3 + 18*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 4*(24*a^6 + 32*a^5*b - 208*a^4*b^2 + 102*a^3*b^3 - 9*a^2*b^4 - 12*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 4*(48*a^5*b + 160*a^4*b^2 - 155*a^3*b^3 + 72*a^2*b^4 + 24*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 3*((63*a^4*b^2 + 36*a^3*b^3 + 8*a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 63*a^2*b^4 - 36*a*b^5 - 8*b^6 - (63*a^4*b^2 - 90*a^3*b^3 - 64*a^2*b^4 - 16*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (126*a^3*b^3 + 9*a^2*b^4 - 20*a*b^5 - 8*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a^2 + 3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*sin(f*x + e) - 12*(8*a^4*b^2 + 32*a^3*b^3 - 15*a^2*b^4 - 4*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e) + 96*((a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a^4*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^3 - 7*a^2*b^4 - 2*a*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^5*b + 7*a^4*b^2 + 8*a^3*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^4 - 2*a*b^5 - b^6)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + 6*a^2*b^4 + 4*a*b^5 + b^6)*f*x)*sin(f*x + e))/(((a^9 + 4*a^8*b + 6*a^7*b^2 + 4*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^9 + 2*a^8*b - 2*a^7*b^2 - 8*a^6*b^3 - 7*a^5*b^4 - 2*a^4*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^8*b + 7*a^7*b^2 + 8*a^6*b^3 + 2*a^5*b^4 - 2*a^4*b^5 - a^3*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^7*b^2 + 4*a^6*b^3 + 6*a^5*b^4 + 4*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/48*(2*(32*a^6 + 104*a^5*b + 51*a^3*b^3 + 18*a^2*b^4)*c...`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(63a^2b^3 + 36ab^4 + 8b^5) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^7 + 4a^6b + 6a^5b^2 + 4a^4b^3 + a^3b^4)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{3(8a^3b^2 + 32a^2b^3 - 15ab^4 - 4b^5) \tan(fx+e)^6 - 8a^5 - 24a^4b - 24a^3b^2 - 8a^2b^3 + (48a^4b + 232a^3b^2 + 133a^2b^3 - 63ab^4 - 12b^5) \tan(fx+e)^4 + 8(3a^5 + 16a^4b + 23a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3) \tan(fx+e)^2}{(a^6b^2 + 4a^5b^3 + 6a^4b^4 + 4a^3b^5 + a^2b^6) \tan(fx+e)^7 + 2(a^7b + 5a^6b^2 + 10a^5b^3 + 10a^4b^4 + 5a^3b^5 + a^2b^6) \tan(fx+e)^5 + (a^8 + 6a^7b + 15a^6b^2 + 20a^5b^3 + 15a^4b^4 + 6a^3b^5 + a^2b^6) \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{24}{f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
-1/24*(3*(63*a^2*b^3 + 36*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a + b)*b))/((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*sqrt((a + b)*b)) - (3*(8*a^3*b^2 + 32*a^2*b^3 - 15*a*b^4 - 4*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^6 - 8*a^5 - 24*a^4*b - 24*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 + (48*a^4*b + 232*a^3*b^2 + 133*a^2*b^3 - 63*a*b^4 - 12*b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(3*a^5 + 16*a^4*b + 23*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^6*b^2 + 4*a^5*b^3 + 6*a^4*b^4 + 4*a^3*b^5 + a^2*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^7 + 2*(a^7*b + 5*a^6*b^2 + 10*a^5*b^3 + 10*a^4*b^4 + 5*a^3*b^5 + a^2*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^5 + (a^8 + 6*a^7*b + 15*a^6*b^2 + 20*a^5*b^3 + 15*a^4*b^4 + 6*a^3*b^5 + a^2*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^3) - 24*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(63a^2b^3 + 36ab^4 + 8b^5) \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^7 + 4a^6b + 6a^5b^2 + 4a^4b^3 + a^3b^4)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{3(15ab^4 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b^5 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 17a^2b^3 \tan(fx+e) + 21a^3b^2 \tan(fx+e) + 10a^4b \tan(fx+e) + 5a^5 \tan(fx+e))}{(a^6 + 4a^5b + 6a^4b^2 + 4a^3b^3 + a^2b^4) (b \tan(fx+e) + a)}$$

24 f

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/24*(3*(63*a^2*b^3 + 36*a*b^4 + 8*b^5)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sgn
(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2
+ 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 3*(15*a*b^4*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 4*b
^5*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 17*a^2*b^3*tan(f*x + e) + 21*a*b^4*tan(f*x + e) + 4*b^
5*tan(f*x + e))/((a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*(b*tan(
f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - 24*(f*x + e)/a^3 - 8*(3*a*tan(f*x + e)^2 + 12*b*t
an(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)/((a^4 + 4*a^3*b + 6*a^2*b^2 + 4*a*b^3 + b^4)*tan(f*
x + e)^3))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7057, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.68

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
atan((860160*a^6*b^20*tan(e + f*x))/(860160*a^6*b^20 + 14515200*a^7*b^19 +
115347456*a^8*b^18 + 570587136*a^9*b^17 + 1961717760*a^10*b^16 + 49658112
00*a^11*b^15 + 9577308160*a^12*b^14 + 14379552768*a^13*b^13 + 17038737408*
a^14*b^12 + 16066462720*a^15*b^11 + 12106321920*a^16*b^10 + 7294187520*a^1
7*b^9 + 3502829568*a^18*b^8 + 1329527808*a^19*b^7 + 392232960*a^20*b^6 + 8
7162880*a^21*b^5 + 13762560*a^22*b^4 + 1376256*a^23*b^3 + 65536*a^24*b^2)
+ (14515200*a^7*b^19*tan(e + f*x))/(860160*a^6*b^20 + 14515200*a^7*b^19 +
115347456*a^8*b^18 + 570587136*a^9*b^17 + 1961717760*a^10*b^16 + 496581120
0*a^11*b^15 + 9577308160*a^12*b^14 + 14379552768*a^13*b^13 + 17038737408*a
^14*b^12 + 16066462720*a^15*b^11 + 12106321920*a^16*b^10 + 7294187520*a^17
*b^9 + 3502829568*a^18*b^8 + 1329527808*a^19*b^7 + 392232960*a^20*b^6 + 87
162880*a^21*b^5 + 13762560*a^22*b^4 + 1376256*a^23*b^3 + 65536*a^24*b^2) +
(115347456*a^8*b^18*tan(e + f*x))/(860160*a^6*b^20 + 14515200*a^7*b^19 +
115347456*a^8*b^18 + 570587136*a^9*b^17 + 1961717760*a^10*b^16 + 496581120
0*a^11*b^15 + 9577308160*a^12*b^14 + 14379552768*a^13*b^13 + 17038737408*a
^14*b^12 + 16066462720*a^15*b^11 + 12106321920*a^16*b^10 + 7294187520*a^17
*b^9 + 3502829568*a^18*b^8 + 1329527808*a^19*b^7 + 392232960*a^20*b^6 + 87
162880*a^21*b^5 + 13762560*a^22*b^4 + 1376256*a^23*b^3 + 65536*a^24*b^2) +
(570587136*a^9*b^17*tan(e + f*x))/(860160*a^6*b^20 + 14515200*a^7*b^19 +
115347456*a^8*b^18 + 570587136*a^9*b^17 + 1961717760*a^10*b^16 + 496581...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2154, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.37

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 189*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/
sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4*b**2 - 108*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a
+ b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3*b**3 - 24*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*
sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b**4 + 378*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan(
(e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b**2 + 594*sqrt(b)*s
qrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e +
f*x)**5*a**3*b**3 + 264*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x
)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**4 + 48*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b
)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a
*b**5 - 189*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(
a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**4*b**2 - 486*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqr
t(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**3*b**3 -
429*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt
(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a**2*b**4 - 156*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)
*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**3*a*b**5 - 24*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e +
f*x)**3*b**6 - 189*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2)
+ sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4*b**2 - 108*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*a
tan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a...
```


3.375 $\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx$

Optimal result	3112
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3113
Rubi [A] (verified)	3114
Maple [A] (verified)	3118
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3119
Sympy [F(-1)]	3120
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3121
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3121
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3122
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx = -\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{b^{7/2}(99a^2 + 44ab + 8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8a^3(a+b)^{11/2}f} - \frac{(8a^4 + 40a^3b + 80a^2b^2 - 19ab^3 - 4b^4) \cot(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^5f} + \frac{(8a^3 + 32a^2b - 51ab^2 - 12b^3) \cot^3(e+fx)}{24a^2(a+b)^4f} - \frac{(8a^2 - 75ab - 20b^2) \cot^5(e+fx)}{40a^2(a+b)^3f} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{b(13a+4b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{8a^2(a+b)^2f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))}$$

output

```
-x/a^3+1/8*b^(7/2)*(99*a^2+44*a*b+8*b^2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b)^(1/2))/a^3/(a+b)^(11/2)/f-1/8*(8*a^4+40*a^3*b+80*a^2*b^2-19*a*b^3-4*b^4)*cot(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^5/f+1/24*(8*a^3+32*a^2*b-51*a*b^2-12*b^3)*cot(f*x+e)^3/a^2/(a+b)^4/f-1/40*(8*a^2-75*a*b-20*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^5/a^2/(a+b)^3/f-1/4*b*cot(f*x+e)^5/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2-1/8*b*(13*a+4*b)*cot(f*x+e)^5/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^6(e + fx) \left(-\frac{120x(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2}{a^3} + \frac{8(11a+26b)(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2 \cot(e) \operatorname{cs}}{(a+b)^4 f} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*((-120*x*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2)/a^3 + (8*(11*a + 26*b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Cot[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b)^4*f) - (24*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Cot[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^4)/((a + b)^3*f) - (15*b^4*(99*a^2 + 44*a*b + 8*b^2)*ArcTan[(Sec[f*x]*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e])*(-(a + 2*b)*Sin[f*x]) + a*Sin[2*e + f*x]]/(2*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]))*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*(Cos[2*e] - I*Sin[2*e]))/(a^3*(a + b)^(11/2)*f*Sqrt[b*(Cos[e] - I*Sin[e])^4]) + (8*(23*a^2 + 106*a*b + 173*b^2)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sin[f*x])/((a + b)^5*f) - (8*(11*a + 26*b)*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sin[f*x])/((a + b)^4*f) + (24*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e]*Csc[e + f*x]^5*Sin[f*x])/((a + b)^3*f) + (60*b^5*Sec[2*e]*((a + 2*b)*Sin[2*e] - a*Sin[2*f*x]))/(a^3*(a + b)^4*f) - (15*b^4*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[2*e]*((21*a^2 + 52*a*b + 16*b^2)*Sin[2*e] - 3*a*(7*a + 2*b)*Sin[2*f*x]))/(a^3*(a + b)^5*f))/((960*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 441, 445, 27, 445, 27, 445, 397, 216, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^6 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^3} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{374} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(-9b \tan^2(e+fx)+4a-5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{441} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(8a^2-75ba-20b^2-7b(13a+4b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^2} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(13a+4b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{4a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{5 \cot^4(e+fx) (8a^3+32ba^2-51b^2a-12b^3+b(8a^2-75ba-20b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^2-75ab-20b^2) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b(13a+4b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{4a(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) (8a^3+32ba^2-51b^2a-12b^3+b(8a^2-75ba-20b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^2-75ab-20b^2) \cot^5(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b(13a+4b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{4a(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 445

$$\int \frac{3 \cot^2(e+fx) (8a^4+40ba^3+80b^2a^2-19b^3a-4b^4+b(8a^3+32ba^2-51b^2a-12b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^3+32a^2b-51ab^2-12b^3) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - (8a^2 - \dots)$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{4a(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx) (8a^4+40ba^3+80b^2a^2-19b^3a-4b^4+b(8a^3+32ba^2-51b^2a-12b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^3+32a^2b-51ab^2-12b^3) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - (8a^2 - \dots)$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{4a(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 445

$$\int \frac{8a^5+48ba^4+120b^2a^3+160b^3a^2+21b^4a+4b^5+b(8a^4+40ba^3+80b^2a^2-19b^3a-4b^4) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(8a^4+40a^3b+80a^2b^2-19ab^3-4b^4) \cot(e+fx)}{a+b}$$

$$\frac{4a(a+b)}{4a(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 397

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 374 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$
- rule 441 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)})*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*g*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

```
rule 445 Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 2075 Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4629 Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 45.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} - \frac{1}{5(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{-a-4b}{3(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2+5ab+10b^2}{(a+b)^5 \tan(fx+e)} + \frac{b^4 \left(\frac{(\frac{19}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{a(2}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))} \right)}{f}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\arctan(\tan(fx+e))}{a^3} - \frac{1}{5(a+b)^3 \tan(fx+e)^5} - \frac{-a-4b}{3(a+b)^4 \tan(fx+e)^3} - \frac{a^2+5ab+10b^2}{(a+b)^5 \tan(fx+e)} + \frac{b^4 \left(\frac{(\frac{19}{8}a^2b + \frac{1}{2}ab^2) \tan(fx+e)^3 + \frac{a(2}{(a+b+b \tan(fx+e))} \right)}{f}}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/a^3*arctan(tan(f*x+e))-1/5/(a+b)^3/tan(f*x+e)^5-1/3*(-a-4*b)/(a+b)^4/tan(f*x+e)^3-(a^2+5*a*b+10*b^2)/(a+b)^5/tan(f*x+e)+b^4/a^3/(a+b)^5*((19/8*a^2*b+1/2*a*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3+1/8*a*(21*a^2+25*a*b+4*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)))/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^2+1/8*(99*a^2+44*a*b+8*b^2)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*tan(f*x+e)/((a+b)*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1071 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2229, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.82

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/480*(4*(184*a^7 + 848*a^6*b + 1384*a^5*b^2 + 315*a^3*b^4 + 90*a^2*b^5)
*cos(f*x + e)^9 - 4*(280*a^7 + 1032*a^6*b + 864*a^5*b^2 - 2768*a^4*b^3 + 9
45*a^3*b^4 - 15*a^2*b^5 - 60*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 4*(120*a^7 + 40*a^6*b
- 1416*a^5*b^2 - 4272*a^4*b^3 + 2329*a^3*b^4 - 585*a^2*b^5 - 180*a*b^6)*c
os(f*x + e)^5 + 20*(48*a^6*b + 184*a^5*b^2 + 200*a^4*b^3 - 575*a^3*b^4 + 1
53*a^2*b^5 + 36*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 15*((99*a^4*b^3 + 44*a^3*b^4 + 8*a
^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 99*a^2*b^5 + 44*a*b^6 + 8*b^7 - 2*(99*a^4*b^3 - 5
5*a^3*b^4 - 36*a^2*b^5 - 8*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (99*a^4*b^3 - 352*a^3*b
^4 - 69*a^2*b^5 + 12*a*b^6 + 8*b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(99*a^3*b^4 - 55*a
^2*b^5 - 36*a*b^6 - 8*b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-b/(a + b))*log(((a^2 + 8*a
*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(3*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a^2 +
3*a*b + 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b/(a + b))
*sin(f*x + e) + b^2)/(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2))*si
n(f*x + e) + 60*(8*a^5*b^2 + 40*a^4*b^3 + 80*a^3*b^4 - 19*a^2*b^5 - 4*a*b
^6)*cos(f*x + e) + 480*((a^7 + 5*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b
^4 + a^2*b^5)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b
^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6*b - 9*a^5*b^2 - 25*a
^4*b^3 - 25*a^3*b^4 - 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6 + b^7)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6
*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4*a*b^6 - b^7)*f*x*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ (a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7)*f*x)...

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(99a^2b^4 + 44ab^5 + 8b^6) \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{(a^8 + 5a^7b + 10a^6b^2 + 10a^5b^3 + 5a^4b^4 + a^3b^5)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{15(8a^4b^2 + 40a^3b^3 + 80a^2b^4 - 19ab^5 - 4b^6) \tan(fx + e)^8 + 5(48a^5b + 280a^4b^2 + 680a^3b^3 + 385a^2b^4 - 75ab^5 - 12b^6) \tan(fx + e)^6 + 24a^6 + 96a^5b + 144a^4b^2 + 96a^3b^3 + 24a^2b^4 + 8(15a^6 + 95a^5b + 258a^4b^2 + 291a^3b^3 + 113a^2b^4) \tan(fx + e)^4 - 8(5a^6 + 29a^5b + 57a^4b^2 + 47a^3b^3 + 14a^2b^4) \tan(fx + e)^2}{(a^7b^2 + 5a^6b^3 + 10a^5b^4 + 10a^4b^5 + 5a^3b^6 + a^2b^7) \tan(fx + e)^9 + 2(a^8b + 6a^7b^2 + 15a^6b^3 + 20a^5b^4 + 15a^4b^5 + 6a^3b^6 + a^2b^7) \tan(fx + e)^7 + (a^9 + 7a^8b + 21a^7b^2 + 35a^6b^3 + 35a^5b^4 + 21a^4b^5 + 7a^3b^6 + a^2b^7) \tan(fx + e)^5} - 120(fx + e)/a^3/f$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
1/120*(15*(99*a^2*b^4 + 44*a*b^5 + 8*b^6)*arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt((a +
b)*b))/((a^8 + 5*a^7*b + 10*a^6*b^2 + 10*a^5*b^3 + 5*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*sq
rt((a + b)*b)) - (15*(8*a^4*b^2 + 40*a^3*b^3 + 80*a^2*b^4 - 19*a*b^5 - 4*b
^6)*tan(f*x + e)^8 + 5*(48*a^5*b + 280*a^4*b^2 + 680*a^3*b^3 + 385*a^2*b^4
- 75*a*b^5 - 12*b^6)*tan(f*x + e)^6 + 24*a^6 + 96*a^5*b + 144*a^4*b^2 + 9
6*a^3*b^3 + 24*a^2*b^4 + 8*(15*a^6 + 95*a^5*b + 258*a^4*b^2 + 291*a^3*b^3
+ 113*a^2*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^4 - 8*(5*a^6 + 29*a^5*b + 57*a^4*b^2 + 47*a^3*
b^3 + 14*a^2*b^4)*tan(f*x + e)^2)/((a^7*b^2 + 5*a^6*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^4 + 10*
a^4*b^5 + 5*a^3*b^6 + a^2*b^7)*tan(f*x + e)^9 + 2*(a^8*b + 6*a^7*b^2 + 15*
a^6*b^3 + 20*a^5*b^4 + 15*a^4*b^5 + 6*a^3*b^6 + a^2*b^7)*tan(f*x + e)^7 +
(a^9 + 7*a^8*b + 21*a^7*b^2 + 35*a^6*b^3 + 35*a^5*b^4 + 21*a^4*b^5 + 7*a^3
*b^6 + a^2*b^7)*tan(f*x + e)^5) - 120*(f*x + e)/a^3)/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(99a^2b^4 + 44ab^5 + 8b^6) \left(\pi \left[\frac{fx+e}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan(fx+e)}{\sqrt{ab+b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^8 + 5a^7b + 10a^6b^2 + 10a^5b^3 + 5a^4b^4 + a^3b^5)\sqrt{ab+b^2}} + \frac{15(19ab^5 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 4b^6 \tan(fx+e)^3 + 21a^2b^4 \tan(fx+e) + 25a^3b^3 \tan(fx+e) + 25a^4b^2 \tan(fx+e) + 25a^5b \tan(fx+e) + 25a^6 \tan(fx+e))}{(a^7 + 5a^6b + 10a^5b^2 + 10a^4b^3 + 5a^3b^4 + a^2b^5)(b \tan(fx+e))^5}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/120*(15*(99*a^2*b^4 + 44*a*b^5 + 8*b^6)*(pi*floor((f*x + e)/pi + 1/2)*sg
n(b) + arctan(b*tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(a*b + b^2)))/((a^8 + 5*a^7*b + 10*a^6*b^
2 + 10*a^5*b^3 + 5*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*sqrt(a*b + b^2)) + 15*(19*a*b^5*tan(
f*x + e)^3 + 4*b^6*tan(f*x + e)^3 + 21*a^2*b^4*tan(f*x + e) + 25*a*b^5*tan
(f*x + e) + 4*b^6*tan(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 5*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3
+ 5*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*(b*tan(f*x + e)^2 + a + b)^2) - 120*(f*x + e)/a^3 -
8*(15*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 75*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^4 + 150*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^4
- 5*a^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 25*a*b*tan(f*x + e)^2 - 20*b^2*tan(f*x + e)^2 +
3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 3*b^2)/((a^5 + 5*a^4*b + 10*a^3*b^2 + 10*a^2*b^3 + 5*a*b^4
+ b^5)*tan(f*x + e)^5))/f

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7460, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.18

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
atan((((65536*a^10*b^27 + 1654784*a^11*b^26 + 21954560*a^12*b^25 + 194478
080*a^13*b^24 + 1247936512*a^14*b^23 + 6060916736*a^15*b^22 + 22968795136*
a^16*b^21 + 69506170880*a^17*b^20 + 170976215040*a^18*b^19 + 346596343808*
a^19*b^18 + 585044721664*a^20*b^17 + 828584034304*a^21*b^16 + 989821665280
*a^22*b^15 + 1000564490240*a^23*b^14 + 856970493952*a^24*b^13 + 6215385743
36*a^25*b^12 + 380751118336*a^26*b^11 + 196065116160*a^27*b^10 + 842304716
80*a^28*b^9 + 29853974528*a^29*b^8 + 8588754944*a^30*b^7 + 1957904384*a^31
*b^6 + 340787200*a^32*b^5 + 42598400*a^33*b^4 + 3407872*a^34*b^3 + 131072*
a^35*b^2 + (tan(e + f*x)*(524288*a^12*b^28 + 13369344*a^13*b^27 + 16384000
0*a^14*b^26 + 1284505600*a^15*b^25 + 7235174400*a^16*b^24 + 31171543040*a^
17*b^23 + 106779115520*a^18*b^22 + 298450944000*a^19*b^21 + 693069414400*a^
20*b^20 + 1354635673600*a^21*b^19 + 2249325281280*a^22*b^18 + 31938471526
40*a^23*b^17 + 3894935552000*a^24*b^16 + 4089682329600*a^25*b^15 + 3700188
774400*a^26*b^14 + 2882252308480*a^27*b^13 + 1927993098240*a^28*b^12 + 110
2610432000*a^29*b^11 + 535553638400*a^30*b^10 + 218864025600*a^31*b^9 + 74
281123840*a^32*b^8 + 20559953920*a^33*b^7 + 4521984000*a^34*b^6 + 76021760
0*a^35*b^5 + 91750400*a^36*b^4 + 7077888*a^37*b^3 + 262144*a^38*b^2)*1i)/(
2*a^3)*1i)/(2*a^3) + tan(e + f*x)*(131072*a^6*b^28 + 3342336*a^7*b^27 + 4
0960000*a^8*b^26 + 319234048*a^9*b^25 + 1768817664*a^10*b^24 + 7390051328*
a^11*b^23 + 24132297728*a^12*b^22 + 63100984320*a^13*b^21 + 13447268454...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2455, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.61

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
(1485*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**4*b**3 + 660*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**3*b**4 + 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**9*a**2*b**5 - 2970*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**4*b**3 - 4290*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**3*b**4 - 1560*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a**2*b**5 - 240*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**7*a*b**6 + 1485*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**4*b**3 + 3630*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**3*b**4 + 2925*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a**2*b**5 + 900*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*a*b**6 + 120*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) - sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f*x)**5*b**7 + 1485*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b)*atan((sqrt(a + b)*tan((e + f*x)/2) + sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*sin(e + f...
```

3.376 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3125
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3126
Rubi [A] (verified)	3126
Maple [B] (verified)	3128
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3129
Sympy [F]	3129
Maxima [F]	3130
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3130
Mupad [F(-1)]	3131
Reduce [F]	3132

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f} - \frac{(a + 2b)(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3b^2 f} + \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{5b^2 f}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f+(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/3*(a+2*b)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b^2/f+1/5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/b^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15b^2(a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) - 5a(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 - 10b(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 + 3(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3}{15b^2 f \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(15*b^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2) - 5*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 - 10*b*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 + 3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3 - 15*a*b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a])/(15*b^2*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4627$$

$$\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{\int \cos(e+fx) (1 - \sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f}$$

↓ 99

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{b} + \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a} + \frac{(-a-2b) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} \right) d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3b^2} + 2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2] - (2*(a + 2*b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(5*b^2))/(2*f)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))]
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 321 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 28.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2} \left(15\sqrt{a} \ln \left(4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} + 4\cos(fx+e)a \right) b^2 \cos(fx+e) + (2\cos(fx+e) + 2) \right)}{...}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15/f/b^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(15*a^(1/2)*ln(4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*b^2*cos(f*x+e)+(2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*(10*cos(f*x+e)+10-sec(f*x+e)-sec(f*x+e)^2)+b^2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-15*cos(f*x+e)-15+10*sec(f*x+e)+10*sec(f*x+e)^2-3*sec(f*x+e)^3-3*sec(f*x+e)^4)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{15 \sqrt{ab^2} \cos(fx + e)^4 \log\left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 256 a^3 b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 32 a b^3 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^4 - 8(16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 24 a^2 b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 10 a b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + b^3 \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2}\right) - 8((2 a^2 + 10 a b - 15 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (a b - 10 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3 b^2) \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2}}{b^2 f \cos(fx + e)^4}, \frac{1}{60} (15 \sqrt{-a} b^2 \arctan(1/4 (8 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8 a b \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2}) / (2 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3 a^2 b \cos(fx + e)^2 + a b^2)) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 4((2 a^2 + 10 a b - 15 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 - (a b - 10 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 3 b^2) \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2}}{b^2 f \cos(fx + e)^4} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/120*(15*sqrt(a)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - 8*((2*a^2 + 10*a*b - 15*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a*b - 10*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^4), 1/60*(15*sqrt(-a)*b^2*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 4*((2*a^2 + 10*a*b - 15*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a*b - 10*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 3*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*tan(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1280 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1280, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/15*(15*a*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 2
*(15*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 +
b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^9*a - 165*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2
*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^8*sqrt(a + b)*a + 20*(sqrt(a
+ b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a
+ b))^7*(27*a^2 - 5*a*b - 16*b^2) - 20*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^6*(33*a^2 - 83*a*b
+ 32*b^2)*sqrt(a + b) - 2*(15*a^3 + 1230*a^2*b - 625*a*b^2 - 416*b^3)*(sqr
t(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ a + b))^5 + 10*(81*a^3 + 90*a^2*b - 391*a*b^2 + 256*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*t
an(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/
2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))
^4*sqrt(a + b) - 20*(33*a^4 - 45*a^3*b - 157*a^2*b^2 + 161*a*b^3 - 16*b...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^4(fx + e) - 4\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^2(fx + e) + 8\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} - 3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)} dx - 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)} dx + 8 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a}}{\sec^2(fx + e)} dx}{12f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output `(3*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**4 - 4*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2 + 8*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a) - 3*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*b*f - 4*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a*f + 8*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a*f)/(12*f)`

3.377 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3133
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3133
Rubi [A] (verified)	3134
Maple [B] (verified)	3136
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3137
Sympy [F]	3138
Maxima [F]	3138
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3139
Mupad [F(-1)]	3140
Reduce [F]	3140

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f} + \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3bf}$$

```
output a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f-(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}(a - 3b + b \sec^2(e + fx))}{3bf}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(a - 3*b + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2))/(3*b*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 90, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int -\cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} \sec^2(e + fx) - \frac{2(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3b}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3b} + 2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}$$

73

$$\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3b} + 2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}$$

221

$$\frac{-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3b} + 2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2] - (2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x, x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 10.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2} \left(3\sqrt{a} \ln \left(4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} + 4\cos(fx+e)a \right) b \cos(fx+e) + (1+\cos(fx+e))^2 \right)}{3fb(1+\cos(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{f}{b} \frac{(a+b \sec^2(fx+e))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} \frac{((b+a \cos^2(fx+e))^{1/2})}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} \left((3a^{1/2}) \ln(4a^{1/2}) \frac{(b+a \cos^2(fx+e))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} + 4a^{1/2} \frac{(b+a \cos^2(fx+e))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} + 4 \cos(fx+e) a \right) \frac{b \cos(fx+e) + (1+\cos(fx+e)) \frac{(b+a \cos^2(fx+e))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} + a + b \frac{(b+a \cos^2(fx+e))^{1/2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))} (-3 \cos(fx+e) - 3 + \sec(fx+e) + \sec^2(fx+e))}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{ab} \cos^2(fx + e) \log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) + 256 a^3 b \cos^6(fx + e) + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 32 ab^3 \right)}{12 b f \cos^2(fx + e)^2} - \frac{3 \sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(8 a^2 \cos^4(fx+e) + 8 ab \cos^2(fx+e) + b^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx+e) + b}{\cos^2(fx+e)}}}{4 (2 a^3 \cos^4(fx+e) + 3 a^2 b \cos^2(fx+e) + ab^2)} \right) \cos^2(fx + e) - 4 ((a - 3b) \cos(fx + e))}{12 b f \cos^2(fx + e)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(3*sqrt(a)*b*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 8*((a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2), -1/12*(3*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*tan(e + f*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan^3(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 800 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 800, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/3*(3*a*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 2*(3*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^5*a - 3*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^4*(3*a - 4*b)*sqrt(a + b) + 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*(3*a^2 - 9*a*b + 8*b^2) + 6*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*(a^2 + a*b - 4*b^2)*sqrt(a + b) - 3*(3*a^3 - 2*a^2*b - 5*a*b^2 + 16*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)) + (3*a^3 - 6*a^2*b + 19*a*b^2 - 20*b^3)*sqrt(a + b))/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^2(fx + e) - 2\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx \right)}{2f}$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2 - 2*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a) - int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*b*f - 2*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a*f)/(2*f)
```

3.378 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3141
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3141
Rubi [A] (verified)	3142
Maple [A] (verified)	3144
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3145
Sympy [F]	3145
Maxima [F]	3146
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3146
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3147
Reduce [F]	3147

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

output

$-a^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}((a + b * \sec(f * x + e)^2)^{(1/2)} / a^{(1/2)}) / f + (a + b * \sec(f * x + e)^2)^{(1/2)} / f$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{\left(-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \cos(e + fx) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{b}}\right) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}f \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x],x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[a]*Cos[e + f*x])/Sqrt[b]]*Cos[e + f*x] + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/b])*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*f*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/b])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 243, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) + 2 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e + fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{2f} + 2 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + b\sec^2(e + fx)} - 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b\sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2f} \quad \downarrow \text{221}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegerQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{f}$	58
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{f}$	58

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{a} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) + 256 a^3 b \cos^6(fx + e) + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 32 a b^3 \cos^2(fx + e) + b^4 \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 8*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f, 1/4*(sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) + 4*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*tan(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 377 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.98

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(a \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2 - \sqrt{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^4 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^4 - 2 a \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2 + 2 b \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2 + a + b + \sqrt{a+b}}{2 \sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b}}}{\sqrt{a+b}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(a*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*b + sqrt(a + b)*b)/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sqrt(a + b) + a - 3*b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/f - (a^(1/2)*atanh((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/f`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan(e + fx) dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx+e)^2 b + a} \tan(fx+e)}{\sec^2(fx+e)^2 b + a} dx \right) a f}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e),x)`output `(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a) + int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a*f)/f`

3.379 $\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3148
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3148
Rubi [A] (verified)	3149
Maple [B] (verified)	3151
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3152
Sympy [F]	3153
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	3154
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3155
Mupad [F(-1)]	3155
Reduce [F]	3156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{f}$$

output

$a^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a + b * \sec(f * x + e))^2}{a}\right)^{(1/2)} / f - (a + b)^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + b * \sec(f * x + e)^2}{(a + b)}\right)^{(1/2)} / f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{f}$$

input

`Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output

$(\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x]^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a]]) / f - (\text{Sqrt}[a + b] \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x]^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b]]) / f$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 94, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\tan(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{1 - \sec^2(e + fx)} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{94} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b) \int \frac{1}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) + a \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} + \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 94 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^(p - 1)/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^(p - 1)/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[0, p, 1]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 539 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.71

method	result
default	$\left(2\sqrt{a} \ln \left(4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} + 4 \cos(fx+e) a \right) \sqrt{a+b} + \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2/f/(a+b)^(1/2)*(2*a^(1/2)*ln(4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a*(a+b)^(1/2)+ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a+b*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))-ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*a-ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*b)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 963, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.76

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*
a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 2*sqrt(a +
b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b
)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + 1)))/f, 1/8*(4*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a^2 + a*b
)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*
a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*co
s(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos
(f*x + e)^2)))/f, -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*
cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)
/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) - sqrt(a + b)*lo
g(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sq
r((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + 1)))/f, -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*co...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3317, normalized size of antiderivative = 47.39

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(a^(3/2)*log(4*sqrt(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4
*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 +
2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a
*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*a*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*s
in(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2
+ 4*sqrt(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b
+ 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x
+ 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^
2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e))*a*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e
), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 + 16*(a^2*cos
(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f
*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 +
4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*
f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*(a
+ b)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x +
2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + 16*a^2 + 3
2*a*b + 16*b^2) - 2*sqrt(a + b)*a*log(4*(4*sqrt(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a
^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*...

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.74

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\left(\frac{4a \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^2 - \sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^4 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^4 - 2a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^2 + 2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^2 + a + b + \sqrt{a+b}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) + \sqrt{a}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(4*a*\arctan(-1/2*(\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + \sqrt{a+b}))/\sqrt{-a}))/\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{a + b}*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + \sqrt{a+b})) - \sqrt{a+b}*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - \sqrt{a+b})) + \sqrt{a+b}*\log(\text{abs}((\sqrt{a+b}*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - \sqrt{a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*\tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) - \sqrt{a+b}*(a - b))))*\text{sgn}(\cos(f*x + e))/f \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x),x)`

3.380 $\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3157
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(2a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + b}f} - \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f+1/2*(2*a+b)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(1/2)/f-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos(e+fx) \left(\frac{1+e^{2i(e+fx)}}{(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} - \frac{-2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}fx+(2a+b) \log(1-e^{2i(e+fx)})}{(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))])*Cos[e + f*x]*((1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 - ((-2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*f*x + (2*a + b)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 2*a*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - b*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]))*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 110, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)^2}}{\tan(e+fx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4627 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 354 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 110 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} - \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+2a)}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+2a)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((2a+b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + 2a \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(2a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} + \frac{4a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(2a+b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - 4\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((-4*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + (2*(2*a + b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b])/2 + Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 110 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f))), x] - Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*(m + p + 2) + d*f*(m + n + p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 174 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1199 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1200, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.01

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1200

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4/f/(a+b)^(5/2)*((4*cos(f*x+e)-4)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e
)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))**a*b^2+(-4*cos
(f*x+e)+4)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x
+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**a*b^2+(5*cos(f*x+e)-5)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))**
a^2*b+(-5*cos(f*x+e)+5)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**a^2*b+(4*cos(f*x+e)-4)*a^(1/2)*(a+b
)^(3/2)*ln(4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*b+
(-2+2*cos(f*x+e))*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))**a^3+(-1+cos(f*x+e))*ln(2/(a+b)^(
1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+
(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1
+cos(f*x+e)))**b^3+(-2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 289 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1342, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.31

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(4*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ ((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 2
56*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2
*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/
cos(f*x + e)^2)) + ((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a - b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*
((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b^2 + 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
1)))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f), 1/8*(4*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^
2 - 2*a - b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-
a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + ((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*
cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3
2*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x
+ e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*co
s(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f)
, 1/8*(4*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + 2*((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f...
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cot^3(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \cot(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 574 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.27

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(16*a*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 4*(2*a + b)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/sqrt(-a - b) + 2*(2*a + b)*log(abs(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) + sqrt(a + b)*(a - b)))/sqrt(a + b) + sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - 2*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a - b) - (a + b)^(3/2))/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - a - b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/f`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.381 $\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3166
Mathematica [F]	3167
Rubi [A] (verified)	3167
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3171
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3172
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3173
Mupad [F(-1)]	3174
Reduce [F]	3175

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(8a^2 + 12ab + 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right)}{8(a + b)^{3/2} f} + \frac{(4a + 3b) \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{8(a + b) f} - \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{4f}$$

output

```
a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f-1/8*(8*a^2+12*a*b+3*b^2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(3/2)/f+1/8*(4*a+3*b)*cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 110, 27, 168, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\tan(e + fx)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4627 \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^3} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow f \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^3} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 354 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^3} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 110 \\ & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(3b \sec^2(e+fx)+4a)}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(3b \sec^2(e+fx)+4a)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f} \\ & \downarrow 168 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(4a+3b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b(4a+3b) \sec^2(e+fx)+8a(a+b))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b(4a+3b) \sec^2(e+fx)+8a(a+b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{(4a+3b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f} \\ & \downarrow 174 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(8a^2+12ab+3b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + 8a(a+b) \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{(4a+3b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \right)}{2f} \\ & \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2(8a^2+12ab+3b^2) \int \frac{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}}{b} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2(a+b)} + \frac{16a(a+b) \int \frac{\frac{1}{\sec^4(e+fx)} - \frac{a}{b}}{b} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} + \frac{(4a+3b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f} \\ & \downarrow 221 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2(8a^2+12ab+3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - 16\sqrt{a}(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{(4a+3b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+b}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

$2f$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*(sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(2*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-16*sqrt[a + b]*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/sqrt[a]] + (2*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/sqrt[a + b]])/sqrt[a + b]))/(2*(a + b)) + ((4*a + 3*b)*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 110 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^{p+1} / ((m+1)(b e - a f)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)(b e - a f)) \text{Int}[(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^{n-1} (e + f x)^p \text{Simp}[d e n + c f (m+p+2) + d f (m+n+p+2) x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2m, 2n, 2p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[m, n+p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[p, m+n])$

rule 168 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p (g + h x), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b g - a h) (a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^{n+1} (e + f x)^{p+1} / ((m+1)(b c - a d)(b e - a f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)(b c - a d)(b e - a f)) \text{Int}[(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p \text{Simp}[a d f g - b (d e + c f) g + b c e h (m+1) - (b g - a h) (d e (n+1) + c f (p+1)) - d f (b g - a h) (m+n+p+3) x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 174 $\text{Int}[(e + f x)^p (g + h x) / ((a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b g - a h) / (b c - a d) \text{Int}[(e + f x)^p / (a + b x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d g - c h) / (b c - a d) \text{Int}[(e + f x)^p / (c + d x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a + b x^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2] / a) \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 354 $\text{Int}[x^m (a + b x^2)^p (c + d x^2)^q, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} (a + b x)^p (c + d x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1943 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1944, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1944

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16/f/(a+b)^(9/2)*((-8*cos(f*x+e)+8)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)*a^5+(-36*cos(f*x+e)+36)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^4*b+(-63
*cos(f*x+e)+63)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e
)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^3*b^2+(-53*cos(f*x
+e)+53)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^2*b^3+(-21*cos(f*x+e)+21)*
sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a*b^4+(-3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*sin(f*x+e)^2
*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*
x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*b^5+(8*cos(f*x+e)-8)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1953, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.13

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(4*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + ((8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)) - 4*((6*a^2 + 11*a*b + 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (4*a^2 + 7*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f), 1/16*(((8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arc tan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + 2*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(1...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cot^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cot^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 866 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 866, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/64*(sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)*(tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - (11*a + 9*b)/(a + b)) - 128*a*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 8*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)) - 4*(8*a^2 + 12*a*b + 3*b^2)*log(abs((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) - sqrt(a + b)*(a - b)))/(a + b)^(3/2) + 4*(2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*(3*a^2 - 2*b^2) - (sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*(7*a^2 + 10*a*b + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a + b) - 2*(2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 - 3*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)) + 5*(...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**5,x)`

3.382 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3176
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3177
Rubi [A] (verified)	3177
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3183
Sympy [F]	3184
Maxima [F]	3185
Giac [F]	3185
Mupad [F(-1)]	3185
Reduce [F]	3186

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} \\
 &+ \frac{(a^3 + 5a^2b + 15ab^2 - 5b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{16b^{5/2}f} \\
 &- \frac{(a - b)(a + 5b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16b^2f} \\
 &+ \frac{(a - 5b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{24bf} \\
 &+ \frac{\tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{6f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-a^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/16*(a^3
+5*a^2*b+15*a*b^2-5*b^3)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(
1/2))/b^(5/2)/f-1/16*(a-b)*(a+5*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b
^2/f+1/24*(a-5*b)*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f+1/6*tan(f*x+
e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(16\sqrt{ab^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \frac{(a^3+5a^2b+15ab^2-5b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{8\sqrt{2}b^2 f \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)}} - \frac{(9a^2+34ab-59b^2+4(3a^2+12ab-7b^2) \cos(2(e+fx)) + (3a^2+14ab-33b^2) \cos(4(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx)}{384b^2 f}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `-1/8*((16*Sqrt[a]*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - ((a^3 + 5*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*b^2*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]) - ((9*a^2 + 34*a*b - 59*b^2 + 4*(3*a^2 + 12*a*b - 7*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + (3*a^2 + 14*a*b - 33*b^2)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x])/(384*b^2*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 380, 444, 27, 444, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan(e+fx)^6 \sqrt{a+b \sec(e+fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4629 \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2075 \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 380 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} \tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)-(a-5b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 444 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\int \frac{-\frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx)((a-b)(a+5b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a-5b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{6} \tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((a-b)(a+5b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a-5b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{6} \tan^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 444 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a-b)(a+5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^3+5ba^2+15b^2a-5b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+5b)(a^2-\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2b} \right)}{4b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 398
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a-b)(a+5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+5a^2b+15ab^2-5b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan}{4b} \right)}{4b} \right)$$

f

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a-b)(a+5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+5a^2b+15ab^2-5b^3) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan}{4b} \right)}{4b} \right)$$

f

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a-b)(a+5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+5a^2b+15ab^2-5b^3) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4b} \right)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a-b)(a+5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+5a^2b+15ab^2-5b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4b} \right) f$$

216

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(a-5b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(a-b)(a+5b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+5a^2b+15ab^2-5b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2b} \right) f$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/6 + (((a - 5*b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(4*b) - (3*(-1/2*(-16*Sqrt[a]*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + ((a^3 + 5*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/b + ((a - b)*(a + 5*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b)))/(4*b))/6)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 380 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*}((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m-1) + (a*d*(m-1) - 2*q*(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 444 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1256 vs. 2(193) = 386.

Time = 49.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1257, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.74

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1257

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/96/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(11/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-3*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^3
*b^3-15*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^2*b^4-45*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(4
*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1
))*a*b^5+15*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^6-3*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(-4
*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1
))*a^3*b^3-15*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^2*b^4-45*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/
2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(
f*x+e)-1))*a*b^5+15*cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1775, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.11

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/192*(24*sqrt(-a)*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - 3*(a^3 + 5*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*((3*a^2*b + 14*a*b^2 - 33*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 8*b^3 - 2*(a*b^2 - 13*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^5), 1/96*(12*sqrt(-a)*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 3*(a^3 + 5*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*tan(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \tan(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \tan(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.383 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$

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Sympy [F]	3194
Maxima [F]	3195
Giac [F]	3195
Mupad [F(-1)]	3195
Reduce [F]	3196

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(a^2 + 6ab - 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}f}$$

$$+ \frac{(a - 3b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8bf}$$

$$+ \frac{\tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{4f}$$

output

