

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

4-Trig-functions/4.7-Trig-exponential/252-4.7.2

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 170 ]. This is test number [ 252 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

| System      | % solved      | % Failed      |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Mathematica | 88.24 ( 150 ) | 11.76 ( 20 )  |
| Rubi        | 81.18 ( 138 ) | 18.82 ( 32 )  |
| Fricas      | 60.59 ( 103 ) | 39.41 ( 67 )  |
| Giac        | 58.82 ( 100 ) | 41.18 ( 70 )  |
| Maxima      | 58.24 ( 99 )  | 41.76 ( 71 )  |
| Maple       | 53.53 ( 91 )  | 46.47 ( 79 )  |
| Mupad       | 42.94 ( 73 )  | 57.06 ( 97 )  |
| Sympy       | 34.71 ( 59 )  | 65.29 ( 111 ) |
| Reduce      | 12.94 ( 22 )  | 87.06 ( 148 ) |

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

| grade | description   |
|-------|---|
| A     | Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.   |
| B     | Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.  |
| C     | Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol> |
| F     | Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.  |

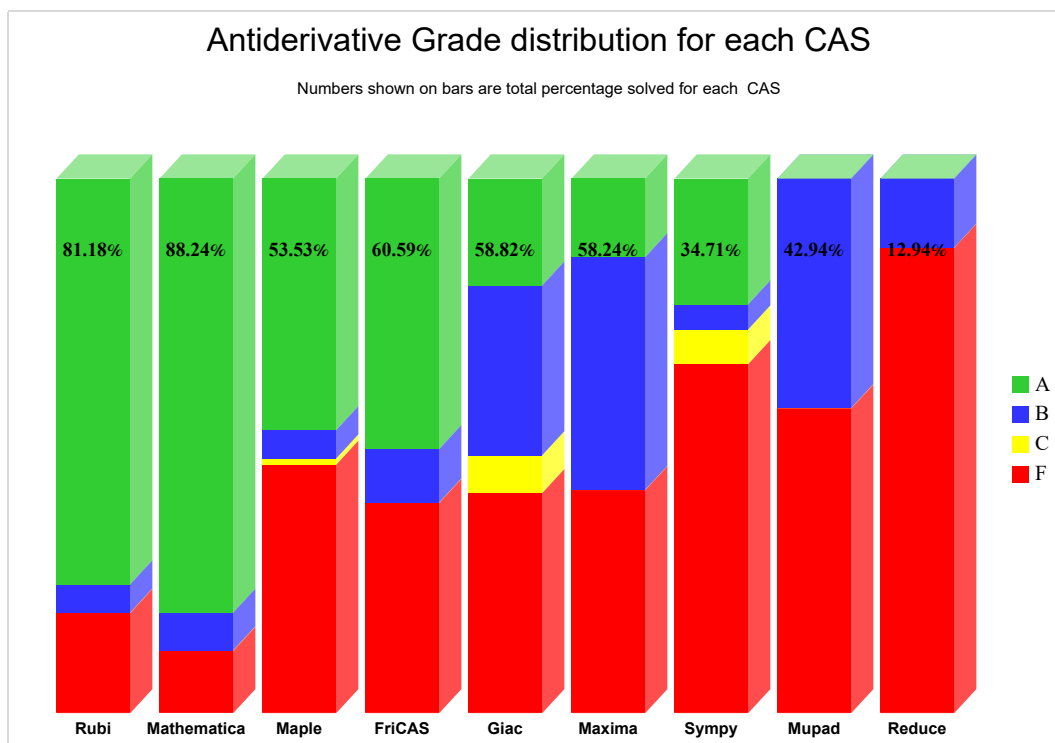
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

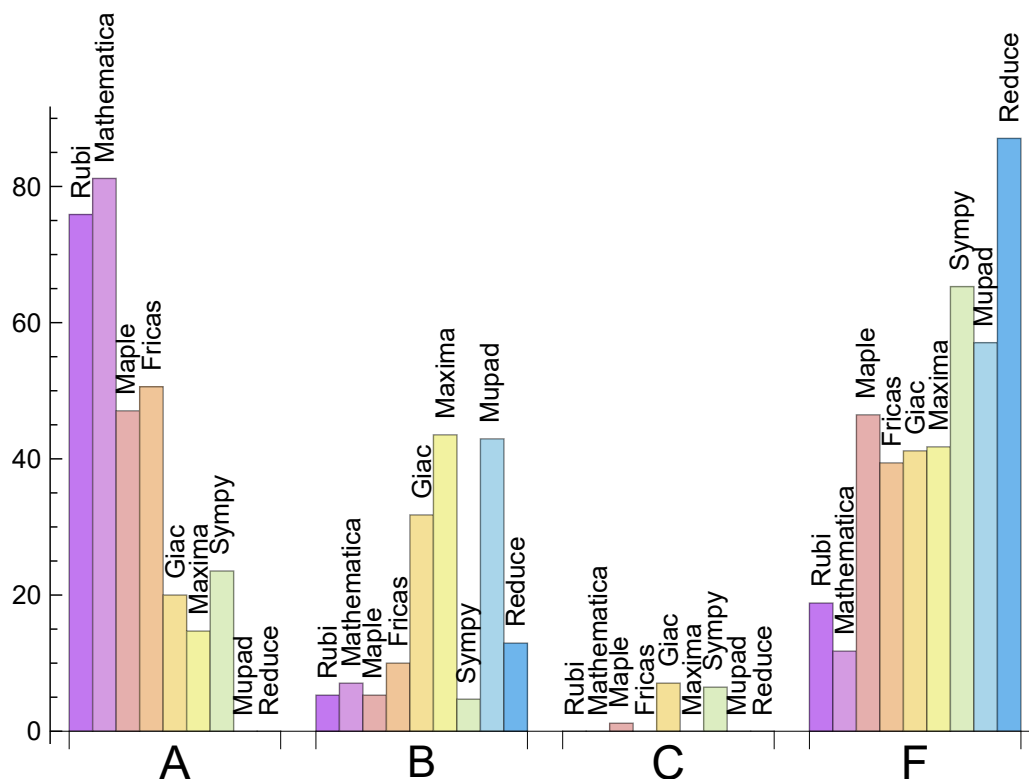
| System      | % A grade | % B grade | % C grade | % F grade |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Mathematica | 81.176    | 7.059     | 0.000     | 11.765    |
| Rubi        | 75.882    | 5.294     | 0.000     | 18.824    |
| Fricas      | 50.588    | 10.000    | 0.000     | 39.412    |
| Maple       | 47.059    | 5.294     | 1.176     | 46.471    |
| Sympy       | 23.529    | 4.706     | 6.471     | 65.294    |
| Giac        | 20.000    | 31.765    | 7.059     | 41.176    |
| Maxima      | 14.706    | 43.529    | 0.000     | 41.765    |
| Mupad       | 0.000     | 42.941    | 0.000     | 57.059    |
| Reduce      | 0.000     | 12.941    | 0.000     | 87.059    |

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

| System      | Number failed | Percentage normal failure | Percentage time-out failure | Percentage exception failure |
|-------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Mathematica | 20            | 100.00                    | 0.00                        | 0.00                         |
| Rubi        | 32            | 100.00                    | 0.00                        | 0.00                         |
| Fricas      | 67            | 100.00                    | 0.00                        | 0.00                         |
| Giac        | 70            | 100.00                    | 0.00                        | 0.00                         |
| Maxima      | 71            | 97.18                     | 0.00                        | 2.82                         |
| Maple       | 79            | 100.00                    | 0.00                        | 0.00                         |
| Mupad       | 97            | 0.00                      | 100.00                      | 0.00                         |
| Sympy       | 111           | 61.26                     | 38.74                       | 0.00                         |
| Reduce      | 148           | 100.00                    | 0.00                        | 0.00                         |

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

### 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

| System      | Mean time (sec) |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Fricas      | 0.08            |
| Maxima      | 0.09            |
| Reduce      | 0.18            |
| Giac        | 0.28            |
| Rubi        | 0.41            |
| Mathematica | 0.97            |
| Sympy       | 2.18            |
| Maple       | 2.19            |
| Mupad       | 10.32           |

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

| System      | Mean size | Normalized mean | Median size | Normalized median |
|-------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Reduce      | 105.59    | 1.23            | 68.50       | 0.80              |
| Fricas      | 112.44    | 1.08            | 87.00       | 1.00              |
| Maple       | 119.43    | 1.18            | 84.00       | 0.87              |
| Mupad       | 126.64    | 1.40            | 126.00      | 1.20              |
| Mathematica | 132.50    | 1.19            | 109.50      | 0.99              |
| Rubi        | 147.02    | 1.33            | 113.50      | 1.06              |
| Sympy       | 329.24    | 3.31            | 156.00      | 1.52              |
| Maxima      | 549.33    | 5.02            | 385.00      | 4.44              |
| Giac        | 2090.61   | 27.10           | 149.50      | 1.52              |

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

## 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

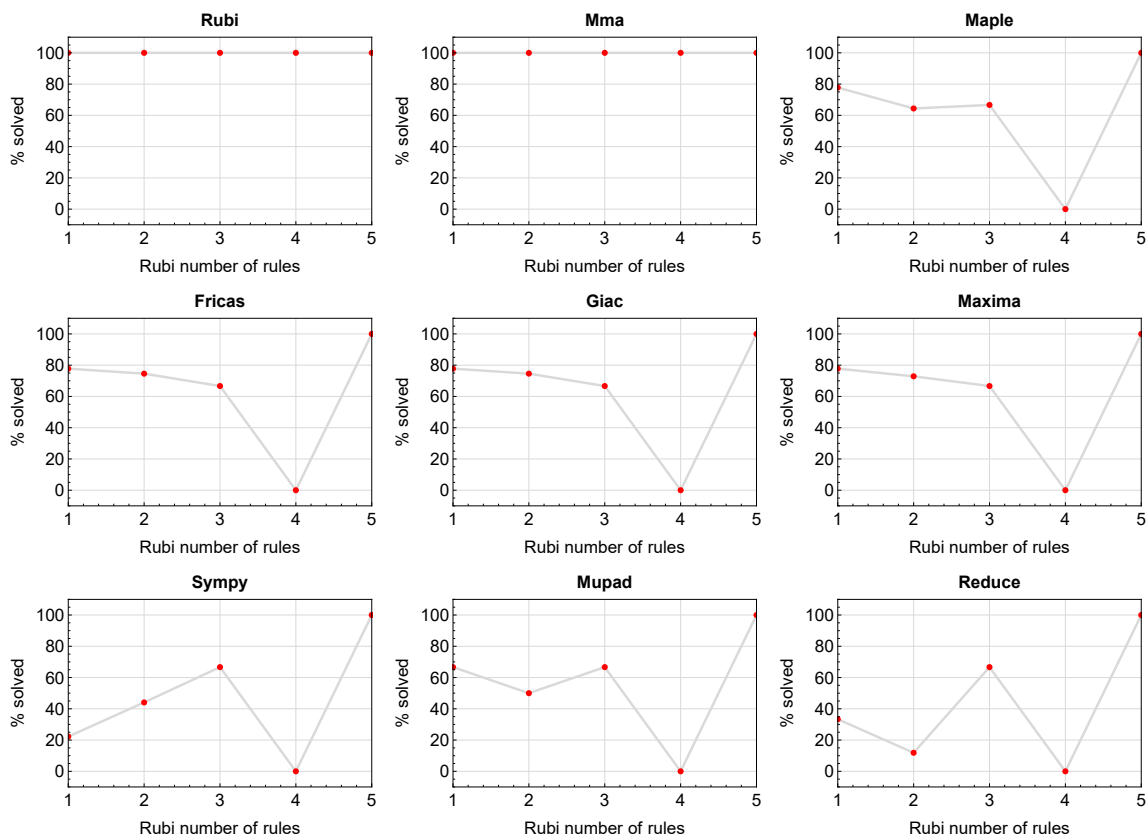


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used



## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

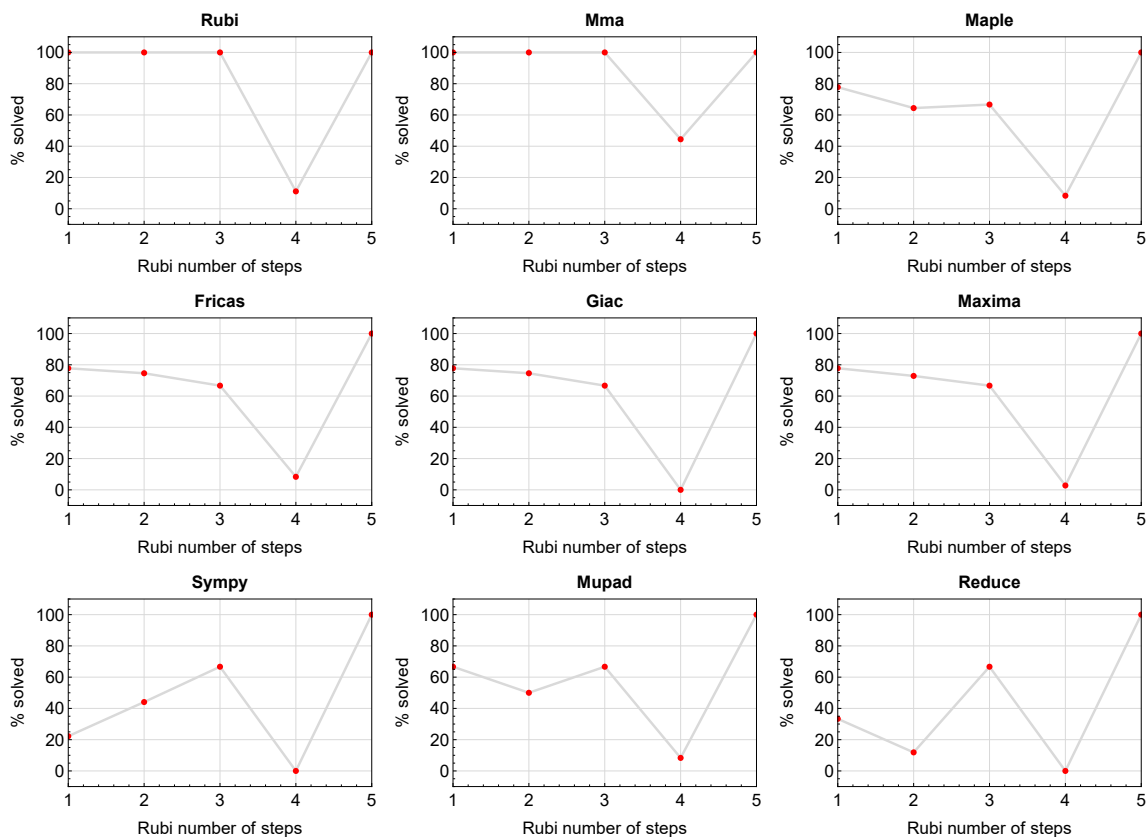


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

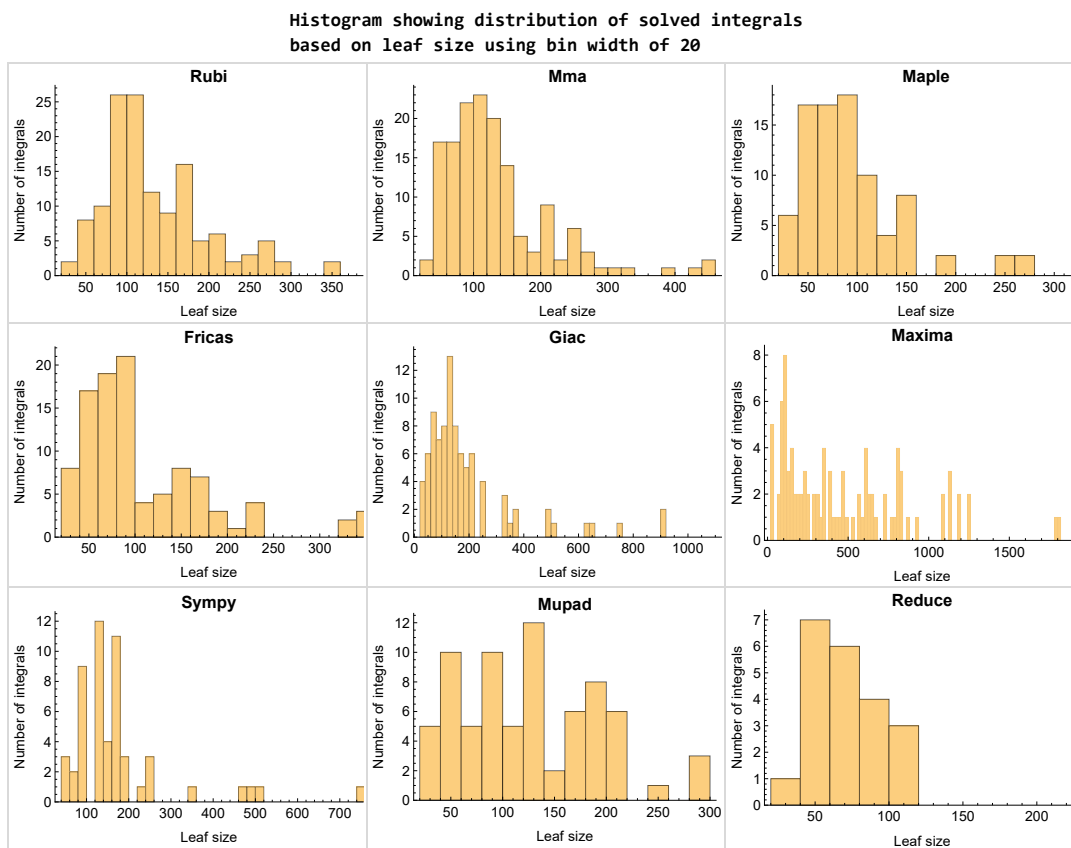


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

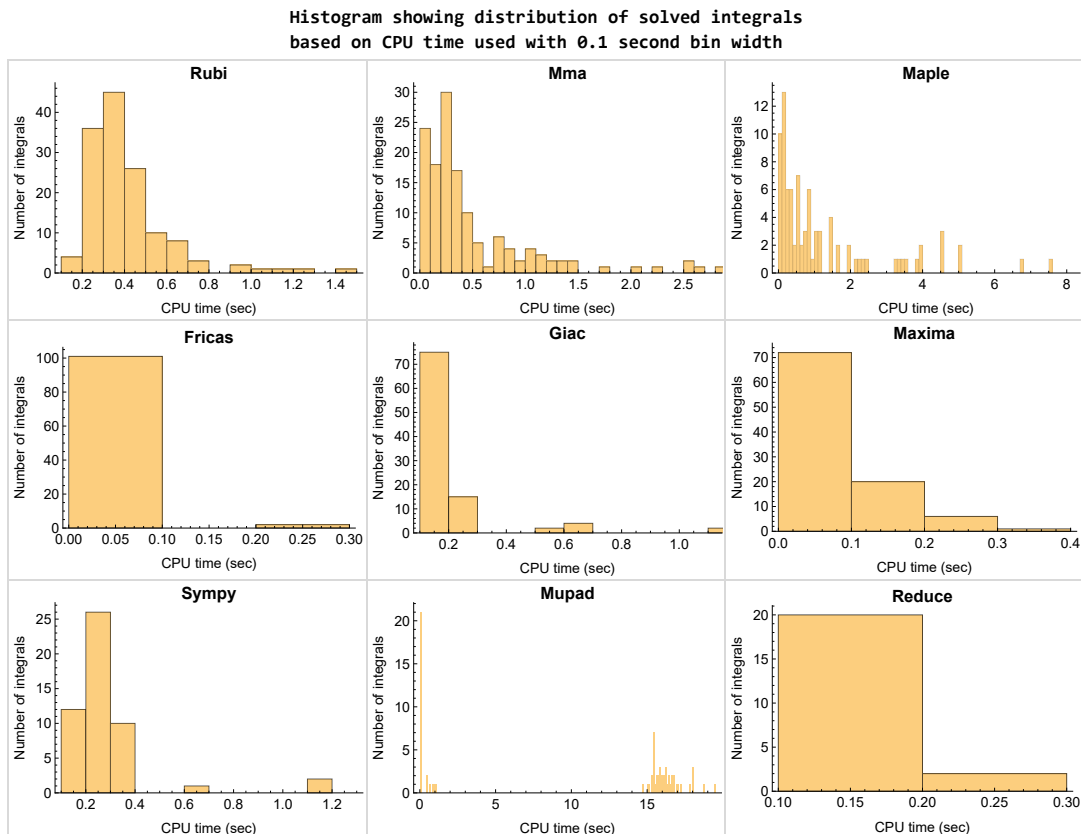


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

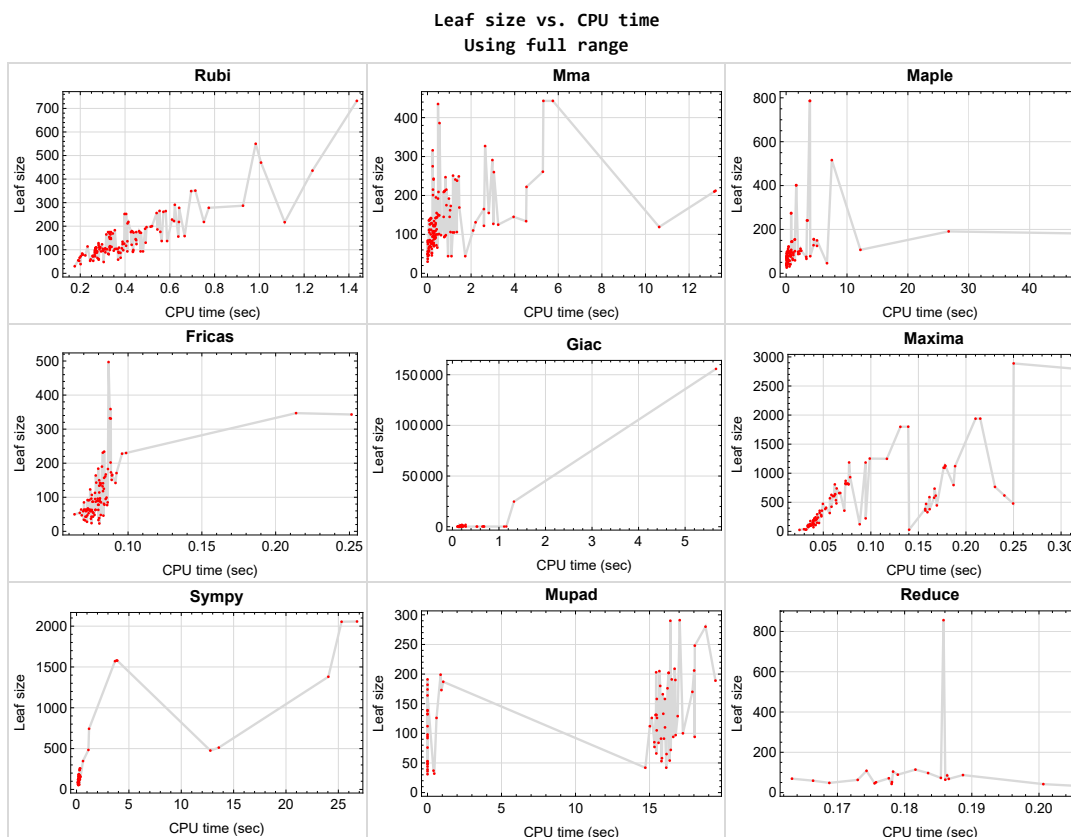


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {142, 144, 147, 149, 151, 154}

Maple {45}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```



For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

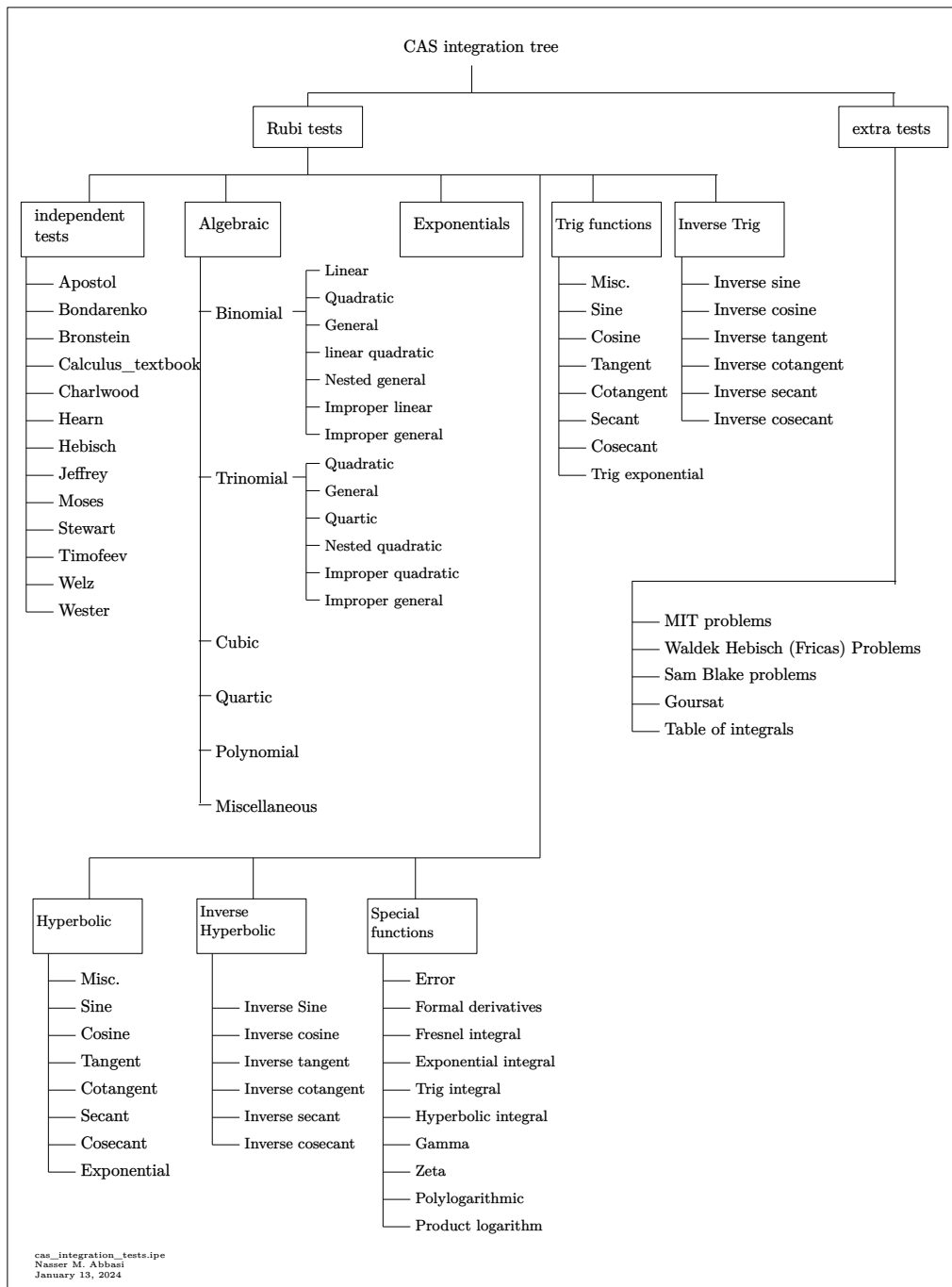
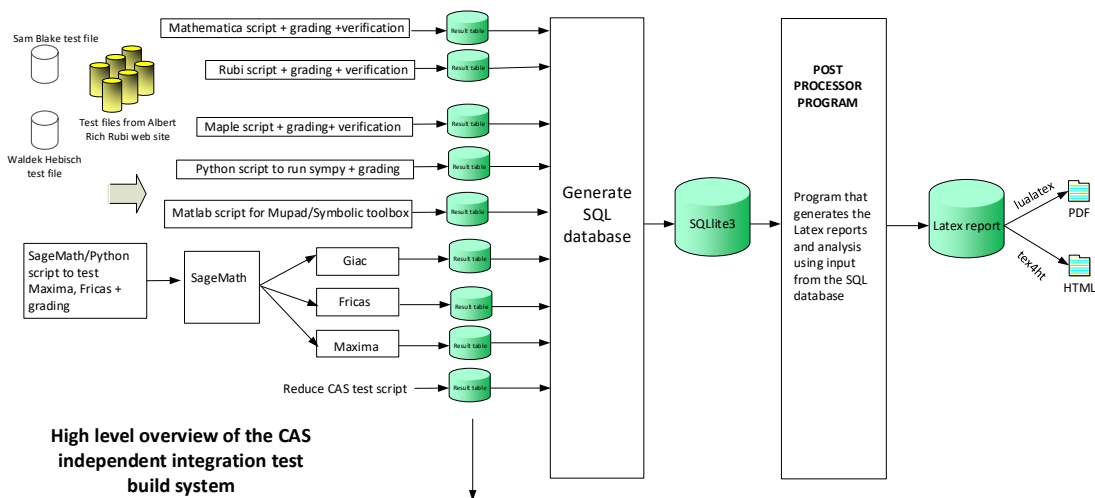


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

|     |   |    |
|-----|---|----|
| 2.1 | List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS . . . . .                  | 28 |
| 2.2 | Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . . | 33 |
| 2.3 | Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results . . . . .             | 76 |

## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

|                  |    |
|------------------|----|
| Rubi . . . . .   | 28 |
| Mma . . . . .    | 29 |
| Maple . . . . .  | 29 |
| Fricas . . . . . | 30 |
| Maxima . . . . . | 30 |
| Giac . . . . .   | 31 |
| Mupad . . . . .  | 31 |
| Sympy . . . . .  | 32 |
| Reduce . . . . . | 32 |

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 129, 131, 132, 134, 135, 137, 150, 152, 153, 155 }

**B grade** { 34, 42, 68, 76, 84, 85, 112, 120, 128 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 130, 133, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 151, 154, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Mma

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 142, 143, 144, 146, 147, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155 }

**B grade** { 6, 31, 47, 48, 54, 55, 65, 66, 68, 72, 73, 120 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 139, 140, 141, 145, 148, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 58, 60, 63, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 101, 102, 103, 104, 130, 133, 136 }

**B grade** { 2, 4, 8, 10, 16, 43, 45, 57, 59 }

**C grade** { 129, 132 }

**F normal fail** { 12, 19, 20, 22, 23, 29, 54, 61, 62, 64, 65, 71, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 95, 96, 97, 101, 103, 104, 129, 130, 132, 133, 136 }

**B grade** { 5, 13, 21, 27, 28, 34, 40, 41, 42, 69, 75, 76, 77, 83, 85, 94, 102 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 91, 92, 93, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 43, 44, 45, 46, 50, 51, 52, 53, 57, 58, 59, 60, 133 }

**B grade** { 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 47, 48, 49, 54, 55, 56, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 101, 102, 103, 104 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 91, 92, 93, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 129, 132 }

## Giac

**A grade** { 5, 6, 12, 14, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 31, 37, 39, 47, 48, 49, 54, 55, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 80, 84 }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 27, 28, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77, 79, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 129, 132 }

**C grade** { 87, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 101, 102, 103, 104 }

**F normal fail** { 91, 92, 93, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 87, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 101, 102, 103, 104, 129, 130, 132, 133, 136 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 7, 14, 21, 27, 28, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 49, 56, 63, 69, 70, 75, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }



## Sympy

**A grade** { 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 29, 30, 36, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 51, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 78 }

**B grade** { 1, 3, 9, 11, 15, 17, 50, 52 }

**C grade** { 87, 88, 89, 90, 95, 96, 97, 103, 104, 129, 132 }

**F normal fail** { 6, 7, 14, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 48, 49, 56, 67, 68, 69, 73, 74, 75, 79, 80, 81, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99, 100, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 122, 123, 124, 125, 131, 134, 135, 137, 141, 144, 145, 148, 149, 150, 152, 153, 155, 156, 158, 162, 165, 166, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 28, 34, 35, 40, 41, 42, 70, 76, 77, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 94, 101, 102, 114, 120, 121, 126, 127, 128, 130, 133, 136, 138, 139, 140, 142, 143, 146, 147, 151, 154, 157, 159, 160, 161, 163, 164, 167, 168 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 2, 3, 4, 9, 11, 15, 16, 18, 39, 44, 45, 46, 50, 51, 52, 53, 60, 84, 89, 90, 129, 132 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 47, 48, 49, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 88, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

| Problem 1  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 101     | 109   | 107   | 83    | 108    | 59     | 167   | 157   | 27       | 131    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.08  | 1.06  | 0.82  | 1.07   | 0.58   | 1.65  | 1.55  | 0.27     | 1.30   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.271 | 0.309 | 1.191 | 0.034  | 0.071  | 0.288 | 0.143 | 0.187    | 15.416 |

| Problem 2  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 96      | 93    | 96    | 275   | 97     | 61     | 155   | 136   | 68     | 112    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.97  | 1.00  | 2.86  | 1.01   | 0.64   | 1.61  | 1.42  | 0.71   | 1.17   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.293 | 0.262 | 0.836 | 0.034  | 0.072  | 0.202 | 0.134 | 0.187  | 15.024 |

| Problem 3  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 51      | 59    | 51    | 47    | 37     | 33     | 83    | 80    | 46     | 32    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.16  | 1.00  | 0.92  | 0.73   | 0.65   | 1.63  | 1.57  | 0.90   | 0.63  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.247 | 0.014 | 0.300 | 0.030  | 0.080  | 0.188 | 0.146 | 0.176  | 0.457 |

| Problem 4  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 42      | 39    | 49    | 71    | 25     | 28     | 66    | 64    | 43     | 44    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.93  | 1.17  | 1.69  | 0.60   | 0.67   | 1.57  | 1.52  | 1.02   | 1.05  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.201 | 0.006 | 0.164 | 0.025  | 0.072  | 0.135 | 0.131 | 0.178  | 0.002 |

| Problem 5  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 49      | 53    | 46    | 36    | 188    | 87     | 58    | 58    | 19       | 132   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.08  | 0.94  | 0.73  | 3.84   | 1.78   | 1.18  | 1.18  | 0.39     | 2.69  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.258 | 0.042 | 0.043 | 0.041  | 0.076  | 0.265 | 0.134 | 0.183    | 0.002 |

| Problem 6  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 66      | 66    | 195   | 59    | 406    | 61     | 0        | 70    | 25       | 77     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 2.95  | 0.89  | 6.15   | 0.92   | 0.00     | 1.06  | 0.38     | 1.17   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.380 | 0.388 | 0.092 | 0.053  | 0.075  | 0.000    | 0.141 | 0.185    | 15.337 |

| Problem 7  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 106     | 106   | 121   | 66    | 632    | 136    | 0        | 345   | 27       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 1.14  | 0.62  | 5.96   | 1.28   | 0.00     | 3.25  | 0.25     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.386 | 0.278 | 0.253 | 0.062  | 0.081  | 0.000    | 0.186 | 0.204    | 0.000        |

| Problem 8  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 142     | 147   | 144   | 786   | 150    | 85     | 241   | 218   | 29       | 176    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.04  | 1.01  | 5.54  | 1.06   | 0.60   | 1.70  | 1.54  | 0.20     | 1.24   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.334 | 0.426 | 3.917 | 0.039  | 0.070  | 0.304 | 0.149 | 0.189    | 16.216 |

| Problem 9  | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 82      | 74    | 52    | 61    | 74     | 47     | 122   | 101   | 85     | 53     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.90  | 0.63  | 0.74  | 0.90   | 0.57   | 1.49  | 1.23  | 1.04   | 0.65   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.255 | 0.198 | 1.094 | 0.034  | 0.069  | 0.320 | 0.157 | 0.186  | 15.809 |

| Problem 10 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 92      | 93    | 95    | 273   | 97     | 61     | 162   | 141   | 27       | 110    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.01  | 1.03  | 2.97  | 1.05   | 0.66   | 1.76  | 1.53  | 0.29     | 1.20   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.276 | 0.300 | 0.814 | 0.034  | 0.074  | 0.298 | 0.175 | 0.183    | 16.046 |

| Problem 11 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 82      | 76    | 63    | 61    | 71     | 47     | 121   | 100   | 59     | 39    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.93  | 0.77  | 0.74  | 0.87   | 0.57   | 1.48  | 1.22  | 0.72   | 0.48  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.223 | 0.051 | 0.348 | 0.040  | 0.072  | 0.245 | 0.131 | 0.166  | 0.002 |

| Problem 12 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 71      | 71    | 141   | 0     | 211    | 46     | 99    | 54    | 25     | 65     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 1.99  | 0.00  | 2.97   | 0.65   | 1.39  | 0.76  | 0.35   | 0.92   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.257 | 0.171 | 0.000 | 0.043  | 0.083  | 0.194 | 0.164 | 0.183  | 16.151 |

| Problem 13 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | A     | B     | F      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 96      | 83    | 128   | 66    | 423    | 141    | 85    | 127   | 21     | 182   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.86  | 1.33  | 0.69  | 4.41   | 1.47   | 0.89  | 1.32  | 0.22   | 1.90  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.324 | 0.208 | 0.059 | 0.059  | 0.081  | 0.235 | 0.157 | 0.181  | 0.002 |

| Problem 14 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | F     | A     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 93      | 93    | 76    | 57    | 640    | 92     | 0     | 116   | 27     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.82  | 0.61  | 6.88   | 0.99   | 0.00  | 1.25  | 0.29   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.469 | 0.252 | 0.104 | 0.063  | 0.081  | 0.000 | 0.170 | 0.181  | 0.000 |

| Problem 15 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 101     | 109   | 63    | 78    | 108    | 59     | 167   | 157   | 108    | 131    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.08  | 0.62  | 0.77  | 1.07   | 0.58   | 1.65  | 1.55  | 1.07   | 1.30   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.288 | 0.195 | 3.963 | 0.035  | 0.070  | 0.317 | 0.161 | 0.174  | 15.470 |

| Problem 16 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 150     | 147   | 144   | 786   | 149    | 85     | 236   | 208   | 97     | 180    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.98  | 0.96  | 5.24  | 0.99   | 0.57   | 1.57  | 1.39  | 0.65   | 1.20   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.332 | 0.439 | 3.898 | 0.043  | 0.086  | 0.291 | 0.206 | 0.183  | 15.723 |

| Problem 17 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 101     | 109   | 107   | 92    | 108    | 59     | 168   | 157   | 27       | 131    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.08  | 1.06  | 0.91  | 1.07   | 0.58   | 1.66  | 1.55  | 0.27     | 1.30   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.272 | 0.260 | 1.186 | 0.042  | 0.075  | 0.302 | 0.162 | 0.191    | 15.436 |

| Problem 18 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 96      | 102   | 112   | 76    | 96     | 61     | 162   | 136   | 71     | 112   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.06  | 1.17  | 0.79  | 1.00   | 0.64   | 1.69  | 1.42  | 0.74   | 1.17  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.308 | 0.090 | 0.786 | 0.036  | 0.071  | 0.204 | 0.170 | 0.178  | 0.002 |

| Problem 19 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 99      | 111   | 98    | 0        | 238    | 89     | 162   | 139   | 27       | 166    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.12  | 0.99  | 0.00     | 2.40   | 0.90   | 1.64  | 1.40  | 0.27     | 1.68   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.331 | 0.283 | 0.000    | 0.044  | 0.080  | 0.338 | 0.149 | 0.187    | 15.896 |

| Problem 20 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 107     | 107   | 78    | 0        | 481    | 97     | 128   | 125   | 27       | 105    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.73  | 0.00     | 4.50   | 0.91   | 1.20  | 1.17  | 0.25     | 0.98   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.332 | 0.286 | 0.000    | 0.064  | 0.081  | 0.289 | 0.169 | 0.201    | 15.485 |

| Problem 21 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 130     | 121   | 124   | 80    | 658    | 184    | 134   | 211   | 21       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.93  | 0.95  | 0.62  | 5.06   | 1.42   | 1.03  | 1.62  | 0.16     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.430 | 0.297 | 0.100 | 0.067  | 0.080  | 0.306 | 0.183 | 0.182    | 0.000        |

| Problem 22 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 100     | 112   | 71    | 0        | 381    | 87     | 153   | 89    | 27       | 173   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.12  | 0.71  | 0.00     | 3.81   | 0.87   | 1.53  | 0.89  | 0.27     | 1.73  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.340 | 0.299 | 0.000    | 0.162  | 0.081  | 0.377 | 0.163 | 0.193    | 0.941 |

| Problem 23 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 72      | 72    | 142   | 0        | 146    | 48     | 97    | 51    | 389      | 66     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 1.97  | 0.00     | 2.03   | 0.67   | 1.35  | 0.71  | 5.40     | 0.92   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.266 | 0.151 | 0.000    | 0.040  | 0.082  | 0.168 | 0.136 | 0.192    | 15.459 |

| Problem 24 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 50      | 53    | 47    | 37    | 329    | 54     | 53    | 54    | 19       | 139   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.06  | 0.94  | 0.74  | 6.58   | 1.08   | 1.06  | 1.08  | 0.38     | 2.78  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.244 | 0.042 | 0.051 | 0.159  | 0.077  | 0.185 | 0.170 | 0.182    | 0.002 |

| Problem 25 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 30      | 30    | 30    | 26    | 107    | 23     | 0        | 23    | 293      | 36    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 1.00  | 0.87  | 3.57   | 0.77   | 0.00     | 0.77  | 9.77     | 1.20  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.175 | 0.005 | 0.096 | 0.038  | 0.081  | 0.000    | 0.146 | 0.186    | 0.002 |

| Problem 26 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 53      | 93    | 58    | 46    | 479    | 85     | 0        | 76    | 25       | 248    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.75  | 1.09  | 0.87  | 9.04   | 1.60   | 0.00     | 1.43  | 0.47     | 4.68   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.410 | 0.062 | 0.148 | 0.250  | 0.082  | 0.000    | 0.151 | 0.192    | 18.060 |

| Problem 27 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 62      | 98    | 94    | 84    | 606    | 95     | 0        | 107   | 27       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.58  | 1.52  | 1.35  | 9.77   | 1.53   | 0.00     | 1.73  | 0.44     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.392 | 0.293 | 0.849 | 0.060  | 0.085  | 0.000    | 0.174 | 0.193    | 0.000        |



| Problem 28 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | F(-1) | B     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 133     | 196   | 129   | 89    | 1123   | 230    | 0     | 323   | 27     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.47  | 0.97  | 0.67  | 8.44   | 1.73   | 0.00  | 2.43  | 0.20   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.496 | 0.374 | 2.183 | 0.178  | 0.099  | 0.000 | 0.150 | 0.191  | 0.000 |

| Problem 29 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 99      | 99    | 70    | 0     | 315    | 90     | 128   | 131   | 27     | 100    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.71  | 0.00  | 3.18   | 0.91   | 1.29  | 1.32  | 0.27   | 1.01   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.332 | 0.304 | 0.000 | 0.057  | 0.079  | 0.215 | 0.683 | 0.198  | 17.256 |

| Problem 30 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | A     | B     | F      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 94      | 81    | 129   | 66    | 472    | 99     | 92    | 134   | 21     | 174   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.86  | 1.37  | 0.70  | 5.02   | 1.05   | 0.98  | 1.43  | 0.22   | 1.85  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.327 | 0.175 | 0.073 | 0.158  | 0.085  | 0.217 | 0.520 | 0.187  | 0.002 |

| Problem 31 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | F     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 58      | 58    | 192   | 57    | 242    | 56     | 0     | 69    | 98     | 72     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 3.31  | 0.98  | 4.17   | 0.97   | 0.00  | 1.19  | 1.69   | 1.24   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.369 | 0.483 | 0.579 | 0.042  | 0.076  | 0.000 | 0.152 | 0.212  | 16.436 |

| Problem 32 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 69      | 79    | 56    | 52    | 446    | 87     | 0        | 120   | 0        | 164   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.14  | 0.81  | 0.75  | 6.46   | 1.26   | 0.00     | 1.74  | 0.00     | 2.38  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.211 | 0.054 | 0.288 | 0.169  | 0.076  | 0.000    | 0.161 | 0.218    | 0.003 |

| Problem 33 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 56      | 87    | 87    | 80    | 606    | 87     | 0        | 104   | 27       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.55  | 1.55  | 1.43  | 10.82  | 1.55   | 0.00     | 1.86  | 0.48     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.372 | 0.284 | 0.286 | 0.061  | 0.078  | 0.000    | 0.152 | 0.190    | 0.000        |

| Problem 34 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | B     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 99      | 278   | 104   | 88    | 796    | 161    | 0            | 193   | 29       | 280    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 2.81  | 1.05  | 0.89  | 8.04   | 1.63   | 0.00         | 1.95  | 0.29     | 2.83   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.774 | 0.302 | 1.988 | 0.187  | 0.085  | 0.000        | 0.172 | 0.201    | 18.784 |

| Problem 35 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 118     | 176   | 97    | 125   | 1252   | 183    | 0            | 244   | 29       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.49  | 0.82  | 1.06  | 10.61  | 1.55   | 0.00         | 2.07  | 0.25     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.558 | 0.363 | 5.070 | 0.099  | 0.086  | 0.000        | 0.144 | 0.199    | 0.000        |

| Problem 36 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 125     | 117   | 123   | 78    | 617    | 157    | 122   | 199   | 21       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.94  | 0.98  | 0.62  | 4.94   | 1.26   | 0.98  | 1.59  | 0.17     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.405 | 0.274 | 0.120 | 0.240  | 0.084  | 0.300 | 1.158 | 0.174    | 0.000        |

| Problem 37 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 93      | 93    | 76    | 59    | 386    | 95     | 0        | 117   | 0        | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.82  | 0.63  | 4.15   | 1.02   | 0.00     | 1.26  | 0.00     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.480 | 0.202 | 1.454 | 0.052  | 0.078  | 0.000    | 0.668 | 0.197    | 0.000        |

| Problem 38 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 103     | 103   | 82    | 66    | 589    | 143    | 0        | 187   | 0        | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.80  | 0.64  | 5.72   | 1.39   | 0.00     | 1.82  | 0.00     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.367 | 0.166 | 3.336 | 0.162  | 0.078  | 0.000    | 0.204 | 0.203    | 0.000        |

| Problem 39 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|--------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | B      | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD    | TBD          |
| size       | 40      | 55    | 37    | 31    | 90     | 50     | 0        | 49    | 104    | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.38  | 0.92  | 0.78  | 2.25   | 1.25   | 0.00     | 1.22  | 2.60   | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.191 | 0.011 | 0.555 | 0.035  | 0.064  | 0.000    | 0.138 | 0.178  | 0.000        |

| Problem 40 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | F(-1) | B     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 128     | 189   | 125   | 87    | 1121   | 231    | 0     | 325   | 27     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.48  | 0.98  | 0.68  | 8.76   | 1.80   | 0.00  | 2.54  | 0.21   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.490 | 0.367 | 0.587 | 0.189  | 0.083  | 0.000 | 0.160 | 0.186  | 0.000 |

| Problem 41 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | F(-1) | B     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 124     | 186   | 100   | 128   | 1248   | 190    | 0     | 247   | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.50  | 0.81  | 1.03  | 10.06  | 1.53   | 0.00  | 1.99  | 0.23   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.545 | 0.396 | 4.508 | 0.117  | 0.082  | 0.000 | 0.139 | 0.199  | 0.000 |

| Problem 42 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple  | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | B     | A     | A      | B      | B      | F(-1) | B     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 133     | 436   | 121   | 107    | 1133   | 234    | 0     | 325   | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 3.28  | 0.91  | 0.80   | 8.52   | 1.76   | 0.00  | 2.44  | 0.22   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 1.237 | 0.338 | 12.208 | 0.178  | 0.084  | 0.000 | 0.167 | 0.202  | 0.000 |

| Problem 43 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | F      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 103     | 102   | 100   | 402   | 122    | 64     | 182   | 162   | 30     | 126   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.99  | 0.97  | 3.90  | 1.18   | 0.62   | 1.77  | 1.57  | 0.29   | 1.22  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.319 | 0.469 | 1.657 | 0.040  | 0.074  | 0.230 | 0.116 | 0.189  | 0.610 |

| Problem 44 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 121     | 111   | 94    | 83    | 118    | 64     | 173   | 163   | 856    | 133    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.92  | 0.78  | 0.69  | 0.98   | 0.53   | 1.43  | 1.35  | 7.07   | 1.10   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.285 | 0.225 | 0.693 | 0.037  | 0.071  | 0.249 | 0.131 | 0.186  | 15.932 |

| Problem 45 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | No    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 47      | 48    | 56    | 111   | 29     | 32     | 87    | 77    | 73     | 54     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.02  | 1.19  | 2.36  | 0.62   | 0.68   | 1.85  | 1.64  | 1.55   | 1.15   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.305 | 0.007 | 0.326 | 0.031  | 0.071  | 0.115 | 0.171 | 0.185  | 16.365 |

| Problem 46 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 61      | 53    | 49    | 32    | 32     | 34     | 85    | 84    | 34     | 31    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.87  | 0.80  | 0.52  | 0.52   | 0.56   | 1.39  | 1.38  | 0.56   | 0.51  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.195 | 0.009 | 0.148 | 0.032  | 0.070  | 0.139 | 0.106 | 0.205  | 0.002 |

| Problem 47 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 60      | 60    | 138   | 42    | 223    | 37     | 56    | 37    | 22     | 53    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 2.30  | 0.70  | 3.72   | 0.62   | 0.93  | 0.62  | 0.37   | 0.88  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.282 | 0.113 | 0.045 | 0.095  | 0.075  | 0.167 | 0.190 | 0.192  | 0.002 |

| Problem 48 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | F     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 104     | 104   | 386   | 82    | 628    | 118    | 0     | 137   | 28     | 189    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 3.71  | 0.79  | 6.04   | 1.13   | 0.00  | 1.32  | 0.27   | 1.82   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.360 | 0.551 | 0.112 | 0.059  | 0.083  | 0.000 | 0.123 | 0.196  | 19.457 |

| Problem 49 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | F     | A     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 99      | 109   | 78    | 76    | 808    | 96     | 0     | 120   | 30     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.10  | 0.79  | 0.77  | 8.16   | 0.97   | 0.00  | 1.21  | 0.30   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.373 | 0.257 | 0.256 | 0.062  | 0.075  | 0.000 | 0.130 | 0.225  | 0.000 |

| Problem 50 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 169     | 169   | 142   | 112   | 178    | 92     | 257   | 255   | 114    | 199   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.84  | 0.66  | 1.05   | 0.54   | 1.52  | 1.51  | 0.67   | 1.18  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.345 | 0.372 | 2.365 | 0.036  | 0.074  | 0.353 | 0.179 | 0.182  | 0.886 |

| Problem 51 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 91      | 80    | 52    | 67    | 87     | 53     | 134   | 114   | 42     | 97     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.88  | 0.57  | 0.74  | 0.96   | 0.58   | 1.47  | 1.25  | 0.46   | 1.07   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.264 | 0.206 | 1.059 | 0.034  | 0.073  | 0.175 | 0.132 | 0.201  | 16.766 |

| Problem 52 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | B     | B     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 113     | 111   | 100   | 85    | 118    | 64     | 173   | 171   | 87     | 129    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.98  | 0.88  | 0.75  | 1.04   | 0.57   | 1.53  | 1.51  | 0.77   | 1.14   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.286 | 0.148 | 0.692 | 0.036  | 0.070  | 0.228 | 0.165 | 0.189  | 16.903 |

| Problem 53 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 77      | 65    | 67    | 61    | 82     | 43     | 121   | 104   | 64     | 49    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.84  | 0.87  | 0.79  | 1.06   | 0.56   | 1.57  | 1.35  | 0.83   | 0.64  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.277 | 0.062 | 0.365 | 0.034  | 0.076  | 0.140 | 0.121 | 0.186  | 0.002 |

| Problem 54 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | F     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 85      | 89    | 275   | 0     | 258    | 78     | 129   | 82    | 28     | 158    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.05  | 3.24  | 0.00  | 3.04   | 0.92   | 1.52  | 0.96  | 0.33   | 1.86   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.312 | 0.238 | 0.000 | 0.048  | 0.084  | 0.265 | 0.150 | 0.193  | 16.039 |

| Problem 55 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 100     | 91    | 215   | 74    | 569    | 91     | 95    | 99    | 24     | 95    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.91  | 2.15  | 0.74  | 5.69   | 0.91   | 0.95  | 0.99  | 0.24   | 0.95  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.370 | 0.252 | 0.064 | 0.057  | 0.073  | 0.207 | 0.130 | 0.202  | 0.002 |

| Problem 56 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 141     | 141   | 109   | 98    | 932    | 164    | 0        | 378   | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.77  | 0.70  | 6.61   | 1.16   | 0.00     | 2.68  | 0.21     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.450 | 0.371 | 0.127 | 0.078  | 0.078  | 0.000    | 0.242 | 0.182    | 0.000        |

| Problem 57 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 103     | 102   | 83    | 516   | 122    | 67     | 185   | 162   | 32       | 126    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.99  | 0.81  | 5.01  | 1.18   | 0.65   | 1.80  | 1.57  | 0.31     | 1.22   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.313 | 0.208 | 7.506 | 0.088  | 0.073  | 0.214 | 0.159 | 0.192    | 15.156 |

| Problem 58 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 181     | 169   | 142   | 103   | 178    | 92     | 257   | 243   | 32       | 205    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.93  | 0.78  | 0.57  | 0.98   | 0.51   | 1.42  | 1.34  | 0.18     | 1.13   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.331 | 0.377 | 2.495 | 0.040  | 0.073  | 0.310 | 0.131 | 0.210    | 15.667 |

| Problem 59 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | B     | A      | A      | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 103     | 102   | 101   | 401   | 121    | 66     | 184   | 161   | 30       | 126    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.99  | 0.98  | 3.89  | 1.17   | 0.64   | 1.79  | 1.56  | 0.29     | 1.22   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.286 | 0.531 | 1.658 | 0.036  | 0.073  | 0.216 | 0.151 | 0.188    | 15.504 |



| Problem 60 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | A      | A      | A     | B     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 121     | 120   | 105   | 94    | 117    | 64     | 177   | 163   | 89     | 133   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.99  | 0.87  | 0.78  | 0.97   | 0.53   | 1.46  | 1.35  | 0.74   | 1.10  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.282 | 0.087 | 0.772 | 0.040  | 0.068  | 0.232 | 0.156 | 0.179  | 0.003 |

| Problem 61 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 106     | 106   | 72    | 0     | 281    | 63     | 156   | 71    | 30     | 85     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.68  | 0.00  | 2.65   | 0.59   | 1.47  | 0.67  | 0.28   | 0.80   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.311 | 0.291 | 0.000 | 0.048  | 0.078  | 0.227 | 0.174 | 0.189  | 15.328 |

| Problem 62 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 136     | 136   | 134   | 0     | 660    | 134    | 165   | 151   | 30     | 209    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.99  | 0.00  | 4.85   | 0.99   | 1.21  | 1.11  | 0.22   | 1.54   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.411 | 0.299 | 0.000 | 0.068  | 0.080  | 0.266 | 0.171 | 0.193  | 16.696 |

| Problem 63 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 127     | 130   | 243   | 91    | 869    | 123    | 134   | 148   | 24     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.02  | 1.91  | 0.72  | 6.84   | 0.97   | 1.06  | 1.17  | 0.19   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.492 | 0.280 | 0.106 | 0.074  | 0.074  | 0.229 | 0.221 | 0.169  | 0.000 |

| Problem 64 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 104     | 104   | 70    | 0        | 200    | 63     | 156   | 71    | 30       | 84     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.67  | 0.00     | 1.92   | 0.61   | 1.50  | 0.68  | 0.29     | 0.81   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.300 | 0.295 | 0.000    | 0.042  | 0.080  | 0.234 | 0.145 | 0.169    | 15.610 |

| Problem 65 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 91      | 95    | 316   | 0        | 385    | 78     | 129   | 82    | 80       | 158    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.04  | 3.47  | 0.00     | 4.23   | 0.86   | 1.42  | 0.90  | 0.88     | 1.74   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.302 | 0.238 | 0.000    | 0.157  | 0.080  | 0.237 | 0.164 | 0.166    | 15.491 |

| Problem 66 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 58      | 58    | 139   | 42    | 144    | 39     | 60    | 39    | 22       | 52    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 2.40  | 0.72  | 2.48   | 0.67   | 1.03  | 0.67  | 0.38     | 0.90  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.282 | 0.108 | 0.045 | 0.046  | 0.080  | 0.151 | 0.122 | 0.167    | 0.002 |

| Problem 67 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 59      | 66    | 44    | 48    | 358    | 63     | 0        | 67    | 304      | 138   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.12  | 0.75  | 0.81  | 6.07   | 1.07   | 0.00     | 1.14  | 5.15     | 2.34  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.197 | 0.018 | 0.101 | 0.157  | 0.078  | 0.000    | 0.133 | 0.174    | 0.002 |

| Problem 68 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | B     | B     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 31      | 99    | 85    | 38    | 318    | 24     | 0        | 24    | 28       | 37    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 3.19  | 2.74  | 1.23  | 10.26  | 0.77   | 0.00     | 0.77  | 0.90     | 1.19  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.437 | 0.091 | 0.130 | 0.046  | 0.075  | 0.000    | 0.137 | 0.186    | 0.408 |

| Problem 69 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 106     | 134   | 92    | 107   | 1095   | 173    | 0        | 218   | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.26  | 0.87  | 1.01  | 10.33  | 1.63   | 0.00     | 2.06  | 0.28     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.389 | 0.373 | 0.847 | 0.177  | 0.088  | 0.000    | 0.197 | 0.187    | 0.000        |

| Problem 70 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 95      | 95    | 108   | 101   | 1184   | 141    | 0            | 190   | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 1.14  | 1.06  | 12.46  | 1.48   | 0.00         | 2.00  | 0.32     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.436 | 0.266 | 2.215 | 0.094  | 0.083  | 0.000        | 0.217 | 0.175    | 0.000        |

| Problem 71 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 126     | 126   | 94    | 0        | 614    | 132    | 160   | 149   | 30       | 206    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.75  | 0.00     | 4.87   | 1.05   | 1.27  | 1.18  | 0.24     | 1.63   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.396 | 0.347 | 0.000    | 0.168  | 0.083  | 0.319 | 0.643 | 0.174    | 18.017 |

| Problem 72 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 96      | 87    | 201   | 74    | 355    | 89     | 95    | 99    | 24       | 92    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 0.91  | 2.09  | 0.77  | 3.70   | 0.93   | 0.99  | 1.03  | 0.25     | 0.96  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.379 | 0.252 | 0.074 | 0.046  | 0.079  | 0.192 | 0.532 | 0.172    | 0.002 |

| Problem 73 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | B     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 96      | 96    | 435   | 79    | 579    | 114    | 0        | 135   | 104      | 187   |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 4.53  | 0.82  | 6.03   | 1.19   | 0.00     | 1.41  | 1.08     | 1.95  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.349 | 0.483 | 0.583 | 0.167  | 0.080  | 0.000    | 0.186 | 0.180    | 1.065 |

| Problem 74 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 66      | 114   | 75    | 58    | 293    | 63     | 0        | 74    | 0        | 76    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.73  | 1.14  | 0.88  | 4.44   | 0.95   | 0.00     | 1.12  | 0.00     | 1.15  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.232 | 0.023 | 0.287 | 0.044  | 0.075  | 0.000    | 0.158 | 0.214    | 0.002 |

| Problem 75 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 98      | 124   | 90    | 103   | 1093   | 167    | 0        | 218   | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.27  | 0.92  | 1.05  | 11.15  | 1.70   | 0.00     | 2.22  | 0.31     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.389 | 0.357 | 0.295 | 0.177  | 0.085  | 0.000    | 0.153 | 0.177    | 0.000        |

| Problem 76 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | B     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 76      | 218   | 106   | 98    | 738    | 107    | 0            | 134   | 32       | 170    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 2.87  | 1.39  | 1.29  | 9.71   | 1.41   | 0.00         | 1.76  | 0.42     | 2.24   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.752 | 0.235 | 1.967 | 0.064  | 0.075  | 0.000        | 0.153 | 0.185    | 17.897 |

| Problem 77 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 172     | 278   | 149   | 150   | 1939   | 331    | 0            | 483   | 32       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.62  | 0.87  | 0.87  | 11.27  | 1.92   | 0.00         | 2.81  | 0.19     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.642 | 0.541 | 5.072 | 0.215  | 0.088  | 0.000        | 0.167 | 0.182    | 0.000        |

| Problem 78 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 121     | 124   | 241   | 90    | 535    | 125    | 133   | 150   | 24       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.02  | 1.99  | 0.74  | 4.42   | 1.03   | 1.10  | 1.24  | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.451 | 0.278 | 0.116 | 0.063  | 0.084  | 0.228 | 1.111 | 0.172    | 0.000        |

| Problem 79 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 145     | 145   | 103   | 101   | 765    | 164    | 0        | 378   | 0        | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.71  | 0.70  | 5.28   | 1.13   | 0.00     | 2.61  | 0.00     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.447 | 0.253 | 1.454 | 0.230  | 0.089  | 0.000    | 0.667 | 0.196    | 0.000        |

| Problem 80 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 93      | 103   | 76    | 75    | 473    | 96     | 0        | 120   | 0        | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.11  | 0.82  | 0.81  | 5.09   | 1.03   | 0.00     | 1.29  | 0.00     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.354 | 0.168 | 3.296 | 0.050  | 0.079  | 0.000    | 0.174 | 0.191    | 0.000        |

| Problem 81 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy    | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD      | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 117     | 123   | 80    | 101   | 735    | 150    | 0        | 212   | 0        | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.05  | 0.68  | 0.86  | 6.28   | 1.28   | 0.00     | 1.81  | 0.00     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.297 | 0.122 | 0.813 | 0.167  | 0.080  | 0.000    | 0.158 | 0.178    | 0.000        |

| Problem 82 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 91      | 91    | 108   | 100   | 1185   | 142    | 0            | 191   | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 1.19  | 1.10  | 13.02  | 1.56   | 0.00         | 2.10  | 0.33     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.435 | 0.292 | 0.576 | 0.077  | 0.081  | 0.000        | 0.138 | 0.185    | 0.000        |

| Problem 83 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | <b>F(-1)</b> | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD   | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 207     | 291   | 149   | 156   | 1938   | 332    | 0            | 481   | 32       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.41  | 0.72  | 0.75  | 9.36   | 1.60   | 0.00         | 2.32  | 0.15     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.622 | 0.516 | 4.536 | 0.210  | 0.088  | 0.000        | 0.186 | 0.193    | 0.000        |

| Problem 84 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | B     | A     | A     | B      | A      | F(-1) | A     | B      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 43      | 217   | 46    | 46    | 102    | 54     | 0     | 54    | 63     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 5.05  | 1.07  | 1.07  | 2.37   | 1.26   | 0.00  | 1.26  | 1.47   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 1.113 | 0.200 | 6.714 | 0.037  | 0.067  | 0.000 | 0.287 | 0.173  | 0.000 |

| Problem 85 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple  | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | B     | A     | A      | B      | B      | F(-1) | B     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 247     | 550   | 209   | 191    | 2798   | 497    | 0     | 751   | 32     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 2.23  | 0.85  | 0.77   | 11.33  | 2.01   | 0.00  | 3.04  | 0.13   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.984 | 0.504 | 26.696 | 0.314  | 0.087  | 0.000 | 0.270 | 0.193  | 0.000 |

| Problem 86 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple  | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A      | B      | A      | F(-1) | B     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 225     | 287   | 151   | 182    | 2888   | 359    | 0     | 501   | 32     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.28  | 0.67  | 0.81   | 12.84  | 1.60   | 0.00  | 2.23  | 0.14   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.927 | 0.478 | 47.298 | 0.250  | 0.088  | 0.000 | 0.202 | 0.198  | 0.000 |

| Problem 87 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy  | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C      | C     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 121     | 175   | 106   | 154   | 823    | 202    | 2057   | 1281  | 29     | 202    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.45  | 0.88  | 1.27  | 6.80   | 1.67   | 17.00  | 10.59 | 0.24   | 1.67   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.324 | 1.348 | 1.454 | 0.073  | 0.088  | 26.782 | 0.180 | 0.177  | 16.299 |

| Problem 88 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C     | C     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 110     | 165   | 98    | 145   | 812    | 171    | 1578  | 1271  | 29       | 190    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.50  | 0.89  | 1.32  | 7.38   | 1.55   | 14.35 | 11.55 | 0.26     | 1.73   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.335 | 0.618 | 1.001 | 0.074  | 0.092  | 3.891 | 0.167 | 0.164    | 16.748 |

| Problem 89 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C     | C     | B      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 60      | 87    | 57    | 59    | 223    | 60     | 484   | 641   | 69     | 58     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.45  | 0.95  | 0.98  | 3.72   | 1.00   | 8.07  | 10.68 | 1.15   | 0.97   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.271 | 0.069 | 0.309 | 0.041  | 0.075  | 1.133 | 0.158 | 0.163  | 15.840 |

| Problem 90 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C     | C     | B      | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 47      | 72    | 47    | 48    | 192    | 48     | 347   | 631   | 48     | 48    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.53  | 1.00  | 1.02  | 4.09   | 1.02   | 7.38  | 13.43 | 1.02   | 1.02  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.202 | 0.037 | 0.148 | 0.039  | 0.077  | 0.617 | 0.154 | 0.169  | 0.002 |

| Problem 91 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 88      | 88    | 68    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 21       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.00  | 0.77  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.24     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.274 | 0.153 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.177    | 0.000        |



| Problem 92 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 133     | 173   | 145   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 27     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.30  | 1.09  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.20   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.438 | 3.950 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.193  | 0.000 |

| Problem 93 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size       | 132     | 175   | 238   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.33  | 1.80  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.22   | 0.00  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.450 | 1.356 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.197  | 0.000 |

| Problem 94 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | F(-1) | C     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 172     | 252   | 145   | 241   | 1800   | 347    | 0     | 1915  | 31     | 291    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.47  | 0.84  | 1.40  | 10.47  | 2.02   | 0.00  | 11.13 | 0.18   | 1.69   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.405 | 1.015 | 3.520 | 0.139  | 0.214  | 0.000 | 0.284 | 0.200  | 17.040 |

| Problem 95 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy  | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C      | C     | F      | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size       | 83      | 111   | 89    | 95    | 356    | 113    | 1380   | 916   | 31     | 94     |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.34  | 1.07  | 1.14  | 4.29   | 1.36   | 16.63  | 11.04 | 0.37   | 1.13   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.289 | 0.332 | 1.154 | 0.072  | 0.078  | 24.045 | 0.213 | 0.187  | 16.603 |

| Problem 96 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C     | C     | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD    |
| size       | 112     | 165   | 98    | 144   | 810    | 151    | 1571  | 1275  | 29       | 191    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.47  | 0.88  | 1.29  | 7.23   | 1.35   | 14.03 | 11.38 | 0.26     | 1.71   |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.316 | 0.840 | 0.885 | 0.077  | 0.089  | 3.673 | 0.215 | 0.206    | 16.501 |

| Problem 97 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C     | C     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size       | 100     | 128   | 85    | 94    | 356    | 78     | 743   | 915   | 23       | 98    |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.28  | 0.85  | 0.94  | 3.56   | 0.78   | 7.43  | 9.15  | 0.23     | 0.98  |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.281 | 0.107 | 0.411 | 0.049  | 0.080  | 1.196 | 0.200 | 0.176    | 0.002 |

| Problem 98 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 156     | 172   | 261   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 27       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.10  | 1.67  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.17     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.471 | 5.293 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.181    | 0.000        |

| Problem 99 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade      | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified   | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size       | 112     | 146   | 105   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 23       | 0            |
| N.S.       | 1       | 1.30  | 0.94  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.21     | 0.00         |
| time (sec) | N/A     | 0.337 | 1.224 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.172    | 0.000        |

| Problem 100 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 193     | 256   | 165   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.33  | 0.85  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.15   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.541 | 2.587 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.181  | 0.000 |

| Problem 101 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | F(-1) | C     | F      | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size        | 121     | 175   | 162   | 154   | 823    | 228    | 0     | 1281  | 31     | 202    |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.45  | 1.34  | 1.27  | 6.80   | 1.88   | 0.00  | 10.59 | 0.26   | 1.67   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.331 | 1.037 | 4.555 | 0.076  | 0.096  | 0.000 | 0.214 | 0.173  | 16.289 |

| Problem 102 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | B      | F(-1) | C     | F      | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size        | 169     | 252   | 145   | 241   | 1798   | 343    | 0     | 1909  | 31     | 290    |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.49  | 0.86  | 1.43  | 10.64  | 2.03   | 0.00  | 11.30 | 0.18   | 1.72   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.398 | 0.742 | 3.431 | 0.131  | 0.251  | 0.000 | 0.203 | 0.181  | 16.408 |

| Problem 103 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy  | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C      | C     | F      | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD    | TBD    |
| size        | 121     | 175   | 105   | 154   | 823    | 166    | 2054   | 1281  | 29     | 203    |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.45  | 0.87  | 1.27  | 6.80   | 1.37   | 16.98  | 10.59 | 0.24   | 1.68   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.337 | 1.158 | 1.402 | 0.074  | 0.089  | 25.309 | 0.220 | 0.182  | 15.449 |

| Problem 104 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce   | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | A     | B      | A      | C     | C     | <b>F</b> | B     |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD      | TBD   |
| size        | 127     | 183   | 155   | 144   | 813    | 142    | 1579  | 1271  | 23       | 191   |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.44  | 1.22  | 1.13  | 6.40   | 1.12   | 12.43 | 10.01 | 0.18     | 1.50  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.354 | 0.417 | 0.918 | 0.076  | 0.091  | 3.818 | 0.200 | 0.189    | 0.002 |

| Problem 105 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 179     | 198   | 249   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 29       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.11  | 1.39  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.16     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.514 | 1.438 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.202    | 0.000        |

| Problem 106 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 210     | 264   | 192   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 29       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.26  | 0.91  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.14     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.582 | 0.983 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.191    | 0.000        |

| Problem 107 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 174     | 212   | 173   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 23       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.22  | 0.99  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.13     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.411 | 1.068 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.165    | 0.000        |

| Problem 108 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 181     | 200   | 251   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 29       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.10  | 1.39  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.16     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.520 | 1.171 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.174    | 0.000        |

| Problem 109 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 163     | 179   | 134   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 27       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.10  | 0.82  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.17     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.463 | 4.524 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.189    | 0.000        |

| Problem 110 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 90      | 90    | 70    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 21       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.00  | 0.78  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.23     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.265 | 0.112 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.172    | 0.000        |

| Problem 111 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 84      | 84    | 84    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 21       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.00  | 1.00  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.25     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.209 | 0.008 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.173    | 0.000        |

| Problem 112 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | B     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 83      | 228   | 110   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 27     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 2.75  | 1.33  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.33   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.610 | 2.094 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.190  | 0.000 |

| Problem 113 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 219     | 173   | 212   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.79  | 0.97  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.13   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.466 | 0.792 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.178  | 0.000 |

| Problem 114 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F(-1) | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 280     | 218   | 443   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.78  | 1.58  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.10   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.641 | 5.318 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.175  | 0.000 |

| Problem 115 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 207     | 261   | 247   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.26  | 1.19  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.14   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.571 | 0.826 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.166  | 0.000 |

| Problem 116 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 112     | 150   | 106   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 23       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.34  | 0.95  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.21     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.336 | 1.055 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.169    | 0.000        |

| Problem 117 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 132     | 175   | 113   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 27       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.33  | 0.86  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.426 | 0.421 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.171    | 0.000        |

| Problem 118 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 84      | 80    | 80    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 23       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.95  | 0.95  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.27     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.208 | 0.009 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.167    | 0.000        |

| Problem 119 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 215     | 177   | 211   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 29       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.82  | 0.98  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.13     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.433 | 0.787 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.188    | 0.000        |

| Problem 120 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | B     | B     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 82      | 470   | 215   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 31       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 5.73  | 2.62  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.38     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 1.007 | 0.866 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.179    | 0.000        |

| Problem 121 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 327     | 351   | 327   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 31       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.07  | 1.00  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.09     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.714 | 2.642 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.191    | 0.000        |

| Problem 122 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 171     | 218   | 175   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 23       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.27  | 1.02  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.13     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.415 | 0.868 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.174    | 0.000        |

| Problem 123 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 196     | 265   | 169   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 29       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.35  | 0.86  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.15     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.554 | 1.461 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.172    | 0.000        |



| Problem 124 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 132     | 179   | 241   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.36  | 1.83  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.22   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.430 | 1.278 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.174  | 0.000 |

| Problem 125 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F     | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 84      | 154   | 112   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 23     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.83  | 1.33  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.27   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.330 | 0.166 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.168  | 0.000 |

| Problem 126 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F(-1) | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 276     | 222   | 443   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 29     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.80  | 1.61  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.11   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.619 | 5.751 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.190  | 0.000 |

| Problem 127 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy | Giac  | Reduce | Mupad |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | F     | F      | F      | F(-1) | F     | F      | F(-1) |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD   | TBD   | TBD    | TBD   |
| size        | 346     | 349   | 291   | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0     | 31     | 0     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.01  | 0.84  | 0.00  | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.09   | 0.00  |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.695 | 2.978 | 0.000 | 0.000  | 0.000  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.174  | 0.000 |

| Problem 128 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | B     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 83      | 732   | 155   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 31       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 8.82  | 1.87  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.37     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 1.436 | 2.811 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.193    | 0.000        |

| Problem 129 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima       | Fricas | Sympy  | Giac    | Reduce | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | C     | <b>F(-2)</b> | A      | C      | B       | B      | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD          | TBD    | TBD    | TBD     | TBD    | TBD    |
| size        | 74      | 99    | 66    | 122   | 0            | 77     | 512    | 155744  | 52     | 91     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.34  | 0.89  | 1.65  | 0.00         | 1.04   | 6.92   | 2104.65 | 0.70   | 1.23   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.270 | 0.451 | 0.409 | 0.000        | 0.086  | 13.583 | 5.664   | 0.178  | 15.776 |

| Problem 130 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA   | Maple | Maxima   | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|----------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------------|----------|----------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | A      | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | Yes   | Yes   | TBD      | TBD    | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD    |
| size        | 44      | 0        | 44    | 41    | 0        | 43     | 0            | 0        | 33       | 42     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.00  | 0.93  | 0.00     | 0.98   | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.75     | 0.95   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 1.732 | 0.573 | 0.000    | 0.075  | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.185    | 14.717 |

| Problem 131 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 106     | 106   | 209   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 25       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.00  | 1.97  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.24     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.267 | 0.743 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.181    | 0.000        |

| Problem 132 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple | Maxima       | Fricas | Sympy  | Giac   | Reduce | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | C     | <b>F(-2)</b> | A      | C      | B      | B      | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | TBD          | TBD    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD    | TBD    |
| size        | 72      | 98    | 72    | 121   | 0            | 81     | 476    | 24760  | 51     | 91     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.36  | 1.00  | 1.68  | 0.00         | 1.12   | 6.61   | 343.89 | 0.71   | 1.26   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.265 | 0.409 | 0.398 | 0.000        | 0.084  | 12.777 | 1.322  | 0.176  | 15.977 |

| Problem 133 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA   | Maple | Maxima | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|----------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------------|----------|----------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A     | A     | A      | A      | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | Yes   | Yes   | TBD    | TBD    | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD    |
| size        | 44      | 0        | 44    | 41    | 28     | 43     | 0            | 0        | 115      | 42     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.00  | 0.93  | 0.64   | 0.98   | 0.00         | 0.00     | 2.61     | 0.95   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.944 | 0.561 | 0.140  | 0.072  | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.244    | 16.131 |

| Problem 134 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 109     | 109   | 111   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 25       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.00  | 1.02  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.23     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.269 | 0.069 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.194    | 0.000        |

| Problem 135 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 140     | 115   | 95    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 25       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.82  | 0.68  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.18     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.332 | 0.798 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.172    | 0.000        |

| Problem 136 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA   | Maple | Maxima   | Fricas | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad  |
|-------------|---------|----------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------------|----------|----------|--------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | A      | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | B      |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | Yes   | Yes   | TBD      | TBD    | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD    |
| size        | 44      | 0        | 44    | 41    | 0        | 43     | 0            | 0        | 33       | 94     |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.00  | 0.93  | 0.00     | 0.98   | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.75     | 2.14   |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 1.100 | 0.724 | 0.000    | 0.071  | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.595    | 18.053 |

| Problem 137 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 138     | 113   | 93    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 25       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.82  | 0.67  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.18     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.334 | 0.769 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.183    | 0.000        |

| Problem 138 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA    | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A      | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | Yes    | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 136     | 0        | 119    | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 123      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.88   | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.90     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 10.628 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.182    | 0.000        |

| Problem 139 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 268     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.12     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.177    | 0.000        |

| Problem 140 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 263     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.13     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.185    | 0.000        |

| Problem 141 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 132     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.25     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.186    | 0.000        |

| Problem 142 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA       | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>A</b>  | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>No</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 224     | 0        | 260       | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.16      | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.15     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 3.045     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.178    | 0.000        |

| Problem 143 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA        | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>A</b>   | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>Yes</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 119     | 0        | 131        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.10       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.28     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 2.205      | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.177    | 0.000        |

| Problem 144 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA       | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A         | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>No</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 117     | 0        | 125       | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.07      | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.28     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 3.244     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.187    | 0.000        |

| Problem 145 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 144     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 109      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.76     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.202    | 0.000        |

| Problem 146 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 119     | 0        | 127   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 149      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.07  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 1.25     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 3.020 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.221    | 0.000        |

| Problem 147 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA       | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A         | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>No</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 222     | 0        | 222       | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 147      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.00      | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.66     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 4.543     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.224    | 0.000        |

| Problem 148 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 158     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 110      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.70     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.216    | 0.000        |

| Problem 149 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA       | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A         | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>No</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 117     | 0        | 122       | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 33       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.04      | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.28     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 2.589     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.184    | 0.000        |

| Problem 150 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 138     | 137   | 136   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 113      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.99  | 0.99  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.82     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.588 | 0.078 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.180    | 0.000        |

| Problem 151 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA       | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A         | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>No</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 129     | 0        | 212       | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.64      | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.28     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 13.211    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.199    | 0.000        |

| Problem 152 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 117     | 158   | 126   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.35  | 1.08  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.26     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.666 | 0.123 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.175    | 0.000        |

| Problem 153 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 138     | 137   | 136   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 111      | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.99  | 0.99  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.80     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.564 | 0.066 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.206    | 0.000        |

| Problem 154 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA       | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | A         | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | <b>No</b> | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 129     | 0        | 210       | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 1.63      | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.28     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 13.158    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.215    | 0.000        |

| Problem 155 | Optimal | Rubi  | MMA   | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | A     | A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | Yes   | Yes   | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 117     | 156   | 126   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 1.33  | 1.08  | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.26     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.638 | 0.104 | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.199    | 0.000        |



| Problem 156 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 170     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.18     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.197    | 0.000        |

| Problem 157 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 178     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 32       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.18     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 200.029  | 0.000        |

| Problem 158 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 186     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 30       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.16     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.194    | 0.000        |

| Problem 159 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 171     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.21     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.188    | 0.000        |

| Problem 160 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 173     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.21     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.174    | 0.000        |

| Problem 161 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 181     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.183    | 0.000        |

| Problem 162 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 185     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.19     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.179    | 0.000        |

| Problem 163 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 170     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.21     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.197    | 0.000        |

| Problem 164 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 178     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.168    | 0.000        |

| Problem 165 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 180     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.173    | 0.000        |

| Problem 166 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 188     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.19     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.171    | 0.000        |

| Problem 167 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 176     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.173    | 0.000        |

| Problem 168 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy        | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 184     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0            | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00         | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000        | 0.000    | 0.178    | 0.000        |

| Problem 169 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 178     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.20     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.193    | 0.000        |

| Problem 170 | Optimal | Rubi     | MMA      | Maple    | Maxima   | Fricas   | Sympy    | Giac     | Reduce   | Mupad        |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| grade       | N/A     | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F</b> | <b>F(-1)</b> |
| verified    | N/A     | N/A      | N/A      | N/A      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD      | TBD          |
| size        | 186     | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 36       | 0            |
| N.S.        | 1       | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.00     | 0.19     | 0.00         |
| time (sec)  | N/A     | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.000    | 0.166    | 0.000        |