```
a^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/8*(a^2+6
*a*b-3*b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
/f+1/8*(a-3*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f+1/4*tan(f*x+e)^3*
(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(8\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \frac{(a^2+6ab-3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4\sqrt{2}bf \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)}} + \frac{(a-b+(a-5b) \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^2(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \tan(e+fx)}{16bf}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((8*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - ((a^2 + 6*a*b - 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]) + ((a - b + (a - 5*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x])/(16*b*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 380, 444, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4629$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{380} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(3(a+b)-(a-3b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{444} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{(a^2+6ba-3b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a-3b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} + \frac{(a-3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(a-3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{(a^2+6ba-3b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a-3b)(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(a-3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^2+6ab-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - 8ab \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(a-3b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^2+6ab-3b^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - 8ab \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^2+6ab-3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8ab \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan \right)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^2+6ab-3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8ab \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right)$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a^2+6ab-3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} t$$

f

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/4 + (-1/2*(-8*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + ((a^2 + 6*a*b - 3*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/b + ((a - 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b))/4)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2]^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2] \cdot (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2]^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] \cdot (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2] \cdot ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{c} - (\text{b} \cdot \text{c} - \text{a} \cdot \text{d}) \cdot \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} \cdot \text{c} - \text{a} \cdot \text{d}, 0]$
- rule 380 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_}] \cdot ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_} \cdot ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} \cdot (\text{e} \cdot \text{x})^{\text{m} - 1} \cdot (\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} \cdot ((\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{\text{q}} / (\text{b} \cdot (\text{m} + 2 \cdot (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}^2 / (\text{b} \cdot (\text{m} + 2 \cdot (\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} \cdot \text{x})^{\text{m} - 2} \cdot (\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} \cdot (\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2)^{\text{q} - 1} \cdot \text{Simp}[\text{a} \cdot \text{c} \cdot (\text{m} - 1) + (\text{a} \cdot \text{d} \cdot (\text{m} - 1) - 2 \cdot \text{q} \cdot (\text{b} \cdot \text{c} - \text{a} \cdot \text{d})) \cdot \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} \cdot \text{c} - \text{a} \cdot \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2] / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) \cdot (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{b} \cdot \text{e} - \text{a} \cdot \text{f}) / \text{b} \quad \text{Int}[1/((\text{a} + \text{b} \cdot \text{x}^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d} \cdot \text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 444 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 932 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 42.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 933, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	933

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/16/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(3*cos(f*x+e)*b^(5/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)-6*
cos(f*x+e)*b^(3/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+
e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)*a-cos(f*x+e)*b^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2
)*a^2+3*cos(f*x+e)*b^(5/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)-6*cos(f*x+e)*b^(3/2)*ln(-4*(
b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))
*(-a)^(1/2)*a-cos(f*x+e)*b^(1/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2+16*cos(f*x+e)*ln(4
*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2+2*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b*(sin(f*x+e)+...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1621, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.82

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(4*sqrt(-a)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4
- a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a
^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*
b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 -
7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - (a^2 + 6*a*b - 3*b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x +
e)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*((a
*b - 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), 1/16*(2*sqrt(-a)*b^2*cos(f*x +
e)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(
5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2
- 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2
- 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 -
14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f
*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)
) - (a^2 + 6*a*b - 3*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2
*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*tan(e + f*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.384 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3197
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3198
Rubi [A] (verified)	3199
Maple [B] (verified)	3202
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3202
Sympy [F]	3203
Maxima [F]	3204
Giac [F]	3204
Mupad [F(-1)]	3204
Reduce [F]	3205

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(a-b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*(a-b)
*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/f+1/2*tan(
f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos(e + fx) \left(-\frac{i(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} + \frac{-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}fx+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\log(a+2b+ae^{2i(e+fx)})}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))])*Cos[e + f*x]*((( -I)*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))^2 + (-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*f*x + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - a*Log[(2*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]*f)/((a - b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))] + b*Log[(2*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]*f)/((a - b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(Sqrt[2]*f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 380, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^2(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e+fx)^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec(e+fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{380} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-((a-b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((a-b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - 2a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((a-b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - 2a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 2a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)}$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}+1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(a-b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)}$$

f

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + ((a - b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/2 + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 380 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 1) + (a*d*(m - 1) - 2*q*(b*c - a*d)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 635 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 24.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 636, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

method	result
default	$\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2} \left(-\cos(fx+e)\sqrt{-a} \ln \left(\frac{-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)+4\sin(fx+e)a-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4a-4b}{\sin(fx+e)-1} \right) b^{\frac{3}{2}} + \cos \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4/f/(-a)^{(1/2)}/b*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/(1+\cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*(-\cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*\cos(f*x+e)+\sin(f*x+e)*a-b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)-a-b}/(\sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^{(3/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*\cos(f*x+e)+\sin(f*x+e)*a-b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)-a-b}/(\sin(f*x+e)-1))*b^{(1/2)*a-\cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*\ln(-4*(-b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*\cos(f*x+e)+\sin(f*x+e)*a-b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)+a+b}/(\sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^{(3/2)}+\cos(f*x+e)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*\ln(-4*(-b)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*\cos(f*x+e)+\sin(f*x+e)*a-b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)+a+b}/(\sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^{(1/2)*a-4*\cos(f*x+e)*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b+(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)*b*(2*\sin(f*x+e)+2*\tan(f*x+e))} \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 291 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1471, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.47

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*b*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - (a - b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/8*(2*(a - b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*b*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*tan(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.385 $\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3206
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3206
Rubi [A] (verified)	3207
Maple [B] (verified)	3209
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3210
Sympy [F]	3211
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	3212
Giac [F]	3213
Mupad [F(-1)]	3213
Reduce [F]	3213

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

output

$$a^{(1/2)} * \arctan(a^{(1/2)} * \tan(f*x+e) / (a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}) / f + b^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)} * \tan(f*x+e) / (a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}) / f$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{i(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}) \left(2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a+2b+ae^{2i(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)}+a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} f}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output
$$\frac{((-1/2*I)*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)}))*(2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)}))/sqrt[4*b*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)} + a*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)})^2]] + sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(a + 2*b + a*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)})/(sqrt[a]*sqrt[4*b*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)} + a*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)})^2]]) - sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(a + a*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)} + 2*b*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)})/(sqrt[a]*sqrt[4*b*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)} + a*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)})^2]])]*sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]}{(sqrt[4*b*E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)} + a*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(e + f*x)})^2]*f)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 301, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4616 \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 301 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow 224 \\ & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}}{f} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 219 \\
 a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 301 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/
d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[(a + b*x^2)^(
p - 1)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0] && (EqQ[p, 1/2] || EqQ[Denominator[p], 4] || (EqQ[p, 2/3] && E
qQ[b*c + 3*a*d, 0]))`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. $2(67) = 134$.

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

method	result
default	$\left(\sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{-4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) - 1} \right) \sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(-\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)+2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1227, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 2*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4))/f, 1/8*(4*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/f, -1/4*(sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3227, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*sqrt(a)*b^(3/2)*arctan2(a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^
2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*c
os(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*
arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2*cos(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*
a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x
+ 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a
)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos
(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + a + 2*b) + a^(3/2)*sq
rt(b)*arctan2(2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2
+ 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin
(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2
+ 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos
(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2
*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) +
a)), 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*...
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.386 $\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3214
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3214
Rubi [A] (verified)	3215
Maple [B] (verified)	3217
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3218
Sympy [F]	3219
Maxima [F]	3219
Giac [F]	3219
Mupad [F(-1)]	3220
Reduce [F]	3220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{f}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-cot(f*x+e)
)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(\sqrt{a + b} \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{a + b}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b}}\right) \right) \sin(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b} f \sqrt{\frac{a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))}{a + b}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```

-((Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*
Cos[2*(e + f*x)])/(a + b)] + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])
/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sin[e + f*x]))/(Sqrt[a + b]*f*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f
*x)])/(a + b)]))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 377, 25, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\tan^2(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{377} \\
 & \int -\frac{a}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \cot(e + fx) \left(-\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \right) - \int \frac{a}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cot(e+fx) \left(-\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\cot(e+fx) \left(-\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{-\sqrt{a} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]) - Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 377 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1) + 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u._)^(p._)*(v._)^(q._)*((e._)*(x._))^(m._), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a._) + (b._)*sec[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)]^(n._))^(p._)*((d._)*tan[(e._) + (f._)*(x._)])^(m._), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}-4\sin(fx+e)}\right)a\sin(fx+e)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}(1+\cos(fx+e))\right)\sqrt{f\sqrt{-a}(1+\cos(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}}{f\sqrt{-a}(1+\cos(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/f/(-a)^(1/2)*(ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*sin(f*x+e)+(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(1+cos(f*x+e)))*(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cot(f*x+e)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.23

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-a} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256 (a^4 - a^3 b) \cos^6(fx + e) + 32 (5 a^4 - 14 a^3 b + 5 a^2 b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) + a^4 - 28 a^3 b + 70 a^2 b^2 - 28 a b^3 + b^4 - 32 (a^4 - 7 a^3 b + 7 a^2 b^2 - a b^3) \cos^2(fx + e) + 8 (16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^7 - 24 (a^3 - a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 2 (5 a^3 - 14 a^2 b + 5 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7 a^2 b + 7 a b^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} \sin(fx + e) \right)}{(f \sin(fx + e)) \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} \cos(fx + e) / (f \sin(fx + e))} + \frac{1}{4} \left(\sqrt{a} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{4} (8 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 8 (a^2 - a b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6 a b + b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} / ((2 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^4 - a^2 b + a b^2 - (a^3 - 3 a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e)) \right) \right) \sin(fx + e) - 4 \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} \cos(fx + e) / (f \sin(fx + e)) \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 8*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(f*sin(f*x + e)), 1/4*(sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)/(f*sin(f*x + e)))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cot^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.387 $\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3221
Rubi [A] (verified)	3222
Maple [B] (verified)	3225
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3225
Sympy [F]	3226
Maxima [F]	3226
Giac [F]	3227
Mupad [F(-1)]	3227
Reduce [F]	3227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(3a + 2b) \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{3(a + b)f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{3f}$$

output

```
a^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/3*(3*a+2
*b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*
tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(\frac{\csc^3(e+fx)(a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{a+b} - 3 \csc(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)} \right)}{3f \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output
$$-1/3*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2]*((\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^3*(a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)})/(a + b) - 3*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b - a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2]*(1 + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b])]*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (a*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])))))/(f*\text{Sqrt}[a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*e + 2*f*x]])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 377, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}}{\tan(e + fx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4629 \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2075 \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 377 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx) (-2b \tan^2(e + fx) + b - 3(a + b))}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow f \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(3a+2b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{f - \frac{3a(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)}{f} - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(3a \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{(3a+2b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right)}{f} - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(3a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{(3a+2b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right)}{f} - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(3\sqrt{a} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) + \frac{(3a+2b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right)}{f} - \frac{1}{3} \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
(-1/3*(Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + (3*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + ((3*a + 2*b)*Cot[
e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/3)/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```


rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 377 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m
, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
)*(x)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 358 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left((3 \cos(fx+e)-3) \sin(fx+e) a^2 \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a \right) + (3 \cos(fx+e)-3) \sin(fx+e) a^2 \right)}{...}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3/f/(a+b)/(-a)^{(1/2)}*((3*\cos(f*x+e)-3)*\sin(f*x+e)*a^2*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)+(3*\cos(f*x+e)-3)*\sin(f*x+e)*a*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*b+(4*\cos(f*x+e)^2-3)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a+(3*\cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*b*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cot(f*x+e)*\csc(f*x+e)^2$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 629, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(3*((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 8*((4*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/12*(3*((a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a - b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((4*a + 3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a + 2*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a + b)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cot^4(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a} \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a} \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.388 $\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3229
Rubi [A] (verified)	3229
Maple [B] (verified)	3233
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3233
Sympy [F]	3234
Maxima [F]	3235
Giac [F]	3235
Mupad [F(-1)]	3235
Reduce [F]	3236

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{(15a^2 + 25ab + 8b^2) \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{15(a + b)^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{(b - 5(a + b)) \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{15(a + b) f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{5f}$$

output

```
-a^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/15*(15*
a^2+25*a*b+8*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/15*(-4
*b-5*a)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5*(
a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx) (23a^2 + 40ab + 15b^2 - (11a^2 + 21ab + 10b^2) \csc^2(e+fx) + 3(a+b)^2 \csc^4(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^2 f}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*Cos[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(f*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]])) - (Cot[e + f*x]*(23*a^2 + 40*a*b + 15*b^2 - (11*a^2 + 21*a*b + 10*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 3*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^4)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(15*(a + b)^2*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 377, 445, 25, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)^2}}{\tan(e + fx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4629}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 2075$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 377$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(-4b \tan^2(e+fx)+b-5(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{1}{5} \cot^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 445$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\int -\frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(15a^2+25ba+8b^2-2b(b-5(a+b)) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(b-5(a+b)) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right) - \frac{1}{5} \cot^5(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 25$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(15a^2+25ba+8b^2-2b(b-5(a+b)) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(b-5(a+b)) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right) - \frac{1}{5} \cot^5(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 445$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\int \frac{\frac{15a(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(15a^2+25ab+8b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(b-5(a+b)) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{-15a(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(15a^2+25ab+8b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(b-5(a+b)) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 291$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{-15a(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(15a^2+25ab+8b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(b-5(a+b)) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right) f$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{-\frac{(15a^2+25ab+8b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - 15\sqrt{a}(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(b-5(a+b)) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right) f$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(-1/5*(Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + (-1/3*((b - 5*(a + b))*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) + (-15*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] - ((15*a^2 + 25*a*b + 8*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(3*(a + b)))/5)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 377 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m
, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
)*(x)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 547 vs. $2(149) = 298$.

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^3(-15\cos(fx+e)+15)\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)a\right)a^3+\sin(fx+e)\right)}{1}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/15/f/(a+b)^2/(-a)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(f*x+e)^3*(-15*\cos(f*x+e)+15)*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)} \\ & *((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b \\ & +a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3+\sin(f*x+e)^3* \\ & (-30*\cos(f*x+e)+30)*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}- \\ & 4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b+\sin(f*x+e)^3*(-15*\cos(f*x+e)+15)*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b \\ & +a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos \\ & (f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2+(23*\cos(f*x+e)^4- \\ & 35*\cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & *a^2+(40*\cos(f*x+e)^4-59*\cos(f*x+e)^2+25)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(\\ & 1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b+(15*\cos(f*x+e)^4-20*\cos(f*x+e)^2+8)*(-a)^{(1/2)}* \\ & ((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/ \\ & ((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cot(f*x+e)*\csc(f*x+e)^4 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 364 vs. $2(149) = 298$.

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 849, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/120*(15*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256
*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b
+ 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 -
a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (
a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 8*((23*a^2 + 40*a*b +
15*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (35*a^2 + 59*a*b + 20*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*
a^2 + 25*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)))/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*co
s(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/60*(15*((a^2 + 2*a*
b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + 2*a
*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^
2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((23*a^2 + 40*a*b + 1
5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (35*a^2 + 59*a*b + 20*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^
2 + 25*a*b + 8*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)
^2)))/(((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*f*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \cot^6(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)*cot(e + f*x)**6, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cot^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a} \cot^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)*cot(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} dx = \int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**6,x)`

3.389 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3237
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3237
Rubi [A] (verified)	3238
Maple [B] (verified)	3240
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3241
Sympy [F]	3241
Maxima [F]	3242
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3242
Mupad [F(-1)]	3243
Reduce [F]	3244

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f} + \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3f} - \frac{(a+2b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b^2 f} + \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{7/2}}{7b^2 f}$$

output

```
-a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f+a*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f-1/5*(a+2*b)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)/b^2/f+1/7*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(7/2)/b^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \left(35b^2(a + b \sec^2(e + fx)) - 42b(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^2 + 15(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^3 \right)}{105b^2 f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*(35*b^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2) - 42*b*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2 + 15*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^3 - (105*a*b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]]))/Sqrt[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a] + 21*a*(5*b^2 - (a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2))/(105*b^2*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}}{b} + \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} + \frac{(-a - 2b)(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}}{b} \right) d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-2a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{2(a+2b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{2}{3}(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} + 2}{2f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `(-2*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2] + (2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/3 - (2*(a + 2*b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(5*b^2) + (2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2))/(7*b^2))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 437 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 36.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

method	result
default	$-\frac{(a+b\sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(105a^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} + 4\cos(fx+e)a \right) b^2 \cos(fx+e)^3 + 6\sqrt{a} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/105/f/b^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2
)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(105*a^(3/2)*ln(4*a
^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3
+6*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*(cos(f*x+e)^3+cos(f*x+e
)^2)+3*(14*cos(f*x+e)^3+14*cos(f*x+e)^2-cos(f*x+e)-1)*a^2*b*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)+4*a*b^2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2
)^(1/2)*(21-35*cos(f*x+e)^3-35*cos(f*x+e)^2+21*cos(f*x+e)-6*sec(f*x+e)-6*sec
ec(f*x+e)^2)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(-35*cos(f*x+
e)-35+42*sec(f*x+e)+42*sec(f*x+e)^2-15*sec(f*x+e)^3-15*sec(f*x+e)^4))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 6.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \left[\frac{105 a^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 \cos(fx + e)^6 \log\left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 256 a^3 b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + b^3 \cos(fx + e)^2\right) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} - 8(2(3a^3 + 21a^2b - 70ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 - (3a^2b - 84ab^2 + 35b^3) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 15b^3 - 6(4ab^2 - 7b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{(b^2 f \cos(fx + e))^6}, \frac{1}{420} (105 \sqrt{-a} a b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{4} (8a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}\right) / (2a^3 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3a^2 b \cos(fx + e)^2 + ab^2)) \cos(fx + e)^6 - 4(2(3a^3 + 21a^2b - 70ab^2) \cos(fx + e)^6 - (3a^2b - 84ab^2 + 35b^3) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 15b^3 - 6(4ab^2 - 7b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{(b^2 f \cos(fx + e))^6} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/840*(105*a^(3/2)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^6*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - 8*(2*(3*a^3 + 21*a^2*b - 70*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (3*a^2*b - 84*a*b^2 + 35*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 15*b^3 - 6*(4*a*b^2 - 7*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^6), 1/420*(105*sqrt(-a)*a*b^2*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 4*(2*(3*a^3 + 21*a^2*b - 70*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (3*a^2*b - 84*a*b^2 + 35*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 15*b^3 - 6*(4*a*b^2 - 7*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*tan(e + f*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2026 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2026, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.01

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/105*(105*a^2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/sqrt(-a) - 2*(105*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^13*a^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 1575*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^12*sqrt(a + b)*a^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*(129*a^3 + 21*a^2*b - 96*a*b^2 - 32*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 70*(387*a^3 - 417*a^2*b - 96*a*b^2 + 128*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^10*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 7*(6525*a^4 - 11790*a^3*b - 2235*a^2*b^2 + 9088*a*b^3 - 1344*b^4)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 7*(5355*a^4 - 28290*a^3*b + 28995*a^2*b^2 - 3008*a*b^3 - 896*b^4)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - s...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{60\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^4(fx + e) b - 48\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^3(fx + e) b + 32\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^2(fx + e) b - 105\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan(fx + e) b + 344\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan(fx + e) a - 156\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^2(fx + e) a + 45\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^3(fx + e) a - 108\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^4(fx + e) a + 312\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^5(fx + e) a}{420f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output `(60*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**4*b - 48*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3*b + 32*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*b + 105*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**1*b + 344*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**0*a - 156*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**1*a + 45*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*a - 108*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3*a + 312*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**4*a - 420*f*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**5*a)/(420*f)`

3.390 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3245
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3245
Rubi [A] (verified)	3246
Maple [B] (verified)	3249
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3250
Sympy [F]	3251
Maxima [F]	3251
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3251
Mupad [F(-1)]	3252
Reduce [F]	3253

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f} - \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3f} + \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5bf}$$

output

$a^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/f-a*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}/f-1/3*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}/f+1/5*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(5/2)}/b/f$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{15a^{3/2}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - 15ab\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} - 5b(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} + 3(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{15bf}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output

$$(15*a^{(3/2)}*b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] - 15*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2] - 5*b*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)} + 3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^{(5/2)})/(15*b*f)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 90, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4627$$

$$\frac{\int -\cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec^2(e + fx) - \frac{2(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{5b}}{2f}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{a \int \cos(e+fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a} d \sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{2}{3}(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2f}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{a \left(a \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + 2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{2}{3}(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2f}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{2}{3}(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2f}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{a \left(2\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) - \frac{2(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{2}{3}(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/3 - (2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + a*(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * ((\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} / (\text{b} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{n} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) / (\text{b} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} - 1}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + \text{n} + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m} - \text{n}, 0]))) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[\text{m} + \text{n} + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{p} * (\text{m} + 1) - 1} * (\text{c} - \text{a} * (\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d} * (\text{x}^{\text{p}}/\text{b}))^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{1/\text{p}}], \text{x}]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 90 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}) * ((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}), \text{x_}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{b} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1} * ((\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p} + 1} / (\text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 2) - \text{b} * (\text{d} * \text{e} * (\text{n} + 1) + \text{c} * \text{f} * (\text{p} + 1))) / (\text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{n} + \text{p} + 2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} * (\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{n} + \text{p} + 2, 0]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2] / \text{a}) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{x} / \text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{p}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{q}_.}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} - 1)/2} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_., \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 336 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 32.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(15a^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} + 4 \cos(fx+e)a} \right) b \cos(fx+e)^3 + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \right)}{15fb}$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15/f/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(15*a^(3/2)*ln(4*a^(1/2
))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*b*cos(f*x+e)^3+((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*(3*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*cos(f*x+e)^2)+
(-20*cos(f*x+e)^3-20*cos(f*x+e)^2+6*cos(f*x+e)+6)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(-
5*cos(f*x+e)-5+3*sec(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)^2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 198 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{15 a^{\frac{3}{2}} b \cos(fx + e)^4 \log\left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 256 a^3 b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 32 a b^3 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^4 + 8(16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 24 a^2 b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 10 a b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + b^3 \cos(fx + e)^2)\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}} + 8((3 a^2 - 20 a b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + (6 a b - 5 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3 b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}\right) + 15 \sqrt{-a} b \arctan\left(\frac{(8 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 8 a b \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{4(2 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 3 a^2 b \cos(fx + e)^2 + a b^2)}\right) \cos(fx + e)^4 - 4((3 a^2 - 20 a b) \cos(fx + e)^4 + (6 a b - 5 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^2 + 3 b^2) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{60 b f \cos(fx + e)^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/120*(15*a^(3/2)*b*cos(f*x + e)^4*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 8*((3*a^2 - 20*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (6*a*b - 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^4), -1/60*(15*sqrt(-a)*a*b*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 4*((3*a^2 - 20*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (6*a*b - 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 3*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*tan(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \tan^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1431 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1431, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.76

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/15*(15*a^2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))*sgn(cos(f
*x + e))/sqrt(-a) - 2*(15*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^9*a^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 15*(sqr
t(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ a + b))^8*(7*a^2 - 8*a*b - 4*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 20*(1
5*a^3 - 21*a^2*b - 12*a*b^2 + 8*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 -
sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) -
20*(21*a^3 - 63*a^2*b + 60*a*b^2 - 4*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e
)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1
/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^6*sqrt(a + b)*sgn
(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*(105*a^4 - 630*a^3*b + 1065*a^2*b^2 + 360*a*b^3 - 16*b^
4)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 10*(21*a^4 + 42*a^3*b - 303*a^2*b^
2 + 336*a*b^3 + 4*b^4)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{6\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan(fx + e)^2 b - 4\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + 15\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan(fx + e)^2 a - 34\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} a - 9 \int (\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^3(fx + e)) / (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a), x) a b f - 30 \int (\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan(fx + e)) / (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a), x) a^2 f / (30 f)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`

output `(6*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2*b - 4*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + 15*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2*a - 34*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a - 9*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a*b*f - 30*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a**2*f)/(30*f)`

3.391 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3254
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3254
Rubi [A] (verified)	3255
Maple [A] (verified)	3257
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3258
Sympy [F]	3258
Maxima [F]	3259
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3260
Reduce [F]	3261

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{a \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{f} + \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3f}$$

output

$$-a^{(3/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a + b * \sec(f * x + e)^2)^{(1/2)}}{a^{(1/2)}}\right) / f + a * (a + b * \sec(f * x + e)^2)^{(1/2)} / f + 1/3 * (a + b * \sec(f * x + e)^2)^{(3/2)} / f$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{2b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{a \cos^2(e + fx)}{b}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3f \sqrt{1 + \frac{a \cos^2(e + fx)}{b}} (a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x],x]`

output `(2*b*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -3/2, -1/2, -((a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*f*Sqrt[1 + (a*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/b]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 243, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4627 \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{a \int \cos(e + fx) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a} d \sec^2(e + fx) + \frac{2}{3} (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{a \left(a \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) + 2 \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)} \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sec^4(e+fx) - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e+fx)} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2f} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{a \left(2\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e+fx)} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x], x]`

output `((2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/3 + a*(-2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3f} - \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{f} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}{f}$	81
default	$\frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3f} - \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{f} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}{f}$	81

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/f-1/f*a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/sec(f*x+e))+a*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.78

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{3 a^{3/2} \cos(fx + e)^2 \log(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 256 a^3 b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/24*(3*a^(3/2)*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos
(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 -
8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e
)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e
^2)) + 8*(4*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e
^2)))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2), 1/12*(3*sqrt(-a)*a*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e
^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(
f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + 4*(4*a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2))/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*tan(e + f*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 867 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 867, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.12

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/3*(3*a^2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))*sgn(cos(f*x
+ e))/sqrt(-a) + 2*(3*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^5*(2*a*b + b^2)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 3
*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*t
an(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2
*e)^2 + a + b))^4*(6*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*(6*a^2*b
- 15*a*b^2 - b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*
x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*(2*a^2*b + 7*a*b
^2 + b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e
)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 3*(6*a^3*b - a^
2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 - 5*b^4)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + (6*a^3*b - 21
*a^2*b^2 + 28*a*b^3 + 7*b^4)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/((sqrt(a + b)*
tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x ...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3f} - \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{f}$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)/(3*f) - (a^(3/2)*atanh((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/f + (a*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2))/f
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx)b + a} \sec^2(e + fx)b + 4\sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx)b + a} a + 3 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx)b + a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sec^2(e + fx)b + a} dx \right)}{3f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + 4*sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*a + 3*int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a**2*f)/(3*f)`

3.392 $\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3262
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3262
Rubi [A] (verified)	3263
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3266
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3267
Sympy [F]	3268
Maxima [F]	3268
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3268
Mupad [F(-1)]	3269
Reduce [F]	3270

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(a+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{f} + \frac{b \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

output

$a^{(3/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}((a+b * \sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)} / a^{(1/2)}) / f - (a+b)^{(3/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}((a+b * \sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)} / (a+b)^{(1/2)}) / f + b * (a+b * \sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)} / f$

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(\frac{2b}{1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}} + \frac{-2ia^{3/2} fx + 2(a+b)^{3/2} \log}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*((2*b)/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))) + ((-2*I)*a^(3/2)*f*x + 2*(a + b)^(3/2)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]) + a^(3/2)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]) + a^(3/2)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]) - 2*a*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]) - 2*b*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]])/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 95, 25, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\tan(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4627$$

$$\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec(e + fx)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{95} \\
 & \frac{-\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(a^2+b(2a+b)\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - 2b\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(a^2+b(2a+b)\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - 2b\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{174} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + (a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - 2b\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a} + 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} - 2b\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{-2a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2(a+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - 2b\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(-2*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*(a + b)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]] - 2*b*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[p/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(p*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)} * (\text{c} - \text{a}*(\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d}*(\text{x}^p/\text{b}))^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{(1/p)}], \text{x}]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 95 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.))), \text{x}_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f * (\text{e} + f*\text{x})^{(p - 1)} / (\text{b}*d*(p - 1))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{b}*d) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{b}*d*\text{e}^2 - \text{a}*c*f^2 + f*(2*\text{b}*d*\text{e} - \text{b}*c*f - \text{a}*d*f)*\text{x}) * (\text{e} + f*\text{x})^{(p - 2)} / ((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}) * (\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}))], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 1]$
- rule 174 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}) * ((\text{g}_.) + (\text{h}_.) * (\text{x}_.)) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.))), \text{x}_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*g - \text{a}*h) / (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} + f*\text{x})^p / (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*g - \text{c}*h) / (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} + f*\text{x})^p / (\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{h}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2] / \text{a}) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{x} / \text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{p}_.} * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{q}_.}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(m - 1)/2} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^p * (\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^q], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_., \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1300 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 6.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1301, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.30

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1301

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/f/(a+b)^(5/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(2*a^(3/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*ln(4
*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*cos(f*x+e)^3+1
n(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+
e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^4*cos(f*x+e)^3+4*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^3*b*
cos(f*x+e)^3+6*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x+e)^3+4*ln(2/(a+b)
^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+
(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1
+cos(f*x+e)))*a*b^3*cos(f*x+e)^3+ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*b^4*cos(f*x+e)^3
-ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-
1+cos(f*x+e)))*a^4*cos(f*x+e)^3-4*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1075, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.81

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(a^(3/2)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*
a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 2*(a + b)^(
3/2)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a +
b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + 1)) + 8*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f, 1/8*
(4*(a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a
- b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + a*b + b^2)) + a^(3/2)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x
+ e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(1
6*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))
+ 8*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/f, -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*a*arc
tan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(
(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) - (a + b)^(3/2)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*cot(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 718 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 4.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 718, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.89

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*(4*a^2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/sqrt(-a) - (a + b)^(3/2)*log(abs(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b)))*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + (a + b)^(3/2)*log(abs(-sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b)))*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + (a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) + sqrt(a + b)*(a - b))*sgn(cos(f*x + e))/sqrt(a + b) - 8*((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + sqrt(a + b)*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2...)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cot(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot(fx + e) \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x),x)*a`

3.393 $\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3271
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3271
Rubi [A] (verified)	3272
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3275
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3276
Sympy [F(-1)]	3277
Maxima [F]	3278
Giac [F(-2)]	3278
Mupad [F(-1)]	3278
Reduce [F]	3279

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(2a - b)\sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2f}$$

$$-\frac{(a + b) \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
-a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f+1/2*(2*a-b)*(a+b)^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/f-1/2*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(\frac{(a+b)(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} - \frac{-2ia^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bf} x}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*((a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 - ((-2*I)*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*f*x + (2*a^2 + a*b - b^2)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))] + a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 2*a^2*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - a*b*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + b^2*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]])/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 109, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx))^2}{\tan(e + fx)^3} dx \\
& \downarrow 4627 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
& \downarrow 109 \\
& \frac{\frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} - \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(2a^2+(a-b)b \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(2a^2+(a-b)b \sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
& \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) + (2a - b)(a + b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} + \frac{2(2a-b)(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2(2a - b)\sqrt{a + b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}} \right) - 4a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-4*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + 2*(2*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/2 + ((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 174 `Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 900 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 901, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.90

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	901

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4/f/(a+b)^(3/2)*((3*cos(f*x+e)-3)*a^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*b+(-3*cos
(f*x+e)+3)*a^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)+cos
(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))*b+(-2+2*cos(f*x+e))*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(
1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
*a^3+(1-cos(f*x+e))*b^3*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e)))^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))+(-2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*ln(-4*(
(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(
1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f
*x+e))*a^3+(-1+cos(f*x+e))*b^3*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e)))^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e))+4*cos(f*x+e)-4)*a^(3/2)*(a
+b)^(3/2)*ln(4*a^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*cos(f*x
+e)+4*a^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a-
2*cos(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(a+b)^(3/2)*a-2*c
os(f*x+e))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^(1/2)*(a+b)^(3/2)*b*(a...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1300, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.40

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(4*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*c
os(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4
- 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)) - ((2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a + b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 +
8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*(
(2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1))/(f*c
os(f*x + e)^2 - f), 1/8*(4*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e
)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*((2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*
arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e
)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + (a*co
s(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x +
e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16
*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/
(f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f), 1/8*(4*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*
a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cot(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^3(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^3(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**3*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**3,x)*a`

3.394 $\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3280
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3281
Rubi [A] (verified)	3282
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3285
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3286
Sympy [F(-1)]	3287
Maxima [F]	3288
Giac [F(-2)]	3288
Mupad [F(-1)]	3288
Reduce [F]	3289

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(8a^2 + 4ab - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a+bf}} + \frac{(4a - b) \cot^2(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{8f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^4(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{4f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/f-1/8*(8*a^2+4*a*b-b^2)*
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(1/2)/f+1/8*(4*a-b)*co
t(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/4*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+
e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 684, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})(b(1+6e^{2i(e+fx)}+e^{4i(e+fx)})+(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)}))}{(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})} \right)}{(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(-(((1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*(b*(1 + 6*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + E^((4*I)*(e + f*x))) + a*(6 - 4*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 6*E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)))))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4) + ((-8*I)*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*f*x + (8*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))] + 4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + 4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 8*a^2*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 4*a*b*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + b^2*Log[a + b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]]/(Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]))*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(2*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 109, 27, 168, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^5(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a+b\sec(e+fx))^2)^{3/2}}{\tan(e+fx)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(4a^2+(3a-b)b\sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(4a^2+(3a-b)b\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{168}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(4a-b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(a+b)\cos(e+fx)(8a^2+(4a-b)b\sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$2f$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8a^2+(4a-b)b\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + \frac{(4a-b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$2f$

↓ 174

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((8a^2 + 4ab - b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + 8a^2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) \right) + \frac{(4a-b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$2f$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(8a^2+4ab-b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} + \frac{16a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} \right) + \frac{(4a-b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$2f$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(8a^2+4ab-b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - 16a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right) + \frac{(4a-b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} \right) + \frac{(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}$$

$2f$

input

`Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

`-1/2*(((a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + ((-16*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]] + (2*(8*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b])/2 + ((4*a - b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2))/4)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`
- rule 168 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 174 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1450 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1451, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.13

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1451

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/16/f/(a+b)^(5/2)*((-16*cos(f*x+e)+16)*sin(f*x+e)^2*(a+b)^(5/2)*a^(3/2)*ln(4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)+cos(f*x+e)*(-12*cos(f*x+e)^2+8)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*a+cos(f*x+e)*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(5/2)*b+(8*cos(f*x+e)-8)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**a^4+(20*cos(f*x+e)-20)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**a^3*b+(15*cos(f*x+e)-15)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**a^2*b^2+(-2+2*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**a*b^3+(1-cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))**b^4+(-8*cos(f*x+e)+8)*sin(f*x+e)^2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+(a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(-1+cos(f*x+e)))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 404 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1801, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.33

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(4*((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2
+ a*b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160
*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*
x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - ((8*a^2 +
4*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(8*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a
^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 + 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b
*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/
(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)) - 4*((6*a^2 + 7*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*
x + e)^4 - (4*a^2 + 3*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ (a + b)*f), 1/16*(((8*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(8*a^2 + 4*
a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*(
(2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos
(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + 2*((a^2 + a*b)*co
s(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + a*b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a
^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4
+ 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(
f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt...
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cot(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^5(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^5(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**5*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**5,x)*a
```

3.395 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3290
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3291
Rubi [A] (verified)	3291
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3297
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3298
Sympy [F]	3298
Maxima [F]	3299
Giac [F]	3299
Mupad [F(-1)]	3299
Reduce [F]	3300

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(3a^4 + 20a^3b + 90a^2b^2 - 60ab^3 - 5b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}f} - \frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{128b^2f} + \frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{192bf} + \frac{(9a + b) \tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{48f} + \frac{b \tan^7(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8f}$$

output

```
-a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/128*(3*a^4+20*a^3*b+90*a^2*b^2-60*a*b^3-5*b^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f-1/128*(3*a^3+17*a^2*b-55*a*b^2-5*b^3)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f+1/192*(3*a^2-50*a*b-5*b^2)*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f+1/48*(9*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/8*b*tan(f*x+e)^7*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx =$$

$$\left(128a^{3/2}b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \frac{(3a^4+20a^3b+90a^2b^2-60ab^3-5b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \cos^3(e + f$$

$$\frac{32\sqrt{2}b^2 f(a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{3/2}}{(90a^3 + 498a^2b - 1594ab^2 - 626b^3 + (135a^3 + 759a^2b - 2303ab^2 + 513b^3) \cos(2(e + fx)) + 2(27a^3 + 159a^2b - 523ab^2 - 191b^3) \cos(4(e + fx)) + 9a^3 \cos(6(e + fx)) + 57a^2b \cos(6(e + fx)) - 337ab^2 \cos(6(e + fx)) + 15b^3 \cos(6(e + fx))} \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx]^6 \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b \operatorname{Sec}[e + fx]^2] \operatorname{Tan}[e + fx] / (12288b^2f)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/32*((128*a^(3/2)*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - ((3*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 90*a^2*b^2 - 60*a*b^3 - 5*b^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(Sqrt[2]*b^2*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)) - ((90*a^3 + 498*a^2*b - 1594*a*b^2 - 626*b^3 + (135*a^3 + 759*a^2*b - 2303*a*b^2 + 513*b^3)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*(27*a^3 + 159*a^2*b - 523*a*b^2 - 191*b^3)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)] + 9*a^3*Cos[6*(e + f*x)] + 57*a^2*b*Cos[6*(e + f*x)] - 337*a*b^2*Cos[6*(e + f*x)] + 15*b^3*Cos[6*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^6*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x])/(12288*b^2*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 379, 444, 27, 444, 27, 444, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 379

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)(b(9a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(8a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{8} b \tan^7(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 444

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} (9a + b) \tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{\int \frac{b \tan^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)(9a+b)-(3a^2-50ba-5b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{6b} \right)$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} (9a + b) \tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(5(a+b)(9a+b)-(3a^2-50ba-5b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right)$$

f

↓ 444

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx)((3a^3+17ba^2-55b^2a-5b^3) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(3a^2-50ba-5b^2))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} + \frac{(3a^2-50ab-5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} \right) \right)$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \left((3a^3 + 17ba^2 - 55b^2a - 5b^3) \tan^2(e+fx) + (a+b)(3a^2 - 50ba - 5b^2) \right)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} dx}{4b} \right) \right)$$

f

444

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \int \frac{(3a^4 + 20ba^3 + 90b^2a^2)}{4b} \right)}{4b} \right) \right)$$

398

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 20a^3b + 90a^2b^2)}{4b} \right)}{4b} \right) \right)$$

224

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 20a^3b + 90a^2b^2)}{4b} \right)}{4b} \right) \right)$$

219

$$\left(\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 20a^3b + 90a^2b^2 - \dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\left(\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 20a^3b + 90a^2b^2 - \dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 216

$$\left(\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{(3a^2 - 50ab - 5b^2) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(3a^3 + 17a^2b - 55ab^2 - 5b^3) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^4 + 20a^3b + 90a^2b^2 - \dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sec[e + f \cdot x]^2)^{(3/2)} \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^6, x]$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^7 \cdot \sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^2})/8 + (((9 \cdot a + b) \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^5 \cdot \sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^2})/6 + (((3 \cdot a^2 - 50 \cdot a \cdot b - 5 \cdot b^2) \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^3 \cdot \sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^2})/(4 \cdot b) - (3 \cdot (-1/2 \cdot (-128 \cdot a^{(3/2)} \cdot b^2 \cdot \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a} \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x])/\sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^2}]) + ((3 \cdot a^4 + 20 \cdot a^3 \cdot b + 90 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 - 60 \cdot a \cdot b^3 - 5 \cdot b^4) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b} \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x])/\sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^2}]))/\sqrt{b})/b + ((3 \cdot a^3 + 17 \cdot a^2 \cdot b - 55 \cdot a \cdot b^2 - 5 \cdot b^3) \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x] \cdot \sqrt{a + b + b \cdot \tan[e + f \cdot x]^2})/(2 \cdot b)))/(4 \cdot b)) / 6) / 8) / f \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_)(G x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)(x_)^2} \cdot ((c_)+(d_)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 379

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q -
1)/(b*e*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b*c*2
*(p + q)) + (d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*2*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + b*c*d*2*(p +
q))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0
] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 398

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]
```

rule 444

```
Int(((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q
_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int(((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^(m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2)))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1643 vs. $2(260) = 520$.

Time = 42.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1644, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1644

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/768/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(13/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(-9
*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x
+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^4*b^4-60*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*
a^3*b^5-270*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(
f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-
b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^6+180*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a
*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3
*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^7+15*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*
x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*b^8-9*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+
e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^4*b^4-60*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b^5-270*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1973, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.80

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)**6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/1536*(192*sqrt(-a)*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^7*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - 3*(3*a^4 + 20*a^3*b + 90*a^2*b^2 - 60*a*b^3 - 5*b^4)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^7*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*((9*a^3*b + 57*a^2*b^2 - 337*a*b^3 + 15*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - 2*(3*a^2*b^2 - 122*a*b^3 + 59*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 48*b^4 - 8*(9*a*b^3 - 17*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^7), 1/768*(96*sqrt(-a)*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^7*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \tan^6(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*tan(e + f*x)**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^6(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^6(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^6(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \tan^6(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^6(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^6,x)
```

output

```
int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**6,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**6,x)*a
```

3.396 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3302
Rubi [A] (verified)	3302
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3307
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3308
Sympy [F]	3309
Maxima [F]	3310
Giac [F]	3310
Mupad [F(-1)]	3310
Reduce [F]	3311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(a-b)(a^2 + 10ab + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}f} + \frac{(a^2 - 8ab - b^2) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{16bf} + \frac{(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{24f} + \frac{b \tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{6f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/16*(a-b)
*(a^2+10*a*b+b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b
^(3/2)/f+1/16*(a^2-8*a*b-b^2)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f+1/
24*(7*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/6*b*tan(f*x+e)^5*(a
+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \frac{\left(16a^{3/2}b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) - \frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \cos^3(e + fx) + (9a^2 - 58ab + 17b^2 + 4(3a^2 - 24ab - 11b^2) \cos(2(e + fx)) + (3a^2 - 38ab + 3b^2) \cos(4(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx)}{4\sqrt{2}bf(a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{3/2} + 384bf}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output

```
((16*a^(3/2)*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] - ((a - b)*(a^2 + 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(4*Sqrt[2]*b*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)) + ((9*a^2 - 58*a*b + 17*b^2 + 4*(3*a^2 - 24*a*b - 11*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + (3*a^2 - 38*a*b + 3*b^2)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]*Tan[e + f*x])/(384*b*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 379, 444, 27, 444, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e + fx)$$

f

↓ 379

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b(7a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(6a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{6} b \tan^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}$$

f

↓ 444

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{\int \frac{3b \tan^2(e+fx)((a+b)(7a+b)-(a^2-8ba-b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} \right) +$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((a+b)(7a+b)-(a^2-8ba-b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right)$$

f

↓ 444

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(- \frac{\int - \frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ba+b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(a^2-8ba-b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \right) \right)$$

f

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \tan^2(e+fx) + (a+b)(a^2-8ba-b^2)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} - \frac{f}{\tan^2(e+fx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - 16a^2 b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - 16a^2 b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 16a^2 b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a + b) \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 16a^2 b \int \frac{1}{\tan^2(e+fx)}}{2b} \right) \right)$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{4}(7a+b) \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(a-b)(a^2+10ab+b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - 16a^{3/2} b \operatorname{arctan}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)$$

f

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `((b*Tan[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/6 + (((7*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/4 - (3*((-16*a^(3/2)*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + ((a - b)*(a^2 + 10*a*b + b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b]))/(2*b) - ((a^2 - 8*a*b - b^2)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*b)))/4)/6)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 379 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b*c*2*(p + q)) + (d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*2*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + b*c*d*2*(p + q))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 444 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_) * ((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1305 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 16.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1306, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1306

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/96/f/b^(9/2)/(-a)^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(-3*ln
(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*
x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e
)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b^3-27*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a
^2*b^4+27*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f
*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b
)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^5+3*ln(4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a
)^(1/2)*b^6-3*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b^3-27*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2
)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x
+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^4+27*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^5+3*ln...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1777, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.30

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/192*(24*sqrt(-a)*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*
(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x +
e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b +
7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 -
a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a
^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 3*(a^3 + 9*a^2*b - 9*a*b^2 - b^3)*s
qrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b
^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)
*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x
+ e)^4) + 4*((3*a^2*b - 38*a*b^2 + 3*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*b^3 + 14*(a*
b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin
(f*x + e))/(b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^5), 1/96*(12*sqrt(-a)*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^5*
log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4
- 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*
a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(1
6*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2
*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e
))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 3*
(a^3 + 9*a^2*b - 9*a*b^2 - b^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*tan(e + f*x)**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^4(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \sec^2(fx + e)^2 \tan^4(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^4(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**4,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**4,x)*a`

3.397 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3312
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3313
Rubi [A] (verified)	3314
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3317
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3318
Sympy [F]	3319
Maxima [F]	3320
Giac [F]	3320
Mupad [F(-1)]	3320
Reduce [F]	3321

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}f} + \frac{(5a + b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{8f} + \frac{b \tan^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{4f}$$

output

```
-a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/8*(3*a^2-6*a*b-b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/f+1/8*(5*a+b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f+1/4*b*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \frac{e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + ae^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{i(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)}) (5a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2 - b(1-6e^{2i(e+fx)}))}{(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^4} \right)}{(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(((-I)*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*(5*a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 - b*(1 - 6*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + E^((4*I)*(e + f*x)))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^4 + (-8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*f*x + (4*I)*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - (4*I)*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 3*a^2*Log[(4*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*f]/((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))]) + 6*a*b*Log[(4*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*f]/((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))]) + b^2*Log[(4*(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*f]/((3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]))*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 379, 444, 27, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e+fx)^2 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{379} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b(5a+b) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(4a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{4} b \tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{444} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{\int \frac{b((a+b)(5a+b)-(3a^2-6ba-b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{4} b \tan^3(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (5a+b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b)(5a+b)-(3a^2-6ba-b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) + \frac{1}{4} b \tan^3(e+fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 398

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - 8a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} - 8a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \right) \right)}{f} + \frac{1}{2}(5a + b)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a+b}} \right) \right)}{f} + \frac{1}{2}(5a + b) \tan(e + fx)$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(3a^2 - 6ab - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) \right)}{f} + \frac{1}{2}(5a + b) \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
((b*Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/4 + ((-8*a^(3/2)*ArcTan
[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + ((3*a^2 - 6*a*b
- b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqr
t[b])/2 + ((5*a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/4)/f
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 379 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)})/(b*e*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + b*c*2*(p + q)) + (d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*2*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + b*c*d*2*(p + q))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 398 $\text{Int}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 444 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 970 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 11.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 971, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.85

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	971

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/16/f/b^(5/2)/(-a)^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(-3*(
-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(
f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a^2*b^2+6*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*a*b
^3+(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-
sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*b^4-3*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(b^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a^
2*b^2+6*(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*a*b^3+(-a)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(-
4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-
1))*b^4+16*b^(5/2)*cos(f*x+e)^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2+(2*cos(f*x+e)^3+2*cos(f*x+e)^2-4*cos(f*...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1627, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.80

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(4*sqrt(-a)*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4
- a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^
4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a
^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*
b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 -
7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - (3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x +
e)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
^2 - 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*((5
*a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(b*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), 1/16*(2*sqrt(-a)*a*b*cos(f*x + e
)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*
a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 -
28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14
*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))
+ (3*a^2 - 6*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b
*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*tan(e + f*x)**2, x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^2(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) \tan^2(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^2(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2*tan(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2,x)*a`

3.398 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3322
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3323
Rubi [A] (verified)	3323
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3326
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3327
Sympy [F]	3328
Maxima [F]	3329
Giac [F]	3329
Mupad [F(-1)]	3329
Reduce [F]	3330

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{2f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*b^(1/2)
*(3*a+b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/2*b*t
an(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx) \left(-\frac{ib(-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})}{(1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} + \frac{2a^{3/2} fx - ia^{3/2} \log(\dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(((-I)*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2 + (2*a^(3/2)*f*x - I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]) + I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 3*a*Sqrt[b]*Log[(-2*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (2*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(b*(3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))] - b^(3/2)*Log[(-2*Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))*f + (2*I)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*f)/(b*(3*a + b)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 318, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{318} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b(3a + b) \tan^2(e + fx) + (a + b)(2a + b)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + b(3a + b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) + \sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} + \sqrt{b}(3a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2a^{3/2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) + \sqrt{b}(3a+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[b]*(3*a + b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/2 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 318 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[d*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1))), x] + S`
`imp[1/(b*(2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b`
`*c*(2*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(2*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(2*(q - 1) +`
`1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && G`
`tQ[q, 1] && NeQ[2*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c,`
`d, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2])`
`, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/`
`b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}`
`, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear`
`Q[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =`
`FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p`
`/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]`
`&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.70

method	result
default	$\frac{(a+b \sec(fx+e)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-a}} \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) \cos(fx+e)^3 + 3b^{\frac{3}{2}}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/4/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a*cos(f*x+e)^3+a*cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)*b+b)*(b^(5/2)*(-a)
^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(s
in(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*cos(f*x+e)^3*a+b^(5
/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*
a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e)^3+3*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*cos(f*x+e
)^3*a+4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)
*a)*cos(f*x+e)^3*a^2*b+(2*cos(f*x+e)+2)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*cos(f*x+e)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1457, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.35

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*
b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4
- 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2
- a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(
f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*
b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(
f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + (3*a + b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^2 - 6*a
*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f
*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(f*cos(f*x + e)), 1/8*(2*(3*a + b)*sqr
t(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqr
t((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f
*x + e)))*cos(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*a*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^
8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7
*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24
*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e
)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 4*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx \right) a + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \sec^2(fx + e) dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b`

3.399 $\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3331
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3332
Rubi [A] (verified)	3332
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3336
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3336
Sympy [F]	3337
Maxima [F]	3338
Giac [F]	3338
Mupad [F(-1)]	3338
Reduce [F]	3339

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

output

```
-a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+b^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} e^{i(e+fx)} \sqrt{4b + a e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \cos^3(e + fx)}{-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}} \left(-\frac{2i(a+b)}{-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}} + \frac{ia^{3/2} \log(a + 2b + a e^{2i(e+fx)})}{-1 + e^{2i(e+fx)}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*E^(I*(e + f*x))*Sqrt[4*b + (a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2)/E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*(((2*I)*(a + b))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) + (I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + 2*b + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - I*a^(3/2)*Log[a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] - 2*(a^(3/2)*f*x + b^(3/2)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))) - I*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]*f)/(b^2*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))))]/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 376, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\tan(e+fx)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d\tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{376} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{a^2-b^2-b^2\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) - (a+b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{-\int \frac{a^2-b^2-b^2\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) - \left((a+b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}\right)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
& \frac{a^2\left(-\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)\right) + b^2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) - (a+b)\cot(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& \frac{a^2\left(-\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)\right) + b^2\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - (a+b)\cot(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{a^2\left(-\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)\right) + b^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - (a+b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{a^2 \left(- \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} \right) + b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - (a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{a^{3/2} \left(- \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) \right) + b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - (a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{f}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-(a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])
+ b^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] -
(a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 376 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1
)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2
)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*
d*(q - 1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*b*c*(p + q))*x^2, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] &
& IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_) + (f
.)*(x)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 476 vs. $2(97) = 194$.

Time = 3.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

method	result
default	$\left(\ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - \sin(fx+e) a + a + b \right)}{\sin(fx+e) - 1} \right) \right) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-a} \sin(fx+e) + \ln \left(\frac{4 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}}{\dots} \right)$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2/f/(-a)^{(1/2)} * (\ln(-4*(b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & * \cos(f*x+e) + b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} - \sin(f*x+ \\ & e)*a+a+b)/(\sin(f*x+e)-1)) * b^{(3/2)} * (-a)^{(1/2)} * \sin(f*x+e) + \ln(4*(b^{(1/2)}*((b+ \\ & a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} * \cos(f*x+e) + b^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e) \\ &)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} - \sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(\sin(f*x+e)+1)) * b^{(3/2)} * (-a) \\ &)^{(1/2)} * \sin(f*x+e) - 2 * \ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2) \\ &)^{(1/2)} * \cos(f*x+e) + 4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & - 4*\sin(f*x+e)*a*a^2*\sin(f*x+e) + (-2*\cos(f*x+e)-2)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c \\ & os(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} * (-a)^{(1/2)} * a + (-2*\cos(f*x+e)-2)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+ \\ & cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} * (-a)^{(1/2)} * b) * (a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2) / (b+a*cos(f*x+e) \\ &)^2 / ((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)} / (1+\cos(f*x+e)) * \cos(f*x+e) \\ &)^2 * \cot(f*x+e) \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. $2(97) = 194$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1446, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.03

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(-a)*a*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x +
e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b +
70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(
f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 +
2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 -
b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*s
in(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 2*b^(3/2)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e
)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f
*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)
+ 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4)*sin(f*x + e) - 8*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)/cos(f*x + e)^2*cos(f*x + e))/(f*sin(f*x + e)), 1/8*(4*sqrt(-b)*b*arct
an(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e)))
*sin(f*x + e) + sqrt(-a)*a*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*c
os(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 2
8*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a
b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b +
7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 8*(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \cot^2(e + fx) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)*cot(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cot^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2} \cot^2(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^2(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^2(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**2,x)*a`

3.400 $\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3340
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3340
Rubi [A] (verified)	3341
Maple [B] (verified)	3344
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3345
Sympy [F(-1)]	3345
Maxima [F]	3346
Giac [F]	3346
Mupad [F(-1)]	3346
Reduce [F]	3347

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} + \frac{(3a - b) \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{3f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{3f}$$

output

```
a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f+1/3*(3*a-b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/3*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a + b) \cot^3(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{3f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sqrt{\frac{a + b - a \sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -3/2, -1/2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 376, 25, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}}{\tan(e + fx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\ & \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx) (a + b (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 376

$$\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{\cot^2(e+fx)((2a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(3a-b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}$$

f
↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)((2a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(3a-b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3a^2(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} + (3a-b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(3a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + (3a-b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(3a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + (3a-b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(3a^{3/2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) + (3a-b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(a+b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}$$

f

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-1/3*((a + b)*\cot[e + f*x]^3*\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2}) + (3*a^{(3/2)} * \arctan[(\sqrt{a}*\tan[e + f*x])/\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2}] + (3*a - b) * \cot[e + f*x]*\sqrt{a + b + b*\tan[e + f*x]^2}))/3}{f}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 291

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2})*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 376

$$\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_*)^m)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2)^p*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)})/(a*e^{(m+1)}), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*e^{2*(m+1)}) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m+1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p+1) + a*d*(q-1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m+1) + 2*b*c*(p+q))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 445

$$\text{Int}[(g_*)(x_*)^m)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^2)^p*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^2)^q * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_*)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)})/(a*c*g^{(m+1)}), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^{2*(m+1)}) \quad \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m+2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 249 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left((3 \cos(fx+e)-3) \sin(fx+e) a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a \right) + (4 \cos(fx+e) - 3) \sin(fx+e) a \right)}{3f\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} (b+a \cos(fx+e))}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{f}{(-a)^{1/2}} \left((3 \cos(fx+e)-3) \sin(fx+e) a^2 \ln\left(4(-a)^{1/2} \left(\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{1/2} \cos(fx+e) + 4(-a)^{1/2} \left(\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2} \right)^{1/2} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a \right) + (4 \cos(fx+e) - 3) \sin(fx+e) a \right) + (4 \cos(fx+e) - 3) \sin(fx+e) a \right)}{3f\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} (b+a \cos(fx+e))}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 597, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.33

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*(4*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/12*(3*(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*(4*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a - b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)*sin(f*x + e))]`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cot^4(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^4(e + fx) \sec^2(e + fx) dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx) b + a} \cot^4(e + fx) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**4,x)*a`

3.401 $\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3348
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3349
Rubi [A] (verified)	3349
Maple [B] (verified)	3353
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3353
Sympy [F(-1)]	3354
Maxima [F]	3355
Giac [F]	3355
Mupad [F(-1)]	3355
Reduce [F]	3356

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{f} - \frac{(15a^2 + 10ab - 2b^2) \cot(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{15(a + b)f} + \frac{(5a - b) \cot^3(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{15f} - \frac{(a + b) \cot^5(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}}{5f}$$

output

```
-a^(3/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/f-1/15*(15*a^2+10*a*b-2*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f+1/15*(5*a-b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f-1/5*(a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3}{4} (a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \csc^2(e + fx) + \frac{5(a + b)^2}{4} \right)}{15(a + b)f(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*((-3*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/4 + (5*(a + b)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -3/2, -1/2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/(15*(a + b)*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 376, 25, 445, 27, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}{\tan^6(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4629}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 376

$$\frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{\cot^4(e+fx)((4a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(5a-b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{1}{5}(a+b) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}$$

f
↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)((4a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(5a-b)(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{1}{5}(a+b) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\int \frac{(a+b) \cot^2(e+fx)(15a^2+10ba-2b^2+2(5a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{3}(5a-b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) -$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(15a^2+10ba-2b^2+2(5a-b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{1}{3}(5a-b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) +$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{15a^2(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(15a^2+10ab-2b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(5a-b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b} \right) +$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-15a^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{(15a^2+10ab-2b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(5a-b) \cot^3(e+fx) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-15a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(15a^2+10ab-2b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(5a-b) \cot^3(e+fx) \right)}{f}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-15a^{3/2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \right) - \frac{(15a^2+10ab-2b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}(5a-b) \cot^3(e+fx) \right)}{f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-1/5*((a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^5*sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]) + ((5*a - b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/3 + (-15*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]] - ((15*a^2 + 10*a*b - 2*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/3)/5)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 376 $\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)})/(a*e*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m+1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p+1) + a*d*(q-1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m+1) + 2*b*c*(p+q))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)})/(a*c*g*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^2*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m+2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{(p_)}*(v_)^{(q_)}*((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[(e*x)^m*\text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4629 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*\text{sec}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((d_)*\text{tan}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}), x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[ff/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(n/2}))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, \text{Tan}[e + f*x]/ff], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m/2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2])$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 4.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^3(-15\cos(fx+e)+15)a^3\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)a\right)+\sin(fx+e)\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/15/f/(a+b)/(-a)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(f*x+e)^3*(-15*\cos(f*x+e)+15)*a^3*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)+\sin(f*x+e)^3*(-15*\cos(f*x+e)+15)*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b+(23*\cos(f*x+e)^4-35*\cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2+(20*\cos(f*x+e)^4-24*\cos(f*x+e)^2+10)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b+(5*\cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}/(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*\cot(f*x+e)^3*\csc(f*x+e)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/120*(15*((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + a*b)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - 8*((23*a^2 + 20*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (35*a^2 + 24*a*b - 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 + 10*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a + b)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/60*(15*((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2 + a*b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((23*a^2 + 20*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (35*a^2 + 24*a*b - 5*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^2 + 10*a*b - 2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a + b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a + b)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cot(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2} \cot(fx + e)^6 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2)*cot(f*x + e)^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^6*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^6(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2} dx = \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^6(fx + e) \sec^2(fx + e)^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^6(fx + e) dx \right) a$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**6*sec(e + f*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**6,x)*a`

3.402 $\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3357
Rubi [A] (verified)	3358
Maple [B] (verified)	3360
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3360
Sympy [F]	3361
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3362
Mupad [F(-1)]	3363
Reduce [F]	3363

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} - \frac{(a+2b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{b^2f} + \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3b^2f}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f-(a+2*b)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f+1/3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)/b^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{-2a(a+3b) - b(a+6b) \sec^2(e+fx) + b^2 \sec^4(e+fx) - 3b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}}}{3b^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-2*a*(a + 3*b) - b*(a + 6*b)*Sec[e + f*x]^2 + b^2*Sec[e + f*x]^4 - 3*b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]]*Sqrt[1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a])/(3*b^2*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{-a-2b}{b\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{b} + \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} \right) d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{2(a+2b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{b^2}}{2f}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] - (2*(a + 2*b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/b^2 + (2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))/(3*b^2))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 11.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-\frac{\sec(fx+e)^2}{3}-2\right)ba^{\frac{3}{2}}+\left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)^4}{3}-2\sec(fx+e)^2\right)b^2\sqrt{a}-\frac{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3}-\frac{\sqrt{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}\ln\left(4\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\sqrt{a}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{b}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\right)}{fb^2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*((-1/3*sec(f*x+e)^2-2)*b*a^(3/2)+(1/3*sec(f*x+e)^4-2*sec(f*x+e)^2)*b^2*a^(1/2)-2/3*a^(5/2)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*b^2*(3+3*sec(f*x+e)))/b^2/a^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.61

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{ab^2} \cos(fx + e)^2 \log\left(128a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 256a^3b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 160a^2b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 32ab^3\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(3*sqrt(a)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - 8*(2*(a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2), 1/12*(3*sqrt(-a)*b^2*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*(2*(a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2)
]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**5/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(tan(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 765 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 765, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.60

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3*(3*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 2*(3*
(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*
e)^2 + a + b))^5 - 21*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^4*sqrt(a + b) + 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*(3
*a - 17*b) + 6*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*(5*a + 9*b)*sqrt(a + b) - 3*(sqrt(a + b)*t
an(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/
2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))
*(3*a^2 - 18*a*b - 37*b^2) - (9*a^2 + 10*a*b - 47*b^2)*sqrt(a + b))/((sqrt
(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2
*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ a + b))^2 - 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^5(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.403 $\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3364
Rubi [A] (verified)	3365
Maple [B] (verified)	3367
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3367
Sympy [F]	3368
Maxima [F]	3369
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3369
Mupad [F(-1)]	3370
Reduce [F]	3370

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{bf}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{bf}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*f) + Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(b*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{b}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{2f \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{b}}{2f}}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] - (2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/b)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegerQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \sqrt{a \cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}+4 \cos(fx+e)a}\right) b(\sec(fx+e)+1)+a^{\frac{3}{2}}+\sqrt{a} b \sec(fx+e)}{fb\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f/b/a^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*b*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+a^(3/2)+a^(1/2)*b*sec(f*x+e)^2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) + 256 a^3 b \cos^6(fx + e) + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 32 ab^3 \cos^2(fx + e) + b^4 \right)}{4 abf} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(8 a^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 8 ab \cos^2(fx + e) + b^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}}}{4 (2 a^3 \cos^4(fx + e) + 3 a^2 b \cos^2(fx + e) + ab^2)} \right) - 4 a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}}}{4 abf}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(a)*b*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*b*f), -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) - 4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a*b*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.66

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 - \sqrt{a} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 - 2a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + 2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + a + b + \sqrt{a+b}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*(arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 2*(sqrt(
a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*
f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1
/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
+ 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/
2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 2*a*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*sqrt(a + b) +
a - 3*b))/(f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),
x)
```

3.404 $\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3371
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3371
Rubi [A] (verified)	3372
Maple [A] (verified)	3373
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3374
Sympy [F]	3375
Maxima [F]	3375
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3375
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3376
Reduce [F]	3376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f}$$

output `-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*f))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{bf} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*f))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
 Q[u, x]`
- rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
 f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
 mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x, x]
 , x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
 m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
 Q[2*n, p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{f\sqrt{a}}$	42
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{f\sqrt{a}}$	42

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/f/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/sec(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.91

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) + 256 a^3 b \cos^6(fx + e) + 160 a^2 b^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 32 a b^3 \cos^2(fx + e) + b^4 \right)}{8}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(sqrt(a)*f), 1/4*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2))/(a*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e) - \sqrt{a \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^4 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^4 - 2a \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2 + 2b \tan(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e)^2 + a + b + \sqrt{a+b}}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a} f \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e))}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f}$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-atanh((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/(a^(1/2)*f)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)
```

3.405 $\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3377
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3377
Rubi [A] (verified)	3378
Maple [B] (verified)	3380
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3381
Sympy [F]	3382
Maxima [F]	3383
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3383
Mupad [F(-1)]	3384
Reduce [F]	3384

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}f}$$

output `arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \left(-2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) + \sqrt{a+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b}(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(-2*Sqrt[a]
*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a + b]*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*
x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + Sqrt[a + b]*(ArcTanh[(a + 2*b + a*
E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*
I)*(e + f*x)))^2]]) + ArcTanh[(a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*I)*(e
+ f*x)))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x
)))^2]])))/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*f*Sqrt[a + b*
Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 97, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx) \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \int -\frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{f}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{97}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{2f \frac{\frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}}}{b} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a} + 2f \frac{\frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}}}{b} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{2f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]]/Sqrt[a + b])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

method	result
default	$-\left(\ln\left(\frac{4\left(\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\sqrt{a+b+\cos(fx+e)a+b}\right)}{\cos(fx+e)-1}\right)\sqrt{a}-\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)}{\sqrt{a+b+\cos(fx+e)a+b}}\right)\right)$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2/f/(a+b)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)*(ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(cos(f*x+e)-1))*a^(1/2)-ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2))*((a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))
*a^(1/2)-2*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a*(a+b)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1015, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.50

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*((a + b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 2*sqrt(a + b)*a*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)))/((a^2 + a*b)*f), 1/8*(4*a*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + (a + b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/((a^2 + a*b)*f), -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*(a + b)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) - sqrt(a + b)*a*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)))/((a...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.406 $\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3385
Mathematica [F]	3386
Rubi [A] (verified)	3386
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3389
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3390
Sympy [F]	3391
Maxima [F]	3391
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3391
Mupad [F(-1)]	3392
Reduce [F]	3393

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{(2a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)f}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+1/2*(2*a+3*b)*arctanh
((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b
*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 114, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{114} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+2a+2b)}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+2(a+b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 174

$$\frac{(2a+3b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + 2(a+b) \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{2(2a+3b) \int \frac{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}}{b} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a} + 4(a+b) \int \frac{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}}{b} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{2(2a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{4(a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{2(a+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(((-4*(a + b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*(2*a + 3*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b])/(2*(a + b)) + Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`
- rule 174 `Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1047 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1048, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.03

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1048

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/f/(a+b)^(5/2)/a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a+
b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/((1-cos(f*x+e))^2*csc(f*x+e)^2-1)/(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*(
2*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/
(cos(f*x+e)-1))*a^(5/2)*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2-2*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^(5/2
)*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(1-cos(f*x+
e))^2*(a+b)^(3/2)*a^(1/2)-4*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*(a+b)^(3/2)*a-4*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*(a+b)^(3/2)*b+5*
ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+
((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(c
os(f*x+e)-1))*(1-cos(f*x+e))^2*a^(3/2)*b-5*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))*a^(1-cos
(f*x+e))^2*a^(3/2)*b+3*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1550, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.36

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(4*(a^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + ((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + ((2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a^2 - 3*a*b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 + 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f), 1/8*(4*(a^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*((2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a^2 - 3*a*b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + ((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f),...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^3/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 595 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 595, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(16*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f
*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*
b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - 4*(2
*a + 3*b)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x
+ 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*
tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a + b)*sqrt(-a - b)) + 2*
(2*a + 3*b)*log(abs(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*
f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2
*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) + sqrt(a + b)*(a - b)))/(a + b
)^(3/2) + sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*t
an(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)/(a + b) - 2*((
sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e
)^2 + a + b))*(a - b) - (a + b)^(3/2))/(((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)
^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/
2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - a - b)*(a + b
))/((f*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot^3(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),
x)`

3.407 $\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3394
Mathematica [F]	3395
Rubi [A] (verified)	3395
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3399
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3400
Sympy [F]	3401
Maxima [F]	3401
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3401
Mupad [F(-1)]	3402
Reduce [F]	3403

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} - \frac{(8a^2 + 20ab + 15b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{5/2}f} + \frac{(4a + 7b) \cot^2(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{8(a+b)^2f} - \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{4(a+b)f}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f-1/8*(8*a^2+20*a*b+15*b^2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f+1/8*(4*a+7*b)*cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 114, 27, 168, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^5 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^3 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^3 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e + fx) + a}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 114 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} - \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(3b \sec^2(e+fx)+4(a+b))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f}}{2(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(3b \sec^2(e+fx)+4(a+b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(4a+7b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^2+b(4a+7b) \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)}}{2f} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^2+b(4a+7b) \sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{(4a+7b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{2f} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{(8a^2+20ab+15b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + 8(a+b)^2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)}}{2f} + \frac{(4a+7b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{2(8a^2+20ab+15b^2) \int \frac{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}}{b} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{4(a+b)} + \frac{16(a+b)^2 \int \frac{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}}{b} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{4(a+b)}}{2f} + \frac{(4a+7b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(8a^2+20ab+15b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - \frac{16(a+b)^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{(4a+7b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}}{4(a+b)} + \frac{2f}{2f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2) + (((-16*(a + b)^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*(8*a^2 + 20*a*b + 15*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b]))/(2*(a + b)) + ((4*a + 7*b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/(4*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 168 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 174 $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)))/((a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)}), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m - 1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] := \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4627 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*((c_.)*\text{sec}[e_. + (f_.)(x_)])^{(n_.)}^{(p_.)}*\tan[e_. + (f_.)(x_)])^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{With}\{\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(m - 1)/2}*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, \text{Sec}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] || \text{EqQ}[n, 2] || \text{EqQ}[n, 4] || \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, p])$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1977 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1978, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.92

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1978

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/16/f/(a+b)^(9/2)/a^(1/2)*((8*cos(f*x+e)+8)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(9/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(cos(f*x+e)-1))+(-8*cos(f*x+e)-8)*sin(f
*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(9/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/
2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+co
s(f*x+e)))+(36*cos(f*x+e)+36)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(7/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/
2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(cos(f*x+e)-1))*b+(-36*cos(f*x+e)-36)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(7/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1
/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e
)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*b
+(63*cos(f*x+e)+63)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*a^(5/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)+cos(f*x
+e)*a+b)/(cos(f*x+e)-1))*b^2+(-63*cos(f*x+e)-63)*sin(f*x+e)^4*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(5/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/...
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 518 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2257, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.60

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(4*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^3 + 3*a^2*b +
3*a*b^2 + b^3 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)
*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*
a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(
a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + ((8*a^3 + 20*a^2*b + 15*
a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^3 + 20*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 2*(8*a^3 + 20*a^2*b
+ 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2))/((cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)) - 4*(3*(2*a^3 + 5*a^2*b
+ 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (4*a^3 + 11*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*
sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 +
a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f), 1/16*(((8*a^3 + 20*a^2*b
+ 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a^3 + 20*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2 - 2*(8*a^3 + 20*
a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((
a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + 2*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^
3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**5/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^5/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 924 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 924, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/64*(sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)*((a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) - (11*a + 17*b)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)) - 128*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 8*(8*a^2 + 20*a*b + 15*b^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)) - 4*(8*a^2 + 20*a*b + 15*b^2)*log(abs((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))*(a + b) - sqrt(a + b)*(a - b)))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a + b)) + 4*(2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^3*(3*a^2 + 2*a*b - 4*b^2) - 7*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2*(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a + b) - 2*(2*a^3 + 4*a^2*b - 3*a*b^2 - 5*b^3)*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot^5(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.408 $\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3405
Rubi [A] (verified)	3405
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3409
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3410
Sympy [F]	3411
Maxima [F]	3411
Giac [F]	3411
Mupad [F(-1)]	3412
Reduce [F]	3412

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{(3a^2 + 10ab + 15b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}f} - \frac{(3a + 7b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{8b^2f} + \frac{\tan^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{4bf}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+1/8*(3*a^2+10*a*b+15*b^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f-1/8*(3*a+7*b)*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f+1/4*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{8b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(3a^2+10ab+15b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)} \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e + fx}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}b^2 f \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} - \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))(3a + 5b + 3(a + 3b) \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^4(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{32b^2 f \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(((8*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]/Sqrt[a] - ((3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 15*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*b^2*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) - ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*a + 5*b + 3*(a + 3*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Tan[e + f*x])/(32*b^2*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 381, 444, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^6}{\sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4629 \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2075 \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 381 \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((3a+7b)\tan^2(e+fx)+3(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 444 \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{(3a+7b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{(3a^2+10ba+15b^2)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(3a+7b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 398 \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{(3a+7b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2+10ab+15b^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - 8b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{(3a+7b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2+10ab+15b^2)\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - 8b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{(3a+7b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2+10ab+15b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{(3a+7b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2+10ab+15b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8b^2 f \frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\tan^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{4b} - \frac{(3a+7b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(3a^2+10ab+15b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 8b^2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a}\right)$$

```
input Int[Tan[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

```
output ((Tan[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(4*b) - (-1/2*((-8*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + ((3*a^2 + 10*a*b + 15*b^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/b + ((3*a + 7*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b))/(4*b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```


rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 381 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q
+ 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m +
2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2
, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]`

rule 444 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1053 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 13.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1054, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.09

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1054

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/16/f/b^(9/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+10*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+15*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+10*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+15*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+16*b^(9/2)*((...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1673, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.67

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/32*(4*sqrt(-a)*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - (3*a^3 + 10*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*(2*a*b^2 - 3*(a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^3), -1/16*(2*sqrt(-a)*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) - (3*a^3 + 10*a^2*b + 15*a*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**6/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^6}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan(fx + e)^6}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.409 $\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3413
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3414
Rubi [A] (verified)	3414
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3417
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3418
Sympy [F]	3419
Maxima [F]	3420
Giac [F]	3420
Mupad [F(-1)]	3420
Reduce [F]	3421

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} - \frac{(a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{2bf}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f-1/2*(a+3*b
)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/f+1/2*tan
(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \sqrt{a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx)} \sec(e + fx)}{2\sqrt{2}bf \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} + \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \sec^2(e + fx) \tan(e + fx)}{4bf \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
((((2*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((a + 3*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(2*Sqrt[2]*b*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(4*b*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 381, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4629 \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 2075 \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 381 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{(a+3b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 398 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a+3b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - 2b \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a+3b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - 2b \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - 2b \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a+3b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - 2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{2b} \\
 & \quad f \\
 & \downarrow 216
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{(a+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2b\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

f

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-1/2*((-2*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + ((a + 3*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/b + (Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 381

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q
+ 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))], x] - Simp[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m +
2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2
, p, q, x]
```

rule 398

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} ab \ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e) + 1} \right) (-1 - \sec(fx+e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}}{4} + \dots$

```
input int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(1/4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(
b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))
*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+1/4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
)*b^2*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)
+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(si
n(f*x+e)+1))*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))+1/4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*
x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-1-sec(f*x+e))+1/4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))+1/4*b^(5/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(4+4*sec(f*x+e))+1/2*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/
2)*a*tan(f*x+e)+1/2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)/(-a)^(1/2)
/b^(5/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 300 vs. 2(102) = 204.
 Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1507, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.56

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/8*(sqrt(-a)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a
^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b
^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*c
os(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a
^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - (a^2 + 3*a*b)*sqrt(b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(((a^
2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b
)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f
*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)), -1/8*
(sqrt(-a)*b^2*cos(f*x + e)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 -
28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a
*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x
+ e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b +
7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 2*(a^2 + 3*a*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos
(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f
*x + e)^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))*cos(f*x + e) - 4*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**4/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^4(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.410 $\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3422
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3422
Rubi [A] (verified)	3423
Maple [B] (verified)	3426
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3426
Sympy [F]	3427
Maxima [F]	3428
Giac [F]	3428
Mupad [F(-1)]	3428
Reduce [F]	3429

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+arctanh(b
^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2} \left(-2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(-1+e^{2i(e+fx)})}{\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) + \sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a+2b}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{4be^{2i(e+fx)} + a(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})^2}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(1+e^{2i(e+fx)})f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```

((I/2)*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]*(-2*S
qrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))))/Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e +
f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2]] + Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(a + 2*b + a*E^((
2*I)*(e + f*x)))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*
(e + f*x)))^2]]) - Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(a + a*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + 2*b*E^((2*
I)*(e + f*x)))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[4*b*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e
+ f*x)))^2]])]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(1 + E^((2*I)*(e + f*x)))*f*Sqrt[a + b*Se
c[e + f*x]^2])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 385, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)\sqrt{a + b(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{385} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) - \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} - \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} f \\ \downarrow \\ 219 \end{array} \\
 \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} f \\ \downarrow \\ 291 \end{array} \\
 \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx) + a + b}} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{c} f \\ \downarrow \\ 216 \end{array} \\
 \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e+fx) + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/Sqrt[a]) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/Sqrt[b])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 385 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2/b Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] - Simp[a*(e^2/b) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LeQ[2, m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, -1, q, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.28

method	result
default	$\left(\ln \left(\frac{4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a - 4a - 4b}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \sqrt{-a} + \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + \right)}{\sin(fx+e)+1} \right) \right)$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2/f/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)*(ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-s
in(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(-a)^(1/2)+ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e
)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(-a)^(1/2)-2*ln(4*(-a)
^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^(1/2))*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+
e)+1)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1259, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.74

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/8*(sqrt(-a)*b*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x +
e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b
+ 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos
(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 +
2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2
- b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*
sin(f*x + e)) - 2*a*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a
*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*s
qrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/c
os(f*x + e)^4))/(a*b*f), 1/8*(4*a*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x +
e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)
^2))/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - sqrt(-a)*b*log(128*a^4*co
s(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5
*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*
cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sq
rt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(a*b*f), 1/4*(sq
rt(a)*b*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (
a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/co...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(fx + e)^2}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(fx + e)^2}{\sqrt{b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^2(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),
x)`

3.411 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3430
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3430
Rubi [A] (verified)	3431
Maple [B] (verified)	3432
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3433
Sympy [F]	3434
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3434
Giac [F]	3435
Mupad [F(-1)]	3436
Reduce [F]	3436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f}$$

output `arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output

```
(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*Sqrt[a + 2*
b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e
+ f*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e + fx) + 1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{291} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e + fx)}{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b}} \\
 \downarrow \text{216} \\
 \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```
ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/(Sqrt[a]*f)
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p / (1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4\sin(fx+e)a\right) (\sec(fx+e)+1)}{f\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{a+b \sec(fx+e)^2}}$	138

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f/(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)*(sec(f*x+e)+1)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{-a} \log \left(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx + e) - 256 (a^2 - a^3 b) \cos^6(fx + e) + 32 (5 a^4 - 14 a^3 b + 5 a^2 b^2) \cos^4(fx + e) + a^4 - 28 a^3 b + 70 a^2 b^2 - 28 a b^3 + b^4 - 32 (a^4 - 7 a^3 b + 7 a^2 b^2 - a b^3) \cos^2(fx + e) + 8 (16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^7 - 24 (a^3 - a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 2 (5 a^3 - 14 a^2 b + 5 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7 a^2 b + 7 a b^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \sin(fx + e)}{4 \sqrt{a} f} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)/(a*f), -1/4*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/(sqrt(a)*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 992 vs. $2(33) = 66$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 992, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*(arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b
)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x +
2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
+ 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4
*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*
b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), 2*a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^
2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 +
4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2
)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*co
s(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*cos(1/2*a
rctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*
e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + 2*a + 4*b) - arctan2(2*(a^2*cos(
4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*
x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 +
4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f
*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt
(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*c
os(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)), 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a}}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.412 $\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3437
Rubi [A] (verified)	3438
Maple [B] (verified)	3440
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3441
Sympy [F]	3442
Maxima [F]	3442
Giac [F(-1)]	3442
Mupad [F(-1)]	3443
Reduce [F]	3443

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{(a+b)f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f-cot(f*x+e)
*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))} \sec(e+fx) \left((a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) + \sqrt{a} \csc(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]
```

output

```

-((Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]]*Sec[e + f*x]*((a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a
]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]] + Sqrt[a]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sqr
t[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*(a + b)*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e
+ f*x]^2]))
    
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 382, 25, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \sec(e + fx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{382} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 - \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 - \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}+1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} \\
 \hline
 f
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]`

output `(-(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/Sqrt[a]) - (Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_) , x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 297 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

method	result
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} -4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) a(\sec(fx+e)+1)-\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/f*(-((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*(sec(f*x+e)+1)-((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b*(sec(f*x+e)+1)-a*(-a)^(1/2)*cot(f*x+e)-b*(-a)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e))/(a+b)/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.09

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-a}(a+b) \log\left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 - 256 (a^4 - a^3 b) \cos(fx + e)^6 + 32 (5 a^4 - 14 a^3 b + 5 a^2 b^2) \cos(fx + e)^4 + a^4 - 28 a^3 b + 70 a^2 b^2 - 28 a b^3 + b^4 - 32 (a^4 - 7 a^3 b + 7 a^2 b^2 - a b^3) \cos(fx + e)^2 - 8 (16 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^7 - 24 (a^3 - a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^5 + 2 (5 a^3 - 14 a^2 b + 5 a b^2) \cos(fx + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7 a^2 b + 7 a b^2 - b^3) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} \sin(fx + e) + 8 a \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} \cos(fx + e) / ((a^2 + a b) f \sin(fx + e)), 1/4 * ((a + b) \sqrt{a} \arctan(1/4 * (8 a^2 \cos(fx + e)^5 - 8 (a^2 - a b) \cos(fx + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6 a b + b^2) \cos(fx + e)) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} / ((2 a^3 \cos(fx + e)^4 - a^2 b + a b^2 - (a^3 - 3 a^2 b) \cos(fx + e)^2) \sin(fx + e))) \sin(fx + e) - 4 a \sqrt{(a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) / \cos(fx + e)^2} \cos(fx + e) / ((a^2 + a b) f \sin(fx + e)) \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*(sqrt(-a)*(a + b)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) / ((a^2 + a*b)*f*sin(f*x + e)), 1/4*((a + b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) / ((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) * sin(f*x + e) - 4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e) / ((a^2 + a*b)*f*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^2/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^2(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.413 $\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3444
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3445
Rubi [A] (verified)	3445
Maple [B] (verified)	3448
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3449
Sympy [F]	3450
Maxima [F]	3451
Giac [F]	3451
Mupad [F(-1)]	3451
Reduce [F]	3452