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [45] had the largest ratio of [.200000000000000011]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

| #  | grade | number of steps used | number of unique rules | normalized antiderivative leaf size | integrand leaf size | $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$ |
|----|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.08                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 2  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.97                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 3  | A     | 3                    | 3                      | 1.16                                | 23                  | 0.130   |
| 4  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.93                                | 17                  | 0.118   |
| 5  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.08                                | 17                  | 0.118   |
| 6  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 23                  | 0.087   |
| 7  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 8  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.04                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 9  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.90                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 10 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.01                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 11 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.93                                | 19                  | 0.105   |
| 12 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 23                  | 0.087   |
| 13 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.86                                | 19                  | 0.105   |
| 14 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 15 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.08                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 16 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.98                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 17 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.08                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 18 | A     | 3                    | 3                      | 1.06                                | 19                  | 0.158   |
| 19 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.12                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 20 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 21 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.93                                | 19                  | 0.105   |

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

| #                      | grade | number of steps used | number of unique rules | normalized antiderivative leaf size | integrand leaf size | $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$ |
|------------------------|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 22                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.12                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 23                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 23                  | 0.087   |
| 24                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.06                                | 17                  | 0.118   |
| 25                     | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.00                                | 17                  | 0.059   |
| 26                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.75                                | 23                  | 0.087   |
| 27                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.58                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 28                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.47                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 29                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 30                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.86                                | 19                  | 0.105   |
| 31                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 23                  | 0.087   |
| 32                     | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.14                                | 19                  | 0.053   |
| 33                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.55                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 34                     | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 2.81                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 35                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.49                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 36                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.94                                | 19                  | 0.105   |
| 37                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 38                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 39                     | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.38                                | 19                  | 0.053   |
| 40                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.48                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 41                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.50                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 42                     | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 3.28                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 43                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.99                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 44                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.92                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 45                     | A     | 5                    | 5                      | 1.02                                | 25                  | 0.200   |
| 46                     | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 0.87                                | 19                  | 0.053   |
| 47                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 19                  | 0.105   |
| 48                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 49                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.10                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 50                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 51                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.88                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 52                     | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.98                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 53                     | A     | 3                    | 3                      | 0.84                                | 21                  | 0.143   |
| Continued on next page |       |                      |                        |                                     |                     |   |

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

| #  | grade | number of steps used | number of unique rules | normalized antiderivative leaf size | integrand leaf size | $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$ |
|----|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 54 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.05                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 55 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.91                                | 21                  | 0.095   |
| 56 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 57 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.99                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 58 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.93                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 59 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.99                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 60 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.99                                | 21                  | 0.095   |
| 61 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 62 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 63 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.02                                | 21                  | 0.095   |
| 64 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 65 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.04                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 66 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 19                  | 0.105   |
| 67 | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.12                                | 19                  | 0.053   |
| 68 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 3.19                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 69 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.26                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 70 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 71 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 72 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.91                                | 21                  | 0.095   |
| 73 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 25                  | 0.080   |
| 74 | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.73                                | 21                  | 0.048   |
| 75 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.27                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 76 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 2.87                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 77 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.62                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 78 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.02                                | 21                  | 0.095   |
| 79 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 80 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.11                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 81 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.05                                | 21                  | 0.095   |
| 82 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 27                  | 0.074   |
| 83 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.41                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 84 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 5.05                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 85 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 2.23                                | 29                  | 0.069   |

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

| #   | grade | number of steps used | number of unique rules | normalized antiderivative leaf size | integrand leaf size | $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$ |
|-----|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 86  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.28                                | 29                  | 0.069   |
| 87  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.45                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 88  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.50                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 89  | A     | 3                    | 3                      | 1.45                                | 22                  | 0.136   |
| 90  | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.53                                | 16                  | 0.062   |
| 91  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 16                  | 0.125   |
| 92  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.30                                | 22                  | 0.091   |
| 93  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.33                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 94  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.47                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 95  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.34                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 96  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.47                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 97  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.28                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 98  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.10                                | 22                  | 0.091   |
| 99  | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.30                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 100 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.33                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 101 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.45                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 102 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.49                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 103 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.45                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 104 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.44                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 105 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.11                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 106 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.26                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 107 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.22                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 108 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.10                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 109 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.10                                | 22                  | 0.091   |
| 110 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 16                  | 0.125   |
| 111 | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 1.00                                | 16                  | 0.062   |
| 112 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 2.75                                | 22                  | 0.091   |
| 113 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.79                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 114 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.78                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 115 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.26                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 116 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.34                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 117 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.33                                | 22                  | 0.091   |

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

| #   | grade | number of steps used | number of unique rules | normalized antiderivative leaf size | integrand leaf size | $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$ |
|-----|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 118 | A     | 1                    | 1                      | 0.95                                | 18                  | 0.056   |
| 119 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.82                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 120 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 5.73                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 121 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.07                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 122 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.27                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 123 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.35                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 124 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.36                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 125 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.83                                | 18                  | 0.111   |
| 126 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 0.80                                | 24                  | 0.083   |
| 127 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.01                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 128 | B     | 2                    | 2                      | 8.82                                | 26                  | 0.077   |
| 129 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.34                                | 34                  | 0.059   |
| 130 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 131 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 34                  | 0.059   |
| 132 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.36                                | 34                  | 0.059   |
| 133 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 134 | A     | 2                    | 2                      | 1.00                                | 34                  | 0.059   |
| 135 | A     | 3                    | 3                      | 0.82                                | 34                  | 0.088   |
| 136 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 137 | A     | 3                    | 3                      | 0.82                                | 34                  | 0.088   |
| 138 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 139 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 140 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 141 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 142 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 143 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 144 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 145 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 146 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 147 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 148 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

| #   | grade | number of steps used | number of unique rules | normalized antiderivative leaf size | integrand leaf size | $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$ |
|-----|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 149 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 150 | A     | 4                    | 4                      | 0.99                                | 30                  | 0.133   |
| 151 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 152 | A     | 4                    | 4                      | 1.35                                | 30                  | 0.133   |
| 153 | A     | 4                    | 4                      | 0.99                                | 30                  | 0.133   |
| 154 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 155 | A     | 4                    | 4                      | 1.33                                | 30                  | 0.133   |
| 156 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 157 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 158 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 159 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 160 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 161 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 162 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 163 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 164 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 165 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 166 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 167 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 168 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 169 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |
| 170 | F     | 0                    | 0                      | N/A                                 | 0.000               | N/A   |

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

|      |   |     |
|------|---|-----|
| 3.1  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$   | 87  |
| 3.2  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$   | 93  |
| 3.3  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$     | 99  |
| 3.4  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx$                | 105 |
| 3.5  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx$                | 110 |
| 3.6  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$     | 116 |
| 3.7  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx$   | 122 |
| 3.8  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$ | 128 |
| 3.9  | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$ | 135 |
| 3.10 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$   | 141 |
| 3.11 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx$              | 147 |
| 3.12 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$     | 153 |
| 3.13 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx$              | 159 |
| 3.14 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$   | 165 |
| 3.15 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$ | 171 |
| 3.16 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$ | 177 |
| 3.17 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$   | 184 |
| 3.18 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$              | 190 |
| 3.19 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$   | 196 |
| 3.20 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx$   | 202 |
| 3.21 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx$              | 208 |
| 3.22 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$   | 214 |
| 3.23 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$     | 220 |
| 3.24 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx$                | 226 |
| 3.25 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx$                | 232 |
| 3.26 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$     | 237 |
| 3.27 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$   | 243 |

|      |  |     |
|------|--|-----|
| 3.28 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$      | 249 |
| 3.29 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$      | 255 |
| 3.30 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d+bx) dx$                 | 261 |
| 3.31 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$        | 267 |
| 3.32 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$                 | 273 |
| 3.33 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$      | 279 |
| 3.34 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$    | 285 |
| 3.35 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$    | 292 |
| 3.36 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx$                 | 298 |
| 3.37 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$      | 304 |
| 3.38 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$      | 310 |
| 3.39 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx$                 | 317 |
| 3.40 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$      | 323 |
| 3.41 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$    | 329 |
| 3.42 | $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$    | 335 |
| 3.43 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$   | 342 |
| 3.44 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$   | 348 |
| 3.45 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$     | 355 |
| 3.46 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx$                | 361 |
| 3.47 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) dx$                | 366 |
| 3.48 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$     | 371 |
| 3.49 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx$   | 378 |
| 3.50 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$ | 384 |
| 3.51 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$ | 391 |
| 3.52 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$   | 397 |
| 3.53 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx$              | 403 |
| 3.54 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$     | 409 |
| 3.55 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx$              | 415 |
| 3.56 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$   | 421 |
| 3.57 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$ | 427 |
| 3.58 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$ | 433 |
| 3.59 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$   | 440 |
| 3.60 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$              | 446 |
| 3.61 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$   | 452 |
| 3.62 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx$   | 458 |
| 3.63 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx$              | 464 |
| 3.64 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$   | 470 |
| 3.65 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$     | 476 |
| 3.66 | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d+bx) dx$                | 482 |

|       |  |     |
|-------|--|-----|
| 3.67  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx$                | 487 |
| 3.68  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$     | 493 |
| 3.69  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$   | 498 |
| 3.70  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$   | 504 |
| 3.71  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$   | 510 |
| 3.72  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d+bx) dx$              | 516 |
| 3.73  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$     | 522 |
| 3.74  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$              | 528 |
| 3.75  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$   | 534 |
| 3.76  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$ | 540 |
| 3.77  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$ | 546 |
| 3.78  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d+bx) dx$              | 553 |
| 3.79  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$   | 559 |
| 3.80  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$   | 566 |
| 3.81  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx$              | 573 |
| 3.82  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$   | 580 |
| 3.83  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$ | 586 |
| 3.84  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$ | 593 |
| 3.85  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$ | 599 |
| 3.86  | $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$ | 607 |
| 3.87  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$    | 615 |
| 3.88  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$    | 623 |
| 3.89  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$      | 631 |
| 3.90  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx$                 | 638 |
| 3.91  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx$                 | 644 |
| 3.92  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$      | 649 |
| 3.93  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx$    | 654 |
| 3.94  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$  | 659 |
| 3.95  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$  | 667 |
| 3.96  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$    | 675 |
| 3.97  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx$               | 683 |
| 3.98  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$      | 691 |
| 3.99  | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx$               | 697 |
| 3.100 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$    | 703 |
| 3.101 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$  | 709 |
| 3.102 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$  | 716 |
| 3.103 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$    | 724 |
| 3.104 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx$               | 732 |
| 3.105 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$    | 740 |

|       |   |     |
|-------|---|-----|
| 3.106 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx$                 | 746 |
| 3.107 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx$                            | 752 |
| 3.108 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$                 | 758 |
| 3.109 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$                   | 764 |
| 3.110 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx$                              | 770 |
| 3.111 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx$                              | 775 |
| 3.112 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$                   | 780 |
| 3.113 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$                 | 785 |
| 3.114 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$                 | 791 |
| 3.115 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$                 | 797 |
| 3.116 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx$                            | 803 |
| 3.117 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$                   | 809 |
| 3.118 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx$                            | 814 |
| 3.119 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$                 | 819 |
| 3.120 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$               | 825 |
| 3.121 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$               | 832 |
| 3.122 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx$                            | 838 |
| 3.123 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$                 | 844 |
| 3.124 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$                 | 850 |
| 3.125 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx$                            | 855 |
| 3.126 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx$                 | 860 |
| 3.127 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx$               | 866 |
| 3.128 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx$               | 872 |
| 3.129 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$ | 879 |
| 3.130 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$ | 886 |
| 3.131 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$ | 891 |
| 3.132 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$ | 896 |
| 3.133 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$ | 903 |
| 3.134 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$ | 908 |
| 3.135 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$ | 913 |
| 3.136 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx$ | 919 |
| 3.137 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$ | 924 |
| 3.138 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$ | 930 |
| 3.139 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$ | 935 |
| 3.140 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$ | 941 |
| 3.141 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$ | 947 |
| 3.142 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$ | 952 |
| 3.143 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$ | 958 |
| 3.144 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$ | 963 |

|       |   |      |
|-------|---|------|
| 3.145 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$ | 968  |
| 3.146 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$ | 973  |
| 3.147 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$ | 978  |
| 3.148 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$ | 984  |
| 3.149 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx$ | 989  |
| 3.150 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx$       | 994  |
| 3.151 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1000 |
| 3.152 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1005 |
| 3.153 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1011 |
| 3.154 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1017 |
| 3.155 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1022 |
| 3.156 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1028 |
| 3.157 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1034 |
| 3.158 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1039 |
| 3.159 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1045 |
| 3.160 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1050 |
| 3.161 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1055 |
| 3.162 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1060 |
| 3.163 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1065 |
| 3.164 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1070 |
| 3.165 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1075 |
| 3.166 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1080 |
| 3.167 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1085 |
| 3.168 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1090 |
| 3.169 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$       | 1095 |
| 3.170 | $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$       | 1100 |

### 3.1 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |    |
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{8b} + \frac{e^{a-id-3i(d+bx)}}{48b} - \frac{e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{24b} + \frac{e^{a-id+5i(d+bx)}}{80b}$$

output

$-1/8*\exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b+1/48*\exp(a-I*d-3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/24*\exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/80*\exp(a-I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-ibx}((3 + e^{4ibx}) \cos(2d) + i(-3 + e^{4ibx}) \sin(2d))}{24b} + \frac{e^{a-3ibx}((5 + 3e^{8ibx}) \cos(4d) + i(-5 + 3e^{8ibx}) \sin(4d))}{240b}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]^3,x]$



output

$$\frac{-1/24*(E^{(a - I*b*x)}*((3 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Cos[2*d] + I*(-3 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Sin[2*d]))/b + (E^{(a - (3*I)*b*x)}*((5 + 3*E^{((8*I)*b*x)})*Cos[4*d] + I*(-5 + 3*E^{((8*I)*b*x)})*Sin[4*d]))/(240*b)}{1}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^3(bx + d) \cos(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx + 2d) - \frac{1}{8} e^{a+ibx} \sin(4bx + 4d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx + 2d)}{12b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(4bx + 4d)}{120b} - \frac{e^{a+ibx} \cos(2bx + 2d)}{6b} + \frac{e^{a+ibx} \cos(4bx + 4d)}{30b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/6*(E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[2*d + 2*b*x])/b + (E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[4*d + 4*b*x])/b + ((I/12)*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Sin[2*d + 2*b*x])/b - ((I/120)*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Sin[4*d + 4*b*x])/b}{1}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

| method       | result  |
|--------------|---|
| parallelrisc | $\frac{4e^{ibx+a} \left( 6i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4 + 2i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) - 2 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}{15b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^4}$   |
| default      | $\frac{e^{ibx+a} \cos(4bx+4d)}{30b} - \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(4bx+4d)}{120b} - \frac{e^{ibx+a} \cos(2bx+2d)}{6b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(2bx+2d)}{12b}$   |
| norman       | $\frac{4e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{b} - \frac{4e^{ibx+a}}{15b} - \frac{8e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{15b} + \frac{8ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{15b} + \frac{8ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{5b}$<br>$\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^4$ |
| orering      | $\frac{4ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3}{5b} - \frac{14 \left( ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 - e^{ibx+a} b \sin(bx+d)^4 + 3e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d) \right)}{45b^2}$   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/15*exp(a+I*b*x)*(6*I*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3+15*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4+2*I*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)-2*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2-1)/b/(1+tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2)^4`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3e^{(8ibx+a+7id)} - 10e^{(6ibx+a+5id)} - 30e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + 5e^{(a-id)})e^{(-3ibx-3id)}}{240b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/240*(3*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 10*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - 30*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 5*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-3*I*b*x - 3*I*d)/b`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(9216b^3e^ae^{10id}e^{5ibx} - 30720b^3e^ae^{8id}e^{3ibx} - 92160b^3e^ae^{4id}e^{-ibx} + 15360b^3e^ae^{2id}e^{-3ibx})e^{-6id}}{737280b^4} & \text{for } b^4e^{6id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(ie^ae^{8id} - 2ie^ae^{6id} + 2ie^ae^{2id} - ie^a)e^{-4id}}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise(((9216*b**3*exp(a)*exp(10*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 30720*b**3*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 92160*b**3*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(-I*b*x) + 15360*b**3*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(-3*I*b*x))*exp(-6*I*d)/(737280*b**4), Ne(b**4*exp(6*I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d) - 2*I*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-4*I*d)/16, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos(5bx+4d) e^a + 5 \cos(3bx+4d) e^a - 10 \cos(3bx+2d) e^a - 30 \cos(bx+2d) e^a + 3i e^a \sin(5bx+4d) - 5i e^a \sin(3bx+4d) - 10i e^a \sin(3bx+2d) + 30i e^a \sin(bx+2d)}{240b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/240*(3*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 5*cos(3*b*x + 4*d)*e^a - 10*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - 30*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 3*I*e^a*sin(5*b*x + 4*d) - 5*I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 4*d) - 10*I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 30*I*e^a*sin(b*x + 2*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 (e^{(5i bx+4i d)} - e^{(-5i bx-4i d)}) e^a - 5 (e^{(3i bx+4i d)} - e^{(-3i bx-4i d)}) e^a - 10 (e^{(3i bx+2i d)} - e^{(-3i bx-2i d)}) e^a + 30 (e^{(i bx+2i d)} - e^{(-i bx-2i d)}) e^a + 10 \cos(3bx+4d) e^a - 60 \cos(bx+2d) e^a - 20 \cos(-3bx-2d) e^a + 6 \cos(-5bx-4d) e^a}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/480*(3*(e^(5*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-5*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^a - 5*(e^(3*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^a - 10*(e^(3*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a + 30*(e^(I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a + 10*cos(3*b*x + 4*d)*e^a - 60*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a - 20*cos(-3*b*x - 2*d)*e^a + 6*cos(-5*b*x - 4*d)*e^a)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^a (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) 1i)}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) 1i)}{24b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^a (\cos(3bx) - \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) 1i)}{48b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^a (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) 1i)}{80b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x)^3,x)`output `(exp(a)*(cos(3*b*x) - sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d)*1i))/(48*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i))/(24*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i))/(8*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i))/(80*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.2 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |    |
|---|----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 93 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 93 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 94 |
| Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .                      | 95 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 96 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 96 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 97 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 97 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 98 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 98 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{a-id-2i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{ie^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{16b} + \frac{ie^{a-id+4i(d+bx)}}{32b} + \frac{1}{8}e^{a-id}x$$

output

```
-1/16*I*exp(a-I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/16*I*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/32*I*exp(a-I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/8*exp(a-I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(2((-ie^{2ibx} + 2bx) \cos(d) + (e^{2ibx} - 2ibx) \sin(d)) + e^{-2ibx}(i(-2 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) - (2 + e^{6ibx}) \sin(3d))}{32b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{a*(2*((-I)*E^{(2*I)*b*x}) + 2*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d] + (E^{(2*I)*b*x} - (2*I)*b*x)*\text{Sin}[d]) + (I*(-2 + E^{(6*I)*b*x}))*\text{Cos}[3*d] - (2 + E^{(6*I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[3*d])/E^{(2*I)*b*x}}{(32*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(bx+d) \cos(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{a+ibx} \cos(bx+d) - \frac{1}{4} e^{a+ibx} \cos(3bx+3d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{16b} - \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \sin(3bx+3d)}{32b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos(3bx+3d)}{32b} + \frac{1}{8} x e^{a-id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]^2, x}]$$

output

$$\frac{((-1/16*I)*E^{(a + I*d + (2*I)*b*x)})/b + (E^{(a - I*d)*x})/8 - ((I/32)*E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[3*d + 3*b*x]})/b - (3*E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Sin}[3*d + 3*b*x]})/(32*b)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs.  $2(74) = 148$ .

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

| method  | result   |
|---------|--|
| norman  | $\frac{3e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{b} + \frac{x e^{ibx+a}}{8} + \frac{x e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{8} - \frac{x e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{8} - \frac{x e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^6}{8} - \frac{i x e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{4} - \frac{i x e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{4}$ |
| orering | $-\frac{(-4bx+i)e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2}{4b} + \frac{i(bx+i) \left( i b e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 - e^{ibx+a} b \sin(bx+d)^3 + 2 e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \right)}{4b^2}$  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(3/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3+1/8*x*exp(a+I*b*x)+1/8*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2-1/8*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4-1/8*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^6-1/4*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)-1/2*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3-1/4*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^5+1/8*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)-1/8*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^6+5/8*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2-5/8*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4)/(1+tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2)^3`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4bx e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} + i e^{(6i bx+a+5i d)} - 2i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - 2i e^{(a-i d)}) e^{(-2i bx-2i d)}}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/32*(4*b*x*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + I*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*I*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-2*I*b*x - 2*I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^a e^{-id}}{8} + \begin{cases} \frac{(256ib^2 e^a e^{6id} e^{4ibx} - 512ib^2 e^a e^{4id} e^{2ibx} - 512ib^2 e^a e^{-2ibx}) e^{-3id}}{8192b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{3id} \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(-e^a e^{6id} + e^a e^{4id} + e^a e^{2id} - e^a) e^{-3id}}{8} - \frac{e^a e^{-id}}{8} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)**2,x)`output `x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/8 + Piecewise(((256*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 512*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 512*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-2*I*b*x))*exp(-3*I*d)/(8192*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(3*I*d), 0)), (x*((-exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) + exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - exp(a))*exp(-3*I*d)/8 - exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/8), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(b \cos(d) e^a - i b e^a \sin(d))x + i \cos(4bx+3d) e^a - 2i \cos(2bx+3d) e^a - 2i \cos(2bx+d) e^a - e^a \sin(4bx+3d) - 2e^a \sin(2bx+3d) + 2e^a \sin(2bx+d)}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(4*(b*cos(d)*e^a - I*b*e^a*sin(d))*x + I*cos(4*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 2*I*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 2*I*cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a - e^a*sin(4*b*x + 3*d) - 2*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(bx+d) \cos(d) e^a - 8i(bx+d) e^a \sin(d) + i(e^{(4i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-4i bx-3i d)}) e^a - 2i(e^{(2i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-2i bx-3i d)}) e^a - 2e^a \sin(4bx+3d) - 2e^a \sin(2bx+3d) + 2e^a \sin(2bx+d)}{64}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(8*(b*x + d)*cos(d)*e^a - 8*I*(b*x + d)*e^a*sin(d) + I*(e^(4*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-4*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 2*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 2*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - I*d))*e^a - 4*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 4*e^a*sin(-2*b*x - d) + 2*e^a*sin(-4*b*x - 3*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^a (\cos(d) - \sin(d) i)}{8} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) i)}{16b} + \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) i)}{32b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) + \sin(2bx) i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) i)}{16b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*i)*sin(d + b*x)^2,x)`output `(x*exp(a)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*i))/8 - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*i)*i)/(16*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*i)*i)/(32*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) + sin(2*b*x)*i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*i)*i)/(16*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{bix+a} (\cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 i + \cos(bx+d) bx + 3 \sin(bx+d)^3 - \sin(bx+d) bix - \sin(bx+d))}{8b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x)`output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + cos(b*x + d)*b*x + 3*sin(b*x + d)**3 - sin(b*x + d)*b*i*x - sin(b*x + d)))/(8*b)`

### 3.3 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 99  |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 99  |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 100 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 101 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 102 |
| Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)  | 102 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 103 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 103 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 104 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 104 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{12b}$$

output

```
-1/4*exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-1/12*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-ibx} ((3 + e^{4ibx}) \cos(2d) + i(-3 + e^{4ibx}) \sin(2d))}{12b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(E^(a - I*b*x)*((3 + E^((4*I)*b*x))*Cos[2*d] + I*(-3 + E^((4*I)*b*x))*Sin[2*d]))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {4972, 27, 4932}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx + d) \cos(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \frac{1}{2} e^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx + 2d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+ibx} \sin(2d + 2bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4932$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx + 2d)}{3b} - \frac{2e^{a+ibx} \cos(2bx + 2d)}{3b} \right)$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x],x]`

output `((-2*E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[2*d + 2*b*x])/(3*b) + ((I/3)*E^(a + I*b*x)*Sin[2*d + 2*b*x])/b)/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 4932

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :=
Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x
] - Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; F
reeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]
```

rule 4972

```
Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)),
Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

| method        | result   | size |
|---------------|--|------|
| default       | $-\frac{e^{ibx+a} \cos(2bx+2d)}{3b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(2bx+2d)}{6b}$  | 47   |
| parallelrisch | $\frac{2e^{ibx+a} \left( 2i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) + 3 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}{3b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^2}$   | 56   |
| norman        | $\frac{\frac{2e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{b} - \frac{2e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{3b} - \frac{4ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{3b}}{\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^2}$ | 91   |
| orering       | $\frac{2ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)}{3b} - \frac{ib e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) - e^{ibx+a} b \sin(bx+d)^2 + e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 b}{3b^2}$   | 95   |

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(2*b*x+2*d)+1/6*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(2*b*x+2*d)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{(e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 3e^{(a-id)})e^{(-ibx-id)}}{12b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 3*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(-4be^a e^{4id} e^{3ibx} - 12be^a e^{-ibx})e^{-2id}}{48b^2} & \text{for } b^2 e^{2id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-ie^a e^{4id} + ie^a)e^{-2id}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((((-4*b*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 12*b*exp(a)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-2*I*d)/(48*b**2), Ne(b**2*exp(2*I*d), 0)), (x*(-I*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + I*exp(a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{(2b \cos(2bx+2d) - ib \sin(2bx+2d))e^{(ibx+a)}}{6b^2}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(2*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*b*sin(2*b*x + 2*d))*e^(I*b*x + a)/b^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(3ibx+2id)} - e^{(-3ibx-2id)})e^a - 3(e^{(ibx+2id)} - e^{(-ibx-2id)})e^a + 6 \cos(bx+2d)e^a + 2 \cos(-3bx-2d)e^a}{24b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*((e^(3*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a - 3*(e^(I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a + 6*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 2*cos(-3*b*x - 2*d)*e^a)/b`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^a (3e^{-d2i-bx1i} + e^{d2i+bx3i})}{12b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x),x)`output `-(exp(a)*(3*exp(- d*2i - b*x*1i) + exp(d*2i + b*x*3i)))/(12*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{bx+a} (-\cos(bx+d)^2 + \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) i + \sin(bx+d)^2)}{3b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(- cos(b*x + d)**2 + cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i + sin(b*x + d)**2))/(3*b)`

### 3.4 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 105 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 105 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 106 |
| Maple [B] (verified)                      | 107 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 107 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 108 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 108 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 108 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 109 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 109 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{4b} + \frac{1}{2}e^{a-id}x$$

output

```
-1/4*I*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/2*exp(a-I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a((-ie^{2ibx} + 2bx) \cos(d) + (e^{2ibx} - 2ibx) \sin(d))}{4b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(E^a*((( -I)*E^((2*I)*b*x) + 2*b*x)*Cos[d] + (E^((2*I)*b*x) - (2*I)*b*x)*Sin[d]))/(4*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {4976, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4976$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{2} e^{a+2ibx+id} + \frac{1}{2} e^{a-id} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x e^{a-id} - \frac{i e^{a+2ibx+id}}{4b}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x],x]`

output `((-1/4*I)*E^(a + I*d + (2*I)*b*x))/b + (E^(a - I*d)*x)/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4976 `Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

| method      | result   | size |
|-------------|--|------|
| orering     | $-\frac{(-2bx+i)e^{ibx+a}\cos(bx+d)}{2b} + \frac{ix(ib e^{ibx+a}\cos(bx+d) - e^{ibx+a}b\sin(bx+d))}{2b}$   | 71   |
| parallelsch | $-\frac{e^{ibx+a}\left(\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2xb+2i\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)xb-bx-2\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)\right)}{2b\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2\right)}$                                | 73   |
| norman      | $\frac{\frac{e^{ibx+a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)}{b} + x\frac{e^{ibx+a}}{2} - \frac{x e^{ibx+a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{2} - ix e^{ibx+a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)}{1+\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2}$ | 93   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-2*b*x+I)/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)+1/2*I/b*x*(I*b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)-exp(a+I*b*x)*b*sin(b*x+d))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{a+ibx}\cos(d+bx)dx = \frac{2bxe^{(a-id)} - ie^{(2ibx+a+id)}}{4b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*b*x*e^(a - I*d) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{xe^ae^{-id}}{2} + \begin{cases} -\frac{ie^ae^{id}e^{2ibx}}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x\left(\frac{(e^ae^{2id}+e^a)e^{-id}}{2} - \frac{e^ae^{-id}}{2}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d), x)`

output `x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2 + Piecewise((-I*exp(a)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(4*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*((exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) + exp(a))*exp(-I*d)/2 - exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} xe^{(a-id)} - \frac{ie^{(2ibx+a+id)}}{4b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x*e^(a - I*d) - 1/4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{4(bx+d)\cos(d)e^a - 4i(bx+d)e^a\sin(d) - i(e^{(2ibx+id)} + e^{(-2ibx-id)})e^a - 2e^a\sin(-2bx-d)}{8b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(4*(b*x + d)*cos(d)*e^a - 4*I*(b*x + d)*e^a*sin(d) - I*(e^(2*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - I*d))*e^a - 2*e^a*sin(-2*b*x - d))/b`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^a (2x \cos(d) - x \sin(d) 2i)}{4} - \frac{e^a (-\sin(d+2bx) + \cos(d+2bx) 1i)}{4b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)`

output `(exp(a)*(2*x*cos(d) - x*sin(d)*2i))/4 - (exp(a)*(cos(d + 2*b*x)*1i - sin(d + 2*b*x)))/(4*b)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{bx+a} (\cos(bx+d) bx - \cos(bx+d) i - \sin(bx+d) bx)}{2b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x)`

output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(cos(b*x + d)*b*x - cos(b*x + d)*i - sin(b*x + d)*b*i*x))/(2*b)`

### 3.5 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 110 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 110 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 111 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 112 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 112 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 113 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 113 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 114 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 114 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 115 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-2*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^a (e^{ibx} - 2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d)))) (\cos(d) - i \sin(d))}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(E^a*(E^(I*b*x) - 2*ArcTanh[E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])]*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$-i \int \left( \frac{2e^{a+ibx}}{1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}} - e^{a+ibx} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-i \left( \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{b} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx+id})}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x],x]`

output `(-I)*((I*E^(a + I*b*x))/b - ((2*I)*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*d + I*b*x)]/b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} - \frac{2e^a e^{-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 36   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b-2*exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}}e^{(a-id)} \log\left(b\sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}}e^{(a-id)} + e^{(ibx+a)}\right) - b\sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}}e^{(a-id)} \log\left(-b\sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}}e^{(a-id)} + e^{(ibx+a)}\right) - e^{(ibx+a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d)*log(b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d) + e^(I*b*x + a)) - b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d)*log(-b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d) + e^(I*b*x + a)) - e^(I*b*x + a))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ ixe^a & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + \frac{(\log(e^{ibx} - e^{-id}) - \log(e^{ibx} + e^{-id})) e^a e^{-id}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `Piecewise((exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (I*x*exp(a), True)) + (log(exp(I*b*x) - exp(-I*d)) - log(exp(I*b*x) + exp(-I*d)))*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(i \cos(d) e^a + e^a \sin(d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) + \sin(d), \cos(bx) - \cos(d)) + 2(-i \cos(d) e^a - e^a \sin(d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) - \sin(d), \cos(bx) + \cos(d)) + 2 \cos(bx) e^a - (\cos(d) e^a - I e^a \sin(d)) \log(\cos(bx)^2 + 2 \cos(bx) \cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(bx)^2 - 2 \sin(bx) \sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) + (\cos(d) e^a - I e^a \sin(d)) \log(\cos(bx)^2 - 2 \cos(bx) \cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(bx)^2 + 2 \sin(bx) \sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) + 2 I e^a \sin(bx)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 2*cos(b*x)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 2*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{(a-id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - e^{(a-id)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - e^{(ibx+a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(e^(a - I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(a - I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(I*b*x + a))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a+bx1i}}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx1i} 2i - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx1i} 2i + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(cot(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)`output `exp(a + b*x*1i)/b - (exp(2*a - d*2i)^(1/2)*log(- exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i))/b + (exp(2*a - d*2i)^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i - exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i))/b`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cot(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.6 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d + bx) \csc(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 116 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 116 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 117 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 118 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 118 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 119 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 119 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 120 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 120 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 121 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d + bx) \csc(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+I*exp(a-I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d + bx) \csc(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(\cos(d) - i \sin(d)) \left( -i \cos(d) (-4 + (-1 + e^{2ibx}) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) + (4 + (1 + e^{2ibx}) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) \right)}{2b((-1 + e^{2ibx}) \csc(d + bx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(E^a*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d]))*(-I)*Cos[d]*(-4 + (-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Log[
1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) - 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]]) + (4 + (1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*
Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) - 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]])*Sin[d] + 2*ArcTan[(1 +
E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d]]/(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*((-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d]
+ I*(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]))/(b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] + I*(1
+ E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2e^{a+2ibx+id}}{1 - e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4e^{a+2ibx+id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
((2*I)*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (I*E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 -
E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{2ie^ae^{2ibx}e^{id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^b} + \frac{ie^ae^{-id} \ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 59   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*I/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b*exp(a)*exp(2*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)+I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ie^{2ibx+a+id} - ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{2ibx+2id} - 1) - 2ie^{(a-id)}}{be^{2ibx+2id} - b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*I*e^(a - I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d), x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs.  $2(50) = 100$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.15

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(2*(I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 4*e^a)/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*I*b*cos(d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*b*sin(d))`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{i e^{(2i bx+a+id)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2id)} - 1) - i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2id)} - 1) - 2i e^{(a-id)}}{b(e^{(2i bx+2id)} - 1)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*I*e^(a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{3a-d3i} 2i}{b (e^{2a-d2i} - e^{2a+bx2i})} + \frac{e^{a-d1i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 1i}{b}$$

input `int((cot(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i))/sin(d + b*x),x)`

output `(exp(3*a - d*3i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) - exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) + (exp(a - d*1i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*1i)/b`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.7 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d + bx) \csc^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 122 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 122 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 123 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 124 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 124 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 125 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 125 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 126 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 127 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 127 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d + bx) \csc^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{2e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{3e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-3*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d + bx) \csc^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id} \left( -2e^{i(d+bx)} + 6e^{3i(d+bx)} - (-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) + (-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 + e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{2b(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(a - I*d)*(-2*E^{(I*(d + b*x))} + 6*E^{((3*I)*(d + b*x))} - (-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)))})^2 * \text{Log}[1 - E^{(I*(d + b*x))}] + (-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2 * \text{Log}[1 + E^{(I*(d + b*x))}])}{(2*b*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(bx+d) \csc^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{4ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{3e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*E^{(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x))})}{(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2)} - \frac{(3*E^{(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x))})}{(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})} + \frac{(E^{(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}])}{b}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{3e^ae^{3ibx}e^{2id}-e^ae^{ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{e^ae^{-id}\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 66   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(3*exp(a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))+exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} + e^{(a-i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) - (e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} + e^{(a-i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - 1)}{2(b e^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*((e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log
(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - (e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)
+ e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 2*e
^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \cot(bx+d) \csc^2(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 632 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*
b*x + 4*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d)
))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*
sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
+ cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(I*cos(d)
*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin
(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 12*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - 4*I*cos(b*x)*e^a - (
(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin
(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*cos(d)*e^a + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b
*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - e^a*sin(d))*l
og(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin
(d) + sin(d)^2) - ((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(I*cos
(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^
a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d)
) + e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2
+ 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 12*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 4*e^a*sin(b*x
)))/(-4*I*b*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 8*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + 4*b*sin(4*b*x + 4*d)
) - 8*b*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 4*I*b)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 6e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 3e^{(a-id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + e^{(4ibx+a+3id)}}{4ib \cos(4bx+4d) + 8ib \cos(2bx+2d) + 4b \sin(4bx+4d) - 8b \sin(2bx+2d) - 4ib}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*(3*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*e^(a - I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d)
+ I) + e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x
+ a + I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^(a - I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d)
- I) - 3*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 6*e^(2*I*b*
x + a + I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*e^(a - I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x +
I*d) + I) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*e^(2*
I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(a - I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x
+ I*d) - I) + 12*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 4*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*
x + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+bx) e^{a+bx1i}}{\sin(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((cot(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i))/sin(d + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((cot(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i))/sin(d + b*x)^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d)**2,x)
```



### 3.8 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 128 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 128 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 129 |
| Maple [B] (verified)                      | 130 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 131 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 132 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 132 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 133 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 133 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 134 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id-2i(d+bx)}}{64b} - \frac{e^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{32b} + \frac{e^{a-id-4i(d+bx)}}{128b} - \frac{e^{a-id+4i(d+bx)}}{128b} + \frac{e^{a-id+6i(d+bx)}}{192b} + \frac{1}{16}ie^{a-id}x$$

output

```
-1/64*exp(a-I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/32*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/128*exp(a-I*d-4*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/128*exp(a-I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/192*exp(a-I*d+6*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/16*I*exp(a-I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(-12((e^{2ibx} - 2ibx) \cos(d) + i(e^{2ibx} + 2ibx) \sin(d)) - 3e^{-2ibx}((2 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) + i(-2 + e^{6ibx}) \sin(3d)))}{384b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^a(-12*(E^{(2I)*b*x}) - (2I)*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d] + I*(E^{(2I)*b*x}) + (2I)*b*x)*\text{Sin}[d]) - (3*((2 + E^{(6I)*b*x}))*\text{Cos}[3*d] + I*(-2 + E^{(6I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[3*d])}{E^{(2I)*b*x}} + \frac{((3 + 2E^{(10I)*b*x}))*\text{Cos}[5*d] + I*(-3 + 2E^{(10I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[5*d]}{E^{(4I)*b*x}}}{(384*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^3(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4972

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) + \frac{1}{16} e^{a+ibx} \sin(3bx+3d) - \frac{1}{16} e^{a+ibx} \sin(5bx+5d) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{e^{a+2ibx+id}}{32b} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(3bx+3d)}{128b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(5bx+5d)}{384b} - \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \cos(3bx+3d)}{128b} + \frac{5e^{a+ibx} \cos(5bx+5d)}{384b} + \frac{1}{16} ix e^{a-id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]^2*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]^3, x]$$

output

$$-1/32 * E^{(a + I*d + (2*I)*b*x)}/b + (I/16) * E^{(a - I*d)*x} - (3 * E^{(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Cos}[3*d + 3*b*x]) / (128*b) + (5 * E^{(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Cos}[5*d + 5*b*x]) / (384*b) + (I/128) * E^{(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Sin}[3*d + 3*b*x] / b - ((I/384) * E^{(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Sin}[5*d + 5*b*x]) / b$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 785 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 3.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

| method  | result   |
|---------|--|
| orering | $-\frac{(-6bx+i)e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^3}{6b} + \frac{i(8bx+15i) \left( ib e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^3 - 2 e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^4 b + 3 e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^5 \right)}{48b^2}$ |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/6*(-6*b*x+I)/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3+1/48*I*(8*b*x+15*
I)/b^2*(I*b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3-2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+
d)*sin(b*x+d)^4*b+3*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2*b)-5/96*(-6*b*x
+I)/b^3*(-18*b^2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3-4*I*b^2*exp(a+I*b*
x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^4+6*I*b^2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2+
2*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^2*sin(b*x+d)^5+6*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)*b^2
)+1/192*I*(10*b*x+3*I)/b^4*(-52*I*b^3*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)
^3+50*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^4*cos(b*x+d)*b^3-84*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^
2*cos(b*x+d)^3*b^3+6*I*b^3*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^5+18*I*b^3*exp(a+I*b*x)
*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)+6*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5*b^3)-1/384*(-6*b*x+I)
/b^5*(504*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^3*cos(b*x+d)^2*b^4+184*I*b^4*exp(a+I*b*x)
)*sin(b*x+d)^4*cos(b*x+d)-312*I*b^4*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2
+24*I*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5*b^4-56*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^5*b^4-216*exp
(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*cos(b*x+d)^4*b^4)+1/384*I/b^5*x*(-240*I*b^5*exp(a+I
*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^5+2688*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*cos(b*x+d)^3*b^5-1472*exp
(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^4*cos(b*x+d)*b^5+2176*I*b^5*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^
2*sin(b*x+d)^3-960*I*b^5*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*cos(b*x+d)^4-240*b^5*exp(
a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(24i b x e^{(4i b x + a + 3i d)} + 2 e^{(10i b x + a + 9i d)} - 3 e^{(8i b x + a + 7i d)} - 12 e^{(6i b x + a + 5i d)} - 6 e^{(2i b x + a + i d)} + 3 e^{(a - i d)}) e^{(-4i d)}}{384 b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/384*(24*I*b*x*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*e^(10*I*b*x + a + 9*I*d) - 3*e
^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 12*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - 6*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I
*d) + 3*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-4*I*b*x - 4*I*d)/b
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{ixe^a e^{-id}}{16} + \left\{ \frac{(33554432b^4 e^a e^{13id} e^{6ibx} - 50331648b^4 e^a e^{11id} e^{4ibx} - 201326592b^4 e^a e^{9id} e^{2ibx} - 100663296b^4 e^a e^{5id} e^{-2ibx} + 50331648b^4 e^a e^{3id} e^{-4ibx}) e^{-8id}}{6442450944b^5} \right. \\ \left. + x \left( \frac{(ie^a e^{10id} - ie^a e^{8id} - 2ie^a e^{6id} + 2ie^a e^{4id} + ie^a e^{2id} - ie^a) e^{-5id}}{32} - \frac{ie^a e^{-id}}{16} \right) \right\}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*sin(b*x+d)**3,x)`output `I*x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/16 + Piecewise(((33554432*b**4*exp(a)*exp(13*I*d)*exp(6*I*b*x) - 50331648*b**4*exp(a)*exp(11*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 201326592*b**4*exp(a)*exp(9*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 100663296*b**4*exp(a)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(-2*I*b*x) + 50331648*b**4*exp(a)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(-4*I*b*x))*exp(-8*I*d)/(6442450944*b**5), Ne(b**5*exp(8*I*d), 0)), (x*((I*exp(a)*exp(10*I*d) - I*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d) - 2*I*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*I*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-5*I*d)/32 - I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/16), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{24(-ib \cos(d) e^a - be^a \sin(d))x - 2 \cos(6bx + 5d) e^a - 3 \cos(4bx + 5d) e^a + 3 \cos(4bx + 3d) e^a - 6 \cos(2bx + 3d) e^a + 12 \cos(2bx + d) e^a - 2Ie^a \sin(6bx + 5d) + 3Ie^a \sin(4bx + 5d) + 3Ie^a \sin(4bx + 3d) - 6Ie^a \sin(2bx + 3d) + 12Ie^a \sin(2bx + d)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/384*(24*(-I*b*cos(d)*e^a - b*e^a*sin(d))*x - 2*cos(6*b*x + 5*d)*e^a - 3*cos(4*b*x + 5*d)*e^a + 3*cos(4*b*x + 3*d)*e^a + 6*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a + 12*cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a - 2*I*e^a*sin(6*b*x + 5*d) + 3*I*e^a*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 3*I*e^a*sin(4*b*x + 3*d) - 6*I*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 12*I*e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs.  $2(85) = 170$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{-48i(bx+d)\cos(d)e^a - 48(bx+d)e^a\sin(d) - 2(e^{(6ibx+5id)} - e^{(-6ibx-5id)})e^a + 3(e^{(4ibx+5id)} - e^{(-4ibx-5id)})e^a}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/768*(-48*I*(b*x + d)*cos(d)*e^a - 48*(b*x + d)*e^a*sin(d) - 2*(e^(6*I*b*x + 5*I*d) - e^(-6*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^a + 3*(e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^a + 3*(e^(4*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 6*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-2*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a + 12*(e^(2*I*b*x + I*d) - e^(-2*I*b*x - I*d))*e^a - 6*cos(4*b*x + 5*d)*e^a + 12*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a + 24*cos(-2*b*x - d)*e^a + 6*cos(-4*b*x - 3*d)*e^a - 4*cos(-6*b*x - 5*d)*e^a)/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{x e^a (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li} 1) \operatorname{li} 1}{16} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) \operatorname{li} 1) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li} 1)}{64b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) \operatorname{li} 1) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li} 1)}{128b} + \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) - \sin(4bx) \operatorname{li} 1) (\cos(5d) - \sin(5d) \operatorname{li} 1)}{128b} + \frac{e^a (\cos(6bx) + \sin(6bx) \operatorname{li} 1) (\cos(5d) + \sin(5d) \operatorname{li} 1)}{192b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) + \sin(2bx) \operatorname{li} 1) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li} 1)}{32b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x)^3,x)`

output `(x*exp(a)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i)*1i)/16 - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(64*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i))/(128*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) - sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) - sin(5*d)*1i))/(128*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(6*b*x) + sin(6*b*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) + sin(5*d)*1i))/(192*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) + sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i))/(32*b)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos^2(bx + d)^2 \sin^3(bx + d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.9 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 135 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 135 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 136 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 137 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 137 |
| Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 138 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 138 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 139 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 139 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 140 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{ie^{a-id-3i(d+bx)}}{48b} + \frac{ie^{a-id+5i(d+bx)}}{80b}$$

output

$$-1/8*I*\exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/48*I*\exp(a-I*d-3*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/80*I*\exp(a-I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-4id-3ibx} (-5 - 30e^{4i(d+bx)} + 3e^{8i(d+bx)})}{240b}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output

$$((I/240)*E^(a - (4*I)*d - (3*I)*b*x)*(-5 - 30*E^((4*I)*(d + b*x)) + 3*E^((8*I)*(d + b*x))))/b$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{a+ibx} - \frac{1}{8} e^{a+ibx} \cos(4bx+4d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{a+ibx} \sin(4bx+4d)}{30b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos(4bx+4d)}{120b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{8b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
((-1/8*I)*E^(a + I*b*x))/b - ((I/120)*E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[4*d + 4*b*x])/b - (E^(a + I*b*x)*Sin[4*d + 4*b*x])/(30*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 4972

```
Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

| method      | result   |
|-------------|--|
| default     | $-\frac{ie^{ibx+a}}{8b} - \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \cos(4bx+4d)}{120b} - \frac{e^{ibx+a} \sin(4bx+4d)}{30b}$   |
| parallelsch | $-\frac{4e^{ibx+a} \left( 10 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5 + 5i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4 - 4 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 + 2i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + 2 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) + i \right)}{15b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^4}$   |
| norman      | $-\frac{4ie^{ibx+a}}{15b} - \frac{8ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{15b} - \frac{4ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{3b} - \frac{8e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{3b} - \frac{8e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{15b} + \frac{16e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{15b}$<br>$\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^4$ |
| orering     | $-\frac{13ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^2}{15b} - \frac{ib e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^2 - 2e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 b + 2e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)}{5b^2}$  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/8*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)-1/120*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(4*b*x+4*d)-1/30/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(4*b*x+4*d)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3i e^{(8i bx+a+7i d)} - 30i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - 5i e^{(a-i d)}) e^{(-3i bx-3i d)}}{240 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/240*(3*I*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 30*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 5*I*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-3*I*b*x - 3*I*d)/b`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(384ib^2e^ae^{8id}e^{5ibx} - 3840ib^2e^ae^{4id}e^{ibx} - 640ib^2e^ae^{-3ibx})e^{-4id}}{30720b^3} & \text{for } b^3e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-e^ae^{8id} + 2e^ae^{4id} - e^a)e^{-4id}}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*sin(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((384*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 3840*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) - 640*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-3*I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(30720*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*(-exp(a)*exp(8*I*d) + 2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) - exp(a))*exp(-4*I*d)/16, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-3i \cos(5bx+4d)e^a + 5i \cos(3bx+4d)e^a + 30i \cos(bx)e^a + 3e^a \sin(5bx+4d) + 5e^a \sin(3bx+4d) - 30e^a \sin(bx)}{240b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/240*(-3*I*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 5*I*cos(3*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 30*I*cos(b*x)*e^a + 3*e^a*sin(5*b*x + 4*d) + 5*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 4*d) - 30*e^a*sin(b*x))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-3i(e^{5ibx+4id} + e^{(-5ibx-4id)})e^a + 5i(e^{3ibx+4id} + e^{(-3ibx-4id)})e^a + 30i(e^{ibx} + e^{(-ibx)})e^a + 10e^a \sin(3bx+4d) - 60e^a \sin(bx) - 6e^a \sin(-5bx-4d)}{480b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/480*(-3*I*(e^(5*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + e^(-5*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^a + 5*I*(e^(3*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + e^(-3*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^a + 30*I*(e^(I*b*x) + e^(-I*b*x))*e^a + 10*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 4*d) - 60*e^a*sin(b*x) - 6*e^a*sin(-5*b*x - 4*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{bx} e^a}{8b} - \frac{e^{-d} e^{-bx} e^a}{48b} + \frac{e^{d} e^{bx} e^a}{80b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*I)*sin(d + b*x)^2,x)`

output `(exp(d*I)*exp(b*x*5i)*exp(a)*1i)/(80*b) - (exp(-d*I)*exp(-b*x*3i)*exp(a)*1i)/(48*b) - (exp(b*x*I)*exp(a)*1i)/(8*b)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{bix+a} (4 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 - 2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) - 2 \cos(bx+d) i - \sin(bx+d)^4 i + \sin(bx+d)^2 i - 2 \sin(bx+d) i)}{15b}$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(e**(a + b*i*x)*(4*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**3 - 2*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 2*cos(b*x + d)*i - sin(b*x + d)**4*i + sin(b*x + d)**2*i - 2*sin(b*x + d) - 2*i))/(15*b)
```

### 3.10 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 141 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 141 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 142 |
| Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .                      | 143 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 144 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 144 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 145 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 145 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 146 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 146 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id-2i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{e^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{e^{a-id+4i(d+bx)}}{32b} + \frac{1}{8}ie^{a-id}x$$

output

```
-1/16*exp(a-I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/16*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/32*exp(a-I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/8*I*exp(a-I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(-2e^{2ibx} \cos(d) + 4ibx \cos(d) - 2ie^{2ibx} \sin(d) + 4bx \sin(d) - e^{-2ibx}((2 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) + i(-2 + e^{6ibx})))}{32b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^a(-2E^{(2I)b*x})*\text{Cos}[d] + (4I)b*x*\text{Cos}[d] - (2I)*E^{(2I)b*x}*\text{Sin}[d] + 4b*x*\text{Sin}[d] - ((2 + E^{(6I)b*x}))*\text{Cos}[3*d] + I*(-2 + E^{(6I)b*x}))*\text{Sin}[3*d])/E^{(2I)b*x}}{(32*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) + \frac{1}{4} e^{a+ibx} \sin(3bx+3d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{a+2ibx+id}}{16b} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(3bx+3d)}{32b} - \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \cos(3bx+3d)}{32b} + \frac{1}{8} ixe^{a-id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]^2*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$-1/16 * E^{(a + I*d + (2*I)*b*x)}/b + (I/8) * E^{(a - I*d)*x} - (3 * E^{(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Cos}[3*d + 3*b*x]) / (32*b) + ((I/32) * E^{(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Sin}[3*d + 3*b*x]) / b$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

| method  | result  |
|---------|---|
| norman  | $\frac{-\frac{i e^{i b x+a} \tan\left(\frac{b x}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{b} + \frac{x e^{i b x+a} \tan\left(\frac{b x}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{x e^{i b x+a} \tan\left(\frac{b x}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{2} + \frac{x e^{i b x+a} \tan\left(\frac{b x}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{4} + \frac{i x e^{i b x+a}}{8} + \frac{i x e^{i b x+a} \tan\left(\frac{b x}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{8} - i}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{b x}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)\right)^2}$ |
| orering | $-\frac{(-4 b x+i) e^{i b x+a} \cos(b x+d)^2 \sin(b x+d)}{4 b} + \frac{i(b x+i)\left(i b e^{i b x+a} \cos(b x+d)^2 \sin(b x+d)-2 e^{i b x+a} \cos(b x+d) \sin(b x+d)^2 b+e^{i b x+a} \cos(b x+d)\right)}{4 b^2}$  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3+1/4*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)+1/2*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3+1/4*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^5+1/8*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)+1/8*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2-1/8*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4-1/8*I*x*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^6-1/8*exp(a+I*b*x)/b+11/8/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2-11/8/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4+1/8/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^6)/(1+tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2)^3`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4i b x e^{(2i b x+a+i d)} - e^{(6i b x+a+5i d)} - 2 e^{(4i b x+a+3i d)} - 2 e^{(a-i d)}) e^{(-2i b x-2i d)}}{32 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/32*(4*I*b*x*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-2*I*b*x - 2*I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i x e^a e^{-i d}}{8} + \begin{cases} \frac{(-256 b^2 e^a e^{6i d} e^{4i b x} - 512 b^2 e^a e^{4i d} e^{2i b x} - 512 b^2 e^a e^{-2i b x}) e^{-3i d}}{8192 b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{3i d} \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(-i e^a e^{6i d} - i e^a e^{4i d} + i e^a e^{2i d} + i e^a) e^{-3i d}}{8} - \frac{i e^a e^{-i d}}{8} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `I*x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/8 + Piecewise((( -256*b**2*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 512*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 512*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-2*I*b*x))*exp(-3*I*d)/(8192*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(3*I*d), 0)), (x*((-I*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) - I*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) + I*exp(a))*exp(-3*I*d)/8 - I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/8), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(i b \cos(d) e^a + b e^a \sin(d))x - \cos(4bx + 3d) e^a - 2 \cos(2bx + 3d) e^a - 2 \cos(2bx + d) e^a - i e^a \sin(4bx + 3d) + 2i e^a \sin(2bx + d)}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(4*(I*b*cos(d)*e^a + b*e^a*sin(d))*x - cos(4*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 2*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 2*cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(4*b*x + 3*d) + 2*I*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*I*e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{-8i(bx+d)\cos(d)e^a - 8(bx+d)e^a\sin(d) + (e^{(4ibx+3id)} - e^{(-4ibx-3id)})e^a - 2(e^{(2ibx+3id)} - e^{(-2ibx-3id)})e^a + 2(e^{(2ibx+id)} - e^{(-2ibx-id)})e^a + 4\cos(2bx+3d)e^a + 4\cos(-2bx-d)e^a + 2\cos(-4bx-3d)e^a}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/64*(-8*I*(b*x + d)*cos(d)*e^a - 8*(b*x + d)*e^a*sin(d) + (e^(4*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 2*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-2*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a + 2*(e^(2*I*b*x + I*d) - e^(-2*I*b*x - I*d))*e^a + 4*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a + 4*cos(-2*b*x - d)*e^a + 2*cos(-4*b*x - 3*d)*e^a)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^a (\cos(d) - \sin(d) 1i) 1i}{8} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) 1i)}{16b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) 1i)}{32b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) + \sin(2bx) 1i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) 1i)}{16b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x),x)`output `(x*exp(a)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i)*1i)/8 - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(16*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i))/(32*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) + sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i))/(16*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.11 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 147 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 147 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 148 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 149 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 149 |
| Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)  | 150 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 150 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 151 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 151 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 152 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{2b} - \frac{ie^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{12b}$$

output

```
1/4*I*exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-1/2*I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/12*I*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-ibx} (-6ie^{2ibx} - i(-3 + e^{4ibx}) \cos(2d) + (3 + e^{4ibx}) \sin(2d))}{12b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(E^(a - I*b*x)*((-6*I)*E^((2*I)*b*x) - I*(-3 + E^((4*I)*b*x))*Cos[2*d] + (3 + E^((4*I)*b*x))*Sin[2*d]))/(12*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4935, 2624}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int e^{a+ibx} dx + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos^2(bx+d)}{3b} + \frac{2e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos(bx+d)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 2624$$

$$\frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos^2(bx+d)}{3b} + \frac{2e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos(bx+d)}{3b} - \frac{2ie^{a+ibx}}{3b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(((-2*I)/3)*E^(a + I*b*x))/b + ((I/3)*E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2)/b + (2
 *E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x])/(3*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2624

```
Int[((F_)^(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(F^v)^n/(n*Log[F]*D[v, x]), x] /;
FreeQ[{F, n}, x] && LinearQ[v, x]
```

rule 4935

```
Int[Cos[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Lo
g[F]^2)), x] + (Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)
/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^
2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F
, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

| method       | result   |
|--------------|--|
| default      | $-\frac{ie^{ibx+a}}{2b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \cos(2bx+2d)}{6b} + \frac{\sin(2bx+2d)e^{ibx+a}}{3b}$   |
| parallelrisc | $-\frac{2e^{ibx+a} \left( 3i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 + i - \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) \right)}{3b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^2}$  |
| norman       | $-\frac{2ie^{ibx+a}}{3b} - \frac{2ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{b} - \frac{2e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{b} + \frac{2e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{3b}$<br>$\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^2$ |
| orering      | $-\frac{ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2}{3b} - \frac{ib e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 - 2e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)b \sin(bx+d)}{b^2} - \frac{i(-3b^2 e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 - 4ib^2 e^{ibx+a}}$  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)+1/6*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(2*b*x+2*d)+1/3*sin(2*b*x+2*d)*exp(a+I*b*x)/b`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(-i e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - 6i e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + 3i e^{(a-id)}) e^{(-ibx-id)}}{12b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 6*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 3*I*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(-8ib^2 e^a e^{4id} e^{3ibx} - 48ib^2 e^a e^{2id} e^{ibx} + 24ib^2 e^a e^{-ibx}) e^{-2id}}{96b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{2id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(e^a e^{4id} + 2e^a e^{2id} + e^a) e^{-2id}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((((-8*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 48*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) + 24*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-2*I*d)/(96*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(2*I*d), 0)), (x*(exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + 2*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) + exp(a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-i \cos(3bx+2d) e^a + 3i \cos(bx+2d) e^a - 6i \cos(bx) e^a + e^a \sin(3bx+2d) + 3e^a \sin(bx+2d) + 6e^a \sin(bx)}{12b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(-I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 3*I*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a - 6*I*cos(b*x)*e^a + e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 3*e^a*sin(b*x + 2*d) + 6*e^a*sin(b*x))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{i(e^{3ibx+2id} + e^{-3ibx-2id})e^a - 3i(e^{ibx+2id} + e^{-ibx-2id})e^a + 6i(e^{ibx} + e^{-ibx})e^a - 6e^a \sin(bx + d)}{24b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*(I*(e^(3*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + e^(-3*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a - 3*I*(e^(I*b*x + 2*I*d) + e^(-I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a + 6*I*(e^(I*b*x) + e^(-I*b*x))*e^a - 6*e^a*sin(b*x + 2*d) - 12*e^a*sin(b*x) + 2*e^a*sin(-3*b*x - 2*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a+bx1i} (\cos(2d+2bx) 1i + 2 \sin(2d+2bx) - 3i)}{6b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)`

output `(exp(a + b*x*1i)*(cos(2*d + 2*b*x)*1i + 2*sin(2*d + 2*b*x) - 3i))/(6*b)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{bix+a} (2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) + 2 \cos(bx+d) i - \sin(bx+d)^2 i + 2 \sin(bx+d) - i)}{3b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(2*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) + 2*cos(b*x + d)*i - sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 2*sin(b*x + d) - i))/(3*b)`

### 3.12 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 153 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 153 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 154 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 155 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 155 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 156 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 156 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 157 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 157 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 158 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{1}{2}ie^{a-id}x + \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
1/4*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/2*I*exp(a-I*d)*x+exp(a-I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a \left( \cos(d) (e^{2ibx} - 2ibx + 2 \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) + i(e^{2ibx} + 2ibx - 2 \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) \right)}{4b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]*Cot[d + b*x], x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (E^a \cdot (\cos[d] \cdot (E^{(2I)bx} - (2I)bx + 2\log[1 + E^{(4I)bx}] - 2E^{(2I)bx} \cdot \cos[2d])) + I \cdot (E^{(2I)bx} + (2I)bx - 2\log[1 + E^{(4I)bx}] - 2E^{(2I)bx} \cdot \cos[2d])) \cdot \sin[d] + 4 \cdot \text{ArcTan}[(1 + E^{(2I)bx}) \cdot \tan[d]] / (-1 + E^{(2I)bx})) \cdot (I \cdot \cos[d] + \sin[d])) / (4b) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{a+ibx} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4974 \\ & \int \left( \frac{1}{2} i e^{a+2i(bx+d)-id} + \frac{2i e^{a-id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} + \frac{3}{2} i e^{a-id} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{e^{a+2i(bx+d)-id}}{4b} + \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{1}{2} i x e^{a-id} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^a \cdot (I \cdot b \cdot x) \cdot \cos[d + b \cdot x] \cdot \cot[d + b \cdot x], x]$$

output

$$E^{a - I \cdot d + (2I) \cdot (d + b \cdot x)} / (4 \cdot b) - (I/2) \cdot E^{a - I \cdot d} \cdot x + (E^{a - I \cdot d} \cdot \log[1 - E^{(2I) \cdot (d + b \cdot x)}]) / b$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx \\ &= \frac{-2i b x e^{(a-id)} + 4 e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) + e^{(2i bx+a+id)}}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(-2*I*b*x*e^(a - I*d) + 4*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = -\frac{ixe^a e^{-id}}{2} + \begin{cases} \frac{e^a e^{id} e^{2ibx}}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(ie^a e^{2id} - ie^a) e^{-id}}{2} + \frac{ie^a e^{-id}}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \\ + \frac{e^a e^{-id} \log(e^{2ibx} - e^{-2id})}{b} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
-I*x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2 + Piecewise((exp(a)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(4*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*((I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-I*d)/2 + I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2), True)) + exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) - exp(-2*I*d))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(-ib \cos(d) e^a - be^a \sin(d))x + 4(i \cos(d) e^a + e^a \sin(d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) + \sin(d), \cos(bx) - \cos(d))}{2}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(2*(-I*b*cos(d)*e^a - b*e^a*sin(d))*x + 4*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*
arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 4*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(
d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a + 2
*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2
+ sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(
d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x
)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + I*e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(ibx + id)e^{(a-id)} - 4e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - e^{(2ibx+a+id)}}{4b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*(I*b*x + I*d)*e^(a - I*d) - 4*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
- 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d))/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = -\frac{x e^{-d1i} e^a 1i}{2} + \frac{e^{-d1i} e^a \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i})}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{d1i} e^{bx2i} e^a}{4b}$$

input

```
int(cos(d + b*x)*cot(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)
```

output

```
(exp(-d*1i)*exp(a)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)))/b - (x
*exp(-d*1i)*exp(a)*1i)/2 + (exp(d*1i)*exp(b*x*2i)*exp(a))/(4*b)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*cot(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.13 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 159 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 159 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 160 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 161 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 161 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 162 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 162 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 163 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 164 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 164 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(-e^{ibx}((-3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + i(3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)) + 2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d))))(e^{2ibx} - \cos^2(d))}{ib(-1 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) - b(1 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]
```



output

```
(E^a*(-(E^(I*b*x)*((-3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] + I*(3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d])) + 2*ArcTanh[E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])]*(E^((2*I)*b*x) - Cos[d]^2 + Sin[d]^2 + I*Sin[2*d])))/(I*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] - b*(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$-\int \left( e^{a+ibx} - \frac{4e^{a+ibx}}{1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \frac{4e^{a+ibx}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{a+ibx}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(I*E^(a + I*b*x))/b + ((2*I)*E^(a + I*b*x))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((2*I)*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{ie^ae^{ibx}}{b} - \frac{2ie^ae^{ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^ae^{-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 66   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `I/b*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)-2*I*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs.  $2(59) = 118$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(-ibe^{(2ibx+2id)} + ib) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2} e^{(a-id)} \log\left(b \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2} e^{(a-id)} + e^{(ibx+a)}}\right) + (ibe^{(2ibx+2id)} - ib) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2} e^{(a-id)} \log\left(-b \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2} e^{(a-id)} + e^{(ibx+a)}}\right)}}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} - b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((-I*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + I*b)*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d)*log(b*sqrt(b^(-2)))*e^(a - I*d) + e^(I*b*x + a)) + (I*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - I*b)*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d)*log(-b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d) + e^(I*b*x + a)) + I*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 3*I*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ie^a e^{ibx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -xe^a & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2ie^a e^{ibx}}{be^{2id}e^{2ibx} - b} + \frac{e^a e^{-id} \text{RootSum}(z^2 + 1, (i \mapsto i \log(iie^{-id} + e^{ibx})))}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((I*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (-x*exp(a), True)) - 2*I*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/(b*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - b) + exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*RootSum(z**2 + 1, Lambda(_i, _i*log(_i*I*exp(-I*d) + exp(I*b*x))))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 423 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*((-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a + (cos(d)
)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + si
n(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
- I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - e^a*sin(d)
))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) - 2*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a
+ 6*cos(b*x)*e^a + ((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) - cos(d)*
e^a - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*e^a*sin(d))*log(co
s(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) +
sin(d)^2) - ((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) - cos(d)*e^a +
(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^
2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)
^2) - 2*I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 6*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + 2*I*b)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs.  $2(59) = 118$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + i e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1)}{b(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(
I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - I*e
^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + I*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 3*I*e^(I
*b*x + a))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a+bx} \cot(d+bx)}{b} + \frac{e^{3a-d+2ibx} \cot(d+bx)}{b(e^{2a-d-2ib} - e^{2a+2ibx})} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2a-d-2ib}} \ln\left(2e^{3a-d-2ib} e^{ibx} \cot(d+bx) - e^{2a-d-2ib} \sqrt{-e^{2a-d-2ib}} \cot(d+bx)\right)}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2a-d-2ib}} \ln\left(2e^{3a-d-2ib} e^{ibx} \cot(d+bx) + e^{2a-d-2ib} \sqrt{-e^{2a-d-2ib}} \cot(d+bx)\right)}{b}$$

input `int(cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*I),x)`output `(exp(a + b*x*I)*I)/b + (exp(3*a - d*I + b*x*I)*I)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*I) - exp(2*a + b*x*I))) - ((-exp(2*a - d*I))^(1/2)*log(2*exp(3*a)*exp(-d*I)*exp(b*x*I) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I)*(-exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I))^(1/2)*I))/b + ((-exp(2*a - d*I))^(1/2)*log(2*exp(3*a)*exp(-d*I)*exp(b*x*I) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I)*(-exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I))^(1/2)*I))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{ibx} \cot^2(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*I*x)*cot(b*x + d)**2,x)`

### 3.14 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 165 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 165 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 166 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 167 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 167 |
| Sympy [F] . . . . .                                 | 168 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 168 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 169 |
| Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .                             | 170 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 170 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{4e^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-4*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-exp(a-I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id} \left( 2 - 4e^{2i(d+bx)} + (-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]^2*Csc[d + b*x], x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{E^{(a - I*d)}(2 - 4*E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} + (-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}])}{b*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{2ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{8ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4e^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Cot}[d + b*x]^2*\text{Csc}[d + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*E^{(a - I*d)})}{b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2} - \frac{(4*E^{(a - I*d)})}{b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})} - \frac{(E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}])}{b}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2e^ae^{4ibx}e^{3id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} - \frac{e^ae^{-id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 57   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*exp(a)*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)-exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - 2e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - 4e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + 2e^{(a-id)}}{be^{(4ibx+4id)} - 2be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```

-((e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(
(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 4*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 2*e^(a - I*d))/(b*e^(4*
I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \cot^2(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)**2*csc(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*cot(b*x + d)**2*csc(b*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 640 vs.  $2(74) = 148$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 640, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.88

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x +
5*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e
^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3
*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a
*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a -
I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x +
5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) -
sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 8*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - (I*cos(d)^2*e^a +
I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 2*(I*cos(
d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*
b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^
2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)
^2) - (I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4
*b*x + 5*d) - 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a
- I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*
x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*s
in(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 8*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 4*I*e^a/(-2*I*b*cos
(4*b*x + 5*d) + 4*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*I*b*cos(d) + 2*b*sin(4*b*x + 5*
d) - 4*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*b*sin(d))

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) - 2e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) + e^{(a-i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) - 4e^{(a-i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}{b(e^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-(e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a
+ I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
- 1) - 4*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 2*e^(a - I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) -
2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+bx)^2 e^{a+bx1i}}{\sin(d+bx)} dx$$

input `int((cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*1i))/sin(d + b*x),x)`

output `int((cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*1i))/sin(d + b*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cot(bx+d)^2 \csc(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)**2*csc(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.15 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 171 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 171 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 172 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 173 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 173 |
| Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)  | 174 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 174 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 175 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 175 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 176 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{3e^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{64b} - \frac{e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{64b} + \frac{e^{a-id-5i(d+bx)}}{320b} + \frac{e^{a-id+7i(d+bx)}}{448b}$$

output