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}f} + \frac{(3a+5b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3(a+b)f}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f+1/3*(3*a+5
*b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/3*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b
*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))(-a-2b+(2a+3b)\cos(2(e+fx))) \csc^3(e+fx) \sec(e+fx)}{6(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) - ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(-a - 2*b + (2*a + 3*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]^3*Sec[e + f*x])/(6*(a + b)^2*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 382, 25, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^4 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4629}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
\downarrow f \\
2075 \\
\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
\downarrow f \\
382 \\
\int -\frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(2b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a+5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
\downarrow f \\
25 \\
\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(2b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a+5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
\downarrow f \\
445 \\
-\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(3a+5b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
\downarrow f \\
27 \\
-3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(3a+5b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
\downarrow f \\
291 \\
-3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(3a+5b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
\downarrow f \\
216 \\
-\frac{3(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(3a+5b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
\downarrow f
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `(-1/3*(Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) - ((-3*(a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((3*a + 5*b)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(3*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^
2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 504 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 5.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}}{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) a^2(-3-3 \sec(fx+e)) + \sqrt{\frac{b}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3/f/(a+b)^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e))^2^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b*(-6-6*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^2*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))+(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*(4*cot(f*x+e)^3-3*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^2)+(6*cos(f*x+e)^4-cos(f*x+e)^2-3)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3+(6*cos(f*x+e)^2-5)*(-a)^(1/2)*b^2*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/24*(3*((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(-a
)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^
4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 2
8*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*
(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a
^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x +
e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*si
n(f*x + e) - 8*(2*(2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a^2 + 5*a*b)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b
^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/12*(3*
((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/
4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^
2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a
^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*
x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*(2*(2*a^2 + 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a^2 + 5*a
*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^3 + 2*
a^2*b + a*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*f)*sin(f*x + e))
]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**4/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^4/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot^4(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.414 $\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$

Optimal result	3453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3454
Rubi [A] (verified)	3454
Maple [B] (verified)	3458
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3459
Sympy [F]	3460
Maxima [F(-1)]	3460
Giac [F]	3460
Mupad [F(-1)]	3461
Reduce [F]	3461

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} f}$$

$$- \frac{(15a^2 + 40ab + 33b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^3 f}$$

$$+ \frac{(5a + 9b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15(a+b)^2 f}$$

$$- \frac{\cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{5(a+b) f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/f-1/15*(15*
a^2+40*a*b+33*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^3/f+1/15*(5
*a+9*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^2/f-1/5*cot(f*x+e)^5
*(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) \sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx)} \sec(e+fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))) \csc(e+fx) (23a^2+60ab+45b^2 - (11a^2+26ab+15b^2) \csc^2(e+fx) + 30(a+b)^3 f \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)})}{30(a+b)^3 f \sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2],x]`

output `-((ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*Sqrt[a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]]*Sec[e + f*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])) - ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]*(23*a^2 + 60*a*b + 45*b^2 - (11*a^2 + 26*a*b + 15*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + 3*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^4)*Sec[e + f*x])/(30*(a + b)^3*f*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 382, 25, 445, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^6 \sqrt{a+b\sec(e+fx)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4629}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow \text{382} \\
 \frac{\int -\frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(4b \tan^2(e+fx)+5a+9b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(4b \tan^2(e+fx)+5a+9b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{445} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(15a^2+40ba+33b^2+2b(5a+9b)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a+9b)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{445} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{15(a+b)^3}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(15a^2+40ab+33b^2)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(5a+9b)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{-15(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(15a^2+40ab+33b^2)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a+9b)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
 \downarrow \text{291}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-15(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(15a^2+40ab+33b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a+9b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{-\frac{(15a^2+40ab+33b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{15(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(5a+9b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} - \cot^5(e+fx)$$

f

```
input Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2], x]
```

```
output (-1/5*(Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) - (-1/3*((5*a + 9*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) - ((-15*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((15*a^2 + 40*a*b + 33*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(3*(a + b)))/(5*(a + b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/
(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*
x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m
+ 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[
b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f
.)*(x)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 740 vs. $2(154) = 308$.

Time = 7.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sin(fx+e)^5(15\cos(fx+e)+15)\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)\right)\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/15/f/(a+b)^3/(-a)^{(1/2)}*(\sin(f*x+e)^5*(15*\cos(f*x+e)+15)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3+\sin(f*x+e)^5*(45*\cos(f*x+e)+45)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b+\sin(f*x+e)^5*(45*\cos(f*x+e)+45)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2+\sin(f*x+e)^5*(15*\cos(f*x+e)+15)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e))^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^3+\cos(f*x+e)^2*(23*\cos(f*x+e)^4-35*\cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*a^3+(60*\cos(f*x+e)^6-71*\cos(f*x+e)^4+5*\cos(f*x+e)^2+15)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*a^2*b+(45*\cos(f*x+e)^6-15*\cos(f*x+e)^4-61*\cos(f*x+e)^2+40)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*a*b^2+(45*\cos(f*x+e)^4-75*\cos(f*x+e)^2+33)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*b^3)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e)+1)*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 433 vs. $2(154) = 308$.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 987, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.74

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/120*(15*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 8*((23*a^3 + 60*a^2*b + 45*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (35*a^3 + 94*a^2*b + 75*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 + 40*a^2*b + 33*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*(a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/60*(15*((a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3 - 2*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((23*a^3 + 60*a^2*b + 45*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (35*a^3 + 94*a^2*b + 75*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^3 + ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**6/sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(fx + e)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(fx + e) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^6/sqrt(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^6}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^6(fx + e)}{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.415
$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3462
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3462
Rubi [A] (verified)	3463
Maple [B] (verified)	3465
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3465
Sympy [F]	3466
Maxima [F]	3466
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3467
Mupad [F(-1)]	3467
Reduce [F]	3468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} + \frac{(a+b)^2}{ab^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{b^2 f}$$

output

`-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+(a+b)^2/a/b^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} + \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))(2a^2+4ab+b^2+(2a^2+2ab+b^2)\cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx)}{4ab^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]]/(a^(3/2)*f)) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(2*a^2 + 4*a*b + b^2 + (2*a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4)/(4*a*b^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 98, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{98} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{(a+b)^2}{ab(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{1}{b\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} \right) d \sec^2(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2(a+b)^2}{ab^2\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{b^2}$$

$$2f$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + (2*(a + b)^2)/(a*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/b^2)/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 98 `Int[(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e + f*x)^FractionalPart[p], (c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^IntegerPart[p]/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && FractionQ[p]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 336 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 7.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

method	result
default	$\frac{2a^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^{\frac{7}{2}}b(2+3\sec(fx+e)^2) + a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2(1+2\sec(fx+e)^2 + \sec(fx+e)^4) + a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3\sec(fx+e)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{f/b^2/a^{(5/2)/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^{(3/2)}*(2*a^{(9/2)}+a^{(7/2)}*b*(2+3*\sec(f*x+e)^2)+a^{(5/2)}*b^2*(1+2*\sec(f*x+e)^2+\sec(f*x+e)^4)+a^{(3/2)}*b^3*\sec(f*x+e)^2+(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*a^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}+4*\cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b^2*(-1-\sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*a^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}+4*\cos(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^3*(-\sec(f*x+e)^2-\sec(f*x+e)^3))}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(ab^2 \cos^2(fx+e) + b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(128a^4 \cos^8(fx+e) + 256a^3b \cos(fx+e) + \dots\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*((a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 25
6*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e
)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*
cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)) + 8*(a^2*b + (2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqr
t((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^3*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*
b^3*f), 1/4*((a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)
) + 4*(a^2*b + (2*a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^3*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^3*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(tan(f*x + e)^5/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.36

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-(((a^4*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^3*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) * tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 / (a^3*b^3) - (a^4*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^3*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) / (a^3*b^3)) / sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - 2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b)) / sqrt(-a)) / (sqrt(-a)*a*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) - 4*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b)) / (((sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))^2 - 2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)) * sqrt(a + b) + a - 3*b)*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))/f
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^5(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)b^2 + 2\sec^2(fx + e)ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.416
$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3469
Rubi [A] (verified)	3470
Maple [B] (verified)	3472
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3473
Sympy [F]	3474
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3475
Mupad [F(-1)]	3476
Reduce [F]	3476

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} - \frac{a+b}{abf\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

`arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-(a+b)/a/b/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{a+b}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{bf}$$

input

`Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\left(\frac{(b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + f x)}] / \sqrt{a}) / a^{3/2} - (a + b) / (a \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + f x)})}{b f} \right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan^3(e + f x)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + f x))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + f x)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + f x)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e + f x)(1 - \sec^2(e + f x))}{(b \sec^2(e + f x) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + f x) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + f x)(1 - \sec^2(e + f x))}{(b \sec^2(e + f x) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + f x) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + f x)(1 - \sec^2(e + f x))}{(b \sec^2(e + f x) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e + f x) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + f x)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e + f x) + a}} d \sec^2(e + f x) + \frac{2(a + b)}{ab \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + f x)}} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{73} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx) - a}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx) + a}}{ab} + \frac{2(a+b)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2(a+b)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2f
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + (2*(a + b)))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 874, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.87

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	874

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/f/a^(3/2)/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)/b/(cos(f*x+e)^2*a^2+(cos(f*
x+e)^2+1)*a*b+b^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*a^5*b*(cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e))+ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4
*b^2*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2+2*cos(f*x+e)+2+2*sec(f*x+e))+ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^3*(cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)+4+4*sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec
(f*x+e)^3)+ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^4*(2+2*sec(f*x+e)+2*sec
(f*x+e)^2+2*sec(f*x+e)^3)+ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+
4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^5*(sec(f*x
+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)-a^(13/2)*cos(f*x+e)^2+(-3*cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*a^(11/2)*b*a
^(9/2)*b^2*(-3*cos(f*x+e)^2-6-sec(f*x+e)^2)+a^(7/2)*b^3*(-cos(f*x+e)^2-6-3
*sec(f*x+e)^2)+a^(5/2)*b^4*(-2-3*sec(f*x+e)^2)-a^(3/2)*b^5*sec(f*x+e)^2...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.62

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8(a^2 + ab) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)^2 - (ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sqrt{a} \log \left(\frac{8a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 8ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}{4(2a^3 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 3a^2 \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2)} \right) + 4(a^2 + ab) \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e)^2 + (ab \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^2) \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left(\frac{8a^2 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 8ab \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2}{4(2a^3 \cos(fx+e)^4 + 3a^2 \cos(fx+e)^2 + b^2)} \right)}{4(a^3 b f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^2 b^2 f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*(8*(a^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(a^3*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2*f), -1/4*(4*(a^2 + a*b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)))/(a^3*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^2*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2532 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2532, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.19

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(4*a*b*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*
e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^3 + 4*a*b*cos(
1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x
+ 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x +
4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos
(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 - 4*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*s
in(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a
+ 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) - 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b + (a^2 + a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2
*e))*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*
cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) + (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^
2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4
*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)
)*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*((b*cos(1/2*a
rctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*
e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 + b*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x
+ 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*co
s(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2)*log(4*a^2*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*a^2*sin(2*f*x + 2
*e)^2 + 4*a^2 + 16*a*b + 16*b^2 + 8*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + 8*(a^
2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)...

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{(a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + a^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2}{a^3 b} - \frac{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + a^2 b \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))}{a^3 b}}{\sqrt{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 - 2a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + 2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + a + b}} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)}{\sqrt{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 - 2a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + 2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + a + b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 + b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^4 - 2a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + 2b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} fx + \frac{1}{2} e\right)^2 + a + b}}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((a^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2
/(a^3*b) - (a^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^2*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^3*b))/sqrt
(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1
/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - 2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)
*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b
) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/f
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^3(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 +
2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```

3.417 $\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3477
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3477
Rubi [A] (verified)	3478
Maple [A] (verified)	3480
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3481
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3481
Maxima [F]	3482
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3482
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3483
Reduce [F]	3483

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} + \frac{1}{af\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

`-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+1/a/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.70

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))^{3/2}\sec^2(e+fx)}{\dots} \left(-\frac{2}{b\sqrt{a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))}} + \frac{\sqrt{2e^{i(\dots)}}}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{3/2}*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2*(-2/(b*\text{Sqrt}[a + 2*b + \\ & a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])] + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{(I*(e + f*x))*\text{Sqrt}[4*b + (a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2})/E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))}]*((\text{Sqrt}[a]*(a + 4*b)*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})/ \\ & (b*(4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2)) \\ & + ((4*I)*f*x - 2*\text{Log}[a + 2*b + a*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} \\ & ((2*I)*(e + f*x)) + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2]) - 2*\text{Log}[a + a*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} \\ & * (e + f*x) + 2*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} \\ &) + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2])]/\text{Sqrt}[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 \\ & + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2])* \text{Sec}[e + f*x])/a^{(3/2)})/(16*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 243, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4627 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow 243 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{2}{a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2}{a \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2f
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + 2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x, x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{1}{a\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{f}$	62
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{a\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{f}$	62

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/a/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.88

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{8a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos^2(fx + e) + b}{\cos^2(fx + e)}} \cos^2(fx + e) + (a \cos^2(fx + e) + b) \sqrt{a} \log\left(128a^4 \cos^2(fx + e)\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f), 1/4*(4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)))/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{b}{2af\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2af\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(\sec^2(e+fx))}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}f} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(b/(2*a*f*sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)) + b*atan(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)/sqrt(-a))/(2*a*f*sqrt(-a)))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (log(sec(e + f*x)**2)/(2*a**(3/2)*f), True))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(tan(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2}{\operatorname{asgn}(\cos(fx+e))} - \frac{1}{\operatorname{asgn}(\cos(fx+e))}}{\sqrt{a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 - 2a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + 2b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + a + b}} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 - \sqrt{a} \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)}{f}\right)}{f}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-((tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) - 1/(a*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))/sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) - 2*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/f
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{a f \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `1/(a*f*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)) - atanh((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/(a^(3/2)*f)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.418
$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3484
Mathematica [F]	3484
Rubi [A] (verified)	3485
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3488
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3489
Sympy [F]	3490
Maxima [F]	3490
Giac [F(-2)]	3490
Mupad [F(-1)]	3491
Reduce [F]	3491

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{3/2}f} - \frac{b}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output `arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(3/2)/f-b/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 96, 25, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{96} \\
 & \frac{2b}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(-b\sec^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(-b\sec^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{174}
 \end{aligned}$$

- rule 96 $\text{Int}[\frac{(e + f x)^p}{(a + b x)(c + d x)}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f(e + f x)^{p+1}/((p+1)(b e - a f)(d e - c f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((b e - a f)(d e - c f)) \text{Int}[(b d e - b c f - a d f - b d f x)(e + f x)^{p+1}/(a + b x)(c + d x)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, x\}$ && $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 174 $\text{Int}[\frac{(e + f x)^p (g + h x)}{(a + b x)(c + d x)}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{b g - a h}{b c - a d} \text{Int}[(e + f x)^p/(a + b x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[\frac{d g - c h}{b c - a d} \text{Int}[(e + f x)^p/(c + d x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, x\}$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a + b x^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\}$ && $\text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x)^{m-1} (a + b x^2)^{p-1} (c + d x^2)^q, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} (a + b x)^p (c + d x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q, x\}$ && $\text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4627 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^m (c + f x) \sec(e + f x)^n \tan(e + f x)^p, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sec}[e + f x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + ff^2 x^2)^{(m-1)/2} (a + b(c ff x)^n)^p/x, x], x, \text{Sec}[e + f x]/ff], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p, x\}$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$ && $(\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \parallel \text{EqQ}[n, 2] \parallel \text{EqQ}[n, 4] \parallel \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[2n, p])$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2948 vs. $2(86) = 172$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2949, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.49

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2949

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2/f/a^(3/2)/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)/(a+b)^(5/2)/(cos(f*x+e)^2*
a^2+(cos(f*x+e)^2+1)*a*b+b^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2*(a+
b)^(3/2)*a^(11/2)*b+(4*cos(f*x+e)^2+4)*(a+b)^(3/2)*a^(9/2)*b^2+(a+b)^(3/2)
*a^(7/2)*b^3*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2+8+2*sec(f*x+e)^2)+(a+b)^(3/2)*a^(5/2)*b^4*(4+
4*sec(f*x+e)^2)+2*(a+b)^(3/2)*a^(3/2)*b^5*sec(f*x+e)^2+(a+b)^(3/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^6*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e))+(a+b)^(3/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^5*b*(-6*cos(f*x+e)^2-6*cos(f*x+e)-4-4*
sec(f*x+e))+(a+b)^(3/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^4*b^2*(-6*cos(
f*x+e)^2-6*cos(f*x+e)-12-12*sec(f*x+e)-2*sec(f*x+e)^2-2*sec(f*x+e)^3)+(a+b)
^(3/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*b^3*(-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f
*x+e)-12-12*sec(f*x+e)-6*sec(f*x+e)^2-6*sec(f*x+e)^3)+(a+b)^(3/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(86) = 172$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1569, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.69

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*(8*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - 2*(a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f), -1/8*(8*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*(a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) - (a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^4 b^2 + 2 \sec(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.419
$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3492
Mathematica [F]	3493
Rubi [A] (verified)	3493
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3497
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3498
Sympy [F]	3499
Maxima [F(-1)]	3499
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3499
Mupad [F(-1)]	3500
Reduce [F]	3501

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} + \frac{(2a+5b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{(a-2b)b}{2a(a+b)^2f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+1/2*(2*a+5*b)*arctanh
((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/2*(a-2*b)*b/a/(a+b)
^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)
(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 114, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{114} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(3b \sec^2(e+fx)+2a+2b)}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{1}{a+b}$$

$2f$
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(3b \sec^2(e+fx)+2(a+b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$
↓ 169

$$2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(2(a+b)^2+(a-2b)b \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2b(a-2b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$
↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(2(a+b)^2+(a-2b)b \sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2b(a-2b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$
↓ 174

$$a(2a+5b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2b(a-2b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$

↓ 73

$$4(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^4(e+fx) - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a} + \frac{2a(2a+5b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \sec^4(e+fx)} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(a-2b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{2a(2a+5b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{4(a+b)^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(a-2b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)}}{2f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(1/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + (((-4*(a + b)^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*a*(2*a + 5*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b])/(a*(a + b)) - (2*(a - 2*b)*b)/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*(a + b)))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 169

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)
)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c +
d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + S
imp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n
*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*
h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 174

```
Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*)
((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^
p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d
*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x, x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3945 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3946, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.79

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3946

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/4/f/a^(3/2)/(a+b)^(11/2)/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)/(b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(-4*(a+b)^(5/2)*a^(3/2)*b^6*sec(f*x+e)^2+2*
(a+b)^(5/2)*a^(15/2)*cos(f*x+e)^2*cot(f*x+e)^2+a^(19/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(2/(a+b)^(1/2)*((a+b)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)-cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(1+cos(f*x+e)))*(2*cos(f*x+e)^2+2*cos(f
*x+e))+a^(19/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(-4*((a+b)^(
1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(1/2)+cos(f*x+e)*a+b)/(cos(f*x+e)-1))*
(-2*cos(f*x+e)^2-2*cos(f*x+e))+8*cos(f*x+e)^6+6*cos(f*x+e)^4+4*cos(f*x+e)
^2+2*(a+b)^(5/2)*a^(9/2)*b^3*sec(f*x+e)^2*csc(f*x+e)^2+(a+b)^(5/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^4*b^3*(16*cos(f*x+e)^2+16*cos(f*x+e)+48+48*se
c(f*x+e)+16*sec(f*x+e)^2+16*sec(f*x+e)^3)+(a+b)^(5/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4
*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*b^4*(4*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+32+32*sec(f*x+e)+24*se
c(f*x+e)^2+24*sec(f*x+e)^3)+(a+b)^(5/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 540 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2347, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.34

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^3*b - 3*a^2*
b^2 - 3*a*b^3 - b^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt
(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*co
s(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 +
24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + ((2*a^4 + 5*a^3*b)*co
s(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 - (2*a^4 + 3*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*
b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2 + 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x
+ e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1)) + 4*((a^4 + a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + (a^3*b - a^2*b^2 - 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*
x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f*co
s(f*x + e)^4 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a^3*b^3 - a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a
^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*f), -1/8*(2*((2*a^4 + 5*a^3*b)*cos
(f*x + e)^4 - 2*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2 - (2*a^4 + 3*a^3*b - 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a - b
)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ a*b + b^2)) - ((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^3*
b - 3*a^2*b^2 - 3*a*b^3 - b^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1062 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1062, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.94

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*(((a^7*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^6*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 6*a^5*b^3*
sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^4*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^3*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)
)))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^8*b + 5*a^7*b^2 + 10*a^6*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^4 + 5
*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6) - 2*(a^7*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2*a^6*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x +
e)) + 4*a^5*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 10*a^4*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11*a^3
*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^2*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^8*b + 5*a^7*b^2 +
10*a^6*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^4 + 5*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 +
(a^7*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^6*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 14*a^5*b^3*sgn(co
s(f*x + e)) + 28*a^4*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 25*a^3*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
+ 8*a^2*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^8*b + 5*a^7*b^2 + 10*a^6*b^3 + 10*a^5*b^
4 + 5*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6))/sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x +
1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b
) - 4*(2*a + 5*b)*arctan(-(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan
(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^
2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))/sqrt(-a - b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2
)*sqrt(-a - b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) + 2*(2*a + 5*b)*log(abs(-(sqrt(a + b)*ta
n(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2
*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b))
sqrt(a + b) + a - b))/((a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))
+ 16*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^3(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.420
$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3502
Mathematica [F]	3503
Rubi [A] (verified)	3503
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3508
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3509
Sympy [F]	3509
Maxima [F(-1)]	3509
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3510
Mupad [F(-1)]	3511
Reduce [F]	3511

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}f} - \frac{(8a^2 + 28ab + 35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{7/2}f} + \frac{b(4a^2 + 11ab - 8b^2)}{8a(a+b)^3 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(4a+9b) \cot^2(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{4(a+b) f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-1/8*(8*a^2+28*a*b+35*b^2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/f+1/8*b*(4*a^2+11*a*b-8*b^2)/a/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a+9*b)*cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 114, 27, 168, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 114 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(5b \sec^2(e+fx)+4(a+b))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f}}{2(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(5b \sec^2(e+fx)+4(a+b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{\frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^2+3b(4a+9b) \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)}}{2f} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^2+3b(4a+9b) \sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)}}{4(a+b)} + \frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 169 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^3+b(4a^2+11ba-8b^2) \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}}{2(a+b)} - \frac{2b(4a^2+11ab-8b^2)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx)) \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}}{4(a+b)} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^3+b(4a^2+11ba-8b^2)\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(4a^2+11ab-8b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$

↓ 174

$$\frac{a(8a^2+28ab+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + 8(a+b)^3 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(4a^2+11ab-8b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$

↓ 73

$$\frac{2a(8a^2+28ab+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{a(a+b)} + \frac{16(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(4a^2+11ab-8b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2a(8a^2+28ab+35b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{16(a+b)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2b(4a^2+11ab-8b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{4a+9b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

$2f$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(1/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + ((4*a + 9*b)/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]) + (((-16*(a + b)^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*a*(8*a^2 + 28*a*b + 35*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b])/(a*(a + b)) - (2*b*(4*a^2 + 11*a*b - 8*b^2))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(2*(a + b)))/(4*(a + b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`
- rule 168 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

rule 169 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}\{m, -1\} \&\& \text{IntegersQ}\{2*m, 2*n, 2*p\}$

rule 174 $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] := \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4627 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.)*\text{sec}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*\text{tan}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{With}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/f \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^{(m-1)/2}*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, \text{Sec}[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] || \text{EqQ}[n, 2] || \text{EqQ}[n, 4] || \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, p])$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4961 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4962, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.30

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4962

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/16/f/(a+b)^(15/2)/a^(3/2)/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)/(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^6*b^2*(160*cos(f*x+e)^2+160*cos(f*x+e)+160+160*sec(f*x+e)+16*sec(f*x+e)^2+16*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^5*b^3*(160*cos(f*x+e)^2+160*cos(f*x+e)+320+320*sec(f*x+e)+80*sec(f*x+e)^2+80*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^4*b^4*(80*cos(f*x+e)^2+80*cos(f*x+e)+320+320*sec(f*x+e)+160*sec(f*x+e)^2+160*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*b^5*(16*cos(f*x+e)^2+16*cos(f*x+e)+160+160*sec(f*x+e)+160*sec(f*x+e)^2+160*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(a+b)^(7/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b^6*(32+32*sec(f*x+e)+8...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 829 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 4.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3501, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.44

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1771 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1771, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.31

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/64*(((a^10*b + 7*a^9*b^2 + 21*a^8*b^3 + 35*a^7*b^4 + 35*a^6*b^5 + 21*a^5*b^6 + 7*a^4*b^7 + a^3*b^8)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^11*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^10*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^9*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^8*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^7*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^5*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^4*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^3*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))) - (13*a^10*b + 101*a^9*b^2 + 333*a^8*b^3 + 605*a^7*b^4 + 655*a^6*b^5 + 423*a^5*b^6 + 151*a^4*b^7 + 23*a^3*b^8)/(a^11*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^10*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^9*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^8*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^7*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^5*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^4*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^3*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + (23*a^10*b + 145*a^9*b^2 + 331*a^8*b^3 + 349*a^7*b^4 + 245*a^6*b^5 + 323*a^5*b^6 + 425*a^4*b^7 + 271*a^3*b^8 + 64*a^2*b^9)/(a^11*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^10*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^9*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^8*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^7*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^6*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^5*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^4*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^3*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - (11*a^10*b + 91*a^9*b^2 + 315*a^8*b^3 + 659*a^7*b^4 + 985*a^6*b^5 + 1081*a^5*b^6 + 801*a^4*b^7 + 345*a^3*b^8 + 64*a^2*b^9)/(a^11*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8*a^10*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 28*a^9*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 56*a^8*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 70*a^7*...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^5(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)^2 b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.421 $\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3512
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3513
Rubi [A] (verified)	3513
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3517
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3518
Sympy [F]	3519
Maxima [F(-1)]	3520
Giac [F]	3520
Mupad [F(-1)]	3520
Reduce [F]	3521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{(3a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{2b^{5/2} f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{abf \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(3a+2b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{2ab^2 f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-1/2*(3*a+
5*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f-(a+b
)*tan(f*x+e)^3/a/b/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(3*a+2*b)*tan(f*x+e)*
(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/b^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\left(\frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{a(3a+5b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) (a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx))^{3/2} \sec^3(e+fx)$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}ab^2 f (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} (a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx))) (3a^2+6ab+2b^2+(3a^2+4ab+2b^2)\cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^4(e+fx) \tan(e+fx)}{8ab^2 f (a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(((2*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]/Sqrt[a] + (a*(3*a + 5*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(Sqrt[2]*a*b^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*a^2 + 6*a*b + 2*b^2 + (3*a^2 + 4*a*b + 2*b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Tan[e + f*x])/(8*a*b^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 444, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4629 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2075 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 372 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)((3a+2b)\tan^2(e+fx)+3(a+b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 444 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+2b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \int \frac{a(3a+5b)\tan^2(e+fx)+(a+b)(3a+2b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 398 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+2b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + a(3a+5b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a+b)\tan^3(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a+2b)\tan(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + a(3a+5b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{ab}}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(3a+2b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{a(3a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{ab}}{f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{\frac{(3a+2b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}{ab} + \frac{a(3a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2b}}{f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{(3a+2b) \tan(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{2b} - \frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{a(3a+5b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{ab}}{f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-(((a + b)*Tan[e + f*x]^3)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + (-1/2*((2*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + (a*(3*a + 5*b)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/b + ((3*a + 2*b)*Tan[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(2*b))/(a*b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 372 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot e^3 \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-3} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[e^4 / (2 \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-4} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot (m-3) + (a \cdot d \cdot (m+2 \cdot q - 1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot (p+1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \cdot \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / b \cdot \text{Int}[1/((a + b \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 444 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot)(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f \cdot g \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (b \cdot d \cdot (m + 2 \cdot (p + q + 1) + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[g^2 / (b \cdot d \cdot (m + 2 \cdot (p + q + 1) + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot f \cdot c \cdot (m-1) + (a \cdot f \cdot d \cdot (m + 2 \cdot q + 1) + b \cdot (f \cdot c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1) - e \cdot d \cdot (m + 2 \cdot (p + q + 1) + 1))] \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1295 vs. $2(152) = 304$.

Time = 13.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1296, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.53

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1296

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/f*((cos(f*x+e)^4+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+1/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4*a*(-a)^(1/2)
)*b^(7/2)+(2*sec(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x+e)+2*tan(f*x+e))*a^2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(5/2)+
3/2*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*tan(f*x+e)+b^(9/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*
x+e)^2-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln
(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)
+1))*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)
^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a
-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(5+5*sec(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)^2+3*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/4*(
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(5*sec(
f*x+e)^2+5*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-
a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)
*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))-1/4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(5+5*sec(f*x+e)+3*sec(f*x+e)^...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 398 vs. $2(152) = 304$.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1895, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.02

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/8*((a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b^4*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(
f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a
^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32
*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x +
e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*co
s(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt
((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - ((3*a^4 + 5*a^3*b)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 -
6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 4*((a - b)*co
s(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f
*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) - 4*(a^2*b^2 + (3*a^3*b +
4*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x
+ e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^3*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*b^4*f*cos(f*x + e)),
-1/8*(2*((3*a^4 + 5*a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e))*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sq
rt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + (a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b^4*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*l
og(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 -
14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a
*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```


Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^6(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e)b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

$$3.422 \quad \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3523
Rubi [A] (verified)	3523
Maple [B] (verified)	3526
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3527
Sympy [F]	3528
Maxima [F]	3529
Giac [F]	3529
Mupad [F(-1)]	3529
Reduce [F]	3530

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{b^{3/2} f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{abf \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output $\arctan(a^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/f+\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*\tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/f-(a+b)*\tan(f*x+e)/a/b/f/(a+b*b*\tan(f*x+e)^2)^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) (a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx))}{2\sqrt{2abf}(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+b)(a+2b+a\cos(2(e+fx)))\sec^2(e+fx)\tan(e+fx)}{2abf(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^3/(2*Sqrt[2]*a*b*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((a + b)*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(2*a*b*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + b \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{b \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])/(a*b) - ((a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 372 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 920 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 6.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 921, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.94

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	921

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/f*((-sec(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x+e)-tan(f*x+e))*b^(5/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a-tan(f*x+e)
*a^2*b^(3/2)*(-a)^(1/2)-b^(7/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2+1/2*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(4*(b^(1/2))*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))*(sec(f*x+
e)+1)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*ln(
4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)+
1))*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-sin
(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*ln(-4*(b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e)
)^2)^(1/2)-sin(f*x+e)*a+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+1
/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^(7/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(2*sec(f*x+e)^2+2*sec(f
*x+e)^3)+1/2*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*a*ln(4*(-
a)^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1655, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.27

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```

[-1/8*(8*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f
*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + (a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*c
os(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 2*(a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + a^2*b)*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b -
b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(
b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f
*x + e)^4))/(a^3*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b^3*f), -1/8*(8*(a^2*b + a*b^2
)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) -
4*(a^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^
3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)
/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + (a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)
*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 +
32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2
*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e
)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^4(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.423
$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3531
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3531
Rubi [A] (verified)	3532
Maple [B] (verified)	3534
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3535
Sympy [F]	3535
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3536
Giac [F]	3537
Mupad [F(-1)]	3537
Reduce [F]	3537

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{af \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f+tan(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) (a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a+b} \right)}{4a^{3/2} \sqrt{a+b} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/4*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]) - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)]/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]))/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b - a*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 373, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^2}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a}}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a}}{f} \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/a^(3/2)) + Tan[e + f*x]/(a*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{(b+a \cos(fx+e))^2 \left(\cos(fx+e) \ln \left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} - 4 \sin(fx+e) a \right) \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \right)}{fa\sqrt{-a}}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/f/a/(-a)^{(1/2)}*(b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)*(\cos(f*x+e)*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-(-a)^{(1/2)}*\sin(f*x+e)+((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^{(1/2)}*((b+a*\cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+\cos(f*x+e))^2)^{(1/2)}-4*\sin(f*x+e)*a))/(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*\sec(f*x+e)^3 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 213 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.72

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{8a \sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx+e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^2}} \cos(fx + e) \sin(fx + e) - (a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b) \sqrt{-a}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(8*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) - (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f), 1/4*(4*a*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + (a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))))/(a^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*b*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2005 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2005, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.24

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*(2*a*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)
, a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^3 + 2*a*cos(1/2*
arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a*cos(1/2*a
rctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*
e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 - a*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*sin(1/2*ar
ctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e
) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) - (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin
(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*
a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x
+ 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4
*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*((cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*
x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*
cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b
)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)
)^2)*arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*
f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b
)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x +
2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)
+ 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^(1/4)*sqrt(a)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*si...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^2(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.424 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3538
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3538
Rubi [A] (verified)	3539
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Giac [F]	3544
Mupad [F(-1)]	3544
Reduce [F]	3544

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) \sec^3(e+fx) \left(\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)\right) (a+...)}{4a^{3/2}(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sec[e + f*x]^3*(Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a + b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*b*Sqrt[(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]/(a + b)]*Sin[e + f*x]))/(4*a^(3/2)*(a + b)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 296, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4616} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{296} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b\tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

↓ 216

$$f$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-3/2), x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]]/a^(3/2) - (b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 296 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + Simp[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 464 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 3.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