```
-3/64*exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-1/64*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/320*exp(a-I*d-5*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/448*exp(a-I*d+7*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-6id-5ibx} (7 - 105e^{4i(d+bx)} - 35e^{8i(d+bx)} + 5e^{12i(d+bx)})}{2240b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(a - (6*I)*d - (5*I)*b*x)}*(7 - 105*E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x))} - 35*E^{((8*I)*(d + b*x))} + 5*E^{((12*I)*(d + b*x))}))/((2240*b))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^3(bx+d) \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{32} e^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx+2d) - \frac{1}{32} e^{a+ibx} \sin(6bx+6d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx+2d)}{32b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(6bx+6d)}{1120b} - \frac{e^{a+ibx} \cos(2bx+2d)}{16b} + \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \cos(6bx+6d)}{560b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1}{16} \frac{E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[2*d + 2*b*x]}{b} + \frac{3*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[6*d + 6*b*x]}{(560*b)} + \frac{((I/32)*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Sin[2*d + 2*b*x])}{b} - \frac{((I/1120)*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Sin[6*d + 6*b*x])}{b}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

| method       | result   |
|--------------|--|
| parallelrisc | $-\frac{e^{ibx+a}(70 \cos(2bx+2d)-6 \cos(6bx+6d)-35i \sin(2bx+2d)-64i \sin(bx+d)+i \sin(6bx+6d)+64 \cos(bx+d))}{1120b}$  |
| default      | $-\frac{e^{ibx+a} \cos(2bx+2d)}{16b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(2bx+2d)}{32b} + \frac{3e^{ibx+a} \cos(6bx+6d)}{560b} - \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(6bx+6d)}{1120b}$                         |
| orering      | $\frac{76ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)^3}{105b} - \frac{34(ib e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)^3 - 3e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^4 b + 3e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d))}{105b^2}$ |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/1120*exp(a+I*b*x)*(70*cos(2*b*x+2*d)-6*cos(6*b*x+6*d)-35*I*sin(2*b*x+2*d)-64*I*sin(b*x+d)+I*sin(6*b*x+6*d)+64*cos(b*x+d))/b`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(5e^{(12ibx+a+11id)} - 35e^{(8ibx+a+7id)} - 105e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 7e^{(a-id)})e^{(-5ibx-5id)}}{2240b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2240*(5*e^(12*I*b*x + a + 11*I*d) - 35*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 105*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 7*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-5*I*b*x - 5*I*d)/b
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(1310720b^3e^ae^{14id}e^{7ibx} - 9175040b^3e^ae^{10id}e^{3ibx} - 27525120b^3e^ae^{6id}e^{-ibx} + 1835008b^3e^ae^{2id}e^{-5ibx})e^{-8id}}{587202560b^4} & \text{for } b^4e^{8id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(ie^ae^{12id} - 3ie^ae^{8id} + 3ie^ae^{4id} - ie^a)e^{-6id}}{64} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3*sin(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((1310720*b**3*exp(a)*exp(14*I*d)*exp(7*I*b*x) - 9175040*b**3*exp(a)*exp(10*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 27525120*b**3*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(-I*b*x) + 1835008*b**3*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(-5*I*b*x))*exp(-8*I*d)/(587202560*b**4), Ne(b**4*exp(8*I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(a)*exp(12*I*d) - 3*I*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d) + 3*I*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-6*I*d)/64, True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5 \cos(7bx + 6d) e^a + 7 \cos(5bx + 6d) e^a - 35 \cos(3bx + 2d) e^a - 105 \cos(bx + 2d) e^a + 5i e^a \sin(7bx + 6d)}{2240b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2240} (5 \cos(7bx + 6d) e^a + 7 \cos(5bx + 6d) e^a - 35 \cos(3bx + 2d) e^a - 105 \cos(bx + 2d) e^a + 5 I e^a \sin(7bx + 6d) - 7 I e^a \sin(5bx + 6d) - 35 I e^a \sin(3bx + 2d) + 105 I e^a \sin(bx + 2d)) / b$$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5 (e^{(7i bx+6i d)} - e^{(-7i bx-6i d)}) e^a - 7 (e^{(5i bx+6i d)} - e^{(-5i bx-6i d)}) e^a - 35 (e^{(3i bx+2i d)} - e^{(-3i bx-2i d)}) e^a + 105 (e^{(i bx+2i d)} - e^{(-i bx-2i d)}) e^a}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4480} (5 (e^{(7I b x+6I d)} - e^{(-7I b x-6I d)}) e^a - 7 (e^{(5I b x+6I d)} - e^{(-5I b x-6I d)}) e^a - 35 (e^{(3I b x+2I d)} - e^{(-3I b x-2I d)}) e^a + 105 (e^{(I b x+2I d)} - e^{(-I b x-2I d)}) e^a + 14 \cos(5bx + 6d) e^a - 210 \cos(bx + 2d) e^a - 70 \cos(-3bx - 2d) e^a + 10 \cos(-7bx - 6d) e^a) / b$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3 e^a (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) \operatorname{li})}{64 b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) \operatorname{li})}{64 b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^a (\cos(5bx) - \sin(5bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(6d) - \sin(6d) \operatorname{li})}{320 b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^a (\cos(7bx) + \sin(7bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(6d) + \sin(6d) \operatorname{li})}{448 b}$$



input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x)^3,x)`

output `(exp(a)*(cos(5*b*x) - sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(6*d) - sin(6*d)*1i))/(320*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i))/(64*b) - (3*exp(a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i))/(64*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(7*b*x) + sin(7*b*x)*1i)*(cos(6*d) + sin(6*d)*1i))/(448*b)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{bix+a} (-\cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^5 i + \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 i + 2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) i + 2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 i - \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^4 i - \sin(bx+d)^2 i - \sin(bx+d)^4 i - \sin(bx+d)^6 i)}{35b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(-cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**5*i + cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**3*i + 2*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i + 2*cos(b*x + d) - 6*sin(b*x + d)**6 + 9*sin(b*x + d)**4 + sin(b*x + d)**2 - 2*sin(b*x + d)*i - 2))/ (35*b)`

### 3.16 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{a-id-2i(d+bx)}}{64b} - \frac{ie^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{32b} - \frac{ie^{a-id-4i(d+bx)}}{128b} + \frac{ie^{a-id+4i(d+bx)}}{128b} + \frac{ie^{a-id+6i(d+bx)}}{192b} + \frac{1}{16}e^{a-id}x$$

output

```
-1/64*I*exp(a-I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/32*I*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/128*I*exp(a-I*d-4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/128*I*exp(a-I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/192*I*exp(a-I*d+6*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/16*exp(a-I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(12((-ie^{2ibx} + 2bx) \cos(d) + (e^{2ibx} - 2ibx) \sin(d)) + e^{-2ibx}(3i(-2 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) - 3(2 + e^{6ibx}) \sin(3d)))}{384b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{a*(12*((-I)*E^{(2*I)*b*x}) + 2*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d] + (E^{(2*I)*b*x}) - (2*I)*b*x)*\text{Sin}[d]) + ((3*I)*(-2 + E^{(6*I)*b*x}))*\text{Cos}[3*d] - 3*(2 + E^{(6*I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[3*d])/E^{(2*I)*b*x} + (I*(-3 + 2*E^{(10*I)*b*x}))*\text{Cos}[5*d] - (3 + 2*E^{(10*I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[5*d])/E^{(4*I)*b*x}}{(384*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(bx+d) \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4972

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{a+ibx} \cos(bx+d) - \frac{1}{16} e^{a+ibx} \cos(3bx+3d) - \frac{1}{16} e^{a+ibx} \cos(5bx+5d) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{32b} - \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \sin(3bx+3d)}{128b} - \frac{5e^{a+ibx} \sin(5bx+5d)}{384b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos(3bx+3d)}{128b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos(5bx+5d)}{384b} + \frac{1}{16} x e^{a-id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]^3*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]^2}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-1/32*I)*E^{(a + I*d + (2*I)*b*x)})/b + (E^{(a - I*d)*x})/16 - ((I/128)*E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[3*d + 3*b*x]})/b - ((I/384)*E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Cos}[5*d + 5*b*x]})/b - (3*E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Sin}[3*d + 3*b*x]})/(128*b) - (5*E^{(a + I*b*x)*\text{Sin}[5*d + 5*b*x]})/(384*b)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 785 vs.  $2(116) = 232$ .

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.24

| method  | result   |
|---------|--|
| orering | $-\frac{(-6bx+i)e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)^2}{6b} + \frac{i(8bx+15i) \left( ib e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)^2 - 3 e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^3 b + 2 \right)}{48b^2}$ |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/6*(-6*b*x+I)/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2+1/48*I*(8*b*x+15*
I)/b^2*(I*b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2-3*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+
d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3*b+2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)*b)-5/96*(-6*b*x
+I)/b^3*(-18*b^2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2-6*I*b^2*exp(a+I*b*
x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3+4*I*b^2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)+
6*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^4*b^2+2*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5*b^2
)+1/192*I*(10*b*x+3*I)/b^4*(-52*I*b^3*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)
^2+84*sin(b*x+d)^3*cos(b*x+d)^2*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^3-50*sin(b*x+d)*cos(b*x+d)^
4*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^3+18*I*b^3*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^4+6*I*b^3*ex
p(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5-6*sin(b*x+d)^5*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^3)-1/384*(-6*b*x+I)
/b^5*(504*sin(b*x+d)^2*cos(b*x+d)^3*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^4+312*I*b^4*exp(a+I*b*x
)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3-184*I*b^4*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)
-216*sin(b*x+d)^4*cos(b*x+d)*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^4-24*I*sin(b*x+d)^5*exp(a+I*b*
x)*b^4-56*cos(b*x+d)^5*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^4)+1/384*I/b^5*x*(1472*sin(b*x+d)*co
s(b*x+d)^4*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^5-2688*sin(b*x+d)^3*cos(b*x+d)^2*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^
5-960*I*sin(b*x+d)^4*exp(a+I*b*x)*b^5*cos(b*x+d)-240*I*cos(b*x+d)^5*b^5*ex
p(a+I*b*x)+2176*I*b^5*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2+240*sin(b*x+d)
)^5*b^5*exp(a+I*b*x))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(24bx e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} + 2i e^{(10i bx+a+9i d)} + 3i e^{(8i bx+a+7i d)} - 12i e^{(6i bx+a+5i d)} - 6i e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} - 3i e^{(a-i d)}) e^{(a+ibx)}}{384b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/384*(24*b*x*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(10*I*b*x + a + 9*I*d) + 3*I
*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 12*I*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - 6*I*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + I*d) - 3*I*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-4*I*b*x - 4*I*d)/b
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{x e^a e^{-id}}{16} + \left\{ \frac{(33554432 i b^4 e^a e^{13id} e^{6ibx} + 50331648 i b^4 e^a e^{11id} e^{4ibx} - 201326592 i b^4 e^a e^{9id} e^{2ibx} - 100663296 i b^4 e^a e^{5id} e^{-2ibx} - 50331648 i b^4 e^a e^{3id} e^{-4ibx})}{6442450944 b^5} x \left( \frac{(-e^a e^{10id} - e^a e^{8id} + 2e^a e^{6id} + 2e^a e^{4id} - e^a e^{2id} - e^a) e^{-5id}}{32} - \frac{e^a e^{-id}}{16} \right) \right\}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3*sin(b*x+d)**2,x)`output `x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/16 + Piecewise(((33554432*I*b**4*exp(a)*exp(13*I*d)*exp(6*I*b*x) + 50331648*I*b**4*exp(a)*exp(11*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 201326592*I*b**4*exp(a)*exp(9*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 100663296*I*b**4*exp(a)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(-2*I*b*x) - 50331648*I*b**4*exp(a)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(-4*I*b*x))*exp(-8*I*d)/(6442450944*b**5), Ne(b**5*exp(8*I*d), 0)), (x*((-exp(a)*exp(10*I*d) - exp(a)*exp(8*I*d) + 2*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) - exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - exp(a))*exp(-5*I*d)/32 - exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/16), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{24(b \cos(d) e^a - i b e^a \sin(d))x + 2i \cos(6bx + 5d) e^a - 3i \cos(4bx + 5d) e^a + 3i \cos(4bx + 3d) e^a - \dots}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/384*(24*(b*cos(d)*e^a - I*b*e^a*sin(d))*x + 2*I*cos(6*b*x + 5*d)*e^a - 3*I*cos(4*b*x + 5*d)*e^a + 3*I*cos(4*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 6*I*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 12*I*cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a - 2*e^a*sin(6*b*x + 5*d) - 3*e^a*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - 3*e^a*sin(4*b*x + 3*d) - 6*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 12*e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs.  $2(85) = 170$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{48(bx+d) \cos(d) e^a - 48i(bx+d) e^a \sin(d) + 2i(e^{(6ibx+5id)} + e^{(-6ibx-5id)}) e^a - 3i(e^{(4ibx+5id)} + e^{(-4ibx-5id)}) e^a}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/768*(48*(b*x + d)*cos(d)*e^a - 48*I*(b*x + d)*e^a*sin(d) + 2*I*(e^(6*I*b*x + 5*I*d) + e^(-6*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^a - 3*I*(e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) + e^(-4*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^a + 3*I*(e^(4*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-4*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 6*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 12*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - I*d))*e^a - 6*e^a*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - 12*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 24*e^a*sin(-2*b*x - d) + 6*e^a*sin(-4*b*x - 3*d) + 4*e^a*sin(-6*b*x - 5*d))/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^a (\cos(d) - \sin(d) i)}{16} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) i)}{64b} + \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) i)}{128b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) - \sin(4bx) i) (\cos(5d) - \sin(5d) i)}{128b} + \frac{e^a (\cos(6bx) + \sin(6bx) i) (\cos(5d) + \sin(5d) i)}{192b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) + \sin(2bx) i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) i)}{32b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(a + b*x*Ii)*sin(d + b*x)^2,x)`

output `(x*exp(a)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/16 - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*  
(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(64*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)  
*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(128*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) - sin(4*b*x)*1  
i)*(cos(5*d) - sin(5*d)*1i)*1i)/(128*b) + (exp(a)*(cos(6*b*x) + sin(6*b*x)  
*1i)*(cos(5*d) + sin(5*d)*1i)*1i)/(192*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) + sin(2*b*  
x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(32*b)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{bix+a} (-2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^4 i + 3 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 i + 3 \cos(bx+d) bx - 10 \sin(bx+d))}{48b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(- 2*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**4*i + 3*cos(b*x + d)*sin(  
b*x + d)**2*i + 3*cos(b*x + d)*b*x - 10*sin(b*x + d)**5 + 17*sin(b*x + d)*  
*3 - 3*sin(b*x + d)*b*i*x - 3*sin(b*x + d)))/(48*b)`



### 3.17 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 184 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 184 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 185 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 186 |
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| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 188 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 188 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 189 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 189 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{e^{a-id-3i(d+bx)}}{48b} - \frac{e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{24b} - \frac{e^{a-id+5i(d+bx)}}{80b}$$

output

`-1/8*exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-1/48*exp(a-I*d-3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/24*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/80*exp(a-I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-ibx}((3 + e^{4ibx}) \cos(2d) + i(-3 + e^{4ibx}) \sin(2d))}{24b} - \frac{e^{a-3ibx}((5 + 3e^{8ibx}) \cos(4d) + i(-5 + 3e^{8ibx}) \sin(4d))}{240b}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x],x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/24*(E^{(a - I*b*x)}*((3 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Cos[2*d] + I*(-3 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Sin[2*d]))/b - (E^{(a - (3*I)*b*x)}*((5 + 3*E^{((8*I)*b*x)})*Cos[4*d] + I*(-5 + 3*E^{((8*I)*b*x)})*Sin[4*d]))/(240*b)}{1}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx+2d) + \frac{1}{8} e^{a+ibx} \sin(4bx+4d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(2bx+2d)}{12b} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sin(4bx+4d)}{120b} - \frac{e^{a+ibx} \cos(2bx+2d)}{6b} - \frac{e^{a+ibx} \cos(4bx+4d)}{30b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/6*(E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[2*d + 2*b*x])/b - (E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cos[4*d + 4*b*x])/ (30*b) + ((I/12)*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Sin[2*d + 2*b*x])/b + ((I/120)*E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Sin[4*d + 4*b*x])/b}{1}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

| method       | result   |
|--------------|--|
| default      | $-\frac{e^{ibx+a} \cos(4bx+4d)}{30b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(4bx+4d)}{120b} - \frac{e^{ibx+a} \cos(2bx+2d)}{6b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \sin(2bx+2d)}{12b}$   |
| parallelrisc | $\frac{2e^{ibx+a} \left( 10i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^6 + 8i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 - 5 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4 + 6i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) + 9 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 3 \right)}{15b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^4}$                                      |
| norman       | $-\frac{2e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{3b} - \frac{2e^{ibx+a}}{5b} + \frac{2e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^6}{b} + \frac{6e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{5b} + \frac{4ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{5b} + \frac{4ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{3b} \frac{1}{\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^4}$ |
| orering      | $\frac{4ie^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)}{5b} - \frac{14 \left( ibe^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d) - 3e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^2 b + e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \right)}{45b^2}$   |

```
input int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/30/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(4*b*x+4*d)+1/120*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(4*b*x+4*d)-1/6/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(2*b*x+2*d)+1/12*I/b*exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(2*b*x+2*d)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(3e^{(8i bx+a+7i d)} + 10e^{(6i bx+a+5i d)} + 30e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} + 5e^{(a-i d)})e^{(-3i bx-3i d)}}{240 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/240*(3*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) + 10*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) + 30*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 5*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-3*I*b*x - 3*I*d)/b`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(-9216b^3e^ae^{10id}e^{5ibx} - 30720b^3e^ae^{8id}e^{3ibx} - 92160b^3e^ae^{4id}e^{-ibx} - 15360b^3e^ae^{2id}e^{-3ibx})e^{-6id}}{737280b^4} & \text{for } b^4e^{6id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-ie^ae^{8id} - 2ie^ae^{6id} + 2ie^ae^{2id} + ie^ae^a)e^{-4id}}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3*sin(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise(((((-9216*b**3*exp(a)*exp(10*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 30720*b**3*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 92160*b**3*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(-I*b*x) - 15360*b**3*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(-3*I*b*x))*exp(-6*I*d)/(737280*b**4), Ne(b**4*exp(6*I*d), 0)), (x*(-I*exp(a)*exp(8*I*d) - 2*I*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) + I*exp(a))*exp(-4*I*d)/16, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{-3 \cos(5bx+4d)e^a + 5 \cos(3bx+4d)e^a + 10 \cos(3bx+2d)e^a + 30 \cos(bx+2d)e^a + 3ie^a \sin(5bx+4d) - 5ie^a \sin(3bx+4d) + 10ie^a \sin(3bx+2d) - 30ie^a \sin(bx+2d)}{240b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/240*(3*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 5*cos(3*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 10*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 30*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 3*I*e^a*sin(5*b*x + 4*d) - 5*I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 4*d) + 10*I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) - 30*I*e^a*sin(b*x + 2*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{3(e^{(5ibx+4id)} - e^{(-5ibx-4id)})e^a - 5(e^{(3ibx+4id)} - e^{(-3ibx-4id)})e^a + 10(e^{(3ibx+2id)} - e^{(-3ibx-2id)})e^a - 30(e^{(ibx+2id)} - e^{(-ibx-2id)})e^a + 10 \cos(3bx+4d)e^a + 60 \cos(bx+2d)e^a + 20 \cos(-3bx-2d)e^a + 6 \cos(-5bx-4d)e^a}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/480*(3*(e^(5*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-5*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^a - 5*(e^(3*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^a + 10*(e^(3*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a - 30*(e^(I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^a + 10*cos(3*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 60*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 20*cos(-3*b*x - 2*d)*e^a + 6*cos(-5*b*x - 4*d)*e^a)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^a (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) 1i)}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) 1i)}{24b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(3bx) - \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) 1i)}{48b}$$

$$- \frac{e^a (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) 1i)}{80b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x),x)`output `- (exp(a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i))/(8*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i))/(24*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(3*b*x) - sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d)*1i))/(48*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i))/(80*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.18 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 190 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 190 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 191 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 192 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 193 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 193 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 194 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 194 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 195 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 195 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id-2i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{3ie^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{ie^{a-id+4i(d+bx)}}{32b} + \frac{3}{8}e^{a-id}x$$

```
output 1/16*I*exp(a-I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-3/16*I*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/32*I*exp
(a-I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+3/8*exp(a-I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-2ibx} (6e^{2ibx} (-ie^{2ibx} + 2bx) \cos(d) - i(-2 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) + 6e^{4ibx} \sin(d) - 12ibe^{2ibx} x \sin(d) + 2 \sin(3d))}{32b}$$

```
input Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

```
output (E^(a - (2*I)*b*x)*(6*E^((2*I)*b*x)*((-I)*E^((2*I)*b*x) + 2*b*x)*Cos[d] -
I*(-2 + E^((6*I)*b*x))*Cos[3*d] + 6*E^((4*I)*b*x)*Sin[d] - (12*I)*b*E^((2*
I)*b*x)*x*Sin[d] + 2*Sin[3*d] + E^((6*I)*b*x)*Sin[3*d]))/(32*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {4935, 4976, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) dx + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos^3(bx+d)}{8b} + \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d)}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 4976$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \int \left( \frac{1}{2} e^{a-id} + \frac{1}{2} e^{a+id+2ibx} \right) dx + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos^3(bx+d)}{8b} + \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d)}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} x e^{a-id} - \frac{ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{4b} \right) + \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \cos^3(bx+d)}{8b} + \frac{3e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d)}{8b}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*((( -1/4*I)*E^(a + I*d + (2*I)*b*x))/b + (E^(a - I*d)*x)/2))/4 + ((I/8)*E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^3)/b + (3*E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x])/(8*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



rule 4935

```
Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x]
  + (Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x]
  + Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x]
  /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 4976

```
Int[Cos[v_]^(n_)*(F_)^(u_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Cos[v]^n, x], x]
  /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{(12ibx \sin(bx+d) - 12bx \cos(bx+d) + i \cos(bx+d) - i \cos(3bx+3d) - 11 \sin(bx+d) - 3 \sin(3bx+3d))e^{ibx+a}}{32b}$  |
| norman        | $-\frac{3e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{b} + \frac{3xe^{ibx+a}}{8} + \frac{3xe^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{8} - \frac{3xe^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{8} - \frac{3xe^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^6}{8} - \frac{3ixe^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^7}{4}$ |
| orering       | $-\frac{(-4bx+i)e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3}{4b} + \frac{i(bx+i)(ibe^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^3 - 3e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 b \sin(bx+d))}{4b^2} - \frac{(-4bx+i)(-4 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) + \cos(3bx+3d))e^{ibx+a}}{4b^2}$   |

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/32*(12*I*b*x*sin(b*x+d)-12*b*x*cos(b*x+d)+I*cos(b*x+d)-I*cos(3*b*x+3*d)
-11*sin(b*x+d)-3*sin(3*b*x+3*d))*exp(a+I*b*x)/b
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(12bx e^{(2ibx+a+id)} - i e^{(6ibx+a+5id)} - 6i e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 2i e^{(a-id)}) e^{(-2ibx-2id)}}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/32*(12*b*x*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - 6*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-2*I*b*x - 2*I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3x e^a e^{-id}}{8} + \begin{cases} \frac{(-256ib^2 e^a e^{6id} e^{4ibx} - 1536ib^2 e^a e^{4id} e^{2ibx} + 512ib^2 e^a e^{-2ibx}) e^{-3id}}{8192b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{3id} \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(e^a e^{6id} + 3e^a e^{4id} + 3e^a e^{2id} + e^a) e^{-3id}}{8} - \frac{3e^a e^{-id}}{8} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3,x)`output `3*x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/8 + Piecewise((( -256*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 1536*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + 512*I*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-2*I*b*x))*exp(-3*I*d)/(8192*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(3*I*d), 0)), (x*((exp(a)*exp(6*I*d) + 3*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + 3*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) + exp(a))*exp(-3*I*d)/8 - 3*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/8), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12(b \cos(d) e^a - i b e^a \sin(d))x - i \cos(4bx + 3d) e^a + 2i \cos(2bx + 3d) e^a - 6i \cos(2bx + d) e^a + e^a}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(12*(b*cos(d)*e^a - I*b*e^a*sin(d))*x - I*cos(4*b*x + 3*d)*e^a + 2*I*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)*e^a - 6*I*cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a + e^a*sin(4*b*x + 3*d) + 2*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 6*e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{24(bx+d) \cos(d) e^a - 24i(bx+d) e^a \sin(d) - i(e^{(4i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-4i bx-3i d)}) e^a + 2i(e^{(2i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-2i bx-3i d)}) e^a - 6i(e^{(2i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-2i bx-3i d)}) e^a + 4e^a \sin(2bx+3d) - 12e^a \sin(-2bx-d) - 2e^a \sin(-4bx-3d)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(24*(b*x + d)*cos(d)*e^a - 24*I*(b*x + d)*e^a*sin(d) - I*(e^(4*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-4*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a + 2*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^a - 6*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - I*d))*e^a + 4*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 12*e^a*sin(-2*b*x - d) - 2*e^a*sin(-4*b*x - 3*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{3x e^a (\cos(d) - \sin(d) 1i)}{8} + \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) 1i) 1i}{16b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) 1i) 1i}{32b} - \frac{e^a (\cos(2bx) + \sin(2bx) 1i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) 1i) 3i}{16b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)`output `(3*x*exp(a)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/8 + (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(16*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(32*b) - (exp(a)*(cos(2*b*x) + sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*3i)/(16*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{bx+a} (-\cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 i + 3 \cos(bx+d) bx - 5 \cos(bx+d) i - 3 \sin(bx+d)^3 - 3 \sin(bx+d) b i x)}{8b}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x)`output `(e**(a + b*i*x)*(-cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 3*cos(b*x + d)*b*x - 5*cos(b*x + d)*i - 3*sin(b*x + d)**3 - 3*sin(b*x + d)*b*i*x))/(8*b)`

### 3.19 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 196 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 196 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 197 |
| Maple [F] . . . . .                                 | 198 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 198 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 199 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 199 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 200 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 201 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 201 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{4b} + \frac{e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{12b} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
1/4*exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b+exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+1/12*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b-2*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^a (12e^{ibx} + e^{2id+3ibx} + 3e^{-i(2d+bx)} + 12e^{-id} \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) - 12e^{-id} \log(1 + e^{i(d+bx)}))}{12b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Cot[d + b*x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{a+(12Ib)x} + E^{(2I)d + (3I)bx} + 3/E^{I(2d + bx)} + (12\text{Log}[1 - E^{I(d + bx)}])/E^{I(d)} - (12\text{Log}[1 + E^{I(d + bx)}])/E^{I(d)})}{(12b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(bx + d) \cot(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{7}{4} i e^{a-ibx-2id} + i e^{a+2i(bx+d)-ibx-2id} + \frac{1}{4} i e^{a+4i(bx+d)-ibx-2id} + \frac{2i e^{a-ibx-2id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{-ibx-id})}{b} + \frac{e^{a-ibx-2id}}{4b} + \frac{e^{a+2i(bx+d)-ibx-2id}}{b} + \frac{e^{a+4i(bx+d)-ibx-2id}}{12b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Cot[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{E^{(a - (2I)d - I*b*x)/(4*b)} + E^{(a - (2I)d - I*b*x + (2I)*(d + b*x))/b} + E^{(a - (2I)d - I*b*x + (4I)*(d + b*x))/(12*b)} - (2E^{(a - I*d)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[E^{((-I)d - I*b*x)}]})/b}{b}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \cot(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x)`

output `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{(12 e^{(ibx+a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - 12 e^{(ibx+a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - 12 e^{(2ibx+a+id)} - 3 e^{(a-I*d)}) e^{(-I*b*x - I*d)}}{12b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(12*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 12*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 12*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - 3*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(4b^2 e^a e^{4id} e^{3ibx} + 48b^2 e^a e^{2id} e^{ibx} + 12b^2 e^a e^{-ibx}) e^{-2id}}{48b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{2id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(i e^a e^{4id} + 4i e^a e^{2id} - i e^a) e^{-2id}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \\ + \frac{(\log(e^{ibx} - e^{-id}) - \log(e^{ibx} + e^{-id})) e^a e^{-id}}{b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `Piecewise(((4*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) + 48*b**2*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) + 12*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-2*I*d)/(48*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(2*I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) + 4*I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4, True)) + (log(exp(I*b*x) - exp(-I*d)) - log(exp(I*b*x) + exp(-I*d)))*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12(i \cos(d) e^a + e^a \sin(d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) + \sin(d), \cos(bx) - \cos(d)) + 12(-i \cos(d) e^a - e^a \sin(d))}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
1/12*(12*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) -
cos(d)) + 12*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(
b*x) + cos(d)) + cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 3*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 12*cos(b*x)
*e^a - 6*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) +
cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 6*(cos(d)*e^a - I*
e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2
*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) - 3*I*e^a*sin(b*x +
2*d) + 12*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/b
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{(21 e^{(ibx+a)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 3 e^{(ibx+a)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} - i) - 21 e^{(ibx+a)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 3 e^{(ibx+a)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} - i))}{24b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/24*(21*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(I
*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 21*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*e
^(I*b*x + a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 24*
e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - 6*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{a-d2i-bx1i}}{4b} + \frac{e^{a+d2i+bx3i}}{12b} + \frac{e^{a+bx1i}}{b}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx1i} 2i - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx1i} 2i + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*cot(d + b*x)*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)`output `exp(a - d*2i - b*x*1i)/(4*b) + exp(a + d*2i + b*x*3i)/(12*b) + exp(a + b*x*1i)/b - (exp(2*a - d*2i)^(1/2)*log(- exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i))/b + (exp(2*a - d*2i)^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i - exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos^2(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**2*cot(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.20 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \cot^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 202 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 202 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 203 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 204 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 204 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 205 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 205 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 206 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 207 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 207 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{4b} + \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{1}{2}e^{a-id}x + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$1/4*I*\exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*\exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-1/2*\exp(a-I*d)*x+I*\exp(a-I*d)*\ln(1-\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d + bx) \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id} \left( ie^{2i(d+bx)} - \frac{8i}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - 2(d + bx) + 4i \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{4b}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[E^{a + I*b*x}*Cos[d + b*x]*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]$

output

$$\frac{(E^{(a - I*d)}*(I*E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} - (8*I)/(-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}) - 2*(d + b*x) + (4*I)*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}]))/(4*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(bx+d) \cot^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{1}{2}e^{a+2i(bx+d)-id} - \frac{6e^{a-id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4e^{a-id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{5}{2}e^{a-id} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ie^{a+2i(bx+d)-id}}{4b} + \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{1}{2}xe^{a-id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]*\text{Cot}[d + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((I/4)*E^{(a - I*d + (2*I)*(d + b*x))})/b + ((2*I)*E^{(a - I*d)})/(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - (E^{(a - I*d)}*x)/2 + (I*E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}]))/b}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int e^{ibx+a} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(2bx+i)e^{(2ibx+a+id)} - 2(bx-4i)e^{(a-id)} + 4(-ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - ie^{(4ibx+a+2id)}}{4(be^{(2ibx+2id)} - b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*((2*b*x + I)*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - 2*(b*x - 4*I)*e^(a - I*d) + 4*(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = -\frac{x e^a e^{-id}}{2} + \begin{cases} \frac{i e^a e^{id} e^{2ibx}}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(-e^a e^{2id} - e^a) e^{-id}}{2} + \frac{e^a e^{-id}}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2i e^a}{b e^{3id} e^{2ibx} - b e^{id}} + \frac{i e^a e^{-id} \log(e^{2ibx} - e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
-x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2 + Piecewise((I*exp(a)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(4*b), N
e(b, 0)), (x*((-exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - exp(a))*exp(-I*d)/2 + exp(a)*exp(-I*d)
/2), True)) - 2*I*exp(a)/(b*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - b*exp(I*d)) + I*exp(
a)*exp(-I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) - exp(-2*I*d))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 481 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.50

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(-2*I*b*x*e^a - 4*(I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*a
rctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 4*(I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*s
in(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*
e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)
) + (2*I*b*x*e^a - e^a)*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(4*b*x + 4*d)*e^a - 2*(cos(d)
)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-
I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*c
os(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 2*(cos(d)^
2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*
cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos
(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + I*e^a*sin(4*
b*x + 4*d) - (2*b*x*e^a + I*e^a)*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 8*e^a)/(-4*I*b*cos(2*b
*x + 3*d) + 4*I*b*cos(d) + 4*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 4*b*sin(d))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(bx+d)e^{(2ibx+a+id)} - 2(bx+d)e^{(a-id)} - 4ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) + 4ie^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1)}{4b(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*(b*x + d)*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - 2*(b*x + d)*e^(a - I*d) - 4*I*e^
(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 4*I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(
2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d
) + 8*I*e^(a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a+d1i+bx2i} 1i}{4b} - \frac{x e^{a-d1i}}{2} + \frac{e^{3a-d3i} 2i}{b (e^{2a-d2i} - e^{2a+bx2i})} + \frac{e^{a-d1i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 1i}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)`output `(exp(a + d*1i + b*x*2i)*1i)/(4*b) - (x*exp(a - d*1i))/2 + (exp(3*a - d*3i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) - exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) + (exp(a - d*1i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*1i)/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*cot(b*x + d)**2,x)`



### 3.21 $\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d + bx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{3e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{3e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-3*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+3*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a \left( 3 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d))) (\cos(d) - i \sin(d)) - \frac{e^{ibx}(-5e^{2ibx} + (2+e^{4ibx}) \cos(2d) + i(-2+e^{4ibx}) \sin(2d))}{((-1+e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + i(1+e^{2ibx}) \sin(d))^2} \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Cot[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{a*(3*ArcTanh[E^{(I*b*x)}*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])])*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])} - (E^{(I*b*x)*(-5*E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + (2 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Cos[2*d] + I*(-2 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Sin[2*d])))/((-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Cos[d] + I*(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[d])^2)/b$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$i \int \left( -e^{a+ibx} + \frac{6e^{a+ibx}}{1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{12e^{a+ibx}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{8e^{a+ibx}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$i \left( -\frac{3ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{3ie^{a+ibx}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{a+ibx}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{b} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Cot[d + b*x]^3, x]$$

output

$$I*((I*E^{(a + I*b*x)})/b - ((2*I)*E^{(a + I*b*x)})/(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2) + ((3*I)*E^{(a + I*b*x)})/(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - ((3*I)*E^{(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^{(I*d + I*b*x)}]))/b$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} + \frac{3e^a e^{3ibx} e^{2id} - e^a e^{ibx}}{b(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{3e^a e^{-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 80   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b+1/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(3*exp(a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))+3*exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 (be^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2 be^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}} e^{(a-i d)} \log \left( b \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}} e^{(a-i d)} + e^{(i bx+a)} \right) - 3 (be^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2 be^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}} e^{(a-i d)} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{e^{(i bx+a)}}{b \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}} e^{(a-i d)} + e^{(i bx+a)}} \right)}{2 (be^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2 be^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b^2}} e^{(a-i d)}}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*(3*(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)*sqrt(b^(-2))*
e^(a - I*d)*log(b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d) + e^(I*b*x + a)) - 3*(b*e^(4*I*
b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d)*log(-
b*sqrt(b^(-2))*e^(a - I*d) + e^(I*b*x + a)) - 2*e^(5*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d) +
10*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 4*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b
*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{3e^a e^{2id} e^{3ibx} - e^a e^{ibx}}{b e^{4id} e^{4ibx} - 2b e^{2id} e^{2ibx} + b} + \begin{cases} -\frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -ix e^a & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ + \frac{3\left(-\frac{\log(e^{ibx}-e^{-id})}{2} + \frac{\log(e^{ibx}+e^{-id})}{2}\right) e^a e^{-id}}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
(3*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))/(b*exp(4*I*d)*exp(4
*I*b*x) - 2*b*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b) + Piecewise((-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)
/b, Ne(b, 0)), (-I*x*exp(a), True)) + 3*(-log(exp(I*b*x) - exp(-I*d))/2 +
log(exp(I*b*x) + exp(-I*d))/2)*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 658 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(6*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*
b*x + 4*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d)
))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 6*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*
sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
+ cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(I*cos(d)
*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin
(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) - 4*I*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 20*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)
*e^a - 8*I*cos(b*x)*e^a + 3*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)
+ 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)
*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(
2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 +
sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 3*((-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(
d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*
cos(d)*e^a + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a
- I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)
*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 4*e^a*si
n(5*b*x + 4*d) - 20*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 8*e^a*sin(b*x))/(-4*I*b*cos(4*b
*x + 4*d) + 8*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + 4*b*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 8*b*sin(2*b*x
+ 2*d) - 4*I*b)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 6e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 3e^{(a-id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 3e^{(a-id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i)}{-4ib \cos(4bx+4d) + 8ib \cos(2bx+2d) + 4b \sin(4bx+4d) - 8b \sin(2bx+2d) - 4Ib}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(3*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*e^(a - I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d)
+ I) - 3*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 6*e^(2*I*b
*x + a + I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*e^(a - I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x
+ I*d) + I) - 2*e^(5*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d) + 10*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 4*e
^(I*b*x + a))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \int \cot(d+bx)^3 e^{a+bx \cdot 1i} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(d + b*x)^3*exp(a + b*x*1i),x)
```

output

```
int(cot(d + b*x)^3*exp(a + b*x*1i), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \cot(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)**3,x)
```

### 3.22 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id-i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{12b} + \frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$1/4*\exp(a-I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-\exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+1/12*\exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*\exp(a-I*d)*\arctan(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(-12e^{ibx} + e^{2id+3ibx} + 3e^{-i(2d+bx)} + 24e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}))}{12b}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sin[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x],x]`

output

$$\frac{(E^{a*(-12*E^{I*b*x})} + E^{((2*I)*d + (3*I)*b*x)} + 3/E^{I*(2*d + b*x)}) + (24*ArcTan[E^{I*(d + b*x)}])/E^{I*d}}{(12*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{7}{4} i e^{a-ibx-2id} - i e^{a+2i(bx+d)-ibx-2id} + \frac{1}{4} i e^{a+4i(bx+d)-ibx-2id} - \frac{2i e^{a-ibx-2id}}{1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{-ibx-id})}{b} + \frac{e^{a-ibx-2id}}{4b} - \frac{e^{a+2i(bx+d)-ibx-2id}}{b} + \frac{e^{a+4i(bx+d)-ibx-2id}}{12b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)*Sin[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{E^{(a - (2*I)*d - I*b*x)/(4*b)} - E^{(a - (2*I)*d - I*b*x + (2*I)*(d + b*x))/b} + E^{(a - (2*I)*d - I*b*x + (4*I)*(d + b*x))/(12*b)} - (2*E^{(a - I*d)*ArcTan[E^{((-I)*d - I*b*x)}]})/b}{b}$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{ibx+a} \sin(bx+d)^2 \tan(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(12i e^{i(bx+a)} \log(e^{i(bx+id)} + i) - 12i e^{i(bx+a)} \log(e^{i(bx+id)} - i) + e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - 12e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + 3e^{(a-id)})}{12b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(12*I*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 12*I*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 12*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 3*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(4b^2 e^a e^{4id} e^{3ibx} - 48b^2 e^a e^{2id} e^{ibx} + 12b^2 e^a e^{-ibx}) e^{-2id}}{48b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{2id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(i e^a e^{4id} - 4i e^a e^{2id} - i e^a) e^{-2id}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \\ + \frac{e^a e^{-id} \text{RootSum}(z^2 + 1, (i \mapsto i \log(i e^{-id} + e^{ibx})))}{b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)**2*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `Piecewise(((4*b**2*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 48*b**2*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) + 12*b**2*exp(a)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-2*I*d)/(48*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(2*I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(a)*exp(4*I*d) - 4*I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4, True)) + exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*RootSum(_z**2 + 1, Lambda(_i, _i*log(_i*exp(-I*d) + exp(I*b*x))))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{12(\cos(d) e^a - i e^a \sin(d)) \arctan\left(\frac{2(\cos(bx+2d)\cos(d) + \sin(bx+2d)\sin(d))}{\cos(bx+2d)^2 + \cos(d)^2 + 2\cos(d)\sin(bx+2d) + \sin(bx+2d)^2 - 2\cos(bx+2d)\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/12*(12*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + s
in(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*
d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*
d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^
2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) +
sin(d)^2)) - cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - 3*cos(b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 12*cos(b*x)*e^
a - 6*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*co
s(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^
2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)
^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 3*I*e
^a*sin(b*x + 2*d) + 12*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{(-12i e^{(ibx+a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 12i e^{(ibx+a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) - e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 12e^{(2ibx+a+id)} - 3e^{(2ibx+a+id)})}{12b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/12*(-12*I*e^(I*b*x + a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 12*I*e^(I*b*x + a)*l
og(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 12*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*
d) - 3*e^(a - I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{a-d2i-bx1i}}{4b} + \frac{e^{a+d2i+bx3i}}{12b} - \frac{e^{a+bx1i}}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx1i} 2i - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx1i} 2i + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x)^2*tan(d + b*x),x)`output `exp(a - d*2i - b*x*1i)/(4*b) + exp(a + d*2i + b*x*3i)/(12*b) - exp(a + b*x*1i)/b + ((-exp(2*a - d*2i))^(1/2)*log(- exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i))/b - ((-exp(2*a - d*2i))^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i - exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \sin(bx+d)^2 \tan(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.23 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 220 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 220 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 221 |
| Maple [F] . . . . .                                 | 222 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 222 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 223 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 223 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 224 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 224 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 225 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{1}{2}e^{a-id}x - \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
1/4*I*exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/2*exp(a-I*d)*x-I*exp(a-I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a \left( \cos(d) (-ie^{2ibx} + 2bx + 2i \log(1 + e^{4ibx} + 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) - 4 \arctan\left(\frac{(-1+e^{2ibx}) \tan(d)}{1+e^{2ibx}}\right) (\cos(d) - i) \right)}{4b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sin[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(E^a*(Cos[d]*((-I)*E^((2*I)*b*x) + 2*b*x + (2*I)*Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x)
) + 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]]) - 4*ArcTan[((-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d]]/(1
+ E^((2*I)*b*x))]*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d]) + (E^((2*I)*b*x) - (2*I)*b*x + 2*Lo
g[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) + 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]])*Sin[d])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{1}{2} e^{a+2i(bx+d)-id} - \frac{2e^{a-id}}{1+e^{2i(bx+d)}} + \frac{3}{2} e^{a-id} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ie^{a+2i(bx+d)-id}}{4b} - \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{1}{2} x e^{a-id}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sin[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
((I/4)*E^(a - I*d + (2*I)*(d + b*x)))/b - (E^(a - I*d)*x)/2 - (I*E^(a - I*
d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{ibx+a} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2bx e^{(a-id)} + 4i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) - i e^{(2ibx+a+id)}}{4b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*b*x*e^(a - I*d) + 4*I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{x e^a e^{-id}}{2} + \begin{cases} \frac{i e^a e^{id} e^{2ibx}}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(-e^a e^{2id} - e^a) e^{-id}}{2} + \frac{e^a e^{-id}}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \\ -\frac{i e^a e^{-id} \log(e^{2ibx} + e^{-2id})}{b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `-x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2 + Piecewise((I*exp(a)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(4*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*((-exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - exp(a))*exp(-I*d)/2 + exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2), True)) - I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) + exp(-2*I*d))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(d) e^a - i b e^a \sin(d))x - 4(\cos(d) e^a - i e^a \sin(d)) \arctan(\sin(2bx) - \sin(2d), \cos(2bx) + \cos(2d)) - I \cos(2bx + d) e^a - 2(-I \cos(d) e^a - e^a \sin(d)) \log(\cos(2bx)^2 + 2 \cos(2bx) \cos(2d) + \cos(2d)^2 + \sin(2bx)^2 - 2 \sin(2bx) \sin(2d) + \sin(2d)^2) + e^a \sin(2bx + d)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*(b*cos(d)*e^a - I*b*e^a*sin(d))*x - 4*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - I*cos(2*b*x + d)*e^a - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) + e^a*sin(2*b*x + d))/b`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(bx+d)e^{(a-id)} + 4ie^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) - ie^{(2ibx+a+id)}}{4b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*(2*(b*x + d)*e^(a - I*d) + 4*I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{x e^{-d1i} e^a}{2} - \frac{e^{-d1i} e^a \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 1i}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{d1i} e^{bx2i} e^a 1i}{4b}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)*sin(d + b*x)*tan(d + b*x),x)`output `(exp(d*1i)*exp(b*x*2i)*exp(a)*1i)/(4*b) - (exp(-d*1i)*exp(a)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*1i)/b - (x*exp(-d*1i)*exp(a))/2`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= 2e^a \left( -e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 i - e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) i - 2e^{bix} \sin(bx+d) \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 2e^{bix} \sin(bx+d) \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
(2***a*( - e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - e**(b*i*x)*cos
(b*x + d)*i - 2*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 2*e**(b*i*x)
*sin(b*x + d) + 3*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 4*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x
+ d)/2) - e**(b*i*x)*i - 2*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 1),x)*ta
n((b*x + d)/2)**2*b - 2*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 1),x)*b + 2*
int((e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 1),x)*tan((b*x
+ d)/2)**2*b*i + 2*int((e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)
**4 - 1),x)*b*i - 2*int((e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2))/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**4
- 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i - 2*int((e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2))/(ta
n((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 1),x)*b*i))/(b*(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.24 $\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 226 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 226 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 227 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 228 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 228 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 228 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 229 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 230 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 230 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 231 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^a(e^{ibx} - 2 \arctan(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d))))(\cos(d) - i \sin(d))}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Tan[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
-((E^a*(E^(I*b*x) - 2*ArcTan[E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])])*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d]))) / b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$i \int \left( \frac{2e^{a+ibx}}{1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}} - e^{a+ibx} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$i \left( \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{b} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Tan[d + b*x],x]`

output `I*((I*E^(a + I*b*x))/b - ((2*I)*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} + \frac{2e^a e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 37   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b+2*exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{ibx+id} + i) - i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{ibx+id} - i) - e^{(ibx+a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(I*b*x + a))/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -ix e^a & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + \frac{e^a e^{-id} \text{RootSum}(z^2 + 1, (i \mapsto i \log(i e^{-id} + e^{ibx})))}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (-I*x*exp(a), True)) + exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*RootSum(_z**2 + 1, Lambda(_i, _i*log(_i*exp(-I*d) + exp(I*b*x)))/b`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(\cos(d)e^a - ie^a \sin(d)) \arctan\left(\frac{2(\cos(bx+2d)\cos(d)+\sin(bx+2d)\sin(d))}{\cos(bx+2d)^2+\cos(d)^2+2\cos(d)\sin(bx+2d)+\sin(bx+2d)^2-2\cos(bx+2d)\sin(d)+\sin(d)^2}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*cos(b*x)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) - e^{(ibx+a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(I*b*x + a))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{a+bx} i}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx} i 2i - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2a-d2i}} \ln\left(-e^{3a} e^{-d2i} e^{bx} i 2i + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{2a} e^{-d2i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)*tan(d + b*x),x)`output `((-exp(2*a - d*2i))^(1/2)*log(- exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i))/b - exp(a + b*x*1i)/b - ((-exp(2*a - d*2i))^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i - exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i))/b`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \tan(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*tan(b*x + d),x)`



### 3.25 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 232 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 232 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 233 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 233 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 234 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 234 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 234 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 235 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 235 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 236 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-I*exp(a-I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
((-I)*E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$-\frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x], x]`

output `((-I)*E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e^n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

| method | result                                      | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{ie^{-id+a} \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 26   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I*exp(a-I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1)/b`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*sec(b*x + d), x)`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs.  $2(23) = 46$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(\cos(d)e^a - i e^a \sin(d)) \arctan(\sin(2bx) - \sin(2d), \cos(2bx) + \cos(2d)) - (i \cos(d)e^a + e^a \sin(d))}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2))/b`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1)/b`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{a-d1i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 1i}{b}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/cos(d + b*x),x)`

output `-(exp(a - d*1i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*1i)/b`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= e^a \left( -3e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 i + 3e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) i + 2e^{bix} \cos(bx+d) \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output `(e**a*( - 3e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 3*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)*i + 2*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 2*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2) - 4*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*i - 6*cos(b*x + d)*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b + 6*cos(b*x + d)*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*b - e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 + e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) + 2*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 2*e**(b*i*x)*i))/(3*cos(b*x + d)*b*(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1))`

### 3.26 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 237 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 237 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 238 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 239 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 239 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 240 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 240 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 241 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 241 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 242 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-2*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^a (\arctan(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d))) - \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d)))) (\cos(d) - i \sin(d))}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*E^a*(ArcTan[E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])] - ArcTanh[E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])])*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d]))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{1+e^{ibx+id}} - \frac{2ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{1+e^{2ibx+2id}} + \frac{ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{-1+e^{ibx+id}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1-e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1+e^{ibx+id})}{b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(2*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b + (E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 - E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b - (E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 4974

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2e^ae^{-id}\arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^ae^{-id}\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 46   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))-2/b*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{ibx+id} + 1) - ie^{(a-id)} \log(e^{ibx+id} + i) + ie^{(a-id)} \log(e^{ibx+id} - i) - e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{ibx+id} - 1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1))/b`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d), x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 479 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.04

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)))/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(i e^a \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - i e^a \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) - e^a \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + e^a \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} + i)) e^{(-id)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^a*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + e^a*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I))*e^(-I*d)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.68

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(b e^{12a} e^{-d12i} 64i - 64 b e^{11a} e^{-d10i} e^{bx 1i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4}\right) 1i}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(b e^{12a} e^{-d12i} 64i + 64 b e^{11a} e^{-d10i} e^{bx 1i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4}\right) 1i}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(b e^{12a} e^{-d12i} 64i - b e^{11a} e^{-d10i} e^{bx 1i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4} 64i\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(b e^{12a} e^{-d12i} 64i + b e^{11a} e^{-d10i} e^{bx 1i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4} 64i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)),x)`

output

```
(exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(b*exp(12*a)*exp(-d*12i)*64i + 64*b*exp(11*a)*exp(-d*10i)*exp(b*x*1i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4))*1i)/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(b*exp(12*a)*exp(-d*12i)*64i - 64*b*exp(11*a)*exp(-d*10i)*exp(b*x*1i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4))*1i)/b + (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(b*exp(12*a)*exp(-d*12i)*64i - b*exp(11*a)*exp(-d*10i)*exp(b*x*1i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4)*64i))/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(b*exp(12*a)*exp(-d*12i)*64i + b*exp(11*a)*exp(-d*10i)*exp(b*x*1i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4)*64i))/b
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d),x)
```

### 3.27 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 243 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 243 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 244 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 245 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 245 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 246 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 246 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 247 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 248 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 248 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

`2*I*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x],x]`

output

$$\frac{((-2I)E^{(a - I*d)})/(b*(-1 + E^{((2I)*(d + b*x))})) + (I*E^{(a - I*d)}*Log[1 - E^{((2I)*(d + b*x))}])/b - (I*E^{(a - I*d)}*Log[1 + E^{((2I)*(d + b*x))}])/b}{b}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4e^{a+4ibx+3id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4e^{a+4ibx+3id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{4i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{((2I)*E^{(a - I*d)})/(b*(1 - E^{((2I)*(d + b*x))})) + ((2I)*E^{(a - I*d)}*Log[1 - E^{((2I)*(d + b*x))}])/b - (I*E^{(a - I*d)}*Log[1 - E^{((4I)*(d + b*x))}])/b}{b}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{2ie^ae^{2ibx}e^{id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})b} - \frac{ie^ae^{-id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^ae^{-id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 84   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*I/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b*exp(a)*exp(2*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)-I/b*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(-ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + (ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} - ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - 2ie^{(a+ibx+d)}}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} - b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{((-Ie^{(2Ib*x + a + Id)} + Ie^{(a - Id)}) * \log(e^{(2Ib*x + 2Id)} + 1) + (Ie^{(2Ib*x + a + Id)} - Ie^{(a - Id)}) * \log(e^{(2Ib*x + 2Id)} - 1) - 2Ie^{(a - Id)})}{(b * e^{(2Ib*x + 2Id)} - b)}$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**2*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d), x)`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 606 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 606, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.77

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(2*(I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) + 2*(-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 4*e^a/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*I*b*cos(d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*b*sin(d))
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + i e^a \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + i e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) - i e^a \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}{b(e^{(2i bx+3i d)} - e^{(i d)})}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^a*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - I*e^a*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*I*e^a/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(I*d))))
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+ibx}}{\cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*I)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^2),x)`

output `int(exp(a + b*x*I)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d)^2 \sec(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.28 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 249 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 249 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 250 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 251 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 251 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 252 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 252 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 253 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 254 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 254 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{3e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-3*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+2*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^a \left( \frac{4e^{ibx}}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{6e^{ibx}}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + 4e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) + e^{-id} \log(1-e^{i(d+bx)}) - e^{-id} \log(1+e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x],x]`

output  $(E^a*((4E^{Ib*x})/(-1 + E^{(2I)(d + b*x)}))^2 + (6E^{Ib*x})/(-1 + E^{(2I)(d + b*x)})) + (4*ArcTan[E^{I(d + b*x)}])/E^{I*d} + \text{Log}[1 - E^{I(d + b*x)}])/E^{I*d} - \text{Log}[1 + E^{I(d + b*x)}])/E^{I*d}))/ (2*b)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{4ie^{a+5ibx+4id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{2e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b} - \frac{3e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x],x]`

output  $(2E^a(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x)))/b + (2E^a(a - I*d + (3I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^{(2I)(d + b*x)}))^2 - (3E^a(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^{(2I)(d + b*x)})) + (2E^a(a - I*d + (3I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^{(2I)(d + b*x)})) + (2E^a(a - I*d)*ArcTan[E^{I(d + b*x)}])/b - (E^a(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^{I(d + b*x)}])/b$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{3e^ae^{3ibx}e^{2id}-e^ae^{ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{e^ae^{-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{2e^ae^{-id} \operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 89   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(3*exp(a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)-exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))-1/b*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))+2*exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs.  $2(93) = 186$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} + e^{(a-i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + 2(-ie^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} + 2ie^{(2i bx+a+i d)} - ie^{(a-i d)})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*((e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 2*(-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*(I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - (e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 6*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**3*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1123 vs.  $2(93) = 186$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1123, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.44

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(4*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(
4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d)
)*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)
^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x +
2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 -
sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*
x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a
*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
+ cos(d)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)
)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + si
n(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)
- 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)
)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2
*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d))
- 12*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 4*I*cos(b*x)*e^a - ((-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin
(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) -
I*cos(d)*e^a + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^
a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*
x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - ((I...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs.  $2(93) = 186$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 4i e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + 2i e^a \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 2i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i)}{}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/2*(2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x
+ a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I)
- 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e
^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I
*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^a*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(4*I*b
*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*lo
g(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^a*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 6*e^(3*I*b*x
+ a + 3*I*d) - 2*e^(I*b*x + a + I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*
b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(I*d)))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \operatorname{li}}}{\cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^3), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d)^3 \sec(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**3*sec(b*x + d),x)
```

### 3.29 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 255 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 255 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 256 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 257 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 257 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 258 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 258 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 259 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 259 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 260 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id+2i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{1}{2}ie^{a-id}x - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$1/4*\exp(a-I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-2*\exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-1/2*I*\exp(a-I*d)*x-\exp(a-I*d)*\ln(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id} \left( e^{2i(d+bx)} - \frac{8}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - 2i(d + bx) - 4 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{4b}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[E^{a + I*b*x}*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]*\text{Tan}[d + b*x]^2,x]$



output

$$\frac{(E^{(a - I*d)}*(E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} - 8/(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}) - (2*I)*(d + b*x) - 4*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}]))/(4*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(bx+d) \tan^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{2} i e^{a+2i(bx+d)-id} + \frac{6i e^{a-id}}{1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4i e^{a-id}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{5}{2} i e^{a-id} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^{a+2i(bx+d)-id}}{4b} - \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{1}{2} i x e^{a-id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]*\text{Tan}[d + b*x]^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{E^{(a - I*d + (2*I)*(d + b*x))}}{(4*b)} - \frac{(2*E^{(a - I*d)})}{(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})} - \frac{(I/2)*E^{(a - I*d)}*x - (E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}])}{b}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{ibx+a} \sin (bx+d) \tan (bx+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin (d+bx) \tan ^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(-2i bx + 1)e^{(2i bx+a+id)} - 2(i bx + 4)e^{(a-id)} - 4(e^{(2i bx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log (e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + e^{(4i bx+a+id)}}{4(b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*((-2*I*b*x + 1)*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - 2*(I*b*x + 4)*e^(a - I*d) - 4*(e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = -\frac{ixe^a e^{-id}}{2} + \begin{cases} \frac{e^a e^{id} e^{2ibx}}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(ie^a e^{2id} - ie^a) e^{-id}}{2} + \frac{ie^a e^{-id}}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2e^a}{be^{3id} e^{2ibx} + be^{id}} - \frac{e^a e^{-id} \log(e^{2ibx} + e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
-I*x*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/2 + Piecewise((exp(a)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(4*b), N
e(b, 0)), (x*((I*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(a))*exp(-I*d)/2 + I*exp(a)*exp(
-I*d)/2), True)) - 2*exp(a)/(b*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b*exp(I*d)) - exp
(a)*exp(-I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) + exp(-2*I*d))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2bx e^a + 4(\cos(d)^2 e^a + e^a \sin(d)^2 + (\cos(d) e^a - i e^a \sin(d)) \cos(2bx + 3d) + (i \cos(d) e^a + e^a \sin(d) \cos(2bx + 3d)))}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*b*x*e^a + 4*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))
*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(
sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) + (2*b*x*e^a + I*e^a)*cos(2*
b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 2*(-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2
+ (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(
d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^
2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - e^a*sin(4*b*x + 4
*d) - (-2*I*b*x*e^a + e^a)*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 8*I*e^a/(-4*I*b*cos(2*b*x +
3*d) - 4*I*b*cos(d) + 4*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 4*b*sin(d))

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(ibx+id)e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + 2(ibx+id)e^{(a-id)} + 4e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)}+1) + 4e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)}+1)}{4b(e^{(2ibx+2id)}+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/4*(2*(I*b*x + I*d)*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 2*(I*b*x + I*d)*e^(a - I*d)
+ 4*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 4*e^(a - I*d)*log
(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)
+ 8*e^(a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a+d \operatorname{li}+bx 2i}}{4b} - \frac{x e^{a-d \operatorname{li}} \operatorname{li}}{2} - \frac{2e^{3a-d 3i}}{b(e^{2a-d 2i} + e^{2a+bx 2i})} - \frac{e^{a-d \operatorname{li}} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx 2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d 2i})}{b}$$

input

```
int(exp(a + b*x*I)*sin(d + b*x)*tan(d + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
exp(a + d*I + b*x*2i)/(4*b) - (x*exp(a - d*I)*I)/2 - (2*exp(3*a - d*3i)
)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) + exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) - (exp(a - d*I)*log(exp(2*a)*
exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)))/b
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*I*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan(b*x + d)**2,x)
```

### 3.30 $\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 261 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 261 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 262 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 263 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 263 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 264 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 264 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 265 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 266 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 266 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(-e^{ibx}((3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + i(-3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)) + 2 \arctan(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d))))(e^{2ibx} + \cos^2(d))}{b(i(1 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) - (-1 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d))}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(E^a*(-(E^(I*b*x))*((3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] + I*(-3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d])) + 2*ArcTan[E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])]*(E^((2*I)*b*x) + Cos[d]^2 - Sin[d]^2 - I*Sin[2*d]))/(b*(I*(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] - (-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$-\int \left( e^{a+ibx} - \frac{4e^{a+ibx}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \frac{4e^{a+ibx}}{(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{a+ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(I*E^(a + I*b*x))/b + ((2*I)*E^(a + I*b*x))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((2*I)*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{ie^ae^{ibx}}{b} + \frac{2ie^ae^{ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^ae^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 66   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `I/b*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)+2*I*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - (e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) + ie^{(3ibx+a+2id)} + b}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
((e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - (e^(2*I*
b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + I*e^(3*I*b*x + a
+ 2*I*d) + 3*I*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ie^a e^{ibx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -xe^a & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + \frac{2ie^a e^{ibx}}{be^{2id}e^{2ibx} + b} + \frac{(-\log(e^{ibx} - ie^{-id}) + \log(e^{ibx} + ie^{-id})) e^a e^{-id}}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((I*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (-x*exp(a), True)) + 2*I*exp(
a)*exp(I*b*x)/(b*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b) + (-log(exp(I*b*x) - I*exp(-
I*d)) + log(exp(I*b*x) + I*exp(-I*d)))*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs.  $2(59) = 118$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)
*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2
*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)
*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2),
(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*
d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x +
2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 6*cos(b*x)*e^a + ((I*
cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I
*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)
^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d)
+ sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b
*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*I*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2
*d) + 6*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) -
2*I*b)
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs.  $2(59) = 118$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + e^{(a-id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - e^{(a-id)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} + 1)}{b(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-(e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + e^(a - I*d)*log(I*e^(
I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - e^(
a - I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - I*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 3*I*e^(
(I*b*x + a)))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a+bx} \tan(d+bx)}{b} + \frac{e^{3a-d+2ibx} \tan(d+bx)}{b(e^{2a-d+2ibx} + e^{2a+bx})} + \frac{\sqrt{e^{2a-d+2ibx}} \ln\left(-2e^{3a-d+2ibx} \tan(d+bx) - e^{2a-d+2ibx} \sqrt{e^{2a-d+2ibx}} \tan(d+bx)\right)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{e^{2a-d+2ibx}} \ln\left(-2e^{3a-d+2ibx} \tan(d+bx) + e^{2a-d+2ibx} \sqrt{e^{2a-d+2ibx}} \tan(d+bx)\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*I)*tan(d + b*x)^2,x)`output `(exp(a + b*x*I)*I)/b + (exp(3*a - d*I + b*x*I)*2*I)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*I) + exp(2*a + b*x*I))) + (exp(2*a - d*I)^(1/2)*log(- 2*exp(3*a)*exp(-d*I)*exp(b*x*I) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I))^(1/2)*2*I))/b - (exp(2*a - d*I)^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*I))^(1/2)*2*I - 2*exp(3*a)*exp(-d*I)*exp(b*x*I)))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \tan^2(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*tan(b*x + d)**2,x)`

### 3.31 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 267 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 267 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 268 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 269 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 269 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 270 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 270 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 271 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 271 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 272 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-exp(a-I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a(\cos(d) - i \sin(d)) \left( -i \cos(d) (4 + (1 + e^{2ibx}) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} + 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) + (-4 + (-1 + e^{2ibx}) \log(1 + e^{2ibx})) \right)}{2ib(1 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d)}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(E^a*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])*((-I)*Cos[d]*(4 + (1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) + 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]]) + (-4 + (-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) + 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]])*Sin[d] + 2*ArcTan[(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d]/(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))]*((1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] + I*(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]))/((2*I)*b*(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] - 2*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2ie^{a+2ibx+id}}{1+e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(-2*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - (E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2e^ae^{2ibx}e^{id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^b} - \frac{e^{-id}e^a \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 57   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b*exp(a)*exp(2*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)-exp(-I*d)*exp(a)/b*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + 2e^{(a-id)}}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 2*e^(a - I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*tan(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(\cos(d)^2 e^a + e^a \sin(d)^2 + (\cos(d) e^a - i e^a \sin(d)) \cos(2bx+3d) + (i \cos(d) e^a + e^a \sin(d)) \sin(2bx+3d))}{-2(\cos(d)^2 e^a + e^a \sin(d)^2 + (\cos(d) e^a - i e^a \sin(d)) \cos(2bx+3d) + (i \cos(d) e^a + e^a \sin(d)) \sin(2bx+3d))}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - (I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - 4*I*e^a)/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*I*b*cos(d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*b*sin(d))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + e^{(a-i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + 2e^{(a-i d)}}{b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 2*e^(a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{3a-d3i}}{b(e^{2a-d2i} + e^{2a+bx2i})}$$

$$-\frac{e^{a-d1i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i})}{b}$$

input `int((exp(a + b*x*I)*tan(d + b*x))/cos(d + b*x),x)`

output `-(2*exp(3*a - d*3i))/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) + exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) - (exp(a - d*I)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)))/b`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^a \left( -e^{bix} + \left( \int \frac{e^{bix}}{\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1} dx \right) \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 bi - \left( \int \frac{e^{bix}}{\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1} dx \right) bi \right)}{b \left( \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `(2*e**a*( - e**(b*i*x) + int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i - int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*b*i))/(b*(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1))`

### 3.32 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 273 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 273 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 274 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 275 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 275 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 276 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 276 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 277 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 277 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 278 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^a \left( \frac{e^{ibx}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
((2*I)*E^a*(E^(I*b*x)/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) - ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/E^(I*d))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$\frac{2ie^{a-2i(bx+d)+ibx} \left( \frac{e^{2i(bx+d)}}{1+e^{2i(bx+d)}} - e^{i(bx+d)} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)}) \right)}{b}$$

input `Int [E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((2*I)*E^(a + I*b*x - (2*I)*(d + b*x))*(E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) - E^(I*(d + b*x))*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2ie^a e^{ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^a e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 52   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*I*exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - (e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) + 2i e^{(ibx+a)}}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - (e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*I*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 446 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2((\cos(d)e^a - ie^a \sin(d)) \cos(2bx + 2d) + \cos(d)e^a - (-i \cos(d)e^a - e^a \sin(d)) \sin(2bx + 2d) - ie^a \sin(d))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 4*cos(b*x)*e^a + ((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 4*I*e^a*sin(b*x))/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 2*I*b)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(i e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + e^a \log(i e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) - e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(-i e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) - e^a \log(-i e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1)}{b(e^{(2i bx+3i d)} + e^{(i d)})}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + e^a*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - e^a*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 2*I*e^(I*b*x + a + I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(I*d)))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{\ln\left(-2e^{3a}e^{-d2i}e^{bx1i} - e^{2a}e^{-d2i}\sqrt{e^{2a}e^{-d2i}2i}\right)\sqrt{e^{2a}e^{-d2i}}}{b} - \frac{\ln\left(-2e^{3a}e^{-d2i}e^{bx1i} + e^{2a}e^{-d2i}\sqrt{e^{2a}e^{-d2i}2i}\right)\sqrt{e^{2a}e^{-d2i}}}{b} + \frac{e^{3a}e^{-d2i}e^{bx1i}2i}{be^{2a}e^{-d2i} + be^{2a}e^{bx2i}}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/cos(d + b*x)^2,x)`

output `(log(- 2*exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2))/b - (log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2)*2i - 2*exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i))*(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))^(1/2))/b + (exp(3*a)*exp(-d*2i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i)/(b*exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i) + b*exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
(e**a*( - 6*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 12*
e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 6*e**(b*i*x)*co
s(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 14*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i
+ 28*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 14*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*
x + d)*i - 15*e**(b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)*
**4*i + 30*e**(b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i
- 15*e**(b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 15*e**(b*i*x)*sec(b*x
+ d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 30*e**(b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x +
d)/2)**2*i + 15*e**(b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*i - 4*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**
2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 16*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**
3 + 24*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 48*e**(b*i*x)*si
n(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2) + 48*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 2*e**(b
*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 4*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*
x + d)/2)**2 + 2*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) - 14*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)*
**4*i - 16*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 + 12*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)*
**2*i + 48*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2) - 66*e**(b*i*x)*i - 100*int(e**(b*i*
x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 -
1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b + 200*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x
+ d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*
x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b - 100*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)*...
```

### 3.33 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d + bx) \sec^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 279 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 279 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 280 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 281 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 281 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 282 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 282 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 283 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 284 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 284 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d + bx) \sec^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

`-2*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d + bx) \sec^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output

`(-2*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b - (E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{a+4ibx+3id}}{-1+e^{4i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4ie^{a+4ibx+3id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \log(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{e^{a-id} \log(1-e^{4i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(-2*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - (2*E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b + (E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 - E^((4*I)*(d + b*x))])/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2e^ae^{2ibx}e^{id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})b} - \frac{e^{-id}e^a \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{e^ae^{-id} \ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 80   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b*exp(a)*exp(2*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)-exp(-I*d)*exp(a)/b*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) - (e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) + 2e^{(a-id)}}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - (e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 2*e^(a - I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**2, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 606 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 606, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x +
3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) -
sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(
d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin
(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*(cos(d)^2
*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*c
os(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b
*x) + cos(d)) - (I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin
(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(
cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2
*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - (-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos
(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2
*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 -
2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - (-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*co
s(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(
2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 +
2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 4*I*e^a/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*I*b
*cos(d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*b*sin(d))

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + e^a \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) - e^a \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}{b(e^{(2i bx+3i d)} + e^{(i d)})}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-(e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^a*log(e^(2*I*b*
x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - e
^a*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 2*e^a)/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(I*d)
))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \text{ li}}}{\cos(d+bx)^2 \sin(d+bx)} dx$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*Ii)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)),x)`

output `int(exp(a + b*x*Ii)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**2,x)`

### 3.34 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 285 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 285 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)                       | 286 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 287 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 288 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 288 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 289 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 290 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 290 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 291 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4ie^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
4*I*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{ie^a \left( \frac{4e^{ibx}}{-1+e^{4i(d+bx)}} + 2e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) - e^{-id} \log(1-e^{i(d+bx)}) + e^{-id} \log(1+e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\left( (-I)E^a \left( \frac{4E^{Ibx}}{-1 + E^{(4I)(d + bx)}} \right) + (2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[E^{I(d + bx)}]) \right) / E^{I(d + bx)} - \operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{I(d + bx)}] / E^{I(d + bx)} + \operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{I(d + bx)}] / E^{I(d + bx)} \Big/ b$$

**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(bx + d) \sec^2(bx + d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{3e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{1 + e^{ibx+id}} - \frac{4e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{1 + e^{2ibx+2id}} - \frac{e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(1 + e^{ibx+id})^2} - \frac{4e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(1 + e^{2ibx+2id})^2} + \frac{3e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{-1 + e^{ibx+id}} - \frac{e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(-1 + e^{ibx+id})^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{4ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{3b} + \frac{4ie^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{3b} + \frac{ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{ibx+id})} - \\ & \frac{ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{ibx+id})} - \frac{2ie^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{a+ibx}}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[E^{(a + Ibx)} \operatorname{Csc}[d + bx]^2 \operatorname{Sec}[d + bx]^2, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2I)E^{(a + Ibx)})/b - (((4I)/3)E^{(a + (2I)d + (3I)bx)})/b + (((4 \\ & *I)/3)E^{(a - Id + (3I)(d + bx))})/b + (IE^{(a - Id)})/(b(1 - E^{(Id + \\ & Ibx)})) - (IE^{(a - Id)})/(b(1 + E^{(Id + Ibx)})) - ((2I)E^{(a - Id \\ & + (3I)(d + bx))})/(b(1 + E^{((2I)(d + bx)})) - ((2I)E^{(a - Id)}*Arc \\ & Tan[E^{(Id + Ibx)}])/b + (IE^{(a - Id)}*Log[1 - E^{(Id + Ibx)}])/b - (I* \\ & E^{(a - Id)}*Log[1 + E^{(Id + Ibx)}])/b \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp[IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 4974

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(F_)^{((c_.) * (a_.) + (b_.) * (x_))} * (G_) [(d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)]^{(m_.)} * (H_) [( \\ & d_.) + (e_.) * (x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Int[ExpandTrigToExp}[F^{(c*(a + bx))}, \\ & G[d + e*x]^{m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \text{IGtQ}[ \\ & m, 0] \ \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \text{TrigQ}[G] \ \&\& \text{TrigQ}[H] \end{aligned}$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{4ie^a e^{ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^a e^{-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2ie^a e^{-id} \operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 88   |

input

$$\text{int}(\exp(a+Ibx) * \csc(bx+d)^2 * \sec(bx+d)^2, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -4*I*\exp(a)*\exp(Ibx)/b/(1+\exp(2I*(bx+d)))/(-1+\exp(2I*(bx+d)))-2*I*\exp(a)*\exp(-Id)*\operatorname{arctanh}(\exp(I*(bx+d)))/b-2*I*\exp(a)*\exp(-Id)*\operatorname{arctan}(\exp(I \\ & *(bx+d)))/b \end{aligned}$$



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + i e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + (e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - (e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - 4i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i)}{b e^{(4ibx+4id)} - b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + (e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - (e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + (I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 4*I*e^(I*b*x + a)) / (b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - b)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**2*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 796 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 796, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.04

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(2*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)
*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2
*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)
)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2),
(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*
d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x +
2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 2*((-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*
d) + I*cos(d)*e^a + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + e^a*sin
(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^
a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*si
n(4*b*x + 4*d) - e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d))
- 8*cos(b*x)*e^a - ((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - cos(d)
*e^a - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^a*sin(d))*log(c
os(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d)
+ sin(d)^2) + ((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - cos(d)*e^a +
(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)
^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)
)^2) + ((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos
(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)
^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x ...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + i e^a \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - e^a \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 4*I*e^(I*b*x + a + I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) - e^(I*d)))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(4e^{5a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx li} - 4e^{4a} e^{-d4i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4}\right) li}{b}$$

$$- \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(4e^{5a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx li} + 4e^{4a} e^{-d4i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4}\right) li}{b}$$

$$- \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(4e^{5a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx li} - e^{4a} e^{-d4i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4} 4i\right)}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{(e^{4a-d4i})^{1/4} \ln\left(4e^{5a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx li} + e^{4a} e^{-d4i} (e^{4a} e^{-d4i})^{1/4} 4i\right)}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{5a-d4i+bx li} 4i}{b (e^{4a-d4i} - e^{4a+bx 4i})}$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)^2),x)`

output `(exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(4*exp(5*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*1i) - 4*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4))*1i)/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(4*exp(5*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*1i) + 4*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4))*1i)/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(4*exp(5*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*1i) - exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4)*4i))/b + (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/4)*log(4*exp(5*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*1i) + exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/4)*4i))/b + (exp(5*a - d*4i + b*x*1i)*4i)/(b*(exp(4*a - d*4i) - exp(4*a + b*x*4i)))`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc^2(bx+d)^2 \sec^2(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d)**2,x)`

### 3.35 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{4e^{a-id}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-4*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-
2*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))
/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id} \left( \frac{2}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{4}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{2}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \log(1-e^{2i(d+bx)}) - \log(1+e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(a - I*d)}*(2/(-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2 + 4/(-1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)}) - 2/(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)})) + \text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)})] - \text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)})]))/b$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{8ie^{a+6ibx+5id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{a+6ibx+5id}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{a+6ibx+5id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{12ie^{a+6ibx+5id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{6e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4e^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{4e^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4e^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2E^{(a - I*d)})}{(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2)} - \frac{(4E^{(a - I*d)})}{(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)}))} - \frac{(2E^{(a - I*d)})}{(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)}))} + \frac{(6E^{(a - I*d)}*ArcTanh[E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)}))}{b} + \frac{(4E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)})]}{b} - \frac{(4E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)})]}{b}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{4e^{6ibx}e^{5id}e^a - 2e^{4ibx}e^{3id}e^a + 2e^{2ibx}e^{id}e^a}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} - \frac{e^{-id}e^a \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{e^ae^{-id} \ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 125  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(2*exp(6*I*b*x)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(a)-exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(a)+exp(2*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)*exp(a))-exp(-I*d)*exp(a)/b*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+exp(a)*exp(-I*d)/b*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(6ibx+a+5id)} - e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) - (e^{(6ibx+a+5id)} - e^{(4ibx+a+id)})}{be^{(6ibx+6id)} - be^{(4ibx+4id)}}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-((e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - (e^(6*I*b*x + a + 5*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 6*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 4*e^(a - I*d))/(b*e^(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d) - b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**3*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1252 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1252, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.61

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

-(2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x +
7*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a
*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) +
(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(
d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)
) - 2*(cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x
+ 7*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e
^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d
) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin
(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*(
cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d)
- (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(
d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) - (I*
cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*si
n(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 4*I*cos(4*
b*x + 4*d)*e^a + 12*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - (I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)
)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*
sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) -
(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)
)*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(6i bx+a+6i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}{...}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-(e^(6*I*b*x + a + 6*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + a +
4*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b
*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^a*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(6*I*b*x + a + 6*I
*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - e^a
*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d) - 6*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + 2*I*d) + 4*e^a)/(b*(e^(6*I*b*x + 7*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) - e^(2*
I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(I*d)))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \cdot i}}{\cos(d+bx)^2 \sin(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(a + b*x*I)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(a + b*x*I)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)^3), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d)^3 \sec(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**3*sec(b*x + d)**2,x)
```

### 3.36 $\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 298 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 298 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 299 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 300 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 300 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 301 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 301 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 302 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 303 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 303 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b} - \frac{2e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{3e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{3e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-2*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+3*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-3*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a \left( -3 \arctan(e^{ibx}(\cos(d) + i \sin(d))) (\cos(d) - i \sin(d)) + \frac{e^{ibx}(5e^{2ibx} + (2+e^{4ibx}) \cos(2d) + i(-2+e^{4ibx}) \sin(2d))}{((1+e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + i(-1+e^{2ibx}) \sin(d))^2} \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Tan[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{a*(-3*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*b*x)}*(\text{Cos}[d] + I*\text{Sin}[d])])*(\text{Cos}[d] - I*\text{Sin}[d]) + (E^{(I*b*x)}*(5*E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + (2 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*\text{Cos}[2*d] + I*(-2 + E^{((4*I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[2*d])))/((1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*\text{Cos}[d] + I*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*\text{Sin}[d]))^2))/b$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$-i \int \left( -e^{a+ibx} + \frac{6e^{a+ibx}}{1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{12e^{a+ibx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{8e^{a+ibx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-i \left( -\frac{3ie^{a-id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{3ie^{a+ibx}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{a+ibx}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{ie^{a+ibx}}{b} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Tan}[d + b*x]^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-I)*((I*E^{(a + I*b*x)})/b - ((2*I)*E^{(a + I*b*x)})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2) + ((3*I)*E^{(a + I*b*x)})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - ((3*I)*E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*d + I*b*x)}]))/b$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} + \frac{3e^a e^{3ibx} e^{2id} + e^a e^{ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{3e^a e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 78   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b+1/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(3*exp(a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)+exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))-3*exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{3(i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} + 2i e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} + i e^{(a-i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + 3(-i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - 2i e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} - 2(b e^{(4i bx+4i d)} + 2b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} -$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(3*(I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*(-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*e^(5*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d) - 10*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 4*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{3e^a e^{2id} e^{3ibx} + e^a e^{ibx}}{be^{4id} e^{4ibx} + 2be^{2id} e^{2ibx} + b} + \begin{cases} \frac{e^a e^{ibx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ ix e^a & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ + \frac{3e^a e^{-id} \text{RootSum}(4z^2 + 1, (i \mapsto i \log(-2ie^{-id} + e^{ibx})))}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
(3*exp(a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) + exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))/(b*exp(4*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) + 2*b*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b) + Piecewise((exp(a)*exp(I*b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (I*x*exp(a), True)) + 3*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*RootSum(4*_z**2 + 1, Lambda(_i, _i*log(-2*_i*exp(-I*d) + exp(I*b*x))))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 617 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(6*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(
4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d)
)*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)
^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x +
2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 -
sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*
x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 4*I*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e
^a + 20*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 8*I*cos(b*x)*e^a - 3*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a
*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
+ cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(-I*cos(
d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^
2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*
d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*
d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 4*e^a*sin(5
*b*x + 4*d) - 20*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) - 8*e^a*sin(b*x))/(-4*I*b*cos(4*b*x
+ 4*d) - 8*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + 4*b*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + 8*b*sin(2*b*x + 2
*d) - 4*I*b)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3i e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 6i e^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 3i e^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 3i e^{(a+id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i)}{-4ib \cos(4bx+4d) - 8ib \cos(2bx+2d) + 4b \sin(4bx+4d) + 8b \sin(2bx+2d) - 4i}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(-3*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 6*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 3*I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*e^(5*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d) + 10*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) + 4*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \int e^{a+bx1i} \tan(d+bx)^3 dx$$

input

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)*tan(d + b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)*tan(d + b*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \tan(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*tan(b*x + d)**3,x)
```



### 3.37 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 304 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 304 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 305 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 306 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 306 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 307 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 307 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 308 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 308 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 309 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$-2*I*\exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+4*I*\exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+I*\exp(a-I*d)*\ln(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id} \left( 2 + 4e^{2i(d+bx)} + (1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Sec}[d + b*x]*\text{Tan}[d + b*x]^2,x]$

output

$$\frac{(I * E^{(a - I * d)} * (2 + 4 * E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x))} + (1 + E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x)))})^2 * \text{Log}[1 + E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x))}])}{(b * (1 + E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x))})^2)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{8e^{a+2ibx+id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8e^{a+2ibx+id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{2e^{a+2ibx+id}}{-1-e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4ie^{a-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{ie^{a-id} \log(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I * b * x)} * \text{Sec}[d + b * x] * \text{Tan}[d + b * x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-2 * I) * E^{(a - I * d)})}{(b * (1 + E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x))})^2) + ((4 * I) * E^{(a - I * d)}) / (b * (1 + E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x))})) + (I * E^{(a - I * d)} * \text{Log}[1 + E^{((2 * I) * (d + b * x))}])}{b}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{2ie^{4ibx}e^{3id}e^a}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} + \frac{ie^ae^{-id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 59   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*I/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(a)+I*exp(-I*d)*exp(a)/b*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{(ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 2ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + 4ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + 2ie^{(a-id)}}{be^{(4ibx+4id)} + 2be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 2*I*e^(a - I*d)) / (b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \tan^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*tan(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(-i \cos(d)^2 e^a - i e^a \sin(d)^2 + (-i \cos(d) e^a - e^a \sin(d)) \cos(4bx + 5d) + 2(-i \cos(d) e^a - e^a \sin(d)) \sin(4bx + 5d))}{b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*(-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(4
*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^
a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b
*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 8*cos(2
*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d
))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*
cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))
*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 +
sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - 8*I*e^a*sin(2*b*x +
2*d) - 4*e^a)/(-2*I*b*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 4*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - 2*I*b*co
s(d) + 2*b*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 4*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 2*b*sin(d))

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + 2ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + ie^{(a-id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}{b(e^{(4ibx+4id)} + 2e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

(I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*
I*d) + 1) + 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + 2*I*e^(a - I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x +
4*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx} \tan(d+bx)^2}{\cos(d+bx)} dx$$

input

```
int((exp(a + b*x*1i)*tan(d + b*x)^2)/cos(d + b*x),x)
```

output `int((exp(a + b*x*I)*tan(d + b*x)^2)/cos(d + b*x), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(e**a*( - 6*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 12*  
e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 6*e**(b*i*x)*co  
s(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 4*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i  
+ 8*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 4*e**(b*i*x)*cos(b*x +  
d)*i + e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 4*e**(b*i*x)*si  
n(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 - 6*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x  
+ d)/2)**2*i + 12*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2) - 87*e**(b  
i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i - 8*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 16  
*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 8*e**(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) -  
4*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 4*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 + 1  
2*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 12*e**(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2) + 84*e  
**(b*i*x)*i + 100*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)  
**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b  
- 200*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan(  
(b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b + 100*int(e*  
*(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)  
**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*b - 100*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 -  
3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b  
+ 200*int(e**(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*ta  
n((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b - 100*int(e**(b*i*x)/(t...`

### 3.38 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 310 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 310 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 311 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 312 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 312 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 313 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 313 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 314 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 315 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 315 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{3e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+3*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id} \left( e^{i(d+bx)} + 3e^{3i(d+bx)} - (1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(a - I*d)}*(E^{(I*(d + b*x))} + 3*E^{((3*I)*(d + b*x))} - (1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}]))/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{8ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{4ie^{a+3ibx+2id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{3e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Sec}[d + b*x]^2*\text{Tan}[d + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*E^{(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x))})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2) + (3*E^{(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x))})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - (E^{(a - I*d)}*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}]))/b$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{3e^ae^{3ibx}e^{2id}+e^ae^{ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{e^ae^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 66   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(3*exp(a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)+exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))-exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{(-ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)} - 2ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} - ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + (ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 2ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i)}{2(be^{(4ibx+4id)} + 2be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*((-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + (I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 6*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)**2*tan(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*tan(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 589 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.72

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(
4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d)
)*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)
)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x +
2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 -
sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*
x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 12*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*
e^a + 4*I*cos(b*x)*e^a - ((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2
*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a
+ e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x
+ 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*
x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x
+ 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(
b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 12*e^a*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) - 4*e^a*sin(b*x))
/(-4*I*b*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - 8*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + 4*b*sin(4*b*x + 4*d)
+ 8*b*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 4*I*b)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 2i e^{(2i bx+a+i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - i e^{(a-i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i)}{2b(e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} + i)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/2*(-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x
+ a + I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) +
I) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + I*e^(a - I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I
) + 6*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) +
2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \cdot 1i} \tan(d+bx)}{\cos(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((exp(a + b*x*1i)*tan(d + b*x))/cos(d + b*x)^2,x)`output `int((exp(a + b*x*1i)*tan(d + b*x))/cos(d + b*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output

```
(***a*(3***(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 6**
*(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 3***(b*i*x)*co
s(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i - 7***(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4
+ 14***(b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 7***(b*i*x)*cos(b*x +
d) - 2***(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 8***(b*i*x)*sin(b
*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3*i + 12***(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x
+ d)/2)**2 + 24***(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)*i + 24***(b*i
*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2 - e***(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 2**
*(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - e***(b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*i -
7***(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 8***(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3*i + 6**
e***(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 24***(b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)*i - 33***
(b*i*x) + 50*int(e***(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 +
3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b*i - 1
00*int(e***(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*
x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i + 50*int(e***
(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**
2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*b*i - 50*int(e***(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3
*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b
*i + 100*int(e***(b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*t
an((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i - 50*int(e***(b*i*x)/...
```

### 3.39 $\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 317 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 317 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 318 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 319 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 319 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 320 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 320 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 321 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 321 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 321 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{a-id+4i(d+bx)}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

output `-2*I*exp(a-I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{a+3id+4ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input `Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((-2*I)*E^(a + (3*I)*d + (4*I)*b*x))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {4946}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4946$$

$$\frac{e^{a+ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)}{2b} - \frac{ie^{a+ibx} \sec(bx+d)}{2b}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x])/b + (E^(a + I*b*x)*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x])/(2*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4946 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b)*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2)/(e^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 1)*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e*(n - 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 + e^2*(n - 2)^2, 0] && NeQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

| method        | result  | size |
|---------------|---|------|
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{e^{ibx+a} \sec(bx+d)(i-\tan(bx+d))}{2b}$  | 31   |
| risch         | $-\frac{2ie^{4ibx+3id+a}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2 b}$  | 32   |
| norman        | $\frac{e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{b} + \frac{e^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{b} - \frac{ie^{ibx+a}}{2b} + \frac{ie^{ibx+a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{2b}$<br>$\left(\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)$ | 101  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*(I-tan(b*x+d))/b`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2(-2ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} - ie^{(a-id)})}{be^{(4ibx+4id)} + 2be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*(-2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \int e^{ibx} \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `exp(a)*Integral(exp(I*b*x)*sec(b*x + d)**3, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(2 \cos(2bx+2d)e^a + 2ie^a \sin(2bx+2d) + e^a)}{-ib \cos(4bx+5d) - 2ib \cos(2bx+3d) - ib \cos(d) + b \sin(4bx+5d) + 2b \sin(2bx+3d) + b \sin(d)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(2*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 2*I*e^a*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a)/(-I*b*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - I*b*cos(d) + b*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + b*sin(d))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2(-2ie^{(2ibx+a+2id)} - ie^a)}{b(e^{(4ibx+5id)} + 2e^{(2ibx+3id)} + e^{(id)})}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(-2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - I*e^a)/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(I*d)))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx} i}{\cos(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*I)/cos(d + b*x)^3,x)`output `int(exp(a + b*x*I)/cos(d + b*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{bx+a}(-2 \cos(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)^2 i + 2 \cos(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)^3 i - \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d))}{2 \cos(bx+d) b (\sin(bx+d)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(e**(a + b*i*x)*(- 2*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 2*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3*i - cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - sin(b*x + d)**2*i - i))/(2*cos(b*x + d)*b*(sin(b*x + d)**2 - 1))
```

### 3.40 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 323 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 323 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 324 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 325 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 325 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 326 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 326 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 327 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 328 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 328 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{3e^{a-id+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+3*exp(a-I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-2*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^a \left( -\frac{2e^{ibx}}{(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{3e^{ibx}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + e^{-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) + e^{-id} \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) - e^{-id} \log(1 + e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(E^a*((-2*E^(I*b*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 + (3*E^(I*b*x))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))]/E^(I*d) + Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))]/E^(I*d) - Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))]/E^(I*d))/b`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{4ie^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{a+5ibx+4id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{4ie^{a+5ibx+4id}}{-1+e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b} + \frac{3e^{a+i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-2*E^(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x)))/b + (2*E^(a - I*d + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) + (3*E^(a - I*d + I*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (2*E^(a - I*d + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (E^(a - I*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b - (2*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{3e^ae^{3ibx}e^{2id}+e^ae^{ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2e^ae^{-id}\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{e^ae^{-id}\operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 87   |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(3*exp(a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)+exp(a)*exp(I*b*x))-2/b*exp(a)*exp(-I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))+exp(a)/b*exp(-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(e^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 2e^{(2ibx+a+id)} + e^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - (ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + 2ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + ie^{(a-id)})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*(e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*
log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - (I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a
+ I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - (-I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3
*I*d) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I
) - 2*(e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + a + I*d) + e^(a - I*d))*lo
g(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 6*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(I*b*x + a))/(b*e
^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1121 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1121, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.76

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(2*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*
sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4
*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d))
*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)
^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2
*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 -
sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x
+ 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 4*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*
sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)
+ cos(d)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(I*cos(d)*
e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(
d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 4*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) +
2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)*
e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*
b*x + 2*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) -
12*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a - 4*I*cos(b*x)*e^a + 2*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin
(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 2*d) + I
*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a
- I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)
*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 2*(...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + 2i e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + i e^a \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i)}{...}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```



output

```
1/2*(I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x +
a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - I*
e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*
I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*e^(4*I*
b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 4*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*lo
g(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 2*e^a*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*e^(4*I*b*x
+ a + 4*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 4*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(
-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*e^a*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 6*e^(3*I*b*x
+ a + 3*I*d) + 2*e^(I*b*x + a + I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*
b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(I*d)))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \operatorname{li}}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)
```

### 3.41 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 329 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 329 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 330 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 331 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 331 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 332 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 332 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 333 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 334 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 334 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+4*I*exp(a-I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(a-I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{a-id} \left( \frac{2}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \frac{2}{(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{4}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) + \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((-I)*E^(a - I*d)*(2/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) + 2/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 - 4/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) - Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))] + Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))]))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{4e^{a+6ibx+5id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8e^{a+6ibx+5id}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8e^{a+6ibx+5id}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{12e^{a+6ibx+5id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6ie^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{4ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{a-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{a-id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4ie^{a-id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

```
Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((2*I)*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((2*I)*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))^2 + ((4*I)*E^(a - I*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + ((6*I)*E^(a - I*d)*ArcTanh[E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b + ((4*I)*E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b - ((4*I)*E^(a - I*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{2i(2e^{6ibx}e^{5id}e^a + e^{4ibx}e^{3id}e^a + e^{2ibx}e^{id}e^a)}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} - \frac{ie^ae^{-id} \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^ae^{-id} \ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 128  |

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2*I/(-1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(2*\exp(6*I*b*x)*\exp(5*I*d)*\exp(a)+\exp(4*I*b*x)*\exp(3*I*d)*\exp(a)+\exp(2*I*b*x)*\exp(I*d)*\exp(a))-I \\ & /b*\exp(a)*\exp(-I*d)*\ln(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+I*\exp(a)*\exp(-I*d)/b*\ln(-1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d))) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx \\ & = \frac{(-ie^{(6ibx+a+5id)} - ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)} + ie^{(2ibx+a+id)} + ie^{(a-id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + (ie^{(6ibx+a+5id)} + ie^{(4ibx+a+3id)})}{be^{(6ibx+6id)} + be^{(4ibx+a+3id)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} &((-Ie^{(6Ibx + a + 5Id)} - Ie^{(4Ibx + a + 3Id)} + Ie^{(2Ibx + a + Id)} + Ie^{(a - Id)}) \log(e^{(2Ibx + 2Id)} + 1) + (Ie^{(6Ibx + a + 5Id)} + Ie^{(4Ibx + a + 3Id)} - Ie^{(2Ibx + a + Id)} - Ie^{(a - Id)}) \log(e^{(2Ibx + 2Id)} - 1) \\ &+ 2Ie^{(4Ibx + a + 3Id)} - 6Ie^{(2Ibx + a + Id)} - 4Ie^{(a - Id)}) / (be^{(6Ibx + 6Id)} + be^{(4Ibx + 4Id)} - be^{(2Ibx + 2Id)} - b) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**2*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1248 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1248, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.06

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(2*(I*cos(d)^2*e^a + I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) + 2*(-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(-I*cos(d)^2*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d)^2 + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 4*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)*e^a - 12*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + (cos(d)^2*e^a + e^a*sin(d)^2 - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d))*...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 247 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-i e^{(6i bx+a+6i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + i e^{(2i bx+a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}{...}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(-I*e^(6*I*b*x + a + 6*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - I*e^(4*I*b*x +
a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^
(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^a*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(6*I*b*x
+ a + 6*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log
(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I
*d) - 1) - I*e^a*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d
) - 6*I*e^(2*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d) - 4*I*e^a)/(b*(e^(6*I*b*x + 7*I*d) + e^(4*
I*b*x + 5*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(I*d)))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \cdot 1i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc(bx+d)^2 \sec(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
***a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)
```

### 3.42 $\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 335 |
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{8e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{a-id+3i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})} + \frac{3e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{3e^{a-id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
8*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(a-I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))
/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))+3*exp(a-I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-3*exp(a-I*d)
*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{a-id} \left( \frac{16e^{3i(d+bx)}}{(-1+e^{4i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{12e^{3i(d+bx)}}{-1+e^{4i(d+bx)}} + 6 \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) + 3 \log(1-e^{i(d+bx)}) - 3 \log(1+e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{2b}$$



input `Integrate[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(E^(a - I*d)*((16*E^((3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((4*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 + (12*E^((3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((4*I)*(d + b*x))) + 6*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))] + 3*Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))] - 3*Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))]))/(2*b)`

### Rubi [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 436 vs.  $2(133) = 266$ .

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{21ie^{a+7ibx+6id}}{2(1+e^{ibx+id})} + \frac{12ie^{a+7ibx+6id}}{1+e^{2ibx+2id}} + \frac{9ie^{a+7ibx+6id}}{2(1+e^{ibx+id})^2} + \frac{12ie^{a+7ibx+6id}}{(1+e^{2ibx+2id})^2} + \frac{ie^{a+7ibx+6id}}{(1+e^{ibx+id})^3} + \frac{8ie^{a+7ibx+6id}}{(1+e^{2ibx+2id})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3e^{a-id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{12e^{a+5ibx+4id}}{5b} + \frac{6e^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b} + \frac{12e^{a+5i(bx+d)-id}}{5b} - \frac{3e^{a-id}}{2b(1-e^{ibx+id})} + \frac{3e^{a-id}}{2b(1+e^{ibx+id})} - \frac{5e^{a+3i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{6e^{a+5i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{e^{a-id}}{2b(1-e^{ibx+id})^2} - \frac{e^{a-id}}{2b(1+e^{ibx+id})^2} - \frac{2e^{a+5i(bx+d)-id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{3e^{a-id} \log(1-e^{ibx+id})}{2b} - \frac{3e^{a-id} \log(1+e^{ibx+id})}{2b} + \frac{e^{a+ibx}}{b}$$

input `Int[E^(a + I*b*x)*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& E^{\left(a+I b x\right) / b}-\left(12 E^{\left(a+\left(4 I\right) d+\left(5 I\right) b x\right) / \left(5 b\right)}+\left(6 E^{\left(a-I d+\left(3 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right) / b+\left(12 E^{\left(a-I d+\left(5 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right) / \left(5 b\right)}+E^{\left(a-I d\right) / \left(2 b\left(1-E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)\right)^2}-\left(3 E^{\left(a-I d\right) / \left(2 b\left(1-E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)\right)}\right)}-E^{\left(a-I d\right) / \left(2 b\left(1+E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)\right)^2}+\left(3 E^{\left(a-I d\right) / \left(2 b\left(1+E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)\right)}\right)}-\left(2 E^{\left(a-I d+\left(5 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right) / \left(b\left(1+E^{\left(2 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right)^2}-\left(5 E^{\left(a-I d+\left(3 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right) / \left(b\left(1+E^{\left(2 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right)}\right)}-\left(6 E^{\left(a-I d+\left(5 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right) / \left(b\left(1+E^{\left(2 I\right)\left(d+b x\right)\right)}\right)}+\left(3 E^{\left(a-I d\right)} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)}\right] / b+\left(3 E^{\left(a-I d\right)} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)}\right] / \left(2 b\right)-\left(3 E^{\left(a-I d\right)} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+E^{\left(I d+I b x\right)}\right] / \left(2 b\right)\right.
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] / ; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 4974

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(F_)^{\left((c_.)\left((a_.)+(b_.)\left(x_.\right)\right)\right)}\left(G_.\right)\left[\left(d_.\right)+\left(e_.\right)\left(x_.\right)\right]^{\left(m_.\right)}\left(H_.\right)\left[\left(d_.\right)+\left(e_.\right)\left(x_.\right)\right]^{\left(n_.\right)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigToExp}\left[F^{\left(c*\left(a+b x\right)\right)}, G\left[d+e x\right]^m H\left[d+e x\right]^n, x\right], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\left[\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x\right] \&\& \text{IGtQ}\left[m, 0\right] \&\& \text{IGtQ}\left[n, 0\right] \&\& \text{TrigQ}\left[G\right] \&\& \text{TrigQ}\left[H\right]
\end{aligned}$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{6 e^a e^{7 i b x} e^{6 i d}+2 e^a e^{3 i b x} e^{2 i d}}{\left(-1+e^{2 i(b x+d)}\right)^2\left(1+e^{2 i(b x+d)}\right)^2 b}+\frac{3 e^a e^{-i d} \arctan\left(e^{i(b x+d)}\right)}{b}-\frac{3 e^a e^{-i d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{i(b x+d)}\right)}{b}$ | 107  |

input

$$\text{int}\left(\exp\left(a+I b x\right) * \operatorname{csc}\left(b x+d\right)^3 * \operatorname{sec}\left(b x+d\right)^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE\right)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 / \left(-1+\exp\left(2 I *(b x+d)\right)\right)^2 / \left(1+\exp\left(2 I *(b x+d)\right)\right)^2 / b *\left(3 * \exp(a) * \exp\left(7 I b x\right) * \exp\left(6 I d\right)+\exp(a) * \exp\left(3 I b x\right) * \exp\left(2 I d\right)+3 * \exp(a) / b * \exp(-I d) * \operatorname{arctan}\left(\exp\left(I *(b x+d)\right)\right)\right)-3 / b * \exp(a) * \exp(-I d) * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\exp\left(I *(b x+d)\right)\right)
\end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{3 \left( e^{(8i bx+a+7i d)} - 2 e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} + e^{(a-i d)} \right) \log \left( e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1 \right) + 3 \left( -i e^{(8i bx+a+7i d)} + 2i e^{(4i bx+a+3i d)} - \right)}{b \left( e^{(8i bx+8i d)} - 2 b e^{(4i bx+4i d)} + b \right)}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(3*(e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + e^(a - I*d)) * log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 3*(-I*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) + 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) - I*e^(a - I*d)) * log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*(I*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + I*e^(a - I*d)) * log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 3*(e^(8*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d) + e^(a - I*d)) * log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 12*e^(7*I*b*x + a + 6*I*d) - 4*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 2*I*d))/(b*e^(8*I*b*x + 8*I*d) - 2*b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**3*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1133 vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1133, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.52

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(6*((I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*cos(8*b*x + 8*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*
sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(
8*b*x + 8*d) + 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + e^a*sin(d)
)*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)
^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x +
2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 -
sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*
x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 6*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a
*sin(d))*cos(8*b*x + 8*d) - 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)
+ cos(d)*e^a + (I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(8*b*x + 8*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)
)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + si
n(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 6*((cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(8*b*x + 8*d)
- 2*(cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + cos(d)*e^a - (-I*cos(d)
)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*sin(8*b*x + 8*d) - 2*(I*cos(d)*e^a + e^a*sin(d))*sin(4
*b*x + 4*d) - I*e^a*sin(d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d))
- 24*I*cos(7*b*x + 6*d)*e^a - 8*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^a + 3*((I*cos(d)*e^a
+ e^a*sin(d))*cos(8*b*x + 8*d) + 2*(-I*cos(d)*e^a - e^a*sin(d))*cos(4*b*x
+ 4*d) + I*cos(d)*e^a - (cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(8*b*x + 8*d) + 2*(
cos(d)*e^a - I*e^a*sin(d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + e^a*sin(d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 +
2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3i e^{(8i bx+a+8i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 6i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + 3i e^a \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 3i e^{(8i bx+a+8i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - i) + 6i e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - i) - 3i e^a \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - i) + 3e^{(8i bx+a+8i d)} \log(I e^{(I b x + I d)} + I) + 6e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(I e^{(I b x + I d)} + I) - 3e^a \log(I e^{(I b x + I d)} + I) - 3e^{(8i bx+a+8i d)} \log(I e^{(I b x + I d)} - I) + 6e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(I e^{(I b x + I d)} - I) - 3e^a \log(I e^{(I b x + I d)} - I) + 3e^{(8i bx+a+8i d)} \log(-I e^{(I b x + I d)} + I) + 6e^{(4i bx+a+4i d)} \log(-I e^{(I b x + I d)} + I) - 3e^a \log(-I e^{(I b x + I d)} + I) + 12e^{(7i bx+a+7i d)} + 4e^{(3i bx+a+3i d)}}{(b(e^{(8i bx+9i d)} - 2e^{(4i bx+5i d)} + e^{(i d)}))}$$

input `integrate(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(3*I*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 8*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*I*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 8*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 6*I*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 3*I*e^a*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 3*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 8*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 6*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*e^a*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*e^(8*I*b*x + a + 8*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*e^(4*I*b*x + a + 4*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 3*e^a*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 12*e^(7*I*b*x + a + 7*I*d) + 4*e^(3*I*b*x + a + 3*I*d))/(b*(e^(8*I*b*x + 9*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + 5*I*d) + e^(I*d)))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{a+bx \cdot 1i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^3),x)`

output `int(exp(a + b*x*1i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{a+ibx} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^a \left( \int e^{bix} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(a+I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output `e**a*int(e**(b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**3*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.43 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2(a-id)-2i(d+bx)}}{32b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{32b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+6i(d+bx)}}{96b} + \frac{1}{8}ie^{2a-2id}x$$

output

```
1/32*exp(2*a-2*I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/32*exp(2*a-2*I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/96*exp(2*a-2*I*d+6*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a}(-3(e^{4ibx} - 4ibx) \cos(2d) - 3i(e^{4ibx} + 4ibx) \sin(2d) + e^{-2ibx}((3 + e^{8ibx}) \cos(4d) + i(-3 + e^{8ibx}) \sin(4d)))}{96b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a)}*(-3*(E^{((4*I)*b*x)} - (4*I)*b*x)*\text{Cos}[2*d] - (3*I)*(E^{((4*I)*b*x)} + (4*I)*b*x)*\text{Sin}[2*d] + ((3 + E^{((8*I)*b*x)})*\text{Cos}[4*d] + I*(-3 + E^{((8*I)*b*x}))*\text{Sin}[4*d])/E^{((2*I)*b*x)))/(96*b)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^3(bx+d) \cos(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(2bx+2d) - \frac{1}{8} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(4bx+4d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{32b} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(4bx+4d)}{48b} + \frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(4bx+4d)}{24b} + \frac{1}{8} ixe^{2a-2id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]^3,x]$$

output

$$-1/32*E^{(2*(a + I*d) + (4*I)*b*x)}/b + (I/8)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x} + (E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[4*d + 4*b*x]})/(24*b) - ((I/48)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Sin}[4*d + 4*b*x]})/b$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs.  $2(80) = 160$ .

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

| method  | result  |
|---------|---|
| orering | $\frac{(12bx+i)e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3}{12b} + \frac{i(-bx+2i) \left( 2ib e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 - e^{2ibx+2a} b \sin(bx+d)^4 + 3 e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^5 \right)}{12b^2}$   |
| norman  | $\frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{2} + \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{2} - \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{2} - \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^7}{2} + \frac{i x e^{2ibx+2a}}{8} + \frac{10 e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{3b}$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*(12*b*x+I)/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3+1/12*I*(-b*x+2*I)/b^2*(2*I*b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3-exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b*sin(b*x+d)^4+3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2*b)-1/48*(-8*b*x+I)/b^3*(-14*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3-4*I*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^4+12*I*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2+6*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)*b^2)+1/48*I/b^3*x*(-68*I*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3+22*sin(b*x+d)^4*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3-84*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2+36*I*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3+6*cos(b*x+d)^4*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(12i b x e^{(2i b x + 2 a)} + e^{(8i b x + 2 a + 6i d)} - 3 e^{(6i b x + 2 a + 4i d)} + 3 e^{(2 a - 2i d)}) e^{(-2i b x - 2i d)}}{96 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/96*(12*I*b*x*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) - 3*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) + 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-2*I*b*x - 2*I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i x e^{2a} e^{-2id}}{8} + \begin{cases} \frac{(1024 b^2 e^{2a} e^{8id} e^{6ibx} - 3072 b^2 e^{2a} e^{6id} e^{4ibx} + 3072 b^2 e^{2a} e^{-2ibx}) e^{-4id}}{98304 b^3} & \text{for } b^3 e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(i e^{2a} e^{8id} - 2i e^{2a} e^{6id} + 2i e^{2a} e^{2id} - i e^{2a}) e^{-4id}}{16} - \frac{i e^{2a} e^{-2id}}{8} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)**3,x)`output `I*x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/8 + Piecewise(((1024*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(6*I*b*x) - 3072*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) + 3072*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(98304*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*((I*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d) - 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(2*a))*exp(-4*I*d)/16 - I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/8), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{12(-ib \cos(2d) e^{2a} - b e^{2a} \sin(2d))x - \cos(6bx+4d) e^{2a} + 3 \cos(4bx+2d) e^{2a} - 3 \cos(2bx+d) e^{2a}}{96b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(12*(-I*b*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - b*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*x - cos(6*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 3*cos(4*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) - 3*cos(2*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(6*b*x + 4*d) + 3*I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 2*d) + 3*I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{-24i(bx+d) \cos(2d) e^{2a} - 24(bx+d) e^{2a} \sin(2d) - (e^{6i bx+4i d} - e^{-6i bx-4i d}) e^{2a} + 3(e^{4i bx+2i d} - e^{-4i bx-2i d}) e^{2a}}{192}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/192*(-24*I*(b*x + d)*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - 24*(b*x + d)*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d) - (e^(6*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-6*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 3*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 3*(e^(2*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-2*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 6*cos(2*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 6*cos(-4*b*x - 2*d)*e^(2*a) - 2*cos(-6*b*x - 4*d)*e^(2*a))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^{2a} (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) 1i) 1i}{8} + \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) 1i)}{32b} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) 1i)}{32b} + \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(6bx) + \sin(6bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) 1i)}{96b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^3,x)`output `(x*exp(2*a)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i)*1i)/8 + (exp(2*a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d)*1i))/(32*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i))/(32*b) + (exp(2*a)*(cos(6*b*x) + sin(6*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i))/(96*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3,x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.44 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 348 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 348 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 349 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 350 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 351 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 351 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 352 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 352 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 353 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 353 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{2(a-id)-i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{24b} + \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+5i(d+bx)}}{40b}$$

output

```
-1/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-1/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/24*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/40*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-ibx} (3i(-5 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) + 5e^{2ibx} (-i(3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + (-3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)) - 3(5 + e^{6ibx}) \sin(3d)}{120b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{2a - Ibx}) * ((3I) * (-5 + E^{(6I)bx}) * \text{Cos}[3d] + 5 * E^{(2I)bx}) * ((-I) * (3 + E^{(2I)bx}) * \text{Cos}[d] + (-3 + E^{(2I)bx}) * \text{Sin}[d]) - 3 * (5 + E^{(6I)bx}) * \text{Sin}[3d])}{(120 * b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(bx+d) \cos(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d) - \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(3bx+3d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d)}{12b} - \frac{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d)}{\frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(3bx+3d)}{10b}} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d)}{6b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{2*(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Cos}[d + b*x] * \text{Sin}[d + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-1/6*I) * E^{2*(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Cos}[d + b*x])/b - ((I/10) * E^{2*(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Cos}[3*d + 3*b*x])/b - (E^{2*(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Sin}[d + b*x])/(12*b) - (3 * E^{2*(a + I*b*x)} * \text{Sin}[3*d + 3*b*x])/(20*b)}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $\frac{8 e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^3 \left(i \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^3 - 5i \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right) - 4 \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^2 + 5\right)}{15b \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^2\right)^3}$                           |
| default       | $\frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(3bx+3d)}{10b} - \frac{3e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(3bx+3d)}{20b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)}{6b} - \frac{e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d)}{12b}$  |
| norman        | $\frac{8 e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^3}{3b} - \frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a}}{15b} + \frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^2}{3b} - \frac{32 e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)}{15b}$<br>$\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^2\right)^3$ |
| orering       | $-\frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2}{15b} - \frac{14 \left(2ib e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 - e^{2ibx+2a} b \sin(bx+d)^3 + 2 e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)\right)}{15b^2}$   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `8/15*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3*(I*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3-5*I*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)-4*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2+5)/b/(1+tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2)^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3i e^{(6i bx+2a+4i d)} - 5i e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - 15i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - 15i e^{(2a-2i d)}) e^{(-i bx-i d)}}{120 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/120*(3*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 5*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 15*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - 15*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(1536ib^3 e^{2a} e^{7id} e^{5ibx} - 2560ib^3 e^{2a} e^{5id} e^{3ibx} - 7680ib^3 e^{2a} e^{3id} e^{ibx} - 7680ib^3 e^{2a} e^{id} e^{-ibx}) e^{-4id}}{61440b^4} & \text{for } b^4 e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-e^{2a} e^{6id} + e^{2a} e^{4id} + e^{2a} e^{2id} - e^{2a}) e^{-3id}}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)**2,x)`output `Piecewise(((1536*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(7*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 2560*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 7680*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) - 7680*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(I*d)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(61440*b**4), Ne(b**4*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*(-exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) + exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) + exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - exp(2*a))*exp(-3*I*d)/8, True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-3i \cos(5bx+3d) e^{(2a)} + 5i \cos(3bx+d) e^{(2a)} + 15i \cos(bx+3d) e^{(2a)} + 15i \cos(bx-d) e^{(2a)} + \dots}{120b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/120*(-3*I*cos(5*b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 5*I*cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) + 15*I*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 15*I*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + 3*e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 3*d) - 5*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + d) + 15*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) - 15*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-3i (e^{(5i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-5i bx-3i d)}) e^{(2a)} + 5i (e^{(3i bx+i d)} + e^{(-3i bx-i d)}) e^{(2a)} + 15i (e^{(i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-i bx-3i d)}) e^{(2a)} + \dots}{120b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/240*(-3*I*(e^(5*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-5*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 5*I*(e^(3*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-3*I*b*x - I*d))*e^(2*a) + 15*I*(e^(I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 15*I*(e^(I*b*x - I*d) + e^(-I*b*x + I*d))*e^(2*a) + 30*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) + 30*e^(2*a)*sin(-b*x + d) + 10*e^(2*a)*sin(-3*b*x - d) - 6*e^(2*a)*sin(-5*b*x - 3*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) 1i) 1i}{8b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) 1i) 1i}{40b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) + \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) 1i) 1i}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) 1i) 1i}{24b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^2,x)`output `(exp(2*a)*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(40*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(8*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) + sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(8*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(24*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 856, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(410*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6*
i + 1230*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 1230*cos(b*x
+ d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 410*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d
)**2*i + 480*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6*b*i*x + 120*cos
(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 + 1440*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d
)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b*i*x + 360*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/
2)**4 + 1440*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i*x + 360*cos
(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 + 480*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)
*b*i*x + 120*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) + 580*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)
**6*i + 1740*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 1740*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b
*x + d)/2)**2*i + 580*cos(b*x + d)*i + 615*sin(b*x + d)**3*tan((b*x + d)/2
)**6 + 1845*sin(b*x + d)**3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 1845*sin(b*x + d)**3*tan
((b*x + d)/2)**2 + 615*sin(b*x + d)**3 + 480*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)
/2)**6*b*x - 360*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6*i + 1440*sin(b*x + d)
**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b*x - 1080*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i +
1440*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*x - 1080*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((
b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 480*sin(b*x + d)**2*b*x - 360*sin(b*x + d)**2*i - 120*s
in(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 360*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 3
60*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 120*sin(b*x + d) + 580*tan((b*x + d)
/2)**6*i + 960*tan((b*x + d)/2)**5*b*i*x + 480*tan((b*x + d)/2)**5 - 19...
```

### 3.45 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 355 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 355 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 356 |
| Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)     | 357 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 358 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 358 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 359 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 359 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 360 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 360 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{16b} + \frac{1}{4}ie^{2a-2id}x$$

output

```
-1/16*exp(2*a-2*I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx \\ &= \frac{e^{2a} \left( -\left( (e^{4ibx} - 4ibx) \cos(2d) \right) + \left( -ie^{4ibx} + 4bx \right) \sin(2d) \right)}{16b} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a)*(-(E^((4*I)*b*x) - (4*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]) + ((-I)*E^((4*I)*b*x) + 4*b*x)*Sin[2*d]))/(16*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {4972, 27, 4967, 4975, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \cos(bx+d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4972 \\ & \int \frac{1}{2} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(2bx+2d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(2d+2bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4967 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{2a+2ibx} \sin(2d+2bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4975 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{1}{2} i e^{2(a-id)} - \frac{1}{2} i e^{2a+2id+4ibx} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} i x e^{2a-2id} - \frac{e^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{8b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Sin[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(-1/8*E^(2*(a + I*d) + (4*I)*b*x)/b + (I/2)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x)/2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4967 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*(u_))*(G_)[v_]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[F^(c*ExpandToSum[u, x])*G[ExpandToSum[v, x]]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, n}, x] && TrigQ[G] && LinearQ[{u, v}, x] && !LinearMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_) + (g_)*(x)]^(n_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x)))*Sin[(d_) + (e_)*(x)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 4975 `Int[(F_)^(u_)*Sin[v_]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Sin[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

| method  | result   |
|---------|--|
| orering | $-\frac{(-4bx+i)e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)}{4b} + \frac{ix(2ib e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) - e^{2ibx+2a} b \sin(bx+d)^2 + e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2)}{4b}$   |
| norman  | $\frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) - x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 + \frac{ix e^{2ibx+2a}}{4} - \frac{3ix e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{2} + \frac{ix e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{4} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{2b}}{\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)\right)^2}$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4*(-4*b*x+I)/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)+1/4*I/b*x*(2*I*b*
exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)-exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b*sin(b*x+d)^2+exp
(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{4i b x e^{(2a-2id)} - e^{(4i b x + 2a + 2id)}}{16b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*(4*I*b*x*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d))/b
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{ix e^{2a} e^{-2id}}{4} + \begin{cases} -\frac{e^{2a} e^{2id} e^{4ibx}}{16b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(-ie^{2a} e^{4id} + ie^{2a}) e^{-2id}}{4} - \frac{ie^{2a} e^{-2id}}{4} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
I*x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4 + Piecewise((-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x)/
(16*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*((-I*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) + I*exp(2*a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4
- I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} i x e^{(2a-2id)} - \frac{e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)}}{16b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*I*x*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) - 1/16*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 77 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{-8i(bx+d) \cos(2d) e^{(2a)} - 8(bx+d) e^{(2a)} \sin(2d) + (e^{(4ibx+2id)} - e^{(-4ibx-2id)}) e^{(2a)} + 2 \cos(-4bx)}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/32*(-8*I*(b*x + d)*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - 8*(b*x + d)*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d) + (e^(4*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 2*cos(-4*b*x - 2*d)*e^(2*a))/b`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} (4x \sin(2d) + x \cos(2d) 4i)}{16} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(2d+4bx) + \sin(2d+4bx) 1i)}{16b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x),x)`output `(exp(2*a)*(4*x*sin(2*d) + x*cos(2*d)*4i))/16 - (exp(2*a)*(cos(2*d + 4*b*x) + sin(2*d + 4*b*x)*1i))/(16*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2bx+2a} (\cos(bx+d)^2 bix + 2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) bx - \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) i - \sin(bx+d)^2 bix)}{4b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(cos(b*x + d)**2*b*i*x + 2*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*b*x - cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i - sin(b*x + d)**2*b*i*x))/(4*b)`

### 3.46 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 361 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 361 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 362 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 362 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 363 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 363 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 364 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 364 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 365 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 365 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{2b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{6b}$$

output

```
-1/2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/6*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a+ibx} (-i(3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + (-3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d))}{6b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a + I*b*x)*((-I)*(3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] + (-3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]))/(6*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4933$$

$$-\frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx + d)}{3b} - \frac{2ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx + d)}{3b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x],x]`

output `(((-2*I)/3)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x])/b - (E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x])/(3*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4933 `Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x  
] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; F  
reeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

| method       | result   | size |
|--------------|--|------|
| parallelrisc | $-\frac{e^{2ibx+2a}(2i \cos(bx+d)+\sin(bx+d))}{3b}$  | 32   |
| default      | $-\frac{2ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)}{3b} - \frac{e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d)}{3b}$   | 45   |
| orering      | $-\frac{4ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)}{3b} + \frac{2ib e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) - e^{2ibx+2a} b \sin(bx+d)}{3b^2}$  | 69   |
| norman       | $-\frac{2e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{3b} - \frac{2ie^{2ibx+2a}}{3b} + \frac{2ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{3b}$<br>$\frac{1+\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{3b}$ | 85   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*(2*I*cos(b*x+d)+sin(b*x+d))/b`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{-i e^{(3ibx+2a+id)} - 3i e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{6b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(-I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 3*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/b`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(-2ibe^{2a}e^{2id}e^{3ibx}-6ibe^{2a}e^{ibx})e^{-id}}{12b^2} & \text{for } b^2e^{id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(e^{2a}e^{2id}+e^{2a})e^{-id}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise(((−2*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) − 6*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x))*exp(−I*d)/(12*b**2), Ne(b**2*exp(I*d), 0)), (x*(exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + exp(2*a))*exp(−I*d)/2, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx = -\frac{(2ib \cos(bx+d) + b \sin(bx+d))e^{2ibx+2a}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `−1/3*(2*I*b*cos(b*x + d) + b*sin(b*x + d))*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)/b^2`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{i(e^{3ibx+id} + e^{-3ibx-id})e^{2a} + 3i(e^{ibx-id} + e^{-ibx+id})e^{2a} + 6e^{2a} \sin(-bx+d) + 2e^{2a} \sin(-bx+d)}{12b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `−1/12*(I*(e^(3*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(−3*I*b*x − I*d))*e^(2*a) + 3*I*(e^(I*b*x − I*d) + e^(−I*b*x + I*d))*e^(2*a) + 6*e^(2*a)*sin(−b*x + d) + 2*e^(2*a)*sin(−3*b*x − d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2a+bx2i} (\sin(d+bx) + \cos(d+bx) 2i)}{3b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`output `-(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*(cos(d + b*x)*2i + sin(d + b*x)))/(3*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2bix+2a} (-2 \cos(bx+d) i - \sin(bx+d))}{3b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d),x)`output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(-2*cos(b*x + d)*i - sin(b*x + d)))/(3*b)`

### 3.47 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 366 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 366 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 367 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 368 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 368 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 369 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 369 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 370 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 370 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 370 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
1/2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(d) - i \sin(d)) \left( \cos(d) (e^{2ibx} + \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) + i(e^{2ibx} - \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) \right)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a)*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])*(Cos[d]*(E^((2*I)*b*x) + Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x)
) - 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]]) + I*(E^((2*I)*b*x) - Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x)
- 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]])*Sin[d] + 2*ArcTan[((1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d]
)/(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))]*(I*Cos[d] + Sin[d]))/(2*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$-i \int \left( \frac{2e^{2(a+ibx)}}{1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}} - e^{2(a+ibx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-i \left( \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{2b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(-I)*(((I/2)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x)))/b + (I*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*
(d + b*x))])/b)
```



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id} \ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 42   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b+exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) dx = \frac{2 e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) + e^{(2i bx+2a)}}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ ix e^{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} - e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `Piecewise((exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (I*x*exp(2*a), True)) + exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) - exp(-2*I*d))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs.  $2(41) = 82$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(i \cos(2d) e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) + \sin(d), \cos(bx) - \cos(d)) + 2(i \cos(2d) e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) - \sin(d), \cos(bx) + \cos(d)) + \cos(2bx) e^{(2a)} + (\cos(2d) e^{(2a)} - I e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \log(\cos(bx)^2 + 2\cos(bx)\cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(bx)^2 - 2\sin(bx)\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) + (\cos(2d) e^{(2a)} - I e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \log(\cos(bx)^2 - 2\cos(bx)\cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(bx)^2 + 2\sin(bx)\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) + I e^{(2a)} \sin(2bx)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x))/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) + e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} e^{bx2i}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i})}{b}$$

input `int(cot(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`output `(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i))/(2*b) + (exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cot(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d),x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.48 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) \csc(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 371 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 372 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 373 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 374 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 374 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 375 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 375 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 376 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 377 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 377 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) \csc(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs.  $2(104) = 208$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \frac{2ie^{ibx} \cos(d)}{b} \right. \\
+ \frac{2 \arctan \left( \frac{(-1+e^{ibx}) \tan\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)}{1+e^{ibx}} \right) \cos(2d)}{b} \\
- \frac{2 \arctan \left( \frac{(1+e^{ibx}) \tan\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)}{-1+e^{ibx}} \right) \cos(2d)}{b} \\
+ \frac{i \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{2ibx} - 2e^{ibx} \cos(d))}{b} \\
- \frac{i \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{2ibx} + 2e^{ibx} \cos(d))}{b} \\
+ \frac{2e^{ibx} \sin(d)}{b} \\
+ \frac{2e^{ibx} (\cos(d) - i \sin(d))^2}{ib(-1 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) - b(1 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)} \\
- \frac{2i \arctan \left( \frac{(-1+e^{ibx}) \tan\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)}{1+e^{ibx}} \right) \sin(2d)}{b} \\
+ \frac{2i \arctan \left( \frac{(1+e^{ibx}) \tan\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)}{-1+e^{ibx}} \right) \sin(2d)}{b} \\
+ \frac{\log(1 + e^{2ibx} - 2e^{ibx} \cos(d)) \sin(2d)}{b} \\
\left. - \frac{\log(1 + e^{2ibx} + 2e^{ibx} \cos(d)) \sin(2d)}{b} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
E^(2*a)*(((2*I)*E^(I*b*x)*Cos[d])/b + (2*ArcTan[(-1 + E^(I*b*x))*Tan[d/2]]/(1 + E^(I*b*x)))*Cos[2*d])/b - (2*ArcTan[(1 + E^(I*b*x))*Tan[d/2]]/(-1 + E^(I*b*x)))*Cos[2*d])/b + (I*Cos[2*d]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*b*x) - 2*E^(I*b*x)*Cos[d]])/b - (I*Cos[2*d]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*b*x) + 2*E^(I*b*x)*Cos[d]])/b + (2*E^(I*b*x)*Sin[d])/b + (2*E^(I*b*x)*(Cos[d] - I*SIN[d])^2)/(I*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] - b*(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]) - ((2*I)*ArcTan[(-1 + E^(I*b*x))*Tan[d/2]]/(1 + E^(I*b*x)))*Sin[2*d])/b + ((2*I)*ArcTan[(1 + E^(I*b*x))*Tan[d/2]]/(-1 + E^(I*b*x)))*Sin[2*d])/b + (Log[1 + E^((2*I)*b*x) - 2*E^(I*b*x)*Cos[d]]*Sin[2*d])/b - (Log[1 + E^((2*I)*b*x) + 2*E^(I*b*x)*Cos[d]]*Sin[2*d])/b)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2e^{2a+3ibx+id}}{1 - e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4e^{2a+3ibx+id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
((2*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/b + ((2*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((4*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{2ie^{2a}e^{3ibx}e^{id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})b} + \frac{4ie^{2a}e^{ibx}e^{-id}}{b} - \frac{4ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 82   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*I/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b*exp(2*a)*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)+4*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)*exp(-I*d)-4*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{2 \left( (i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - i e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + (-i e^{(2i bx+2a)} + i e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - 1) - i e^{(2a+ibx)} \right)}{b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*((I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + (-I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 2*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 628 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.04

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

-(2*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)
*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*
d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arcta
n2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)
)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*
d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^
(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) +
cos(d)) - 2*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 4*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) + ((cos(2*d)*e^(
2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*
sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*
d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos
(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - ((c
os(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) +
I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(
2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^
2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)
^2) - 2*I*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 4*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x))/(-I*b*cos(2*b*x
+ 3*d) + I*b*cos(d) + b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - b*sin(d))

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) - i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) - i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - 1) + i e^{(2i bx+2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - 1))}{b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-2*(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e
^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + I*e^(
2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 2*I*e^
(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a-d1i+b x 1i} 2i}{b} + \frac{e^{4a-d3i+b x 1i} 2i}{b (e^{2a-d2i} - e^{2a+b x 2i})}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(4e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{b x 1i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 4i\right)}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(4e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{b x 1i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 4i\right)}{b}$$

input `int((cot(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i))/sin(d + b*x),x)`

output `(exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i)*2i)/b + (exp(4*a - d*3i + b*x*1i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) - exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) - (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(4*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i))/b + (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(4*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i))/b`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.49 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) \csc^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 378 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 378 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 379 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 380 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 380 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 381 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 381 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 382 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 383 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 383 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) \csc^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d + bx) \csc^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{2a-2id} \left( 2 - 3e^{2i(d+bx)} + (-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2E^{2a - (2I)d})(2 - 3E^{((2I)(d + b*x))} + (-1 + E^{((2I)(d + b*x)}))^{2 \cdot \text{Log}[1 - E^{((2I)(d + b*x)}]])}{(b(-1 + E^{((2I)(d + b*x)}))^{2}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(bx+d) \csc^2(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+4i(bx+d)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*Cot[d + b*x]*Csc[d + b*x]^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2E^{2*(a - I*d)} + (4*I)*(d + b*x))}{(b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)}))^{2})} - (2 * E^{2*a - (2*I)*d}) / (b*(1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)}))) - (2 * E^{2*a - (2*I)*d}) * \text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)})] / b$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a}-2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 76   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(2*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*a)-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))-2*exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2 \left( (e^{(4i bx+2a+2id)} - 2e^{(2i bx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(2i bx+2id)} - 1) - 3e^{(2i bx+2a)} + 2e^{(2a-2id)} \right)}{be^{(4i bx+4id)} - 2be^{(2i bx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*((e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 3*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \cot(bx+d) \csc^2(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 808 vs.  $2(80) = 160$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 808, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.16

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*
a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*
cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d
) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(s
in(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin
(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(co
s(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a
) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*
sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d))
+ 6*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) - (I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d
)^2 + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(I*cos(
2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*
e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2
*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin
(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - (I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a
)*sin(2*d)^2 + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) -
2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(
2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2
*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d
)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 6*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x ...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(e^{4ibx+2a+2id} \log(e^{2ibx+2id} - 1) - 2e^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{2ibx+2id} - 1) + e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{2ibx+2id} - 1))}{b(e^{4ibx+4id} - 2e^{2ibx+2id} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-2*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I
*d) - 1) - 3*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d
) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+bx) e^{2a+bx2i}}{\sin(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((cot(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i))/sin(d + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int((cot(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i))/sin(d + b*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot(d+bx) \csc^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cot(bx+d) \csc(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)*csc(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)*csc(b*x + d)**2,x)`



### 3.50 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 384 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 384 |
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| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 386 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 386 |
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)-i(d+bx)}}{32b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{16b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)-3i(d+bx)}}{96b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{48b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+5i(d+bx)}}{160b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+7i(d+bx)}}{224b}$$

output

```
-1/32*exp(2*a-2*I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b+1/16*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+1/96*exp(2*a-2*I*d-3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/48*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/160*exp(2*a-2*I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/224*exp(2*a-2*I*d+7*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-3ibx} (5(7 + 3e^{10ibx}) \cos(5d) - 70e^{4ibx} ((-3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + i(3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)) - 21e^{2ibx} ((5 + e^{6ibx}))}{3360b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output  $(E^{2a - (3I)b*x}*(5*(7 + 3E^{(10I)b*x})*\cos[5d] - 70E^{(4I)b*x}) * ((-3 + E^{(2I)b*x})*\cos[d] + I*(3 + E^{(2I)b*x})*\sin[d]) - 21E^{(2I)b*x} * ((5 + E^{(6I)b*x})*\cos[3d] + I*(-5 + E^{(6I)b*x})*\sin[3d]) + (5I)*(-7 + 3E^{(10I)b*x})*\sin[5d]))/(3360*b)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^3(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) + \frac{1}{16} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d) - \frac{1}{16} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(5bx+5d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d)}{\frac{12b}{e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d)}} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d)}{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(3bx+3d)} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(5bx+5d)}{5e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(5bx+5d)} +$$

$$\frac{168b}{336b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output  $(E^{2(a + I*b*x)}*\cos[d + b*x])/(24*b) - (3E^{2(a + I*b*x)}*\cos[3*d + 3*b*x])/(80*b) + (5E^{2(a + I*b*x)}*\cos[5*d + 5*b*x])/(336*b) - ((I/12)*E^{2(a + I*b*x)}*\sin[d + b*x])/b + ((I/40)*E^{2(a + I*b*x)}*\sin[3*d + 3*b*x])/b - ((I/168)*E^{2(a + I*b*x)}*\sin[5*d + 5*b*x])/b$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

| method        | result  |
|---------------|---|
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{4e^{2ibx+2a}\left(84i\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^5+105\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^6+8i\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^3-91\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^4+4i\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)+3\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}{105b\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2\right)^5}$ |
| default       | $-\frac{3e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(3bx+3d)}{80b} + \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a}\sin(3bx+3d)}{40b} + \frac{e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)}{24b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a}\sin(bx+d)}{12b} + \frac{5e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(5bx+5d)}{336b}$   |
| orering       | $-\frac{12ie^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^2\sin(bx+d)^3}{35b} - \frac{341\left(2ib e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^2\sin(bx+d)^3-2e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)\sin(bx+d)^4+b+3e^{2a}\right)}{315b^2}$   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-4/105*\exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*(84*I*\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^5+105*\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^6+8*I*\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3-91*\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4+4*I*\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)+3*\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2-1)/b/(1+\tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2)^5$$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(15e^{(10ibx+2a+8id)} - 21e^{(8ibx+2a+6id)} - 70e^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} + 210e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 105e^{(2ibx+2a)} + 35e^{(2a-2id)})}{3360b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{3360} \cdot (15e^{(10Ibx + 2a + 8Id)} - 21e^{(8Ibx + 2a + 6Id)} - 70e^{(6Ibx + 2a + 4Id)} + 210e^{(4Ibx + 2a + 2Id)} - 105e^{(2Ibx + 2a)} + 35e^{(2a - 2Id)}) \cdot e^{(-3Ibx - 3Id)} / b$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 257 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{(377487360b^5 e^{2a} e^{14id} e^{7ibx} - 528482304b^5 e^{2a} e^{12id} e^{5ibx} - 1761607680b^5 e^{2a} e^{10id} e^{3ibx} + 5284823040b^5 e^{2a} e^{8id} e^{ibx} - 2642411520b^5 e^{2a} e^{6id} e^{-ibx})}{84557168640b^6} \right. \\ \left. x \frac{(ie^{2a} e^{10id} - ie^{2a} e^{8id} - 2ie^{2a} e^{6id} + 2ie^{2a} e^{4id} + ie^{2a} e^{2id} - ie^{2a}) e^{-5id}}{32} \right.$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*sin(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((((377487360*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(14*I*d)*exp(7*I*b*x) - 528482304*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(12*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 1761607680*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(10*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) + 5284823040*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) - 2642411520*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(-I*b*x) + 880803840*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(-3*I*b*x))*exp(-9*I*d)/(84557168640*b**6), Ne(b**6*exp(9*I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(2*a)*exp(10*I*d) - I*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d) - 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) + I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(2*a))*exp(-5*I*d)/32, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \cos(7bx+5d) e^{(2a)} - 21 \cos(5bx+3d) e^{(2a)} + 35 \cos(3bx+5d) e^{(2a)} - 70 \cos(3bx+d) e^{(2a)} - 105 \cos(bx+3d) e^{(2a)} + 210 \cos(bx-d) e^{(2a)} + 15 I e^{(2a)} \sin(7bx+5d) - 21 I e^{(2a)} \sin(5bx+3d) - 35 I e^{(2a)} \sin(3bx+5d) - 70 I e^{(2a)} \sin(3bx+d) + 105 I e^{(2a)} \sin(bx+3d) + 210 I e^{(2a)} \sin(bx-d)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3360*(15*cos(7*b*x + 5*d)*e^(2*a) - 21*cos(5*b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 35*cos(3*b*x + 5*d)*e^(2*a) - 70*cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) - 105*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 210*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + 15*I*e^(2*a)*sin(7*b*x + 5*d) - 21*I*e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 3*d) - 35*I*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 5*d) - 70*I*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + d) + 105*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) + 210*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 (e^{(7i bx+5i d)} - e^{(-7i bx-5i d)}) e^{(2a)} - 21 (e^{(5i bx+3i d)} - e^{(-5i bx-3i d)}) e^{(2a)} - 35 (e^{(3i bx+5i d)} - e^{(-3i bx-5i d)}) e^{(2a)} + 210 (e^{(i bx-d)} - e^{(-i bx+d)}) e^{(2a)} + 15 I e^{(2a)} \sin(7bx+5d) - 21 I e^{(2a)} \sin(5bx+3d) - 35 I e^{(2a)} \sin(3bx+5d) - 70 I e^{(2a)} \sin(3bx+d) + 105 I e^{(2a)} \sin(bx+3d) + 210 I e^{(2a)} \sin(bx-d)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/6720*(15*(e^(7*I*b*x + 5*I*d) - e^(-7*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 21*(e^(5
*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-5*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 35*(e^(3*I*b*x + 5*I*d)
- e^(-3*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 70*(e^(3*I*b*x + I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - I*
d))*e^(2*a) + 105*(e^(I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 210*(
e^(I*b*x - I*d) - e^(-I*b*x + I*d))*e^(2*a) + 70*cos(3*b*x + 5*d)*e^(2*a)
- 210*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 420*cos(-b*x + d)*e^(2*a) - 140*cos(-3*b*x
- d)*e^(2*a) - 42*cos(-5*b*x - 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 30*cos(-7*b*x - 5*d)*e^(2*a)
)/b
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) 1i)}{32b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) - \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(5d) - \sin(5d) 1i)}{96b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) 1i)}{160b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(7bx) + \sin(7bx) 1i) (\cos(5d) + \sin(5d) 1i)}{224b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) + \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) 1i)}{16b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) 1i)}{48b}$$

input

```
int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(exp(2*a)*(cos(3*b*x) - sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) - sin(5*d)*1i))/(96*b) -
(exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(32*b) - (exp
(2*a)*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i))/(160*b) + (ex
p(2*a)*(cos(7*b*x) + sin(7*b*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) + sin(5*d)*1i))/(224*b) + (e
xp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) + sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(16*b) - (exp(2*a)*
(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i))/(48*b)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2bix+2a} (25 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^4 - 3 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 - 4 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) i + 2 \cos(bx+d) - 10 \sin(bx+d)^5 i + 2 \sin(bx+d)^3 i - 4 \sin(bx+d)^2 - 4 \sin(bx+d) i + 2)}{105b}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(25*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**4 - 3*cos(b*x + d)*sin(
b*x + d)**2 - 4*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i + 2*cos(b*x + d) - 10*sin(b*x
+ d)**5*i + 2*sin(b*x + d)**3*i - 4*sin(b*x + d)**2 - 4*sin(b*x + d)*i + 2
))/(105*b)
```

### 3.51 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 391 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 391 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 392 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 393 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 393 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 394 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 394 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 395 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 395 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 396 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{2(a-id)-2i(d+bx)}}{32b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{16b} + \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+6i(d+bx)}}{96b}$$

output `-1/32*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/16*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/96*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+6*I*(b*x+d))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2(a-i(2d+bx))}(-3 - 6e^{4i(d+bx)} + e^{8i(d+bx)})}{96b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((I/96)*E^(2*(a - I*(2*d + b*x)))*(-3 - 6*E^((4*I)*(d + b*x)) + E^((8*I)*(d + b*x))))/b`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{2(a+ibx)} - \frac{1}{8} e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(4bx+4d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(4bx+4d)}{24b} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(4bx+4d)}{48b} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{16b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((-1/16*I)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x)))/b - ((I/48)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[4*d + 4*b*x])/b - (E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[4*d + 4*b*x])/(24*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

| method       | result  |
|--------------|---|
| default      | $-\frac{ie^{2ibx+2a}}{16b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(4bx+4d)}{48b} - \frac{e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(4bx+4d)}{24b}$  |
| paralelrisch | $-\frac{8e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 \left(i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}{3b \left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2\right)^4}$  |
| norman       | $-\frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{3b} + \frac{8e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{3b} - \frac{8e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{3b}$<br>$\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2\right)^4$ |
| orering      | $-\frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^2}{6b} - \frac{2ibe^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^2 - 2e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^3 b + 2e^{2ibx+2a}}{4b^2}$  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/16*I/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)-1/48*I/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(4*b*x+4*d)-1/24/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(4*b*x+4*d)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ie^{(8ibx+2a+6id)} - 6ie^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 3ie^{(2a-2id)})e^{(-2ibx-2id)}}{96b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/96*(I*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) - 6*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 3*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-2*I*b*x - 2*I*d)/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(512ib^2e^{2a}e^{8id}e^{6ibx} - 3072ib^2e^{2a}e^{4id}e^{2ibx} - 1536ib^2e^{2a}e^{-2ibx})e^{-4id}}{49152b^3} & \text{for } b^3e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-e^{2a}e^{8id} + 2e^{2a}e^{4id} - e^{2a})e^{-4id}}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*sin(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((512*I*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(6*I*b*x) - 3072*I*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 1536*I*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(49152*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*(-exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d) + 2*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) - exp(2*a))*exp(-4*I*d)/16, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{6i \cos(2bx) e^{(2a)} - i \cos(6bx + 4d) e^{(2a)} + 3i \cos(2bx + 4d) e^{(2a)} - 6e^{(2a)} \sin(2bx) + e^{(2a)} \sin(6bx + 4d)}{96b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(6*I*cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) - I*cos(6*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 3*I*cos(2*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) - 6*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x) + e^(2*a)*sin(6*b*x + 4*d) + 3*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-i(e^{(6ibx+4id)} + e^{(-6ibx-4id)})e^{(2a)} + 3i(e^{(2ibx+4id)} + e^{(-2ibx-4id)})e^{(2a)} + 6i(e^{(2ibx)} + e^{(-2ibx)})e^{(2a)} - 12e^{(2a)}\sin(2bx) + 6e^{(2a)}\sin(2bx+4d) - 2e^{(2a)}\sin(-6bx-4d)}{192b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/192*(-I*(e^(6*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + e^(-6*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 3*I*(e^(2*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + e^(-2*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 6*I*(e^(2*I*b*x) + e^(-2*I*b*x))*e^(2*a) - 12*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x) + 6*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x + 4*d) - 2*e^(2*a)*sin(-6*b*x - 4*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a}(\cos(2bx) + \sin(2bx) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{16b} - \frac{e^{2a}(\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) \operatorname{li})(\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{32b} + \frac{e^{2a}(\cos(6bx) + \sin(6bx) \operatorname{li})(\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{96b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^2,x)`

output `(exp(2*a)*(cos(6*b*x) + sin(6*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i)*1i)/(96*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d)*1i)*1i)/(32*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(2*b*x) + sin(2*b*x)*1i)*1i)/(16*b)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$
$$= \frac{e^{2bix+2a} \sin^3(bx+d) (2 \cos(bx+d) - \sin(bx+d) i)}{6b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**3*(2*cos(b*x + d) - sin(b*x + d)*i))/(6*b)`