method	result
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} a^2 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}} \cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) (-1-\sec(fx+e))-\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+
a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e))-((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-1-sec(f*x+e)-sec(f*x+e)^2-sec(f*x+e)
^3)-((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(-sec(f*x+e)^2-sec(f*x+e)^
3)-(-a)^(1/2)*a*b*tan(f*x+e)-b^2*(-a)^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b
/a/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(8*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(
f*x + e) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos
os(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f
*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f), -1/4*(4*a*b*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2
+ b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*cos(f*x + e)*sin(f*x + e) + ((a^2 + a*b)*cos(f*x + e
)^2 + a*b + b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3
- 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)))/((a^4 + a^3*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + (a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-3/2), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2055 vs. $2(69) = 138$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2055, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*a*b*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) - 2*(a^2 + a*b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^3 - 2*(a*b*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + (a^2 + a*b)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 - a^2 - 2*a*b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a)) - (a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))^1/4)*(((a + b)*cos(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2 + (a + b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(a*sin(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e), a*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 2*(a + 2*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e) + a))^2)*arctan2(2*a*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 2*(a^2*cos(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + a^2*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*sin(4*f*x + 4*e)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e) + 4*(a^2 + 4*a*b + 4*b^2)*sin(2*f*x + 2*e)^2 + a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*(a^2 + 2*a*b)*cos(2*f*x + 2*e))*cos(4*f*x + 4*e) + 4*(a^2 + 2*a*...
```


Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(-3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e) b + a}}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.425 $\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3545
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3545
Rubi [A] (verified)	3546
Maple [B] (verified)	3549
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3550
Sympy [F]	3551
Maxima [F]	3552
Giac [F]	3552
Mupad [F(-1)]	3552
Reduce [F]	3553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(a-b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{a(a+b)^2 f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-b*cot(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-(a-b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a+b)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) (a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx))^{3/2} \sec^3(e+fx)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} ((a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) (a^2+2ab-b^2+(a^2+b^2) \cos(2(e+fx)))) \csc(e+fx) \sec^3(e+fx)}$$

$$- \frac{4a(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} ((a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx))) (a^2+2ab-b^2+(a^2+b^2) \cos(2(e+fx)))) \csc(e+fx) \sec^3(e+fx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(a^2 + 2*a*b - b^2 + (a^2 + b^2)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(4*a*(a + b)^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{f} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{374} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(-2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\frac{(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{(a-b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445 \\
 & \int \frac{-(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx) - \frac{(a-b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{-(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(a-b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(a-b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(a-b)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b\cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-(b*Cot[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + (-(((a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a]) - ((a - b)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(a*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 374 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*g*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{(p_)*}(v_)^{(q_)*}((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*\text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{e, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}[\{u, v\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{BinomialMatchQ}[\{u, v\}, x]$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 660 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 5.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 661, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.55

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}}{\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}} \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e) + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} - 4 \sin(fx+e)a\right) a^3 (\sec(fx+e)+1) + \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/f/(a+b)^2/a/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*(sec(f*x+e)+1)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)
^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x
+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*
a)*a^2*b*(sec(f*x+e)^3+sec(f*x+e)^2+2*sec(f*x+e)+2)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2
)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^2*(1+sec(f*x+e)+2*sec(f*x+e)^2+2*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a
*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+co
s(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*b^3*(sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+(-a)^(1
/2)*a^3*cot(f*x+e)+2*a^2*b*(-a)^(1/2)*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)+(cos(f*x+e)^4-
cos(f*x+e)^2+1)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)-(-a)^(1/2)*b^3*ta
n(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*((a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 8*((a^3 + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2*b - a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/4*((a^2*b + 2*a*b^2 + b^3 + (a^3 + 2*a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((a^3 + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2*b - a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^5 + 2*a^4*b + a^3*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b + 2*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*f)*sin(f*x + e))]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^2(fx + e)^2}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.426
$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3554
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3555
Rubi [A] (verified)	3555
Maple [B] (verified)	3558
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3559
Sympy [F]	3560
Maxima [F(-1)]	3561
Giac [F]	3561
Mupad [F(-1)]	3561
Reduce [F]	3562

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(3a-b)(a+3b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3a(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3a(a+b)^2 f}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-b*cot(f*x+
e)^3/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(3*a-b)*(a+3*b)*cot(f*x+e)*
(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a+b)^3/f-1/3*(a-3*b)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan
(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a+b)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a\sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) (a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx))^{3/2} \sec^3(e+fx)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}f(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{(a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx))^2 \sec^3(e+fx) \left(\frac{(4a+9b)\csc(e+fx)}{12(a+b)^3f} - \frac{\csc^3(e+fx)}{12(a+b)^2f} - \frac{b^3\sin(e+fx)}{2a(a+b)^3f(a+2b+a\cos(2e+2fx))}\right)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2*Sec[e + f*x]^3*((4*a + 9*b)*Csc[e + f*x]/(12*(a + b)^3*f) - Csc[e + f*x]^3/(12*(a + b)^2*f) - (b^3*Sin[e + f*x])/(2*a*(a + b)^3*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x]))) / (a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 445, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^4 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 374

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(-4b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-3b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(2(a-3b)b \tan^2(e+fx)+(3a-b)(a+3b))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)a(a+b)} - \frac{(a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)^3}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)a(a+b)} - \frac{(3a-b)(a+3b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{-3(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(3a-b)(a+3b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)a(a+b)} - \frac{(a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{-3(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(3a-b)(a+3b) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)a(a+b)} - \frac{(a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}$$

f
↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{3(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(3a-b)(a+3b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(a-3b) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-((b*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2))) + (-1/3*((a - 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) - ((-3*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((3*a - b)*(a + 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(3*(a + b)))/(a*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 374 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 917 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 918, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	918

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/f*((2*sec(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^3-3*cot(f*x+e)^3)*b*a^3*(-a)^(1/2)+(-6*cos(f
*x+e)^4+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+1)*sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)^3*b^2*a^2*(-a)^(1/2)+(-c
os(f*x+e)^6+2*cos(f*x+e)^4-4*cos(f*x+e)^2+8/3)*sec(f*x+e)^3*csc(f*x+e)^3*b
^3*a*(-a)^(1/2)+(-4/3*cot(f*x+e)^3+cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)^2)*a^4*(-a)^(1/2)
-(-a)^(1/2)*b^4*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^2-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(
f*x+e)*a)*a^4*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+
e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a
)*a^3*b*(-9-9*sec(f*x+e)-3*sec(f*x+e)^2-3*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^2*b^2*(-9-9*sec(f*x+e)-9*sec(f*x+e)^2-9*sec(f*
x+e)^3)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^3*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e)
-9*sec(f*x+e)^2-9*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+
e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 470 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1061, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```

[-1/24*(3*((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^3*b - 3*
a^2*b^2 - 3*a*b^3 - b^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 - b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*
sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 3
2*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*
b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)
^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3
- 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*co
s(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x +
e))*sin(f*x + e) - 8*((4*a^4 + 9*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (3*a^4
+ 4*a^3*b - 9*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a^3*b + 8*a^2*b^2 -
3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^6
+ 3*a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a^
3*b^3 - a^2*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b
^4)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/12*(3*((a^4 + 3*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*
x + e)^4 - a^3*b - 3*a^2*b^2 - 3*a*b^3 - b^4 - (a^4 + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 -
b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a
*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos
(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 -
(a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((4*a^4 +
9*a^3*b + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - (3*a^4 + 4*a^3*b - 9*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^4(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.427
$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3563
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3564
Rubi [A] (verified)	3564
Maple [B] (verified)	3568
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3569
Sympy [F]	3570
Maxima [F(-1)]	3571
Giac [F]	3571
Mupad [F(-1)]	3571
Reduce [F]	3572

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{3/2} f} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{a(a+b)f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(15a^3 + 55a^2b + 73ab^2 - 15b^3) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15a(a+b)^4 f} + \frac{(5a^2 + 14ab - 15b^2) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15a(a+b)^3 f} - \frac{(a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{5a(a+b)^2 f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/f-b*cot(f*x+e)^5/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/15*(15*a^3+55*a^2*b+73*a*b^2-15*b^3)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a+b)^4/f+1/15*(5*a^2+14*a*b-15*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a+b)^3/f-1/5*(a-5*b)*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a+b)^2/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) (a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{3/2} \sec^3(e + fx)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^2 \left(\frac{30b^4}{a(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))} - (23a^2 + 80ab + 90b^2) \csc^2(e + fx) + (a + b)(11a + 2b)\right)}{60(a + b)^4 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(3/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^3/(Sqrt[2]*a^(3/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2*((30*b^4)/(a*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])) - (23*a^2 + 80*a*b + 90*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + (a + b)*(11*a + 20*b)*Csc[e + f*x]^4 - 3*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^6)*Sec[e + f*x]^2*Tan[e + f*x])/(60*(a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 445, 445, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 4629 \\
 \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 2075 \\
 \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 374 \\
 \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(-6b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{a(a+b)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 445 \\
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5a^2+14ba-15b^2+4(a-5b)b \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(a-5b) \cot^5(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 445 \\
 \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(15a^3+55ba^2+73b^2a-15b^3+2b(5a^2+14ba-15b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(5a^2+14ab-15b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(a-5b) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
 \hline
 a(a+b) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 445 \\
 \int \frac{15(a+b)^4}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \hline
 \frac{(15a^3+55a^2b+73ab^2-15b^3) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a^2+14ab-15b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \\
 \hline
 a(a+b) \\
 \hline
 f \\
 \downarrow 27
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-15(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(15a^3+55a^2b+73ab^2-15b^3) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a^2+14ab-15b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} = \frac{f}{a(a+b)}$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{-15(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(15a^3+55a^2b+73ab^2-15b^3) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a^2+14ab-15b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)}{3(a+b)}}{5(a+b)} = \frac{f}{a(a+b)}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{-(5a^2+14ab-15b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(15a^3+55a^2b+73ab^2-15b^3) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{15(a+b)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{3(a+b)}}{a(a+b)} = \frac{f}{a(a+b)}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-(b*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + (-1/5*(a - 5*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) - (-1/3*((5*a^2 + 14*a*b - 15*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b) - ((-15*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((15*a^3 + 55*a^2*b + 73*a*b^2 - 15*b^3)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(3*(a + b)))/(5*(a + b)))/(a*(a + b)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 374 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*g*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 2075 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{(p_)*}(v_)^{(q_)*}((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*\text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[v, x]^q, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{e, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}\{u, v\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{BinomialDegree}[u, x] - \text{BinomialDegree}[v, x], 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{BinomialMatchQ}\{u, v\}, x]$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1160 vs. $2(221) = 442$.

Time = 15.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1161, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1161

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/15/f/(a+b)^4/a/(-a)^(1/2)*(sin(f*x+e)^5*cos(f*x+e)^2*(15*cos(f*x+e)+15)
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^5+sin(f*x+e)^5*(60*cos(f*x+e)^3
+60*cos(f*x+e)^2+15*cos(f*x+e)+15)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)
*a^4*b+sin(f*x+e)^5*(90*cos(f*x+e)^3+90*cos(f*x+e)^2+60*cos(f*x+e)+60)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*b^2+sin(f*x+e)^5*(60*cos(f*x+e)^3
+60*cos(f*x+e)^2+90*cos(f*x+e)+90)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)
*a^2*b^3+sin(f*x+e)^5*(15*cos(f*x+e)^3+15*cos(f*x+e)^2+60*cos(f*x+e)+60)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)
)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a*b^4+sin(f*x+e)^5*(15*cos(f*x+e)+1
5)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 698 vs. $2(221) = 442$.

Time = 6.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1517, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/120*(15*((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^
6 + a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4*a*b^4 + b^5 - (2*a^5 + 7*a^4*b + 8*a
^3*b^2 + 2*a^2*b^3 - 2*a*b^4 - b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^5 + 2*a^4*b - 2*a^
3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 7*a*b^4 - 2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*
cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4
- 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*
x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2
)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*
sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 8
*((23*a^5 + 80*a^4*b + 90*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - (35*a^5 + 1
06*a^4*b + 80*a^3*b^2 - 90*a^2*b^3 + 45*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (15*a^5 +
20*a^4*b - 56*a^3*b^2 - 160*a^2*b^3 + 45*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^4*b
+ 55*a^3*b^2 + 73*a^2*b^3 - 15*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 6*a^5*b^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4
)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (2*a^7 + 7*a^6*b + 8*a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 - 2*a^3*b^4
- a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + (a^7 + 2*a^6*b - 2*a^5*b^2 - 8*a^4*b^3 - 7*a
^3*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 6*a^4*b^3 + 4*
a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/60*(15*((a^5 + 4*a^4*b + 6*a^3*b^2
+ 4*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + a^4*b + 4*a^3*b^2 + 6*a^2*b^3 + 4...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^6(fx + e)}{\sec^4(fx + e) b^2 + 2 \sec^2(fx + e) ab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**4*b**2 + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.428
$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3573
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3573
Rubi [A] (verified)	3574
Maple [B] (verified)	3576
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3577
Sympy [F]	3577
Maxima [F(-1)]	3578
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3578
Mupad [F(-1)]	3579
Reduce [F]	3579

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}f} + \frac{(a+b)^2}{3ab^2f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}}{f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+1/3*(a+b)^2/a/b^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+(1/a^2-1/b^2)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 5.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, 4, \sin^2(e+fx), \frac{a \sin^2(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}\right)}{3f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3, 1/2, 5/2, 4, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Tan[e + f*x]^6)/(3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(8*(a + b)*AppellF1[3, 1/2, 5/2, 4, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[4, 1/2, 7/2, 5, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (a + b)*AppellF1[4, 3/2, 5/2, 5, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))*Sin[e + f*x]^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 98, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{98} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{(a+b)^2}{ab(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} + \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{a^2 \sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} + \frac{a^2-b^2}{a^2 b (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} \right) d \sec^2(e + fx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2(a+b)^2}{3ab^2(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

$$2f$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2) + (2*(a + b)^2)/(3*a*b^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(a^(-2) - b^(-2)))/Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2])/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 98 `Int[(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e + f*x)^FractionalPart[p], (c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^IntegerPart[p]/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && FractionQ[p]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)], x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1569 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1570, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.19

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1570

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/3/f/a^(5/2)/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)^2/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)^2/b^2/(cos(f*x+e)^2*a^3
+(2*cos(f*x+e)^2+1)*a^2*b+(cos(f*x+e)^2+2)*b^2*a+b^3)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(
5/2)*(3*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e
)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^9*b^2*(cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)
)+3*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*
a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^8*b^3*(3+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+
e)+3*sec(f*x+e))+9*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2
)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f
*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^7*b^4*(4+2*cos(f*x+
e)^2+2*cos(f*x+e)+4*sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+3*ln(4*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+c
os(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^6*b^5*(18+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+18*sec(f*x+e)+
12*sec(f*x+e)^2+12*sec(f*x+e)^3+sec(f*x+e)^4+sec(f*x+e)^5)+3*ln(4*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos
(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+
cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^5*b^6*(4*sec(f*x+e)^5+4*sec(f*x+e)^4+18*sec(f*x+e)^
3+18*sec(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)^2+12*sec(f*x+e)+cos(f*x+e)+12)+9*ln(4*((b+...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(a^2 b^2 \cos^4(fx + e) + 2ab^3 \cos^2(fx + e) + b^4) \sqrt{a} \log\left(128 a^4 \cos(fx + e)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(3*(a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - 8*(2*(a^4 - a^3*b - 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(a^3*b - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^5*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^4*f), 1/12*(3*(a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) - 4*(2*(a^4 - a^3*b - 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(a^3*b - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^5*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^3*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^4*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 466 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(((2*a^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 3*a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^10*b^2) - 3*(2*a^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 3*a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 3*(2*a^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 3*a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - (2*a^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - 3*a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))/(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2) + 6*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/f`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^5(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.429
$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3580
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3580
Rubi [A] (verified)	3581
Maple [B] (verified)	3584
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3585
Sympy [F]	3586
Maxima [F(-1)]	3586
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3586
Mupad [F(-1)]	3587
Reduce [F]	3587

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{1}{3abf(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{a^2 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*(a+b)/a/b/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/a^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^{5/2} \sec^4(e+fx)}{\dots} \left(-\frac{4(a+3b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{b^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{b^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{5/2}*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*((-4*(a + 3*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])) / (b^2*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{3/2}) + (2*(a + b + (a - 2*b)*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])) / (b^2*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{3/2}) - (\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{E}^{(I*(e + f*x))}*\text{Sqrt}[4*b + (a*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2})/\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))}]*(-((\text{Sqrt}[a]*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})*(-96*b^3*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a^3*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2} - 32*a*b^2*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2} - 6*a^2*b*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{E}^{((4*I)*(e + f*x))})))/ (b^2*(4*b*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2})^2) + ((24*I)*f*x - 12*\text{Log}[a + 2*b + a*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[4*b*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2}]] - 12*\text{Log}[a + a*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + 2*b*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[4*b*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2}]])/\text{Sqrt}[4*b*\text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + \text{E}^{((2*I)*(e + f*x)))^2}])* \text{Sec}[e + f*x])/a^{5/2}))/ (192*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int \frac{-\cos(e + fx)(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{2(a+b)}{3ab(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2(a+b)}{3ab(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sec^4(e+fx)} - \frac{a}{b}}{ab} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2(a+b)}{3ab(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2(a+b)}{3ab(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\dots}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/2*((2*(a + b))/(3*a*b*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + 2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/a)/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (
f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1540 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1541, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.31

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1541

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/f/a^(5/2)/((-a*b)^(1/2)-a)^2/((-a*b)^(1/2)+a)^2/b/(cos(f*x+e)^2*a^3+(
*cos(f*x+e)^2+1)*a^2*b+(cos(f*x+e)^2+2)*b^2*a+b^3)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2
)*(3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(
1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^9*b*(cos(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e))+3*(
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(
f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^8*b^2*(3+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+3*
sec(f*x+e))+9*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^7*b^3*(4+2*cos(f*x+e)^2+
2*cos(f*x+e)+4*sec(f*x+e)+sec(f*x+e)^2+sec(f*x+e)^3)+3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+4
*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^6*b^4*(18+4*cos(f*x+e)^2+4*cos(f*x+e)+18*sec(f*x+e)+12*se
c(f*x+e)^2+12*sec(f*x+e)^3+sec(f*x+e)^4+sec(f*x+e)^5)+3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
*a^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*a^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+
4*cos(f*x+e)*a)*a^5*b^5*(4*sec(f*x+e)^5+4*sec(f*x+e)^4+18*sec(f*x+e)^3+18*
sec(f*x+e)^2+cos(f*x+e)^2+12*sec(f*x+e)+cos(f*x+e)+12)+9*((b+a*cos(f*x+...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(a^2b \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2ab^2 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(128a^4 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 256a^3b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 160a^2b^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + 32ab^3 \cos(fx + e)^2 + b^4 + 8(16a^3 \cos(fx + e)^8 + 24a^2b \cos(fx + e)^6 + 10ab^2 \cos(fx + e)^4 + b^3 \cos(fx + e)^2)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}\right) - 8(3a^2b \cos(fx + e)^2 + (a^3 + 4a^2b) \cos(fx + e)^4)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{a \cos(fx + e)^2 + b}{\cos(fx + e)^2}}}{12(a^5bf \cos(fx + e)^4 + 2a^4b^2f \cos(fx + e)^2 + a^3b^3f)}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(3*(a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) - 8*(3*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)))/(a^5*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^3*f), -1/12*(3*(a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) + 4*(3*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^5*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^3*f)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 418 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{(a^{10} \text{bsgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + 4a^9b^2 \text{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + 3a^8b^3 \text{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e\right)^2}{a^{10}b^2} \right) - 3(a^{10} \text{bsgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*(((a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3*a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^10*b^2) - 3*(a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 3*(a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - (a^10*b*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3*a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))/(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2) - 6*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b) + sqrt(a + b))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))/f
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^3(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3), x)
```

3.430
$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3588
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3588
Rubi [A] (verified)	3589
Maple [A] (verified)	3592
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3592
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3593
Maxima [F]	3594
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3594
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3595
Reduce [F]	3595

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}f} + \frac{1}{3af(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{a^2f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+1/3/a/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/a^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^{5/2} \sec^4(e+fx)}{\dots} \left(-\frac{4(a+3b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}{b^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^{3/2}} + \frac{6}{b^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{5/2}*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^4*((-4*(a + 3*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])) / (b^2*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{3/2}) + (6*(a + b + (a - 2*b)*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])) / (b^2*(a + 2*b + a*\text{Cos}[2*(e + f*x)])^{3/2}) + (\text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}*\text{Sqrt}[4*b + (a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2)/E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))}]*(-((\text{Sqrt}[a]*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})*(-96*b^3*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a^3*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2 - 32*a*b^2*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2 - 6*a^2*b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + E^{((4*I)*(e + f*x))})) / (b^2*(4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2)) + ((24*I)*f*x - 12*\text{Log}[a + 2*b + a*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2]] - 12*\text{Log}[a + a*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + 2*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2]]) / \text{Sqrt}[4*b*E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))} + a*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(e + f*x))})^2]) * \text{Sec}[e + f*x] / a^{5/2})) / (192*f*(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)^{5/2}) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 243, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4627 \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e + fx)}{(b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 243 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{2f \frac{\frac{1}{\sec^4(e+fx)} - \frac{a}{b}}{ab} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{2f} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{2f} + \frac{2}{3a(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2/(3*a*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + 2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/a)/(2*f)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!(LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n])) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4627 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*\text{sec}[e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_)}(p_.)*\tan[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Sec}[e + f*x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/f \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^{((m - 1)/2)}*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, \text{Sec}[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, f, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 2] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[n, 4] \ || \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n, p])$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{3af(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{a^2f\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{fa^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	86
default	$\frac{1}{3af(a+b\sec(fx+e))^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{a^2f\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\sec(fx+e)^2}}{\sec(fx+e)}\right)}{fa^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	86

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/a/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/a^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/f/a^(5/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/sec(f*x+e))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(a^2 \cos^4(fx+e) + 2ab \cos^2(fx+e) + b^2) \sqrt{a} \log(128 a^4 \cos^8(fx+e))}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128
*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^
4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*co
s(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
(a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2) + 8*(4*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a*b*
cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(a^5*f*cos(f*
x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f), 1/12*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e
)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^
4 + 8*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f
*x + e)^2)/(2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2)) + 4*(4
*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/co
s(f*x + e)^2))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*
f)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{b}{6af(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b}{2a^2 f \sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}} + \frac{b \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{2a^2 f \sqrt{-a}} \right)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(\sec^2(e + fx))}{2a^{5/2} f} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(b/(6*a*f*(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(3/2)) + b/(2*a**2*f*sqrt(
a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)) + b*atan(sqrt(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)/sqrt(-a))/(2*
a**2*f*sqrt(-a)))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (log(sec(e + f*x)**2)/(2*a**(5/2)*f), True
))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\left(\frac{(4a^9b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) + 3a^8b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e))) \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2}{a^{10}b^2} - \frac{3(4a^9b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) - a^8b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)))}{a^{10}b^2} \right) \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + \frac{3(4a^9b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)) - a^8b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx+e)))}{a^{10}b^2} \right)}{(a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 - 2a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + 2b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + a + b)^{3/2} - 6 \arctan(-1/2(\sqrt{a+b} \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 - \sqrt{a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^4 + b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 - 2a \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + 2b \tan(\frac{1}{2}fx + \frac{1}{2}e)^2 + a + b}) / \sqrt{-a}) / (\sqrt{-a} a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(\cos(fx + e)))} / f$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(((4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3*a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^10*b^2) - 3*(4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 3*(4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) - a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2)) - (4*a^9*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3*a^8*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))/(a^10*b^2)) / (a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)^(3/2) - 6*arctan(-1/2*(sqrt(a + b)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - sqrt(a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^4 + b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 - 2*a*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + 2*b*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2 + a + b)) / sqrt(-a)) / (sqrt(-a)*a^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) / f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}{a^2} + \frac{1}{3a}}{f \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{5/2} f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)/a^2 + 1/(3*a))/(f*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(3/2)) -
atanh((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/(a^(5/2)*f)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*s
ec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.431
$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3596
Mathematica [F]	3597
Rubi [A] (verified)	3597
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3601
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3601
Sympy [F]	3602
Maxima [F]	3603
Giac [F(-2)]	3603
Mupad [F(-1)]	3603
Reduce [F]	3604

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}f} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{(a+b)^{5/2}f} - \frac{b}{3a(a+b)f(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(2a+b)}{a^2(a+b)^2f\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(5/2)/f-1/3*b/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-b*(2*a+b)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 96, 25, 169, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{96} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(-b\sec^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(-b\sec^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{169} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)((a+b)^2 - b(2a+b)\sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b(2a+b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)((a+b)^2 - b(2a+b)\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b(2a+b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{174} \\
 & \frac{a^2 \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + (a+b)^2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b(2a+b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a} + 2(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b(2a+b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) - \frac{2(a+b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{2b(2a+b)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b}{3a(a+b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}}{2f}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/2*((2*b)/(3*a*(a + b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((-2*(a + b)^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*a^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) + (2*b*(2*a + b))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 96 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[f*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b*e - a*f)*(d*e - c*f)), x] + Simp[1/((b*e - a*f)*(d*e - c*f)) Int[(b*d*e - b*c*f - a*d*f - b*d*f*x)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 169

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)
)^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c +
d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + S
imp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n
*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*
h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[
2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 174

```
Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*)
((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^
p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d
*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x, x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 9175 vs. $2(119) = 238$.

Time = 10.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9176, normalized size of antiderivative = 66.98

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	9176

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. $2(119) = 238$.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2279, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.64

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(3*(a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5 + (a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2
+ a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos
(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 256*a^3*b*cos(f*x + e)^6
+ 160*a^2*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 32*a*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^4 + 8*(16*a^3*
cos(f*x + e)^8 + 24*a^2*b*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 10*a*b^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b^3*c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)) + 6*(a
^5*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(a + b)*log(2*((
8*a^2 + 8*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(4*a*b + 3*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b
^2 - 4*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + b*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a + b)*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(cos(f*x + e)^4 - 2*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 1
)) - 8*((7*a^4*b + 11*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 3*(2*a^3*b^2 +
3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2))/((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b
+ 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3
+ 3*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f), 1/24*(12*(a^5*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*cos(f*x
+ e)^2 + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(-a - b)*arctan(1/2*((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)*
sqrt(-a - b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^2 + a*b)*cos(
f*x + e)^2 + a*b + b^2)) + 3*(a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5 + (a^5 +
3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*
a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 + 2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(fx + e)}{(b \sec(fx + e)^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.432
$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3605
Mathematica [F]	3606
Rubi [A] (verified)	3606
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3610
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3611
Sympy [F]	3611
Maxima [F(-1)]	3611
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3612
Mupad [F(-1)]	3613
Reduce [F]	3613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}f} + \frac{(2a+7b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{2(a+b)^{7/2}f} - \frac{(3a-2b)b}{6a(a+b)^2f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)f(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(a^2-6ab-2b^2)}{2a^2(a+b)^3f\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+1/2*(2*a+7*b)*arctanh
((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(7/2)/f-1/6*(3*a-2*b)*b/a/(a+
b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2
)^(3/2)-1/2*b*(a^2-6*a*b-2*b^2)/a^2/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 114, 27, 169, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{114} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^2(2a+7b) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx) + 2(a+b)^3 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(a^2-6ab-2b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b\left(\frac{2}{a}-\frac{5}{a+b}\right)}{3(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2f}{2(a+b)}$$

73

$$\frac{2a^2(2a+7b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a} + 4(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(a^2-6ab-2b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b\left(\frac{2}{a}-\frac{5}{a+b}\right)}{3(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2f}{2(a+b)}$$

221

$$\frac{2a^2(2a+7b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{4(a+b)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(a^2-6ab-2b^2)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{2b\left(\frac{2}{a}-\frac{5}{a+b}\right)}{3(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2f}{(a+b)(1-)}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(1/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(2/a - 5/(a + b)))/(3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((-4*(a + b)^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*a^2*(2*a + 7*b)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) - (2*b*(a^2 - 6*a*b - 2*b^2))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(a + b)))/(2*(a + b)))/(2*f)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 169 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 174 `Int[(((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)))/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 12013 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 8.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12014, normalized size of antiderivative = 60.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	12014

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 830 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 4.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3507, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.54

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2160 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.80

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(((3*(a^20*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 10*a^19*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) +
45*a^18*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^17*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 210*a^16*
b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 252*a^15*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 210*a^14*b^8*sgn(
cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^13*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 45*a^12*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x
+ e)) + 10*a^11*b^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + a^10*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e))) *tan(
1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^21*b^2 + 11*a^20*b^3 + 55*a^19*b^4 + 165*a^18*b^5 +
330*a^17*b^6 + 462*a^16*b^7 + 462*a^15*b^8 + 330*a^14*b^9 + 165*a^13*b^10
+ 55*a^12*b^11 + 11*a^11*b^12 + a^10*b^13) - 4*(3*a^20*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e
)) + 24*a^19*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 101*a^18*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 330*
a^17*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 900*a^16*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1896*a^15*b^
7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2898*a^14*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3132*a^13*b^9*sgn(
cos(f*x + e)) + 2355*a^12*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1200*a^11*b^11*sgn(cos(
f*x + e)) + 393*a^10*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 74*a^9*b^13*sgn(cos(f*x + e)
) + 6*a^8*b^14*sgn(cos(f*x + e))))/(a^21*b^2 + 11*a^20*b^3 + 55*a^19*b^4 +
165*a^18*b^5 + 330*a^17*b^6 + 462*a^16*b^7 + 462*a^15*b^8 + 330*a^14*b^9 +
165*a^13*b^10 + 55*a^12*b^11 + 11*a^11*b^12 + a^10*b^13))*tan(1/2*f*x + 1
/2*e)^2 + 6*(3*a^20*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 22*a^19*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e))
+ 111*a^18*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 460*a^17*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1330*a
^16*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2516*a^15*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 3094*a^14*b^
8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 2432*a^13*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1135*a^12*b^10*...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot(fx + e)^3}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.433
$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3614
Mathematica [F]	3615
Rubi [A] (verified)	3615
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3620
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3621
Sympy [F]	3621
Maxima [F(-1)]	3621
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3622
Mupad [F(-1)]	3623
Reduce [F]	3623

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}f} - \frac{(8a^2 + 36ab + 63b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{8(a+b)^{9/2}f} + \frac{b(12a^2 + 39ab - 8b^2)}{24a(a+b)^3 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{(4a + 11b) \cot^2(e+fx)}{8(a+b)^2 f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{4(a+b)f (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{b(4a^3 + 15a^2b - 32ab^2 - 8b^3)}{8a^2(a+b)^4 f \sqrt{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/8*(8*a^2+36*a*b+63*b^2)*arctanh((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b)^(1/2))/(a+b)^(9/2)/f+1/24*b*(12*a^2+39*a*b-8*b^2)/a/(a+b)^3/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/8*(4*a+11*b)*cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/4*cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b)/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/8*b*(4*a^3+15*a^2*b-32*a*b^2-8*b^3)/a^2/(a+b)^4/f/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 114, 27, 168, 27, 169, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec(e + fx) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{354} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^3 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 114 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(7b \sec^2(e+fx)+4(a+b))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{2(a+b)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(7b \sec^2(e+fx)+4(a+b))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^2+5b(4a+11b) \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4a+11b}{4(a+b)} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^2+5b(4a+11b) \sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{5/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{4(a+b)} + \frac{4a+11b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{2(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2 (a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 169 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{3 \cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^3+b(12a^2+39ba-8b^2) \sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{2b(12a^2+39ab-8b^2)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4a+11b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^3+b(12a^2+39ba-8b^2)\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{3/2}} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(12a^2+39ab-8b^2)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4a+11b}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \dots$$

$2f$

↓ 169

$$2 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^4+b(4a^3+15ba^2-32b^2a-8b^3)\sec^2(e+fx))}{2(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2b(4a^3+15a^2b-32ab^2-8b^3)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2b(12a^2+39ab-8b^2)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \dots$$

$2f$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(8(a+b)^4+b(4a^3+15ba^2-32b^2a-8b^3)\sec^2(e+fx))}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2b(4a^3+15a^2b-32ab^2-8b^3)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{2b(12a^2+39ab-8b^2)}{3a(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \dots$$

$2f$

↓ 174

$$a^2(8a^2+36ab+63b^2) \int \frac{1}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) + 8(a+b)^4 \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}} d\sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{2b(4a^3+15a^2b-32ab^2-8b^3)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \dots$$

$2f$

↓ 73

$$2a^2(8a^2+36ab+63b^2) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+b}{b} - \frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a} + 16(a+b)^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sec^4(e+fx)}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a} - \frac{2b(4a^3+15a^2b-32ab^2-8b^3)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\sec^2(e+fx)}} - \dots$$

$2f$

221

$$\frac{2a^2(8a^2+36ab+63b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b}} - \frac{16(a+b)^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{2b(4a^3+15a^2b-32ab^2-8b^3)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b}\sec^2(e+fx)} - \frac{2b(12a^2+39ab-8b^2)}{3a(a+b)(a+b)\sec^2(e+fx)}$$

$$\frac{2b(4a^3+15a^2b-32ab^2-8b^3)}{2(a+b)} - \frac{2b(12a^2+39ab-8b^2)}{4(a+b)}$$

2f

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(1/(2*(a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((4*a + 11*b)/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*b*(12*a^2 + 39*a*b - 8*b^2))/(3*a*(a + b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (((-16*(a + b)^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*a^2*(8*a^2 + 36*a*b + 63*b^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]/Sqrt[a + b]])/Sqrt[a + b]))/(a*(a + b)) - (2*b*(4*a^3 + 15*a^2*b - 32*a*b^2 - 8*b^3))/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(a + b)))/(2*(a + b)))/(4*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)]^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m+1) - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$

rule 168 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 169 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 174 $\text{Int}[(((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))) / (((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h) / (b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p / (a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h) / (b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p / (c + d*x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2] / a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15442 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 8.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15443, normalized size of antiderivative = 57.62

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	15443

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1141 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 17.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4751, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.73

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3397 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3397, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.68

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/192*(((3*((a^25*b^2 + 15*a^24*b^3 + 105*a^23*b^4 + 455*a^22*b^5 + 1365
*a^21*b^6 + 3003*a^20*b^7 + 5005*a^19*b^8 + 6435*a^18*b^9 + 6435*a^17*b^10
+ 5005*a^16*b^11 + 3003*a^15*b^12 + 1365*a^14*b^13 + 455*a^13*b^14 + 105*
a^12*b^15 + 15*a^11*b^16 + a^10*b^17)*tan(1/2*f*x + 1/2*e)^2/(a^26*b^2*sgn
(cos(f*x + e)) + 16*a^25*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^24*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x
+ e)) + 560*a^23*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1820*a^22*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) +
4368*a^21*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^20*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440
*a^19*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 12870*a^18*b^10*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^
17*b^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^16*b^12*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4368*a^15*b
^13*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 1820*a^14*b^14*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 560*a^13*b^15*sg
n(cos(f*x + e)) + 120*a^12*b^16*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 16*a^11*b^17*sgn(cos(
f*x + e)) + a^10*b^18*sgn(cos(f*x + e)))) - (15*a^25*b^2 + 239*a^24*b^3 + 1
771*a^23*b^4 + 8099*a^22*b^5 + 25571*a^21*b^6 + 59059*a^20*b^7 + 103103*a^
19*b^8 + 138567*a^18*b^9 + 144573*a^17*b^10 + 117117*a^16*b^11 + 73073*a^1
5*b^12 + 34489*a^14*b^13 + 11921*a^13*b^14 + 2849*a^12*b^15 + 421*a^11*b^1
6 + 29*a^10*b^17)/(a^26*b^2*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 16*a^25*b^3*sgn(cos(f*x +
e)) + 120*a^24*b^4*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 560*a^23*b^5*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 18
20*a^22*b^6*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 4368*a^21*b^7*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^2
0*b^8*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^19*b^9*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 12870*a^18*b^
10*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 11440*a^17*b^11*sgn(cos(f*x + e)) + 8008*a^16*b^...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^5(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.434
$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3624
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3625
Rubi [A] (verified)	3625
Maple [B] (verified)	3630
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3631
Sympy [F]	3632
Maxima [F]	3632
Giac [F]	3632
Mupad [F(-1)]	3633
Reduce [F]	3633

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{b^{5/2} f}$$

$$-\frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3abf (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}\right) \tan(e+fx)}{f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+arctanh(b
^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/f-1/3*(a+b)*tan(f*x+
e)^3/a/b/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+(1/a^2-1/b^2)*tan(f*x+e)/f/(a+b*b*ta
n(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 9.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) (a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{5/2} \sec^5(e + fx)}{4\sqrt{2}a^2b^2f(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^3 \sec^5(e + fx) \left(\frac{-a^2 \sin(e+fx) - 2ab \sin(e+fx) - b^2 \sin(e+fx)}{6a^2bf(a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx))^2} + \frac{-3a^2 \sin(e+fx) + ab \sin(e+fx) + 4b^2 \sin(e+fx)}{12a^2b^2f(a+2b+a \cos(2e+2fx))} \right)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
-1/4*(((b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - (a^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[b])*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(Sqrt[2]*a^2*b^2*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^5*((-a^2*Sin[e + f*x]) - 2*a*b*Sin[e + f*x] - b^2*Sin[e + f*x]))/(6*a^2*b*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^2) + (-3*a^2*Sin[e + f*x] + a*b*Sin[e + f*x] + 4*b^2*Sin[e + f*x])/(12*a^2*b^2*f*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])))))/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 27, 440, 25, 398, 224, 219, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^6}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3 \tan^2(e+fx)(a \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(a \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{440} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{\tan^2(e+fx)a^2+a^2-b^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)a^2+a^2-b^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{398}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

224

$$\frac{a^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

219

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - b^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

291

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - b^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

216

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right) - b^2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(a^2-b^2) \tan(e+fx)}{ab \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan^3(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/3*((a + b)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^3)/(a*b*(a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)^{(3/2)}) + ((\\ & -((b^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)])/\text{Sqrt} \\ & [a]) + (a^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^2)] \\ &)/\text{Sqrt}[b]))/(a*b) - ((a^2 - b^2)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x])/(a*b*\text{Sqrt}[a + b + b*\text{Tan}[e + \\ & f*x]^2]))/(a*b))/f \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 216

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, \text{x}\ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, \text{x}\ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, \text{x}\ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 291

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2))), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}\ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 372

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2
)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1
)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) +
(a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a
, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 398

```
Int[((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2])
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}
, x]
```

rule 440

```
Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a +
b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
g^2/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c +
d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m - 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*q + 1) - b*2*(c
*f - d*e)*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, q}, x] &&
LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p._)*(v_)^(q._)*((e._)*(x_))^(m._), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*sec[(e_) + (f._)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p._)*((d._)*tan[(e_) + (f
_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Sim
p[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2
)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1422 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1423, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1423

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/6/f/b^(7/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/a^2*(cos(f*x+e)^4*(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b
+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(
f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))+cos(f*x+e)^2*(6*cos
(f*x+e)+6)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*
ln(4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(
f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-a-b)/(sin(f*x
+e)-1))+3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)*a^2*b^3*ln(4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*c
os(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)
-a-b)/(sin(f*x+e)-1))+cos(f*x+e)^4*(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f
*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^
2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1))+cos(f*x+e)^2*(6*cos(f*x+e)
+6)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*ln(-4*(
-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+sin(f*x+e)
*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a+b)/(sin(f*x+e)+1)
)+(3*cos(f*x+e)+3)*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
a^2*b^3*ln(-4*(-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*
x+e)+sin(f*x+e)*a-b^(1/2))*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)+a...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 433 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2035, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.96

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(3*(a^2*b^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b^4*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^5)*sqrt(-a)
*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4
- 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28
*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(
16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^
2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x +
e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 6
*(a^5*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(b)*log(((a^2
- 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 8*(a*b - b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 4*(a - b)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/co
s(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e) + 8*b^2)/cos(f*x + e)^4) + 8*((3*a^4*b - a^3*b^
2 - 4*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (4*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3 - 3*a*b^4)*cos(f*x +
e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^5*b^3*f*c
os(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b^4*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^5*f), 1/24*(12*(a^5*cos
(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(-1/2*((a -
b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 2*b*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b
)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sin(f*x + e))) - 3*(a^2*b^3*
cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b^4*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^5)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*
x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2
*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 3...
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^6}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(tan(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\tan^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^6(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.435
$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	.....	3634
Mathematica [B] (verified)	.....	3634
Rubi [A] (verified)	.....	3635
Maple [B] (verified)	.....	3638
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	.....	3639
Sympy [F]	.....	3640
Maxima [F(-1)]	.....	3640
Giac [F]	.....	3641
Mupad [F(-1)]	.....	3641
Reduce [F]	.....	3641

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{3abf (a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a^2bf \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output `arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*(a+b)*tan(f*x+e)/a/b/f/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/3*(a-3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/b/f/(a+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 409 vs. 2(120) = 240.

Time = 4.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^{5/2} \sec^4(e + fx) \left(\sqrt{2} \csc(e + fx) \sec(e + fx) \left(\frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + \dots \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^4*((Sqrt[2]*Csc[e + f*x])*Sec[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 - (12*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b) + (16*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((-6*a*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + (a^2*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/a^3)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2) + (8*(2*a + 3*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)) - (12*(b + (3*a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)))/(384*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 372, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^4}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 4629 \\
 \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 2075 \\
 \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 372 \\
 \int \frac{(a-2b) \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \int \frac{\frac{3b(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} + \frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 3b \int \frac{\frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} + \frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 3b \int \frac{\frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a} + \frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \downarrow 216
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{(a-3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{(a+b) \tan(e+fx)}{3ab(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}}{f}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-1/3*((a + b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*b*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) + ((a - 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*b))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 372 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\cos(fx+e)\right)^4(-3\cos(fx+e)-3)\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}a^2\ln\left(4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}\cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a\cos(fx+e)^2}{(1+\cos(fx+e))^2}}-4\sin(fx+e)\right)}{1}$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/3/f/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)*(cos(f*x+e)^4*(-3*cos(f*x+e)-3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/
(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+cos(f*x+e)^2*(-6*cos(f*x+e)-6)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)
/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*
x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))
^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)+(-3*cos(f*x+e)-3)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+
e))^2)^(1/2)*b^2*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/
2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*s
in(f*x+e)*a)+sin(f*x+e)*cos(f*x+e)^2*(4*cos(f*x+e)^2-1)*a^2*(-a)^(1/2)+(7*
cos(f*x+e)^2-1)*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b+3*sin(f*x+e)*(-a)^(1/2)*b^2)/(a+
b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*sec(f*x+e)^5
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 270 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 661, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.51

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[-1/24*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(1
28*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*
a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3
+ b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3
*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b +
5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sq
rt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(4*a^
2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^2 - 3*a*b)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)
/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x +
e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f), -1/12*(3*(a^2*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 +
b^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)
^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)
/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*
cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(4*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^2 - 3*a*b)*
cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/(a^
5*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*a^4*b*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + a^3*b^2*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output Timed out

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \tan^4(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e) b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e) a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e) a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 +  
3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)
```

3.436 $\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3643
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3643
Rubi [A] (verified)	3644
Maple [B] (verified)	3647
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3648
Sympy [F]	3649
Maxima [F(-1)]	3650
Giac [F]	3650
Mupad [F(-1)]	3650
Reduce [F]	3651

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} + \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3af(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} + \frac{(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f+1/3*tan(f*x+e)/a/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)+1/3*(2*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^{5/2} \sec^4(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2} \csc(e + fx) \sec(e + fx) \left(\frac{\sin^2(e + fx)}{a + b} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(-((Sqrt[2]*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]^2/(a + b) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^2 - (12*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b) + (16*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)*(1 - (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))*((-6*a*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]) + (a^2*(a + b)*Sin[e + f*x]^4)/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^2 + (3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b]*ArcSin[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b]]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]))/a^3))/(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (8*(2*a + 3*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)) - (4*(b + (3*a + 2*b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Tan[e + f*x])/((a + b)^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(3/2)))/(384*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 373, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)^2}{(a+b\sec(e+fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 4629 \\
 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow 2075 \\
 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow 373 \\
 \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1-2 \tan^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a} \\
 \downarrow 402 \\
 \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a} - \frac{(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{a} - \frac{(2a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 \downarrow 216
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(2a+3b)\tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}}{f}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Tan[e + f*x]/(3*a*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) - ((3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - ((2*a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 402

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 691 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 692, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.82

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} a^3 \ln\left(4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}} \cos(fx+e)+4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}^{-4} \sin(fx+e)a\right) (3+3 \sec(fx+e)) - \sqrt{\frac{b+a \cos(fx+e)}{1+\cos(fx+e)}}}{3}$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/f*(-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))-1/3
*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x
+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e)+6*sec(f*x+e
)^2+6*sec(f*x+e)^3)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*
ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(
-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(6*s
ec(f*x+e)^2+6*sec(f*x+e)^3+3*sec(f*x+e)^4+3*sec(f*x+e)^5)-1/3*((b+a*cos(f*
x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3*sec(f*x+e)^4+3*sec(f*x+e)^5)+(-a)^(1/2)
*a^3*tan(f*x+e)-1/3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b*(-4*tan(f*x+e)-5*sec(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x
+e))-1/3*(-7*cos(f*x+e)^2-2)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^2*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4+(-a)
^(1/2)*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4/(a+b)/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2
)^(5/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.50

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/24*(3*((a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a*b^2 + b^3 + 2*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*
cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*co
s(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28
*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b
^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x +
e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7
*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x +
e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) - 8*((3*a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (2*a^2*b + 3*
a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x +
e))/((a^6 + a^5*b)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + (a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f), 1/12*(3*((a^3 + a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a*b^2
+ b^3 + 2*(a^2*b + a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*
x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e)
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)
^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*((
3*a^3 + 4*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (2*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((
a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^6 + a^5*b)*f*cos(f
*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^5*b + a^4*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^4*b^2 + a^3*b^3)*f)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(tan(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \tan^2(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*tan(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.437 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3652
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3652
Rubi [A] (verified)	3653
Maple [B] (verified)	3656
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3657
Sympy [F]	3658
Maxima [F(-1)]	3658
Giac [F]	3658
Mupad [F(-1)]	3659
Reduce [F]	3659

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*tan(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(5*a+3*b)*tan(f*x+e)/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1927, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2), x]
```

output

```
(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^4*Sin[e + f*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^
(5/2)*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3
/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7
/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[
3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*
x]^2)*((15*a*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e
+ f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^5*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Si
n[e + f*x]^2)^(7/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2,
(a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*
x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] - 4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2,
Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) + (3*(a + b)
*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*C
os[e + f*x]^5)/(4*Sqrt[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*App
ellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] + (5*a
*AppellF1[3/2, -2, 7/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)] -
4*(a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -1, 5/2, 5/2, Sin[e + f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/
(a + b)])*Sin[e + f*x]^2)) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, 3/2, Sin[e
+ f*x]^2, (a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*Cos[e + f*x]^3*Sin[e + f*x]^2)/(Sqrt
[2]*(a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -2, 5/2, ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 316, 402, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4616

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{316} \\
 & \int \frac{-2b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a+b}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{402} \\
 & \int \frac{3(a+b)^2}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & 3(a+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{3(a+b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b(5a+3b) \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(-5/2),x]`

output `(-1/3*(b*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*(a + b)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/a^(3/2) - (b*(5*a + 3*b)*Tan[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(3*a*(a + b))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 316 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 402 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^{(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 860 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	861

input

```
int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*
(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*c
os(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+3*sec(f*x+e))+1/3*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+
e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(6+6*sec(f*x+e)+6*sec(f*x+e)
^2+6*sec(f*x+e)^3)+1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2
*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*
(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3+
3*sec(f*x+e)+12*sec(f*x+e)^2+12*sec(f*x+e)^3+3*sec(f*x+e)^4+3*sec(f*x+e)^5
)+1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((
b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*(6*sec(f*x+e)^2+6*sec(
f*x+e)^3+6*sec(f*x+e)^4+6*sec(f*x+e)^5)+1/3*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*b^4*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*
sin(f*x+e)*a)*(3*sec(f*x+e)^4+3*sec(f*x+e)^5)-2*(-a)^(1/2)*a^3*b*tan(f*x+e
)+1/3*(-a)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*(-4*tan(f*x+e)-11*sec(f*x+e)^2*tan(f*x+e))+1/3*(-
7*cos(f*x+e)^2-5)*(-a)^(1/2)*a*b^3*tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4-(-a)^(1/2)*b^4*
tan(f*x+e)*sec(f*x+e)^4)/(a+b)^2/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 +
b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*c
os(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b +
5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 -
32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x
+ e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)
*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*s
qrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e)) + 8*(2*(3*a^3*b +
2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*c
os(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2
)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a
^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^3 + a^3*b^4)*f), -1/12*(3*((a^4 + 2*a^3*b + a^2*b^2)*cos(
f*x + e)^4 + a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 + b^4 + 2*(a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2 + a*b^3)*cos(f
*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*
x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^
2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a
^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))) + 4*(2*(3*a^3*b + 2*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x
+ e)^3 + (5*a^2*b^2 + 3*a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/c
os(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))/((a^7 + 2*a^6*b + a^5*b^2)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 +
2*(a^6*b + 2*a^5*b^2 + a^4*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^5*b^2 + 2*a^4*b^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(-5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(-5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e+fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a}}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3), x)`

3.438
$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3660
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3661
Rubi [A] (verified)	3661
Maple [B] (verified)	3665
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3666
Sympy [F]	3667
Maxima [F(-1)]	3667
Giac [F]	3667
Mupad [F(-1)]	3668
Reduce [F]	3668

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cot(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(a-3b)(3a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3a^2(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*cot
(f*x+e)/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(7*a+3*b)*cot(f*x+e)/a^
2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(a-3*b)*(3*a+b)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) (a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{5/2} \sec^5(e + fx)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{5/2}f(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2} (a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) (3(3a^4 + 8a^3b + 5a^2b^2 - 12ab^3 - 4b^4) + 4(3a^4 + 6a^3b + 8ab^3 + 3b^4) \cos(2(e + fx)))} + \frac{48a^2(a + b)^3 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}{48a^2(a + b)^3 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5/(Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) - ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*(3*(3*a^4 + 8*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2 - 12*a*b^3 - 4*b^4) + 4*(3*a^4 + 6*a^3*b + 8*a*b^3 + 3*b^4)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)] + a*(3*a^3 + 9*a*b^2 + 4*b^3)*Cos[4*(e + f*x)])*Csc[e + f*x]*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(48*a^2*(a + b)^3*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 441, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4629}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 374

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(-4b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a-b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 441

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)((a-3b)(3a+b)-2b(7a+3b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)^3}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a-3b)(3a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{-3(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(a-3b)(3a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f
↓ 291

$$\frac{-3(a+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(a-3b)(3a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}$$

f

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{3(a+b)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(a-3b)(3a+b) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(7a+3b) \cot(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)}}{3a(a+b)} f$$

```
input Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (-1/3*(b*Cot[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (-((b*(7*a + 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x])/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + ((-3*(a + b)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((a - 3*b)*(3*a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])/(a + b))/(a*(a + b)))/(3*a*(a + b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 291 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```


rule 374

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q
+ 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c -
a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b,
c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 441

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*g*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2
)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(m
+ 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, q},
x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*2*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 488 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1097, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.30

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(3*(a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5 + (a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 8*((3*a^5 + 9*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (6*a^4*b - 9*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (3*a^3*b^2 - 8*a^2*b^3 - 3*a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^8 + 3*a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + a^5*b^3)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^7*b + 3*a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + a^4*b^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (a^6*b^2 + 3*a^5*b^3 + 3*a^4*b^4 + a^3*b^5)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), 1/12*(3*(a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 + b^5 + (a^5 + 3*a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + a^2*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^4*b + 3*a^3*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(a)*arctan(1/4*(8*a^2*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 8*(a^2 - a*b)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((2*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^4 - a^2*b + a*b^2 - (a^3 - 3*a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) - 4*((3*a^5 + 9*a^3*b^2 + 4*a^2*b^3)*cos...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**2/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^2(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^2/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e + fx)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot(fx + e)^2}{\sec(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**2)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.439
$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3670
Rubi [A] (verified)	3670
Maple [B] (verified)	3674
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3675
Sympy [F]	3676
Maxima [F(-1)]	3677
Giac [F]	3677
Mupad [F(-1)]	3677
Reduce [F]	3678

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(3a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} + \frac{(a-b)(3a^2+14ab+3b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3a^2(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{(a^2-10ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{3a^2(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

```
arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*cot(f*x+e)^3/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-b*(3*a+b)*cot(f*x+e)^3/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(a-b)*(3*a^2+14*a*b+3*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b)^4/f-1/3*(a^2-10*a*b-3*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) (a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{5/2} \sec^5(e + fx)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} - \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^3 \sec^5(e + fx) \left(-4(a + 3b) \csc(e + fx) + (a + b) \csc^3(e + fx) + \frac{4b^3(6a^2 + 13ab + 3b^2)}{a}\right)}{24(a + b)^4 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5)/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) - ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*Sec[e + f*x]^5*(-4*(a + 3*b)*Csc[e + f*x] + (a + b)*Csc[e + f*x]^3 + (4*b^3*(6*a^2 + 13*a*b + 3*b^2 + 2*a*(3*a + b)*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*Sin[e + f*x])/(a^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]^2)))/(24*(a + b)^4*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 27, 441, 445, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 4629

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 2075

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx)$$

f
↓ 374

$$\frac{\int \frac{3 \cot^4(e+fx)(-2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(-2b \tan^2(e+fx)+a-b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 441

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(a^2-10ba-3b^2-4b(3a+b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(3a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot^3(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(2b(a^2-10ba-3b^2) \tan^2(e+fx)+(a-b)(3a^2+14ba+3b^2))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{b(3a+b) \cot^3(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}$$

f
↓ 445

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)^4}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(a-b)(3a^2+14ab+3b^2) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}$$

f
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(a+b)^4}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)}$$

f

$$\frac{-3(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx) - \frac{(a-b)(3a^2+14ab+3b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}}{a(a+b)}$$

291

$$\frac{-3(a+b)^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} - \frac{(a-b)(3a^2+14ab+3b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-10ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}}{a(a+b)}$$

216

$$\frac{-\frac{(a-b)(3a^2+14ab+3b^2) \cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{3(a+b)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(a^2-10ab-3b^2) \cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)}}{3(a+b)}}{a(a+b)}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-1/3*(b*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (-((b*(3*a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^3)/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2])) + (-1/3*((a^2 - 10*a*b - 3*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b) - ((-3*(a + b)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((a - b)*(3*a^2 + 14*a*b + 3*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b))/(3*(a + b)))/(a*(a + b)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 291 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$
- rule 374 $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 441 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*g^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1) + e^2*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 445 $\text{Int}[((g_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(a*c*g^2*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(g*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p+q+2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && ! BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1396 vs. $2(216) = 432$.