### 3.52 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 397 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 397 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 398 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 399 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 400 |
| Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)  | 400 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 401 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 401 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 402 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 402 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)-i(d+bx)}}{8b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{24b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+5i(d+bx)}}{40b}$$

output

```
-1/8*exp(2*a-2*I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b+1/8*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/24*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/40*exp(2*a-2*I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) \sin(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-ibx} (5e^{2ibx} (-3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + 3(5 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) + 5ie^{2ibx} (3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d) + 3i(-5 + e^{6ibx}) \sin(3d))}{120b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x],x]
```

output

$$-1/120*(E^{(2*a - I*b*x)}*(5*E^{((2*I)*b*x)}*(-3 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*\text{Cos}[d] + 3*(5 + E^{((6*I)*b*x)})*\text{Cos}[3*d] + (5*I)*E^{((2*I)*b*x)}*(3 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*\text{Sin}[d] + (3*I)*(-5 + E^{((6*I)*b*x)})*\text{Sin}[3*d]))/b$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) + \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d)}{6b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d)}{\frac{10b}{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(3bx+3d)}} + \frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d)}{12b} -$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]^2*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]},x]$$

output

$$(E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]})/(12*b) - (3*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[3*d + 3*b*x]})/(20*b) - ((I/6)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Sin}[d + b*x]})/b + ((I/10)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Sin}[3*d + 3*b*x]})/b$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

| method       | result  |
|--------------|---|
| parallelrisc | $-\frac{2e^{2ibx+2a} \left( 20i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3 + 15 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4 - 4i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) - 20 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + 1 \right)}{15b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^3}$  |
| default      | $-\frac{3e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(3bx+3d)}{20b} + \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \sin(3bx+3d)}{10b} + \frac{e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)}{12b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d)}{6b}$  |
| norman       | $-\frac{2e^{2ibx+2a}}{15b} - \frac{2e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{b} + \frac{8e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{3b} - \frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{3b} + \frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{15b}$<br>$\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^3$ |
| orering      | $-\frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)}{15b} - \frac{14 \left( 2ib e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d) - 2e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 b + e^{2ibx+2a} \right)}{15b^2}$   |

```
input int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*(20*I*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^3+15*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^4-4*I*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)-20*tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2+1)/b/(1+tan(1/2*b*x+1/2*d)^2)^3
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(3e^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} + 5e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 15e^{(2ibx+2a)} + 15e^{(2a-2id)})e^{(-ibx-id)}}{120b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/120*(3*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) + 5*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 15*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 15*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(-1536b^3 e^{2a} e^{7id} e^{5ibx} - 2560b^3 e^{2a} e^{5id} e^{3ibx} + 7680b^3 e^{2a} e^{3id} e^{ibx} - 7680b^3 e^{2a} e^{id} e^{-ibx})e^{-4id}}{61440b^4} & \text{for } b^4 e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-ie^{2a} e^{6id} - ie^{2a} e^{4id} + ie^{2a} e^{2id} + ie^{2a})e^{-3id}}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*sin(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((((-1536*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(7*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 2560*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) + 7680*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) - 7680*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(I*d)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(61440*b**4), Ne(b**4*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*(-I*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) - I*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) + I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + I*exp(2*a))*exp(-3*I*d)/8, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{3 \cos(5bx+3d) e^{2a} + 5 \cos(3bx+d) e^{2a} + 15 \cos(bx+3d) e^{2a} - 15 \cos(bx-d) e^{2a} + 3i e^{2a} \sin(bx-d)}{120b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/120*(3*cos(5*b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 5*cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) + 15*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) - 15*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + 3*I*e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 3*d) + 5*I*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + d) - 15*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) - 15*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{3 (e^{(5i bx+3i d)} - e^{(-5i bx-3i d)}) e^{2a} + 5 (e^{(3i bx+i d)} - e^{(-3i bx-i d)}) e^{2a} - 15 (e^{(i bx+3i d)} - e^{(-i bx-3i d)}) e^{2a}}{120b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/240*(3*(e^(5*I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-5*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 5*(e^(3*I*b*x + I*d) - e^(-3*I*b*x - I*d))*e^(2*a) - 15*(e^(I*b*x + 3*I*d) - e^(-I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 15*(e^(I*b*x - I*d) - e^(-I*b*x + I*d))*e^(2*a) + 30*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) - 30*cos(-b*x + d)*e^(2*a) + 10*cos(-3*b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + 6*cos(-5*b*x - 3*d)*e^(2*a))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) 1i)}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) 1i)}{40b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) + \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) 1i)}{8b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) 1i)}{24b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x),x)`output `(exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) + sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(8*b) - (exp(2*a)*  
*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i))/(40*b) - (exp(2*a)*  
*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(8*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos  
(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i))/(24*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2bix+2a} (9 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 + 14 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) i - \cos(bx+d) - 6 \sin(bx+d)^3 i + 14 \sin(bx+d)^2 + 2 \sin(bx+d) i - 7)}{15b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(9*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2 + 14*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i - cos(b*x + d) - 6*sin(b*x + d)**3*i + 14*sin(b*x + d)**2 + 2*sin(b*x + d)*i - 7))/(15*b)`

### 3.53 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 403 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 403 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 404 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 405 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 405 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 406 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 406 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 407 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 407 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 408 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{4b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{16b} + \frac{1}{4}e^{2a-2id}x$$

output

$$-1/4*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/16*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/4*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*x$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\begin{aligned} &\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d + bx) dx \\ &= \frac{e^{2a}(-4ie^{2ibx} + (-ie^{4ibx} + 4bx) \cos(2d) + (e^{4ibx} - 4ibx) \sin(2d))}{16b} \end{aligned}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output

$$(E^{2a}*((-4I)*E^{((2I)*b*x)} + ((-I)*E^{((4I)*b*x)} + 4*b*x)*Cos[2*d] + (E^{((4I)*b*x)} - (4I)*b*x)*Sin[2*d]))/(16*b)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {4967, 4976, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(bx + d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4967 \\ & \int e^{2a+2ibx} \cos^2(bx + d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4976 \\ & \int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{2a+4ibx+2id} + \frac{1}{2} e^{2a+2ibx} + \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a-id)} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{16b} - \frac{ie^{2a+2ibx}}{4b} + \frac{1}{4} x e^{2a-2id} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((-1/4*I)*E^(2*a + (2*I)*b*x))/b - ((I/16)*E^(2*(a + I*d) + (4*I)*b*x))/b + (E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x)/4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4967 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(u_))*(G_)[v_]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[F^(c*ExpandToSum[u, x])*G[ExpandToSum[v, x]]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, n}, x] && TrigQ[G] && LinearQ[{u, v}, x] && !LinearMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 4976

```
Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

| method       | result  |
|--------------|---|
| parallelrisc | $-\frac{\left((-bx-i)\cos(2bx+2d)+ibx\sin(2bx+2d)+i-\frac{3\sin(2bx+2d)}{2}\right)e^{2ibx+2a}}{4b}$   |
| orering      | $-\frac{(-4bx+3i)e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^2}{4b} - \frac{i(-6bx+i)\left(2ib e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^2-2e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)b\sin(bx+d)\right)}{8b^2} - \frac{x(-6\cos(bx+d)+3i)}{4b}$   |
| norman       | $\frac{ix e^{2ibx+2a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^3 + \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a}}{4} - \frac{3x e^{2ibx+2a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{2} + \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{4} - \frac{2ie^{2ibx+2a}\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{b} - ix e^{2ibx+2a}}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{d}{2}\right)\right)^2}$ |

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*((-b*x-I)*cos(2*b*x+2*d)+I*b*x*sin(2*b*x+2*d)+I-3/2*sin(2*b*x+2*d))*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)/b
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4bx e^{(2a-2id)} - i e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 4i e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{16b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*(4*b*x*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) - I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{x e^{2a} e^{-2id}}{4} + \begin{cases} \frac{-4ibe^{2a} e^{2id} e^{4ibx} - 16ibe^{2a} e^{2ibx}}{64b^2} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(e^{2a} e^{4id} + 2e^{2a} e^{2id} + e^{2a}) e^{-2id}}{4} - \frac{e^{2a} e^{-2id}}{4} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2,x)`output `x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4 + Piecewise((( -4*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 16*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))/(64*b**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), (x*((exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) + 2*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + exp(2*a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4 - exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4(b \cos(2d) e^{(2a)} - i b e^{(2a)} \sin(2d))x - 4i \cos(2bx) e^{(2a)} - i \cos(4bx + 2d) e^{(2a)} + 4 e^{(2a)} \sin(2bx) + 16b}{16b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/16*(4*(b*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*b*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*x - 4*I*cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) - I*cos(4*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 4*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x) + e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 2*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{8(bx+d)\cos(2d)e^{2a} - 8i(bx+d)e^{2a}\sin(2d) - i(e^{4ibx+2id} + e^{(-4ibx-2id)})e^{2a} - 4i(e^{2ibx} + e^{(-2ibx)})e^{2a} + 8e^{2a}\sin(2bx) - 2e^{2a}\sin(-4bx-2d)}{32b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/32*(8*(b*x + d)*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - 8*I*(b*x + d)*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d) - I*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + e^(-4*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 4*I*(e^(2*I*b*x) + e^(-2*I*b*x))*e^(2*a) + 8*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x) - 2*e^(2*a)*sin(-4*b*x - 2*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{x e^{2a-d2i}}{4} - \frac{e^{2a+d2i+bx4i} 1i}{16b} - \frac{e^{2a+bx2i} 1i}{4b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`

output `(x*exp(2*a - d*2i))/4 - (exp(2*a + d*2i + b*x*4i)*1i)/(16*b) - (exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*1i)/(4*b)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2bix+2a} (-4 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) bix - 4 \sin(bx+d)^2 bx + 2 \sin(bx+d)^2 i + 2bx - 3i)}{8b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(- 4*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*b*i*x - 4*sin(b*x + d)**2*b*x + 2*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 2*b*x - 3*i))/(8*b)`

### 3.54 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 409 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 409 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 410 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 411 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 411 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 412 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 412 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 413 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 413 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 414 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx = \frac{3e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{6b} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$$\frac{3}{2} \exp(2*a - 2*I*d + I*(b*x + d)) / b + \frac{1}{6} \exp(2*a - 2*I*d + 3*I*(b*x + d)) / b - \frac{2 \exp(2*a - 2*I*d) \operatorname{arctanh}(\exp(I*(b*x + d)))}{b}$$

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a} \left( 9e^{ibx} \cos(d) + e^{3ibx} \cos(d) + 3 \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{2ibx} - 2e^{ibx} \cos(d)) - 3 \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{2ibx} + 2e^{ibx} \cos(d)) \right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Cot[d + b*x],x]`

output  $(E^{(2*a)}*(9*E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d] + E^{((3*I)*b*x)}*\cos[d] + 3*\cos[2*d]*\log[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} - 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d]] - 3*\cos[2*d]*\log[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d]] - (9*I)*E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d] + I*E^{((3*I)*b*x)}*\sin[d] + \operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{(-1 + E^{(I*b*x)})*\tan[d/2]}{(1 + E^{(I*b*x)})}])*(\frac{-6*I*\cos[2*d] - 6*\sin[2*d]}{(-1 + E^{(I*b*x)})}) - (3*I)*\log[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} - 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d]]*\sin[2*d] + (3*I)*\log[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d]]*\sin[2*d] + 6*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{(1 + E^{(I*b*x)})*\tan[d/2]}{(-1 + E^{(I*b*x)})}])*(I*\cos[2*d] + \sin[2*d]))/(6*b)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{2} i e^{2a+ibx-id} + \frac{1}{2} i e^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id} + \frac{2i e^{2a+ibx-id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{3e^{2a+ibx-id}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id}}{6b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Cot[d + b*x],x]`

output  $(3*E^{(2*a - I*d + I*b*x)})/(2*b) + E^{(2*a - I*d + I*b*x + (2*I)*(d + b*x))}/(6*b) - (2*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*d + I*b*x)}])/b$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - 6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - e^{(3ibx+2a+id)} - 9e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{6b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 9*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(2be^{2a}e^{2id}e^{3ibx}+18be^{2a}e^{ibx})e^{-id}}{12b^2} & \text{for } b^2e^{id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(ie^{2a}e^{2id}+3ie^{2a})e^{-id}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \\ + \frac{(\log(e^{ibx}-e^{-id})-\log(e^{ibx}+e^{-id}))e^{2a}e^{-2id}}{b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) + 18*b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)))*exp(-I*d)/(12*b**2), Ne(b**2*exp(I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + 3*I*exp(2*a))*exp(-I*d)/2, True)) + (log(exp(I*b*x) - exp(-I*d)) - log(exp(I*b*x) + exp(-I*d)))*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{6(i \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) + \sin(d), \cos(bx) - \cos(d)) + 6(-i \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} - \sin(2d)e^{(2a)})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(6*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d),
cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 6*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(si
n(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) + 9*cos(b*x -
d)*e^(2*a) - 3*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2
*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) +
3*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos
(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + I*e^(2*a)*si
n(3*b*x + d) + 9*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{-6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - e^{(3ibx+2a+id)} - 9e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{6b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/6*(6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log
(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 9*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*
d))/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx \\ &= \frac{3e^{2a-d} \operatorname{li}(bx) + e^{2a+d} \operatorname{li}(bx)}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a+d} \operatorname{li}(bx)}{6b} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{e^{4a-d} 4i} \ln\left(-e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx} 2i - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 2i\right)}{b} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{e^{4a-d} 4i} \ln\left(-e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx} 2i + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 2i\right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*cot(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`

output `(3*exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i))/(2*b) + exp(2*a + d*1i + b*x*3i)/(6*b) - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/2)*log(- exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*2i))/b + (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*2i - exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i)*2i))/b`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot(d + bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos(bx + d) \cot(bx + d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*cot(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.55 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 415 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 416 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 416 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 417 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 418 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 418 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 419 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 419 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 420 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 420 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
1/2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```



**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} e^{2a} \left( \frac{ie^{2ibx}}{b} - \frac{4 \arctan\left(\frac{(1+e^{2ibx})\tan(d)}{-1+e^{2ibx}}\right) \cos(2d)}{b} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2i \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))}{b} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{4(\cos(d) - i \sin(d))^3}{ib(-1 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) - b(1 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{4i \arctan\left(\frac{(1+e^{2ibx})\tan(d)}{-1+e^{2ibx}}\right) \sin(2d)}{b} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2 \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d)) \sin(2d)}{b} \right)$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(E^(2*a)*((I*E^((2*I)*b*x))/b - (4*ArcTan[((1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d])/(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))]*Cos[2*d])/b + ((2*I)*Cos[2*d]*Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) - 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]])/b + (4*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])^3)/(I*b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] - b*(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Sin[d]) + ((4*I)*ArcTan[((1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d])/(-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))]*Sin[2*d])/b + (2*Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) - 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d])*Sin[2*d])/b))/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(bx+d) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4943} \\
 & - \int \left( e^{2(a+ibx)} - \frac{4e^{2(a+ibx)}}{1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \frac{4e^{2(a+ibx)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((I/2)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x)))/b + ((2*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + ((2*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n)/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 74   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{I}{b} \exp(2a) \exp(2Ibx) - 2I \exp(2a) \exp(2Ibx) / b / (-1 + \exp(2I(bx+d))) + 2I \exp(2a) / b \exp(-2Id) \ln(-1 + \exp(2I(bx+d)))$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4(-ie^{(2ibx+2a)} + ie^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - ie^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} + ie^{(2ibx+2a)} + 4ie^{(2a-2id)}}{2(be^{(2ibx+2id)} - b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/2*(4*(-Ie^{(2Ib*x + 2a)} + Ie^{(2a - 2Id)})*\log(e^{(2Ib*x + 2Id)} - 1) - Ie^{(4Ib*x + 2a + 2Id)} + Ie^{(2Ib*x + 2a)} + 4Ie^{(2a - 2Id)})/(b*e^{(2Ib*x + 2Id)} - b)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -xe^{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2ie^{2a}}{be^{4id}e^{2ibx} - be^{2id}} + \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} - e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (-x*exp(2*a), True)) - 2*I*exp(2*a)/(b*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - b*exp(2*I*d)) + 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) - exp(-2*I*d))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 569 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(4*(I*\cos(2*d)^2*e^{(2*a)} + I*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d)^2 + (-I*\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - \\ & e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d))*\cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - I*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d) \\ & ))*\sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*\arctan2(\sin(b*x) + \sin(d), \cos(b*x) - \cos(d)) + 4*(I* \\ & \cos(2*d)^2*e^{(2*a)} + I*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d)^2 + (-I*\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - e^{(2*a)} \\ & *\sin(2*d))*\cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - I*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d))*\sin( \\ & 2*b*x + 4*d))*\arctan2(\sin(b*x) - \sin(d), \cos(b*x) + \cos(d)) - \cos(4*b*x + \\ & 4*d)*e^{(2*a)} + \cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^{(2*a)} + 2*(\cos(2*d)^2*e^{(2*a)} + e^{(2*a)}* \\ & \sin(2*d)^2 - (\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - I*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d))*\cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (- \\ & I*\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d))*\sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*\log(\cos(b*x)^2 + \\ & 2*\cos(b*x)*\cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(b*x)^2 - 2*\sin(b*x)*\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) \\ & + 2*(\cos(2*d)^2*e^{(2*a)} + e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d)^2 - (\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - I*e^{(2* \\ & a)}*\sin(2*d))*\cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (-I*\cos(2*d)*e^{(2*a)} - e^{(2*a)}*\sin(2*d))*\sin \\ & in(2*b*x + 4*d))*\log(\cos(b*x)^2 - 2*\cos(b*x)*\cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(b*x)^ \\ & 2 + 2*\sin(b*x)*\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) - I*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^{(2*a)} \\ & *\sin(2*b*x + 2*d) + 4*e^{(2*a)})/(-2*I*b*\cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + 2*I*b*\cos(2*d) + \\ & 2*b*\sin(2*b*x + 4*d) - 2*b*\sin(2*d)) \end{aligned}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx \\ & = \frac{4i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) - 4i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) + i e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - 4i e^{(2i bx+2a)}}{2b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a+bx2i} 1i}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 2i}{b} + \frac{e^{4a-d4i} 2i}{b (e^{2a-d2i} - e^{2a+bx2i})}$$

input

```
int(cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)
```

output

```
(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*1i)/(2*b) + (exp(2*a - d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*2i)/b + (exp(4*a - d*4i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) - exp(2*a + b*x*2i)))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cot^2(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)**2,x)
```

### 3.56 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 421 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 421 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 422 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 423 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 423 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 424 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 424 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 425 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 426 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 426 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{5e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{5e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-5*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+5*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( -\frac{2e^{i(d+bx)}(5-9e^{2i(d+bx)}+2e^{4i(d+bx)})}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - 5 \log(1-e^{i(d+bx)}) + 5 \log(1+e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]^2*Csc[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((-2*E^(I*(d + b*x)))*(5 - 9*E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) + 2*E^((4*I)*(d + b*x))))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 - 5*Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))] + 5*Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))])/(2*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{2ie^{2a+3ibx+id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{8ie^{2a+3ibx+id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2a+3ibx+id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} - \frac{5e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]^2*Csc[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(-2*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/b + (2*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))^2 - (5*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (5*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{3e^{5ibx}e^{3id}e^{2a}-e^{3ibx}e^{id}e^{2a}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} + \frac{5e^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{5e^{2a}e^{-id}e^{ibx}}{b}$ | 98   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(3*exp(5*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*a)-exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*a))+5/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))-5/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-I*d)*exp(I*b*x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5(e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 2e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - 5(e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 2e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)})}{2(be^{(4ibx+4id)} - 2be^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
1/2*(5*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))
*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 5*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x +
2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 4*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*
I*d) + 18*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 10*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*
x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \cot^2(bx+d) \csc(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)**2*csc(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x + d)**2*csc(b*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 932 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 932, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.61

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(10*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 2*(cos(2*
d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^
(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x
+ 5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-
I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), co
s(b*x) - cos(d)) - 10*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x +
5*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(
d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*s
in(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(
2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b
*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) - 8*I*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 36*I*cos
(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) - 20*I*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) + 5*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e
^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2
*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (co
s(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a
) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin
(d))*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2
- 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 5*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*
d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x
+ 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 378 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{21 e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} \log(i e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 42 e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(i e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + 21 e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(i e^{(i bx+i d)} + i)}{...}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*(21*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 42*e^(2*I*b
*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 21*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x +
I*d) + I) + e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*e^(2
*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x
+ I*d) - I) - 21*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 4
2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 21*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-
I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d)
- I) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*l
og(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 16*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) + 72*e^(3*I*b*x
+ 2*a + I*d) - 40*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(2*
I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+bx)^2 e^{2a+bx2i}}{\sin(d+bx)} dx$$

input

```
int((cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i))/sin(d + b*x),x)
```

output

```
int((cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i))/sin(d + b*x), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^2(d+bx) \csc(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cot(bx+d)^2 \csc(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^2*csc(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)**2*csc(b*x + d),x)
```

### 3.57 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 427 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 427 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 428 |
| Maple [B] (verified)                      | 429 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 430 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 430 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 431 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 431 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 432 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 432 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2(a-id)-4i(d+bx)}}{256b} - \frac{3e^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{256b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+8i(d+bx)}}{512b} + \frac{3}{64}ie^{2a-2id}x$$

output

$$\frac{1}{256} \exp(2*a - 2*I*d - 4*I*(b*x + d)) / b - 3 / 256 * \exp(2*a - 2*I*d + 4*I*(b*x + d)) / b + 1 / 512 * \exp(2*a - 2*I*d + 8*I*(b*x + d)) / b + 3 / 64 * I * \exp(2*a - 2*I*d) * x$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-6id-4ibx} (2 + 24ide^{4i(d+bx)} - 6e^{8i(d+bx)} + e^{12i(d+bx)} + 24ibe^{4i(d+bx)}x)}{512b}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^3, x}$$

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a - (6*I)*d - (4*I)*b*x)}*(2 + (24*I)*d*E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x))} - 6*E^{((8*I)*(d + b*x))} + E^{((12*I)*(d + b*x))} + (24*I)*b*E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x))*x})/(512*b)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^3(bx+d) \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{32} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(2bx+2d) - \frac{1}{32} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(6bx+6d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{3e^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{256b} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(6bx+6d)}{512b} + \frac{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(6bx+6d)}{512b} + \frac{3}{64} ixe^{2a-2id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^3}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-3*E^{(2*(a + I*d) + (4*I)*b*x})/(256*b) + ((3*I)/64)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x} + (3*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[6*d + 6*b*x]})/(512*b) - ((I/512)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[6*d + 6*b*x]})/b}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 515 vs.  $2(80) = 160$ .

Time = 7.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

| method  | result  |
|---------|---|
| orering | $-\frac{(-8bx+i)e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^3\sin(bx+d)^3}{8b} + \frac{i(2bx+i)\left(2ib e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^3\sin(bx+d)^3 - 3e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^2\sin(bx+d)\right)}{16b^2}$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*(-8*b*x+I)/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3+1/16*I*(2*b*x+I)/b^2*(2*I*b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3-3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^4+b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)^2*b)-1/128*(-8*b*x+I)/b^3*(-28*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3-12*I*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^4+12*I*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)^2+6*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^5*b^2+6*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5*sin(b*x+d)*b^2)+1/128*I/b^3*x*(-152*I*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3+138*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^4-138*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*sin(b*x+d)^2+36*I*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^5+36*I*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^5*sin(b*x+d)-6*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3*sin(b*x+d)^6+6*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^6*b^3)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(24i b x e^{(4i b x + 2a + 2i d)} + e^{(12i b x + 2a + 10i d)} - 6 e^{(8i b x + 2a + 6i d)} + 2 e^{(2a - 2i d)}) e^{(-4i b x - 4i d)}}{512 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/512*(24*I*b*x*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + e^(12*I*b*x + 2*a + 10*I*d) - 6*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) + 2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-4*I*b*x - 4*I*d)/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ixe^{2a}e^{-2id}}{64} + \begin{cases} \frac{(65536b^2e^{2a}e^{12id}e^{8ibx} - 393216b^2e^{2a}e^{8id}e^{4ibx} + 131072b^2e^{2a}e^{-4ibx})e^{-6id}}{33554432b^3} & \text{for } b^3e^{6id} \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(ie^{2a}e^{12id} - 3ie^{2a}e^{8id} + 3ie^{2a}e^{4id} - ie^{2a})e^{-6id}}{64} - \frac{3ie^{2a}e^{-2id}}{64} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3*sin(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `3*I*x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/64 + Piecewise(((65536*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(12*I*d)*exp(8*I*b*x) - 393216*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) + 131072*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(-4*I*b*x))*exp(-6*I*d)/(33554432*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(6*I*d), 0)), (x*((I*exp(2*a)*exp(12*I*d) - 3*I*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d) + 3*I*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) - I*exp(2*a))*exp(-6*I*d)/64 - 3*I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/64), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{24(-ib \cos(2d) e^{2a} - b e^{2a} \sin(2d))x - \cos(8bx+6d) e^{2a} - 2 \cos(4bx+6d) e^{2a} + 6 \cos(4bx+6d) e^{2a}}{512b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/512*(24*(-I*b*cos(2*d))*e^(2*a) - b*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*x - cos(8*b*x + 6*d)*e^(2*a) - 2*cos(4*b*x + 6*d)*e^(2*a) + 6*cos(4*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(8*b*x + 6*d) + 2*I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 6*I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 2*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{-48i(bx+d) \cos(2d) e^{2a} - 48(bx+d) e^{2a} \sin(2d) - (e^{8i bx+6i d} - e^{-8i bx-6i d}) e^{2a} + 2(e^{4i bx+6i d} - e^{-4i bx-6i d}) e^{2a}}{512b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1024*(-48*I*(b*x + d)*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - 48*(b*x + d)*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d) - (e^(8*I*b*x + 6*I*d) - e^(-8*I*b*x - 6*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 2*(e^(4*I*b*x + 6*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 6*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 6*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 4*cos(4*b*x + 6*d)*e^(2*a) + 12*cos(-4*b*x - 2*d)*e^(2*a) - 2*cos(-8*b*x - 6*d)*e^(2*a))/b`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^{2a} (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) 1i) 3i}{64}$$

$$- \frac{3 e^{2a} (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) 1i)}{256 b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(4bx) - \sin(4bx) 1i) (\cos(6d) - \sin(6d) 1i)}{256 b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(8bx) + \sin(8bx) 1i) (\cos(6d) + \sin(6d) 1i)}{512 b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^3,x)`output `(x*exp(2*a)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i)*3i)/64 - (3*exp(2*a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i))/(256*b) + (exp(2*a)*(cos(4*b*x) - sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(6*d) - sin(6*d)*1i))/(256*b) + (exp(2*a)*(cos(8*b*x) + sin(8*b*x)*1i)*(cos(6*d) + sin(6*d)*1i))/(512*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^3,x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.58 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 433 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 433 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 434 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 435 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 435 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 436 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 437 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 437 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 438 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 439 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{ie^{2(a-id)-i(d+bx)}}{32b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)-3i(d+bx)}}{96b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{48b} + \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+5i(d+bx)}}{160b} + \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+7i(d+bx)}}{224b}$$

output

```
-1/32*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-1/16*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/96*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d-3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/48*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/160*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/224*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+7*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-3ibx} (5i(-7 + 3e^{10ibx}) \cos(5d) + 70e^{4ibx} (-i(3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + (-3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)) - 21e^{2ibx} (-i(-5 + 3e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) + (-3 + e^{2ibx}) \sin(d)))}{3360b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output  $(E^{2*a - (3*I)*b*x}*((5*I)*(-7 + 3E^{(10*I)*b*x})*\cos[5*d] + 70E^{(4*I)*b*x}*(-I)*(3 + E^{(2*I)*b*x})*\cos[d] + (-3 + E^{(2*I)*b*x})*\sin[d]) - 21E^{(2*I)*b*x}*(-I)*(-5 + E^{(6*I)*b*x})*\cos[3*d] + (5 + E^{(6*I)*b*x})*\sin[3*d] - 5*(7 + 3E^{(10*I)*b*x})*\sin[5*d])/(3360*b)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(bx+d) \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d) - \frac{1}{16} e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(3bx+3d) - \frac{1}{16} e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(5bx+5d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d)}{\frac{24b}{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d)}} - \frac{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d)}{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(3bx+3d)} - \frac{5e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(5bx+5d)}{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(5bx+5d)}$$

$$\frac{\phantom{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d)}}{12b} - \frac{\phantom{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(3bx+3d)}}{40b} - \frac{\phantom{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(5bx+5d)}}{168b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output  $((-1/12*I)*E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\cos[d + b*x])/b - ((I/40)*E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\cos[3*d + 3*b*x])/b - ((I/168)*E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\cos[5*d + 5*b*x])/b - (E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\sin[d + b*x])/(24*b) - (3E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\sin[3*d + 3*b*x])/(80*b) - (5E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\sin[5*d + 5*b*x])/(336*b)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

| method       | result  |
|--------------|---|
| parallelrisc | $-\frac{e^{2ibx+2a}(63\sin(3bx+3d)-192\sin(2bx+2d)+25\sin(5bx+5d)+10i\cos(5bx+5d)-192i\cos(2bx+2d)+140i\cos(bx+d)+42ie^{2ibx+2a})}{1680b}$  |
| default      | $-\frac{ie^{2ibx+2a}\cos(3bx+3d)}{40b} - \frac{3e^{2ibx+2a}\sin(3bx+3d)}{80b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a}\cos(5bx+5d)}{168b} - \frac{5e^{2ibx+2a}\sin(5bx+5d)}{336b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)}{12b}$ |
| orering      | $-\frac{12ie^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^3\sin(bx+d)^2}{35b} - \frac{341(2ib e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^3\sin(bx+d)^2 - 3e^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)^2\sin(bx+d)^3 b + 2ie^{2ibx+2a}\cos(bx+d)\sin(bx+d)^4)}{315b^2}$  |

```
input int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/1680*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*(63*sin(3*b*x+3*d)-192*sin(2*b*x+2*d)+25*sin(5*b*x+5*d)+10*I*cos(5*b*x+5*d)-192*I*cos(2*b*x+2*d)+140*I*cos(b*x+d)+42*I*cos(3*b*x+3*d)+70*sin(b*x+d))/b
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) \sin^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{(15ie^{(10ibx+2a+8id)} + 21ie^{(8ibx+2a+6id)} - 70ie^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} - 210ie^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 105ie^{(2ibx+2a)} - 35ie^{2a})}{3360b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{3360} \cdot (15 \cdot I \cdot e^{(10 \cdot I \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a + 8 \cdot I \cdot d)} + 21 \cdot I \cdot e^{(8 \cdot I \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a + 6 \cdot I \cdot d)} - 70 \cdot I \cdot e^{(6 \cdot I \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a + 4 \cdot I \cdot d)} - 210 \cdot I \cdot e^{(4 \cdot I \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a + 2 \cdot I \cdot d)} - 105 \cdot I \cdot e^{(2 \cdot I \cdot b \cdot x + 2 \cdot a)} - 35 \cdot I \cdot e^{(2 \cdot a - 2 \cdot I \cdot d)}) \cdot e^{(-3 \cdot I \cdot b \cdot x - 3 \cdot I \cdot d)} / b$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(377487360ib^5e^{2a}e^{14id}e^{7ibx} + 528482304ib^5e^{2a}e^{12id}e^{5ibx} - 1761607680ib^5e^{2a}e^{10id}e^{3ibx} - 5284823040ib^5e^{2a}e^{8id}e^{ibx} - 2642411520ib^5e^{2a}e^{6id})e^{-5id}}{84557168640b^6} \\ \frac{x(-e^{2a}e^{10id} - e^{2a}e^{8id} + 2e^{2a}e^{6id} + 2e^{2a}e^{4id} - e^{2a}e^{2id} - e^{2a})e^{-5id}}{32} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3*sin(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((377487360*I*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(14*I*d)*exp(7*I*b*x) + 528482304*I*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(12*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 1761607680*I*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(10*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 5284823040*I*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) - 2642411520*I*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(-I*b*x) - 880803840*I*b**5*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d)*exp(-3*I*b*x))*exp(-9*I*d)/(84557168640*b**6), Ne(b**6*exp(9*I*d), 0)), (x*(-exp(2*a)*exp(10*I*d) - exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d) + 2*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) - exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - exp(2*a))*exp(-5*I*d)/32, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{-15i \cos(7bx+5d) e^{(2a)} - 21i \cos(5bx+3d) e^{(2a)} + 35i \cos(3bx+5d) e^{(2a)} + 70i \cos(3bx+d) e^{(2a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3360*(-15*I*cos(7*b*x + 5*d)*e^(2*a) - 21*I*cos(5*b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 35*I*cos(3*b*x + 5*d)*e^(2*a) + 70*I*cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) + 105*I*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) + 210*I*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + 15*e^(2*a)*sin(7*b*x + 5*d) + 21*e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 3*d) + 35*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 5*d) - 70*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + d) + 105*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) - 210*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{-15i (e^{(7i bx+5i d)} + e^{(-7i bx-5i d)}) e^{(2a)} - 21i (e^{(5i bx+3i d)} + e^{(-5i bx-3i d)}) e^{(2a)} + 35i (e^{(3i bx+5i d)} + e^{(-3i bx-5i d)}) e^{(2a)} + 70i (e^{(3i bx+d)} + e^{(-3i bx-d)}) e^{(2a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/6720*(-15*I*(e^(7*I*b*x + 5*I*d) + e^(-7*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 21*I
*(e^(5*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-5*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 35*I*(e^(3*I*b*x +
5*I*d) + e^(-3*I*b*x - 5*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 70*I*(e^(3*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-3*
I*b*x - I*d))*e^(2*a) + 105*I*(e^(I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(
2*a) + 210*I*(e^(I*b*x - I*d) + e^(-I*b*x + I*d))*e^(2*a) + 70*e^(2*a)*sin
(3*b*x + 5*d) + 210*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) + 420*e^(2*a)*sin(-b*x + d) + 1
40*e^(2*a)*sin(-3*b*x - d) - 42*e^(2*a)*sin(-5*b*x - 3*d) - 30*e^(2*a)*sin
(-7*b*x - 5*d))/b
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{32b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) - \sin(3bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(5d) - \sin(5d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{96b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{160b}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(7bx) + \sin(7bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(5d) + \sin(5d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{224b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) + \sin(bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{16b}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{48b}$$

input

```
int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(exp(2*a)*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(160*b
) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(3*b*x) - sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) - sin(5*d)*1i)*1i)/(9
6*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(32
*b) + (exp(2*a)*(cos(7*b*x) + sin(7*b*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) + sin(5*d)*1i)*1i)/
(224*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) + sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(16*
b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(48*b
)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos^3(bx+d)^3 \sin^2(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d)**2,x)`



### 3.59 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 440 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 440 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 441 |
| Maple [B] (verified)                      | 442 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 443 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 443 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 444 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 444 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 445 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 445 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)-2i(d+bx)}}{32b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{32b} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+6i(d+bx)}}{96b} + \frac{1}{8} i e^{2a-2id} x$$

output

```
-1/32*exp(2*a-2*I*d-2*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/32*exp(2*a-2*I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/96*exp(2*a-2*I*d+6*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a}(-3(e^{4ibx} - 4ibx) \cos(2d) - 3i(e^{4ibx} + 4ibx) \sin(2d) - e^{-2ibx}((3 + e^{8ibx}) \cos(4d) + i(-3 + e^{8ibx}) \sin(4d)))}{96b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3*Sin[d + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a)}*(-3*(E^{((4*I)*b*x)} - (4*I)*b*x)*\text{Cos}[2*d] - (3*I)*(E^{((4*I)*b*x)} + (4*I)*b*x)*\text{Sin}[2*d] - ((3 + E^{((8*I)*b*x)})*\text{Cos}[4*d] + I*(-3 + E^{((8*I)*b*x})*\text{Sin}[4*d]))/E^{((2*I)*b*x)))/(96*b)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(2bx+2d) + \frac{1}{8} e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(4bx+4d) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{32b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(4bx+4d)}{48b} - \frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(4bx+4d)}{24b} + \frac{1}{8} ixe^{2a-2id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]^3*\text{Sin}[d + b*x], x]$$

output

$$-1/32*E^{(2*(a + I*d) + (4*I)*b*x)}/b + (I/8)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x} - (E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Cos}[4*d + 4*b*x]})/(24*b) + ((I/48)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*\text{Sin}[4*d + 4*b*x]})/b$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 400 vs.  $2(80) = 160$ .

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

| method  | result  |
|---------|---|
| orering | $\frac{(12bx+i)e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d)}{12b} + \frac{i(-bx+2i) \left( 2ib e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d) - 3 e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \sin(bx+d)^2 b + \dots \right)}{12b^2}$  |
| norman  | $\frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{2} + \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{2} - \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{2} - \frac{x e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^7}{2} - \frac{5ix e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{4} - \dots$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*(12*b*x+I)/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)+1/12*I*(-b*x+2*I)/b^2*(2*I*b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)-3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2*b+exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4*b)-1/48*(-8*b*x+I)/b^3*(-14*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)-12*I*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2+4*I*b^2*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^4+6*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3*b^2)+1/48*I/b^3*x*(-68*I*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d)+84*b^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*sin(b*x+d)^2-22*cos(b*x+d)^4*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3+36*I*cos(b*x+d)*sin(b*x+d)^3*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3-6*sin(b*x+d)^4*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*b^3)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(12i b x e^{(2i b x + 2 a)} - e^{(8i b x + 2 a + 6i d)} - 3 e^{(6i b x + 2 a + 4i d)} - 3 e^{(2 a - 2i d)}) e^{(-2i b x - 2i d)}}{96 b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/96*(12*I*b*x*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) - 3*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-2*I*b*x - 2*I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{ixe^{2a}e^{-2id}}{8} + \begin{cases} \frac{(-1024b^2e^{2a}e^{8id}e^{6ibx} - 3072b^2e^{2a}e^{6id}e^{4ibx} - 3072b^2e^{2a}e^{-2ibx})e^{-4id}}{98304b^3} & \text{for } b^3e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(-ie^{2a}e^{8id} - 2ie^{2a}e^{6id} + 2ie^{2a}e^{2id} + ie^{2a})e^{-4id}}{16} - \frac{ie^{2a}e^{-2id}}{8} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `I*x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/8 + Piecewise((( -1024*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d)*exp(6*I*b*x) - 3072*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 3072*b**2*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(98304*b**3), Ne(b**3*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*(( -I*exp(2*a)*exp(8*I*d) - 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) + 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + I*exp(2*a))*exp(-4*I*d)/16 - I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/8), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{12 (i b \cos(2d) e^{2a} + b e^{2a} \sin(2d)) x - \cos(6bx + 4d) e^{2a} - 3 \cos(4bx + 2d) e^{2a} - 3 \cos(2bx + 4d) e^{2a}}{96b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(12*(I*b*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + b*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*x - cos(6*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) - 3*cos(4*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) - 3*cos(2*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(6*b*x + 4*d) - 3*I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 2*d) + 3*I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = \frac{-24i (bx + d) \cos(2d) e^{2a} - 24 (bx + d) e^{2a} \sin(2d) + (e^{6i bx + 4i d} - e^{-6i bx - 4i d}) e^{2a} + 3 (e^{4i bx + 2i d} - e^{-4i bx - 2i d}) e^{2a}}{96b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/192*(-24*I*(b*x + d)*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - 24*(b*x + d)*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d) + (e^(6*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-6*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 3*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - e^(-4*I*b*x - 2*I*d))*e^(2*a) - 3*(e^(2*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(-2*I*b*x - 4*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 6*cos(2*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 6*cos(-4*b*x - 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 2*cos(-6*b*x - 4*d)*e^(2*a))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x e^{2a} (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) 1i) 1i}{8} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(2bx) - \sin(2bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) 1i)}{32b} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(4bx) + \sin(4bx) 1i) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) 1i)}{32b} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(6bx) + \sin(6bx) 1i) (\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) 1i)}{96b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x),x)`output `(x*exp(2*a)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i)*1i)/8 - (exp(2*a)*(cos(2*b*x) - sin(2*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d)*1i))/(32*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(4*b*x) + sin(4*b*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i))/(32*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(6*b*x) + sin(6*b*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i))/(96*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) \sin(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d)^3 \sin(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3*sin(b*x+d),x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.60 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 446 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 446 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 447 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 448 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 449 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 449 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 450 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 450 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 451 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 451 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2(a-id)-i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{3ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{8b} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+5i(d+bx)}}{40b}$$

output

```
1/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d-I*(b*x+d))/b-3/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-1/8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/40*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-ibx} (-5ie^{2ibx} (3 + e^{2ibx}) \cos(d) - i(-5 + e^{6ibx}) \cos(3d) - 15e^{2ibx} \sin(d) + 5e^{4ibx} \sin(d) + 5 \sin(3d) + e^{6ibx} \sin(3d))}{40b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a - I*b*x)*((-5*I)*E^((2*I)*b*x)*(3 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Cos[d] - I*(-5
+ E^((6*I)*b*x))*Cos[3*d] - 15*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Sin[d] + 5*E^((4*I)*b*x)*Sin[
d] + 5*Sin[3*d] + E^((6*I)*b*x)*Sin[3*d]))/(40*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {4935, 4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{6}{5} \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) dx + \frac{2ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(bx+d)}{5b} + \frac{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d)}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 4933$$

$$\frac{2ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(bx+d)}{5b} + \frac{3e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \cos^2(bx+d)}{5b} + \frac{6}{5} \left( -\frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d)}{3b} - \frac{2ie^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d)}{3b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((((2*I)/5)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^3)/b + (3*E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[
d + b*x]^2*Sin[d + b*x])/(5*b) + (6*(((2*I)/3)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d +
b*x])/b - (E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x])/(3*b)))/5
```



Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 4933 Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x
] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; F
reeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4935 Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] +
  (Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] +
  Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{F,
  a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| default       | $\frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(3bx+3d)}{10b} + \frac{3e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(3bx+3d)}{20b} - \frac{ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)}{2b} - \frac{e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d)}{4b}$   |
| parallelrisch | $\frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) e^{2ibx+2a} \left( i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5 - \frac{3 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{2} - 5i \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) - 5 \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{5}{2} \right)}{5b \left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^3}$              |
| norman        | $\frac{-\frac{4e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{b} - \frac{4ie^{2ibx+2a}}{5b} + \frac{4ie^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{b} + \frac{2e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{b} - \frac{6e^{2ibx+2a} \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{5b}}{\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \right)^3}$ |
| orering       | $-\frac{8ie^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^3}{15b} - \frac{14 \left( 2ibe^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^3 - 3e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 b \sin(bx+d) \right)}{15b^2} - \frac{8i \left( -7e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \right)}{15b^2}$  |

```
input int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/10*I/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(3*b*x+3*d)+3/20/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(3*b*x
+3*d)-1/2*I/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)-1/4/b*exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d
)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(-i e^{(6i bx+2a+4i d)} - 5i e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - 15i e^{(2i bx+2a)} + 5i e^{(2a-2i d)}) e^{(-i bx-i d)}}{40b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/40*(-I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 5*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 15*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 5*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*e^(-I*b*x - I*d)/b`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(-512ib^3e^{2a}e^{7id}e^{5ibx}-2560ib^3e^{2a}e^{5id}e^{3ibx}-7680ib^3e^{2a}e^{3id}e^{ibx}+2560ib^3e^{2a}e^{id}e^{-ibx})e^{-4id}}{20480b^4} & \text{for } b^4e^{4id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(e^{2a}e^{6id}+3e^{2a}e^{4id}+3e^{2a}e^{2id}+e^{2a})e^{-3id}}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((( -512*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(7*I*d)*exp(5*I*b*x) - 2560*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 7680*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(I*b*x) + 2560*I*b**3*exp(2*a)*exp(I*d)*exp(-I*b*x))*exp(-4*I*d)/(20480*b**4), Ne(b**4*exp(4*I*d), 0)), (x*(exp(2*a)*exp(6*I*d) + 3*exp(2*a)*exp(4*I*d) + 3*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + exp(2*a))*exp(-3*I*d)/8, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{-i \cos(5bx+3d)e^{(2a)} - 5i \cos(3bx+d)e^{(2a)} + 5i \cos(bx+3d)e^{(2a)} - 15i \cos(bx-d)e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)}}{40b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/40*(-I*cos(5*b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) - 5*I*cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) + 5*I*cos(b*x + 3*d)*e^(2*a) - 15*I*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 3*d) + 5*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + d) + 5*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) + 15*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{i(e^{(5ibx+3id)} + e^{(-5ibx-3id)})e^{(2a)} + 5i(e^{(3ibx+id)} + e^{(-3ibx-id)})e^{(2a)} - 5i(e^{(ibx+3id)} + e^{(-ibx-3id)})e^{(2a)}}{40b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/80*(I*(e^(5*I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-5*I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 5*I*(e^(3*I*b*x + I*d) + e^(-3*I*b*x - I*d))*e^(2*a) - 5*I*(e^(I*b*x + 3*I*d) + e^(-I*b*x - 3*I*d))*e^(2*a) + 15*I*(e^(I*b*x - I*d) + e^(-I*b*x + I*d))*e^(2*a) - 10*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x + 3*d) + 30*e^(2*a)*sin(-b*x + d) + 10*e^(2*a)*sin(-3*b*x - d) + 2*e^(2*a)*sin(-5*b*x - 3*d))/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) - \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) 1i) 1i}{8b} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(5bx) + \sin(5bx) 1i) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) 1i) 1i}{40b} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(bx) + \sin(bx) 1i) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) 1i) 3i}{8b} - \frac{e^{2a} (\cos(3bx) + \sin(3bx) 1i) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) 1i) 1i}{8b}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)^3*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`output `(exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) - sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(8*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(5*b*x) + sin(5*b*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(40*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(b*x) + sin(b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i)*3i)/(8*b) - (exp(2*a)*(cos(3*b*x) + sin(3*b*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(8*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2bx+2a} (-4 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d)^2 i - 2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) - 4 \cos(bx+d) i - 6 \sin(bx+d)^3 + 2 \sin(bx+d) - i)}{10b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^3,x)`output `(e**(2*a + 2*b*i*x)*(-4*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i - 2*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 4*cos(b*x + d)*i - 6*sin(b*x + d)**3 + 2*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 2*sin(b*x + d) - i))/(10*b)`

### 3.61 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 452 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 452 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 453 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 454 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 454 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 455 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 455 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 456 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 456 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 457 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{1}{4}ie^{2a-2id}x + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$1/2*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/16*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/4*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*x+\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*\ln(1-\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id}(-4id + 8e^{2i(d+bx)} + e^{4i(d+bx)} - 4ibx + 16 \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}))}{16b}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*\text{Cos}[d + b*x]^2*\text{Cot}[d + b*x], x]$

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((-4*I)*d + 8*E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} + E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x))} - (4*I)*b*x + 16*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}])})}{(16*b)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( i e^{2a+2i(bx+d)-2id} + \frac{1}{4} i e^{2a+4i(bx+d)-2id} + \frac{2i e^{2a-2id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} + \frac{7}{4} i e^{2a-2id} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(bx+d)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(bx+d)}}{16b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{1}{4} i x e^{2a-2id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]^2*Cot[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{E^{(2*(a - I*d) + (2*I)*(d + b*x))}}{(2*b)} + \frac{E^{(2*(a - I*d) + (4*I)*(d + b*x))}}{(16*b)} - \frac{(I/4)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x} + (E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}]})}{b}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d)^2 \cot(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4i b x e^{(2a-2id)} + 16 e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) + e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} + 8 e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{16b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(-4*I*b*x*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) + 16*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 8*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{ixe^{2a}e^{-2id}}{4} + \begin{cases} \frac{2be^{2a}e^{2id}e^{4ibx}+16be^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{32b^2} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ x\left(\frac{(ie^{2a}e^{4id}+4ie^{2a}e^{2id}-ie^{2a})e^{-2id}}{4} + \frac{ie^{2a}e^{-2id}}{4}\right) & \text{otherwise} \\ + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} - e^{-2id})}{b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)**2*cot(b*x+d), x)`

output `-I*x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4 + Piecewise(((2*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) + 16*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))/(32*b**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), (x*((I*exp(2*a))*exp(4*I*d) + 4*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(2*a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4 + I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4), True)) + exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) - exp(-2*I*d))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(-ib \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} - be^{(2a)} \sin(2d))x + 16(i \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) + \sin(d))}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
1/16*(4*(-I*b*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - b*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*x + 16*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 16*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 8*cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) + cos(4*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 8*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 8*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 8*I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 2*d))/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = \frac{4(ibx + id)e^{(2a-2id)} - 16e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 8e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{16b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/16*(4*(I*b*x + I*d)*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) - 16*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 8*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = -\frac{x e^{2a-d2i} \operatorname{li}}{4} + \frac{e^{2a+d2i+bx4i}}{16b} + \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i})}{b}$$

input

```
int(cos(d + b*x)^2*cot(d + b*x)*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a + d*2i + b*x*4i)/(16*b) - (x*exp(2*a - d*2i)*1i)/4 + exp(2*a + b*x
*2i)/(2*b) + (exp(2*a - d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2
i)))/b
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos^2(d+bx) \cot(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos^2(bx+d) \cot(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)^2*cot(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)**2*cot(b*x + d),x)
```

### 3.62 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{5ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{6b} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
5/2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+1/6*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d + bx) \cot^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2a-2id} (e^{i(d+bx)} (-27 + 14e^{2i(d+bx)} + e^{4i(d+bx)}) + 12(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) - 12(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}))}{6b(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((I/6)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*(E^(I*(d + b*x))*(-27 + 14*E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) + E^((4*I)*(d + b*x))) + 12*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))*Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))]) - 12*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))*Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))])/(b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(bx+d) \cot^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{5}{2} e^{2a+ibx-id} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id} - \frac{6e^{2a+ibx-id}}{-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4e^{2a+ibx-id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{5ie^{2a+ibx-id}}{2b} + \frac{ie^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id}}{6b} + \frac{2ie^{2a+ibx-id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cos[d + b*x]*Cot[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((((5*I)/2)*E^(2*a - I*d + I*b*x))/b + ((I/6)*E^(2*a - I*d + I*b*x + (2*I)*(d + b*x)))/b + ((2*I)*E^(2*a - I*d + I*b*x))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((4*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*d + I*b*x)])/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int e^{2ibx+2a} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{12(i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - i e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + 12(-i e^{(2i bx+2a)} + i e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - 1) - i e^{(2a+2i d)}}{6(b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(12*(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 12*(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - I*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) - 14*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 27*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(2ibe^{2a}e^{2id}e^{3ibx}+30ibe^{2a}e^{ibx})e^{-id}}{12b^2} & \text{for } b^2e^{id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-e^{2a}e^{2id}-5e^{2a})e^{-id}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{ibx}}{be^{3id}e^{2ibx} - be^{id}}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{RootSum}(z^2 + 1, (i \mapsto i \log(iie^{-id} + e^{ibx})))}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) + 30*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x))*exp(-I*d)/(12*b**2), Ne(b**2*exp(I*d), 0)), (x*(-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - 5*exp(2*a))*exp(-I*d)/2, True)) - 2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)/(b*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - b*exp(I*d)) + 2*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*RootSum(_z**2 + 1, Lambda(_i, _i*log(_i*I*exp(-I*d) + exp(I*b*x))))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 660 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 660, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(12*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)
)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2
*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arct
an2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 12*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2
*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(
2*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*
e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x)
+ cos(d)) - cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) - 14*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 27*co
s(b*x)*e^(2*a) + 6*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*
d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) +
e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*s
in(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*si
n(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 6*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos
(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)
)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2
*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(
b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 4*d) - 14*I
*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 27*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x))/(-6*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)
) + 6*I*b*cos(d) + 6*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - 6*b*sin(d)

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-12i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + 12i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + 12i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - 1) - 6b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}{6b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/6*(-12*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 12*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)
)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 12*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) -
1) - 12*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + I*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a +
3*I*d) + 14*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 27*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e
^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx \\ &= \frac{e^{2a-d1i+bx1i} 5i}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a+d1i+bx3i} 1i}{6b} + \frac{e^{4a-d3i+bx1i} 2i}{b(e^{2a-d2i} - e^{2a+bx2i})} \\ & \quad - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(4e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 4i\right)}{b} \\ & \quad + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(4e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 4i\right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d + b*x)*cot(d + b*x)^2*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`output `(exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i)*5i)/(2*b) + (exp(2*a + d*1i + b*x*3i)*1i)/(6*b) + (exp(4*a - d*3i + b*x*1i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) - exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) - (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(4*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i))/b + (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(4*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cos(d+bx) \cot^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d) \cot(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cos(b*x+d)*cot(b*x+d)^2,x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*cot(b*x + d)**2,x)`



### 3.63 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 464 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 464 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 465 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 466 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 466 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 467 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 467 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 468 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 469 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 469 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{3e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-1/2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-3*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left( -e^{2ibx} - 6i \arctan \left( \frac{(1+e^{2ibx}) \tan(d)}{-1+e^{2ibx}} \right) \cos(2d) - 3 \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} - 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d)) + \frac{4(\cos(2d))}{((-1+e^{2ibx}) \cos(2d))} \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (E^{(2*a)}*(-E^{((2*I)*b*x)} - (6*I)*ArcTan[((1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Tan[d])/(-1 + \\ & E^{((2*I)*b*x)})]*Cos[2*d] - 3*Cos[2*d]*Log[1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)} - 2*E^{((2*I)* \\ & b*x)*Cos[2*d]}] + (4*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])^4)/((-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Cos[d] + \\ & I*(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[d])^2 + (12*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])^3)/((-1 + E^{((2* \\ & I)*b*x)})*Cos[d] + I*(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[d]) - 6*ArcTan[((1 + E^{((2*I)* \\ & b*x)})*Tan[d])/(-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})]*Sin[2*d] + (3*I)*Log[1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)} \\ & - 2*E^{((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]}]*Sin[2*d]))/(2*b) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(bx+d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4943 \\ & i \int \left( -e^{2(a+ibx)} + \frac{6e^{2(a+ibx)}}{1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{12e^{2(a+ibx)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{8e^{2(a+ibx)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & i \left( \frac{6ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{3ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{2b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Cot[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
I*(((I/2)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x)))/b - ((2*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)
)*(d + b*x)))^2) + ((6*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))
+ ((3*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} + \frac{4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a}-2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{3e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 91   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b+2/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(2*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*a)-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))-3*exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{6(e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) + e^{(6i bx+2a+4i d)} - 2e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - 11}{2(b e^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(6*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)
)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x
+ 2*a + 2*I*d) - 11*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 8*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x +
4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{6e^{2a}e^{2id}e^{2ibx} - 4e^{2a}}{be^{6id}e^{4ibx} - 2be^{4id}e^{2ibx} + be^{2id}} + \begin{cases} -\frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -ixe^{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{3e^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} - e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
(6*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 4*exp(2*a))/(b*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*
x) - 2*b*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b*exp(2*I*d)) + Piecewise((-exp(2*a)*ex
p(2*I*b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (-I*x*exp(2*a), True)) - 3*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*
d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) - exp(-2*I*d))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 869 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 869, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.84

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(6*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*
a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*
cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d
) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(s
in(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 6*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin
(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(co
s(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a
) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*
sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d))
- I*cos(6*b*x + 6*d)*e^(2*a) + 2*I*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 11*I*cos(2*b
*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 3*(-I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (-I*
cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2
*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*s
in(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(
2*b*x + 4*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 -
2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + 3*(-I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(
2*d)^2 + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(I*
cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a)
- I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*s
in(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{6e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) - 12e^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1) + 6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} - 1)}{2b(e^{(4ibx+4id)} - 2e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/2*(6*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 12*e^(2*I
*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*
x + 2*I*d) - 1) + e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)
- 11*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 8*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*e^
(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = \int \cot(d+bx)^3 e^{2a+bx2i} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + b*x)^3*exp(2*a + b*x*2i),x)`

output `int(cot(d + b*x)^3*exp(2*a + b*x*2i), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \cot^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \cot(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*cot(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*cot(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.64 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 470 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 470 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 471 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 472 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 472 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 473 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 473 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 474 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 474 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 475 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(d+bx)}}{16b} - \frac{1}{4}ie^{2a-2id}x + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-1/2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+1/16*exp(2*a-2*I*d+4*I*(b*x+d))/b-1/4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*x+exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id}(-4id - 8e^{2i(d+bx)} + e^{4i(d+bx)} - 4ibx + 16 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}))}{16b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((-4*I)*d - 8*E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} + E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x))} - (4*I)*b*x + 16*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}]])}{(16*b)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -ie^{2a+2i(bx+d)-2id} + \frac{1}{4}ie^{2a+4i(bx+d)-2id} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} + \frac{7}{4}ie^{2a-2id} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(bx+d)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+4i(bx+d)}}{16b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{1}{4}ixe^{2a-2id}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/2*E^{(2*(a - I*d) + (2*I)*(d + b*x))}/b + E^{(2*(a - I*d) + (4*I)*(d + b*x))}}{(16*b)} - (I/4)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*x} + (E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}]})/b$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d)^2 \tan(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4i b x e^{(2a-2id)} + 16 e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 8 e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{16b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(-4*I*b*x*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) + 16*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 8*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{ixe^{2a}e^{-2id}}{4} + \begin{cases} \frac{2be^{2a}e^{2id}e^{4ibx} - 16be^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{32b^2} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ x \left( \frac{(ie^{2a}e^{4id} - 4ie^{2a}e^{2id} - ie^{2a})e^{-2id}}{4} + \frac{ie^{2a}e^{-2id}}{4} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} + e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)**2*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `-I*x*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4 + Piecewise(((2*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(4*I*b*x) - 16*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))/(32*b**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), (x*((I*exp(2*a))*exp(4*I*d) - 4*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - I*exp(2*a))*exp(-2*I*d)/4 + I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/4), True)) + exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) + exp(-2*I*d))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(-ib \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} - be^{(2a)} \sin(2d))x + 16(i \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(2bx) - \sin(2d))}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/16*(4*(-I*b*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - b*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*x + 16*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 8*cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) + cos(4*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 8*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - 8*I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 2*d))/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{4(i bx + i d)e^{(2a-2i d)} - 16 e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} + 8 e^{(2i bx+2a)}}{16 b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/16*(4*(I*b*x + I*d)*e^(2*a - 2*I*d) - 16*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 8*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{x e^{2a-d2i} i i}{4} + \frac{e^{2a+d2i+bx4i}}{16 b} - \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{2 b} + \frac{e^{2a-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i})}{b}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)^2*tan(d + b*x),x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a + d*2i + b*x*4i)/(16*b) - (x*exp(2*a - d*2i)*i i)/4 - exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(2*b) + (exp(2*a - d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)))/b
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \sin^2(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.65 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 476 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 476 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 477 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 478 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 478 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 479 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 479 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 480 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 481 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 481 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = -\frac{3ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{6b} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-3/2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+1/6*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left( -9ie^{ibx} \cos(d) + ie^{3ibx} \cos(d) + 3 \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{2ibx} - 2e^{ibx} \sin(d)) - 3 \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{2ibx} + 2e^{ibx} \sin(d)) \right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x],x]`

output  $(E^{2a} * ((-9I) * E^{Ibx} * \cos[d] + I * E^{(3I)bx} * \cos[d] + 3 * \cos[2d] * \log[1 + E^{(2I)bx}] - 2 * E^{Ibx} * \sin[d]) - 3 * \cos[2d] * \log[1 + E^{(2I)bx}] + 2 * E^{Ibx} * \sin[d]) - 9 * E^{Ibx} * \sin[d] - E^{(3I)bx} * \sin[d] + \text{ArcTan}[(\cos[d/2] + E^{Ibx} * \sin[d/2]) / (E^{Ibx} * \cos[d/2] + \sin[d/2])] * ((-6I) * \cos[2d] - 6 * \sin[2d]) - (3I) * \log[1 + E^{(2I)bx}] - 2 * E^{Ibx} * \sin[d]) * \sin[2d] + (3I) * \log[1 + E^{(2I)bx}] + 2 * E^{Ibx} * \sin[d]) * \sin[2d] + 6 * \text{ArcTan}[(-\cos[d/2] + E^{Ibx} * \sin[d/2]) / (E^{Ibx} * \cos[d/2] - \sin[d/2])] * (I * \cos[2d] + \sin[2d])) / (6 * b)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{2} e^{2a+ibx-id} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id} - \frac{2e^{2a+ibx-id}}{1+e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{3ie^{2a+ibx-id}}{2b} + \frac{ie^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id}}{6b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x],x]`

output  $(((-3I)/2) * E^{2a - Id + Ibx}) / b + ((I/6) * E^{2a - Id + Ibx} + (2I) * (d + bx)) / b + ((2I) * E^{2a - (2I)d}) * \text{ArcTan}[E^{Id + Ibx}] / b$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d) dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) - ie^{(3ibx+2a+id)} + 9ie^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{6b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 9*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(2ibe^{2a}e^{2id}e^{3ibx}-18ibe^{2a}e^{ibx})e^{-id}}{12b^2} & \text{for } b^2e^{id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(-e^{2a}e^{2id}+3e^{2a})e^{-id}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$+ \frac{(\log(e^{ibx}-ie^{-id})-\log(e^{ibx}+ie^{-id}))e^{2a}e^{-2id}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 18*I*b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x))*exp(-I*d)/(12*b**2), Ne(b**2*exp(I*d), 0)), (x*(-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) + 3*exp(2*a))*exp(-I*d)/2, True)) + (log(exp(I*b*x) - I*exp(-I*d)) - log(exp(I*b*x) + I*exp(-I*d)))*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6(-i \cos(2d)e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan\left(\frac{2(\cos(bx+2d)\cos(d)+\sin(bx+2d)\sin(d))}{\cos(bx+2d)^2+\cos(d)^2+2\cos(d)\sin(bx+2d)+\sin(bx+2d)^2-2\cos(bx+2d)\sin(d)}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

1/6*(6*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*
cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*si
n(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (co
s(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2
+ cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d
)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + I*cos(3*b*x + d)*e^(2*a) - 9*I*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a
) + 3*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(
d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d
) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin
(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x +
d) + 9*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - 6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - i e^{(3ibx+2a+id)} + 9i e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{6b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/6*(6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log
(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 9*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a
- I*d))/b

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2a-d1i+bx1i} 3i}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a+d1i+bx3i} 1i}{6b}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(2e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(2e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)*tan(d + b*x),x)`output `(exp(2*a + d*1i + b*x*3i)*1i)/(6*b) - (exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i)*3i)/(2*b) + (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/2)*log(2*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*2i))/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/2)*log(2*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*2i))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a} \left( 4e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d)i + 2e^{2bix} \sin(bx+d) + 3e^{2bix}i - 12 \left( \int \frac{e^{2bix}}{\tan\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^4 - 1} dx \right) b \right)}{3b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x)`output `(e**(2*a)*(4*e**(2*b*i*x))*cos(b*x + d)*i + 2*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) + 3*e**(2*b*i*x)*i - 12*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 1),x)*b)/(3*b)`

### 3.66 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 482 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 482 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 483 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 484 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 484 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 485 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 485 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 486 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 486 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 486 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d + bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$$-1/2*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*\ln(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b$$

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a}(\cos(d) - i \sin(d)) \left( \cos(d) (e^{2ibx} - \log(1 + e^{4ibx} + 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d))) + \arctan\left(\frac{(-1+e^{2ibx}) \tan(d)}{1+e^{2ibx}}\right) \right)}{2b}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*Tan[d + b*x], x]$$

output

```
-1/2*(E^(2*a)*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d]))*(Cos[d]*(E^((2*I)*b*x) - Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) + 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]]) + ArcTan[((-1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))*Tan[d])/(1 + E^((2*I)*b*x))]*((-2*I)*Cos[d] - 2*Sin[d]) + I*(E^((2*I)*b*x) + Log[1 + E^((4*I)*b*x) + 2*E^((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]])*Sin[d])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$i \int \left( \frac{2e^{2(a+ibx)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}} - e^{2(a+ibx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$i \left( \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{2b} - \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Tan[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
I*(((I/2)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x)))/b - (I*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 42   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b+exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{2e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) - e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -ixe^{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} + e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d), x)`

output `Piecewise((-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (-I*x*exp(2*a), True))  
+ exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) + exp(-2*I*d))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(i \cos(2d) e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(2bx) - \sin(2d), \cos(2bx) + \cos(2d)) - \cos(2bx) e^{(2a)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x))/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) - e^{(2ibx+2a)}}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2a} e^{bx2i}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i})}{b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x),x)`output `(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)))/b - (exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i))/(2*b)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \tan(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d),x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*tan(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.67 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 487 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 487 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 488 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 488 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 489 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 489 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 490 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 490 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 491 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 491 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{2a-2id}(e^{i(d+bx)} - \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}))}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x], x]
```

output

```
((-2*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*(E^(I*(d + b*x)) - ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))]))/b
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$\frac{2ie^{2(a+ibx)-3i(bx+d)} (e^{2i(bx+d)} - e^{i(bx+d)} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)}))}{b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x],x]`

output `((-2*I)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x) - (3*I)*(d + b*x))*(E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) - E^(I*(d + b*x)))*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-id}e^{ibx}}{b}$ | 48   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))-2*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-I*d)*exp(I*b*x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) + 2i e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/b`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output `exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x + d), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 358 vs.  $2(41) = 82$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.07

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(-i \cos(2d) e^{2a} - e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \arctan\left(\frac{2(\cos(bx+2d)\cos(d)+\sin(bx+2d)\sin(d))}{\cos(bx+2d)^2+\cos(d)^2+2\cos(d)\sin(bx+2d)+\sin(bx+2d)^2-2\cos(bx+2d)\sin(d)}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*
cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*si
n(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (co
s(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2
+ cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)
)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 4*I*cos(b*x - d)*e^(2*a) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e
^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d)
) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)
^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2
*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 4*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x - d))/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{(2a-2id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - e^{(2a-2id)} \log(-i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) + 2i e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-(e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I
*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 2*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{e^{2a-d1i+bx1i} 2i}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(2e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 2i\right)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(2e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 2i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/cos(d + b*x),x)`output `(exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/2)*log(2*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*2i))/b - (exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i)*2i)/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)^(1/2)*log(2*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*2i))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a} \left( -3e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 i + 3e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) i + e^{2bix} \cos(bx+d) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output

```
(e**(2*a)*( - 3*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2
*i + 3*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)*i + e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d
)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 2*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2) - 5
*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*i - 12*cos(b*x + d)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x
+ d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b + 12*cos(b*x + d)*int(e**(2*b*i*x
)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*b - e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d
/2)**2 + e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) + e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i -
e**(2*b*i*x)*i))/(6*cos(b*x + d)*b*(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1))
```

### 3.68 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 493 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 493 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)                       | 494 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 495 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 495 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 496 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 496 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 497 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 497 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 497 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1 - e^{4i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 85 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{(1+e^{4ibx}) \tan(2d)}{-1+e^{4ibx}} \right) - i \log(1 + e^{8ibx} - 2e^{4ibx} \cos(4d)) \right) (i \cos(2d) + \sin(2d))}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a)}*(2*ArcTan[((1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})*Tan[2*d])/(-1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)})] - I*Log[1 + E^{((8*I)*b*x)} - 2*E^{((4*I)*b*x)}*Cos[4*d]])*(I*Cos[2*d] + Sin[2*d])}{(2*b)}$$
**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{1+e^{ibx+id}} - \frac{2ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{1+e^{2ibx+2id}} + \frac{ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{-1+e^{ibx+id}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1-e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1+e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \log(1+e^{2ibx+2id})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*Log[1 - E^{(I*d + I*b*x)}])/b + (E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*Log[1 + E^{(I*d + I*b*x)}])/b + (E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*Log[1 + E^{((2*I)*d + (2*I)*b*x)}])/b}{b}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{\ln((-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(1+e^{2i(bx+d)}))e^{-2id+2a}}{b}$ | 38   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln((-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))*(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d))))/b*exp(2*a-2*I*d)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(4ibx+4id)} - 1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 1)/b`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x)`

output `exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs.  $2(26) = 52$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.26

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(i \cos(2d) e^{2a} + e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(2bx) - \sin(2d), \cos(2bx) + \cos(2d)) + 2(i \cos(2d) e^{2a} + e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \arctan(\sin(bx) - \sin(d), \cos(bx) + \cos(d)) + (\cos(2d) e^{2a} - I e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \log(\cos(2bx)^2 + 2\cos(2bx)\cos(2d) + \cos(2d)^2 + \sin(2bx)^2 - 2\sin(2bx)\sin(2d) + \sin(2d)^2) + (\cos(2d) e^{2a} - I e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \log(\cos(bx)^2 + 2\cos(bx)\cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(bx)^2 - 2\sin(bx)\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2) + (\cos(2d) e^{2a} - I e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \log(\cos(bx)^2 - 2\cos(bx)\cos(d) + \cos(d)^2 + \sin(bx)^2 + 2\sin(bx)\sin(d) + \sin(d)^2)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2))/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(4ibx+4id)} - 1)}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 1)/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-d2i} \ln(e^{4a} e^{bx4i} - e^{4a} e^{-d4i})}{b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)),x)`output `(exp(2*a - d*2i)*log(exp(4*a)*exp(b*x*4i) - exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d),x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d),x)`

### 3.69 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 498 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 498 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 499 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 500 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 500 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 501 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 501 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 502 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 503 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 503 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$2*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+2*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*\arctan(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-4*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \left( \frac{e^{i(d+bx)}}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) - \log(1-e^{i(d+bx)}) + \log(1+e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]}, x]$

output

$$\left( (-2I)E^{(2a - (2I)d)} \left( \frac{E^{(I(d + b*x))}}{-1 + E^{((2I)(d + b*x))}} \right) - \text{ArcTan}[E^{(I(d + b*x))}] - \text{Log}[1 - E^{(I(d + b*x))}] + \text{Log}[1 + E^{(I(d + b*x))}] \right) / b$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4e^{2a+5ibx+3id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4e^{2a+5ibx+3id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{\frac{b}{2ie^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} +$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]}, x]$$

output

$$\left( (2I)E^{(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x))} / b + ((2I)E^{(2*(a - I*d) + (3I)*(d + b*x))} / (b*(1 - E^{((2I)*(d + b*x))})) + ((2I)E^{(2*a - (2I)*d)} * \text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}] / b - ((4I)E^{(2*a - (2I)*d)} * \text{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}] / b \right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2ie^{2a}(-2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})e^{2ibx} + \operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)})e^{2ibx} - e^{i(bx-d)} + 2e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)}) - e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)}))}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})b}$ | 107  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*I*exp(2*a)*(-2*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))*exp(2*I*b*x)+arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))*exp(2*I*b*x)-exp(I*(b*x-d))+2*exp(-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))-exp(-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d))))/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - i e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1) + (e^{(2i bx+2a)} - e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - (e^{(2i bx+2a)} - e^{(2a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - i)}{b e^{(2i bx+2a)}}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-(2*(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + (
e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - (e^(2*I*b*
x + 2*a) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 2*(-I*e^(2*I*b*x +
2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 2*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a -
I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**2*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1095 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1095, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.33

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 4*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 4*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 4*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) + 2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2i e^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + 2i e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + 2i e^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - 2i e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - 1)}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(-2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 2*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log
(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 2
*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I
*b*x + I*d) - 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I
d) - 1) - 2*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d)^2 \sec(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d),x)
```



### 3.70 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 504 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 504 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 505 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 506 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 506 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 507 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 507 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 508 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 509 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 509 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

`2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( -4 + 6e^{2i(d+bx)} - (-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) + (-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(-1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

`Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x],x]`

output

```
(E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*(-4 + 6*E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) - (-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))]) + (-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/(b*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(-1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{4ie^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 - e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - (6*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a}-2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 101  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(2*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*a)-exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))+exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^{(4i bx+2 a+2i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+2 a)} + e^{(2 a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - (e^{(4i bx+2 a+2i d)} - 2e^{(2i bx+2 a)} + e^{(2 a-2i d)})}{be^{(4i bx+4i d)} - 2be^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e
^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - (e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)
+ e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - 4
*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**3*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1184 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1184, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.46

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)
)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*c
os(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d)
+ 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(si
n(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2
*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d)
- 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (-I*cos(2*d
)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e
^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - c
os(d)) - 2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) -
I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin
(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b
*x + 6*d) - 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*ar
ctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) - 12*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a
) - (I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e
^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*
d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x +
6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(co
s(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b
*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - (-I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - 2e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) + 2e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1) - e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} - 1)}{b(e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - 4*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx) \sin(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)*sin(d + b*x)^3), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d)^3 \sec(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d),x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**3*sec(b*x + d),x)
```

### 3.71 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 510 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 510 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 511 |
| Maple [F]                                 | 512 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 512 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 513 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 513 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 514 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 515 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 515 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{5e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{6b} - \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-5/2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b+1/6*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+4*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-id+ibx} (-27 - 14e^{2i(d+bx)} + e^{4i(d+bx)})}{6b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a - I*d + I*b*x)}*(-27 - 14*E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} + E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x))})/(6*b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) + (4*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*ArcTan[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}]))/b$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(bx+d) \tan^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{5}{2} i e^{2a+ibx-id} + \frac{1}{2} i e^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id} + \frac{6i e^{2a+ibx-id}}{1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4i e^{2a+ibx-id}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{5e^{2a+ibx-id}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a+2i(bx+d)+ibx-id}}{6b} - \frac{2e^{2a+ibx-id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sin[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-5*E^{(2*a - I*d + I*b*x)})/(2*b) + E^{(2*a - I*d + I*b*x + (2*I)*(d + b*x))}/(6*b) - (2*E^{(2*a - I*d + I*b*x)})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) + (4*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*ArcTan[E^{(I*d + I*b*x)}]))/b$$



### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int e^{2ibx+2a} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{12(-ie^{(2ibx+2a)} - ie^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 12(i e^{(2ibx+2a)} + i e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) - e^{(5ibx+2a+3id)} + 14e^{(3ibx+2a+id)} + 27e^{(ibx+2a-id)}}{6(be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(12*(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 12*(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) + 14*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 27*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(2be^{2a}e^{2id}e^{3ibx}-30be^{2a}e^{ibx})e^{-id}}{12b^2} & \text{for } b^2e^{id} \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(i e^{2a}e^{2id}-5ie^{2a})e^{-id}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2e^{2a}e^{ibx}}{be^{3id}e^{2ibx}+be^{id}}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{RootSum}(z^2+1, (i \mapsto i \log(i e^{-id}+e^{ibx})))}{b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(3*I*b*x) - 30*b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)) * exp(-I*d)/(12*b**2), Ne(b**2*exp(I*d), 0)), (x*(I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d) - 5*I*exp(2*a))*exp(-I*d)/2, True)) - 2*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)/(b*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b*exp(I*d)) + 2*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*RootSum(_z**2 + 1, Lambda(_i, _i*log(_i*exp(-I*d) + exp(I*b*x))))/b`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 614 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 614, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(12*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*
e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)
))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan
2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + co
s(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin
(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^
2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)
^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - I*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 1
4*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 27*I*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) - 6*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a)
) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin
(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d)
- (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + co
s(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin
(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + s
in(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x
+ 4*d) - 14*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) - 27*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x))/(-6*I*b*cos(2
*b*x + 3*d) - 6*I*b*cos(d) + 6*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 6*b*sin(d))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{12i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+id)} + i) + 12i e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(i bx+id)} + i) - 12i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+id)} - i) - 12i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+id)} - i)}{6b(e^{(2i bx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*(12*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 12*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)
)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 12*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) -
I) - 12*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*
I*d) - 14*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 27*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b
*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{5e^{2a-d1i+bx1i}}{2b} + \frac{e^{2a+d1i+bx3i}}{6b} - \frac{2e^{4a-d3i+bx1i}}{b(e^{2a-d2i} + e^{2a+bx2i})}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(-e^{4a}e^{-d3i}e^{bx1i}4i - e^{2a}e^{-d2i}\sqrt{-e^{4a}e^{-d4i}}4i\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(-e^{4a}e^{-d3i}e^{bx1i}4i + e^{2a}e^{-d2i}\sqrt{-e^{4a}e^{-d4i}}4i\right)}{b}$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*sin(d + b*x)*tan(d + b*x)^2,x)`

output `exp(2*a + d*1i + b*x*3i)/(6*b) - (5*exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i))/(2*b) - (2*exp(4*a - d*3i + b*x*1i))/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) + exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) + (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i)*4i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i))/b - (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i - exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i)*4i))/b`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sin(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \sin(bx+d) \tan(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sin(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan(b*x + d)**2,x)`

### 3.72 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 516 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 516 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 517 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 518 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 518 |
| Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)  | 519 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 519 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 520 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 520 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 521 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$1/2*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b-2*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*\ln(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs.  $2(96) = 192$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left( ie^{2ibx} + 4 \arctan \left( \frac{(-1+e^{2ibx}) \tan(d)}{1+e^{2ibx}} \right) \cos(2d) - 2i \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} + 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d)) \right) + \frac{4(\cos(2d))}{i(1+e^{2ibx}) \cos(2d)}}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output  $(E^{(2*a)}*(I*E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + 4*ArcTan[(-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Tan[d]]/(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)}))*Cos[2*d] - (2*I)*Cos[2*d]*Log[1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{((2*I)*b*x)}*Cos[2*d]] + (4*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])^3)/(I*(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Cos[d] - (-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[d]) - (4*I)*ArcTan[(-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Tan[d]]/(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[2*d] - 2*Log[1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{((2*I)*b*x)}*Cos[2*d]]*Sin[2*d])/(2*b)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$-\int \left( e^{2(a+ibx)} - \frac{4e^{2(a+ibx)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \frac{4e^{2(a+ibx)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{2b}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output  $((I/2)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))}/b - ((2*I)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - ((2*I)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)}*Log[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}])/b$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} + \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 74   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)+2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{4 \left( i e^{(2i bx+2a)} + i e^{(2a-2i d)} \right) \log \left( e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1 \right) - i e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - i e^{(2i bx+2a)} + 4i e^{(2a-2i d)}}{2 \left( b e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b \right)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(4*(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
+ 1) - I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*
I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -xe^{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{2ie^{2a}}{be^{4id}e^{2ibx} + be^{2id}} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} + e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (-x*exp(2*a), True))
- 2*I*exp(2*a)/(b*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b*exp(2*I*d)) - 2*I*exp(2*a)*
xp(-2*I*d)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) + exp(-2*I*d))/b
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4(-i \cos(2d)^2 e^{(2a)} - i e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)^2 + (-i \cos(2d) e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)} \sin(2d)) \cos(2bx + 4d) + (\cos(2d) \sin(2bx + 4d) - \sin(2d) \cos(2bx + 4d)) e^{(2a)}}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```
(4*(-I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) -
e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))
)*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d))
+ cos(4*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) - 2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(
2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*
b*x + 4*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*lo
g(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin
(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^(2*a)*si
n(2*b*x + 2*d) - 4*e^(2*a))/(-2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - 2*I*b*cos(2*d) + 2*
b*sin(2*b*x + 4*d) + 2*b*sin(2*d))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{-4i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - 4i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + i e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} + i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - 4i}{2b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(-4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*
I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + I*e^(2*I
*b*x + 2*a) - 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a+bx2i} \operatorname{li} - e^{2a-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 2i}{2b} - \frac{e^{4a-d4i} 2i}{b(e^{2a-d2i} + e^{2a+bx2i})}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*1i)/(2*b) - (exp(2*a - d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) +
exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*2i)/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) + e
xp(2*a + b*x*2i)))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \tan^2(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*tan(b*x + d)**2,x)
```

### 3.73 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 522 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified)                | 522 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 523 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 524 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 524 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 525 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 525 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 526 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 527 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 527 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b} - \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

$-2*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-2*\exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+4*\exp(2*a-2*I*d)*\arctan(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b$

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 435 vs.  $2(96) = 192$ .

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left( -2e^{ibx} \cos(d) + 2 \arctan \left( \frac{-\cos(\frac{d}{2}) + e^{ibx} \sin(\frac{d}{2})}{e^{ibx} \cos(\frac{d}{2}) - \sin(\frac{d}{2})} \right) \cos(2d) - 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\cos(\frac{d}{2}) + e^{ibx} \sin(\frac{d}{2})}{e^{ibx} \cos(\frac{d}{2}) + \sin(\frac{d}{2})} \right) \cos(2d) - i \cos(2d) \right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x],x]`

output 
$$\frac{(E^{(2*a)}*(-2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d] + 2*\text{ArcTan}[-\cos[d/2] + E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d/2]])/(E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d/2] - \sin[d/2]))*\cos[2*d] - 2*\text{ArcTan}[(\cos[d/2] + E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d/2])/(E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d/2] + \sin[d/2]))]*\cos[2*d] - I*\cos[2*d]*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} - 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d]] + I*\cos[2*d]*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d]] + (2*I)*E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d] + (4*I)*\text{ArcTan}[(\cos[d/2] - E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d/2])/(E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d/2] - \sin[d/2]))]*\cos[d]*\sin[d] - (2*E^{(I*b*x)}*(\cos[d] - I*\sin[d])^2)/((1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*\cos[d] + I*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*\sin[d]) + (2*I)*\text{ArcTan}[(\cos[d/2] + E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d/2])/(E^{(I*b*x)}*\cos[d/2] + \sin[d/2]))]*\sin[2*d] - \text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} - 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d]]*\sin[2*d] + \text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{(I*b*x)}*\sin[d]]*\sin[2*d]))/b$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{2a+3ibx+id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2ie^{2a+3ibx+id}}{1+e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} - \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x],x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2E^{2(a - Id)} + I(d + b*x))/b - (2E^{2(a - Id)} + I(d + b*x))/(b*(1 + E^{(2I)*(d + b*x)})) + (4E^{2*a - (2*I)*d})*\text{ArcTan}[E^{I*(d + b*x)}]}{b}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 4974

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigToExp}[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x \} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{TrigQ}[G] \&\& \text{TrigQ}[H]$$
**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2e^{2a}e^{3ibx}e^{id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})b} + \frac{4e^{2a}e^{-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4e^{2a}e^{-id}e^{ibx}}{b}$ | 79   |

input

$$\text{int}(\exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*\sec(b*x+d)*\tan(b*x+d), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$\frac{2/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b*\exp(2*a)*\exp(3*I*b*x)*\exp(I*d)+4/b*\exp(2*a)*\exp(-2*I*d)*\arctan(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))-4/b*\exp(2*a)*\exp(-I*d)*\exp(I*b*x)}{b}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan(d + bx) dx = \frac{-2((-ie^{(2ibx+2a)} - ie^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + (ie^{(2ibx+2a)} + ie^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) + e^{(3ibx+2a+id)})}{be^{(2ibx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-2*((-Ie^{(2Ibx + 2a)} - Ie^{(2a - 2Id)})\log(e^{(Ibx + Id)} + I) + (Ie^{(2Ibx + 2a)} + Ie^{(2a - 2Id)})\log(e^{(Ibx + Id)} - I) + e^{(3Ibx + 2a + Id)} + 2e^{(Ibx + 2a - Id)})/(b e^{(2Ibx + 2Id)} + b)$$

## Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output `exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d), x)`

## Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 579 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(2*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*I*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 4*I*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) - ((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 2*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) - 4*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x))/(-I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - I*b*cos(d) + b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + b*sin(d))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(-ie^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - ie^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + ie^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i) + ie^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i))}{b(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 2*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2e^{2a-d1i+bx1i}}{b} - \frac{2e^{4a-d3i+bx1i}}{b(e^{2a-d2i} + e^{2a+bx2i})}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(-e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} 4i - e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 4i\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-e^{4a-d4i}} \ln\left(-e^{4a} e^{-d3i} e^{bx1i} 4i + e^{2a} e^{-d2i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 4i\right)}{b}$$

input `int((exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x))/cos(d + b*x),x)`output `(2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i)*4i - exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i))/b - (2*exp(4*a - d*3i + b*x*1i))/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) + exp(2*a + b*x*2i))) - (2*exp(2*a - d*1i + b*x*1i))/b - (2*(-exp(4*a - d*4i))^(1/2)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*4i - exp(4*a)*exp(-d*3i)*exp(b*x*1i)*4i))/b`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{2a} \left( -e^{2bix} + 2 \left( \int \frac{e^{2bix}}{\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1} dx \right) \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 bi - 2 \left( \int \frac{e^{2bix}}{\tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1} dx \right) bi \right)}{b \left( \tan\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d),x)`output `(2*e**(2*a)*(-e**(2*b*i*x) + 2*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i - 2*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*b*i))/(b*(tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1))`



### 3.74 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 528 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 528 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 529 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 530 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 530 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 530 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 531 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 531 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 532 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 532 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2ie^{2a-2id}(-e^{2i(d+bx)} + (1+e^{2i(d+bx)}) \log(1+e^{2i(d+bx)}))}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
((-2*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*(-E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) + (1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4951

$$\frac{2ie^{2(a+ibx)+4i(bx+d)} \left( e^{-4i(bx+d)} (1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2 - e^{-6i(bx+d)} (1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3 \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)}) \right)}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((2*I)*E^(2*(a + I*b*x) + (4*I)*(d + b*x))*((1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2/E^((4*I)*(d + b*x)) - ((1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))]))/E^((6*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{2ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 58   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2((ie^{2ibx+2a} + ie^{2a-2id}) \log(e^{2ibx+2id} + 1) + ie^{2a-2id})}{be^{2ibx+2id} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*((I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output `exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2, x)`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs.  $2(52) = 104$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(-i \cos(2d)^2 e^{2a} - i e^{2a} \sin(2d)^2 + (-i \cos(2d) e^{2a} - e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \cos(2bx+4d) + (\cos(2d) e^{2a} - i e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \sin(2bx+4d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(2bx)-\sin(2d)}{\cos(2bx)+\cos(2d)}\right) - (\cos(2d)^2 e^{2a} + e^{2a} \sin(2d)^2 + (\cos(2d) e^{2a} - i e^{2a} \sin(2d)) \sin(2bx+4d)) \log(\cos(2bx)^2 + 2\cos(2bx)\cos(2d) + \cos(2d)^2 + \sin(2bx)^2 - 2\sin(2bx)\sin(2d) + \sin(2d)^2) - 2e^{2a}}{b(e^{2i bx+2i d} + 1)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*(-I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d)*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - (cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - 2*e^(2*a))/(-I*b*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - I*b*cos(2*d) + b*sin(2*b*x + 4*d) + b*sin(2*d))`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + i e^{(2a-2i d)})}{b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2a-d2i} \ln(e^{2a} e^{bx2i} + e^{2a} e^{-d2i}) 2i}{b} - \frac{e^{4a-d4i} 2i}{b (e^{2a-d2i} + e^{2a+bx2i})}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/cos(d + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
- (exp(2*a - d*2i)*log(exp(2*a)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(2*a)*exp(-d*2i))*2i)/b - (exp(4*a - d*4i)*2i)/(b*(exp(2*a - d*2i) + exp(2*a + b*x*2i)))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(e**(2*a)*(- 42*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 84*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 42*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 392*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 784*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 392*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*i - 315*e**(2*b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 630*e**(2*b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 315*e**(2*b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 315*e**(2*b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 630*e**(2*b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 315*e**(2*b*i*x)*sec(b*x + d)**2*i + 80*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 128*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 + 96*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 640*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2) + 556*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 112*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 224*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 + 112*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) - 437*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 128*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 + 618*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 640*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2) - 913*e**(2*b*i*x)*i - 3000*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b + 6000*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2...
```

### 3.75 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 534 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 534 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 535 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 536 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 536 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 537 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 537 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 538 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 539 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 539 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec^2(d + bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+4*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan
(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( -\frac{2e^{i(d+bx)}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + 4 \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) + \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) - \log(1 + e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((-2*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) + 4*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))] + Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))] - Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{2a+5ibx+3id}}{-1 + e^{4i(bx+d)}} - \frac{4ie^{2a+5ibx+3id}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} + \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/b + (2*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (4*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b - (2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{2e^{2a}(\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})e^{2ibx} - 2\operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)})e^{2ibx} + e^{i(bx-d)} + e^{-2id}\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)}) - 2e^{-2id}\operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)}))}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})b}$ | 103  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*exp(2*a)*(arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))*exp(2*I*b*x)-2*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))*exp(2*I*b*x)+exp(I*(b*x-d))+exp(-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))-2*exp(-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d))))/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b`

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = -\frac{(e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) + 2(-ie^{(2ibx+2a)} - ie^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) + 2(ie^{(2ibx+2a)} + ie^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} - i)}{be^{(2ibx+2a)}}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-((e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 2*(-I*e
^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*(I*e^(2
*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - (e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 2*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*
d))/(b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \csc(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1093 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1093, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.15

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(4*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) + 4*I*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) - ((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - ((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + ...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) + 2i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} + i) - 2i e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - i) - 2i e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(i bx+i d)} - i)}{2}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 2*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(
e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 2*
I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*
b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d
) + I) - 2*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^2 \sin(d+bx)} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**2,x)
```

### 3.76 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 540 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 540 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)                       | 541 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 542 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 542 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 543 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 543 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 544 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 545 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 545 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4ie^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))-4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}(-2e^{2i(d+bx)} + (-1 + e^{4i(d+bx)}) \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) - (-1 + e^{4i(d+bx)}) \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}))}{b(-1 + e^{4i(d+bx)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((2I)E^{(2a - (2I)d)}(-2E^{((2I)(d + bx))} + (-1 + E^{((4I)(d + bx))})\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2I)(d + bx))}] - (-1 + E^{((4I)(d + bx))})\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2I)(d + bx))}]))}{(b(-1 + E^{((4I)(d + bx))}))}$$
**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{3e^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{1+e^{ibx+id}} - \frac{4e^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{1+e^{2ibx+2id}} - \frac{e^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(1+e^{ibx+id})^2} - \frac{4e^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(1+e^{2ibx+2id})^2} + \frac{3e^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{-1+e^{ibx+id}} - \frac{e^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(-1+e^{ibx+id})^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{ibx+id})} + \frac{ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{ibx+id})} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2ibx+2id})} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1-e^{ibx+id})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1+e^{ibx+id})}{b} - \frac{2ie^{2a-2id} \log(1+e^{2ibx+2id})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(I E^{(2a - (2I)d)})}{(b(1 - E^{(I d + I b x)}))} + \frac{(I E^{(2a - (2I)d)})}{(b(1 + E^{(I d + I b x)}))} - \frac{((2I) E^{(2a - (2I)d)})}{(b(1 + E^{((2I)d + (2I)b x)}))} + \frac{((2I) E^{(2a - (2I)d)}) \text{Log}[1 - E^{(I d + I b x)}]}{b} + \frac{((2I) E^{(2a - (2I)d)}) \text{Log}[1 + E^{(I d + I b x)}]}{b} - \frac{((2I) E^{(2a - (2I)d)}) \text{Log}[1 + E^{((2I)d + (2I)b x)}]}{b}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{4ie^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 98   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4*I*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*I*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b+2*I*exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2 \left( (i e^{(4i bx + 2a + 2i d)} - i e^{(2a - 2i d)}) \log(e^{(2i bx + 2i d)} + 1) + (-i e^{(4i bx + 2a + 2i d)} + i e^{(2a - 2i d)}) \log(e^{(2i bx + 2i d)}) \right)}{b e^{(4i bx + 4i d)} - b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*((I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + (-I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - b)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**2*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 738 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 738, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.71

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
(2*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*cos(2*d)
*e^(2*a) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + e^(2
*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) + 2*((
I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*
a) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - e^(2*a)*si
n(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(
2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - (cos(2*d)
*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*arctan
2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) - 4*cos(2*b*x)*e^(2*a) - ((cos(2*d)
)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + (I*c
os(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))
*log(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*
sin(2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) + ((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)
))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*si
n(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*log(cos(b*x)^2 + 2*cos(b*x)
*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 - 2*sin(b*x)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) + ((cos(2*
d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) - cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - (-I
*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 4*d) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)
))*log(cos(b*x)^2 - 2*cos(b*x)*cos(d) + cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x)^2 + 2*sin(b*x)
*sin(d) + sin(d)^2) - 4*I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x))/(-I*b*cos(4*b*x + 4*d) + ...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(-ie^{4ibx+2a+2id}) \log(ie^{(2ibx+2id)} - i) + ie^{(2a-2id)} \log(ie^{(2ibx+2id)} - i) + ie^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} \log(-ie^{(2ibx+2id)} - i)}{b(e^{(4ibx+4id)} - 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*(-I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - I) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - I) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - I) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - I) + 2*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2 \ln\left(8e^{6a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx2i} - e^{4a} e^{-d4i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 8i\right) \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}}}{b} + \frac{2 \ln\left(8e^{6a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx2i} + e^{4a} e^{-d4i} \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}} 8i\right) \sqrt{-e^{4a} e^{-d4i}}}{b} + \frac{e^{6a} e^{-d4i} e^{bx2i} 4i}{b e^{4a} e^{-d4i} - b e^{4a} e^{bx4i}}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*log(8*exp(6*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*2i) + exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*8i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)/b - (2*log(8*exp(6*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*2i) - exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)*8i)*(-exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i))^(1/2)/b + (exp(6*a)*exp(-d*4i)*exp(b*x*2i)*4i)/(b*exp(4*a)*exp(-d*4i) - b*exp(4*a)*exp(b*x*4i))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d)**2,x)
```

### 3.77 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 546 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 547 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 547 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 548 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 549 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 549 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 550 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 551 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 551 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 552 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \frac{4e^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^2(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{e^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}(5+3e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})} + \frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
4*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))
-exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))*(5+3*exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))+4*
exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b+exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+
d)))/b
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( \frac{4e^{i(d+bx)}}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{10e^{i(d+bx)}}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{4e^{i(d+bx)}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + 8 \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) - \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) + \log(1 + e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((4*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 + (10*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) - (4*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) + 8*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))] - Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))] + Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))]))/(2*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{8ie^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{12ie^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{-1+e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{5e^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)} \frac{b}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})}} + \frac{e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{4e^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)} \frac{b}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})}} - \frac{5e^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{2e^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)} \frac{b}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}} + \frac{6e^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}{2e^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)} \frac{b}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}} -$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^2,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(-5E^{2(a - Id)} + I(d + bx))}{b} + \frac{(6E^{2(a - Id)} + (3I)(d + bx))}{b} + \frac{(2E^{2(a - Id)} + (5I)(d + bx))}{(b(1 - E^{(2I)(d + bx)}))^{2}} \\ & - \frac{(5E^{2(a - Id)} + (3I)(d + bx))}{(b(1 - E^{(2I)(d + bx)}))} + \frac{(4E^{2(a - Id)} + (5I)(d + bx))}{(b(1 - E^{(2I)(d + bx)}))} - \frac{(2E^{2(a - Id)} + (5I)(d + bx))}{(b(1 + E^{(2I)(d + bx)}))} \\ & + \frac{(4E^{2(a - Id)} + (5I)(d + bx))}{(b(1 + E^{(2I)(d + bx)}))} + \frac{(4E^{2a - (2I)d} \operatorname{ArcTan}[E^{I(d + bx)}])}{b} + \frac{(E^{2a - (2I)d} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[E^{I(d + bx)}])}{b} \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

| method | result  |
|--------|---|
| risch  | $\frac{5e^{7ibx}e^{5id}e^{2a} - 2e^{5ibx}e^{3id}e^{2a} + e^{3ibx}e^{id}e^{2a}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{4e^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctan}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{5e^{2a}e^{-id}e^{ibx}}{b}$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{(1+\exp(2I(bx+d)))/(-1+\exp(2I(bx+d)))^2/b} \cdot (5\exp(7Ibx)\exp(5Id) \\ & ) \cdot \exp(2a) - 2\exp(5Ibx)\exp(3Id)\exp(2a) + \exp(3Ibx)\exp(Id)\exp(2a) \\ & ) + 1/b \cdot \exp(2a) \cdot \exp(-2Id) \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}(\exp(I(bx+d))) + 4/b \cdot \exp(2a) \cdot \exp(-2Id) \\ & ) \cdot \operatorname{arctan}(\exp(I(bx+d))) - 5/b \cdot \exp(2a) \cdot \exp(-Id) \cdot \exp(Ibx) \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 331 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} - e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + 1) - 4(-ie^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} + ie^{(4ibx+2a+2id)})}{(b e^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} - b e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - b e^{(2ibx+2a)} + b e^{(2a-2id)})}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*((e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x +
2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 4*(-I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a
+ 4*I*d) + I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - I*e^(2*a -
2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 4*(I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - I*e^(
4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I
*b*x + I*d) - I) - (e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)
- e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(5*I
*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) + 12*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 10*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d
))/(b*e^(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d) - b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
+ b)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**3*sec(b*x+d)**2,x)`

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1939 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1939, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.27

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(8*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) - (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) + 2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + ...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 483 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 483, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(4*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 4*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 4*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 4*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) - 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) + 6*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) + 12*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 10*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^2 \sin(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)^3),x)`

output `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^2*sin(d + b*x)^3), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d)^3 \sec(bx+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^2,x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**3*sec(b*x + d)**2,x)`

### 3.78 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 553 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 553 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 554 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 555 |
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| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 557 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 558 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 558 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2(a-id)+2i(d+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{3e^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
1/2*exp(2*a-2*I*d+2*I*(b*x+d))/b+2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2
-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-3*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*
x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a} \left( e^{2ibx} - 6i \arctan \left( \frac{-1+e^{2ibx}}{1+e^{2ibx}} \right) \cos(2d) - 3 \cos(2d) \log(1 + e^{4ibx} + 2e^{2ibx} \cos(2d)) \right) + \frac{4(\cos(2d))}{((1+e^{2ibx}) \cos(2d))}}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Tan[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (E^{(2*a)}*(E^{((2*I)*b*x)} - (6*I)*ArcTan[((-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Tan[d])/(1 + \\ & E^{((2*I)*b*x)})]*Cos[2*d] - 3*Cos[2*d]*Log[1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)} + 2*E^{((2*I)*b \\ & *x)*Cos[2*d]}] + (4*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])^4)/((1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Cos[d] + I* \\ & (-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[d])^2 - (12*(Cos[d] - I*Sin[d])^3)/((1 + E^{((2*I) \\ & *b*x)})*Cos[d] + I*(-1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})*Sin[d]) - 6*ArcTan[((-1 + E^{((2*I)* \\ & b*x)})*Tan[d])/(1 + E^{((2*I)*b*x)})]*Sin[2*d] + (3*I)*Log[1 + E^{((4*I)*b*x)} \\ & + 2*E^{((2*I)*b*x)*Cos[2*d]}]*Sin[2*d]))/(2*b) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(bx+d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4942 \\ & -i \int \left( -e^{2(a+ibx)} + \frac{6e^{2(a+ibx)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{12e^{2(a+ibx)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{8e^{2(a+ibx)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -i \left( -\frac{6ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2ie^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{3ie^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)}}{2b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Tan[d + b*x]^3, x}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-I)*(((I/2)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))})/b + ((2*I)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2) - ((6*I)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - ((3*I)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))}])/b) \end{aligned}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} + \frac{4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a} + 2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{3e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 90   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x)/b+2/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(2*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*a)+exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))-3*exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{6(e^{(4i bx + 2a + 2i d)} + 2e^{(2i bx + 2a)} + e^{(2a - 2i d)}) \log(e^{(2i bx + 2i d)} + 1) - e^{(6i bx + 2a + 4i d)} - 2e^{(4i bx + 2a + 2i d)} + 11}{2(b e^{(4i bx + 4i d)} + 2b e^{(2i bx + 2i d)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(6*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)
)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x
+ 2*a + 2*I*d) + 11*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 8*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x +
4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{-6e^{2a}e^{2id}e^{2ibx} - 4e^{2a}}{be^{6id}e^{4ibx} + 2be^{4id}e^{2ibx} + be^{2id}} + \begin{cases} \frac{e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ ix e^{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{3e^{2a}e^{-2id} \log(e^{2ibx} + e^{-2id})}{b}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
(-6*exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) - 4*exp(2*a))/(b*exp(6*I*d)*exp(4*I*b
*x) + 2*b*exp(4*I*d)*exp(2*I*b*x) + b*exp(2*I*d)) + Piecewise((exp(2*a)*ex
p(2*I*b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (I*x*exp(2*a), True)) - 3*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d
)*log(exp(2*I*b*x) + exp(-2*I*d))/b
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 535 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(6*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*
a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*
cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d
) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(si
n(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) + I*cos(6*b*x + 6*d)*e^(2*a) +
2*I*cos(4*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) - 11*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 3*(-I*cos(
2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin
(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2
*b*x + 4*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2
*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(cos(2*b*x)^
2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b*x)*sin(2
*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - e^(2*a)*sin(6*b*x + 6*d) - 2*e^(2*a)*sin(4*b*x + 4*d)
+ 11*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 8*I*e^(2*a))/(-2*I*b*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 4*
I*b*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - 2*I*b*cos(2*d) + 2*b*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 4*b*sin(2*b
*x + 4*d) + 2*b*sin(2*d))

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{6e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + 12e^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1) + 6e^{(2a-2id)} \log(e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}{2b(e^{(4ibx+4id)} + 2e^{(2ibx+2id)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/2*(6*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 12*e^(2*I
*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 6*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*
x + 2*I*d) + 1) - e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)
+ 11*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 8*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*e^
(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = \int e^{2a+bx2i} \tan(d+bx)^3 dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x)^3,x)`output `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \tan(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x+d)^3,x)`output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*tan(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.79 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 559 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 559 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 560 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 561 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 561 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 562 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 562 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 563 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 564 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 564 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b} - \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{5ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{5ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b-2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+5*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-5*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d + bx) \tan^2(d + bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \left( e^{i(d+bx)} (5 + 9e^{2i(d+bx)} + 2e^{4i(d+bx)}) - 5(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x]^2,x]
```



output

$$\frac{(I * E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)} * (E^{(I*(d + b*x))} * (5 + 9 * E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))} + 2 * E^{((4*I)*(d + b*x)))} - 5 * (1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)))})^2 * \text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}]) / (b * (1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)))})^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{8e^{2a+3ibx+id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8e^{2a+3ibx+id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{2e^{2a+3ibx+id}}{-1-e^{2i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{5ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} + \frac{5ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((2*I)*E^{(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x))})/b - ((2*I)*E^{(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x))})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})^2) + ((5*I)*E^{(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x))})/(b*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x))})) - ((5*I)*E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)} * \text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*(d + b*x))}]) / b$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*(a_) + (b_)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(H_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{i(3e^{5ibx}e^{3id}e^{2a}+e^{3ibx}e^{id}e^{2a})}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} - \frac{5ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{5ie^{2a}e^{ibx}e^{-id}}{b}$ | 101  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(3*exp(5*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*a)+exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*a))-5*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))+5*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)*exp(-I*d)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{5(e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} + 2e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(ibx+id)} + i) - 5(e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} + 2e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)})}{2(be^{(4ibx+4id)} + 2be^{(2ibx+2id)} + e^{(2a-2id)})}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*(5*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))
*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 5*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x +
2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 4*I*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a +
3*I*d) + 18*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 10*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(
4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \tan^2(bx+d) \sec(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 765 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 765, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(10*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)
)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(
2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x
+ 5*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I
*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(
d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*
x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*
x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + c
os(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*si
n(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 8*cos(5*b*x + 4*d)*e^(2*a) + 36*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*
a) + 20*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) - 5*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos
(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d
) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*
e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2
*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log(
(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 - 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2
+ 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos
(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2
)) + 8*I*e^(2*a)*sin(5*b*x + 4*d) + 36*I*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x + 2*d) + 20*I*e
^(2*a)*sin(b*x))/(-4*I*b*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 8*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - 4*...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 378 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{(4i bx + 2a + 2i d)} \log(i e^{(i bx + i d)} + 1) + 2e^{(2i bx + 2a)} \log(i e^{(i bx + i d)} + 1) + e^{(2a - 2i d)} \log(i e^{(i bx + i d)} + 1) + 21 e^{(2a + 2i d)} \log(i e^{(i bx + i d)} + 1)}{-4i b \cos(4bx + 5d) - 8i b \cos(2bx + 3d) - 4i b \cos(d)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/8*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x +
2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) +
1) + 21*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 42*e^(2*I*
b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 21*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x
+ I*d) - 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 2*e^
(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*
b*x + I*d) + 1) - 21*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1)
- 42*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 21*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*l
og(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 16*I*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) + 72*I*e^(3*I*
b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 40*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2
*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i} \tan(d+bx)^2}{\cos(d+bx)} dx$$

input

```
int((exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x)^2)/cos(d + b*x),x)
```

output

```
int((exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x)^2)/cos(d + b*x), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) \tan^2(d+bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)*tan(b*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(e**(2*a)*(- 42*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 84*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 42*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 56*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 112*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 56*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*i + 5*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 8*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 + 6*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 40*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2) - 359*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*i - 56*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 112*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 56*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d) - 47*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 8*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 + 78*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 40*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2) + 317*e**(2*b*i*x)*i + 600*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b - 1200*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b + 600*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*b - 600*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b + 1200*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((...
```

### 3.80 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 566 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 566 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 567 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 568 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 568 |
| Sympy [F]                                 | 569 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 569 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 570 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 571 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 571 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \log(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = -\frac{2e^{2a-2id} \left( 2 + 3e^{2i(d+bx)} + (1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2E^{2a - (2I)d} (2 + 3E^{(2I)(d + b*x)} + (1 + E^{(2I)(d + b*x)}))^2 \text{Log}[1 + E^{(2I)(d + b*x)}])}{(b(1 + E^{(2I)(d + b*x)})^2)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(bx + d) \sec^2(bx + d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{8ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{4ie^{2(a+id)+4ibx}}{(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{2(a-id)+4i(bx+d)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \log(1 + e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{2*(a + I*b*x)}*Sec[d + b*x]^2*Tan[d + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2E^{2*(a - I*d)} + (4*I)*(d + b*x))}{(b*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(d + b*x)})^2)} - (2E^{2*a - (2*I)*d})/(b*(1 + E^{(2*I)*(d + b*x)})) - (2E^{2*a - (2*I)*d})*\text{Log}[1 + E^{(2*I)*(d + b*x)}]/b$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a}+2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{2e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 75   |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(2*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*a)+exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))-2*exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2 \left( (e^{4i bx+2a+2id} + 2e^{(2i bx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)}) \log(e^{(2i bx+2id)} + 1) + 3e^{(2i bx+2a)} + 2e^{(2a-2id)} \right)}{be^{(4i bx+4id)} + 2be^{(2i bx+2id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*((e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 3*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \tan(bx+d) \sec^2(bx+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)**2*tan(b*x+d), x)
```

output

```
exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*tan(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.09

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-(2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*
a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*
cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d
) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(si
n(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 6*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a)
- (I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^
(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*
d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x +
6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log(co
s(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(2*b
*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) + 6*e^(2*a)*sin(2*b*x + 2*d) - 4*I*e^(2*a))/(-I
*b*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*I*b*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - I*b*cos(2*d) + b*sin(4*b*x
+ 6*d) + 2*b*sin(2*b*x + 4*d) + b*sin(2*d))

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \frac{2(e^{4i bx+2a+2i d} \log(e^{2i bx+2i d} + 1) + 2e^{2i bx+2a} \log(e^{2i bx+2i d} + 1) + e^{2a-2i d} \log(e^{2i bx+2i d} + 1))}{b(e^{4i bx+4i d} + 2e^{2i bx+2i d} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-2*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I
*d) + 1) + 3*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 2*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d
) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i} \tan(d+bx)}{\cos(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x))/cos(d + b*x)^2,x)`output `int((exp(2*a + b*x*2i)*tan(d + b*x))/cos(d + b*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^2(d+bx) \tan(d+bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^2*tan(b*x+d),x)`

output

```
(e**(2*a)*(42*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i
- 84*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 42*e*
*(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*i - 392*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan
((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 784*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 392
*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d) + 80*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)
/2)**4 - 128*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3*i + 96*e**(2
*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 + 640*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)
)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)*i + 556*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)**2 - 112*e**(2*b*i
*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 224*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*tan
((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 112*e**(2*b*i*x)*sin(b*x + d)*i - 437*e**(2*b*i*x)*ta
n((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 128*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3*i + 618*e**(2*b*i
*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 640*e**(2*b*i*x)*tan((b*x + d)/2)*i - 913*e**(2*
b*i*x) + 3000*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**
4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*b*i
- 6000*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*t
an((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*b*i + 3000*
int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x
+ d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*sin(b*x + d)**2*b*i - 3000*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x
+ d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 + 3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 - 1),x)*tan((b*
x + d)/2)**4*b*i + 6000*int(e**(2*b*i*x)/(tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 - 3*tan((...
```

### 3.81 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{3ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{3ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+3*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+
I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-3*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)
))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( \frac{2ie^{i(d+bx)}(3+5e^{2i(d+bx)})}{(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - 6i \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(E^{(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((2*I)*E^{(I*(d + b*x))*(3 + 5*E^{(2*I)*(d + b*x)})})/(1 + E^{(2*I)*(d + b*x)})^2 - (6*I)*ArcTan[E^{(I*(d + b*x)})])/(2*b)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {4948, 4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4948$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(d+bx) dx - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(bx+d)}{b} + \frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$\frac{3ie^{2(a+ibx)-3i(bx+d)} (e^{2i(bx+d)} - e^{i(bx+d)} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)}))}{b} - \frac{ie^{2(a+ibx)} \sec(bx+d)}{b} + \frac{e^{2(a+ibx)} \tan(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)}{2b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]^3, x}]$$

output

$$\frac{((3*I)*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x) - (3*I)*(d + b*x))*(E^{((2*I)*(d + b*x)} - E^{(I*(d + b*x)})*ArcTan[E^{(I*(d + b*x)})])})/b - (I*E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]})/b + (E^{(2*(a + I*b*x))*Sec[d + b*x]*Tan[d + b*x])/(2*b)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 4948

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b)*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2)/(e^2*(n - 1)
*(n - 2))), x] + (Simp[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 1)*(Sin[d + e*x]/(
e*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[(e^2*(n - 2)^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)/(e^2*(n - 1)*(n -
2)) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{F, a, b,
c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 + e^2*(n - 2)^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && N
eQ[n, 2]
```

rule 4951

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $-\frac{i(3e^{5ibx}e^{3id}e^{2a}+e^{3ibx}e^{id}e^{2a})}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} + \frac{3ie^{2a}e^{ibx}e^{-id}}{b} - \frac{3ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 101  |

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-I/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(3*exp(5*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*a)+exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*a))+3*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)*exp(-I*d)-3*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{3(e^{4ibx+2a+2id} + 2e^{2ibx+2a} + e^{2a-2id}) \log(e^{ibx+id} + i) - 3(e^{4ibx+2a+2id} + 2e^{2ibx+2a} + e^{2a-2id})}{2(be^{4ibx+4id} + 2be^{2ibx+2id} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)) *log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + I) - 3*(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 10*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 6*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \int e^{2ibx} \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `exp(2*a)*Integral(exp(2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x + d)**3, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 735 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 735, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(6*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)
*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2
*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x
+ 5*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (I*
cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d
) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x
+ 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x
+ 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + co
s(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin
(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 20*cos(3*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2*a) + 12*cos(b*x)*e^(2*a) - 3*(
(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)
*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*
a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x +
5*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d
)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*log((cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 -
2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + si
n(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x +
2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) + 20*I*e^(2*a)*sin(3*b*x +
2*d) + 12*I*e^(2*a)*sin(b*x))/(-4*I*b*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - 8*I*b*cos(2*b*x +
3*d) - 4*I*b*cos(d) + 4*b*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) + 8*b*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + 4*...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) + 6e^{(2ibx+2a)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) + 3e^{(2a-2id)} \log(i e^{(ibx+id)} - 1) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(3*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*
d) - 1) - 3*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 6*e^(2
*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*
b*x + I*d) - 1) + 10*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) + 6*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d)
)/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/cos(d + b*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/cos(d + b*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(e**(2*a)*( - 70*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d)**2
*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6*i + 210*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3*sin
(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 210*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x
+ d)**3*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 70*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x +
d)*sec(b*x + d)**3*sin(b*x + d)**2*i + 70*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b
*x + d)**3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6*i - 210*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x +
d)**3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 210*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)*
*3*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i - 70*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3*i
+ 6*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6*i + 6*e
*(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**5 - 6*e**(2*b*i
x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i - 36*e**(2*b*i*x)*co
s(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**3 - 42*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x +
d)*sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2*i + 102*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*
sin(b*x + d)**2*tan((b*x + d)/2) + 138*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x +
d)**2*i - 52*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**6 +
156*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4 - 156*e**(
2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**2 + 52*e**(2*b*i*x)*c
os(b*x + d)*sin(b*x + d) - 65*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**
6*i - 6*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**5 + 183*e**(2*b*i*x)*c
os(b*x + d)*tan((b*x + d)/2)**4*i + 36*e**(2*b*i*x)*cos(b*x + d)*tan((b...
```

### 3.82 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 580 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 580 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 581 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 582 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 582 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 583 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 583 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 584 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 585 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 585 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d + bx) \sec^3(d + bx) dx = \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( -4 - 6e^{2i(d+bx)} + (1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) - (1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*(-4 - 6*E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) + (1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))
^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))]) - (1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2*Log[1 + E^((
2*I)*(d + b*x))]))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{4ie^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{4ie^{2a+6ibx+4id}}{-1+e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - (6*E^(2*a - (2*I)*
d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - (2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^((2*I)*
(d + b*x))])/b
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

| method | result  | size |
|--------|---|------|
| risch  | $\frac{4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a}+2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ | 100  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2*(2*exp(4*I*b*x)*exp(2*I*d)*exp(2*a)+exp(2*a)*exp(2*I*b*x))-exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*ln(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{(e^{(4i bx+2 a+2i d)} + 2e^{(2i bx+2 a)} + e^{(2 a-2i d)}) \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - (e^{(4i bx+2 a+2i d)} + 2e^{(2i bx+2 a)} + e^{(2 a-2i d)})}{be^{(4i bx+4i d)} + 2be^{(2i bx+2i d)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-((e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(
e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - (e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a
) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) +
4*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 2*b*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + b)

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1185 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1185, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.02

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

-(2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*
a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*
cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d
) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(si
n(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2
*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d)
+ 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (-I*cos(2*d
)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) -
e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) -
cos(d)) - 2*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) -
I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*si
n(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*
b*x + 6*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*
arctan2(sin(b*x) - sin(d), cos(b*x) + cos(d)) - 12*I*cos(2*b*x + 2*d)*e^(2
*a) - (I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) +
e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin
(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*
x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*log
(cos(2*b*x)^2 + 2*cos(2*b*x)*cos(2*d) + cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*b*x)^2 - 2*sin(
2*b*x)*sin(2*d) + sin(2*d)^2) - (-I*cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + 2e^{(2i bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) + e^{(2a-2i d)} \log(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1) - b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}{b(e^{(2i bx+2i d)} + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-(e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x +
2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
) + 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 2*e^(2*I
*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + 4*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(4*I*b*x +
4*I*d) + 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d) \sec(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)
```

### 3.83 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 586 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 587 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 587 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 588 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 589 |
| Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .                             | 590 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 590 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 591 |
| Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .                             | 592 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 592 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{8ie^{2(a-id)+3i(d+bx)}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{3ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} - \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+8*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+3*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+3*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))-I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-4*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \left( \frac{2e^{i(d+bx)}}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \frac{2e^{i(d+bx)}}{(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{5e^{i(d+bx)}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) - 2 \log(1 - e^{i(d+bx)}) + 2 \log(1 + e^{i(d+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((-I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((2*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) + (2*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 - (5*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) + ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))] - 2*Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))] + 2*Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{4e^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8e^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8e^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{12e^{2a+7ibx+5id}}{-1+e^{4i(bx+d)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{5ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} + \\
 & \frac{6ie^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}{b} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{5ie^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{4ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \\
 & \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^2*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((5*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/b + ((6*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/b + ((2*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((2*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))))^2 - ((5*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((4*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - (I*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b - ((4*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

| method | result  |
|--------|---|
| risch  | $  \frac{-i(5e^{7ibx}e^{5id}e^{2a} + 2e^{5ibx}e^{3id}e^{2a} + e^{3ibx}e^{id}e^{2a})}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} - \frac{4ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{ie^{2a}e^{-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{5ie^{2a}e^{ibx}}{b}  $ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-I/(-1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/(1+\exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(5*\exp(7*I*b*x)*\exp(5*I*d)*\exp(2*a)+2*\exp(5*I*b*x)*\exp(3*I*d)*\exp(2*a)+\exp(3*I*b*x)*\exp(I*d)*\exp(2*a))-4*I*\exp(2*a)/b*\exp(-2*I*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))-I*\exp(2*a)/b*\exp(-2*I*d)*\operatorname{arctan}(\exp(I*(b*x+d)))+5*I/b*\exp(2*a)*\exp(I*b*x)*\exp(-I*d)$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 332 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{4 \left( i e^{(6i bx+2a+4i d)} + i e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - i e^{(2i bx+2a)} - i e^{(2a-2i d)} \right) \log \left( e^{(i bx+i d)} + 1 \right) - \left( e^{(6i bx+2a+4i d)} + e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - e^{(2i bx+2a)} - e^{(2a-2i d)} \right)}{b \left( e^{(6i bx+2a+4i d)} + e^{(4i bx+2a+2i d)} - e^{(2i bx+2a)} - e^{(2a-2i d)} \right)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/2*(4*(I*e^{(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)} + I*e^{(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)} - I*e^{(2*I*b*x + 2*a)} - I*e^{(2*a - 2*I*d)})*\log(e^{(I*b*x + I*d)} + 1) - (e^{(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)} + e^{(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)} - e^{(2*I*b*x + 2*a)} - e^{(2*a - 2*I*d)})*\log(e^{(I*b*x + I*d)} + I) + (e^{(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)} + e^{(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)} - e^{(2*I*b*x + 2*a)} - e^{(2*a - 2*I*d)})*\log(e^{(I*b*x + I*d)} - I) + 4*(-I*e^{(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)} - I*e^{(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)} + I*e^{(2*I*b*x + 2*a)} + I*e^{(2*a - 2*I*d)})*\log(e^{(I*b*x + I*d)} - 1) - 6*I*e^{(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d)} + 12*I*e^{(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d)} + 10*I*e^{(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d)})/(b*e^{(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d)} + b*e^{(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d)} - b*e^{(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)} - b)}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**2*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1938 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1938, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.36

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(2*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2)) - 8*((-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(6*b*x + 7*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) + (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(sin(b*x) + sin(d), cos(b*x) - cos(d)) - 8*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d)...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 481 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```



output

```
1/2*(-4*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 4*I*e^(4*I*
b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^
(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 4*I*e^
(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 4*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a +
2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 4*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d
) - 1) - 4*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a +
4*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*
b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(2*a -
2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*
b*x + I*d) - 1) - e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) +
e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(
I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 6*I*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) - 12*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a
+ I*d) - 10*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d)/(b*(e^(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d) + e^(4*I*b*x
+ 4*I*d) - e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^2(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d)^2 \sec(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^2*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**2*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)
```

### 3.84 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 593 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 593 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)                       | 594 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 595 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 595 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 596 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 596 |
| Giac [A] (verification not implemented)   | 597 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 597 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 597 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{8e^{2(a-id)+8i(d+bx)}}{b(1 - e^{4i(d+bx)})^2}$$

output `8*exp(2*a-2*I*d+8*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{8e^{2a-2id}(-1 + 2e^{4i(d+bx)})}{b(-1 + e^{4i(d+bx)})^2}$$

input `Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(8*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*(-1 + 2*E^((4*I)*(d + b*x))))/(b*(-1 + E^((4*I)*(d + b*x))))^2)`

**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( \frac{21ie^{2a+8ibx+6id}}{2(1+e^{ibx+id})} + \frac{12ie^{2a+8ibx+6id}}{1+e^{2ibx+2id}} + \frac{9ie^{2a+8ibx+6id}}{2(1+e^{ibx+id})^2} + \frac{12ie^{2a+8ibx+6id}}{(1+e^{2ibx+2id})^2} + \frac{ie^{2a+8ibx+6id}}{(1+e^{ibx+id})^3} + \frac{8ie^{2a+8ibx+6id}}{(1+e^{2ibx+2id})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5e^{2a-2id}}{2b(1-e^{ibx+id})} - \frac{5e^{2a-2id}}{2b(1+e^{ibx+id})} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2ibx+2id})} + \frac{e^{2a-2id}}{2b(1-e^{ibx+id})^2} + \\ & \frac{e^{2a-2id}}{2b(1+e^{ibx+id})^2} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2ibx+2id})^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^3*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)/(2*b*(1 - E^(I*d + I*b*x))) - (5*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(2
*b*(1 - E^(I*d + I*b*x))) + E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)/(2*b*(1 + E^(I*d + I*b*x))^2
) - (5*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(2*b*(1 + E^(I*d + I*b*x))) + (2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*
d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*d + (2*I)*b*x))^2) - (6*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 + E^
((2*I)*d + (2*I)*b*x)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

| method        | result  | size |
|---------------|---|------|
| risch         | $\frac{8e^{8ibx+6id+2a}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b}$   | 46   |
| parallelrisch | $\frac{e^{2ibx+2a} \left( -\left( \sec\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^2 - 8 \right) \csc\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right)^2 + 4i \sec\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right) \csc\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right) - 8 \left( i + \cot\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right) \right) \cot\left(\frac{bx+d}{2}\right) \right)}{4b(1+\cos(2bx+2d))}$ | 100  |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `8/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*exp(2*a+8*I*b*x+6*I*d)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{8(2e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - e^{(2a-2id)})}{be^{(8ibx+8id)} - 2be^{(4ibx+4id)} + b}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{8*(2*e^{(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)} - e^{(2*a - 2*I*d)})/(b*e^{(8*I*b*x + 8*I*d)} - 2*b*e^{(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d)} + b)}$$

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**3*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{8(2i \cos(4bx+4d)e^{(2a)} - 2e^{(2a)} \sin(4bx+4d) - ie^{(2a)})}{-ib \cos(8bx+10d) + 2ib \cos(4bx+6d) - ib \cos(2d) + b \sin(8bx+10d) - 2b \sin(4bx+6d) + b \sin(2d)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-8*(2*I*\cos(4*b*x + 4*d))*e^{(2*a)} - 2*e^{(2*a)}*\sin(4*b*x + 4*d) - I*e^{(2*a)}}{(-I*b*\cos(8*b*x + 10*d) + 2*I*b*\cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - I*b*\cos(2*d) + b*\sin(8*b*x + 10*d) - 2*b*\sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + b*\sin(2*d))}$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \frac{8(2e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - e^{(2a-2id)})}{b(e^{(8ibx+8id)} - 2e^{(4ibx+4id)} + 1)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `8*(2*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d))/(b*(e^(8*I*b*x + 8*I*d) - 2*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + 1))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^3),x)`output `int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^3), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned} & \int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^3(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx \\ &= \frac{e^{2bx+2a}(2 \cos(bx+d) \sin(bx+d) i - 2 \sin(bx+d)^2 + 1)}{2 \sin(bx+d)^2 b (\sin(bx+d)^2 - 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^3*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(e^{2a + 2bi x})(2\cos(bx + d)\sin(bx + d)i - 2\sin(bx + d)^2 + 1)}{(2\sin(bx + d))^2 b (\sin(bx + d)^2 - 1)}$$

### 3.85 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 599 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 600 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)                       | 600 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 602 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 602 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 603 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 603 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 604 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 605 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 606 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 247

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{32ie^{2(a-id)+5i(d+bx)}}{3b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^3(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}(5+7e^{2i(d+bx)})}{3b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{ie^{2(a-id)+i(d+bx)}(5+21e^{2i(d+bx)})}{3b(1-e^{4i(d+bx)})} + \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b} - \frac{6ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-32/3*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+5*I*(b*x+d))/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^3/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2+4/3*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))*(5+7*exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))^2-1/3*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d+I*(b*x+d))*(5+21*exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b/(1-exp(4*I*(b*x+d)))+I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b-6*I*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))/b
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \left( \frac{8e^{i(d+bx)}}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^3} + \frac{20e^{i(d+bx)}}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{6e^{i(d+bx)}}{-1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} - \frac{6e^{i(d+bx)}}{(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} + \frac{15e^{i(d+bx)}}{1+e^{2i(d+bx)}} + 3 \arctan(e^{i(d+bx)}) + 9 \right)}{3b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^4*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((I/3)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((8*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^3 + (20*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 + (6*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) - (6*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2 + (15*E^(I*(d + b*x)))/(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))) + 3*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))] + 9*Log[1 - E^(I*(d + b*x))] - 9*Log[1 + E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```

**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs.  $2(247) = 494$ .

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{24e^{2a+9ibx+7id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{16e^{2a+9ibx+7id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{24e^{2a+9ibx+7id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{8e^{2a+9ibx+7id}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} + \frac{16e^{2a+9ibx+7id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^4} - \frac{40e^{2a+9ibx+7id}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{ie^{2a-2id} \arctan(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{6ie^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{5ie^{2(a-id)+i(bx+d)}}{b} + \\ & \frac{14ie^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}{b} - \frac{20ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{b} - \frac{35ie^{2(a-id)+3i(bx+d)}}{3b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{21ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \\ & \frac{12ie^{2(a-id)+7i(bx+d)}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{7ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{8ie^{2(a-id)+7i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} + \frac{14ie^{2(a-id)+5i(bx+d)}}{3b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \\ & \frac{6ie^{2(a-id)+7i(bx+d)}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{2ie^{2(a-id)+7i(bx+d)}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2(a-id)+7i(bx+d)}}{3b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^4*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((5*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + I*(d + b*x)))/b + ((14*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/b - ((20*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/b - (((8*I)/3)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (7*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^3) + (((14*I)/3)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - (((6*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (7*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - (((35*I)/3)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (3*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + ((21*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - ((12*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (7*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + ((2*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (7*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) + ((7*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (5*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + ((8*I)*E^(2*(a - I*d) + (7*I)*(d + b*x)))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (I*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTan[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b - ((6*I)*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^(I*(d + b*x))])/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 4974

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 26.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

| method | result   |
|--------|--|
| risch  | $-\frac{i(15e^{11ibx}e^{9id}e^{2a}-36e^{9ibx}e^{7id}e^{2a}-14e^{7ibx}e^{5id}e^{2a}-4e^{5ibx}e^{3id}e^{2a}+7e^{3ibx}e^{id}e^{2a})}{3(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2b} - \frac{6ie^{2a}e^{-2id}\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i(bx+d)})}{b} + \frac{ie^{2a}e^{i(bx+d)}}{b}$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^4*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*I/(-1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^3/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2/b*(15*exp(11*I*b*x)*exp(9*I*d)*exp(2*a)-36*exp(9*I*b*x)*exp(7*I*d)*exp(2*a)-14*exp(7*I*b*x)*exp(5*I*d)*exp(2*a)-4*exp(5*I*b*x)*exp(3*I*d)*exp(2*a)+7*exp(3*I*b*x)*exp(I*d)*exp(2*a))-6*I*exp(2*a)/b*exp(-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(I*(b*x+d)))+I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(-2*I*d)*arctan(exp(I*(b*x+d)))+5*I/b*exp(2*a)*exp(I*b*x)*exp(-I*d)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^4*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/6*(18*(I*e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d) - I*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) - 2*I
*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) + 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + I*e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a) - I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 3*(e^(10*I*b*x + 2*
a + 8*I*d) - e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) - 2*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) + 2*e
^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b
*x + I*d) + I) - 3*(e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d) - e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d)
- 2*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d) + 2*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + e^(2*I*b*x
+ 2*a) - e^(2*a - 2*I*d))*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - I) + 18*(-I*e^(10*I*b*x +
2*a + 8*I*d) + I*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) + 2*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)
- 2*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) - I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) + I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)
)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 42*I*e^(9*I*b*x + 2*a + 7*I*d) + 32*I*e^(7*I*
b*x + 2*a + 5*I*d) - 68*I*e^(5*I*b*x + 2*a + 3*I*d) - 16*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*
a + I*d) + 30*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I*d))/(b*e^(10*I*b*x + 10*I*d) - b*e^(8*I
*b*x + 8*I*d) - 2*b*e^(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d) + 2*b*e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) + b*e^(2
*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - b)

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**4*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2798 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2798, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.33

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^4*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(6*((cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(10*b*x + 11*d) - (cos(2*d)
)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(8*b*x + 9*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I
*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(
2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x
+ 3*d) - (cos(d)*e^(2*a) + I*e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2
*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(10*b*x + 11*d) - (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)
*sin(2*d))*sin(8*b*x + 9*d) - 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*si
n(6*b*x + 7*d) - 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 5*
d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 3*d) - (-I*cos(d)
)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*sin(2*d))*arctan2(2*(cos(b*x + 2*d)*cos(d) + s
in(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d))/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*
d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) + sin(d)^2), (cos(b*x + 2*
d)^2 - cos(d)^2 + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - sin(d)^2)/(cos(b*x + 2*d)^2 + cos(d)^
2 + 2*cos(d)*sin(b*x + 2*d) + sin(b*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(b*x + 2*d)*sin(d) +
sin(d)^2)) - 36*((I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(10*b*x + 11*
d) + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(8*b*x + 9*d) + 2*(-I*cos
(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 7*d) + 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a)
+ e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 5*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(
2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 3*d) + (-I*cos(d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(d))*cos(2*d) - (
cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(10*b*x + 11*d) + (cos(2*d)*e...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 751 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 751, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^4*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/6*(-18*I*e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 18*I*e^(8
*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 36*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4
*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 36*I*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b
*x + I*d) + 1) - 18*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 18*I*e^
(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 18*I*e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d)*l
og(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 18*I*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*
d) - 1) - 36*I*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 36*I*e
^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) + 18*I*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)
*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1) - 18*I*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(I*b*x + I*d) - 1)
+ 3*e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(8*I*b*x +
2*a + 6*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 6*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log
(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 6*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d
) + 1) + 3*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d
)*log(I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*
x + I*d) + 1) + 3*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) +
6*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 6*e^(4*I*b*x + 2
*a + 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(-I*e^(I*
b*x + I*d) + 1) + 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(-I*e^(I*b*x + I*d) + 1) + 42*I*e^
(9*I*b*x + 2*a + 7*I*d) - 32*I*e^(7*I*b*x + 2*a + 5*I*d) + 68*I*e^(5*I*b*x
+ 2*a + 3*I*d) + 16*I*e^(3*I*b*x + 2*a + I*d) - 30*I*e^(I*b*x + 2*a - I...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^4),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^4), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^4(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d)^4 \sec(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^4*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)`

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**4*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.86 $\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 607 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 608 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 608 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 609 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 610 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 611 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 611 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 612 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                             | 613 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 613 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = -\frac{4e^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^4} + \frac{40e^{2a-2id}}{3b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^3} - \frac{12e^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{4e^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})} + \frac{2e^{2a-2id} \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(d+bx)})}{b}$$

output

```
-4*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^4+40/3*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^3-12*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-4*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1-exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))^2-6*exp(2*a-2*I*d)/b/(1+exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))+2*exp(2*a-2*I*d)*arctanh(exp(2*I*(b*x+d)))/b
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2a-2id} \left( \frac{-32+58e^{2i(d+bx)}+44e^{4i(d+bx)}-124e^{6i(d+bx)}+12e^{8i(d+bx)}-6e^{10i(d+bx)}}{(-1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^4(1+e^{2i(d+bx)})^2} - 3 \log(1 - e^{2i(d+bx)}) + 3 \log(1 + e^{2i(d+bx)}) \right)}{3b}$$

input

```
Integrate[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^5*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*((-32 + 58*E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)) + 44*E^((4*I)*(d + b*x)) - 124*E^((6*I)*(d + b*x)) + 12*E^((8*I)*(d + b*x)) - 6*E^((10*I)*(d + b*x))))/((-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^4*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - 3*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))] + 3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/(3*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(bx+d) \sec^3(bx+d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{40ie^{2(a+4id)+10ibx}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} - \frac{20ie^{2(a+4id)+10ibx}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{48ie^{2(a+4id)+10ibx}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{8ie^{2(a+4id)+10ibx}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{48ie^{2(a+4id)+10ibx}}{(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^4} + \frac{32ie^{2(a+4id)+10ibx}}{(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{30e^{2a-2id}\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} - \frac{4e^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{6e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})} - \frac{12e^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \\
 & \frac{2e^{2a-2id}}{b(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{40e^{2a-2id}}{3b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^3} - \frac{4e^{2a-2id}}{b(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})^4} - \frac{16e^{2a-2id}\log(1-e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b} + \\
 & \frac{16e^{2a-2id}\log(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^(2*(a + I*b*x))*Csc[d + b*x]^5*Sec[d + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-4*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^4) + (40*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(3*b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^3) - (12*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - (4*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) + (2*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))^2) - (6*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d))/(b*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x)))) - (30*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*ArcTanh[E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b - (16*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b + (16*E^(2*a - (2*I)*d)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(d + b*x))])/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 47.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

| method | result  |
|--------|---|
| risch  | $\frac{32e^{2a}e^{12ibx}e^{10id} - 70e^{10ibx}e^{8id}e^{2a} - 20e^{2a}e^{8ibx}e^{6id} + 4e^{6ibx}e^{4id}e^{2a} + 4e^{4ibx}e^{2id}e^{2a} - 2e^{2a}e^{2ibx}}{b(-1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^4(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})^2} + \frac{e^{2a}e^{-2id}\ln(1+e^{2i(bx+d)})}{b}$ |

input `int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^5*sec(b*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{3} \frac{b}{b} \frac{(-1 + \exp(2I(bx+d)))^4}{(1 + \exp(2I(bx+d)))^2} (16 \exp(2a) \exp(12Ibx) \exp(10Id) - 35 \exp(10Ibx) \exp(8Id) \exp(2a) - 10 \exp(2a) \exp(8Ibx) \exp(6Id) + 2 \exp(6Ibx) \exp(4Id) \exp(2a) + 6 \exp(4Ibx) \exp(2Id) \exp(2a) - 3 \exp(2a) \exp(2Ibx)) + \frac{\exp(2a)}{b \exp(-2Id)} \ln(1 + \exp(2I(bx+d))) - \frac{\exp(2a)}{b \exp(-2Id)} \ln(-1 + \exp(2I(bx+d)))$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( e^{(12ibx+2a+10id)} - 2e^{(10ibx+2a+8id)} - e^{(8ibx+2a+6id)} + 4e^{(6ibx+2a+4id)} - e^{(4ibx+2a+2id)} - 2e^{(2ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2id)} \right) \log(e^{(2Ibx+2Id)} + 1) - 3 \left( e^{(12Ibx+2a+10Id)} - 2e^{(10Ibx+2a+8Id)} - e^{(8Ibx+2a+6Id)} + 4e^{(6Ibx+2a+4Id)} - e^{(4Ibx+2a+2Id)} - 2e^{(2Ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2Id)} \right) \log(e^{(2Ibx+2Id)} - 1) - 6e^{(10Ibx+2a+8Id)} + 12e^{(8Ibx+2a+6Id)} - 124e^{(6Ibx+2a+4Id)} + 44e^{(4Ibx+2a+2Id)} + 58e^{(2Ibx+2a)} - 32e^{(2a-2Id)}}{(b e^{(12Ibx+12Id)} - 2b e^{(10Ibx+10Id)} - b e^{(8Ibx+8Id)} + 4b e^{(6Ibx+6Id)} - b e^{(4Ibx+4Id)} - 2b e^{(2Ibx+2Id)} + b)}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^5*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{3 \left( e^{(12Ibx+2a+10Id)} - 2e^{(10Ibx+2a+8Id)} - e^{(8Ibx+2a+6Id)} + 4e^{(6Ibx+2a+4Id)} - e^{(4Ibx+2a+2Id)} - 2e^{(2Ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2Id)} \right) \log(e^{(2Ibx+2Id)} + 1) - 3 \left( e^{(12Ibx+2a+10Id)} - 2e^{(10Ibx+2a+8Id)} - e^{(8Ibx+2a+6Id)} + 4e^{(6Ibx+2a+4Id)} - e^{(4Ibx+2a+2Id)} - 2e^{(2Ibx+2a)} + e^{(2a-2Id)} \right) \log(e^{(2Ibx+2Id)} - 1) - 6e^{(10Ibx+2a+8Id)} + 12e^{(8Ibx+2a+6Id)} - 124e^{(6Ibx+2a+4Id)} + 44e^{(4Ibx+2a+2Id)} + 58e^{(2Ibx+2a)} - 32e^{(2a-2Id)}}{(b e^{(12Ibx+12Id)} - 2b e^{(10Ibx+10Id)} - b e^{(8Ibx+8Id)} + 4b e^{(6Ibx+6Id)} - b e^{(4Ibx+4Id)} - 2b e^{(2Ibx+2Id)} + b)}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)**5*sec(b*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2888 vs.  $2(180) = 360$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2888, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.84

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^5*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(6*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)
)*sin(2*d))*cos(12*b*x + 14*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))
*cos(10*b*x + 12*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(8*b*x +
10*d) + 4*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(6*b*x + 8*d) - (cos(
2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a)
- I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) + (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin
(2*d))*sin(12*b*x + 14*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin
(10*b*x + 12*d) + (-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(8*b*x + 10*
d) + 4*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(6*b*x + 8*d) + (-I*cos(
2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(4*b*x + 6*d) + 2*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a)
- e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(2*b*x + 4*d))*arctan2(sin(2*b*x) - sin(2*d), cos(
2*b*x) + cos(2*d)) - 6*(cos(2*d)^2*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*d)^2 + (cos(2*d)
)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(12*b*x + 14*d) - 2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) -
I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(10*b*x + 12*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*si
n(2*d))*cos(8*b*x + 10*d) + 4*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(
6*b*x + 8*d) - (cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(4*b*x + 6*d) -
2*(cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - I*e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*cos(2*b*x + 4*d) - (-I*cos(2*d)*
e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(12*b*x + 14*d) - 2*(I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e
^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(10*b*x + 12*d) - (I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a)*sin(2*
d))*sin(8*b*x + 10*d) - 4*(-I*cos(2*d)*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a)*sin(2*d))*sin(...
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 501 vs.  $2(180) = 360$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^5*sec(b*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/3*(3*e^(12*I*b*x + 2*a + 10*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - 6*e^(10*
I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6
*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 12*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(2
*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
+ 1) - 6*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) + 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*
d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) + 1) - 3*e^(12*I*b*x + 2*a + 10*I*d)*log(e^(2*I
*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(10*I*b*x + 2*a + 8*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d)
- 1) + 3*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 12*e^(6*
I*b*x + 2*a + 4*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 3*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2
*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) + 6*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a)*log(e^(2*I*b*x +
2*I*d) - 1) - 3*e^(2*a - 2*I*d)*log(e^(2*I*b*x + 2*I*d) - 1) - 6*e^(10*I*b
*x + 2*a + 8*I*d) + 12*e^(8*I*b*x + 2*a + 6*I*d) - 124*e^(6*I*b*x + 2*a +
4*I*d) + 44*e^(4*I*b*x + 2*a + 2*I*d) + 58*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*a) - 32*e^(2*a -
2*I*d))/(b*(e^(12*I*b*x + 12*I*d) - 2*e^(10*I*b*x + 10*I*d) - e^(8*I*b*x
+ 8*I*d) + 4*e^(6*I*b*x + 6*I*d) - e^(4*I*b*x + 4*I*d) - 2*e^(2*I*b*x + 2*
I*d) + 1))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = \int \frac{e^{2a+bx2i}}{\cos(d+bx)^3 \sin(d+bx)^5} dx$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^5),x)
```

output

```
int(exp(2*a + b*x*2i)/(cos(d + b*x)^3*sin(d + b*x)^5), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int e^{2(a+ibx)} \csc^5(d+bx) \sec^3(d+bx) dx = e^{2a} \left( \int e^{2bix} \csc(bx+d)^5 \sec(bx+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input

```
int(exp(2*a+2*I*b*x)*csc(b*x+d)^5*sec(b*x+d)^3,x)
```

output `e**(2*a)*int(e**(2*b*i*x)*csc(b*x + d)**5*sec(b*x + d)**3,x)`

### 3.87 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \sin^3(d + ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 615 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 615 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 616 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 617 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 618 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 618 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 619 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 620 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 621 |
| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 622 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \sin^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(2e \cos(2d + 2ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(2d + 2ex))}{4(4e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(4e \cos(4d + 4ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(4d + 4ex))}{8(16e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
-1/4*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d))/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)+F^(c*(b*x+a))*(4*e*cos(4*e*x+4*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(4*e*x+4*d))/(128*e^2+8*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \sin^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{2(-2e \cos(2(d + ex)) + bc \log(F) \sin(2(d + ex)))}{4e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} + \frac{4e \cos(4(d + ex)) - bc \log(F) \sin(4(d + ex))}{16e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} \right)$$



input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Sin[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(F^{c(a+bx)})*((2*(-2e\cos[2(d+ex)] + b*c*\log[F]*\sin[2(d+ex)])))/(4e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2) + (4e\cos[4(d+ex)] - b*c*\log[F]*\sin[4(d+ex)]))/(16e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2))/8}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^3(d+ex) \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4972

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{8} \sin(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)} - \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 16e^2)} - \frac{e \cos(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)} + \frac{e \cos(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 16e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Sin[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output 
$$-1/2*(e*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*\cos[2*d + 2*e*x])/(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2) + (e*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*\cos[4*d + 4*e*x])/(2*(16*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*\log[F]*\sin[2*d + 2*e*x])/(4*(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)) - (b*c*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*\log[F]*\sin[4*d + 4*e*x])/(8*(16*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $4 \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{\ln(F)^3 b^3 c^3}{4} - \ln(F)bc e^2 \right) \sin(4ex+4d) + \left( b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 e + 4e^3 \right) \cos(4ex+4d) + \frac{(16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)(bc \ln(F) \sin(2ex+2d) - 2e^2 \cos(2ex+2d))}{2}}{8b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 160b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 512e^4} \right)$  |
| risch         | $\frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(4ex+4d)}{2b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 32e^2} - \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(4ex+4d)}{8(16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} - \frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(2ex+2d)}{2(4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(2ex+2d)}{4b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 16e^2}$   |
| default       | $Fac \left( \frac{\frac{4e e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{4e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)^2}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{4bc \ln(F) e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1 + \tan(ex+d)^2} + \frac{-\frac{4e e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{24e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{8} \right)$   |
| norman        | $-\frac{6e^3 e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{6e^3 e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^8}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{12e(b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 2e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{12e^2}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4}$ |
| oring         | $\frac{4 \ln(F)bc(b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 10e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d)^3}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{2(3b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 10e^2)(F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d)^3)}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4}$   |

```
input int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 4*((-1/4*ln(F)^3*b^3*c^3-ln(F)*b*c*e^2)*sin(4*e*x+4*d)+(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*e+4*e^3)*cos(4*e*x+4*d)+1/2*(16*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*(b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d)-2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(8*b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4+160*b^2*c^2*e^2*ln(F)^2+512*e^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(16e^3 \cos(ex+d)^4 - 32e^3 \cos(ex+d)^2 + 10e^3 + (4b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^4 - 5b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^2 + b^2c^2e)}{b^4c^4}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(16*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 32*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^2 + 10*e^3 + (4*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 5*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^2 + b^2*c^2*e)*log(F)^2 - ((b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^3 - b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d))*log(F)^3 + 2*(2*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^3 - 5*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d))*log(F))*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 20*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*e^4)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2057, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*sin(d)**3*cos(d), Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*sin(d)**3
*cos(d), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*sin(d)**3*cos(d), Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)),
(-I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*
*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/4 - F**(a*c + b*c*
x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**3/4 + I**F**(a*c
+ b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/8 + 7*I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c
*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/(24*b*c*log(F)) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/
2 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/(3*b*c*log(F)) - I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*si
n(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2/(2*b*c*log(F)) - I
**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/(8*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*
c*log(F)/2)), (-I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/16 - F**
(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)/4 +
3*I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4
- d)**2/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)
)/4 - d)**3/4 - I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/16 - I**
F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/(6*b*c*log(F)) - 11*F**(a*c +
b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)/(12*b*c*log
(F)) - 5*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 -
d)**3/(12*b*c*log(F)) + I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/(
6*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/4)), (I**F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c...
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 823 vs.  $2(115) = 230$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.80

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-1/16*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) - 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*l
og(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) - 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(
b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2
*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*
cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 8*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d
) + 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(
4*d) + 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 6*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^
3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) - 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*
c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) - 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x
- 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 + 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2
*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F
^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 - 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c
^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) - 16*F^(a*c)*e^
3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 8*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F
)^3 - 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*
log(F) - 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 6*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*
b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 + 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 16*F^(
a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) + 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*
x - 2*d))/(b^4*c^4*cos(4*d)^2*log(F)^4 + b^4*c^4*log(F)^4*sin(4*d)^2 + 64*
(cos(4*d)^2 + sin(4*d)^2)*e^4 + 20*(b^2*c^2*cos(4*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c...