Time = 13.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1397, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1397

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/3/f/(a+b)^4/a^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2)*(((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2
)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e
))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(
1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^6*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e))+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x
+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*
cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(
f*x+e)*a)*a^5*b*(-12-12*sec(f*x+e)-6*sec(f*x+e)^2-6*sec(f*x+e)^3)+((b+a*co
s(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1
+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f
*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^4*b^2*(-18-18*sec(f*x+e)-24*sec(f*x+e)^2
-24*sec(f*x+e)^3-3*sec(f*x+e)^4-3*sec(f*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos
(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1
/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*
sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^3*b^3*(-12-12*sec(f*x+e)-36*sec(f*x+e)^2-36*sec(f*x+e)^3-1
2*sec(f*x+e)^4-12*sec(f*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2
)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4
*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*a^
2*b^4*(-3-3*sec(f*x+e)-24*sec(f*x+e)^2-24*sec(f*x+e)^3-18*sec(f*x+e)^4-18*
sec(f*x+e)^5)+((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*
((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 729 vs. $2(216) = 432$.

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1579, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.69

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/24*(3*((a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^
6 - a^4*b^2 - 4*a^3*b^3 - 6*a^2*b^4 - 4*a*b^5 - b^6 - (a^6 + 2*a^5*b - 2*a
^4*b^2 - 8*a^3*b^3 - 7*a^2*b^4 - 2*a*b^5) *cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^5*b + 7*a^
4*b^2 + 8*a^3*b^3 + 2*a^2*b^4 - 2*a*b^5 - b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*lo
g(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 -
14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*
b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 8*(16*
a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b
+ 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))
*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*
x + e) - 8*(4*(a^6 + 3*a^5*b + 3*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 3*(a^
6 + a^5*b - 8*a^4*b^2 + 8*a^3*b^3 - a^2*b^4 - a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 6*(a
^5*b + 3*a^4*b^2 - 4*a^3*b^3 + 3*a^2*b^4 + a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (3*a^4*
b^2 + 11*a^3*b^3 - 11*a^2*b^4 - 3*a*b^5)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e
)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/(((a^9 + 4*a^8*b + 6*a^7*b^2 + 4*a^6*b^3 + a^5*b
^4)*f*cos(f*x + e)^6 - (a^9 + 2*a^8*b - 2*a^7*b^2 - 8*a^6*b^3 - 7*a^5*b^4
- 2*a^4*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^4 - (2*a^8*b + 7*a^7*b^2 + 8*a^6*b^3 + 2*a^5*b
^4 - 2*a^4*b^5 - a^3*b^6)*f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - (a^7*b^2 + 4*a^6*b^3 + 6*a^5*b
^4 + 4*a^4*b^5 + a^3*b^6)*f)*sin(f*x + e)), -1/12*(3*((a^6 + 4*a^5*b + 6*
a^4*b^2 + 4*a^3*b^3 + a^2*b^4)*cos(f*x + e)^6 - a^4*b^2 - 4*a^3*b^3 - 6...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(e + f*x)**4/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^4(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^4/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)b + a} \cot^4(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)ab^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)a^2b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**4)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.440
$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3679
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3680
Rubi [A] (verified)	3680
Maple [B] (verified)	3685
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3686
Sympy [F]	3687
Maxima [F(-1)]	3687
Giac [F]	3687
Mupad [F(-1)]	3688
Reduce [F]	3688

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}\right)}{a^{5/2} f} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)f(a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx))^{3/2}} - \frac{b(11a+3b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{3a^2(a+b)^2 f \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{(15a^4+70a^3b+128a^2b^2-70ab^3-15b^4) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15a^2(a+b)^5 f} + \frac{(5a^3+19a^2b-65ab^2-15b^3) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{15a^2(a+b)^4 f} - \frac{(a^2-20ab-5b^2) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b+b \tan^2(e+fx)}}{5a^2(a+b)^3 f}$$

output

```
-arctan(a^(1/2)*tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/f-1/3*b*cot
(f*x+e)^5/a/(a+b)/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(11*a+3*b)*cot(f*x+e)
^5/a^2/(a+b)^2/f/(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-1/15*(15*a^4+70*a^3*b+128*a^2*
b^2-70*a*b^3-15*b^4)*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+b)^5/f+1
/15*(5*a^3+19*a^2*b-65*a*b^2-15*b^3)*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(1/
2)/a^2/(a+b)^4/f-1/5*(a^2-20*a*b-5*b^2)*cot(f*x+e)^5*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^(
1/2)/a^2/(a+b)^3/f
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sin(e+fx)}{\sqrt{a+b-a \sin^2(e+fx)}}\right) (a + 2b + a \cos(2e + 2fx))^{5/2} \sec^5(e + fx)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{5/2} f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx)))^3 \left(-\frac{20b^5(a+b)}{a^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))^2} + \frac{10b^4(15a+4b)}{a^2(a+2b+a \cos(2(e+fx)))}\right) - (23a^2 + 100ab + 150b^2) \csc(e + fx)}{120(a + b)^5 f (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/4*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sin[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b - a*Sin[e + f*x]^2]]*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*e + 2*f*x])^(5/2)*Sec[e + f*x]^5/(Sqrt[2]*a^(5/2)*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2)) + ((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^3*((-20*b^5*(a + b))/(a^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])^2) + (10*b^4*(15*a + 4*b))/(a^2*(a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)]))) - (23*a^2 + 100*a*b + 150*b^2)*Csc[e + f*x]^2 + (a + b)*(11*a + 25*b)*Csc[e + f*x]^4 - 3*(a + b)^2*Csc[e + f*x]^6)*Sec[e + f*x]^4*Tan[e + f*x]/(120*(a + b)^5*f*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 374, 441, 27, 445, 445, 27, 291, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx)^6 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4629 \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{5/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2075 \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(-8b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a-5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 374 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(-8b \tan^2(e+fx)+3a-5b)}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^{3/2}} d \tan(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 441 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3 \cot^6(e+fx)(a^2-20ba-5b^2-2b(11a+3b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+3b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\cot^6(e+fx)(a^2-20ba-5b^2-2b(11a+3b) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{b(11a+3b) \cot^5(e+fx)}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} - \frac{b \cot^5(e+fx)}{3a(a+b)(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445 \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5a^3+19ba^2-65b^2a-15b^3+4b(a^2-20ba-5b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{5(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-20ab-5b^2) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(5a^3+19ba^2-65b^2a-15b^3+4b(a^2-20ba-5b^2) \tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1) \sqrt{b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d \tan(e+fx)}{a(a+b)} - \frac{(a^2-20ab-5b^2) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a(a+b) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(15a^4+70ba^3+128b^2a^2-70b^3a-15b^4+2b(5a^3+19ba^2-65b^2a-15b^3)\tan^2(e+fx))}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(5a^3+19a^2b-65ab^2-15b^3)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(a+b)}{3a(a+b)}$$

f

↓ 445

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{15(a+b)^5}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{a+b} - \frac{(15a^4+70a^3b+128a^2b^2-70ab^3-15b^4)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(5a^3+19a^2b-65ab^2-15b^3)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(a+b)}{3a(a+b)}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left(\frac{-15(a+b)^4 \int \frac{1}{(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}} d\tan(e+fx)}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(15a^4+70a^3b+128a^2b^2-70ab^3-15b^4)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(5a^3+19a^2b-65ab^2-15b^3)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(a+b)}{3a(a+b)}$$

↓ 291

$$3 \left(\frac{-15(a+b)^4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a\tan^2(e+fx)}{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b} + 1} d \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{\sqrt{b\tan^2(e+fx)+a+b}}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(15a^4+70a^3b+128a^2b^2-70ab^3-15b^4)\cot(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{a+b} - \frac{(5a^3+19a^2b-65ab^2-15b^3)\cot^3(e+fx)\sqrt{a+b\tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a(a+b)}{3a(a+b)}$$

↓ 216

$$3 \left(\frac{(a^2 - 20ab - 5b^2) \cot^5(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} - \frac{(5a^3 + 19a^2b - 65ab^2 - 15b^3) \cot^3(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{3(a+b)} - \frac{(15a^4 + 70a^3b + 128a^2b^2 - 70ab^3 - 15b^4) \cot(e+fx) \sqrt{a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b}}{5(a+b)} \right) \frac{1}{a(a+b)} \frac{1}{3a(a+b)} f$$

```
input Int[Cot[e + f*x]^6/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (-1/3*(b*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/(a*(a + b)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^(3/2)) + (-
((b*(11*a + 3*b)*Cot[e + f*x]^5)/(a*(a + b)*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]
)) + (3*(-1/5*((a^2 - 20*a*b - 5*b^2)*Cot[e + f*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e
+ f*x]^2]))/(a + b) - (-1/3*((5*a^3 + 19*a^2*b - 65*a*b^2 - 15*b^3)*Cot[e +
f*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b) - ((-15*(a + b)^4*ArcTan[(
Sqrt[a]*Tan[e + f*x])/Sqrt[a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2]])/Sqrt[a] - ((15*a^4
+ 70*a^3*b + 128*a^2*b^2 - 70*a*b^3 - 15*b^4)*Cot[e + f*x]*Sqrt[a + b + b*
Tan[e + f*x]^2]))/(a + b))/(3*(a + b))/(5*(a + b)))/(a*(a + b))/(3*a*(a
+ b))/f
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 291 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 374

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q
+ 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c -
a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b,
c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 441

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*g*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2
)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(m
+ 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, q},
x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*2*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2075

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !
BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1697 vs. $2(289) = 578$.

Time = 17.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1698, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1698

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/f*(-1/15*sin(f*x+e)^5*cos(f*x+e)^4*(15*cos(f*x+e)+15)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^7-1/15*sin(f*x+e)^5*cos(f*x+e)^2*(75*cos(f*x+e)^3+75*cos(f*x+e)^2+30*cos(f*x+e)+30)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^6*b-1/15*sin(f*x+e)^5*(150*cos(f*x+e)^5+150*cos(f*x+e)^4+150*cos(f*x+e)^3+150*cos(f*x+e)^2+15*cos(f*x+e)+15)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^5*b^2-1/15*sin(f*x+e)^5*(150*cos(f*x+e)^5+150*cos(f*x+e)^4+300*cos(f*x+e)^3+300*cos(f*x+e)^2+75*cos(f*x+e)+75)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^4*b^3-1/15*sin(f*x+e)^5*(75*cos(f*x+e)^5+75*cos(f*x+e)^4+300*cos(f*x+e)^3+300*cos(f*x+e)^2+150*cos(f*x+e)+150)*ln(4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*cos(f*x+e)+4*(-a)^(1/2)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)-4*sin(f*x+e)*a)*((b+a*cos(f*x+e)^2)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^4-1/15*sin(f*x+e)^5*(15*cos(f*x+e)^5+15*cos(f*x+e)^4...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 969 vs. $2(289) = 578$.

Time = 22.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2059, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/120*(15*((a^7 + 5*a^6*b + 10*a^5*b^2 + 10*a^4*b^3 + 5*a^3*b^4 + a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^8 + a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 + 10*a^3*b^4 + 10*a^2*b^5 + 5*a*b^6 + b^7 - 2*(a^7 + 4*a^6*b + 5*a^5*b^2 - 5*a^3*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^5 - a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + (a^7 + a^6*b - 9*a^5*b^2 - 25*a^4*b^3 - 25*a^3*b^4 - 9*a^2*b^5 + a*b^6 + b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + 2*(a^6*b + 4*a^5*b^2 + 5*a^4*b^3 - 5*a^2*b^5 - 4*a*b^6 - b^7)*cos(f*x + e)^2)*sqrt(-a)*log(128*a^4*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 256*(a^4 - a^3*b)*cos(f*x + e)^6 + 32*(5*a^4 - 14*a^3*b + 5*a^2*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^4 + a^4 - 28*a^3*b + 70*a^2*b^2 - 28*a*b^3 + b^4 - 32*(a^4 - 7*a^3*b + 7*a^2*b^2 - a*b^3)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 8*(16*a^3*cos(f*x + e)^7 - 24*(a^3 - a^2*b)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + 2*(5*a^3 - 14*a^2*b + 5*a*b^2)*cos(f*x + e)^3 - (a^3 - 7*a^2*b + 7*a*b^2 - b^3)*cos(f*x + e)))*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2)*sin(f*x + e))*sin(f*x + e) + 8*((23*a^7 + 100*a^6*b + 150*a^5*b^2 + 75*a^3*b^4 + 20*a^2*b^5)*cos(f*x + e)^9 - (35*a^7 + 118*a^6*b + 75*a^5*b^2 - 300*a^4*b^3 + 225*a^3*b^4 - 10*a^2*b^5 - 15*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^7 + 3*(5*a^7 - 59*a^5*b^2 - 150*a^4*b^3 + 125*a^3*b^4 - 50*a^2*b^5 - 15*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^5 + (30*a^6*b + 105*a^5*b^2 + 92*a^4*b^3 - 350*a^3*b^4 + 190*a^2*b^5 + 45*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e)^3 + (15*a^5*b^2 + 70*a^4*b^3 + 128*a^3*b^4 - 70*a^2*b^5 - 15*a*b^6)*cos(f*x + e))*sqrt((a*cos(f*x + e)^2 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^2))/((a^10 + 5*a^9*b + 10*a^8*b^2 + 10*a^7*b^3 + 5*a^6*b^4 + a^5*b^5)*f*cos(f*x + e)^8 - 2*(a^10 + 4*a^9*b + 5*a^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**6/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**(5/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^6(fx + e)}{(b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cot(f*x + e)^6/(b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^6/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^6(e + fx)}{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a} \cot^6(fx + e)}{\sec^6(fx + e)^6 b^3 + 3 \sec^4(fx + e)^4 a b^2 + 3 \sec^2(fx + e)^2 a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^6/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)*cot(e + f*x)**6)/(sec(e + f*x)**6*b**3 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

3.441 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$

Optimal result	3689
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3689
Rubi [A] (verified)	3690
Maple [F]	3692
Fricas [F]	3692
Sympy [F(-1)]	3692
Maxima [F]	3693
Giac [F]	3693
Mupad [F(-1)]	3693
Reduce [F]	3694

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}\right) (d \tan(e + fx))^{1+m} (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p}{df(1 + m)}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2+1/2*m, 1, -p, 3/2+1/2*m, -tan(f*x+e)^2, -b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*(d*
tan(f*x+e)^(1+m)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/d/f/(1+m)/(((a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/
(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}, -\tan^2(e + fx)\right) \cos(e + fx) (a + b \tan^2(e + fx))^{1+m}}{f(1 + m) \left(\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}, -\tan^2(e + fx)\right) + \frac{2(b^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3+m}{2}, 1-p, 1, \frac{5+m}{2}, -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a+b}\right))}{f(1+m)} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m,x]`

output `(AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, -p, 1, (3 + m)/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m)/(f*(1 + m)*(AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, -p, 1, (3 + m)/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + (2*(b*p*AppellF1[(3 + m)/2, 1 - p, 1, (5 + m)/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2 - (a + b)*AppellF1[(3 + m)/2, -p, 2, (5 + m)/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/((a + b)*(3 + m))))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b (\tan^2(e + fx) + 1))^p}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2075} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d \tan(e + fx))^m (b \tan^2(e + fx) + a + b)^p}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{(d \tan(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1 \right)^p}{\tan^2(e + fx) + 1} d \tan(e + fx)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 394

$$\frac{(d \tan(e + fx))^{m+1} (a + b \tan^2(e + fx) + b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{m+1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx) \right)}{df(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m,x]`

output `(AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, 1, -p, (3 + m)/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(d*f*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*tan(f*x + e))^m, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*(d*tan(f*x+e))**m,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*tan(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*(d*tan(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx \\ &= \int (d \tan(e + fx))^m \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*tan(e + f*x))^m*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((d*tan(e + f*x))^m*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$
$$= d^m \left(\int \tan(fx + e)^m (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p dx \right)$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)`

output `d**m*int(tan(e + f*x)**m*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p,x)`

3.442 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3695
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3696
Rubi [A] (verified)	3696
Maple [F]	3698
Fricas [F]	3698
Sympy [F(-1)]	3698
Maxima [F]	3699
Giac [F]	3699
Mupad [F(-1)]	3699
Reduce [F]	3700

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a + 2b)(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2b^2 f(1 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2af(1 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{2+p}}{2b^2 f(2 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+2*b)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/b^2/f/(p+1)-1/2*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a/f/(p+1)+1/2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(2+p)/b^2/f/(2+p)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p} \left(b^2(2 + p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} \right) + a(a + 2b(2 + p)) \right)}{2ab^2 f(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p)*(b^2*(2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a] + a*(a + 2*b*(2 + p) - b*(1 + p)*Sec[e + f*x]^2)))/(a*b^2*f*(1 + p)*(2 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 99

$$\frac{\int \left(\cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p + \frac{(-a-2b)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{b} + \frac{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^{p+1}}{b} \right) d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+2b)(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} + \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{2f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `(-(((a + 2*b)*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(b^2*(1 + p))) - (Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a*(1 + p)) + (a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(2 + p)/(b^2*(2 + p)))/(2*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p \tan^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \tan^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^5(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^5(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output

```
((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**4*p**2 + (sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)
**p*tan(e + f*x)**4*p - 2*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2*p + 2
*(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p + 2*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*
x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2
*b + a*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**5 + 8*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p
*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(
e + f*x)**2*b + a*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**4 + 10*int(((sec(e + f*x)*
**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*
b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**3 + 4*int(((se
c(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e
 + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**2 -
4*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**
2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)
*a*f*p**4 - 12*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f
*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p**2 + 3*a
*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**3 - 8*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)
/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a
*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**2 + 4*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e
 + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p**2 + 3*sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + 2*sec(e + f*x)*
**2*b + a*p**2 + 3*a*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*p**3 + 12*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + ...
```

3.443 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3701
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3701
Rubi [A] (verified)	3702
Maple [F]	3704
Fricas [F]	3704
Sympy [F]	3704
Maxima [F]	3705
Giac [F]	3705
Mupad [F(-1)]	3705
Reduce [F]	3706

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2bf(1+p)} + \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{a+b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2af(1+p)}$$

output

$1/2*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/b/f/(p+1)+1/2*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)*(a+b*\sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a/f/(p+1)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + b \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right)\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2abf(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `((a + b*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(2*a*b*f*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int -\cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx)) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & -\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec^2(e + fx) - \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{p+1}}{b(p+1)}}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{b(p+1)}$$

$$2f$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^3, x]`

output `-1/2*(-((a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p)/(b*(1 + p))) - (Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a*(1 + p)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p \tan^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \tan^3(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^3(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int \tan^3(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^2 p - (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p + 2 \left(\int \frac{(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^3}{\sec(fx + e)^{2bp + \sec(fx + e)^2 b + ap + a}} dx \right) a f}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`

output `((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2*p - (sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p + 2*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p + a),x)*a*f*p**3 + 2*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p + a),x)*a*f*p**2 - 2*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p + a),x)*a*f*p**2 - 2*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b*p + sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a*p + a),x)*a*f*p)/(2*f*p*(p + 1))`

3.444 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3707
Rubi [A] (verified)	3708
Maple [F]	3709
Fricas [F]	3710
Sympy [F]	3710
Maxima [F]	3710
Giac [F]	3711
Mupad [F(-1)]	3711
Reduce [F]	3711

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2af(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a/f/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2af(1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]*(a + b*
Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a*f*(1 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 243, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a} + 1\right)}{2af(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x], x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]*(a + b*
Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a*f*(1 + p))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x, x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p*tan(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx) dx \\ &= \frac{(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p + 2 \left(\int \frac{(\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)}{\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a} dx \right) a f p}{2 f p} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p + 2*int(((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x))/(sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a),x)*a*f*p)/(2*f*p)`

3.445 $\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	3712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3712
Rubi [A] (verified)	3713
Maple [F]	3715
Fricas [F]	3716
Sympy [F]	3716
Maxima [F]	3716
Giac [F(-2)]	3717
Mupad [F(-1)]	3717
Reduce [F]	3717

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2af(1 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2(a + b)f(1 + p)}$$

output

```
1/2*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)
)/a/f/(p+1)-1/2*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))*(a+b*se
c(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/(a+b)/f/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + 2b + a \cos(2(e + fx))) \left((a + b) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) - a \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) \right)}{4a(a + b)f(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `((a + 2*b + a*Cos[2*(e + f*x)])*((a + b)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a] - a*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(4*a*(a + b)*f*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 354, 97, 75, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\tan(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4627 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 354 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 97
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec^2(e+fx) + \int \cos(e+fx) (b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p d \sec^2(e+fx)}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(b \sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d \sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{2f} \\
& \quad \downarrow 78 \\
& \frac{\frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)+a}{a+b}\right)}{(p+1)(a+b)} - \frac{(a+b \sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b \sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right)}{a(p+1)}}{2f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*((Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/((a + b)*(1 + p)) - (Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/(a*(1 + p)))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegerQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \cot (fx + e) (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p*cot(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,1,2,0]%%}+%%{1,[0,1,0,0]%%} / %%{2,[0,0,0,2]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cot(e + fx) \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cot(e + f*x),x)`

3.446 $\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	3718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3719
Rubi [A] (verified)	3719
Maple [F]	3722
Fricas [F]	3722
Sympy [F(-1)]	3722
Maxima [F]	3723
Giac [F(-2)]	3723
Mupad [F(-1)]	3724
Reduce [F]	3724

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = -\frac{\cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2(a + b)f} - \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2af(1 + p)} + \frac{(a + b - bp) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b \sec^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^{1+p}}{2(a + b)^2 f(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/(a+b)/f-1/2*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/a)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/a/f/(p+1)+1/2*(-b*p+a+b)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^(p+1)/(a+b)^2/f/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx =$$

$$\frac{(b + (a + b) \cot^2(e + fx)) \left(a(a + b)(1 + p) \cot^2(e + fx) + (a + b)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{(a + b) \cot^2(e + fx)}{a} \right) - a(a + b - b p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{(b \tan(e + fx)^2)}{(a + b)} \right] \right) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan(e + fx)^2}{(a + b)^2 f (1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((b + (a + b)*Cot[e + f*x]^2)*(a*(a + b)*(1 + p)*Cot[e + f*x]^2 + (a + b)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/a] - a*(a + b - b*p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)])*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a*(a + b)^2*f*(1 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 354, 114, 25, 174, 75, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\tan(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4627$$

$$\int \frac{\cos(e + fx) (b \sec^2(e + fx) + a)^p}{(1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2} d \sec(e + fx)$$

$$\frac{\quad}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{(1-\sec^2(e+fx))^2} d\sec^2(e+fx) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 114 \\
 & \frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p(-b\sec^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p(-b\sec^2(e+fx)+a+b)}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{(a-bp+b) \int \frac{(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec^2(e+fx) + (a+b) \int \cos(e+fx)(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p d\sec^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + \frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{(a-bp+b) \int \frac{(b\sec^2(e+fx)+a)^p}{1-\sec^2(e+fx)} d\sec^2(e+fx) - \frac{(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}+1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{a+b} + \frac{(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1}}{(a+b)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 78 \\
 & \frac{(a-bp+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)+a}{a+b}\right)}{(p+1)(a+b)} - \frac{(a+b)(a+b\sec^2(e+fx))^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{b\sec^2(e+fx)}{a}\right)}{a(p+1)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2f
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `((a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/((a + b)*(1 - Sec[e + f*x]^2)) + (((a + b - b*p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))/((a + b)*(1 + p)) - ((a + b)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/a]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p)))/(a*(1 + p)))/(a + b))/(2*f)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 75 $\text{Int}[(\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.} * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1} / (\text{d} * (\text{n} + 1) * (-\text{d} / (\text{b} * \text{c}))^{\text{m}}) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{m}, \text{n} + 1, \text{n} + 2, 1 + \text{d} * (\text{x} / \text{c})], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{n}] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-\text{d} / (\text{b} * \text{c}), 0])$
- rule 78 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.} * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})^{\text{n}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} / (\text{b}^{\text{n} + 1} * (\text{m} + 1))] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{n}, \text{m} + 1, \text{m} + 2, (-\text{d}) * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}) / (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}]$
- rule 114 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.} * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}) * ((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}), \text{x}_.] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{b} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1} * ((\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p} + 1}) / ((\text{m} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f}))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((\text{m} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{b} * \text{e} - \text{a} * \text{f})) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} * (\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * \text{Simp}[\text{a} * \text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{b} * (\text{d} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 2) + \text{c} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + \text{p} + 2)) - \text{b} * \text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p} + 3) * \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 * \text{n}, 2 * \text{p}] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p} + 3, 0])$
- rule 174 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.} * ((\text{g}_.) + (\text{h}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{q}_.}) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{r}_.}), \text{x}_.] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b} * \text{g} - \text{a} * \text{h}) / (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} / (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d} * \text{g} - \text{c} * \text{h}) / (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} / (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{h}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{2}_.})^{\text{p}_.} * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{2}_.})^{\text{q}_.}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} - 1)/2} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_., \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \cot (fx + e)^3 (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec (fx + e)^2 + a)^p \cot (fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,1,2,0]%%}+%%{2,[0,1,0,0]%%} / %%{2,[0,0,0,2]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`output `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \cot(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cot(e + f*x)**3,x)`

3.447 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3725
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3725
Rubi [A] (verified)	3726
Maple [F]	3728
Fricas [F]	3729
Sympy [F(-1)]	3729
Maxima [F]	3729
Giac [F(-2)]	3730
Mupad [F(-1)]	3730
Reduce [F]	3730

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{5f}$$

```
output 1/5*AppellF1(5/2,1,-p,7/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)^5*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2777 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 16.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2777, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.86

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]
```

output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)
)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^5*((9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]
)^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2*cos[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p
, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF
1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a
+ b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*
x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (-3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)^p))/(3*f*((a +
2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(Sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p))*((9*(a + b)*AppellF1[
1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f
*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)),
-Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^
2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan
[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + (-3*Hypergeomet
ric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] + Hypergeometric2F1[3/
2, -p, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(1 + (b*Tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b)^p))/3 - (2*a*p*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(
Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*sin[2*(e + f*x)]*Tan[e + f*x]*((9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2,
-p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^4 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{2075} \\
 \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{395} \\
 \frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\tan^4(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{394} \\
 \frac{\tan^5(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{5f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^4,x]`

output `(AppellF1[5/2, 1, -p, 7/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] *Tan[e + f*x]^5*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(5*f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)], x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p \tan(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*tan(f*x+e)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,1,2,0]%%}+%%{-1,[0,1,0,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,1]%%}
Error: B`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^4(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^4,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**4,x)`

3.448 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3731
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3731
Rubi [A] (verified)	3732
Maple [F]	3734
Fricas [F]	3735
Sympy [F]	3735
Maxima [F]	3735
Giac [F(-2)]	3736
Mupad [F(-1)]	3736
Reduce [F]	3736

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{3f}$$

output

```
1/3*AppellF1(3/2,1,-p,5/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)^3*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2465 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 15.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2465, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.39

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]
```

output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b*sec[e + f*x]^2)
)^p*tan[e + f*x]^3*(Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b))]/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p,
1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/(
3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e
+ f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a +
b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]
)^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(f*((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*
(e + f*x)])^p*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^(1 + p)*(Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -
(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p - (3*(a +
b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^
2]*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^
2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*t
an[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5
/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2)) - 2*
a*p*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^(-1 + p)*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*sin[2*(e +
f*x)]*tan[e + f*x]*(Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b))]/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p,
1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]^2)/(
3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4629}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{2075} \\
 \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{395} \\
 \frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\tan^2(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{394} \\
 \frac{\tan^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{3f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `(AppellF1[3/2, 1, -p, 5/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] *Tan[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(3*f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec(fx + e)^2)^p \tan(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p*tan(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \tan^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,1,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,1]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.449 $\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	3737
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3737
Rubi [A] (verified)	3738
Maple [F]	3740
Fricas [F]	3740
Sympy [F]	3740
Maxima [F]	3741
Giac [F]	3741
Mupad [F(-1)]	3741
Reduce [F]	3742

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \tan(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^p}{f}$$

output

```
AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*tan(f*x+e)*(a+b
+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1512 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1512, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.79

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]
*Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*Sin[e + f*x]*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/
2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*Ap
pellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]
- (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e
+ f*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2))/(f*(AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*
x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Cos[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -
p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*Appell
F1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (
a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f
*x]^2])*Tan[e + f*x]^2) - AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3
/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2,
1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*
AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2))
*Tan[e + f*x]^2) + 2*p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a +
b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x]^2*(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2,
-((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1
- p, 1, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2] - (a + b)*App
ellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -Tan[e + f*x]^2))...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4616, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4616$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 334$$

$$\frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \quad \downarrow \quad 333$$

$$\frac{\tan(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `(AppellF1[1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]
*Tan[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4616

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{ff =
FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(a + b + b*ff^2*x^2)^p
/(1 + ff^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, p}, x]
&& NeQ[a + b, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(fx + e))^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos^2(e + fx)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p,x)`

3.450 $\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	3743
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3743
Rubi [A] (verified)	3744
Maple [F]	3746
Fricas [F]	3747
Sympy [F(-1)]	3747
Maxima [F]	3747
Giac [F]	3748
Mupad [F(-1)]	3748
Reduce [F]	3748

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cot(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a}\right)}{f}$$

```
output -AppellF1(-1/2,1,-p,1/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*cot(f*x+e)*(a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b+b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2469 vs. 2(86) = 172.

Time = 15.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2469, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.71

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

```
input Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```


output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*cot[e + f*x]^3*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b
*sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(-(Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2
)/(a + b)]/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2,
-p, 1, 3/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2*sin[e + f*x]^
2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan
[e + f*x]^2 + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(
a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2 - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -(b*tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2)*tan[e + f*x]^2))/(f*(2*p*(a + 2*b +
a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(-(Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/
2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p) - (3
*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e +
f*x]^2*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*tan[e +
f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2 + 2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2,
-(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2 - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p
, 2, 5/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2)*tan[e + f*x]^2)
) - (a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*csc[e + f*x]^2*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(-(
Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)]/(1 + (b*tan
[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p) - (3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*tan[
e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2*sin[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1
[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)], -tan[e + f*x]^2 + 2*(...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\tan(e + fx)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 4629
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{2075} \\
 \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{395} \\
 \frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\cot^2(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{394} \\
 \frac{\cot(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `-((AppellF1[-1/2, 1, -p, 1/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))])*Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*(v_)^(q_)*((e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*((d_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \cot (fx + e)^2 (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e)^2 + a)^p \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (\sec^2(fx + e)^2 b + a)^p \cot^2(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((sec(e + f*x)**2*b + a)**p*cot(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.451 $\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$

Optimal result	3749
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	3749
Rubi [A] (verified)	3750
Maple [F]	3752
Fricas [F]	3753
Sympy [F(-1)]	3753
Maxima [F]	3753
Giac [F]	3754
Mupad [F(-1)]	3754
Reduce [F]	3754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(e + fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e + fx)}{a + b}\right) \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx))^p \left(\frac{a + b}{a + b + b \tan^2(e + fx)}\right)^p}{3f}$$

output

```
-1/3*AppellF1(-3/2,1,-p,-1/2,-tan(f*x+e)^2,-b*tan(f*x+e)^2/(a+b))*cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)^p/f/(((a+b*b*tan(f*x+e)^2)/(a+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3033 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 16.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3033, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.70

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]
```

output

```

((a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*cot[e + f*x]^7*(sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*(a + b
*sec[e + f*x]^2)^p*((9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]
^2)/(a + b)), -tan[e + f*x]^2]*sin[e + f*x]^2*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*A
ppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -tan[e + f*x]^2] +
2*(b*p*AppellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -tan[e
+ f*x]^2] - (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b
))), -tan[e + f*x]^2]*tan[e + f*x]^2) - (Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2,
-((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*
tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))
^p))/((3*f*((2*p*(a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*cot[e + f*x]^2*(sec[e + f
*x]^2)^p*((9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b
)), -tan[e + f*x]^2]*sin[e + f*x]^2*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(3*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/
2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -tan[e + f*x]^2] + 2*(b*p*Ap
pellF1[3/2, 1 - p, 1, 5/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -tan[e + f*x]^2]
- (a + b)*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b)), -tan[e
+ f*x]^2])*tan[e + f*x]^2) - (Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2, -((b*tan[
e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))] - 3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*tan[e + f*
x]^2)/(a + b))]*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(1 + (b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p))/3 - (
a + 2*b + a*cos[2*(e + f*x)])^p*cot[e + f*x]^2*csc[e + f*x]^2*(sec[e + f*x
]^2)^p*((9*(a + b)*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + ...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {3042, 4629, 2075, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \sec(e + fx)^2)^p}{\tan(e + fx)^4} dx \\
 \downarrow 4629
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(a+b(\tan^2(e+fx)+1))^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{2075} \\
 \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx)(b \tan^2(e+fx)+a+b)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx) \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{395} \\
 \frac{(a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\cot^4(e+fx) \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^p}{\tan^2(e+fx)+1} d \tan(e+fx)}{f} \\
 \downarrow f \\
 \text{394} \\
 \frac{\cot^3(e+fx) (a+b \tan^2(e+fx)+b)^p \left(\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\tan^2(e+fx), -\frac{b \tan^2(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)}{3f}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/3*(AppellF1[-3/2, 1, -p, -1/2, -Tan[e + f*x]^2, -((b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))]*Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b + b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)^p)/(f*(1 + (b*Tan[e + f*x]^2)/(a + b))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2075 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{e, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[{u, v}, x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u, x] - BinomialDegree[v, x], 0] && !BinomialMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4629 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Tan[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[ff/f Subst[Int[(d*ff*x)^m*((a + b*(1 + ff^2*x^2)^(n/2))^p/(1 + ff^2*x^2)), x], x, Tan[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n/2] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || EqQ[n, 2])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \cot (fx + e)^4 (a + b \sec (fx + e)^2)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot^4(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int (b \sec^2(fx + e) + a)^p \cot(fx + e)^4 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sec(f*x + e)^2 + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cot(e + fx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\cos(e + fx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^4*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^4(e + fx) (a + b \sec^2(e + fx))^p dx = \int \cot(fx + e)^4 (\sec^2(fx + e)b + a)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^2)^p,x)`

3.452 $\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3755
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3755
Rubi [A] (verified)	3756
Maple [A] (verified)	3757
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3758
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3758
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3759
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3759
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3760
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3760

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a \sec^2(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f} - \frac{2b \sec^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \sec^7(e + fx)}{7f}$$

output

```
-a*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f-a*sec(f*x+e)^2/f+1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^3/f+1/4*a*sec(f*x+e)^4/f-2/5*b*sec(f*x+e)^5/f+1/7*b*sec(f*x+e)^7/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} - \frac{a \sec^2(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{a \sec^4(e + fx)}{4f} - \frac{2b \sec^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{b \sec^7(e + fx)}{7f}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output $-\left(\frac{a \operatorname{Log}[\cos[e + f x]]}{f}\right) - \frac{a \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^2}{f} + \frac{b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^3}{3 f} + \frac{a \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^4}{4 f} - \frac{2 b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^5}{5 f} + \frac{b \operatorname{Sec}[e + f x]^7}{7 f}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 2333, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^5(e + f x) (a + b \sec^3(e + f x)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + f x)^5 (a + b \sec(e + f x)^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + f x))^2 (a \cos^3(e + f x) + b) \sec^8(e + f x) d \cos(e + f x)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2333$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sec^8(e + f x) - 2b \sec^6(e + f x) + a \sec^5(e + f x) + b \sec^4(e + f x) - 2a \sec^3(e + f x) + a \sec(e + f x)) d \cos(e + f x)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4} a \sec^4(e + f x) + a \sec^2(e + f x) + a \log(\cos(e + f x)) - \frac{1}{7} b \sec^7(e + f x) + \frac{2}{5} b \sec^5(e + f x) - \frac{1}{3} b \sec^3(e + f x)}{f}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{a \log[\cos[e + f x]] + a \sec[e + f x]^2 - (b \sec[e + f x]^3)/3 - (a \sec[e + f x]^4)/4 + (2 b \sec[e + f x]^5)/5 - (b \sec[e + f x]^7)/7}{f}\right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp[IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2333

$$\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int[ExpandIntegrand}[(c*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \&\& \text{ PolyQ}[Pq, x] \&\& \text{ IGtQ}[p, -2]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int[DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4626