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1281, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.59

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/8*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*
c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 4*e*x + 4*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sg
n(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*
sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 4*e*x + 4*d)/(4*b
^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs
(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*l
og(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c
+ 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*p
i*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c +
4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*
sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c -
2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2)
- (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x +
1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (
pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F)))
+ 1/8*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a
*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 4*e*x - 4*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*s
gn(F) - pi*b*c - 8*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 8*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x
*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 4*e*x - 4*d)/...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(2ex) + \sin(2ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8 (bc \ln(F) + e2i)} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(2ex) - \sin(2ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) \operatorname{li})}{8 (2e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(4ex) + \sin(4ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{16 (bc \ln(F) + e4i)} \\
&\quad + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(4ex) - \sin(4ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) \operatorname{li})}{16 (4e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(4*e*x) + sin(4*e*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i)*1i)
/(16*(e*4i + b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(2*e*x) - sin(2*e*x)*1i)*
(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i))/(8*(2*e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(co
s(2*e*x) + sin(2*e*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i)*1i)/(8*(e*2i + b*c*log(
F))) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(4*e*x) - sin(4*e*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d)*
1i))/(16*(4*e + b*c*log(F)*1i))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d) \sin^3(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)**3,x)
```

### 3.88 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \sin^2(d + ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 623 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 623 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 624 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 625 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 626 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 626 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 627 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 628 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 629 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 630 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \sin^2(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(d + ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d + ex))}{4(e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

$$- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(3d + 3ex) \log(F) + 3e \sin(3d + 3ex))}{4(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+e*sin(e*x+d))/(4*e^2+4*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*cos(3*e*x+3*d)*ln(F)+3*e*sin(3*e*x+3*d))/(36*e^2+4*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \sin^2(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{bc \cos(d + ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d + ex)}{e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} - \frac{bc \cos(3(d + ex)) \log(F) + 3e \sin(3(d + ex))}{9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} \right)$$



input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Sin[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output  $(F^{c(a+bx)}((b^2c^2 \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))/(e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F)^2) - (b^2c^2 \cos(3d+3ex) \log(F) + 3e \sin(3d+3ex))/(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F)^2)))/4$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(d+ex) \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{4} \cos(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} - \frac{3e \sin(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)} + \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} - \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Sin[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output  $(b^2c^2 F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \log(F))/(4(e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F)^2)) - (b^2c^2 F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(3d+3ex) \log(F))/(4(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F)^2)) + (e F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex))/(4(e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F)^2)) - (3e F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(3d+3ex))/(4(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F)^2))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{(bc \ln(F)(e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2) \cos(3ex+3d) + (3b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 e + 3e^3) \sin(3ex+3d) - (9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)(bc \cos(ex+d) \ln(F) + 3e^2 \sin(ex+d)))}{4b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 36e^4}$   |
| risch         | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)}bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)}{4e^2+4b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex+d)}{4e^2+4b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{F^{c(bx+a)}bc \ln(F) \cos(3ex+3d)}{4(9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)} - \frac{3e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(3ex+3d)}{4(9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)}$   |
| norman        | $\frac{8e(2b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 3e^2)e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} + \frac{2e^2bc \ln(F)e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{4b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4}$  |
| orering       | $\frac{4 \ln(F)bc(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 5e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d)^2}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{2(3b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 5e^2)(F^{c(bx+a)}bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d))}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4}$  |
| default       | $F^{ac} \left( \frac{8e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{4bc \ln(F)e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{4bc \ln(F)e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{48e(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 - e^2)e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} \right) \frac{1}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}$ |

```
input int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(b*c*ln(F)*(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*cos(3*e*x+3*d)+(3*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*e+3*e^3)*sin(3*e*x+3*d)-(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+e*sin(e*x+d)))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(4*b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4+40*b^2*c^2*e^2*ln(F)^2+36*e^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{((b^3 c^3 \cos(ex+d))^3 - b^3 c^3 \cos(ex+d)) \log(F)^3 + (bce^2 \cos(ex+d))^3 - 3bce^2 \cos(ex+d) \log(F) + b^4 c^4 \log(F)^4 + 10 b^2 c^2 e^2 \log(F)^2 + 9e^4}{b^4 c^4 \log(F)^4 + 10 b^2 c^2 e^2 \log(F)^2 + 9e^4}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^3 - b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d))*log(F)^3 + (b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^3 - 3*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d))*log(F) + (3*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^2 - 3*e^3 + (3*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^2 - b^2*c^2*e)*log(F)^2)*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 10*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 9*e^4)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1578, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.35

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*sin(d)**2*cos(d), Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*sin(d)**2
*cos(d), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*sin(d)**2*cos(d), Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)),
(I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*si
n(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/8 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*
sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**2/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*
cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/8 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*
*3/(8*b*c*log(F)) + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*cos(I*b*c*x
*log(F) - d)**2/(4*b*c*log(F)) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*
*3/(8*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F))), (I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*
x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/8 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2*c
os(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)/8 - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 -
d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)
/3 - d)**3/8 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/(8*b*c*log(
F)) + 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3
- d)**2/(4*b*c*log(F)) + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/(
8*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/3)), (I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*
log(F)/3 + d)**3/8 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**2*cos
(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)/8 - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d
)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**2/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3
+ d)**3/8 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**3/(8*b*c*log...
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 812 vs.  $2(106) = 212$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 812, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.38

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-1/8*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 + 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*si
n(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) + 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*
x)*cos(3*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 - 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*l
og(F)^2*sin(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) - 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d
))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 6*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 - F^(a*
c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) - 9*F^(
a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + 4*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*lo
g(F)^3 + F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*
log(F) + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x - 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c
^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*b*c
*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x) + (F^(
a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + F
^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e
*x + 6*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d
))*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F
^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) - F^(a*c)*b^2
*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) - 9*F^(a*c)*e
^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x - 2*d))/(b^4*c^4*cos(3*d)^2*log(F)^4 + b^4*
c^4*log(F)^4*sin(3*d)^2 + 9*(cos(3*d)^2 + sin(3*d)^2)*e^4 + 10*(b^2*c^2*co
s(3*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(3*d)^2)*e^2)

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1271, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.55

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/4*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1
/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sg
n(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*
sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b
^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs
(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*
x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(a
bs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2
*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*
c + e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2))
*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn
(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)*log(abs(F))
/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sg
n(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sg
n(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) -
pi*b*c - 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/4*(2*b*c*cos
(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 3*e
*x - 3*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c -
6*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 6*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi
*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 3*e*x - 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(a...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) + \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8(e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) - \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li})}{8(-bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})} \\
&+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) + \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8(3e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) - \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li})}{8(-bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) - sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(8
*(e*3i - b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) + sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d)
+ sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(8*(e - b*c*log(F)*1i)) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) +
sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(8*(3*e - b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F
^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) - sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(8*(e*1i - b
*c*log(F)))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d) \sin^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)**2,x)
```

### 3.89 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 631 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 631 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 632 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 633 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 634 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 634 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 635 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 636 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 637 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 637 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(2e \cos(2d+2ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex))}{2(4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
-1/2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d))/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(-2e \cos(2(d+ex)) + bc \log(F) \sin(2(d+ex)))}{2(4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Sin[d + e*x],x]
```



output

$$\frac{(F^{c(a+bx)})*(-2*e*\cos[2*(d+ex)] + b*c*\log[F]*\sin[2*(d+ex)])}{2*(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {4972, 27, 4932}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin(d+ex) \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4972 \\ & \int \frac{1}{2} \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(2d+2ex) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4932 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2} - \frac{2e \cos(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)}*\cos[d+ex]*\sin[d+ex],x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-2*e*F^{c(a+bx)})*\cos[2*d+2*e*x])/(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2) + (b*c*F^{c(a+bx)}*\log[F]*\sin[2*d+2*e*x])/(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)}{2}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 4932 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] - Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $\frac{(bc \sin(2ex+2d) \ln(\sqrt{F}) - e \cos(2ex+2d)) F^{c(bx+a)}}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}$  |
| risch         | $-\frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(2ex+2d)}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(2ex+2d)}{2b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2+8e^2}$  |
| orering       | $\frac{2bc \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d)}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d) - F^{c(bx+a)} e \sin(ex+d)^2 + F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^2}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}$   |
| norman        | $\frac{-\frac{e e^{c(bx+a)} \ln(F)}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{6e e^{c(bx+a)} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{e e^{c(bx+a)} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{2bc \ln(F) e^{c(bx+a)} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{2bc \ln(F) e^{c(bx+a)} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)\right)^2}$ |

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*(b*c*sin(2*e*x+2*d)*ln(F^(1/2))-e*cos(2*e*x+2*d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \frac{(bc \cos(ex+d) \log(F) \sin(ex+d) - 2e \cos(ex+d)^2 + e) F^{bcx+ac}}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + 4e^2}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c*cos(e*x + d)*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) - 2*e*cos(e*x + d)^2 + e)*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.07

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x \sin(d) \cos(d) \\ F^{ac} x \sin(d) \cos(d) \\ x \sin(d) \cos(d) \\ - \frac{i F^{ac+bcx} x \sin^2\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} - d\right)}{4} - \frac{F^{ac+bcx} x \sin\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} - d\right) \cos\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} - d\right)}{2} + \frac{i F^{ac+bcx} x \cos^2\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} - d\right)}{4} - \frac{F^{ac+bcx} x \sin^2\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} + d\right)}{4} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} x \sin\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} + d\right) \cos\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} + d\right)}{2} - \frac{i F^{ac+bcx} x \cos^2\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} + d\right)}{4} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} x \sin^2\left(\frac{ibcx \log(F)}{2} + d\right)}{4} \\ \frac{F^{ac+bcx} bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex) \cos(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + 4e^2} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} e \sin^2(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + 4e^2} - \frac{F^{ac+bcx} e \cos^2(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + 4e^2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*sin(d)*cos(d), Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*sin(d)*cos(d), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*sin(d)*cos(d), Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (-I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2/4 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/2 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2/4 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/(2*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/2)), (I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)**2/4 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)/2 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)**2/4 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)/(2*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, I*b*c*log(F)/2)), (F**(a*c + b*c*x)*b*c*log(F)*sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2 + 4*e**2) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*e*sin(d + e*x)**2/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2 + 4*e**2) - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*e*cos(d + e*x)**2/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2 + 4*e**2), True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(F^{ac}bc \log(F) \sin(2d) - 2F^{ac}e \cos(2d))F^{bcx} \cos(2ex) - (F^{ac}bc \log(F) \sin(2d) + 2F^{ac}e \cos(2d))F^{bcx}}{4(b^2c^2 \cos(2d)^2 \log(F) \sin(2d) + 4e^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*((F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*d) - 2*F^(a*c)*e*cos(2*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x) - (F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*d) + 2*F^(a*c)*e*cos(2*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(2*d)*log(F) + 2*F^(a*c)*e*sin(2*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(2*d)*log(F) - 2*F^(a*c)*e*sin(2*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 4*d))/(b^2*c^2*cos(2*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(2*d)^2 + 4*(cos(2*d)^2 + sin(2*d)^2)*e^2)
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.68

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c
*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*s
gn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^
2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(
F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/2*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*lo
g(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c
- 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi
*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4
*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - (-I*e^(1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sg
n(F) - 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*a*c + 2*I*e*x + 2*I
*d)/(4*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) - 4*I*pi*b*c + 8*b*c*log(abs(F)) + 16*I*e) - I*e^(-
1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*a*
c - 2*I*e*x - 2*I*d)/(-4*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) + 4*I*pi*b*c + 8*b*c*log(abs(F))
- 16*I*e))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - (I*e^(1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*
sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*a*c - 2*I*e*x - 2
*I*d)/(4*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) - 4*I*pi*b*c + 8*b*c*log(abs(F)) - 16*I*e) + I*e^
(-1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*
a*c + 2*I*e*x + 2*I*d)/(-4*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) + 4*I*pi*b*c + 8*b*c*log(abs...

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{F^{ac+bcx} \left( e \cos(2d+2ex) - \frac{bc \ln(F) \sin(2d+2ex)}{2} \right)}{b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 4e^2}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x),x)`output `-(F^(a*c + b*c*x)*(e*cos(2*d + 2*e*x) - (b*c*log(F)*sin(2*d + 2*e*x))/2))/(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{f^{bcx+ac} (-\cos(ex+d)^2 e + \cos(ex+d) \log(f) \sin(ex+d) bc + \sin(ex+d)^2 e)}{\log(f)^2 b^2 c^2 + 4e^2}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*sin(e*x+d),x)`output `(f**(a*c + b*c*x)*(-cos(d + e*x)**2*e + cos(d + e*x)*log(f)*sin(d + e*x)*b*c + sin(d + e*x)**2*e))/(log(f)**2*b**2*c**2 + 4*e**2)`

### 3.90 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 638 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 638 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 639 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 639 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 640 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 640 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 641 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .   | 642 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .  | 643 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . | 643 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}$$

output  $F^{(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*\cos(e*x+d)*\ln(F)+e*\sin(e*x+d))/(e^2+b^2*c^2*\ln(F)^2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]}, x]$

output  $(F^{(c*(a + b*x))*(b*c*\cos[d + e*x]*\log[F] + e*\sin[d + e*x])})/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(d + ex)F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4933

$$\frac{e \sin(d + ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} + \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(d + ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x], x]`

output `(b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Log[F])/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + (e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x])/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4933

```
Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x
] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; F
reeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02



| method       | result   | size |
|--------------|--|------|
| parallelrisc | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)}(bc \cos(ex+d) \ln(F) + e \sin(ex+d))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$  | 48   |
| risc         | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex+d)}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$  | 73   |
| orering      | $\frac{2F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d) - F^{c(bx+a)} e \sin(ex+d)}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$  | 98   |
| norman       | $\frac{\frac{bc \ln(F) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{2e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{bc \ln(F) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}$ | 133  |

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $F^{c(bx+a)}(bc \cos(ex+d) \ln(F) + e \sin(ex+d)) / (e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx = \frac{(bc \cos(ex+d) \log(F) + e \sin(ex+d)) F^{bcx+ac}}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + e^2}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(bc \cos(ex+d) \log(F) + e \sin(ex+d)) F^{bcx+ac} / (b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + e^2)$

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.38

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} x \cos(d) \\ F^{ac} x \cos(d) \\ x \cos(d) \\ \frac{iF^{ac+bcx} x \sin(ibcx \log(F)-d)}{2} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} x \cos(ibcx \log(F)-d)}{2} - \frac{iF^{ac+bcx} \sin(ibcx \log(F)-d)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{F^{ac+bcx} \cos(ibcx \log(F)-d)}{2bc \log(F)} \\ \frac{iF^{ac+bcx} x \sin(ibcx \log(F)+d)}{2} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} x \cos(ibcx \log(F)+d)}{2} - \frac{iF^{ac+bcx} \sin(ibcx \log(F)+d)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{F^{ac+bcx} \cos(ibcx \log(F)+d)}{2bc \log(F)} \\ \frac{F^{ac+bcx} bc \log(F) \cos(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + e^2} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} e \sin(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + e^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d), x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*cos(d), Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*cos(d), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*cos(d), Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/2 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/2 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/(b*c*log(F)) - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/(2*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F))), (I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) + d)/2 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) + d)/2 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) + d)/(b*c*log(F)) - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) + d)/(2*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, I*b*c*log(F))), (F**(a*c + b*c*x)*b*c*log(F)*cos(d + e*x)/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2 + e**2) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*e*sin(d + e*x)/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2 + e**2), True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(F^{ac}bc \cos(d) \log(F) - F^{ac}e \sin(d))F^{bcx} \cos(ex + 2d) + (F^{ac}bc \cos(d) \log(F) + F^{ac}e \sin(d))F^{bcx} \cos(ex + 2d)}{2(b^2c^2 \cos(d)^2 \log(F)^2 + b^2c^2)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*((F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(d)*log(F) - F^(a*c)*e*sin(d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + 2*
d) + (F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(d)*log(F) + F^(a*c)*e*sin(d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x) + (
F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(d) + F^(a*c)*e*cos(d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + 2*d) - (
F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(d) - F^(a*c)*e*cos(d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x))/(b^2*c^2
*cos(d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(d)^2 + (cos(d)^2 + sin(d)^2)*e^2
)
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.43

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi
*a*c + e*x + d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi
*b*c + 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(ab
s(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*lo
g(abs(F))) + (2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sg
n(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*
c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*
c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b
^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs
(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + I*(I*e^(1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x +
1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*a*c + I*e*x + I*d)/(2*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) - 2*
I*pi*b*c + 4*b*c*log(abs(F)) + 4*I*e) - I*e^(-1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*
I*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*a*c - I*e*x - I*d)/(-2*I*pi*b*
c*sgn(F) + 2*I*pi*b*c + 4*b*c*log(abs(F)) - 4*I*e))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) +
a*c*log(abs(F))) + I*(I*e^(1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*I
*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*a*c - I*e*x - I*d)/(2*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) - 2*I*pi*b
*c + 4*b*c*log(abs(F)) - 4*I*e) - I*e^(-1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*b
*c*x - 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*a*c + I*e*x + I*d)/(-2*I*pi*b*c*sgn(
F) + 2*I*pi*b*c + 4*b*c*log(abs(F)) + 4*I*e))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{ac+bcx} (e \sin(d+ex) + bc \cos(d+ex) \ln(F))}{b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + e^2}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x),x)`output `(F^(a*c + b*c*x)*(e*sin(d + e*x) + b*c*cos(d + e*x)*log(F)))/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx = \frac{f^{bcx+ac} (\cos(ex+d) \log(f) bc + \sin(ex+d) e)}{\log(f)^2 b^2 c^2 + e^2}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d),x)`output `(f**(a*c + b*c*x)*(cos(d + e*x)*log(f)*b*c + sin(d + e*x)*e))/(log(f)**2*b**2*c**2 + e**2)`

### 3.91 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 644 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 644 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 645 |
| Maple [F]                  | 646 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 646 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 647 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 647 |
| Giac [F]                   | 648 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 648 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 648 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) dx = \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{2iF^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)}$$

output

$I * F^{(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/\ln(F)} - 2 * I * F^{(c*(b*x+a))} * \operatorname{hypergeom}([1, -1/2 * I * b * c * \ln(F) / e], [1 - 1/2 * I * b * c * \ln(F) / e], \exp(2 * I * (e * x + d))) / b / c / \ln(F)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) dx = - \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)} \left( -1 + 2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \right)}{bc \log(F)}$$

input

`Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x], x]`

output  $((-I)*F^{c(a+bx)}*(-1 + 2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^{(2*I)*(d+e*x)}]))/(b*c*Log[F])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$-i \int \left( \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)}}{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} - F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-i \left( -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} \right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)}*\text{Cot}[d+e*x],x]$

output  $((-I)*(-(F^{c(a+bx)})/(b*c*Log[F])) + (2*F^{c(a+bx)})*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^{(2*I)*(d+e*x)}]))/(b*c*Log[F])$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cot(ex + d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cot(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*integrate((F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)*log(F) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)*log(F) + F^(b*c*x)*b*c*log(F) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - 4*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 4*e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2 - 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)), x)/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 4*e^2 - 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cot(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.92 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) \csc(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 649 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 649 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 650 |
| Maple [F]                  | 651 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 651 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 652 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 652 |
| Giac [F]                   | 653 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 653 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 653 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) \csc(d + ex) dx = \frac{2ie^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2bce^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(e - ibc \log(F))}$$

output `2*I*exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*b*c*exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(e-I*b*c*ln(F))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d + ex) \csc(d + ex) dx = \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)} \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}(d + ex)\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(d + ex)\right) \left(i + \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -\cos(d + ex)\right)\right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]*Csc[d + e*x],x]`

output

$$\left( \frac{I}{2} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{d+ex}{2}\right] \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{d+ex}{2}\right] \left( I + \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(-I)bc \operatorname{Log}[F]}{e}, 1 - \frac{Ibc \operatorname{Log}[F]}{e}, -\operatorname{Cos}[d+ex] - I \operatorname{Sin}[d+ex]\right] \operatorname{Sin}[d+ex] - \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(-I)bc \operatorname{Log}[F]}{e}, 1 - \frac{Ibc \operatorname{Log}[F]}{e}, \operatorname{Cos}[d+ex] + I \operatorname{Sin}[d+ex]\right] \operatorname{Sin}[d+ex] \right) \right) / e$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \operatorname{csc}(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \operatorname{Log}(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \operatorname{Log}(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \operatorname{Log}(F) + ie} - \frac{4e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{e-ibc \operatorname{Log}(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \operatorname{Log}(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \operatorname{Log}(F) + ie}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Cot}[d+ex] \operatorname{Csc}[d+ex], x\right]$$

output

$$\left( \frac{2E^{(I*d + I*ex)} F^{a*c + b*c*x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(e - I*bc \operatorname{Log}[F])}{(2*e)}, \frac{(3 - (I*bc \operatorname{Log}[F])/e)}{2}, E^{((2*I)*(d + ex))}\right]}{(I*e + b*c \operatorname{Log}[F])} - \frac{4E^{(I*d + I*ex)} F^{a*c + b*c*x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, \frac{(e - I*bc \operatorname{Log}[F])}{(2*e)}, \frac{(3 - (I*bc \operatorname{Log}[F])/e)}{2}, E^{((2*I)*(d + ex))}\right]}{(I*e + b*c \operatorname{Log}[F])} \right)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(H_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cot(e*x + d)*csc(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)*csc(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 15*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (7*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d) + ((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 15*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - (7*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - (2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x))*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 2*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 15*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (7*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 8*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cot(e*x + d)*csc(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex)}{\sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)*csc(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.93 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \operatorname{csc}^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 654 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 654 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 655 |
| Maple [F]                  | 656 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 656 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 657 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 657 |
| Giac [F]                   | 658 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 658 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 658 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \operatorname{csc}^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{2e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{2bce^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(2ie + bc \log(F))}$$

output `2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2-2*b*c*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([2, 1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(2*I*e+b*c*ln(F))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \operatorname{csc}^2(d+ex) dx = F^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( -b^2 c^2 e^{\frac{(d+ex)(2ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} F^{ac} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log^2(F) - \right.$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]*Csc[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -(b^2 c^2 E^{\left(\frac{(d+ex)((2I)e + b c \log(F))}{e}\right)} F^{ac}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 - \frac{(I/2) b c \log(F)}{e}, 2 - \frac{(I/2) b c \log(F)}{e}, E^{(2I)(d+ex)}\right] \log(F)^2 \right. \\ & \left. - b c F^{c(a + b(d/e + x))} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(-1/2 I) b c \log(F)}{e}, 1 - \frac{(I/2) b c \log(F)}{e}, E^{(2I)(d+ex)}\right] \log(F) \left( (2I)e + b c \log(F) - F^{c(a + b(d/e + x))} (2e - I b c \log(F)) (e \operatorname{Csc}[d + e x]^2 + b c \operatorname{Cot}[d + e x] \log(F)) \right) \right) / (2 e^2 F^{(b c d)/e} (2 e - I b c \log(F))) \end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot(d + ex) \operatorname{csc}^2(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4974 \\ & \int \left( -\frac{4ie^{2id+2ieix} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{2id+2ieix} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{8e^{2id+2ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)} \\ & \frac{4e^{2id+2ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]*Csc[d + e*x]^2,x]`



output

```
(-4*E^((2*I)*d + (2*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^((2*I)*d + (2*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 4974

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cot(e*x + d)*csc(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)*csc(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) \csc^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4*(6*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 6*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 164*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 6*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 6*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 164*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(13*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 956*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 428*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 576*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 44*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2)*F^(b*c*x) - (2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 2*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 164*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 576*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 4*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 - 1152*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 44*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) + 2*(12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cot(e*x + d)*csc(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex)}{\sin(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) \csc^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d) \csc(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)*csc(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)*csc(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.94 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 659 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 660 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 660 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 662 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 662 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 663 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 663 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 664 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 665 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 666 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 172

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx \\ &= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(e \cos(d+ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex))}{8(e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))} \\ & \quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(3e \cos(3d+3ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(3d+3ex))}{16(9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))} \\ & \quad + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(5e \cos(5d+5ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(5d+5ex))}{16(25e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/8*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(e*cos(e*x+d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(e*x+d))/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(3*e*cos(3*e*x+3*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(3*e*x+3*d))/(144*e^2+16*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)+F^(c*(b*x+a))*(5*e*cos(5*e*x+5*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(5*e*x+5*d))/(400*e^2+16*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{2(-e \cos(d+ex) + bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{-3e \cos(3(d+ex)) + bc \log(F) \sin(3(d+ex))}{9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{5e \cos(5(d+ex)) - bc \log(F) \sin(5(d+ex))}{25e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Sin[d + e*x]^3,x]`output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*((2*(-(e*cos[d + e*x]) + b*c*Log[F]*Sin[d + e*x]))/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + (-3*e*cos[3*(d + e*x)] + b*c*Log[F]*Sin[3*(d + e*x)])/(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + (5*e*cos[5*(d + e*x)] - b*c*Log[F]*Sin[5*(d + e*x)])/(25*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)))/16`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^3(d+ex) \cos^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{16} \sin(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{16} \sin(5d+5ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} + \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)} - \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(5d+5ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 25e^2)} - \frac{e \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} - \frac{3e \cos(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)} + \frac{5e \cos(5d+5ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 25e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Sin[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/8*(e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x])/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) - (3*e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[3*d + 3*e*x])/(16*(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) + (5*e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[5*d + 5*e*x])/(16*(25*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Log[F]*Sin[d + e*x])/(8*(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Log[F]*Sin[3*d + 3*e*x])/(16*(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) - (b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Log[F]*Sin[5*d + 5*e*x])/(16*(25*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| risch         | $-\frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)}{8(e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex+d)}{8e^2+8b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{5e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(5ex+5d)}{16(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2+25e^2)} - \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(5ex+5d)}{16(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2+25e^2)}$   |
| parallelrisch | $3 \left( \left( \frac{\ln(F)^5 b^5 c^5}{3} + \frac{10 \ln(F)^3 b^3 c^3 e^2}{3} + 3 \ln(F) bc e^4 \right) \sin(5ex+5d) + \left( -\frac{5 \ln(F)^4 b^4 c^4 e}{3} - \frac{50 \ln(F)^2 b^2 c^2 e^3}{3} - 15e^5 \right) \cos(5ex+5d) \right)$  |
| default       | $F^{ac} \left( \frac{-\frac{3e e^{bcx} \ln(F)}{9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{3e e^{bcx} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)^2}{9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{2bc \ln(F) e^{bcx} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)}{9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1+\tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{-\frac{2e e^{bcx} \ln(F)}{e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{2e e^{bcx} \ln(F) \tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)}{e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1+\tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)^2} \right)$ |
| orering       | Expression too large to display  |

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*e*F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)+1/8/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*c*b*ln(F)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)+5/16/(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2+25*e^2)*e*F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(5*e*x+5*d)-1/16/(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2+25*e^2)*c*b*ln(F)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(5*e*x+5*d)-3/16/(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*e*F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(3*e*x+3*d)+1/16/(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*c*b*ln(F)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(3*e*x+3*d)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(45 e^5 \cos(ex+d)^5 - 75 e^5 \cos(ex+d)^3 + (5 b^4 c^4 e \cos(ex+d)^5 - 7 b^4 c^4 e \cos(ex+d)^3 + 2 b^4 c^4 e \cos(ex+d)) \sin^2(d+ex) - 15 e^5 \cos^3(ex+d) \sin^2(d+ex) + 15 e^5 \cos^2(ex+d) \sin^3(d+ex) - 5 b^4 c^4 e \cos^2(ex+d) \sin^3(d+ex) - 5 b^4 c^4 e \cos(ex+d) \sin^4(d+ex) + 5 b^4 c^4 e \sin^5(d+ex))}{16(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 25e^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(45*e^5*cos(e*x + d)^5 - 75*e^5*cos(e*x + d)^3 + (5*b^4*c^4*e*cos(e*x + d)
^5 - 7*b^4*c^4*e*cos(e*x + d)^3 + 2*b^4*c^4*e*cos(e*x + d))*log(F)^4 + 2*(
25*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^5 - 41*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^3 + 13*b^2*c^2
*e^3*cos(e*x + d))*log(F)^2 - ((b^5*c^5*cos(e*x + d)^4 - b^5*c^5*cos(e*x +
d)^2)*log(F)^5 + 2*(5*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 7*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(e*x
+ d)^2 - b^3*c^3*e^2)*log(F)^3 + (9*b*c*e^4*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 13*b*c*e^4*co
s(e*x + d)^2 - 26*b*c*e^4)*log(F))*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^6*c^6*
log(F)^6 + 35*b^4*c^4*e^2*log(F)^4 + 259*b^2*c^2*e^4*log(F)^2 + 225*e^6)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**2*sin(e*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1800 vs.  $2(164) = 328$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1800, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.47

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

-1/32*((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5*sin(5*d) - 5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*cos(5*d)*l
og(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3*sin(5*d) - 50*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^
3*cos(5*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)*sin(5*d) - 45*F^(a*c)*e^5*c
os(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x) - (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5*sin(5*d) + 5*F^(
a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*cos(5*d)*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3*sin(5*d
) + 50*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(5*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)*si
n(5*d) + 45*F^(a*c)*e^5*cos(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 10*d) + (F^(a*c)*b
^5*c^5*log(F)^5*sin(5*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*cos(5*d)*log(F)^4 + 26*F^(a
*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3*sin(5*d) + 78*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(5*d)*log(F)
^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)*sin(5*d) + 75*F^(a*c)*e^5*cos(5*d))*F^(b*c*
x)*cos(3*e*x + 8*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5*sin(5*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*b^4*c
^4*e*cos(5*d)*log(F)^4 + 26*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3*sin(5*d) - 78*F^(
a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(5*d)*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)*sin(5*d) -
75*F^(a*c)*e^5*cos(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x - 2*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*l
og(F)^5*sin(5*d) + F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*cos(5*d)*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^
3*e^2*log(F)^3*sin(5*d) + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(5*d)*log(F)^2 + 225*F
^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)*sin(5*d) + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5*cos(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e
*x + 6*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5*sin(5*d) - F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*cos(5
*d)*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3*sin(5*d) - 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c
^2*e^3*cos(5*d)*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)*sin(5*d) - 225*F^...

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1915, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.13

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/16*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a
*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 5*e*x + 5*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*s
gn(F) - pi*b*c + 10*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 10*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c
*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 5*e*x + 5*d)/(
4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 10*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log
(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/16*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn
(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b^2*
c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - p
i*b*c + 6*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b
*c + 6*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/8*(2*b*c*log(abs
(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a
*c + e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2)
- (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x +
1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*
b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1
/8*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*
sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) -
pi*b*c - 2*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F)
- 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b^2*c^2*...

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) - \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li})}{16 (e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) + \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{32 (bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) - \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li})}{32 (3e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(5ex) + \sin(5ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(5d) + \sin(5d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{32 (bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(5ex) - \sin(5ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(5d) - \sin(5d) \operatorname{li})}{32 (5e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) + \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{16 (bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(5*e*x) + sin(5*e*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) + sin(5*d)*1i)*1i)/(32*(e*5i + b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) + sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(32*(e*3i + b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) - sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(32*(3*e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) - sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(16*(e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(5*e*x) - sin(5*e*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) - sin(5*d)*1i))/(32*(5*e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) + sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(16*(e*1i + b*c*log(F)))`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^2(ex+d)^2 \sin^3(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**2*sin(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.95 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 667 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 667 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 668 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 669 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 670 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 670 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 671 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 672 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 673 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 674 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{8bc \log(F)} - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(4d+4ex) \log(F) + 4e \sin(4d+4ex))}{8(16e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

$1/8 * F^{(c*(b*x+a))} / b / c / \ln(F) - F^{(c*(b*x+a))} * (b*c*\cos(4*e*x+4*d)*\ln(F) + 4*e*\sin(4*e*x+4*d)) / (128*e^2 + 8*b^2*c^2*\ln(F)^2)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(16e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F) - b^2c^2 \cos(4(d+ex)) \log^2(F) - 4bce \log(F) \sin(4(d+ex)))}{4(32bce^2 \log(F) + 2b^3c^3 \log^3(F))}$$

input

`Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Sin[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output

$$(F^{c(a+bx)})(16e^2 + b^2c^2\text{Log}[F]^2 - b^2c^2\text{Cos}[4(d+ex)]\text{Log}[F]^2 - 4bce\text{Log}[F]\text{Sin}[4(d+ex)])/(4(32bce^2\text{Log}[F] + 2b^3c^3\text{Log}[F]^3))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(d+ex) \cos^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{8} \cos(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{e \sin(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 16e^2)} - \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 16e^2)} + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{8bc \log(F)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)}\text{Cos}[d+ex]^2\text{Sin}[d+ex]^2,x]$$

output

$$F^{c(a+bx)}/(8b^3c\text{Log}[F]) - (b^3cF^{c(a+bx)}\text{Cos}[4d+4ex]\text{Log}[F])/(8(16e^2 + b^2c^2\text{Log}[F]^2)) - (eF^{c(a+bx)}\text{Sin}[4d+4ex])/(2(16e^2 + b^2c^2\text{Log}[F]^2))$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{F^{c(bx+a)} \left( \frac{b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \cos(4ex+4d)}{4} - \frac{b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}{4} + \sin(4ex+4d) b c e \ln(F) - 4e^2 \right)}{2 \ln(F) b c (16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)}$  |
| risch         | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)}}{8bc \ln(F)} - \frac{F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(4ex+4d)}{8(16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} - \frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(4ex+4d)}{2(16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)}$   |
| orering       | $\frac{(3b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 16e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^2 \sin(ex+d)^2}{\ln(F) b c (16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} - \frac{3(F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)^2 \sin(ex+d)^2 - 2F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) \sin(ex+d))}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$   |
| norman        | $-\frac{4e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{28e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{28e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^5}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{4e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$ |

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2 * F^{c*(b*x+a)} * (1/4 * b^2 * c^2 * \ln(F)^2 * \cos(4*e*x+4*d) - 1/4 * b^2 * c^2 * \ln(F)^2 + \sin(4*e*x+4*d) * b * c * e * \ln(F) - 4 * e^2) / \ln(F) / b / c / (16 * e^2 + b^2 * c^2 * \ln(F)^2)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{((b^2c^2 \cos(ex+d)^4 - b^2c^2 \cos(ex+d)^2) \log(F)^2 + 2(2bce \cos(ex+d)^3 - bce \cos(ex+d)) \log(F) \sin(ex+d) - b^3c^3 \log(F)^3 + 16bce^2 \log(F))}{b^3c^3 \log(F)^3 + 16bce^2 \log(F)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((b^2*c^2*cos(e*x + d)^4 - b^2*c^2*cos(e*x + d)^2)*log(F)^2 + 2*(2*b*c*e*cos(e*x + d)^3 - b*c*e*cos(e*x + d))*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) - 2*e^2)*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 16*b*c*e^2*log(F))`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1380, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.63

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**2*sin(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*sin(d)**2*cos(d)**2, Eq(F, 1) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0
)), (x*sin(d + e*x)**4/8 + x*sin(d + e*x)**2*cos(d + e*x)**2/4 + x*cos(d +
e*x)**4/8 + sin(d + e*x)**3*cos(d + e*x)/(8*e) - sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)
)**3/(8*e), Eq(F, 1)), (F**(a*c)*(x*sin(d + e*x)**4/8 + x*sin(d + e*x)**2*
cos(d + e*x)**2/4 + x*cos(d + e*x)**4/8 + sin(d + e*x)**3*cos(d + e*x)/(8*
e) - sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)**3/(8*e)), Eq(b, 0)), (x*sin(d + e*x)**4/8
+ x*sin(d + e*x)**2*cos(d + e*x)**2/4 + x*cos(d + e*x)**4/8 + sin(d + e*x)
)**3*cos(d + e*x)/(8*e) - sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)**3/(8*e), Eq(c, 0)), (-
F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/16 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*
sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)/4 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c
*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**2/8 - I*F**(
a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3/4 -
F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/16 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(
I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/(6*b*c*log(F)) - 5*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x
*log(F)/4 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)/(12*b*c*log(F)) + 5*I*F**(a*c
+ b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3/(12*b*c*lo
g(F)) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/(6*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e
, -I*b*c*log(F)/4)), (-F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 + d)**4/16
+ I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 + d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 +
d)/4 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 + d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*1...
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs.  $2(79) = 158$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx =$$

$$\frac{(F^{ac}b^2c^2 \cos(4d) \log(F)^2 + 4F^{ac}bce \log(F) \sin(4d))F^{bcx} \cos(4ex) + (F^{ac}b^2c^2 \cos(4d) \log(F))^2 - 4}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```
-1/16*((F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e*log(F)*sin(4*d))
)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 - 4*F^(a*c)*b
*c*e*log(F)*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 8*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*log(F)
^2*sin(4*d) - 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e*cos(4*d)*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x) + (F^(
a*c)*b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e*cos(4*d)*log(F))*F^(b*c*x
)*sin(4*e*x + 8*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*cos(4*d)^2*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*b^2*
c^2*log(F)^2*sin(4*d)^2 + 16*(F^(a*c)*cos(4*d)^2 + F^(a*c)*sin(4*d)^2)*e^2
)*F^(b*c*x))/(b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)^2*log(F)^3 + b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d)^2 +
16*(b*c*cos(4*d)^2*log(F) + b*c*log(F)*sin(4*d)^2)*e^2)
```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 916, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.04

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/8*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1
/2*pi*a*c + 4*e*x + 4*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sg
n(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*
sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 4*e*x + 4*d)/(4*b
^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs
(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/8*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*
x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 4*e*x - 4*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*l
og(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 8*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c
- 8*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*p
i*a*c - 4*e*x - 4*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c -
8*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*cos(-1/2*pi*
b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*a*c)*log(abs(F))/
(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) -
pi*b*c)*sin(-1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*
pi*a*c)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c)^2))*e^(b*c*x*l
og(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + I*(-I*e^(1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*
b*c*x + 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*a*c + 4*I*e*x + 4*I*d)/(16*I*pi*b*c
*sgn(F) - 16*I*pi*b*c + 32*b*c*log(abs(F)) + 128*I*e) + I*e^(-1/2*I*pi*b*c
*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*a*c - 4*I*e*x
- 4*I*d)/(-16*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) + 16*I*pi*b*c + 32*b*c*log(abs(F)) - 128*...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 - b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \cos(4d+4ex) - 4bce \ln(F) \sin(4d+4ex))}{8bc \ln(F) (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 16e^2)}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```

(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(16*e^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 - b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*cos(4*d + 4
*e*x) - 4*b*c*e*log(F)*sin(4*d + 4*e*x)))/(8*b*c*log(F)*(16*e^2 + b^2*c^2*
log(F)^2))

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^2(ex+d) \sin^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**2*sin(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.96 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 675 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 675 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 676 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 677 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 678 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 678 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 679 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 680 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 681 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 682 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 112

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx \\ &= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(e \cos(d+ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex))}{4(e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))} \\ & \quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(3e \cos(3d+3ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(3d+3ex))}{4(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/4*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(e*cos(e*x+d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(e*x+d))/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(3*e*cos(3*e*x+3*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(3*e*x+3*d))/(36*e^2+4*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{-e \cos(d+ex) + bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex)}{e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \frac{-3e \cos(3(d+ex)) + bc \log(F) \sin(3(d+ex))}{9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Sin[d + e*x],x]`

output  $(F^{c(a+bx)}*((-(e\cos[d+ex]) + b*c*\log[F]*\sin[d+ex])/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2) + (-3*e*\cos[3*(d+ex)] + b*c*\log[F]*\sin[3*(d+ex)])/(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)))/4$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin(d+ex) \cos^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{4} \sin(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} + \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)} - \frac{e \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} - \frac{3e \cos(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Sin[d + e*x],x]`

output  $-1/4*(e*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*Cos[d + e*x])/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2) - (3*e*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*Cos[3*d + 3*e*x])/(4*(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*\log[F]*\sin[d + e*x])/(4*(e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^{c*(a + b*x)}*\log[F]*\sin[3*d + 3*e*x])/(4*(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m * Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

| method        | result   |
|---------------|--|
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{3F^{c(bx+a)} \left( (b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 e + e^3) \cos(3ex+3d) - \frac{bc \ln(F) (e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2) \sin(3ex+3d)}{3} - \frac{(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2) (bc \ln(F) \sin(ex+d) - \dots)}{3} \right)}{4b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 36e^4}$   |
| risch         | $-\frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)}{4(e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex+d)}{4e^2 + 4b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{3e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(3ex+3d)}{4(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(3ex+3d)}{36e^2 + 4b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}$  |
| norman        | $\frac{e(11b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 9e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} + \frac{e(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 3e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^6}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{e(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 3e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4}$ |
| orering       | $\frac{4 \ln(F) bc (b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 5e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^2 \sin(ex+d)}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{2(3b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 5e^2) (F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)^2 \sin(ex+d) - \dots)}{9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4}$  |

```
input int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3*F^(c*(b*x+a))*((b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*e+e^3)*cos(3*e*x+3*d)-1/3*b*c*ln(F)*(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*sin(3*e*x+3*d)-1/3*(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*(b*c*ln(F)*sin(e*x+d)-e*cos(e*x+d)))/(4*b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4+40*b^2*c^2*e^2*ln(F)^2+36*e^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \frac{(3e^3 \cos(ex+d)^3 + (3b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^3 - 2b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)) \log(F)^2 - (b^3c^3 \cos(ex+d)^2 \log(F) - b^4c^4 \log(F)^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \log(F)^2 + 9e^4))}{b^4c^4 \log(F)^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2 \log(F)^2 + 9e^4}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(3*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^3 + (3*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^3 - 2*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d))*log(F)^2 - (b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^2*log(F)^3 + (b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^2 + 2*b*c*e^2)*log(F))*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 10*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 9*e^4)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1571, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.03

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**2*sin(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*sin(d)*cos(d)**2, Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*sin(d)*cos(d)**2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*sin(d)*cos(d)**2, Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (-F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/8 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**2/8 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F)) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**2/(4*b*c*log(F)) - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F))), (F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/8 - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)/8 - 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2/8 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F)) - 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2/(4*b*c*log(F)) + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/3)), (-F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**3/8 + 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)/8 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**2/8 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**3/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F))...
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 810 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 810, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.23

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

1/8*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log
(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x
)*cos(3*e*x) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*co
s(3*d)*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d)
)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 6*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) + F^(a*c
)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a
*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin
(3*d) - F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin
(3*d) - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x - 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^
3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 + 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b*c*
e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) + 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x) + (F^(a
*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 - 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + F^
(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) - 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*
x + 6*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 - F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2
*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^
(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 + F^(a*c)*b^2*
c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) + 9*F^(a*c)*e^
3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x - 2*d))/(b^4*c^4*cos(3*d)^2*log(F)^4 + b^4*c
^4*log(F)^4*sin(3*d)^2 + 9*(cos(3*d)^2 + sin(3*d)^2)*e^4 + 10*(b^2*c^2*cos
(3*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(3*d)^2)*e^2)

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1275, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.38

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c
*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*s
gn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b^
2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(
F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(ab
s(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*
e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c
+ e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2))*
e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*
pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/
(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sg
n(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - p
i*b*c - 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/4*(2*b*c*log(
abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*
pi*a*c - 3*e*x - 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c -
6*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 6*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*
b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 3*e*x - 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(ab...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) - \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li})}{8(e+bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) + \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8(bc \ln(F) + e3i)} \\
&\quad -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) - \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li})}{8(3e+bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) + \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8(bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x),x)
```

output

```
- (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) - sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(8*(e +
b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) + sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d)
+ sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(8*(e*3i + b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x)
- sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(8*(3*e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^
(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) + sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(8*(e*1i +
b*c*log(F)))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^2(ex+d)^2 \sin(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*sin(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**2*sin(d + e*x),x)
```

### 3.97 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d + ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result . . . . .                            | 683 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .                | 683 |
| Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .                       | 684 |
| Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .                      | 685 |
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| Reduce [F] . . . . .                                | 690 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^2 F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F) (4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))} + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) (bc \cos(d + ex) \log(F) + 2e \sin(d + ex))}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}$$

output

```
2*e^2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/ln(F)/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)+F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+2*e*sin(e*x+d))/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + b^2 c^2 \cos(2(d + ex)) \log^2(F) + 2bce \log(F) \sin(2(d + ex)))}{8bce^2 \log(F) + 2b^3 c^3 \log^3(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(F^{c(a+bx)})*(4e^2 + b^2c^2\text{Log}[F]^2 + b^2c^2\text{Cos}[2*(d+ex)]*\text{Log}[F]^2 + 2*b*c*e*\text{Log}[F]*\text{Sin}[2*(d+ex)])}{(8*b*c*e^2*\text{Log}[F] + 2*b^3*c^3*\text{Log}[F]^3)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4935, 2624}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{2e^2 \int F^{c(a+bx)} dx}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2} + \frac{bc \log(F) \cos^2(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2} + \frac{2e \sin(d+ex) \cos(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2624$$

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \cos^2(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2} + \frac{2e \sin(d+ex) \cos(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2} + \frac{2e^2 F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F) (b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)}*\text{Cos}[d+ex]^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2e^2F^{c(a+bx)})}{(b*c*\text{Log}[F]*(4e^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2))} + \frac{(b*cF^{c(a+bx)}*\text{Cos}[d+ex]^2*\text{Log}[F])}{(4e^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2)} + \frac{(2*eF^{c(a+bx)}*\text{Cos}[d+ex]*\text{Sin}[d+ex])}{(4e^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2624 Int[((F_)^(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(F^v)^n/(n*Log[F]*D[v, x]), x] /;
FreeQ[{F, n}, x] && LinearQ[v, x]
```

```
rule 4935 Int[Cos[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] +
(Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] +
Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

| method        | result  |
|---------------|---|
| parallelrisch | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)} \left( b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \cos(2ex+2d) + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 2e \sin(2ex+2d) bc \ln(F) + 4e^2 \right)}{2bc \ln(F) \left( 4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \right)}$  |
| risch         | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)}}{2bc \ln(F)} + \frac{F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(2ex+2d)}{2b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 8e^2} + \frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(2ex+2d)}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$   |
| oring         | $\frac{\left( 3b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 4e^2 \right) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^2}{bc \ln(F) \left( 4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \right)} - \frac{3 \left( F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)^2 - 2F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) e \sin(ex+d) \right)}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{F^{c(bx+a)}}{bc \ln(F)}$  |
| norman        | $\frac{\left( b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 2e^2 \right) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{bc \ln(F) \left( 4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \right)} + \frac{\left( b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 2e^2 \right) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{bc \ln(F) \left( 4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 \right)} + \frac{4e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{4e e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}$<br>$\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right) \right)^2$ |

```
input int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*cos(2*e*x+2*d)+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2+2*e*sin(
2*e*x+2*d)*b*c*ln(F)+4*e^2)/b/c/ln(F)/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2 c^2 \cos(ex+d)^2 \log(F)^2 + 2bce \cos(ex+d) \log(F) \sin(ex+d) + 2e^2) F^{bcx+ac}}{b^3 c^3 \log(F)^3 + 4bce^2 \log(F)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^2*c^2*cos(e*x + d)^2*log(F)^2 + 2*b*c*e*cos(e*x + d)*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) + 2*e^2)*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 4*b*c*e^2*log(F))`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 743, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.43

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((x*cos(d)**2, Eq(F, 1) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*sin
(d + e*x)**2/2 + x*cos(d + e*x)**2/2 + sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)/(2*e), Eq
(F, 1)), (F**(a*c)*(x*sin(d + e*x)**2/2 + x*cos(d + e*x)**2/2 + sin(d + e*
x)*cos(d + e*x)/(2*e)), Eq(b, 0)), (x*sin(d + e*x)**2/2 + x*cos(d + e*x)**
2/2 + sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)/(2*e), Eq(c, 0)), (-F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin
(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2/4 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 -
d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/2 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 -
d)**2/4 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2/(b*c*log(F)) - 3*
I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/(2*
b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/2)), (-F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log
(F)/2 + d)**2/4 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)*cos(I*b*c
*x*log(F)/2 + d)/2 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)**2/4 + F
**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)**2/(b*c*log(F)) - 3*I*F**(a*c +
b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 + d)/(2*b*c*log(F)),
Eq(e, I*b*c*log(F)/2)), (F**(a*c + b*c*x)*b**2*c**2*log(F)**2*cos(d + e*x)
)**2/(b**3*c**3*log(F)**3 + 4*b*c*e**2*log(F)) + 2*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*b*c*e*
log(F)*sin(d + e*x)*cos(d + e*x)/(b**3*c**3*log(F)**3 + 4*b*c*e**2*log(F))
+ 2*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*e**2*sin(d + e*x)**2/(b**3*c**3*log(F)**3 + 4*b*c*e*
**2*log(F)) + 2*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*e**2*cos(d + e*x)**2/(b**3*c**3*log(F)**3
+ 4*b*c*e**2*log(F)), True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(F^{ac}b^2c^2 \cos(2d) \log(F)^2 + 2F^{ac}bce \log(F) \sin(2d))F^{bcx} \cos(2ex) + (F^{ac}b^2c^2 \cos(2d) \log(F)^2 - 2F^{ac}bce \log(F) \sin(2d))F^{bcx} \cos(2ex)}{(b^3c^3 \log(F)^3 + 4b^2ce \log(F)^2 + 4b^2ce \log(F)^2 + 4b^2ce \log(F)^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

1/4*((F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*cos(2*d)*log(F)^2 + 2*F^(a*c)*b*c*e*log(F)*sin(2*d))
*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*cos(2*d)*log(F)^2 - 2*F^(a*c)*b*c
*e*log(F)*sin(2*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 4*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*log(F)^2
*sin(2*d) - 2*F^(a*c)*b*c*e*cos(2*d)*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x) + (F^(a*
c)*b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(2*d) + 2*F^(a*c)*b*c*e*cos(2*d)*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*
sin(2*e*x + 4*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*cos(2*d)^2*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*b^2*c^
2*log(F)^2*sin(2*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*cos(2*d)^2 + F^(a*c)*sin(2*d)^2)*e^2)*F
^(b*c*x))/(b^3*c^3*cos(2*d)^2*log(F)^3 + b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(2*d)^2 + 4*(
b*c*cos(2*d)^2*log(F) + b*c*log(F)*sin(2*d)^2)*e^2)

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 915, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.15

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/2*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/
2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*s
gn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^
2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(
F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/2*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x
+ 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*lo
g(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c
- 4*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi
*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4
*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + (2*b*c*cos(-1/2*pi*b*c*x
*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*a*c)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^
2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*
c)*sin(-1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*pi*a
c)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(ab
s(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + I*(I*e^(1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x
+ 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*I*pi*a*c + 2*I*e*x + 2*I*d)/(4*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F)
- 4*I*pi*b*c + 8*b*c*log(abs(F)) + 16*I*e) - I*e^(-1/2*I*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F)
+ 1/2*I*pi*b*c*x - 1/2*I*pi*a*c*sgn(F) + 1/2*I*pi*a*c - 2*I*e*x - 2*I*d)/(-
4*I*pi*b*c*sgn(F) + 4*I*pi*b*c + 8*b*c*log(abs(F)) - 16*I*e))*e^(b*c*x...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 F^{a+bcx} e^2 + F^{a+bcx} b^2 c^2 \cos(d+ex)^2 \ln(F)^2 + 2 F^{a+bcx} b c e \cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) \ln(F)}{b^3 c^3 \ln(F)^3 + 4 b c e^2 \ln(F)}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```

(2*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*e^2 + F^(a*c + b*c*x)*b^2*c^2*cos(d + e*x)^2*log(F)^2 +
2*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*b*c*e*cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)*log(F))/(b^3*c^3*log(F)
^3 + 4*b*c*e^2*log(F))

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.98 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \cot(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 691 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 692 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 692 |
| Maple [F]                  | 693 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 694 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 694 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 694 |
| Giac [F]                   | 695 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 696 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 696 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d + ex) \cot(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(e - ibc \log(F))} - \frac{3e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(e + ibc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e + ibc \log(F)}$$

output

```
exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(2*e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))-3/2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/exp(I*(
e*x+d))/(e+I*b*c*ln(F))+2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(-e-I*b*c*ln(F))
/e],[1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e],exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/exp(I*(e*x+d))/(e+I*b*c*ln(F
))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{\csc(d)}{bc \log(F)} \right. \\ \left. \frac{i \left( 1 + \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, \cos(d+ex) + i \sin(d+ex) \right) (-1 + \cos(d) + i \sin(d)) \right)}{bc \log(F) (-1 + \cos(d) + i \sin(d))} \right. \\ \left. \frac{i \left( 1 - \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -\cos(d+ex) - i \sin(d+ex) \right) (1 + \cos(d) + i \sin(d)) \right)}{bc \log(F) (1 + \cos(d) + i \sin(d))} \right) \\ \left. + \frac{\cos(ex)(e \cos(d) - bc \log(F) \sin(d))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} - \frac{(bc \cos(d) \log(F) + e \sin(d)) \sin(ex)}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Cot[d + e*x],x]`

output `F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Csc[d]/(b*c*Log[F]) - (I*(1 + Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[d + e*x] + I*Sin[d + e*x]]*(-1 + Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])))/(b*c*Log[F]*(-1 + Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])) - (I*(1 - Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[d + e*x] - I*Sin[d + e*x]]*(1 + Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])))/(b*c*Log[F]*(1 + Cos[d] + I*Sin[d])) + (Cos[e*x]*(e*Cos[d] - b*c*Log[F]*Sin[d]))/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) - ((b*c*Cos[d]*Log[F] + e*Sin[d])*Sin[e*x])/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{2} i e^{-id-ix} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{1}{2} i e^{2i(d+ex)-id-ix} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{2i e^{-id-ix} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} \right) dx$$

$$\frac{2e^{-id-ix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{e+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{\frac{F^{ac} e^{x(bc \log(F)+ie)+id}}{2(e-ibc \log(F))} - \frac{3F^{ac} e^{-x(-bc \log(F)+ie)-id}}{2(e+ibc \log(F))}} +$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Cot[d + e*x],x]`

output `(E^(I*d + x*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])) - (3*E^((-I)*d - x*(I*e - b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])) + (2*E^((-I)*d - I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])/e, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(e + I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cos(e*x + d)*cot(e*x + d), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*(3*(3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 5*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x +
d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 23*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(
e*x + d) + ((F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e
*x + 3*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x
+ d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*si
n(3*e*x + 3*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(
b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - (4*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9
*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9
*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2
*e*log(F)^2 - 5*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 2*(2*(F^(a*c)*b
^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c
^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(2*e*x
+ 2*d) - 8*((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2
+ 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d)^2 - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F
^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d)*cos(e*x + d)
+ (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a
c)*e^5)*cos(e*x + d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*
e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d)^2 - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*lo
g(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d)
*sin(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*lo...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cos(e*x + d)*cot(e*x + d), x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.99 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 697 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 698 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 698 |
| Maple [F]                  | 699 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 700 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 700 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 700 |
| Giac [F]                   | 701 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 702 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 702 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2iF^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})}$$

$$- \frac{2iF^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e} - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*I*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, -
1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/e-F^(c*(b*x+a))
/b/c/ln(F)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{2i}{e - ee^{2id}} - \frac{2i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e} - \frac{1}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{\csc(d) \csc(d+ex) \sin(ex)}{e} \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `F^(c*(a + b*x))*((2*I)/(e - e*E^((2*I)*d)) - ((2*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F]]/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F]]/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)))]/e - 1/(b*c*Log[F]) + (Csc[d]*Csc[d + e*x]*Sin[e*x])/e`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$- \int \left( -\frac{4F^{c(a+bx)}}{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} + \frac{4F^{c(a+bx)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{4F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `-(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(b*c*Log[F])) + (4*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) - (4*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]))/(b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cot(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cot(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)
*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 12*F^(a
*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 - 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 +
(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e
^4)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 12*F^(a*c
)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 - 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 16
*(11*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x +
2*d) - 8*(5*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e*log(F)^3 - 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^3*log(F))*F^(b*c
*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 - 76*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*
log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x) - 2*(8*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2
+ 16*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e*log(F)
^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^3*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^4*
c^4*log(F)^4 - 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)
)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 16*(F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e
^3*log(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^5*log(F)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^
6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^3*log(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^5*log(F)^2)*cos
(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^3*l
og(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^5*log(F)^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b
^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^3*log(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e
^5*log(F)^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cot(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2,x)`output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.100 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 703 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 704 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 704 |
| Maple [F]                  | 705 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 706 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 706 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 706 |
| Giac [F]                   | 707 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 708 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 708 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}(e - ibc \log(F))}{e^2(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)(e - bc \log(F))(e + bc \log(F))}{e^2(e - ibc \log(F))}$$

output

```
2*exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2-exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))+exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(e-b*c*ln(F))*(e+b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(e-I*b*c*ln(F))
```



### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \left(-4F^{\frac{bc(d+ex)}{e}} \csc(d+ex)(e-ibc \log(F))(e \cot(d+ex) + bc \log(F)) + 8e^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(e-Ibc \log(F))}{(2e)}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{(I/2)bc \log(F)}{e}, E^{((2I)(d+ex))}\right] \right)}{8e^2(e-ibc \log(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Csc[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*(-4F^((b*c*(d + e*x))/e)*Csc[d + e*x]*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*(e*Cot[d + e*x] + b*c*Log[F]) + 8E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(e^2 - b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2))/(8*e^2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4974}$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{2ie^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} - \frac{8ie^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e - ibc \log(F)} -$$

$$\frac{8e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e - ibc \log(F)} +$$

$$\frac{8e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Csc[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*E^(I*d + I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(e - I*b*c*Log[F]) - (8*E^(I*d + I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^(I*d + I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cot(ex+d)^2 \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2*csc(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2*csc(e*x+d),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot^2(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2*csc(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cot(e*x + d)^2*csc(e*x + d), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)**2*csc(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)**2*csc(d + e*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot^2(ex+d) \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2*csc(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-2*((23*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 418*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 13
5*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 158*F^
(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 417*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x
+ d) - ((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 2
25*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) + 12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^
4 + 24*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 25*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x
+ 3*d) + (23*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 418*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2
+ 135*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 3
4*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin
(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 14*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)
)^3 - 275*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^
5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 158*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 417*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*lo
g(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) + (3*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log
(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4
*e*x + 4*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)
)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log
(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b
*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*
e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F
^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d)^2 \csc(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2*csc(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cot(e*x + d)^2*csc(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex)^2}{\sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)^2)/sin(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)^2)/sin(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^2(d+ex) \csc(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d)^2 \csc(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^2*csc(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)**2*csc(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.101 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 709 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 709 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 710 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 711 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 712 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 712 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 713 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 714 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 715 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 715 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3F^{c(a+bx)}(2e \cos(2d+2ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex))}{32(4e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(6e \cos(6d+6ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(6d+6ex))}{32(36e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
-3*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d))/(128*e^2+32
*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)+F^(c*(b*x+a))*(6*e*cos(6*e*x+6*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(6*e*x+6*
d))/(1152*e^2+32*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(6 \cos(6(d+ex))(4e^3 + b^2c^2e \log^2(F)) - 6 \cos(2(d+ex))(36e^3 + b^2c^2e \log^2(F)) - 2bc \log(F))}{32(144e^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \log^2(F) + b^4c^4)}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Sin[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(F^{c(a+bx)})(6\cos[6(d+ex)](4e^3 + b^2c^2e\log[F]^2) - 6\cos[2(d+ex)](36e^3 + b^2c^2e\log[F]^2) - 2b^2c\log[F](-52e^2 - b^2c^2\log[F]^2 + \cos[4(d+ex)](4e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2))\sin[2(d+ex)])}{32(144e^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2\log[F]^2 + b^4c^4\log[F]^4)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^3(d+ex) \cos^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{32} \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{32} \sin(6d+6ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{32(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)} - \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(6d+6ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{32(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 36e^2)} - \frac{3e \cos(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)} + \frac{3e \cos(6d+6ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 36e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Sin[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-3eF^{c(a+bx)}\cos[2d+2ex])}{16(4e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2)} + \frac{(3eF^{c(a+bx)}\cos[6d+6ex])}{16(36e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2)} + \frac{(3b^2cF^{c(a+bx)}\log[F]\sin[2d+2ex])}{32(4e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2)} - \frac{(b^2cF^{c(a+bx)}\log[F]\sin[6d+6ex])}{32(36e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

| method        | result  |
|---------------|---|
| parallelrisch | $6 \left( -\frac{\ln(F) \sin(6ex+6d)bc(4e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)}{6} + (b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 e + 4e^3) \cos(6ex+6d) + \frac{(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 36e^2)(bc \ln(F) \sin(2ex+2d) - 2e \cos(2ex+2d))}{2} \right) / (32b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 1280b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 4608e^4)$  |
| risch         | $\frac{3e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(6ex+6d)}{16(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 36e^2)} - \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(6ex+6d)}{32(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 36e^2)} - \frac{3e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(2ex+2d)}{16(4e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{3cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(2ex+2d)}{32(4e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)}$  |
| default       | $F^{ac} \left( \frac{\frac{8e e^{bcx \ln(F)} - 8e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)^2}{4e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{8bc \ln(F) e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)}{4e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1 + \tan(ex+d)^2} + \frac{8e(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 12e^2) e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 144e^4} + \frac{8e(12e^2 + b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2)}{b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 144e^4} \right)$ |
| orering       | $\frac{4bc \ln(F) (b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 20e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^3 \sin(ex+d)^3}{b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 144e^4} - \frac{2(3b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 20e^2) (F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)^3 \sin(ex+d)^3 - 2e \cos(2ex+2d))}{b^4c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2c^2e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 144e^4}$  |

```
input int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 6*(-1/6*ln(F)*sin(6*e*x+6*d)*b*c*(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)+(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*e+4*e^3)*cos(6*e*x+6*d)+1/2*(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2+36*e^2)*(b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d)-2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(32*b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4+1280*b^2*c^2*e^2*ln(F)^2+4608*e^4)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(24e^3 \cos(ex+d)^6 - 36e^3 \cos(ex+d)^4 + 6e^3 + 3(2b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^6 - 3b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^4 + b^2c^2e$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(24*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^6 - 36*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^4 + 6*e^3 + 3*(2*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^6 - 3*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^4 + b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^2)*log(F)^2 - ((b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^5 - b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^3)*log(F)^3 + 2*(2*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^5 - 2*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^3 - 3*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d))*log(F))*sin(e*x + d)*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 40*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 144*e^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**3*sin(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 823 vs.  $2(115) = 230$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.80

$$\int F^{c(ax+b)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/64*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(6*d) - 6*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(6*d)*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(6*d) - 24*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(6*e*x) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(6*d) + 6*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(6*d)*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(6*d) + 24*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(6*e*x + 12*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(6*d) + 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(6*d)*log(F)^2 + 36*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(6*d) + 72*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 8*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(6*d) - 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(6*d)*log(F)^2 + 36*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(6*d) - 72*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x - 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(6*d)*log(F)^3 + 6*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(6*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(6*d)*log(F) + 24*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(6*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(6*d)*log(F)^3 - 6*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(6*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(6*d)*log(F) - 24*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(6*e*x + 12*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(6*d)*log(F)^3 - 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(6*d) + 36*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(6*d)*log(F) - 72*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 8*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(6*d)*log(F)^3 + 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(6*d) + 36*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(6*d)*log(F) + 72*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(6*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x - 4*d))/(b^4*c^4*cos(6*d)^2*log(F)^4 + b^4*c^4*log(F)^4*sin(6*d)^2 + 144*(cos(6*d)^2 + sin(6*d)^2)*e^4 + 40*(b^2*c^2*cos(6*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^...
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1281, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.59

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/32*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 6*e*x + 6*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 12*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 12*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 6*e*x + 6*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 12*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 3/32*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 3/32*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/32*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 6*e*x - 6*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 12*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 12*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 6*e*...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(2ex) + \sin(2ex) 1i) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) 1i) 3i}{64 (bc \ln(F) + e 2i)}$$

$$- \frac{3 F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(2ex) - \sin(2ex) 1i) (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) 1i)}{64 (2e + bc \ln(F) 1i)}$$

$$+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(6ex) + \sin(6ex) 1i) (\cos(6d) + \sin(6d) 1i) 1i}{64 (bc \ln(F) + e 6i)}$$

$$+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(6ex) - \sin(6ex) 1i) (\cos(6d) - \sin(6d) 1i)}{64 (6e + bc \ln(F) 1i)}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(6*e*x) + sin(6*e*x)*1i)*(cos(6*d) + sin(6*d)*1i)*1i)/(64*(e*6i + b*c*log(F))) - (3*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(2*e*x) - sin(2*e*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i))/(64*(2*e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(2*e*x) + sin(2*e*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i)*3i)/(64*(e*2i + b*c*log(F))) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(6*e*x) - sin(6*e*x)*1i)*(cos(6*d) - sin(6*d)*1i))/(64*(6*e + b*c*log(F)*1i))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d)^3 \sin(ex+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^3,x)`output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**3*sin(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.102 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 716 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 717 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 717 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 719 |
| Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) | 719 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 720 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 720 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 721 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 722 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 723 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{8(e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

$$- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(3d+3ex) \log(F) + 3e \sin(3d+3ex))}{16(9e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

$$- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(bc \cos(5d+5ex) \log(F) + 5e \sin(5d+5ex))}{16(25e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+e*sin(e*x+d))/(8*e^2+8*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*cos(3*e*x+3*d)*ln(F)+3*e*sin(3*e*x+3*d))/(144*e^2+16*
b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*cos(5*e*x+5*d)*ln(F)+5*e*sin(5*e*x+5*d
))/(400*e^2+16*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{2(bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} - \frac{bc \cos(3(d+ex)) \log(F) + 3e \sin(3(d+ex))}{9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} - \frac{bc \cos(5(d+ex)) \log(F) + 5e \sin(5(d+ex))}{25e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Sin[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output  $(F^{c(a+bx)}) * ((2*(b*c*\cos[d + e*x]*\log[F] + e*\sin[d + e*x])) / (e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2) - (b*c*\cos[3*(d + e*x)]*\log[F] + 3*e*\sin[3*(d + e*x)]) / (9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2) - (b*c*\cos[5*(d + e*x)]*\log[F] + 5*e*\sin[5*(d + e*x)]) / (25*e^2 + b^2*c^2*\log[F]^2)) / 16$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(d+ex) \cos^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4972$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{8} \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{16} \cos(3d+3ex) F^{c(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{16} \cos(5d+5ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{e \sin(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8 (b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} - \frac{3e \sin(3d + 3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16 (b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)} - \frac{5e \sin(5d + 5ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16 (b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + 25e^2)} +$$

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \cos(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8 (b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2)} - \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(3d + 3ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16 (b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2)} -$$

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \cos(5d + 5ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{16 (b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + 25e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Sin[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Log[F])/(8*(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) - (b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[3*d + 3*e*x]*Log[F])/(16*(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) - (b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[5*d + 5*e*x]*Log[F])/(16*(25*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) + (e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x])/(8*(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) - (3*e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[3*d + 3*e*x])/(16*(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) - (5*e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[5*d + 5*e*x])/(16*(25*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

| method        | result  |
|---------------|---|
| risch         | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)}bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)}{8e^2+8b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{F^{c(bx+a)}e \sin(ex+d)}{8e^2+8b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{F^{c(bx+a)}bc \ln(F) \cos(5ex+5d)}{16(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2+25e^2)} - \frac{5e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(5ex+5d)}{16(b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2+25e^2)} - \dots$   |
| parallelrisch | $-\frac{\left(\left(5 \ln(F)^4 b^4 c^4 e+50 \ln(F)^2 b^2 c^2 e^3+45 e^5\right) \sin(5 ex+5 d)+\left(\ln(F)^5 b^5 c^5+10 \ln(F)^3 b^3 c^3 e^2+9 \ln(F) b c e^4\right) \cos(5 ex+5 d)+\left(\left(5 \ln(F)^4 b^4 c^4 e+50 \ln(F)^2 b^2 c^2 e^3+45 e^5\right) \cos(5 ex+5 d)+\left(\ln(F)^5 b^5 c^5+10 \ln(F)^3 b^3 c^3 e^2+9 \ln(F) b c e^4\right) \sin(5 ex+5 d)\right)}{16 \ln(F)^6}$   |
| default       | $Fac \left( \frac{\frac{bc \ln(F) e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{6e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)}{9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2} - \frac{bc \ln(F) e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)^2}{9e^2+b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1+\tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{\frac{bc \ln(F) e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2+25e^2} + \frac{10e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)}{b^2c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1+\tan\left(\frac{3ex}{2} + \frac{3d}{2}\right)^2} \right)$ |
| orering       | Expression too large to display   |

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*b*c*ln(F)*cos(e*x+d)+1/8/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*e*F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)-1/16/(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2+25*e^2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*b*c*ln(F)*cos(5*e*x+5*d)-5/16/(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2+25*e^2)*e*F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(5*e*x+5*d)-1/16/(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*b*c*ln(F)*cos(3*e*x+3*d)-3/16/(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*e*F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(3*e*x+3*d)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(163) = 326.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{\left(\left(b^5 c^5 \cos(ex+d)^5 - b^5 c^5 \cos(ex+d)^3\right) \log(F)^5 + 2\left(5 b^3 c^3 e^2 \cos(ex+d)^5 - 3 b^3 c^3 e^2 \cos(ex+d)^3\right)\right)}{16(b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 25 e^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```

-((b^5*c^5*cos(e*x + d)^5 - b^5*c^5*cos(e*x + d)^3)*log(F)^5 + 2*(5*b^3*c^
3*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^5 - 3*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^3 - 3*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(e*
x + d))*log(F)^3 + (9*b*c*e^4*cos(e*x + d)^5 - 5*b*c*e^4*cos(e*x + d)^3 -
30*b*c*e^4*cos(e*x + d))*log(F) + (45*e^5*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 15*e^5*cos(e*x
+ d)^2 - 30*e^5 + (5*b^4*c^4*e*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 3*b^4*c^4*e*cos(e*x + d)^2
)*log(F)^4 + 2*(25*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 9*b^2*c^2*e^3*cos(e*x + d)
^2 - 3*b^2*c^2*e^3)*log(F)^2)*sin(e*x + d)*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^6*c^6*log(F)
)^6 + 35*b^4*c^4*e^2*log(F)^4 + 259*b^2*c^2*e^4*log(F)^2 + 225*e^6)

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**3*sin(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1798 vs.  $2(163) = 326$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1798, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.64

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-1/32*((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*cos(5*d)*log(F)^5 + 5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4*si
in(5*d) + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(5*d)*log(F)^3 + 50*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^
3*log(F)^2*sin(5*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*cos(5*d)*log(F) + 45*F^(a*c)*e^5*si
in(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*cos(5*d)*log(F)^5 - 5*F^(
a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4*sin(5*d) + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(5*d)*log(F)^
3 - 50*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2*sin(5*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*cos(5*d)*
log(F) - 45*F^(a*c)*e^5*sin(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 10*d) + (F^(a*c)*b
^5*c^5*cos(5*d)*log(F)^5 - 3*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4*sin(5*d) + 26*F^(a
*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(5*d)*log(F)^3 - 78*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2*sin(5*
d) + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*cos(5*d)*log(F) - 75*F^(a*c)*e^5*sin(5*d))*F^(b*c*
x)*cos(3*e*x + 8*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*cos(5*d)*log(F)^5 + 3*F^(a*c)*b^4*c
^4*e*log(F)^4*sin(5*d) + 26*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(5*d)*log(F)^3 + 78*F^(
a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2*sin(5*d) + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*cos(5*d)*log(F) +
75*F^(a*c)*e^5*sin(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x - 2*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*c
os(5*d)*log(F)^5 - F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4*sin(5*d) + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^
3*e^2*cos(5*d)*log(F)^3 - 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2*sin(5*d) + 225*F
^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*cos(5*d)*log(F) - 225*F^(a*c)*e^5*sin(5*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e
*x + 6*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*cos(5*d)*log(F)^5 + F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F
)^4*sin(5*d) + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*cos(5*d)*log(F)^3 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c
^2*e^3*log(F)^2*sin(5*d) + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*cos(5*d)*log(F) + 225*F^...

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1909, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.30

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-1/16*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*a*c + 5*e*x + 5*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 10*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 10*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 5*e*x + 5*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 10*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/16*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/8*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/8*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b^2*c^2*...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) + \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{16 (e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) - \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li})}{32 (-bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})} \\
&+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) + \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{32 (3e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(5ex) - \sin(5ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(5d) - \sin(5d) \operatorname{li})}{32 (-bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})} \\
&+ \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(5ex) + \sin(5ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(5d) + \sin(5d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{32 (5e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) - \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li})}{16 (-bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) - sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(32*(e*3i - b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) + sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*1i)/(16*(e - b*c*log(F)*1i)) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) + sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(32*(3*e - b*c*log(F)*1i)) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(5*e*x) - sin(5*e*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) - sin(5*d)*1i))/(32*(e*5i - b*c*log(F))) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(5*e*x) + sin(5*e*x)*1i)*(cos(5*d) + sin(5*d)*1i)*1i)/(32*(5*e - b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) - sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(16*(e*1i - b*c*log(F)))`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^3(ex+d)^3 \sin^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**3*sin(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.103 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 724 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 724 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 725 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 726 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 727 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 727 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 728 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 729 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 730 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 731 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(2e \cos(2d+2ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex))}{4(4e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

$$- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(4e \cos(4d+4ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(4d+4ex))}{8(16e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
-1/4*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d))/(4*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(4*e*cos(4*e*x+4*d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(4*e*x+4*d))/(128*e^2+8*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{2(-2e \cos(2(d+ex)) + bc \log(F) \sin(2(d+ex)))}{4e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} + \frac{-4e \cos(4(d+ex)) + bc \log(F) \sin(4(d+ex))}{16e^2 + b^2c^2 \log^2(F)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Sin[d + e*x],x]`

output 
$$\frac{(F^{c(a+bx)})*((2*(-2e\cos[2(d+ex)] + bc\log[F]\sin[2(d+ex)])))/(4e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2) + (-4e\cos[4(d+ex)] + bc\log[F]\sin[4(d+ex)]))/(16e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2))/8}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin(d+ex) \cos^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4972

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{8} \sin(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \sin(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)} + \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{8(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 16e^2)} - \frac{e \cos(2d+2ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 4e^2)} - \frac{e \cos(4d+4ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 16e^2)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Sin[d + e*x],x]`

output 
$$-1/2*(eF^{c(a+bx)}*Cos[2*d + 2*e*x])/(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) - (eF^{c(a+bx)}*Cos[4*d + 4*e*x])/(2*(16*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^{c(a+bx)}*Log[F]*Sin[2*d + 2*e*x])/(4*(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)) + (b*c*F^{c(a+bx)}*Log[F]*Sin[4*d + 4*e*x])/(8*(16*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4972 Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

| method        | result  |
|---------------|---|
| parallelrisch | $4 \left( \left( -\frac{\ln(F)^3 b^3 c^3}{4} - \ln(F)bc e^2 \right) \sin(4ex+4d) + (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 e + 4e^3) \cos(4ex+4d) - \frac{(16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)(bc \ln(F) \sin(2ex+2d) - \dots}{2} \right) \\ \frac{\dots}{8b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 160b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 512e^4}$  |
| risch         | $-\frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(4ex+4d)}{2(16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(4ex+4d)}{8b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 128e^2} - \frac{e F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(2ex+2d)}{2(4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{cb \ln(F) F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(2ex+2d)}{4b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 16e^2}$  |
| default       | $F^{ac} \left( \frac{-\frac{4e e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{4e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)^2}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{4bc \ln(F) e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)}{4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{1 + \tan(ex+d)^2} + \frac{-\frac{4e e^{bcx \ln(F)}}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{24e e^{bcx \ln(F)} \tan(ex+d)^2}{16e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2}}{8} \right)$  |
| orering       | $\frac{4bc \ln(F) (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 10e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^3 \sin(ex+d)}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{2(3b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 10e^2) (F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)^3 \sin(ex+d) + \dots)}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4}$  |
| norman        | $-\frac{(b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 10e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{30e (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 2e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)^4}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} + \frac{8e (2b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 11e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan\left(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2}\right)}{64e^4 + 20b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4}$ |