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*\sec[(e_ + (f_)*(x_))]^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*\tan[(e_ + (f_)*(x_))]^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Module}\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\cos[e + f x], x]\}, \text{Simp}[-(f*ff^{(m + n*p - 1)})^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^{(m - 1)/2}*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^{(m + n*p)}), x], x, \cos[e + f x]/ff], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, n\}, x \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2] \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[p]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \sec(fx+e)^7}{7} - \frac{2b \sec(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{a \sec(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{b \sec(fx+e)^3}{3} - a \sec(fx+e)^2 + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
default	$\frac{b \sec(fx+e)^7}{7} - \frac{2b \sec(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{a \sec(fx+e)^4}{4} + \frac{b \sec(fx+e)^3}{3} - a \sec(fx+e)^2 + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
parts	$a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^4}{4} - \frac{\tan(fx+e)^2}{2} + \frac{\ln(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)}{2} \right) + \frac{b \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)^7}{7} - \frac{2 \sec(fx+e)^5}{5} + \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{3} \right)}{f}$
risch	$iax + \frac{2iae}{f} - \frac{4(105ae^{12i(fx+e)} - 70be^{11i(fx+e)} + 420ae^{10i(fx+e)} + 56be^{9i(fx+e)} + 735ae^{8i(fx+e)} - 228be^{7i(fx+e)} - 105f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1))}{105f(e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1)}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/7*b*sec(f*x+e)^7-2/5*b*sec(f*x+e)^5+1/4*a*sec(f*x+e)^4+1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^3-a*sec(f*x+e)^2+a*ln(sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{-420 a \cos(fx + e)^7 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) + 420 a \cos(fx + e)^5 - 140 b \cos(fx + e)^4 - 105 a \cos(fx + e)^3 + 168 b \cos(fx + e)^2 - 60 b^2 \cos(fx + e) - 60 b^3}{420 f \cos(fx + e)^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/420*(420*a*cos(f*x + e)^7*log(-cos(f*x + e)) + 420*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 140*b*cos(f*x + e)^4 - 105*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 168*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 60*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^7)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{a \tan^4(e+fx)}{4f} - \frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan^4(e+fx) \sec^3(e+fx)}{7f} - \frac{4b \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^3(e+fx)}{35f} + \frac{8b \sec^3(e+fx)}{105f} \\ x(a + b \sec^3(e)) \tan^5(e) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3)*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a*tan(e + f*x)**4/(4*f) - a*
tan(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + b*tan(e + f*x)**4*sec(e + f*x)**3/(7*f) - 4*b*tan(
e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**3/(35*f) + 8*b*sec(e + f*x)**3/(105*f), Ne(f, 0)
), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**3)*tan(e)**5, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{420 a \log(\cos(fx + e)) + \frac{420 a \cos(fx+e)^5 - 140 b \cos(fx+e)^4 - 105 a \cos(fx+e)^3 + 168 b \cos(fx+e)^2 - 60 b}{\cos(fx+e)^7}}{420 f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/420*(420*a*log(cos(f*x + e)) + (420*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 140*b*cos(f*x +
e)^4 - 105*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 168*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 60*b)/cos(f*x + e)^7)
/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{420 a \log(|\cos(fx + e)|) + \frac{420 a \cos(fx+e)^5 - 140 b \cos(fx+e)^4 - 105 a \cos(fx+e)^3 + 168 b \cos(fx+e)^2 - 60 b}{\cos(fx+e)^7}}{420 f}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/420*(420*a*log(abs(cos(f*x + e))) + (420*a*cos(f*x + e)^5 - 140*b*cos(f
*x + e)^4 - 105*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + 168*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 60*b)/cos(f*x +
e)^7)/f
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{2a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2\right)}{f} - \frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^{12} - 14a \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^{10} + (32a + \frac{32b}{3}) \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^8 + (\frac{16b}{3} - 32a) \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^6 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 - 7 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 + 1}{f \left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^{14} - 7 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^{12} + 21 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^{10} - 35 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^8 + 35 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^6 - 7 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 + \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`output `(2*a*atanh(tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2))/f - ((16*b)/105 - tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*(2*a + (16*b)/15) + tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4*(14*a + (16*b)/5) - tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6*(32*a - (16*b)/3) + tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^8*(32*a + (32*b)/3) - 14*a*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^10 + 2*a*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^12)/(f*(7*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 21*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 + 35*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6 - 35*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^8 + 21*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^10 - 7*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^12 + tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^14 - 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \frac{210 \log(\tan^2(fx + e) + 1) a + 60 \sec^3(fx + e) \tan^4(fx + e) b - 48 \sec^3(fx + e) \tan^2(fx + e) b + 32 \sec^3(fx + e) b}{420f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`output `(210*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + 60*sec(e + f*x)**3*tan(e + f*x)**4*b - 48*sec(e + f*x)**3*tan(e + f*x)**2*b + 32*sec(e + f*x)**3*b + 105*tan(e + f*x)**4*a - 210*tan(e + f*x)**2*a)/(420*f)`

3.453 $\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3761
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3761
Rubi [A] (verified)	3762
Maple [A] (verified)	3763
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3764
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3764
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3765
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3765
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3766
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3766

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{a \sec^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \sec^5(e + fx)}{5f}$$

output

```
a*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+1/2*a*sec(f*x+e)^2/f-1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^3/f+1/5*b*sec(f*x+e)^5/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx = -\frac{b \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f} + \frac{b \sec^5(e + fx)}{5f} + \frac{a(2 \log(\cos(e + fx)) + \sec^2(e + fx))}{2f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/3*(b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3)/f + (b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^5)/(5*f) + (a*(2*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]] + \text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2))/(2*f)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 2333, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b \sec(e + fx)^3) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & - \frac{\int (1 - \cos^2(e + fx)) (a \cos^3(e + fx) + b) \sec^6(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2333} \\ & - \frac{\int (b \sec^6(e + fx) - b \sec^4(e + fx) + a \sec^3(e + fx) - a \sec(e + fx)) d \cos(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{\frac{1}{2} a \sec^2(e + fx) - a \log(\cos(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{5} b \sec^5(e + fx) + \frac{1}{3} b \sec^3(e + fx)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3)*\text{Tan}[e + f*x]^3,x]$$

output

$$-((- (a*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[e + f*x]]) - (a*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^2)/2 + (b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^3)/3 - (b*\text{Sec}[e + f*x]^5)/5)/f)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2333 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b \sec(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{b \sec(fx+e)^3}{3} + \frac{a \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b \sec(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{b \sec(fx+e)^3}{3} + \frac{a \sec(fx+e)^2}{2} - a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$
parts	$\frac{a \left(\frac{\tan(fx+e)^2}{2} - \frac{\ln(1+\tan(fx+e)^2)}{2} \right)}{f} + \frac{b \left(\frac{\sec(fx+e)^5}{5} - \frac{\sec(fx+e)^3}{3} \right)}{f}$
risch	$-iax - \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{2a e^{8i(fx+e)} - 8b e^{7i(fx+e)}}{3} + 6a e^{6i(fx+e)} + \frac{16b e^{5i(fx+e)}}{15} + 6 e^{4i(fx+e)} a - \frac{8b e^{3i(fx+e)}}{3} + 2 e^{2i(fx+e)}$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/5*b*sec(f*x+e)^5-1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^3+1/2*a*sec(f*x+e)^2-a*ln(sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{30 a \cos(fx + e)^5 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) + 15 a \cos(fx + e)^3 - 10 b \cos(fx + e)^2 + 6 b}{30 f \cos(fx + e)^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(30*a*cos(f*x + e)^5*log(-cos(f*x + e)) + 15*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 10*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 6*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^5)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{a \tan^2(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{b \tan^2(e+fx) \sec^3(e+fx)}{5f} - \frac{2b \sec^3(e+fx)}{15f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \sec^3(e)) \tan^3(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3)*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + a*tan(e + f*x)**2/(2*f) + b*tan(e + f*x)**2*sec(e + f*x)**3/(5*f) - 2*b*sec(e + f*x)**3/(15*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**3)*tan(e)**3, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{30 a \log(\cos(fx + e)) + \frac{15 a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 10 b \cos(fx+e)^2 + 6 b}{\cos(fx+e)^5}}{30 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/30*(30*a*log(cos(f*x + e)) + (15*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 10*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 6*b)/cos(f*x + e)^5)/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{30 a \log(|\cos(fx + e)|) + \frac{15 a \cos(fx+e)^3 - 10 b \cos(fx+e)^2 + 6 b}{\cos(fx+e)^5}}{30 f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/30*(30*a*log(abs(cos(f*x + e))) + (15*a*cos(f*x + e)^3 - 10*b*cos(f*x + e)^2 + 6*b)/cos(f*x + e)^5)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^8 + (-6a - 4b) \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^6 + \left(6a - \frac{4b}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 + \left(-2a - \frac{4b}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2}{f \left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^{10} - 5 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^8 + 10 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^6 - 10 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 + 5 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

$$- \frac{2a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2\right)}{f}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`output `((4*b)/15 - tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*(2*a + (4*b)/3) - tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6*(6*a + 4*b) + tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4*(6*a - (4*b)/3) + 2*a*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^8)/(f*(5*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 10*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 + 10*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6 - 5*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^8 + tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^10 - 1)) - (2*a*atanh(tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2))/f`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-15 \log(\tan^2(fx + e) + 1) a + 6 \sec^3(fx + e) \tan^2(fx + e) b - 4 \sec^3(fx + e) b + 15 \tan^2(fx + e) a}{30f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`output `(- 15*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + 6*sec(e + f*x)**3*tan(e + f*x)**2*b - 4*sec(e + f*x)**3*b + 15*tan(e + f*x)**2*a)/(30*f)`

3.454 $\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3767
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3767
Rubi [A] (verified)	3768
Maple [A] (verified)	3769
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3770
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3770
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3770
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3771
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3771
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3772

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

output

```
-a*ln(cos(f*x+e))/f+1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^3/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec^3(e + fx)}{3f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)*Tan[e + f*x],x]
```

output

```
-((a*Log[Cos[e + f*x]])/f) + (b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/(3*f)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\frac{\int (a \cos^3(e + fx) + b) \sec^4(e + fx) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sec^4(e + fx) + a \sec(e + fx)) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a \log(\cos(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{3} b \sec^3(e + fx)}{f}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)*Tan[e + f*x],x]
```

output

```
-((a*Log[Cos[e + f*x]] - (b*Sec[e + f*x]^3)/3)/f)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b \sec^3(fx+e) + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	26
default	$\frac{b \sec^3(fx+e) + a \ln(\sec(fx+e))}{f}$	26
parts	$\frac{a \ln(1 + \tan^2(fx+e))}{2f} + \frac{b \sec^3(fx+e)}{3f}$	33
risch	$iax + \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{8be^{3i(fx+e)}}{3f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)^3} - \frac{a \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)}{f}$	61

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(1/3*b*sec(f*x+e)^3+a*ln(sec(f*x+e)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a \cos(fx + e)^3 \log(-\cos(fx + e)) - b}{3f \cos(fx + e)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(3*a*cos(f*x + e)^3*log(-cos(f*x + e)) - b)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a \log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2f} + \frac{b \sec^3(e+fx)}{3f} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ x(a + b \sec^3(e)) \tan(e) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3)*tan(f*x+e),x)`output `Piecewise((a*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*f) + b*sec(e + f*x)**3/(3*f), Ne(f, 0)), (x*(a + b*sec(e)**3)*tan(e), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{a \log(\cos(fx + e)^3) - \frac{b}{\cos(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(a*log(cos(f*x + e)^3) - b/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = -\frac{3a \log(|\cos(fx + e)|) - \frac{a \cos(fx+e)^3 + b}{\cos(fx+e)^3}}{3f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(3*a*log(abs(cos(f*x + e))) - (a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b)/cos(f*x + e)^3)/f`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx \\ &= \frac{2a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2\right)}{f} \\ & \quad - \frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 + \frac{2b}{3}}{f \left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`

output `(2*a*atanh(tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2))/f - ((2*b)/3 + 2*b*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4)/(f*(3*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 3*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 + tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6 - 1))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \tan(e + fx) dx = \frac{3 \log(\tan^2(fx + e) + 1) a + 2 \sec^3(fx + e) b}{6f}$$

input `int((a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `(3*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)*a + 2*sec(e + f*x)**3*b)/(6*f)`

3.455 $\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	3773
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3773
Rubi [A] (verified)	3774
Maple [A] (verified)	3775
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3776
Sympy [F]	3776
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3776
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3777
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3777
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3778

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a + b) \log(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{(a - b) \log(1 + \cos(e + fx))}{2f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/2*(a+b)*ln(1-cos(f*x+e))/f+1/2*(a-b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))/f+b*sec(f*x+e)/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)))}{f} + \frac{b \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)))}{f} + \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]`

output $-\left(\frac{b \cdot \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(e + f \cdot x)/2]]}{f}\right) + \left(\frac{b \cdot \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[(e + f \cdot x)/2]]}{f}\right) + \left(\frac{a \cdot \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x]]}{f}\right) + \left(\frac{b \cdot \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x]}{f}\right)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 2333, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^3}{\tan(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(a \cos^3(e + fx) + b) \sec^2(e + fx)}{1 - \cos^2(e + fx)} d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2333$$

$$-\frac{\int \left(b \sec^2(e + fx) + \frac{-a - b}{2(\cos(e + fx) - 1)} + \frac{b - a}{2(\cos(e + fx) + 1)} \right) d \cos(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{\frac{1}{2}(a + b) \log(1 - \cos(e + fx)) - \frac{1}{2}(a - b) \log(\cos(e + fx) + 1) - b \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x]^3), x]$

output $-\left(\frac{-1/2 \cdot (a + b) \cdot \text{Log}[1 - \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x]]}{2 - b \cdot \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x]}\right) - \left(\frac{(a - b) \cdot \text{Log}[1 + \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x]]}{2 - b \cdot \text{Sec}[e + f \cdot x]}\right) / f$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2333 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_)])^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)], x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(\sin(fx+e)) + b \left(\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)} + \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e)) \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a \ln(\sin(fx+e)) + b \left(\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)} + \ln(\csc(fx+e) - \cot(fx+e)) \right)}{f}$
risch	$-iax - \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{2be^{i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)a}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)b}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)a}{f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)})}{f}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*ln(sin(f*x+e))+b*(1/cos(f*x+e)+ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - b) \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) + (a + b) \cos(fx + e) \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(fx + e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) + 2b}{2f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*((a - b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + (a + b)*cos(f*x + e)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 2*b)/(f*cos(f*x + e))`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3),x)`output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**3)*cot(e + f*x), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - b) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) + (a + b) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) + \frac{2b}{\cos(fx+e)}}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}((a - b)\log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) + (a + b)\log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) + 2b/\cos(fx + e))/f$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \frac{(a - b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2f} + \frac{(a + b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2f} + \frac{b}{f \cos(fx + e)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}(a - b)\log(\text{abs}(\cos(fx + e) + 1))/f + \frac{1}{2}(a + b)\log(\text{abs}(\cos(fx + e) - 1))/f + b/(f\cos(fx + e))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f} - \frac{a \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)}{f} - \frac{2b}{f\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)} + \frac{b \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`

output $\frac{(a\log(\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)))}{f} - \frac{(a\log(\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 1))}{f} - \frac{(2*b)}{f*(\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 1)} + \frac{(b\log(\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)))}{f}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) a + \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) a + \cos(fx + e) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2}\right)\right) b}{\cos(fx + e) f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)`output `(- cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*a + cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*a + cos(e + f*x)*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*b - cos(e + f*x)*b + b)/
(cos(e + f*x)*f)`

3.456 $\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	3779
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3780
Rubi [A] (verified)	3780
Maple [A] (verified)	3783
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3783
Sympy [F]	3784
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3784
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3784
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3785
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(e + fx))}{2f} - \frac{b \cot(e + fx) \csc(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{a \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*arctanh(cos(f*x+e))/f-1/2*b*cot(f*x+e)*csc(f*x+e)/f-1/2*a*csc(f*x+e)^2/f-a*ln(sin(f*x+e))/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{b \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{8f} - \frac{a \csc^2(e + fx)}{2f} - \frac{b \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{2f} + \frac{b \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{2f} - \frac{a \log(\sin(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{b \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{8f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(b*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/f - (a*Csc[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f) - (b*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]])/(2*f) + (b*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]])/(2*f) - (a*Log[Sin[e + f*x]])/f + (b*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(8*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 2345, 25, 452, 219, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{a + b \sec(e + fx)^3}{\tan(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4626}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2} d \cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
& \frac{\frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{b-2a \cos(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b-2a \cos(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b \int \frac{1}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) - 2a \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) \right) + \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\text{barctanh}(\cos(e+fx)) - 2a \int \frac{\cos(e+fx)}{1-\cos^2(e+fx)} d \cos(e+fx) \right) + \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{240} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(a \log(1-\cos^2(e+fx)) + \text{barctanh}(\cos(e+fx)) \right) + \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{2(1-\cos^2(e+fx))}}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]`

output `-(((a + b*Cos[e + f*x])/(2*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2)) + (b*ArcTanh[Cos[e + f*x]] + a*Log[1 - Cos[e + f*x]^2])/2)/f)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 240 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}]]/(2 * \text{b}), \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 452 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}/(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2, 0]$
- rule 2345 $\text{Int}[(\text{Pq}_) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Q} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[\text{Pq}, \text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{f} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[\text{Pq}, \text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 0], \text{g} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[\text{Pq}, \text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{g} - \text{b} * \text{f} * \text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}) / (2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} * \text{ExpandToSum}[2 * \text{a} * (\text{p} + 1) * \text{Q} + \text{f} * (2 * \text{p} + 3), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[\text{Pq}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4626 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * \text{sec}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_} * \tan[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{\text{ff} = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[-(\text{f} * \text{ff}^{\text{m} + \text{n} * \text{p} - 1})^{-1} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - \text{ff}^2 * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{m} - 1)/2} * ((\text{b} + \text{a} * (\text{ff} * \text{x})^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}} / \text{x}^{\text{m} + \text{n} * \text{p}})], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Cos}[\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}] / \text{ff}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2}-\ln(\sin(fx+e))\right)+b\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)\cot(fx+e)}{2}+\frac{\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{a\left(-\frac{\cot(fx+e)^2}{2}-\ln(\sin(fx+e))\right)+b\left(-\frac{\csc(fx+e)\cot(fx+e)}{2}+\frac{\ln(\csc(fx+e)-\cot(fx+e))}{2}\right)}{f}$
risch	$iax + \frac{2iae}{f} + \frac{be^{3i(fx+e)}+2e^{2i(fx+e)}a+be^{i(fx+e)}}{f(e^{2i(fx+e)}-1)^2} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)a}{f} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)b}{2f} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)}{f}$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(a*(-1/2*cot(f*x+e)^2-ln(sin(f*x+e)))+b*(-1/2*csc(f*x+e)*cot(f*x+e)+1/2*ln(csc(f*x+e)-cot(f*x+e))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \cot^3(e+fx)(a+b\sec^3(e+fx))dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\cos(fx+e) - ((2a+b)\cos(fx+e)^2 - 2a-b)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(fx+e) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - ((2a-b)\cos(fx+e)^2 + 1/2) + 2a}{4(f\cos(fx+e)^2 - f)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*b*cos(f*x + e) - ((2*a + b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a - b)*log(1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) - ((2*a - b)*cos(f*x + e)^2 - 2*a + b)*log(-1/2*cos(f*x + e) + 1/2) + 2*a)/(f*cos(f*x + e)^2 - f)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) \cot^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sec(e + f*x)**3)*cot(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2a + b) \log(\cos(fx + e) + 1) + (2a - b) \log(\cos(fx + e) - 1) - \frac{2(b \cos(fx + e) + a)}{\cos(fx + e)^2 - 1}}{4f}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*((2*a + b)*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1) + (2*a - b)*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1) - 2*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)/(cos(f*x + e)^2 - 1))/f`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = -\frac{(2a + b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{4f}$$

$$- \frac{(2a - b) \log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{4f}$$

$$+ \frac{b \cos(fx + e) + a}{2f(\cos(fx + e) + 1)(\cos(fx + e) - 1)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/4*(2*a + b)*\log(\text{abs}(\cos(f*x + e) + 1))/f - 1/4*(2*a - b)*\log(\text{abs}(\cos(f*x + e) - 1))/f + 1/2*(b*\cos(f*x + e) + a)/(f*(\cos(f*x + e) + 1)*(\cos(f*x + e) - 1))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a \ln \left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)}{f} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{a}{8} - \frac{b}{8}\right)}{f} - \frac{\cot\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{a}{8} + \frac{b}{8}\right)}{f} - \frac{\ln \left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \right) \left(a - \frac{b}{2} \right)}{f}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`

output
$$\frac{(a*\log(\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 1))/f - (\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*(a/8 - b/8))/f - (\cot(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*(a/8 + b/8))/f - (\log(\tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2))*(a - b/2))/f}{f}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b \sec^3(e + fx)) dx = \frac{-2 \cos(fx + e) b + 4 \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right)^2 + 1 \right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a - 4 \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a + 2 \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{fx}{2} + \frac{e}{2} \right) \right) \sin(fx + e)^2 a}{4 \sin(fx + e)^2 f}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)`

output `(- 2*cos(e + f*x)*b + 4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2)**2 + 1)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a -
4*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e + f*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((e + f*x)/2))*sin(e
+ f*x)**2*b + sin(e + f*x)**2*a - 2*a)/(4*sin(e + f*x)**2*f)`

3.457 $\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3787
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3788
Rubi [A] (verified)	3788
Maple [C] (verified)	3790
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3791
Sympy [F]	3791
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3792
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3792
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3793
Reduce [F]	3794

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a^{2/3} + 2b^{2/3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{ab^{4/3}}f} - \frac{(a^{2/3} - 2b^{2/3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{4/3}}f} + \frac{(a^{2/3} - 2b^{2/3}) \log\left(b^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(e+fx) + a^{2/3}\cos^2(e+fx)\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{ab^{4/3}}f} - \frac{\log(b+a\cos^3(e+fx))}{3af} + \frac{\sec(e+fx)}{bf}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a^(2/3)+2*b^(2/3))*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))*3^(1/2)
/b^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)/b^(4/3)/f-1/3*(a^(2/3)-2*b^(2/3))*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(
1/3)*cos(f*x+e))/a^(1/3)/b^(4/3)/f+1/6*(a^(2/3)-2*b^(2/3))*ln(b^(2/3)-a^(1
/3)*b^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)+a^(2/3)*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^(1/3)/b^(4/3)/f-1/3*ln(b+a*
cos(f*x+e)^3)/a/f+sec(f*x+e)/b/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b \log\left(\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right) - \text{RootSum}\left[-8a + 12a\#1 - 6a\#1^2 + a\#1^3 - b\#1^3 \&, \frac{-4a^2 \log\left(1 - \#1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{4a - 4a\#1 + a\#1^2 - b\#1^2} \& \right]}{3a^2 b f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]
```

output

```
(3*b*Log[Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2] - RootSum[-8*a + 12*a*#1 - 6*a*#1^2 + a*#1^3 - b*#1^3 &, (-4*a^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2] + 4*a*b*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2] + 2*a^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1 - 8*a*b*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1 + a*b*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2 - b^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2)/(4*a - 4*a*#1 + a*#1^2 - b*#1^2) & ] + 3*a*Sec[e + f*x])/(3*a*b*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 2373, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^5}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^3} dx$$

↓ 4626

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 \sec^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2373} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sec^2(e+fx)}{b} + \frac{b \cos^2(e+fx) - a \cos(e+fx) - 2b}{b(a \cos^3(e+fx)+b)} \right) d \cos(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{(a^{2/3}+2b^{2/3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{ab^{4/3}}} - \frac{(a^{2/3}-2b^{2/3}) \log\left(a^{2/3}\cos^2(e+fx)-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(e+fx)+b^{2/3}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{ab^{4/3}}} + \frac{(a^{2/3}-2b^{2/3}) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{4/3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^5/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\left(\left(\left(a^{2/3} + 2b^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/3} - 2a^{1/3}\cos[e + f*x]}{\sqrt[3]{3}b^{1/3}}\right]\right) / \left(\sqrt[3]{3}a^{1/3}b^{4/3}\right) + \left(\left(a^{2/3} - 2b^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[b^{1/3} + a^{1/3}\cos[e + f*x]\right]\right) / \left(3a^{1/3}b^{4/3}\right) - \left(\left(a^{2/3} - 2b^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[b^{2/3} - a^{1/3}b^{1/3}\cos[e + f*x] + a^{2/3}\cos[e + f*x]^2\right]\right) / \left(6a^{1/3}b^{4/3}\right) + \operatorname{Log}\left[b + a\cos[e + f*x]^3\right] / \left(3a\right) - \operatorname{Sec}\left[e + f*x\right] / b\right) / f
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2373 `Int[((Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(Pq/(a + b*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] & & PolyQ[Pq, x] && IntegerQ[n] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(n_1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^(m - 1)/2]*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2ie}{af} + \frac{2e^{i(fx+e)}}{fb(e^{2i(fx+e)}+1)} - i \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(27a^3b^4f^3-Z^3+27ia^2b^4f^2-Z^2+(-18a^3b^2f-9ab^4f)-Z-ia^4+27a^3b^4f^3)} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{b \cos(fx+e)} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)^2 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{2 \cos(fx+e)}{\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) - 1}{3}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)}{b \cos(fx+e)}$
default	$\frac{1}{b \cos(fx+e)} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)^2 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{2 \cos(fx+e)}{\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) - 1}{3}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)}{b \cos(fx+e)}$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
I*x/a+2*I/a/f*e+2*exp(I*(f*x+e))/f/b/(exp(2*I*(f*x+e))+1)-I*sum(_R*ln(exp(
2*I*(f*x+e))+(-18/(a^3+8*a*b^2)*a^2*b^3*f^2*_R^2-36*I/(a^3+8*a*b^2)*b^3*f*
a*_R+8/(a^3+8*a*b^2)*a^2*b+10/(a^3+8*a*b^2)*b^3)*exp(I*(f*x+e))+1),_R=Root
Of(27*a^3*b^4*f^3*_Z^3+27*I*a^2*b^4*f^2*_Z^2+(-18*a^3*b^2*f-9*a*b^4*f)*_Z-
I*a^4+2*I*a^2*b^2-I*b^4))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4427, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.21

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3),x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**5/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**3), x)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3} \left(2ab \left(3 \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{b}{a} \right) + 3a^2 \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2b^2 \right) \arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2 \cos(fx+e) \right)}{3 \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{ab^2} - \frac{3 \left(2b \left(\left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1 \right) - a \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \log \left(\cos(fx+e)^2 - \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{ab \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{18f}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/18*(2*sqrt(3)*(2*a*b*(3*(b/a)^(1/3) - b/a) + 3*a^2*(b/a)^(2/3) + 2*b^2)*
arctan(-1/3*sqrt(3)*((b/a)^(1/3) - 2*cos(f*x + e))/(b/a)^(1/3))/(a*b^2) -
3*(2*b*((b/a)^(2/3) + 1) - a*(b/a)^(1/3))*log(cos(f*x + e)^2 - (b/a)^(1/3)
*cos(f*x + e) + (b/a)^(2/3))/(a*b*(b/a)^(2/3)) - 6*(b*((b/a)^(2/3) - 2) +
a*(b/a)^(1/3))*log((b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e))/(a*b*(b/a)^(2/3)) + 18/(b*c
os(f*x + e))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^3 + b|)}{3af}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(2(-a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}b - (-a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 \cos(fx+e) \right)}{3 \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)}{3ab^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(2(-a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + (-a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right) \log \left(\cos(fx + e)^2 + \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(fx + e) + \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{6ab^2f}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{bf \cos(fx + e)} - \frac{\left(a^2bf \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2ab^2f \right) \left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log \left(\left| -\left(-\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \cos(fx + e) \right| \right)}{3ab^3f^2}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b))/(a*f) + 1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(-a^2*b)^(1/3)*
b - (-a^2*b)^(2/3))*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*((-b/a)^(1/3) + 2*cos(f*x + e))/(-b
/a)^(1/3))/(a*b^2*f) + 1/6*(2*(-a^2*b)^(1/3)*b + (-a^2*b)^(2/3))*log(cos(f
*x + e)^2 + (-b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x + e) + (-b/a)^(2/3))/(a*b^2*f) + 1/(b*f*c
os(f*x + e)) - 1/3*(a^2*b*f*(-b/a)^(1/3) + 2*a*b^2*f)*(-b/a)^(1/3)*log(abs
(-(-b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e)))/(a*b^3*f^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7402, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.80

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`

output

```

symsum(log(-(262144*(148*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z
+ 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)*b^17 - 1920*a*b^15 - 156*b^1
6*cos(e + f*x) + 300*b^16 + 16*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*
b^4*z + 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)^2*b^18 + 5232*a^2*b^14
- 7872*a^3*b^13 + 7080*a^4*b^12 - 3840*a^5*b^11 + 1200*a^6*b^10 - 192*a^7
*b^9 + 12*a^8*b^8 - 5916*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z
+ 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)*a^2*b^15 + 4820*root(27*a^3*
b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z + 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^
4, z, k)*a^3*b^14 + 5933*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z
+ 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)*a^4*b^13 - 12882*root(27*a^3
*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z + 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a
^4, z, k)*a^5*b^12 + 8891*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z
+ 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)*a^6*b^11 - 2872*root(27*a^3
*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z + 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a
^4, z, k)*a^7*b^10 + 447*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z
+ 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)*a^8*b^9 - 26*root(27*a^3*b^4
*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z + 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4,
z, k)*a^9*b^8 + root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 + 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z + 18*a^3*
b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, k)*a^10*b^7 + 1396*root(27*a^3*b^4*z^3 +
27*a^2*b^4*z^2 + 9*a*b^4*z + 18*a^3*b^2*z - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 + a^4, z, ...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int(tan(f*x+e)^5/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)
```

output

```
( - 36*cos(e + f*x)**2*a**3*b - 72*cos(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b**2 - 30*cos(e +
f*x)*int(sin(e + f*x)**5/(cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 4*cos(e + f*
x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 - 2*cos(
e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 8*
cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a
**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2
*a*b**2 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3 + a**2*b + 4*a*b**2 + 4*b**3),x)*a**6*b*f
- 111*cos(e + f*x)*int(sin(e + f*x)**5/(cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**3
+ 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*
a*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)
**2*a**2*b - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + cos(e + f*x)*a**3 + 4
*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 4*
sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3 + a**2*b + 4*a*b**2 + 4*b*
**3),x)*a**5*b**2*f - 48*cos(e + f*x)*int(sin(e + f*x)**5/(cos(e + f*x)*sin
(e + f*x)**4*a**3 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**4*a**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)
*sin(e + f*x)**4*a*b**2 - 2*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**3 - 8*cos(e +
f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a**2*b - 8*cos(e + f*x)*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 + cos(
e + f*x)*a**3 + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a**2*b + 4*cos(e + f*x)*a*b**2 - sin(e + f*
x)**2*a**2*b - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*a*b**2 - 4*sin(e + f*x)**2*b**3 + a**2*b
+ 4*a*b**2 + 4*b**3),x)*a**4*b**3*f + 192*cos(e + f*x)*int(sin(e + f*x)...
```

3.458 $\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3796
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3797
Rubi [A] (verified)	3797
Maple [C] (verified)	3801
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3802
Sympy [F]	3803
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3804
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3804
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3805
Reduce [F]	3806

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}f} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}f} + \frac{\log\left(b^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(e+fx) + a^{2/3}\cos^2(e+fx)\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}f} + \frac{\log(b+a\cos^3(e+fx))}{3af}$$

output

```
1/3*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)/b^(2/3)/f-1/3*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))/a^(1/3)/b^(2/3)/f+1/6*ln(b^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)+a^(2/3)*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^(1/3)/b^(2/3)/f+1/3*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^3)/a/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \log(\sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx))) + \text{RootSum}\left[-a - b + 3a\#1 - 3b\#1 - 3a\#1^2 - 3b\#1^2 + a\#1^3 - b\#1^3 \&, -\right]}{3af}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*Log[Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2] + RootSum[-a - b + 3*a*#1 - 3*b*#1 - 3*a*#1^2 - 3*b*#1^2 + a*#1^3 - b*#1^3 & , (-a*Log[-#1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]) - b*Log[-#1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2] - 4*a*Log[-#1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1 - 2*b*Log[-#1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2 - a*Log[-#1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2 - b*Log[-#1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2)/(a - b - 2*a*#1 - 2*b*#1 + a*#1^2 - b*#1^2) & ])/(3*a*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 2410, 750, 16, 792, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)^3}{a + b \sec(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1-\cos^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2410

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx) - \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}{f}$$

↓ 750

$$\frac{\int \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx)}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}} d \cos(e+fx)}{3b^{2/3}} - \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx)}$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{\int \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx)}{3b^{2/3}} - \int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a \cos^3(e+fx)+b} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\int \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx)}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{\log(a \cos^3(e+fx)+b)}{3a}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx) - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left(\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)\right)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left(\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)\right)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx)}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab}}$$

f

↓ 1082

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx) + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)^2} d \left(1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{-3 \sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}$$

f

↓ 217

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}} d \cos(e+fx) - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{\log(a \cos^3(e+fx) + b)}{3a}$$

f

↓ 1103

$$\frac{\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx) - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + b^{2/3}\right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx) + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{\log(a \cos^3(e+fx) + b)}{3a}$$

f

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3), x]`

output `-((Log[b^(1/3) + a^(1/3)*Cos[e + f*x]]/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*a^(1/3)*Cos[e + f*x])/b^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]])/a^(1/3)) - Log[b^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*Cos[e + f*x] + a^(2/3)*Cos[e + f*x]^2/(2*a^(1/3))]/(3*b^(2/3)) - Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^3]/(3*a)))/f`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 792 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, n - 1]$
- rule 1082 $\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 2410 `Int[(P2_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3), x_Symbol] := With[{A = Coeff[P2, x, 0], B = Coeff[P2, x, 1], C = Coeff[P2, x, 2]}, Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x^3), x] + Simp[C Int[x^2/(a + b*x^3), x], x] /; EqQ[a*B^3 - b*A^3, 0] || !RationalQ[a/b] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[P2, x, 2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
risch	$-\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{2ie}{af} + i \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(27b^2a^3f^3-Z^3+27ib^2a^2f^2-Z^2-9_Za b^2f+ia^2-ib^2)} -R \ln(e^{2i(fx+e)} + ($
derivativdivides	$-\frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)^2-\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\cos(fx+e)-1}{\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e))}{3a}$
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)^2-\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\cos(fx+e)-1}{\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\ln(b+a\cos(fx+e))}{3a}$

```
input int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -I*x/a-2*I/a/f*e+I*sum(_R*ln(exp(2*I*(f*x+e)))+(-6*I*b*f*_R+2*b/a)*exp(I*(f*x+e))+1),_R=RootOf(27*b^2*a^3*f^3*_Z^3+27*I*b^2*a^2*f^2*_Z^2-9*_Z*a*b^2*f+I*a^2-I*b^2))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1052, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.34

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-1/12*(2*(3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^
2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))*a*f*log(-1/2*(3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*
-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3)
- 2/(a*f))*a*b*f - a*cos(f*x + e) - b) - ((3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*
f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))
*a*f + 3*sqrt(1/3)*a*f*sqrt(-((3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(
a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))^2*a^2*f^2 +
4*(3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)
)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))*a*f + 4)/(a^2*f^2)) + 6)*log(1/2*(3*(I*s
qrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^
2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))*a*b*f + 3/2*sqrt(1/3)*a*b*f*sqrt(-((3*(I*sqrt(3)
+ 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))
^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))^2*a^2*f^2 + 4*(3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54
/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))*a*f + 4)/(
a^2*f^2)) - 2*a*cos(f*x + e) + b) - ((3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) +
1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))*a*f -
3*sqrt(1/3)*a*f*sqrt(-((3*(I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*
f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))^2*a^2*f^2 + 4*(3*(
I*sqrt(3) + 1)*(-1/54/(a^3*f^3) + 1/54/(a*b^2*f^3) - 1/54*(a^2 - b^2)/(a^3
*b^2*f^3))^(1/3) - 2/(a*f))*a*f + 4)/(a^2*f^2)) + 6)*log(-1/2*(3*(I*sqr...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3), x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**3), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(a\left(3\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{2b}{a}\right) + 2b\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2\cos(fx+e)\right)}{3\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{3\left(2\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1\right) \log\left(\cos(fx+e)^2 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

18 f

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/18*(2*sqrt(3)*(a*(3*(b/a)^(1/3) - 2*b/a) + 2*b)*arctan(-1/3*sqrt(3)*((b/a)^(1/3) - 2*cos(f*x + e))/(b/a)^(1/3))/(a*b) - 3*(2*(b/a)^(2/3) + 1)*log(cos(f*x + e)^2 - (b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x + e) + (b/a)^(2/3))/(a*(b/a)^(2/3)) - 6*((b/a)^(2/3) - 1)*log((b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e))/(a*(b/a)^(2/3))/f`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|-\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \cos(fx + e)\right|\right)}{3bf} + \frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^3 + b|)}{3af}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3}(-a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2\cos(fx+e)\right)}{3\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3abf}$$

$$- \frac{(-a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\cos(fx + e)^2 + \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx + e) + \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6abf}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*(-b/a)^(1/3)*log(abs(-(-b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e)))/(b*f) + 1/3*log(ab
s(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b))/(a*f) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*(-a^2*b)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sq
r(3)*((-b/a)^(1/3) + 2*cos(f*x + e))/(-b/a)^(1/3))/(a*b*f) - 1/6*(-a^2*b)^(
1/3)*log(cos(f*x + e)^2 + (-b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x + e) + (-b/a)^(2/3))/(a*b*
f)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1620, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(tan(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
symsum(log(262144*(a - b)^2*(8*a - 8*b + 4*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^
2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)*a^2 + 4*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*
b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)*b^2 - 3*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^
2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^2*a^3 - 24*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 -
27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^2*a*b^2 - 36*root(27*a^3*b^2
*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^3*a^3*b + 28*root(27*
a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)*a*b + 36*root(
27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^3*a^2*b^2)*
(16*a^2*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 32*b^2*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 4*root(27*a^3
*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)*a^3 - 4*root(27*a
^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)*b^3 - 8*a^2 + 8
*b^2 + 3*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z,
k)^2*a^4 - 3*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2,
z, k)^2*a^4*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 24*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^
2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^2*a*b^3 + 3*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*
b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^2*a^3*b + 36*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 -
27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^2, z, k)^3*a^4*b - 48*a*b*tan(e/2 + (
f*x)/2)^2 + 24*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z + a^2 - b^
2, z, k)^2*a^2*b^2 - 36*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z +
a^2 - b^2, z, k)^3*a^2*b^3 + 14*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + ...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\tan(fx + e)^3}{\sec(fx + e)^3 b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)**3/(sec(e + f*x)**3*b + a),x)`

$$3.459 \quad \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$$

Optimal result	3807
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3807
Rubi [A] (verified)	3808
Maple [A] (verified)	3809
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3809
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3810
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3810
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3811
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3811
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3811

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(b+a \cos^3(e+fx))}{3af}$$

output `-1/3*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^3)/a/f`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(b+a \cos^3(e+fx))}{3af}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]`

output `-1/3*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^3]/(a*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\tan(e+fx)}{a+b\sec(e+fx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4626} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2(e+fx)}{a\cos^3(e+fx)+b} d\cos(e+fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{792} \\ & -\frac{\log(a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)}{3af} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]`

output `-1/3*Log[b + a*Cos[e + f*x]^3]/(a*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^3)}{3a} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{a}$	35
default	$-\frac{\ln(a+b\sec(fx+e)^3)}{3a} + \frac{\ln(\sec(fx+e))}{a}$	35
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} + \frac{2ie}{af} - \frac{\ln\left(e^{6i(fx+e)} + 3e^{4i(fx+e)} + \frac{8be^{3i(fx+e)}}{a} + 3e^{2i(fx+e)} + 1\right)}{3af}$	76

```
input int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/f*(-1/3/a*ln(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3)+1/a*ln(sec(f*x+e)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b\sec^3(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(a \cos(fx + e)^3 + b)}{3af}$$

```
input integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/3*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b)/(a*f)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 17.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty x \tan(e)}{\sec^3(e)} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = \\ -\frac{1}{3bf \sec^3(e+fx)} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2af} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{x \tan(e)}{a+b \sec^3(e)} & \text{for } f = 0 \\ -\frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}} + \sec(e+fx)\right)}{3af} + \frac{\log(\tan^2(e+fx)+1)}{2af} - \frac{\log\left(4\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4\sqrt[3]{-\frac{a}{b}} \sec(e+fx) + 4 \sec^2(e+fx)\right)}{3af} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*x*tan(e)/sec(e)**3, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(f, 0)), (-1/(3*b*f*sec(e + f*x)**3), Eq(a, 0)), (log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*a*f), Eq(b, 0)), (x*tan(e)/(a + b*sec(e)**3), Eq(f, 0)), (-log(-(-a/b)**(1/3) + sec(e + f*x))/(3*a*f) + log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1)/(2*a*f) - log(4*(-a/b)**(2/3) + 4*(-a/b)**(1/3)*sec(e + f*x) + 4*sec(e + f*x)**2)/(3*a*f), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(a \cos(fx + e)^3 + b)}{3af}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*log(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b)/(a*f)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{\log(|a \cos(fx + e)^3 + b|)}{3af}$$

input `integrate(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b))/(a*f)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.96

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right) - \ln\left(a + b - 3a \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 + 3a \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^4 - a \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^6 + 3b \tan\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^8\right)}{3af}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`output `(3*log(tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 1) - log(a + b - 3*a*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 3*a*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 - a*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6 + 3*b*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^8 + 3*b*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 + b*tan(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^6))/(3*a*f)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{\tan(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \log(\tan(fx + e)^2 + 1) - 2 \log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(fx + e) + b^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(fx + e)^2\right) - 2 \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(fx + e)\right)}{6af}$$

input `int(tan(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)`

output `(3*log(tan(e + f*x)**2 + 1) - 2*log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*sec(e + f*x) + b**(2/3)*sec(e + f*x)**2) - 2*log(a**(1/3) + b**(1/3)*sec(e + f*x)))/(6*a*f)`

3.460 $\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$

Optimal result	3813
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3814
Rubi [A] (verified)	3814
Maple [C] (verified)	3816
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3817
Sympy [F]	3817
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3818
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3819
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3820
Reduce [F]	3820

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}(a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}+b^{4/3})f} + \frac{\log(1-\cos(e+fx))}{2(a+b)f}$$

$$+ \frac{\log(1+\cos(e+fx))}{2(a-b)f} - \frac{(a^{2/3}+b^{2/3})b^{2/3}\log(\sqrt[3]{b}+\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx))}{3\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2-b^2)f}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^{2/3}+b^{2/3})b^{2/3}\log(b^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(e+fx)+a^{2/3}\cos^2(e+fx))}{6\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2-b^2)f}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 \log(b+a \cos^3(e+fx))}{3a(a^2-b^2)f}$$

output

```
-1/3*b^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)/(a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)+b^(4/3))/f+1/2*ln(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)/f+1/2*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a-b)/f-1/3*(a^(2/3)+b^(2/3))*b^(2/3)*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))/a^(1/3)/(a^2-b^2)/f+1/6*(a^(2/3)+b^(2/3))*b^(2/3)*ln(b^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)+a^(2/3)*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^(1/3)/(a^2-b^2)/f-1/3*b^2*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^3)/a/(a^2-b^2)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)))}{(a - b)f} + \frac{\log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)))}{(a + b)f} + \frac{b \left(3b \log(\sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx))) + (-a + b) \text{RootSum} \left[-8a + 12a\#1 - 6a\#1^2 + a\#1^3 - b\#1^3 \&, \frac{-4a \log(1 - \#1 + \tan^2(\frac{e + fx}{2}))}{4a - 4a\#1 + a\#1^2 - b\#1^2} \& \right] \right)}{3(a^3 - ab^2)f}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]
```

output

```
Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]]/((a - b)*f) + Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]]/((a + b)*f) + (b*(3*b*Log[Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2] + (-a + b)*RootSum[-8*a + 12*a*#1 - 6*a*#1^2 + a*#1^3 - b*#1^3 & , (-4*a*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2] + 2*a*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1 + b*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2)/(4*a - 4*a*#1 + a*#1^2 - b*#1^2) & ])/(3*(a^3 - a*b^2)*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e + fx) (a + b \sec(e + fx)^3)} dx$$

↓ 4626

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))(a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 7276

$$\int \left(-\frac{b(b\cos^2(e+fx)-a\cos(e+fx)+b)}{(b^2-a^2)(a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)} - \frac{1}{2(a+b)(\cos(e+fx)-1)} - \frac{1}{2(a-b)(\cos(e+fx)+1)} \right) d\cos(e+fx)$$

f

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}(a^{2/3}b^{2/3}+a^{4/3}+b^{4/3})} + \frac{b^2 \log(a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)}{3a(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b^{2/3}(a^{2/3}+b^{2/3}) \log\left(a^{2/3}\cos^2(e+fx)-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}\cos(e+fx)+b^{2/3}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2-b^2)} +$$

f

input `Int[Cot[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -\left(\left(\frac{b^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/3}-2a^{1/3}\cos[e+fx]}{\sqrt{3}b^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}(a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}+b^{4/3})} - \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{1-\cos[e+fx]}{2(a+b)}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{1+\cos[e+fx]}{2(a-b)}\right] + \left(\frac{a^{2/3}+b^{2/3}}{3a^{1/3}(a^2-b^2)}\right)b^{2/3}\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{b^{1/3}+a^{1/3}\cos[e+fx]}{3a^{1/3}(a^2-b^2)}\right] - \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left(\frac{a^{2/3}+b^{2/3}}{6a^{1/3}(a^2-b^2)}\right)b^{2/3}\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{b^{2/3}-a^{1/3}b^{1/3}\cos[e+fx]+a^{2/3}\cos[e+fx]^2}{6a^{1/3}(a^2-b^2)}\right] + \frac{b^2\operatorname{Log}[b+a\cos[e+fx]^3]}{3a(a^2-b^2)}\right)/f \right) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4626

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Module[{ff = FreeFactors[Cos[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[-(f*ff^(m + n*p - 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(b + a*(ff*x)^n)^p/x^(m + n*p)], x], x, Cos[e + f*x]/ff, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 7276

```
Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$\frac{ix}{a} - \frac{ix}{a+b} - \frac{ie}{f(a+b)} - \frac{ix}{a-b} - \frac{ie}{f(a-b)} - \frac{2ia^2b^2f^3x}{-a^5f^3+a^3b^2f^3} - \frac{2ia^2b^2f^2e}{-a^5f^3+a^3b^2f^3} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}-1)}{f(a+b)} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(fx+e)}+1)}{f(a+b)}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{2a+2b} + \frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a-2b} + \left(-b \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)^2-\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \right)$
default	$\frac{\ln(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{2a+2b} + \frac{\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{2a-2b} + \left(-b \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\ln\left(\cos(fx+e)^2-\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6a\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\cos(fx+e)+\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) \right)$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `I*x/a-I/(a+b)*x-I/f/(a+b)*e-I/(a-b)*x-I/f/(a-b)*e-2*I*a^2*b^2*f^3/(-a^5*f^3+a^3*b^2*f^3)*x-2*I*a^2*b^2*f^2/(-a^5*f^3+a^3*b^2*f^3)*e+1/f/(a+b)*ln(exp(I*(f*x+e))-1)+1/f/(a-b)*ln(exp(I*(f*x+e))+1)+I*sum(_R*ln(exp(2*I*(f*x+e)))+((-18*a^3/b*f^2+18*a*b*f^2)*_R^2+18*I*b*f*_R-4*b/a)*exp(I*(f*x+e))+1),_R=RootOf((27*a^5*f^3-27*a^3*b^2*f^3)*_Z^3-27*I*b^2*a^2*f^2*_Z^2+9*_Z*a*b^2*f+I*b^2))`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6482, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.97

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(ab^2\left(3\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{2b}{a}\right) - 3a^2b\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2b^3\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2\cos(fx+e)\right)}{3\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{\left(a^4\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - a^2b^2\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{3\left(b^2\left(2\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 1\right) - ab\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \log\left(\cos(fx+e)^2 - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\cos(fx+e) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{a^3\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - ab^2\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/18*(2*sqrt(3)*(a*b^2*(3*(b/a)^(1/3) + 2*b/a) - 3*a^2*b*(b/a)^(2/3) - 2*
b^3)*arctan(-1/3*sqrt(3)*((b/a)^(1/3) - 2*cos(f*x + e))/(b/a)^(1/3))/((a^4
*(b/a)^(2/3) - a^2*b^2*(b/a)^(2/3))*(b/a)^(1/3)) + 3*(b^2*(2*(b/a)^(2/3) -
1) - a*b*(b/a)^(1/3))*log(cos(f*x + e)^2 - (b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x + e) + (b/
a)^(2/3))/(a^3*(b/a)^(2/3) - a*b^2*(b/a)^(2/3)) + 6*(b^2*((b/a)^(2/3) + 1)
+ a*b*(b/a)^(1/3))*log((b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e))/(a^3*(b/a)^(2/3) - a*b
^2*(b/a)^(2/3)) - 9*log(cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a - b) - 9*log(cos(f*x + e) - 1
)/(a + b))/f
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log(|a \cos(fx + e)^3 + b|)}{3(a^3 f - ab^2 f)} - \frac{\left(a^4 b f \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - a^2 b^3 f \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - a^3 b^2 f + ab^4 f\right) \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|-\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \cos(fx + e)\right|\right)}{3(a^5 b f^2 - 2a^3 b^3 f^2 + ab^5 f^2)} - \frac{\left((-a^2 b)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + (-a^2 b)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 \cos(fx + e)\right)}{3\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{3}a^3 - \sqrt{3}ab^2)f} - \frac{\left((-a^2 b)^{\frac{1}{3}} b - (-a^2 b)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) \log\left(\cos(fx + e)^2 + \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(fx + e) + \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6(a^3 - ab^2)f} + \frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e) + 1|)}{2(af - bf)} + \frac{\log(|\cos(fx + e) - 1|)}{2(af + bf)}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*b^2*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^3 + b))/(a^3*f - a*b^2*f) - 1/3*(a^4*b*f*(-b/a)^(1/3) - a^2*b^3*f*(-b/a)^(1/3) - a^3*b^2*f + a*b^4*f)*(-b/a)^(1/3)*log(abs(-(-b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e)))/(a^5*b*f^2 - 2*a^3*b^3*f^2 + a*b^5*f^2) - ((-a^2*b)^(1/3)*b + (-a^2*b)^(2/3))*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*((-b/a)^(1/3) + 2*cos(f*x + e))/(-b/a)^(1/3))/((sqrt(3)*a^3 - sqrt(3)*a*b^2)*f) - 1/6*((-a^2*b)^(1/3)*b - (-a^2*b)^(2/3))*log(cos(f*x + e)^2 + (-b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x + e) + (-b/a)^(2/3))/((a^3 - a*b^2)*f) + 1/2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) + 1))/(a*f - b*f) + 1/2*log(abs(cos(f*x + e) - 1))/(a*f + b*f)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11182, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.91

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)`

output

```
log(sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)/cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2))/(f*(a + b)) - log(1/cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2)/(f*(a + b)) + (a*symsum(log((262144*(832*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)*b^7 - 22*a*b^5 - 840*b^6*cos(e + f*x) + 440*b^6 - 264*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*b^8 + 16*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^3*b^9 + 1823*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)*a^2*b^5 - 21*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)*a^3*b^4 - 8864*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*a*b^7 + 3092*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^3*a*b^8 - 192*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^4*a*b^9 + 88*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*b^8*cos(e + f*x) - a^2*b^4*cos(e + f*x) + 65221*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*a^2*b^6 - 32708*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*a^3*b^5 + 2859*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*a^4*b^4 - 9*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^2*a^5*b^3 + 26274*root(27*a^3*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^5*z^3 - 27*a^2*b^2*z^2 + 9*a*b^2*z - b^2, z, k)^3*a^2*b^7 - 212230*root(27*a^3*b^2*z...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)`

output

```
( - 4*int(tan((e + f*x)/2)/(tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)*
*6*a**2*b - 9*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a*b**2 + 5*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*b**3 - 3*
tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**3 - 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2*b + 3*tan((e + f*x)
/2)**4*a*b**2 + 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a**3 +
9*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a**2*b - 27*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a*b**2 + 15*tan((e
+ f*x)/2)**2*b**3 - a**3 - 5*a**2*b + a*b**2 + 5*b**3),x)*a**4*b*f + 84*in
t(tan((e + f*x)/2)/(tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a**2*
b - 9*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a*b**2 + 5*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*b**3 - 3*tan((e +
f*x)/2)**4*a**3 - 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2*b + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a
*b**2 + 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a**3 + 9*tan((
e + f*x)/2)**2*a**2*b - 27*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a*b**2 + 15*tan((e + f*x)/2
)**2*b**3 - a**3 - 5*a**2*b + a*b**2 + 5*b**3),x)*a**2*b**3*f - 80*int(tan
((e + f*x)/2)/(tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a**2*b - 9
*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*a*b**2 + 5*tan((e + f*x)/2)**6*b**3 - 3*tan((e + f*x)
/2)**4*a**3 - 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a**2*b + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*a*b**2
+ 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**4*b**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a**3 + 9*tan((e + f
*x)/2)**2*a**2*b - 27*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a*b**2 + 15*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*
b**3 - a**3 - 5*a**2*b + a*b**2 + 5*b**3),x)*a*b**4*f + 4*int(1/(tan((e +
f*x)/2)**7*a**3 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**2*b - 9*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a*b
**2 + 5*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*b**3 - 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a**3 - 15*tan(...
```

3.461 $\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 393

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b \sec^3(e+fx)} dx \\
 &= \frac{b^{4/3}(a^2 - 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3} + 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b-2}\sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2 - b^2)^2 f} \\
 & - \frac{1}{4(a+b)f(1 - \cos(e+fx))} - \frac{1}{4(a-b)f(1 + \cos(e+fx))} \\
 & - \frac{(2a+5b) \log(1 - \cos(e+fx))}{4(a+b)^2 f} - \frac{(2a-5b) \log(1 + \cos(e+fx))}{4(a-b)^2 f} \\
 & - \frac{b^{4/3}(a^2 + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3} + 2b^2) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{a} \cos(e+fx)\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2 - b^2)^2 f} \\
 & + \frac{b^{4/3}(a^2 + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3} + 2b^2) \log\left(b^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b} \cos(e+fx) + a^{2/3} \cos^2(e+fx)\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2 - b^2)^2 f} \\
 & - \frac{b^2(2a^2 + b^2) \log(b + a \cos^3(e+fx))}{3a(a^2 - b^2)^2 f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/3*b^(4/3)*(a^2-3*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)+2*b^2)*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3)/(a^2-b^2)^2/f-1/4/(a+b)/f/(1-cos(f*x+e))-1/4/(a-b)/f/(1+cos(f*x+e))-1/4*(2*a+5*b)*ln(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b)^2/f-1/4*(2*a-5*b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))/(a-b)^2/f-1/3*b^(4/3)*(a^2+3*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)+2*b^2)*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e))/a^(1/3)/(a^2-b^2)^2/f+1/6*b^(4/3)*(a^2+3*a^(2/3)*b^(4/3)+2*b^2)*ln(b^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)+a^(2/3)*cos(f*x+e)^2)/a^(1/3)/(a^2-b^2)^2/f-1/3*b^2*(2*a^2+b^2)*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^3)/a/(a^2-b^2)^2/f

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3 \csc^2(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx))}{a+b} + \frac{12(-2a+5b) \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)))}{(a-b)^2} - \frac{12(2a+5b) \log(\sin(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)))}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{8b^2 \left(3(2a^2+b^2) \log(\sec^2(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx))) + (-a+b) \right)}{(a-b)^2 (a+b)^2}}{(a-b)^2 (a+b)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3),x]
```

output

```

((-3*Csc[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(a + b) + (12*(-2*a + 5*b)*Log[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]])/(a - b)^2 - (12*(2*a + 5*b)*Log[Sin[(e + f*x)/2]])/(a + b)^2 + (8*b^2*(3*(2*a^2 + b^2)*Log[Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2] + (-a + b)*RootSum[-8*a + 12*a*#1 - 6*a*#1^2 + a*#1^3 - b*#1^3 & , (8*a^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2] - 4*a*b*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2] - 6*a^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1 + 2*a^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2 + b^2*Log[1 - #1 + Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*#1^2)/(4*a - 4*a*#1 + a*#1^2 - b*#1^2) & ))/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) - (3*Sec[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(a - b))/(24*f)

```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {3042, 4626, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e+fx)}{a+b\sec^3(e+fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\tan(e+fx)^3 (a+b\sec(e+fx)^3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4626$$

$$\int \frac{\cos^6(e+fx)}{(1-\cos^2(e+fx))^2 (a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)} d\cos(e+fx)$$

$$\downarrow 7276$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a^2-3b\cos(e+fx)a+2b^2+(2a^2+b^2)\cos^2(e+fx))b^2}{(a^2-b^2)^2(a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)} + \frac{2a+5b}{4(a+b)^2(\cos(e+fx)-1)} + \frac{2a-5b}{4(a-b)^2(\cos(e+fx)+1)} + \frac{1}{4(a+b)(\cos(e+fx)-1)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b^2(2a^2+b^2)\log(a\cos^3(e+fx)+b)}{3a(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{b^{4/3}(-3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}+a^2+2b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}\cos(e+fx)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2-b^2)^2} - \frac{b^{4/3}(3a^{2/3}b^{4/3}+a^2+2b^2)\log\left(\frac{a^{2/3}\cos(e+fx)-1}{a^{2/3}\cos(e+fx)+1}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{a}(a^2-b^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3/(a + b*Sec[e + f*x]^3), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\left(-\left(\frac{b^{4/3}(a^2 - 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3} + 2b^2)\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/3} - 2a^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}b^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^{1/3}}\right)\right) / \left(\sqrt{3}a^{1/3}(a^2 - b^2)^2\right) + 1 / \left(4(a+b)(1 - \cos[e + fx])\right) + 1 / \left(4(a-b)(1 + \cos[e + fx])\right) + \left((2a + 5b)\text{Log}[1 - \cos[e + fx]]\right) / \left(4(a+b)^2\right) + \left((2a - 5b)\text{Log}[1 + \cos[e + fx]]\right) / \left(4(a-b)^2\right) + \left(b^{4/3}(a^2 + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3} + 2b^2)\text{Log}\left[\frac{b^{1/3} + a^{1/3}\cos[e + fx]}{3a^{1/3}(a^2 - b^2)^2}\right] - (b^{4/3}(a^2 + 3a^{2/3}b^{4/3} + 2b^2)\text{Log}\left[\frac{b^{2/3} - a^{1/3}b^{1/3}\cos[e + fx] + a^{2/3}\cos[e + fx]^2}{6a^{1/3}(a^2 - b^2)^2}\right] + (b^2(2a^2 + b^2)\text{Log}\left[\frac{b + a\cos[e + fx]^3}{3a(a^2 - b^2)^2}\right])\right) / f
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4626

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}\left[\left((a_) + (b_)\text{sec}\left[(e_) + (f_)(x_)\right]^{(n_)}\right)^{(p_)}\text{tan}\left[(e_) + (f_)(x_)\right]^{(m_)}\right], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\left[\{ff = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Cos}[e + fx], x]\}, \text{Simp}\left[-(ff^{(m + np - 1)})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}\left[\text{Int}\left[(1 - ff^2x^2)^{(m-1)/2}\right]\left(\frac{b + a(ffx)^n}{x^{m+np}}\right)\right], x, \text{Cos}[e + fx]/ff, x]\right] \text{ ; FreeQ}\left[\{a, b, e, f, n\}, x\right] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\left[(m-1)/2\right] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 7276

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{u_}{(a_) + (b_)(x_)^{(n_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\left[\{v = \text{RationalFunctionExpand}[u/(a + bx^n), x]\}, \text{Int}[v, x] \text{ ; SumQ}[v]\right] \text{ ; FreeQ}\left[\{a, b\}, x\right] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{(4a-4b)(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-2a+5b)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a-b)^2} + \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(\cos(fx+e)-1)} + \frac{(-2a-5b)\ln(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{4(a+b)^2} - \left(\frac{1}{(a^2+2b^2)} \ln \left(\frac{1+\cos(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)-1} \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{1}{(4a-4b)(1+\cos(fx+e))} + \frac{(-2a+5b)\ln(1+\cos(fx+e))}{4(a-b)^2} + \frac{1}{(4a+4b)(\cos(fx+e)-1)} + \frac{(-2a-5b)\ln(\cos(fx+e)-1)}{4(a+b)^2} - \left(\frac{1}{(a^2+2b^2)} \ln \left(\frac{1+\cos(fx+e)}{\cos(fx+e)-1} \right) \right)$
risch	$-\frac{5ibx}{2(a^2-2ab+b^2)} - i \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((27a^7f^3-54a^5b^2f^3+27a^3b^4f^3)_Z^3+(54ia^4b^2f^2+27ia^2b^4f^2)_Z^2-9_Za b^4f^3)} \right)$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/f*(-1/(4*a-4*b)/(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/4/(a-b)^2*(-2*a+5*b)*ln(1+cos(f*x+e))+1/(4*a+4*b)/(cos(f*x+e)-1)+1/4/(a+b)^2*(-2*a-5*b)*ln(cos(f*x+e)-1)-((a^2+2*b^2)*(1/3/a/(b/a)^(2/3)*ln(cos(f*x+e)+(b/a)^(1/3))-1/6/a/(b/a)^(2/3)*ln(cos(f*x+e)^2-(b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)+(b/a)^(2/3))+1/3/a/(b/a)^(2/3)*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)*(2/(b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)-1)))-3*a*b*(-1/3/a/(b/a)^(1/3)*ln(cos(f*x+e)+(b/a)^(1/3))+1/6/a/(b/a)^(1/3)*ln(cos(f*x+e)^2-(b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)+(b/a)^(2/3))+1/3*3^(1/2)/a/(b/a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)*(2/(b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x+e)-1)))+1/3*(2*a^2+b^2)/a*ln(b+a*cos(f*x+e)^3))*b^2/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2)`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10746, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.34

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)**3),x)`

output `Integral(cot(e + f*x)**3/(a + b*sec(e + f*x)**3), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/36*(4*\sqrt{3})*(a^2*b^3*(9*(b/a)^{(2/3)} + 4) - a^3*b^2*(3*(b/a)^{(1/3)} + 4* \\ & b/a) - 2*a*b^4*(3*(b/a)^{(1/3)} + b/a) + 2*b^5)*\arctan(-1/3*\sqrt{3}*((b/a)^{(1/3)} - \\ & 2*\cos(f*x + e))/(b/a)^{(1/3))}/((a^6*(b/a)^{(2/3)} - 2*a^4*b^2*(b/a)^{(2/3)} + \\ & a^2*b^4*(b/a)^{(2/3)))*(b/a)^{(1/3)}) - 6*(a^2*b^2*(4*(b/a)^{(2/3)} - 1) + \\ & 2*b^4*((b/a)^{(2/3)} - 1) - 3*a*b^3*(b/a)^{(1/3)))*\log(\cos(f*x + e)^2 - (b/a)^{(1/3)}* \\ & \cos(f*x + e) + (b/a)^{(2/3)))/(a^5*(b/a)^{(2/3)} - 2*a^3*b^2*(b/a)^{(2/3)} + \\ & a*b^4*(b/a)^{(2/3)}) - 12*(a^2*b^2*(2*(b/a)^{(2/3)} + 1) + b^4*((b/a)^{(2/3)} + 2) + \\ & 3*a*b^3*(b/a)^{(1/3)))*\log((b/a)^{(1/3)} + \cos(f*x + e))/(a^5*(b/a)^{(2/3)} - 2*a^3*b^2*(b/a)^{(2/3)} + \\ & a*b^4*(b/a)^{(2/3)}) - 9*(2*a - 5*b)*\log(\cos(f*x + e) + 1)/(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2) - 9*(2*a + 5*b)* \\ & \log(\cos(f*x + e) - 1)/(a^2 + 2*a*b + b^2) - 18*(b*\cos(f*x + e) - a)/((a^2 - b^2)*\cos(f*x + e)^2 - \\ & a^2 + b^2))/f \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \\ & - \frac{\left(3 a^6 b^3 f \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 a^4 b^5 f \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 a^2 b^7 f \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - a^7 b^2 f + 3 a^3 b^6 f - 2 a b^8 f\right) \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|-\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right.\right.}{3\left(a^9 b f^2 - 4 a^7 b^3 f^2 + 6 a^5 b^5 f^2 - 4 a^3 b^7 f^2 + a b^9 f^2\right)} \\ & - \frac{(2 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \log\left(\left|a \cos(f x + e)\right|^3 + b\right)}{3\left(a^5 f - 2 a^3 b^2 f + a b^4 f\right)} - \frac{(2 a + 5 b) \log\left(\left|-\cos(f x + e) + 1\right|\right)}{4\left(a^2 f + 2 a b f + b^2 f\right)} \\ & - \frac{(2 a - 5 b) \log\left(\left|-\cos(f x + e) - 1\right|\right)}{4\left(a^2 f - 2 a b f + b^2 f\right)} \\ & - \frac{\left(3\left(-a^2 b\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 + \left(a^2 b + 2 b^3\right)\left(-a^2 b\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 \cos(f x + e)\right)}{3\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{\left(\sqrt{3} a^5 - 2 \sqrt{3} a^3 b^2 + \sqrt{3} a b^4\right) f} \\ & + \frac{\left(3\left(-a^2 b\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 - \left(a^2 b + 2 b^3\right)\left(-a^2 b\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \log\left(\cos(f x + e)^2 + \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(f x + e) + \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6\left(a^5 - 2 a^3 b^2 + a b^4\right) f} \\ & + \frac{a^3 - a b^2 - \left(a^2 b - b^3\right) \cos(f x + e)}{2\left(a + b\right)^2\left(a - b\right)^2 f\left(\cos(f x + e) + 1\right)\left(\cos(f x + e) - 1\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input

`integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/3*(3*a^6*b^3*f*(-b/a)^(1/3) - 6*a^4*b^5*f*(-b/a)^(1/3) + 3*a^2*b^7*f*(-
b/a)^(1/3) - a^7*b^2*f + 3*a^3*b^6*f - 2*a*b^8*f)*(-b/a)^(1/3)*log(abs(-(-
b/a)^(1/3) + cos(f*x + e)))/(a^9*b*f^2 - 4*a^7*b^3*f^2 + 6*a^5*b^5*f^2 - 4
*a^3*b^7*f^2 + a*b^9*f^2) - 1/3*(2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*log(abs(a*cos(f*x + e)^3
+ b))/(a^5*f - 2*a^3*b^2*f + a*b^4*f) - 1/4*(2*a + 5*b)*log(abs(-cos(f*x
+ e) + 1))/(a^2*f + 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) - 1/4*(2*a - 5*b)*log(abs(-cos(f*x +
e) - 1))/(a^2*f - 2*a*b*f + b^2*f) - (3*(-a^2*b)^(2/3)*b^2 + (a^2*b + 2*b^
3)*(-a^2*b)^(1/3))*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*((-b/a)^(1/3) + 2*cos(f*x + e))/(-b/
a)^(1/3))/((sqrt(3)*a^5 - 2*sqrt(3)*a^3*b^2 + sqrt(3)*a*b^4)*f) + 1/6*(3*(
-a^2*b)^(2/3)*b^2 - (a^2*b + 2*b^3)*(-a^2*b)^(1/3))*log(cos(f*x + e)^2 + (
-b/a)^(1/3)*cos(f*x + e) + (-b/a)^(2/3))/((a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*f) + 1
/2*(a^3 - a*b^2 - (a^2*b - b^3)*cos(f*x + e))/((a + b)^2*(a - b)^2*f*(cos(
f*x + e) + 1)*(cos(f*x + e) - 1))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 30.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58699, normalized size of antiderivative = 149.36

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(e + f*x)^3/(a + b/cos(e + f*x)^3),x)
```

output

```

-(a^3*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 + a^3*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 - a*b^2*cos(e/2 + (f
*x)/2)^4 + a*b^2*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 + 2*a^2*b*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^4 - 8*a
^3*log((cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2)/cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2)
*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 8*b^3*log((cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)
^2 + sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2)/cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2)*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*sin(
e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 8*a^3*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*log(sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)/cos(e
/2 + (f*x)/2))*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 8*a^4*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2*sin(e/2 +
(f*x)/2)^2*symsum(log((131072*(980*b^11*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 336*b^11*s
in(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 1764*a^2*b^9*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 392*a^3*b^8*cos(
e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 640*root(54*a^5*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^3*b^4*z^3 - 27*a^7*z^3 -
54*a^4*b^2*z^2 - 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 - 9*a*b^4*z - b^4, z, k)^2*b^13*sin(e/2 +
(f*x)/2)^2 + 32*root(54*a^5*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^3*b^4*z^3 - 27*a^7*z^3 - 54*a^
4*b^2*z^2 - 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 - 9*a*b^4*z - b^4, z, k)^3*b^14*sin(e/2 + (f*x)
/2)^2 - 1176*a^2*b^9*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 784*a^3*b^8*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)
^2 + 952*root(54*a^5*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^3*b^4*z^3 - 27*a^7*z^3 - 54*a^4*b^2*z^
2 - 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 - 9*a*b^4*z - b^4, z, k)*b^12*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 23
52*a*b^10*cos(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 1944*root(54*a^5*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^3*b^4*z^3
- 27*a^7*z^3 - 54*a^4*b^2*z^2 - 27*a^2*b^4*z^2 - 9*a*b^4*z - b^4, z, k)*b
^12*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 - 56*a*b^10*sin(e/2 + (f*x)/2)^2 + 304*root(54*a^
5*b^2*z^3 - 27*a^3*b^4*z^3 - 27*a^7*z^3 - 54*a^4*b^2*z^2 - 27*a^2*b^4*z...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(e + fx)}{a + b \sec^3(e + fx)} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int(cot(f*x+e)^3/(a+b*sec(f*x+e)^3),x)
```

output

```
(128*int(1/(tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**5 + 19*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**4*b - 50*
tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**3*b**2 + 26*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**2*b**3 + 17*tan(
(e + f*x)/2)**9*a*b**4 - 13*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*b**5 - 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)*
*7*a**5 - 63*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**4*b + 30*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**3*b**2
+ 102*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**2*b**3 - 27*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a*b**4 - 39*
tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*b**5 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a**5 + 57*tan((e + f*x)/2
)**5*a**4*b - 150*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a**3*b**2 + 78*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a
**2*b**3 + 51*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a*b**4 - 39*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*b**5 - t
an((e + f*x)/2)**3*a**5 - 21*tan((e + f*x)/2)**3*a**4*b + 10*tan((e + f*x)
/2)**3*a**3*b**2 + 34*tan((e + f*x)/2)**3*a**2*b**3 - 9*tan((e + f*x)/2)**
3*a*b**4 - 13*tan((e + f*x)/2)**3*b**5),x)*tan((e + f*x)/2)**2*a**7*b**2*f
+ 2400*int(1/(tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**5 + 19*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**4*b -
50*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**3*b**2 + 26*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*a**2*b**3 + 17*t
an((e + f*x)/2)**9*a*b**4 - 13*tan((e + f*x)/2)**9*b**5 - 3*tan((e + f*x)/
2)**7*a**5 - 63*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**4*b + 30*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**3*b
**2 + 102*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a**2*b**3 - 27*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*a*b**4 -
39*tan((e + f*x)/2)**7*b**5 + 3*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a**5 + 57*tan((e + f*x
)/2)**5*a**4*b - 150*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a**3*b**2 + 78*tan((e + f*x)/2)**
5*a**2*b**3 + 51*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*a*b**4 - 39*tan((e + f*x)/2)**5*b**5
- tan((e + f*x)/2)**3*a**5 - 21*tan((e + f*x)/2)**3*a**4*b + 10*tan((e ...
```


3.462 $\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$

Optimal result	3832
Mathematica [N/A]	3832
Rubi [N/A]	3833
Maple [N/A]	3834
Fricas [N/A]	3834
Sympy [N/A]	3834
Maxima [N/A]	3835
Giac [N/A]	3835
Mupad [N/A]	3836
Reduce [N/A]	3836

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \text{Int}((a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4632}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

↓ 4632

$$\int (d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4632 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(fx + e))^n)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx \\ & = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*(d*tan(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 98.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx \\ & = \int (d \tan(e + fx))^m (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p*(d*tan(f*x+e))**m,x)`

output `Integral((d*tan(e + f*x))**m*(a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx \\ &= \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*(d*tan(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx \\ &= \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p (d \tan(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*(d*tan(f*x + e))^m, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= \int (d \tan(e + fx))^m \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

input `int((d*tan(e + f*x))^m*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`output `int((d*tan(e + f*x))^m*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p (d \tan(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$= d^m \left(\int \tan(fx + e)^m (c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p dx \right)$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*(d*tan(f*x+e))^m,x)`output `d**m*int(tan(e + f*x)**m*(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p,x)`

3.463 $\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3837
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3838
Rubi [A] (verified)	3838
Maple [F]	3840
Fricas [F]	3840
Sympy [F(-1)]	3840
Maxima [F]	3841
Giac [F]	3841
Mupad [F(-1)]	3841
Reduce [F]	3842

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^{1+p}}{afn(1 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \left(\frac{a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{4}{n}, -p, \frac{4+n}{n}, -\frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \left(\frac{a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right)}{4f}$$

output

```
-hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)/a)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)
^(p+1)/a/f/n/(p+1)-hypergeom([-p, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n/a)*se
c(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p/f/(((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)/a)^p)+1/4*h
ypergeom([-p, 4/n], [(4+n)/n], -b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n/a)*sec(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*(c*s
ec(f*x+e))^n)^p/f/(((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 8.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c \sqrt{\sec^2(e + fx)})^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(-4an(1 + p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{b(c}{a}\right)\right)}{}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(-4*a*n*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2/n, -p, (2 + n)/n, -(b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a])*Sec[e + f*x]^2 + a*n*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[4/n, -p, (4 + n)/n, -(b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a])*Sec[e + f*x]^4 - 4*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a]*(a + b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)*(1 + (b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a)^p)/(4*a*f*n*(1 + p)*(1 + (b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a)^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^5(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^5 (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 4627$$

$$\frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (1 - \sec^2(e + fx))^2 (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 7293

$$\frac{\int (\sec^3(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p + \cos(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p - 2 \sec(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p) d \sec(e + fx)}{f}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{4} \sec^4(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \left(\frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{4}{n}, -p, \frac{n+4}{n}, -\frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^5,x]`

output `(-((Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a]*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^(1 + p))/(a*n*(1 + p))) - (Hypergeometric2F1[2/n, -p, (2 + n)/n, -(b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a]*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p)/(1 + (b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a)^p + (Hypergeometric2F1[4/n, -p, (4 + n)/n, -(b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a]*Sec[e + f*x]^4*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p)/(4*(1 + (b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a)^p))/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(fx + e))^n)^p \tan(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p*tan(f*x+e)**5,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx \\ &= \int \tan(e + fx)^5 \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^5*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^5(e + fx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^5,x)`

output

```
((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**4*n**2*p**2 + 2*(c**n*sec(e
+ f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**4*n*p - 4*(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)*
*p*tan(e + f*x)**2*n*p + 8*(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p + int(((c**n*se
c(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n**2*p**2
+ 6*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 8*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 +
6*a*n*p + 8*a),x)*a*f*n**5*p**5 + 8*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*
tan(e + f*x)**5)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**
n*b*n*p + 8*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n*p + 8*a),x)*a*f*n
**4*p**4 + 20*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(c**n*
sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 8*c**n*sec(e
+ f*x)**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n*p + 8*a),x)*a*f*n**3*p**3 + 16*int(((c**
n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**5)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n**2*
p**2 + 6*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 8*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n**2*p*
*2 + 6*a*n*p + 8*a),x)*a*f*n**2*p**2 - 4*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)
**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*c**n*sec(e + f*
x)**n*b*n*p + 8*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n*p + 8*a),x)*a
*f*n**4*p**4 - 24*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(c
**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 8*c**n*se
c(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n*p + 8*a),x)*a*f*n**3*p**3 - 32*int((
(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*...
```

3.464 $\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3843
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3844
Rubi [A] (verified)	3844
Maple [F]	3846
Fricas [F]	3846
Sympy [F]	3847
Maxima [F]	3847
Giac [F]	3847
Mupad [F(-1)]	3848
Reduce [F]	3848

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^{1+p}}{afn(1 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) \sec^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \left(\frac{a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right)}{2f}$$

output

```
hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)/a)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^(
(p+1)/a/f/n/(p+1)+1/2*hypergeom([-p, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n/a
*sec(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p/f/(((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \left(\frac{{}_2F_1\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b(c\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)})^n}{a}\right)}{an(1+p)} (a + b(c\sqrt{\sec^2(e+fx)})^n) \right)}{2f} + \text{Hypergeom}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `((a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*((2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a]*(a + b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n))/(a*n*(1 + p)) + (Hypergeometric2F1[2/n, -p, (2 + n)/n, -((b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a)]*Sec[e + f*x]^2)/(1 + (b*(c*Sqrt[Sec[e + f*x]^2])^n)/a)^p)/(2*f)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 25, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^3 (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4627}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b(c\sec(e+fx))^n+a)^p d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \cos(e+fx)(1-\sec^2(e+fx))(b(c\sec(e+fx))^n+a)^p d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \frac{\int (\cos(e+fx)(b(c\sec(e+fx))^n+a)^p - \sec(e+fx)(b(c\sec(e+fx))^n+a)^p) d\sec(e+fx)}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sec^2(e+fx)(a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \left(\frac{b(c\sec(e+fx))^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{b(c\sec(e+fx))^n}{a}\right)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^3,x]`

output `((Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a]*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^(1 + p))/(a*n*(1 + p)) + (Hypergeometric2F1[2/n, -p, (2 + n)/n, -((b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a)]*Sec[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p)/(2*(1 + (b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a)^p)/f`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*tan[(e_.) + (
f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Si
mp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x), x]
, x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(
m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || Integers
Q[2*n, p])
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(fx + e))^n)^p \tan(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p*tan(f*x+e)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \int \tan(e + fx)^3 \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`output `int(tan(e + f*x)^3*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^3(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^2 np - 2(c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p + \left(\int \frac{(c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)}{c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a} dx \right)}{c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a}$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^3,x)`output `((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2*n*p - 2*(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p + int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 2*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*n**3*p**3 + 2*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**3)/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 2*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*n**2*p**2 - 2*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x))/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 2*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*n**2*p**2 - 4*int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x))/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b*n*p + 2*c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a*n*p + 2*a),x)*a*f*n*p)/(f*n*p*(n*p + 2))`

3.465 $\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3849
Rubi [A] (verified)	3850
Maple [F]	3852
Fricas [F]	3852
Sympy [F]	3852
Maxima [F]	3853
Giac [F]	3853
Mupad [F(-1)]	3853
Reduce [F]	3854

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^{1+p}}{afn(1 + p)}$$

output `-hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)/a)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^(p+1)/a/f/n/(p+1)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^{1+p}}{afn(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x],x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a}\right](a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^{1 + p}}{a f n (1 + p)}\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {3042, 4627, 891, 27, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \tan(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4627} \\ & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p d \sec(e + fx)}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{891} \\ & \frac{\int c \cos(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p d(c \sec(e + fx))}{cf} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p d(c \sec(e + fx))}{f} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\int \cos(e + fx) (b(c \sec(e + fx))^n + a)^p d(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{fn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\ & \frac{(a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{b(c \sec(e + fx))^n}{a} + 1\right)}{a f n (p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x],x]`

output `-((Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)/a]*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^(1 + p))/(a*f*n*(1 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 891 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*(x_))^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c Subst[Int[(d*(x/c))^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4627 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*((c_)*sec[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{ff = FreeFactors[Sec[e + f*x], x]}, Simp[1/f Subst[Int[(-1 + ff^2*x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*((a + b*(c*ff*x)^n)^p/x], x], x, Sec[e + f*x]/ff], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && (GtQ[m, 0] || EqQ[n, 2] || EqQ[n, 4] || IGtQ[p, 0] || IntegersQ[2*n, p])`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(fx + e))^n)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p*tan(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx = \int \tan(e + fx) \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan(e + fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p + \left(\int \frac{(c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)}{c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a} dx \right) a f n p}{f n p}$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e),x)`

output `((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p + int(((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x))/(c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a),x)*a*f*n*p)/(f*n*p)`

3.466 $\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3855
Mathematica [N/A]	3855
Rubi [N/A]	3856
Maple [N/A]	3857
Fricas [N/A]	3857
Sympy [N/A]	3857
Maxima [N/A]	3858
Giac [N/A]	3858
Mupad [N/A]	3858
Reduce [N/A]	3859

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \text{Int}(\cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4632}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p}{\tan(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4632}$$

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4632

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot (fx + e) (a + b(c \sec (fx + e))^n)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \cot(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p*cot(e + f*x), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int \cot(e + fx) \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cot(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p \cot(fx + e) dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*cot(e + f*x),x)`

3.467 $\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3860
Mathematica [N/A]	3860
Rubi [N/A]	3861
Maple [N/A]	3862
Fricas [N/A]	3862
Sympy [F(-1)]	3862
Maxima [N/A]	3863
Giac [N/A]	3863
Mupad [N/A]	3863
Reduce [N/A]	3864

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \text{Int}(\cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 19.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4632}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p}{\tan(e + fx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4632}$$

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^3*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4632

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot (fx + e)^3 (a + b(c \sec (fx + e))^n)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`output `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec (fx + e))^n b + a)^p \cot (fx + e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p,x)`output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b(c \sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx+e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx+e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b(c \sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx+e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx+e)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^3, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^3(e+fx) (a+b(c \sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx \\ &= \int \cot(e+fx)^3 \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e+fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^3*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 200.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^3(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int \cot (fx + e)^3 (a + b(\sec (fx + e) c)^n)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)^3*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

3.468 $\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx$

Optimal result	3865
Mathematica [N/A]	3865
Rubi [N/A]	3866
Maple [N/A]	3867
Fricas [N/A]	3867
Sympy [N/A]	3867
Maxima [N/A]	3868
Giac [N/A]	3868
Mupad [N/A]	3868
Reduce [N/A]	3869

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \text{Int}((a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx), x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^2, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4632}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \tan(e + fx)^2 (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

↓ 4632

$$\int \tan^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*Tan[e + f*x]^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4632 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b(c \sec (fx + e))^n)^p \tan (fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b(c \sec (e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int ((c \sec (fx + e))^n b + a)^p \tan (fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 18.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b(c \sec (e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (a + b(c \sec (e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p*tan(f*x+e)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx = \int ((c\sec(fx+e))^n b+a)^p \tan(fx+e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx = \int ((c\sec(fx+e))^n b+a)^p \tan(fx+e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*tan(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a+b(c\sec(e+fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e+fx) dx \\ &= \int \tan(e+fx)^2 \left(a+b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e+fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(tan(e + f*x)^2*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p \tan^2(e + fx) dx = \int (c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p \tan(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p*tan(f*x+e)^2,x)`

output `int((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*tan(e + f*x)**2,x)`

3.469 $\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3870
Mathematica [N/A]	3870
Rubi [N/A]	3871
Maple [N/A]	3872
Fricas [N/A]	3872
Sympy [N/A]	3872
Maxima [N/A]	3873
Giac [N/A]	3873
Mupad [N/A]	3873
Reduce [N/A]	3874

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \text{Int}((a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4619}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

↓ 4619

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4619 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, f, n, p}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(fx + e))^n)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`output `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p, x)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p,x)`output `Integral((a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx + e))^n b + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e + fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int((a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p,x)`

3.470 $\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3875
Mathematica [N/A]	3875
Rubi [N/A]	3876
Maple [N/A]	3877
Fricas [N/A]	3877
Sympy [N/A]	3877
Maxima [N/A]	3878
Giac [N/A]	3878
Mupad [N/A]	3878
Reduce [N/A]	3879

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \text{Int}(\cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p, x)$$

output `Defer(Int)(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4632}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \operatorname{csec}(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c \operatorname{csec}(e + fx))^n)^p}{\tan(e + fx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4632}$$

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \operatorname{csec}(e + fx))^n)^p dx$$

input

```
Int[Cot[e + f*x]^2*(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4632

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*((c_.)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*(c*Sec[e + f*x])^n)^p*(d*Tan[e + f*x])^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \cot (fx + e)^2 (a + b(c \sec (fx + e))^n)^p dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec (fx + e))^n b + a)^p \cot (fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 48.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (a + b(c \sec (e + fx))^n)^p \cot^2 (e + fx) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)**2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*(c*sec(e + f*x))**n)**p*cot(e + f*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b(c \sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx+e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx+e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b(c \sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx = \int ((c \sec(fx+e))^n b + a)^p \cot(fx+e)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((c*sec(f*x + e))^n*b + a)^p*cot(f*x + e)^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^2(e+fx) (a+b(c \sec(e+fx))^n)^p dx \\ &= \int \cot(e+fx)^2 \left(a + b \left(\frac{c}{\cos(e+fx)} \right)^n \right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p,x)`

output `int(cot(e + f*x)^2*(a + b*(c/cos(e + f*x))^n)^p, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \cot^2(e + fx) (a + b(c \sec(e + fx))^n)^p dx = \int (c^n \sec(fx + e)^n b + a)^p \cot(fx + e)^2 dx$$

input `int(cot(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*(c*sec(f*x+e))^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c**n*sec(e + f*x)**n*b + a)**p*cot(e + f*x)**2,x)`

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	3880
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	3898

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```


Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```



```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```



```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file