```
input int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4*((-1/4*ln(F)^3*b^3*c^3-ln(F)*b*c*e^2)*sin(4*e*x+4*d)+(b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*e+4*e^3)*cos(4*e*x+4*d)-1/2*(16*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*(b*c*ln(F)*sin(2*e*x+2*d)-2*e*cos(2*e*x+2*d)))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(8*b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4+160*b^2*c^2*e^2*ln(F)^2+512*e^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \frac{(16e^3 \cos(ex+d)^4 - 6e^3 + (4b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^4 - 3b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^2) \log(F)^2 - (b^3c^3 \cos(ex+d)^3 \log(F)^3 + 2(2b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d)^2 \log(F) + 3b^2c^2e \cos(ex+d) \log(F) \sin(ex+d)) F^{b^2cx+ac})}{b^4c^4 \log(F)^4 + 20b^2c^2e^2 \log(F)^2 + 64e^4}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(16*e^3*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 6*e^3 + (4*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^4 - 3*b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^2)*log(F)^2 - (b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^3*log(F)^3 + 2*(2*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^3 + 3*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d))*log(F))*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 20*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*e^4)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2054, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.98

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**3*sin(e*x+d),x)`



output

```
Piecewise((x*sin(d)*cos(d)**3, Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*sin(d)*cos(d)**3, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*sin(d)*cos(d)**3, Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (-I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/4 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**3/4 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/8 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/(24*b*c*log(F)) - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)/(3*b*c*log(F)) + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**2/(2*b*c*log(F)) - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/2 - d)**4/(8*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/2)), (I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/16 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)/4 - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**2/8 - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3/4 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/16 - I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/(6*b*c*log(F)) - 5*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)/(12*b*c*log(F)) - 11*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**3/(12*b*c*log(F)) + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/4 - d)**4/(6*b*c*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/4)), (-I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x...
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 823 vs.  $2(115) = 230$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.80

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/16*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) - 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) - 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 8*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) + 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) + 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 6*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(4*d) - 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(4*d)*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(4*d) - 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x - 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 + 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 - 4*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 4*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) - 16*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 8*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 - 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) - 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 6*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(4*d)*log(F)^3 + 2*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(4*d) + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(4*d)*log(F) + 32*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(4*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x - 2*d))/(b^4*c^4*cos(4*d)^2*log(F)^4 + b^4*c^4*log(F)^4*sin(4*d)^2 + 64*(cos(4*d)^2 + sin(4*d)^2)*e^4 + 20*(b^2*c^2*cos(4*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c^...

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1281, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.59

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/8*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c
*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 4*e*x + 4*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*s
gn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 4*e*x + 4*d)/(4*b^
2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 8*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(
F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) -
1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*lo
g(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c
+ 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi
*a*c + 2*e*x + 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 4
*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) - 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*s
in(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2
*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2) -
(pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1
/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 2*e*x - 2*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (p
i*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 4*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) -
1/8*(2*b*c*log(abs(F))*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*
c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 4*e*x - 4*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sg
n(F) - pi*b*c - 8*e)^2) - (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 8*e)*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*
sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 4*e*x - 4*d)/(...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(2ex) + \sin(2ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(2d) + \sin(2d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8 (bc \ln(F) + e2i)} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(2ex) - \sin(2ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(2d) - \sin(2d) \operatorname{li})}{8 (2e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(4ex) + \sin(4ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(4d) + \sin(4d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{16 (bc \ln(F) + e4i)} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(4ex) - \sin(4ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(4d) - \sin(4d) \operatorname{li})}{16 (4e + bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x),x)
```

output

```
- (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(2*e*x) + sin(2*e*x)*1i)*(cos(2*d) + sin(2*d)*1i)*1
i)/(8*(e*2i + b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(2*e*x) - sin(2*e*x)*1i)
*(cos(2*d) - sin(2*d)*1i))/(8*(2*e + b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(c
os(4*e*x) + sin(4*e*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) + sin(4*d)*1i)*1i)/(16*(e*4i + b*c*lo
g(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(4*e*x) - sin(4*e*x)*1i)*(cos(4*d) - sin(4*d
)*1i))/(16*(4*e + b*c*log(F)*1i))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) \sin(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^3(ex+d) \sin(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3*sin(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**3*sin(d + e*x),x)
```

### 3.104 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 732 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 732 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 733 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 734 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 735 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 735 |
| Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) | 736 |
| Giac [C] (verification not implemented)   | 737 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 738 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 739 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{6e^2 F^{c(a+bx)} (bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \log^2(F) + b^4 c^4 \log^4(F)} + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) (bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + 3e \sin(d+ex))}{9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}$$

output

```
6*e^2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+e*sin(e*x+d))/(9*e^4+10*b^2*c^2*
e^2*ln(F)^2+b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4)+F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln
(F)+3*e*sin(e*x+d))/(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (bc \cos(3(d+ex)) \log(F) (e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)) + 3bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) (9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)) + 6e^2 \sin(d+ex) \log(F))}{4 (9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \log^2(F) + b^4 c^4 \log^4(F))}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output  $(F^{c(a+bx)})(b^2c^2\cos^3(d+ex))\log(F)(e^2 + b^2c^2\log(F)^2) + 3b^2c^2\cos(d+ex)\log(F)(9e^2 + b^2c^2\log(F)^2) + 6e(5e^2 + b^2c^2\log(F)^2 + \cos(2(d+ex))(e^2 + b^2c^2\log(F)^2))\sin(d+ex)) / (4(9e^4 + 10b^2c^2e^2\log(F)^2 + b^4c^4\log(F)^4))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4935, 4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{6e^2 \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2} + \frac{bc \log(F) \cos^3(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2} + \frac{3e \sin(d+ex) \cos^2(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 4933$$

$$\frac{bc \log(F) \cos^3(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2} + \frac{3e \sin(d+ex) \cos^2(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2} + \frac{6e^2 \left( \frac{e \sin(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} + \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} \right)}{b^2c^2 \log^2(F) + 9e^2}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b*c*F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^3*Log[F]})/(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + ( \\ & 3*e*F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Sin[d + e*x]})/(9*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) \\ & ) + (6*e^2*((b*c*F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Log[F]})/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) \\ & ]^2) + (e*F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]})/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)))/(9*e^2 \\ & + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4933

```
Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x
] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; F
reeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]
```

rule 4935

```
Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]^(m_)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] +
  (Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] +
  Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{F,
  a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

| method        | result  |
|---------------|---|
| parallelrisch | $\frac{(bc \ln(F) (e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2) \cos(3ex + 3d) + (3b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 e + 3e^3) \sin(3ex + 3d) + 3(9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2) (bc \cos(ex + d) \ln(F) + e^2))}{4b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4 + 40b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + 36e^4}$  |
| risch         | $\frac{3F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)}{4(e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{3e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex+d)}{4(e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)} + \frac{F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(3ex+3d)}{36e^2 + 4b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2} + \frac{3e F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(3ex+3d)}{4(9e^2 + b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2)}$   |
| orering       | $\frac{4 \ln(F) bc (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 5e^2) F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^3}{9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{2(3b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 5e^2) (F^{c(bx+a)} bc \ln(F) \cos(ex+d)^3 - 3F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^3)}{9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4}$   |
| norman        | $\frac{\ln(F) bc (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 7e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)}}{9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} - \frac{12e (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 - e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2})^3}{9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4} + \frac{6e (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + 3e^2) e^{c(bx+a) \ln(F)} \tan(\frac{ex}{2} + \frac{d}{2})}{9e^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \ln(F)^2 + b^4 c^4 \ln(F)^4}$ |

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(b*c*ln(F)*(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*cos(3*e*x+3*d)+(3*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2*e+3*e^3
)*sin(3*e*x+3*d)+3*(9*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+e*sin(e*x
+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(4*b^4*c^4*ln(F)^4+40*b^2*c^2*e^2*ln(F)^2+36*e^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^3 c^3 \cos(ex+d))^3 \log(F)^3 + (bce^2 \cos(ex+d))^3 + 6bce^2 \cos(ex+d) \log(F) + 3(b^2 c^2 e \cos(ex+d))^2 \log(F)}{b^4 c^4 \log(F)^4 + 10b^2 c^2 e^2 \log(F)^2 + 9e^4}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b^3*c^3*cos(e*x + d)^3*log(F)^3 + (b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)^3 + 6*b*c*e^2*cos
(e*x + d))*log(F) + 3*(b^2*c^2*e*cos(e*x + d)^2*log(F)^2 + e^3*cos(e*x + d
)^2 + 2*e^3)*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 10*b^2*c^2*
e^2*log(F)^2 + 9*e^4)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1579, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.43

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**3,x)
```



output

```
Piecewise((x*cos(d)**3, Eq(F, 1) & Eq(e, 0)), (F**(a*c)*x*cos(d)**3, Eq(b,
  0) & Eq(e, 0)), (x*cos(d)**3, Eq(c, 0) & Eq(e, 0)), (3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)
*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/8 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)
- d)**2*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)/8 + 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log
(F) - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**2/8 + 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log
og(F) - d)**3/8 - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/(8*b*c*log
og(F)) - 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) -
d)**2/(4*b*c*log(F)) - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F) - d)**3/(8*b*c
*log(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F))), (-I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)
/3 - d)**3/8 - 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2*cos(I*b*c
*x*log(F)/3 - d)/8 + 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)*cos(
I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)*
*3/8 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F)) + 3*
I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**2/
(4*b*c*log(F)) + 9*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 - d)**3/(8*b*c*log
og(F)), Eq(e, -I*b*c*log(F)/3)), (-I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/
3 + d)**3/8 - 3*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**2*cos(I*b*c*
x*log(F)/3 + d)/8 + 3*I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)*cos(I
*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**2/8 + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*x*cos(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**
3/8 + I*F**(a*c + b*c*x)*sin(I*b*c*x*log(F)/3 + d)**3/(8*b*c*log(F)) + ...
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 813 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 813, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.40

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/8*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 + 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin
(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) + 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x
)*cos(3*e*x) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 - 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*lo
g(F)^2*sin(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) - 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d)
)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 6*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)*log(F)^3 - F^(a
*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*d)*log(F) - 9*F^
(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + 4*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*cos(3*d)
*log(F)^3 + F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(3*
d)*log(F) + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3*sin(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x - 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^
3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*
b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) - 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x) + (
F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2
+ F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) + 3*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(
3*e*x + 6*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) + F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*co
s(3*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*
d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + 4*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3*sin(3*d) - F^(a
*c)*b^2*c^2*e*cos(3*d)*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(3*d) - 9*F^
(a*c)*e^3*cos(3*d))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x - 2*d))/(b^4*c^4*cos(3*d)^2*log(F)^4
+ b^4*c^4*log(F)^4*sin(3*d)^2 + 9*(cos(3*d)^2 + sin(3*d)^2)*e^4 + 10*(b^2
*c^2*cos(3*d)^2*log(F)^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2*sin(3*d)^2)*e^2)

```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1271, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.01

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/
2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*s
gn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + 3*e*x + 3*d)/(4*b^
2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 6*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(
F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 3/4*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x
+ 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c + e*x + d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(ab
s(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*
e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c
+ e*x + d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c + 2*e)^2))*
e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 3/4*(2*b*c*cos(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(
F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)*log(abs(F))/
(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn
(F) - pi*b*c - 2*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sg
n(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - e*x - d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - p
i*b*c - 2*e)^2))*e^(b*c*x*log(abs(F)) + a*c*log(abs(F))) + 1/4*(2*b*c*cos(
1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 3*e*
x - 3*d)*log(abs(F))/(4*b^2*c^2*log(abs(F))^2 + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c -
6*e)^2) + (pi*b*c*sgn(F) - pi*b*c - 6*e)*sin(1/2*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*
b*c*x + 1/2*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/2*pi*a*c - 3*e*x - 3*d)/(4*b^2*c^2*log(ab...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx \\
&= -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) + \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) + \sin(d) \operatorname{li}) 3i}{8(e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) - \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) - \sin(3d) \operatorname{li})}{8(-bc \ln(F) + e 3i)} \\
&\quad - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(3ex) + \sin(3ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(3d) + \sin(3d) \operatorname{li}) \operatorname{li}}{8(3e - bc \ln(F) \operatorname{li})} \\
&\quad - \frac{3F^{c(a+bx)} (\cos(ex) - \sin(ex) \operatorname{li}) (\cos(d) - \sin(d) \operatorname{li})}{8(-bc \ln(F) + e \operatorname{li})}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
- (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) + sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) + sin(d)*1i)*3i)/(8*(e
- b*c*log(F)*1i)) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x) - sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*
d) - sin(3*d)*1i))/(8*(e*3i - b*c*log(F))) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(3*e*x)
+ sin(3*e*x)*1i)*(cos(3*d) + sin(3*d)*1i)*1i)/(8*(3*e - b*c*log(F)*1i)) -
(3*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(cos(e*x) - sin(e*x)*1i)*(cos(d) - sin(d)*1i))/(8*(e*1i
- b*c*log(F)))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos^3(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**3,x)
```

### 3.105 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 740 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 741 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 741 |
| Maple [F]                  | 742 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 743 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 743 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 743 |
| Giac [F]                   | 744 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 745 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 745 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(2e - ibc \log(F))} - \frac{7e^{-2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(2e + ibc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{-2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(-2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{2e + ibc \log(F)}$$

output

```
I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/ln(F)+exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(8*e-4*I*b*c*ln(F))
)-7/4*F^(c*(b*x+a))/exp(2*I*(e*x+d))/(I*b*c*ln(F)+2*e)+2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hy
pergeom([1, -1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/e
xp(2*I*(e*x+d))/(I*b*c*ln(F)+2*e)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx =$$

$$iF^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( 2F^{c\left(a+b\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)\right)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)} \right) (4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Cot[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
((-1/2*I)*(2*F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(4*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + b*c*Log[F]*(2*E^(((d + e*x)*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*F^(a*c)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^(((2*I)*(d + e*x))*((-2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) + I*F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*(2*e*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] - b*c*Log[F]*Sin[2*(d + e*x)])))]/(F^((b*c*d)/e)*(4*b*c*e^2*Log[F] + b^3*c^3*Log[F]^3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( \frac{7}{4} i e^{-2id-2iex} F^{ac+bcx} + i e^{2i(d+ex)-2id-2iex} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{1}{4} i e^{4i(d+ex)-2id-2iex} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{2ie^{-2id-2iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2e^{-2id-2ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} - 2\right), -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{4(2e - ibc \log(F))} + \frac{2e + ibc \log(F)}{4(2e + ibc \log(F))} + \frac{F^{ac} e^{x(bc \log(F) + 2ie) + 2id}}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{7F^{ac} e^{-x(-bc \log(F) + 2ie) - 2id}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{iF^{ac+bcx}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^2*Cot[d + e*x],x]`

output `(I*F^(a*c + b*c*x))/(b*c*Log[F]) + (E^((2*I)*d + x*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(4*(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F])) - (7*E^((-2*I)*d - x*((2*I)*e - b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(4*(2*e + I*b*c*Log[F])) + (2*E^((-2*I)*d - (2*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(2*e + I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d)^2 \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*cot(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos^2(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cos(e*x + d)^2*cot(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)**2*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)**2*cot(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos^2(ex+d) \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

-1/4*(2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x
+ 4*d)^2 - 14*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(
2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)
*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 14*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(
b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 6*(3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e
^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 80*F^(a*c)*b*
c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - (2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2
+ 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)
^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^
3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c
^3*log(F)^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(6
*e*x + 6*d) + 6*(2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)
*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))
*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e
^3)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 16*((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(
a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 2*(F^(a*c)
)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*c
os(4*e*x + 4*d)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)
)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^4
*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*sin...

```

**Giac** [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d)^2 \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*cot(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cos(e*x + d)^2*cot(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex)^2 \cot(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^2*cot(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)^2*cot(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^2(d+ex) \cot(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d)^2 \cot(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)^2*cot(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**2*cot(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.106 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 746 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 747 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 747 |
| Maple [F]                  | 748 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 749 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 749 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 749 |
| Giac [F]                   | 750 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 751 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 751 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{2ie^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1-e^{2i(d+ex)})} + \frac{5e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(ie-bc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{2bce^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(e+ibc \log(F))}$$

$$- \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(ie+bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
2*I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/exp(I*(e*x+d))/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))+5/2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/
exp(I*(e*x+d))/(I*e-b*c*ln(F))+2*b*c*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(-e-I
*b*c*ln(F))/e], [1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/exp(I*(e*
x+d))/(e+I*b*c*ln(F))-exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(2*I*e+2*b*c*ln(F))
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \csc(d+ex) \left(-4bce^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)\right)}{2(e^{3d+3ex} + e^{2d+2ex} + e^{d+ex} + 1)}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Cot[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*Csc[d + e*x]*(-4*b*c*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*Log[F]*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])*Sin[d + e*x] + F^((b*c*(d + e*x))/e)*(-3*e^2 + e^2*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] - 2*b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 - b*c*e*Log[F]*Sin[2*(d + e*x)])))/(2*(e^3 + b^2*c^2*e*Log[F]^2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{5}{2} e^{-id-ies} F^{ac+bcx} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2i(d+ex)-id-ies} F^{ac+bcx} - \frac{6e^{-id-ies} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4e^{-id-ies} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{e+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{-bc \log(F) + ie} +$$

$$\frac{4e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{e+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{-bc \log(F) + ie} +$$

$$\frac{5F^{ac} e^{-x(-bc \log(F)+ie)-id}}{2(-bc \log(F) + ie)} - \frac{F^{ac} e^{x(bc \log(F)+ie)+id}}{2(bc \log(F) + ie)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Cot[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(5*E^((-I)*d - x*(I*e - b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(I*e - b*c*Log[F])) - (6*E^((-I)*d - I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])/e, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(I*e - b*c*Log[F]) + (4*E^((-I)*d - I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -1/2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])/e, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(I*e - b*c*Log[F]) - (E^(I*d + x*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d) \cot^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cos(e*x + d)*cot(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d) \cot^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/2*((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 254*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 705*F
^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + 3*(11*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*lo
g(F)^4 - 234*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 75*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(
e*x + d) + ((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 +
225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^
5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))
*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c
^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (F^
(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e
^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c
)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - (F^
(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e
^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) + (3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^
5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x
)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 2*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*1
og(F)^3 - 575*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 7*(F^(a
*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5
)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - (25*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 562*F^(a*c
)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1575*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F
^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 254*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 705*F^(a*c...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cos(e*x + d)*cot(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \cot^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d) \cot(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cos(e*x+d)*cot(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)*cot(d + e*x)**2,x)`



### 3.107 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 752 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 753 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 753 |
| Maple [F]                  | 754 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 755 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 755 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 755 |
| Giac [F]                   | 756 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 757 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 757 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1-e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(2e - ibc \log(F))}{e^2(1-e^{2i(d+ex)})} + iF^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \left(\frac{2}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{bc \log(F)}{e^2}\right)$$

output

```
2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2-I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/ln(F)-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(2*e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))+I*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, -1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(2/b/c/ln(F)-b*c*ln(F)/e^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \left( -2ie^2 - bce \csc^2(d+ex) \log(F) + ib^2c^2 \log^2(F) - b^2c^2 \cot(d) \log^2(F) + 2i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \right)}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a + b*x))*((-2*I)*e^2 - b*c*e*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Log[F] + I*b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 - b^2*c^2*Cot[d]*Log[F]^2 + (2*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*(2*e^2 - b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + b^2*c^2*Csc[d]*Csc[d + e*x]*Log[F]^2*Sin[e*x]))/(2*b*c*e^2*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$i \int \left( \frac{6F^{c(a+bx)}}{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} - \frac{12F^{c(a+bx)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{8F^{c(a+bx)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} - F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$i \left( \frac{6F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{12F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} \right)$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cot[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output `I*(-(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(b*c*Log[F])) + (6*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(b*c*Log[F]) - (12*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(b*c*Log[F]) + (8*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \cot(ex + d)^3 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*cot(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-2*(18*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576
*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 54*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^
4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x
+ 2*d)^2 + 18*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)
^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 54*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e
*log(F)^4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*s
in(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 18*(3*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 212*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2
*e^3*log(F)^2 + 640*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b
^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 268*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 1216*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*
log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 24*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 46*F
^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 88*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x) - 3*(2*(F^(a*c)*b
^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b
*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 6*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c
^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b
^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 576*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log
(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - 36*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 36*F
^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 8*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*lo
g(F)^4 - 46*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 88*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(
6*e*x + 6*d) + 3*(12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 16*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*
log(F)^2 - 720*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5...

```

**Giac** [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \cot(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*cot(e*x + d)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*cot(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*cot(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.108 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 758 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 759 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 759 |
| Maple [F]                  | 760 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 761 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 761 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 761 |
| Giac [F]                   | 762 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 763 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 763 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{iF^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(2e - ibc \log(F))} - \frac{7e^{-2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{4(2e + ibc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{-2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(-2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{2e + ibc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/ln(F)+exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(8*e-4*I*b*c*ln(F))-7/4*F^(c*(b*x+a))/exp(2*I*(e*x+d))/(I*b*c*ln(F)+2*e)+2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, -1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/exp(2*I*(e*x+d))/(I*b*c*ln(F)+2*e)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( 2i F^{c\left(a+b\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)\right)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right) (4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)) \right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]^2*Tan[d + e*x],x]`output 
$$\frac{\left( (2I) F^{c(a + b(d/e + x))} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ 1, \left( (-1/2I) b c \log[F] \right) / e, 1 - \left( (I/2) b c \log[F] \right) / e, -E^{\left( (2I) (d + ex) \right)} \right] (4e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log[F]^2) - b c \log[F] (2E^{\left( (d + ex) \left( (2I) e + b c \log[F] \right) \right) / e} F^{ac} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ 1, 1 - \left( (I/2) b c \log[F] \right) / e, 2 - \left( (I/2) b c \log[F] \right) / e, -E^{\left( (2I) (d + ex) \right)} \right] (2e + I b c \log[F]) + F^{c(a + b(d/e + x))} (-2e \cos[2(d + ex)] + b c \log[F] \sin[2(d + ex)]) \right) / (2 F^{(bc d) / e} (4 b^2 c^2 e^2 \log[F] + b^3 c^3 \log[F]^3))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{7}{4} i e^{-2id-2ie x} F^{ac+bcx} - i e^{2i(d+ex)-2id-2ie x} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{1}{4} i e^{4i(d+ex)-2id-2ie x} F^{ac+bcx} - \frac{2ie^{-2id-2ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$



$$\frac{2e^{-2id-2ie} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} - 2\right), -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{4(2e - ibc \log(F))} + \frac{2e + ibc \log(F)}{4(2e + ibc \log(F))} - \frac{F^{ac} e^{x(bc \log(F) + 2ie) + 2id}}{7F^{ac} e^{-x(-bc \log(F) + 2ie) - 2id}} - \frac{iF^{ac+bcx}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]^2*Tan[d + e*x],x]`

output `((-I)*F^(a*c + b*c*x))/(b*c*Log[F]) + (E^((2*I)*d + x*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(4*(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F])) - (7*E^((-2*I)*d - x*((2*I)*e - b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(4*(2*e + I*b*c*Log[F])) + (2*E^((-2*I)*d - (2*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(2*e + I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex + d)^2 \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin^2(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(cos(e*x + d)^2 - 1)*F^(b*c*x + a*c)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)**2*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)**2*tan(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin^2(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x +
4*d)^2 - 14*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2
*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*
sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 14*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b
*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 6*(3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e^
3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 80*F^(a*c)*b*c
*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 +
16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^
2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3
+ 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^
3*log(F)^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(6*
e*x + 6*d) - 6*(2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*
cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*
F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - (3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e^
3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 16*((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a
*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)
*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*co
s(4*e*x + 4*d)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)
*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^4*
c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^5)*sin(...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sin(e*x + d)^2*tan(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex)^2 \tan(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)^2*tan(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)^2*tan(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**2*tan(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.109 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d + ex) \tan(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 764 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 765 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 765 |
| Maple [F]                  | 766 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 767 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 767 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 767 |
| Giac [F]                   | 768 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 769 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 769 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d + ex) \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{3e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(ie - bc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie - bc \log(F)}$$

$$- \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(ie + bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-3/2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/exp(I*(e*x+d))/(I*e-b*c*ln(F))+2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeo
m([1, 1/2*(-e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/e
xp(I*(e*x+d))/(I*e-b*c*ln(F))-exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/(2*I*e+2*b*c*ln
(F))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie + bc \log(F)}$$

$$- \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*E^(I*(d + e*x))*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(I*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (F^(c*(a + b*x))*(b*c*Cos[d + e*x]*Log[F] + e*Sin[d + e*x]))/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3}{2} e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2i(d+ex)-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} - \frac{2e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{e+ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{\frac{-bc\log(F) + ie}{3F^{ac}e^{-x(-bc\log(F)+ie)-id}} - \frac{F^{ac}e^{x(bc\log(F)+ie)+id}}{2(bc\log(F) + ie)}}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-3*E^((-I)*d - x*(I*e - b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(I*e - b*c*Log[F])) + (2*E^((-I)*d - I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])/e, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(I*e - b*c*Log[F]) - (E^(I*d + x*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex + d) \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sin(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

-1/2*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 23*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos
(e*x + d) + 3*(3*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 5*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin
(e*x + d) + ((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*
x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)
)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^
(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^
(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - (2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*
F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*
log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*lo
g(F)^3 - 23*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x))*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 2*((F^(a
*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) +
2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos
(2*e*x + 2*d) - 8*((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*lo
g(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4
+ 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d)*cos(e
*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 +
9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*cos(e*x + d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b
^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c
^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^5)*sin(3*e*x
+ 3*d)*sin(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sin(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.110 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 770 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 770 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 771 |
| Maple [F]                  | 772 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 772 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 773 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 773 |
| Giac [F]                   | 774 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 774 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 774 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d + ex) dx = -\frac{iF^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{2iF^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/ln(F)+2*I*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, -1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/b/c/ln(F)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d + ex) dx = \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)} \left(-1 + 2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)\right)}{bc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Tan[d + e*x], x]
```

output

```
(I*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(-1 + 2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1
- ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]))/(b*c*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$i \int \left( \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} - F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$i \left( -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Tan[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
I*(-(F^(c*(a + b*x)))/(b*c*Log[F])) + (2*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[
1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))
])/ (b*c*Log[F])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d + ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*integrate((F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)*log(F) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)*log(F) + F^(b*c*x)*b*c*log(F) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 4*e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)), x)/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 4*e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.111 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 775 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 775 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 776 |
| Maple [F]                  | 777 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 777 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 777 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 778 |
| Giac [F]                   | 778 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 779 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 779 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d + ex) dx = \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie + bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d + ex) dx = \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie + bc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x], x]
```



output

$$(2E^{I(d+ex)}F^{c(a+bx)}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/e, 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/e, -E^{(2*I)*(d+ex)}])/(I*e + b*c*\text{Log}[F])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(d+ex)F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$\frac{2e^{i(d+ex)}F^{c(a+bx)}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc\log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc\log(F) + ie}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)}*\text{Sec}[d+ex], x]$$

output

$$(2E^{I(d+ex)}F^{c(a+bx)}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, (e - I*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/e)/2, -E^{(2*I)*(d+ex)}])/(I*e + b*c*\text{Log}[F])$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))}*\text{Sec}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2^n * E^{I*n*(d+ex)} * (F^{c(a+bx)}) / (I*e*n + b*c*\text{Log}[F]) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(\text{Log}[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(\text{Log}[F]/(2*e)), -E^{2*I*(d+ex)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sec(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sec(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2*(F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) - F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*sin(e*x
+ d) + (F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) - F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*s
in(e*x + d))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*e^
3 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*
c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*e^3)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c
^2*e*log(F)^2 + F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*integrate((F^(b*c*x)*b*c*lo
g(F)*sin(e*x + d) + F^(b*c*x)*e*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(b*c*x)*b*c*log(F)*sin(e
*x + d) + F^(b*c*x)*e*cos(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 2*(F^(b*c*x)*b*c*lo
g(F)*sin(e*x + d) + F^(b*c*x)*e*cos(e*x + d))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(b*c*x
)*b*c*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) - F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(e*x + d))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - 2
*(F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) - F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(e*x + d))*sin(2*e*x
+ 2*d))/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 +
4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*s
in(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)*sin(2*e*x
+ 2*d) + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*
log(F)^2 + e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x +
4*d) + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)), x) + (F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*
c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) + F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*cos(e*x + d))*sin(2*e*x +
2*d))/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (
b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 ...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sec(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/cos(d + e*x), x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/cos(d + e*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d), x)`output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x), x)`

### 3.112 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 780 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 780 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)        | 781 |
| Maple [F]                  | 782 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 782 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 783 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 783 |
| Giac [F]                   | 784 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 784 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 784 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) dx = \frac{4e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)}$$

output `-4*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))/(2*e-I*b*c*ln(F))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) dx = \frac{2i F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) - \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \right)}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]*Sec[d + e*x], x]`

output

```
((2*I)*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 -
((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))] - Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*
I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(b*c*Lo
g[F])
```

**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{ie^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{id+iex}} - \frac{ie^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{id+iex}} - \frac{2ie^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2id+2iex}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2iF^{ac+bcx} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e} + 1, -e^{-2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} -$$

$$\frac{e^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -e^{i(d+ex)} \right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)} -$$

$$\frac{e^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{i(d+ex)} \right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]*Sec[d + e*x], x]
```

output 
$$\frac{((-2I)*F^{(a*c + b*c*x)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^{((-2I)*(d + e*x))}]/(b*c*Log[F]) - (E^{((2*I)*d + (2*I)*e*x)}*F^{(a*c + b*c*x)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^{(I*(d + e*x))}])/(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) - (E^{((2*I)*d + (2*I)*e*x)}*F^{(a*c + b*c*x)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^{(I*(d + e*x))}])/(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F])$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

rule 4974  $\text{Int}[(F\_)^{((c\_)*(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))}*(G\_)[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_)]^{(m\_)}*(H\_)[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[\text{ExpandTrigToExp}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))}, G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{TrigQ}[G] \ \&\& \ \text{TrigQ}[H]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex + d) \sec(ex + d) dx$$

input  $\text{int}(F^{(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)}, x)$

output  $\text{int}(F^{(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)}, x)$

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex + d) \sec(ex + d) dx$$

input  $\text{integrate}(F^{(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)}, x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"fricas"})$

output  $\text{integral}(F^{(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)*sec(e*x + d)}, x)$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*csc(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*(F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 4*F^(a*c)*e^3)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)) *integrate((F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)*log(F) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)*log(F) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(8*e*x + 8*d) - 2*(F^(b*c*x)*b*c*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)*log(F) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + (F^(b*c*x)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sin(8*e*x + 8*d) - 2*(F^(b*c*x)*b*c*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 2*F^(b*c*x)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d))/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(8*e*x + 8*d))^2 + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(8*e*x + 8*d)^2 - 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(8*e*x + 8*d)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*e^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2 - 2*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d))*cos(8*e*x + 8*d) - 4*(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + 4*e^2)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)), x) + (F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)*log(F) - 2*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*e*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d))/(b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + (b^2*c^2*log...`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)*sec(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.113 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 785 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 786 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 786 |
| Maple [F]                  | 787 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 788 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 788 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 788 |
| Giac [F]                   | 789 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 790 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 790 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \frac{2ie^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2bce^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(3e - ibc \log(F))} - \frac{2e^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{3ie + bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*b*c*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(3*e-I*b*c*ln(F))-2*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(3*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \left( 2iee^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc\log(F))}{e}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc\log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) + 2bce^{\frac{(d+ex)}{e}} \right)}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Sec[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```

-((F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*((2*I)*e*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))] + 2*b*c*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*Log[F] + F^((b*c*(d + e*x)/e))*Csc[d + e*x]*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))/(e*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4e^{3id+3ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{4i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4e^{3id+3ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{3id+3ie} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 3ie} - \frac{4e^{3id+3ie} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 3ie}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Sec[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-4*E^((3*I)*d + (3*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]/((3*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (4*E^((3*I)*d + (3*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/((3*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc^2(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)^2*sec(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)**2*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*csc(d + e*x)**2*sec(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc^2(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(128*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) + 16*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e
*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d) + 8*(16*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*
c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*
c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 +
25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^
2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) - 8*(16*F^(b*
c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*
F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*
log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2
*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 8
*((F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e
*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(
2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b
*c*x))*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 16*(8*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log
(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d)
)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4
+ (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*cos(6*e*x + 6*d)
^2 + (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*cos(4*e*x + 4*
d)^2 + (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*cos(2*e*x +
2*d)^2 + (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*sin(6*e...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)^2*sec(e*x + d), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc^2(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**2*sec(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.114 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 791 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 792 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 792 |
| Maple [F]                  | 794 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 794 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 794 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 795 |
| Giac [F]                   | 795 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 796 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 796 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \frac{2e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1-e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{2e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{4e - ibc \log(F)} + \frac{e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} (2e + ibc \log(F))}{e^2 (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \left(2 + \frac{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}{e^2}\right)}{4e - ibc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2+2*exp(4*I*(e*x+d))
)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e],
-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(4*e-I*b*c*ln(F))+exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(I*b*c
*ln(F)+2*e)/e^2/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hyperg
eom([1, 2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(2+b^
2*c^2*ln(F)^2/e^2)/(4*e-I*b*c*ln(F))
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( -2e^2 F^{c(a+b(\frac{d}{e}+x))} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right) (2e - ibc \log(F)) \right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^3*Sec[d + e*x],x]`

output

```
(-2*e^2*F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(4*e^3 - (2*I)*b*c*e^2*Log[F] + 2*b^2*c^2*e*Log[F]^2 - I*b^3*c^3*Log[F]^3) - b*c*Log[F]*((2*I)*e^2*E^(((d + e*x)*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*F^(a*c)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))] + F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F])*(e*Csc[d + e*x]^2 + b*c*Cot[d + e*x]*Log[F]) + I*E^(((d + e*x)*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*F^(a*c)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(2*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2))/(2*b*c*e^2*F^((b*c*d)/e)*Log[F]*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( -\frac{4ie^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{4i(d+ex)}} + \frac{4ie^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4iF^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e} + 1, e^{-4i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} +$$

$$\frac{4iF^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e} + 1, e^{-2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} +$$

$$\frac{8e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{4e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^3*Sec[d + e*x],x]`

output `((-4*I)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((-4*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) + ((4*I)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((-2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(4*e - I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)^3*sec(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)**3*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(128*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 40*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*
F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 128*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^
4 + 40*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*
x + 2*d)^2 + 192*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 56*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(
F)^2 - 512*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 384*(11*F^(a*c)*b^3*c
^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 256*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) -
128*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 32*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 768*F
^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x) + 16*(4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 100*F^(a*c)*b
^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 2304*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*(F(
a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 40*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*F^(a*c)*e
^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 100*F^(a*c)*b
^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 2304*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4
*d) - 40*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c
*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 8*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 32*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*
e^3*log(F)^2 - 768*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(8*e*x + 8*d) - 32*(4*(F^(a
c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 100*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 2304*F^(a*c)*e
^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 40*F^(a*c)
*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F
^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 100*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 2304*F^(a*c)*b
*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - 40*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)^3*sec(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex) \sin(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)*sin(d + e*x)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc^3(ex+d) \sec(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**3*sec(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.115 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d + ex) \tan^2(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 797 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 798 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 798 |
| Maple [F]                  | 799 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 800 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 800 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 800 |
| Giac [F]                   | 801 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 802 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 802 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d + ex) \tan^2(d + ex) dx = -\frac{2e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2bce^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(ie - bc \log(F))} + \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(e - ibc \log(F))} + \frac{5e^{-i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{2(e + ibc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/exp(I*(e*x+d))/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*b*c*F^(c*(b*x+a))
*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(-e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], -exp(2*I*(e
*x+d))*ln(F)/e/exp(I*(e*x+d))/(I*e-b*c*ln(F))+exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a)
)/(2*e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))+5/2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/exp(I*(e*x+d))/(e+I*b*c*ln(F))
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \left(4ibce^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} \cos(d+ex) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)\right)}{2e(e-ibc \log(F))(e+ibc \log(F)) \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(d+ex)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(d+ex)\right)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output  $(F^{c(a - (b*d)/e)}) * ((4*I)*b*c*E^{((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e} * \cos[d + e*x] * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^{((2*I)*(d + e*x))} * \log[F] * (e + I*b*c*Log[F]) + F^{(b*c*(d + e*x))/e} * (3*e^2 + e^2*\cos[2*(d + e*x)] + 2*b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 - b*c*e*Log[F]*\sin[2*(d + e*x)])]) / (2*e*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])*(\cos[(d + e*x)/2] - \sin[(d + e*x)/2])*(\cos[(d + e*x)/2] + \sin[(d + e*x)/2]))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{5}{2} i e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{1}{2} i e^{2i(d+ex)-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} + \frac{6ie^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4ie^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{6e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{e+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e + ibc \log(F)} +$$

$$\frac{4e^{-id-idx} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{e+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e + ibc \log(F)} +$$

$$\frac{F^{ac} e^{x(bc \log(F)+ie)+id}}{2(e - ibc \log(F))} + \frac{5F^{ac} e^{-x(-bc \log(F)+ie)-id}}{2(e + ibc \log(F))}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(E^(I*d + x*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])) + (5*E^((-I)*d - x*(I*e - b*c*Log[F]))*F^(a*c))/(2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])) - (6*E^((-I)*d - I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])/e, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(e + I*b*c*Log[F]) + (4*E^((-I)*d - I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -1/2*(e + I*b*c*Log[F])/e, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(e + I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sin(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`



output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d) \tan^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sin(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d)^2, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x)**2, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d) \tan^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*(3*(11*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 234*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 +
75*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 254*
F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 705*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e
*x + d) + ((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 +
225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)
^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*
x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 +
225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*
F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5
*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^
3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*
c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F)
))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) + (7*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)
^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*
x + 4*d) - (25*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 562*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)
^2 - 1575*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log
(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b
*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 2*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e
^2*log(F)^3 - 575*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(
11*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 234*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 75*F...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sin(ex+d) \tan^2(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sin(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sin(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.116 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 803 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 804 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 804 |
| Maple [F]                  | 805 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 806 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 806 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 806 |
| Giac [F]                   | 807 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 808 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 808 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2iF^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2iF^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e} - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*I*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, -
1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/e-F^(c*(b*x+a)
)/b/c/ln(F)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{2i}{e + ee^{2id}} - \frac{2i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e} - \frac{1}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{\sec(d) \sec(d+ex) \sin(ex)}{e} \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Tan[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `F^(c*(a + b*x))*((2*I)/(e + e*E^((2*I)*d)) - ((2*I)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/e - 1/(b*c*Log[F]) + (Sec[d]*Sec[d + e*x]*Sin[e*x])/e`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$- \int \left( -\frac{4F^{c(a+bx)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} + \frac{4F^{c(a+bx)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{4F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Tan[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `-(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(b*c*Log[F])) + (4*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(b*c*Log[F]) - (4*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-((F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)
*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 12*F^(a
*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 - 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 +
(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e
^4)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 12*F^(a*c
)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 - 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 16
*(11*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x +
2*d) + 8*(5*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e*log(F)^3 - 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^3*log(F))*F^(b*c
*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 - 76*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*
log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x) + 2*(8*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2
+ 16*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e*log(F)
^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^3*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^4*
c^4*log(F)^4 - 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^4)*F^(b*c*x)
)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 16*(F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e
^3*log(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^5*log(F)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^
6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^3*log(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^5*log(F)^2)*cos
(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^3*1
og(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^5*log(F)^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b
^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^3*log(F)^4 + 64*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e
^5*log(F)^2)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^6*c^6*e*log(F)^6 + 20*F...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2, x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.117 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 809 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 809 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 810 |
| Maple [F]                  | 811 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 811 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 812 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 812 |
| Giac [F]                   | 813 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 813 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 813 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2bce^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(ie+bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
2*exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*b*c*exp(I*(e*x+d))
*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e
], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \frac{2bce^{i(d+ex)} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(ie+bc \log(F))} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} \sec(d+ex)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-2*b*c*E^(I*(d + e*x))*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))*Log[F]]/(e*(I*e + b*c*Log[F])) + (F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Sec[d + e*x])/e`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{id+ieix} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{2ie^{id+ieix} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{id+ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{e - ibc \log(F)} - \frac{2e^{id+ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x],x]`

output `(-2*E^(I*d + I*e*x))*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (4*E^(I*d + I*e*x))*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(e - I*b*c*Log[F])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(H_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sec(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*((7*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 15*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d) - ((F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - (7*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 15*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - (2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 2*((7*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 9*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 - 15*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 8*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 10*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 9*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sec(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex)}{\cos(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.118 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 814 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 814 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 815 |
| Maple [F]                  | 816 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 816 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 816 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 817 |
| Giac [F]                   | 817 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 818 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 818 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{4e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{2ie + bc \log(F)}$$

```
output 4*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([2, 1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(2*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{4e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{2ie + bc \log(F)}$$

```
input Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$(4E^{((2I)*(d + e*x))*F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^{((2I)*(d + e*x))}]/((2I)*e + b*c*Log[F])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.056$ , Rules used = {4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$\frac{4e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 2ie}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^2, x]$$

output

$$(4E^{((2I)*(d + e*x))*F^{(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^{((2I)*(d + e*x))}]/((2I)*e + b*c*Log[F])$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951

$$\text{Int}[(F_)^{((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))} * \text{Sec}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2^n * E^{(I*n*(d + e*x))} * (F^{(c*(a + b*x)}) / (I*e*n + b*c*Log[F])) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^{(2*I*(d + e*x))}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]$$



**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sec(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
4*(24*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 16*
F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*
log(F)^3 + 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a
*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*
d) - 2*(5*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x
+ 2*d) + (24*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3
+ 16*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*
c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 16*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4
*d) - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64
*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3
*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(a*c)
*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5
*log(F))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3
*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 4*(F^(
a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c
*e^5*log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(
F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c
*e^5*log(F))*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(
F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 20*F^(a
*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/cos(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/cos(d + e*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.119 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 819 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 820 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 820 |
| Maple [F]                  | 821 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 822 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 822 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 822 |
| Giac [F]                   | 823 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 824 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 824 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = -\frac{2e^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2e^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{3e - ibc \log(F)} + \frac{2bce^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(3ie + bc \log(F))}$$

```
output -2*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))
)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/
e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(3*e-I*b*c*ln(F))+2*b*c*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a)
)*hypergeom([1, 3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e
*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(3*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \left(-2ee^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc\log(F))}{e}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc\log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) + 2ibce^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc\log(F))}{e}}\right)}{e(e-ibc\log(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*(-2*e*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))] + (2*I)*b*c*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*Log[F] + F^((b*c*(d + e*x))/e)*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*Sec[d + e*x])/ (e*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{3id+3ieix} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{4i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4ie^{3id+3ieix} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4e^{3id+3iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{3e - ibc \log(F)}$$

$$\frac{4e^{3id+3iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{3e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(-4*E^((3*I)*d + (3*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]/(3*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) - (4*E^((3*I)*d + (3*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(3*e - I*b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*csc(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(128*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) - 16*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e
*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - 8*(16*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*
c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c
)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(
a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*
b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) - 8*(16*F^(b*
c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 +
25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^
2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 2
5*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 8
*(3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*
d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(
2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x))*
cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 16*(8*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) - (
F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d))*cos(2
*e*x + 2*d) - (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4 + (b^4
*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*cos(6*e*x + 6*d)^2 + (b
^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 +
(b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2
+ (b^4*c^4*log(F)^4 + 34*b^2*c^2*e^2*log(F)^2 + 225*e^4)*sin(6*e*x + 6*...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^2 \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.120 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 825 |
| Mathematica [B] (verified) | 825 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)        | 826 |
| Maple [F]                  | 828 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 828 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 829 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 829 |
| Giac [F]                   | 830 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 831 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 831 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{16e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{4}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(8 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{4ie + bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-16*exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([2, 1-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))/(4*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{2F^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( -bce^{\frac{(d+ex)(4ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} F^{ac} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, e^{4i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F) - F \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(2*(-(b*c*E^(((d + e*x)*((4*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*F^(a*c)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]*Log[F]) - F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Cot[2*(d + e*x)]*(4*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) - I*F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/4*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]*(4*e - I*b*c*Log[F]))/(e*F^((b*c*d)/e)*(4*e - I*b*c*Log[F]))`

### Rubi [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 470 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.73, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^2(d + ex) \sec^2(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( \frac{3e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{id+iex}} - \frac{3e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{id+iex}} - \frac{4e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2id+2iex}} - \frac{e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{id+iex})^2} - \frac{e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{id+iex})^2} - \frac{4e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{id+iex})^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e} + 1, -e^{-2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} \\
& - \frac{4e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 4ie} \\
& - \frac{3e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 4ie} \\
& - \frac{3e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 4ie} \\
& - \frac{e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 4ie} \\
& - \frac{e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 4ie}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int [F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(-4*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((-2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) - (4*E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/((4*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (3*E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^(I*(d + e*x))]/((4*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (3*E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^(I*(d + e*x))]/((4*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^(I*(d + e*x))]/((4*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^(I*(d + e*x))]/((4*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)^2*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)**2*sec(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc^2(ex+d) \sec^2(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

16*(96*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 64
*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3
*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - (F^(
a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 256*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x +
4*d) + 4*(5*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 64*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e
*x + 4*d) + (96*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)
^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^
2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 64*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d))*cos(8*e*x +
8*d) + 8*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 +
1024*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^3
*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(8*e*x + 8*d)^2 + 4*(F
^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024*F^(a*c)
*b*c*e^5*log(F))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(
a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(8*e*x + 8*d)^
2 - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024
*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))*sin(8*e*x + 8*d)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 4*(F^(a*c)*b^
5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*
log(F))*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^
3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*lo
g(F)^5 + 80*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3 + 1024*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F))...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc^2(ex+d) \sec^2(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)^2*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^2 \sin(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc^2(ex+d) \sec^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**2*sec(d + e*x)**2,x)`



### 3.121 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 832 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 833 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 833 |
| Maple [F]                  | 835 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 835 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 835 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 836 |
| Giac [F]                   | 836 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 837 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 837 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 327

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \frac{4e^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1-e^{2i(d+ex)})^2(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2bce^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(5ie + bc \log(F))} - \frac{e^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) (3e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}{e^2(5e - ibc \log(F))} + \frac{e^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} (3e + ibc \log(F) + e^{2i(d+ex)}(e + ibc \log(F)))}{e^2(1 - e^{4i(d+ex)})}$$

output

```
4*exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-2*b*c*exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [7/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(5*I*e+b*c*ln(F))-exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [7/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(3*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)/e^2/(5*e-I*b*c*ln(F))+exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(3*e+I*b*c*ln(F)+exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*(e+I*b*c*ln(F)))/e^2/(1-exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx =$$

$$F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \csc^2(d+ex) \left(-8ibcee^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc\log(F))}{e}} \cos(d+ex) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^3*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `-((F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*((-8*I)*b*c*e*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*Cos[d + e*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*Log[F] + 4*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*Cos[d + e*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(3*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + F^((b*c*(d + e*x))/e)*Csc[d + e*x]^2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*(-e + 3*e*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + b*c*Log[F]*Sin[2*(d + e*x)])))/(e^2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*(Csc[(d + e*x)/2] - Sec[(d + e*x)/2])*(Csc[(d + e*x)/2] + Sec[(d + e*x)/2])))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{12ie^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{4i(d+ex)}} + \frac{8ie^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{4ie^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{12e^{5id+5ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(9 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{5e - ibc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{4e^{5id+5ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{5e - ibc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{8e^{5id+5ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{5e - ibc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{8e^{5id+5ieix} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{5e - ibc \log(F)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^3*Sec[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(12*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, (9 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]/(5*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (4*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(5*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(5*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(5*e - I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)^3*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)**3*sec(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(64*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 22*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 103
95*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - 1536*(3*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)
)^3 + 131*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d) - 32*(5*(F^(a*c)*
b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 3969*F^(a*c)*e^5)*
F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 46*F^(a*c)*b^
2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 2835*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 2*(5*F^
^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 22*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 10395*F^(a*c
)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^
3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 3969*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5*e*x + 5*d
) - 24*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 81*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x
)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - 48*(3*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 131*F^(a*c)*b*c
*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d)*cos(10*e*x + 10*d) + 32*(5*(F^(a*c)*b
^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 3969*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F
^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 46*F^(a*c)*b^2
*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 2835*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 2*(5*F^
(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 22*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 10395*F^(a*c
)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^3
*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 3969*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5*e*x + 5*d
) - 24*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 81*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x
)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - 48*(3*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 131*F^(a*c)*b...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)^3*sec(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^2 \sin(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^2*sin(d + e*x)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc^3(ex+d) \sec^2(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**3*sec(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.122 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 838 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 839 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 839 |
| Maple [F]                  | 840 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 841 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 841 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 841 |
| Giac [F]                   | 842 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 843 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 843 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx = -\frac{2F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{iF^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}(2e - ibc \log(F))}{e^2(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})}$$

$$- iF^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \left(\frac{2}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{bc \log(F)}{e^2}\right)$$

output

```
-2*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2+I*F^(c*(b*x+a))/b/c/ln(F)+F^(c*(
b*x+a))*(2*e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-I*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hyperge
om([1, -1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(2/b/c
/ln(F)-b*c*ln(F)/e^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \left( 2ie^2 - ib^2c^2 \log^2(F) - 2i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -\cos(2(d+ex)) - i \right) \right)}{2bce^2 \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Tan[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a + b*x))*((2*I)*e^2 - I*b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 - (2*I)*Hypergeometric2F1
[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[2*(d + e*x)] -
I*Sin[2*(d + e*x]])*(2*e^2 - b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + b*c*e*Log[F]*Sec[d + e*x
]^2 - b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2*Sec[d]*Sec[d + e*x]*Sin[e*x] - b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2*Tan
[d]))/(2*b*c*e^2*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4942$$

$$-i \int \left( \frac{6F^{c(a+bx)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} - \frac{12F^{c(a+bx)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{8F^{c(a+bx)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} - F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$



$$-i \left( \frac{6F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} - \frac{12F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} \right)$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Tan[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output `(-I)*(-(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(b*c*Log[F])) + (6*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) - (12*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) + (8*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F])))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4942 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \tan(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

2*(18*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*
F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 54*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4
+ 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x
+ 2*d)^2 + 18*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^
2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 54*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*
log(F)^4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*si
n(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 18*(3*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 212*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*
e^3*log(F)^2 + 640*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^
5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 268*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 1216*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log
(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 24*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 46*F^
(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 88*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x) + 3*(2*(F^(a*c)*b^4
*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*
c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 6*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2
*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5
*c^5*log(F)^5 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 576*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(
F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 36*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 36*F^
(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 8*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log
(F)^4 - 46*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 88*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(6
*e*x + 6*d) - 3*(12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 16*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log
(F)^2 - 720*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \tan(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.123 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 844 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 845 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 845 |
| Maple [F]                  | 846 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 847 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 847 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 847 |
| Giac [F]                   | 848 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 849 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 849 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ie^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} (ie + bc \log(F))}{e^2(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})}$$

$$= \frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) (e - bc \log(F))(e + bc \log(F))}{e^2(ie + bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
2*I*exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2-exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(I*e+b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))-exp(I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(e-b*c*ln(F))*(e+b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \left(2ie^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) (e^2 - b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))\right)}{2e^2(e - ibc \log(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*((2*I)*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(e^2 - b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) + F^((b*c*(d + e*x))/e)*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*Sec[d + e*x]*(-(b*c*Log[F]) + e*Tan[d + e*x])))/(2*e^2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} + \frac{8e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8e^{id+ie x} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e^{id+ie} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + ie} +$$

$$\frac{8e^{id+ie} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + ie} -$$

$$\frac{8e^{id+ie} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + ie}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x]^2,x]`

output `(-2*E^(I*d + I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(I*e + b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^(I*d + I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(I*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (8*E^(I*d + I*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sec(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d)^2, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^2(d+ex) \sec(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)**2*sec(d + e*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

-2*((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 158*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 417*F^(
a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (23*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)
^4 - 418*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 135*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x
+ d) + ((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225
*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log
(F)^5 + 14*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 - 275*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(
b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 158*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3
*e^2*log(F)^3 + 417*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - (F^(a
*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5
)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5*e*x + 5*d) + 12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 24*F^(a*c)
*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 25*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - (23*F
^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 418*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 135*F^(a*c)
*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) + (3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)
)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c
*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^
2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F
^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*
e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 34*F^(a
c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 225*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F
^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 225*F^(a*c)...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sec(e*x + d)*tan(e*x + d)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex)^2}{\cos(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)^2)/cos(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)^2)/cos(d + e*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) \tan^2(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d) \tan(ex+d)^2 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)*tan(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)*tan(d + e*x)**2,x)`

### 3.124 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 850 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 850 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 851 |
| Maple [F]                  | 852 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 852 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 853 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 853 |
| Giac [F]                   | 854 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 854 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 854 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \frac{2e^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{2bce^{2i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(2ie + bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2-2*b*c*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([2, 1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(2*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = F^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( -b^2 c^2 e^{\frac{(d+ex)(2ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} F^{ac} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log^2(F) \right)$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^2*Tan[d + e*x],x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -(b^2 c^2 E^{((d + e x) * ((2 I) e + b c \operatorname{Log}[F])) / e}) * F^{(a c)} * \operatorname{Hypergeometric} 2 F 1 \left[ 1, 1 - \left( \frac{I}{2} \right) * b c \operatorname{Log}[F] / e, 2 - \left( \frac{I}{2} \right) * b c \operatorname{Log}[F] / e, -E^{((2 I) * (d + e x))} \right] * \operatorname{Log}[F]^2 + b c * F^{(c * (a + b * (d / e + x)))} * \operatorname{Hypergeometric} 2 F 1 \left[ 1, \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) * I * b c \operatorname{Log}[F] / e, 1 - \left( \frac{I}{2} \right) * b c \operatorname{Log}[F] / e, -E^{((2 I) * (d + e x))} \right] * \operatorname{Log}[F] * \left( (2 I) e + b c \operatorname{Log}[F] \right) + F^{(c * (a + b * (d / e + x)))} * (2 e - I * b c \operatorname{Log}[F]) * (e * \operatorname{Sec}[d + e x]^2 - b c \operatorname{Log}[F] * \operatorname{Tan}[d + e x]) \right) / (2 e^2 * F^{(b c d / e)} * (2 e - I * b c \operatorname{Log}[F])) \end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \tan(d + ex) \sec^2(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4974 \\ & \int \left( \frac{8ie^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} - \frac{4ie^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{8e^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric} 2 F 1 \left( 3, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)} \\ & \frac{4e^{2id+2iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric} 2 F 1 \left( 2, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{2e - ibc \log(F)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^2*Tan[d + e*x],x]`

output

```
(-4*E^((2*I)*d + (2*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (8*E^((2*I)*d + (2*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (2 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 4974

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sec(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x)
```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sec(e*x + d)^2*tan(e*x + d), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) \sec^2(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)**2*tan(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*(6*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 6*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 164*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 6*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d)^2 - 6*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 164*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*(13*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 956*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 - 428*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 576*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 44*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2)*F^(b*c*x) + (2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 2*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 164*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 576*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 52*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 576*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 4*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 - 1152*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 44*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) - 2*(12*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 28*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 288*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 3*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*1...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sec(e*x + d)^2*tan(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex)}{\cos(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((F^(c*(a + b*x))*tan(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^2(d+ex) \tan(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d)^2 \tan(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^2*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**2*tan(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.125 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 855 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 855 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 856 |
| Maple [F]                  | 857 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 857 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 858 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 858 |
| Giac [F]                   | 859 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 859 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 859 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{8e^{3i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{3ie + bc \log(F)}$$

output `8*exp(3*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([3, 3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(3*I*e+b*c*ln(F))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \left(2e^{i(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) (-ie + bc \log(F)) + \sec(d+ex)\right)}{2e^2}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]`



output

```
(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(2*E^(I*(d + e*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*((-I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) + Sec[d + e*x]*(-(b*c*Log[F]) + e*Tan[d + e*x])))/(2*e^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {4948, 4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4948$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}{e^2} + 1 \right) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d + ex) dx - \frac{bc \log(F) \sec(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2e^2} + \frac{\tan(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow 4951$$

$$\frac{e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}{e^2} + 1 \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, \frac{e - ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{\frac{bc \log(F) \sec(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2e^2} + \frac{\tan(d + ex) \sec(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{2e}}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(E^(I*(d + e*x))*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(1 + (b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)/e^2))/(I*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (b*c*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Log[F]*Sec[d + e*x])/(2*e^2) + (F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*e)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 4948

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-b)*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2)/(e^2*(n - 1)
  *(n - 2))), x] + (Simp[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 1)*(Sin[d + e*x]/(
  e*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[(e^2*(n - 2)^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)/(e^2*(n - 1)*(n -
  2)) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{F, a, b,
  c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 + e^2*(n - 2)^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && N
  eQ[n, 2]
```

rule 4951

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F])*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sec(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `8*(48*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) + 6*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d) + (48*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 5*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) + 6*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) + 3*(48*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 3*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) + 6*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) + (3*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 9*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 25*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 25*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x))*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) + 18*(8*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) + (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 15*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 6*(F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*cos(d)*log(F)^5 - F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^2*log(F)^4*sin(d) + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*cos(d)*log(F)^3 - 34*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^4*log(F)^2*sin(d) + 225*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*cos(d)*log(F) - 225*F^(a*c)*e^6*sin(d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*cos(d)*log(F)^5 - F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^2*log(F)^4*sin(d) + 34*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*cos(d)*log(F)^3 - 34*F^(a*c)*b...`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \sec^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos^3(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/cos(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/cos(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec^3(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.126 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d + ex) \sec^3(d + ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 860 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 861 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 861 |
| Maple [F]                  | 863 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 863 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 863 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 864 |
| Giac [F]                   | 864 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 865 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 865 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d + ex) \sec^3(d + ex) dx = -\frac{2e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{2e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{4e - ibc \log(F)} - \frac{e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} (2e + ibc \log(F))}{e^2 (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})} + \frac{e^{4i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \left(2 + \frac{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}{e^2}\right)}{4e - ibc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-2*exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2-2*exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(4*e-I*b*c*ln(F))-exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(I*b*c*ln(F)+2*e)/e^2/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))+exp(4*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2/e^2)/(4*e-I*b*c*ln(F))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{-\frac{bcd}{e}} \left( -2ie^2 F^{c(a+b(\frac{d}{e}+x))} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)} \right) (2e - ibc \log(F)) + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((-2*I)*e^2*F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*((4*I)*e^3 + 2*b*c*e^2*Log[F] + (2*I)*b^2*c^2*e*Log[F]^2 + b^3*c^3*Log[F]^3) - b*c*Log[F]*(2*e^2*E^((d + e*x)*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*F^(a*c)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))] + E^(((d + e*x)*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*F^(a*c)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(2*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) - F^(c*(a + b*(d/e + x)))*(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F])*(e*Sec[d + e*x]^2 - b*c*Log[F]*Tan[d + e*x]))/(2*b*c*e^2*F^((b*c*d)/e)*Log[F]*(2*e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 4974

$$\int \left( \frac{4ie^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{4i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4ie^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8ie^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4iF^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e} + 1, e^{-4i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} -$$

$$\frac{4iF^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e} + 1, -e^{-2i(d+ex)} \right)}{bc \log(F)} -$$

$$\frac{8e^{4id+4iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 3, \frac{1}{2} \left( 4 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left( 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right), -e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)}{4e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output `((4*I)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((-4*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) - ((4*I)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((-2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) - (8*E^((4*I)*d + (4*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (4 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(4*e - I*b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(ax+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(128*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 40*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536
*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 128*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)
^4 + 40*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e
*x + 2*d)^2 - 192*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 56*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log
(F)^2 - 512*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - 384*(11*F^(a*c)*b^3*c
^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 256*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d)
- 128*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 32*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 768*
F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x) + 16*(4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 100*F^(a*c)*b
^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 2304*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 4*(F
(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 40*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*F^(a*c)*
e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 100*F^(a*c)*
b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 2304*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x +
4*d) + 40*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 64*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*
c*x)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) + 8*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 32*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2
*e^3*log(F)^2 - 768*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(8*e*x + 8*d) + 32*(4*(F^(a
*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 100*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 2304*F^(a*c)*e
^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 4*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 40*F^(a*c
)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 1536*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (F
^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 100*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 2304*F^(a*c)*
b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) + 40*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*lo...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(ax+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^3 \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d) \sec(ex+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)*sec(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.127 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 866 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 867 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 867 |
| Maple [F]                  | 869 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 869 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 869 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 870 |
| Giac [F]                   | 870 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 871 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 871 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = -\frac{2ie^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{8ie^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}}{e(1-e^{2i(d+ex)})(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} + \frac{e^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)}(ie-bc \log(F))}{e^2(1+e^{2i(d+ex)})} - \frac{2bce^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F)}{e(5e-ibc \log(F))} + \frac{e^{5i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) (3e^2 + b^2c^2 \log(F))}{e^2(5ie+bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-2*I*exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2+8*I*exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))/e/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2+exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(I*e-b*c*ln(F))/e^2/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^2+b*c*exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [7/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/e/(5*e-I*b*c*ln(F))+exp(5*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 5/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [7/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(3*e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)/e^2/(5*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx =$$

$$F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}(d+ex)\right) \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(d+ex)\right) \left(8bcee^{\frac{(d+ex)(ie+bc\log(F))}{e}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc\log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2}, \dots\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*Csc[(d + e*x)/2]*Sec[(d + e*x)/2]*(8*b*c*e*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*Log[F]*Sin[d + e*x] + (4*I)*E^(((d + e*x)*(I*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), 3/2 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(3*e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)*Sin[d + e*x] + F^((b*c*(d + e*x))/e)*(e - I*b*c*Log[F])*Sec[d + e*x]^2*(e + 3*e*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + b*c*Log[F]*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]))/e^2*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( \frac{12e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{-1 + e^{4i(d+ex)}} - \frac{4e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^2} - \frac{8e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{12e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{4}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(9 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 5ie}$$

$$\frac{8e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 5ie}$$

$$\frac{4e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 5ie}$$

$$\frac{8e^{5id+5iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F) + 5ie}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^2*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]`

output `(-12*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, (9 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/4, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]/((5*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (8*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/((5*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (4*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/((5*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]) - (8*E^((5*I)*d + (5*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (5 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/((5*I)*e + b*c*Log[F])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)^2*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)**2*sec(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(1536*(3*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 131*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) + 64*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 22*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 10395*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d) - 32*((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 3969*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) + 24*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 81*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 48*(3*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 131*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - 5*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 3969*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 46*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 2835*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - 2*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 22*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 10395*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(e*x + d))*cos(10*e*x + 10*d) - 32*((F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*log(F)^5 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 3969*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(5*e*x + 5*d) + 24*(F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 81*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(3*e*x + 3*d) - 48*(3*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^2*log(F)^3 + 131*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^4*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*cos(e*x + d) - 5*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 130*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 + 3969*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(5*e*x + 5*d) + 2*(F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 + 46*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 2835*F^(a*c)*e^5)*F^(b*c*x)*sin(3*e*x + 3*d) - 2*(5*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e*log(F)^4 - 22*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^3*log(F)^2 - 10395...
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)^2*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^3 \sin(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^2(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d)^2 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^2*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**2*sec(d + e*x)**3,x)`



### 3.128 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 872 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 872 |
| Rubi [B] (verified)        | 873 |
| Maple [F]                  | 875 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 876 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 876 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 876 |
| Giac [F]                   | 877 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 878 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 878 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{64e^{6i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{4}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(10 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{6e - ibc \log(F)}$$

```
output 64*exp(6*I*(e*x+d))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([3, 3/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [5/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))/(6*e-I*b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \frac{F^{c\left(a-\frac{bd}{e}\right)} \left(4e^{\frac{(d+ex)(2ie+bc \log(F))}{e}} \cot(d+ex) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)\right)}{2e^2}$$

```
input Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^3*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/2*(F^(c*(a - (b*d)/e))*(4*E^(((d + e*x)*((2*I)*e + b*c*Log[F]))/e)*Cot[
d + e*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/2 - ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3/2 - ((I/4)*b*c
*Log[F])/e, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]*(2*e + I*b*c*Log[F]) + F^((b*c*(d + e*x))
/e)*Csc[d + e*x]^2*(2*e*Cot[2*(d + e*x)] + b*c*Log[F])*Tan[d + e*x])/e^2

```

### Rubi [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 732 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.82, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \csc^3(d + ex) \sec^3(d + ex) F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4974$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{21ie^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{2(-1 + e^{id+ieix})} + \frac{21ie^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{2(1 + e^{id+ieix})} + \frac{12ie^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{1 + e^{2id+2ieix}} + \frac{9ie^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{2(-1 + e^{id+ieix})^2} + \frac{9ie^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx}}{2(1 + e^{id+ieix})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{8iF^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e} + 1, -e^{-2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{12e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(8 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{6e - ibc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{21e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{2(6e - ibc \log(F))} + \\
& \frac{21e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{2(6e - ibc \log(F))} + \\
& \frac{12e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(8 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{6e - ibc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{9e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{2(6e - ibc \log(F))} + \\
& \frac{9e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{2(6e - ibc \log(F))} + \\
& \frac{e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{6e - ibc \log(F)} + \\
& \frac{e^{6id+6iex} F^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 7 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{i(d+ex)}\right)}{6e - ibc \log(F)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d + e*x]^3*Sec[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```

((8*I)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 + ((I/
2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((-2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(b*c*Log[F]) + (12*E^((6*I)*d +
(6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2,
(8 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]/(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (2
1*E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 6 - (I*b*c*
Log[F])/e, 7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^(I*(d + e*x))]/(2*(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F]
)) + (21*E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 6 -
(I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^(I*(d + e*x))]/(2*(6*e - I*b*c*
Log[F])) + (12*E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2
, (6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, (8 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)
)]/(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (9*E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hyper
geometric2F1[2, 6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^(I*(d + e*x)
)]]/(2*(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F])) + (9*E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)
*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^(I*(d
+ e*x))]/(2*(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F])) + (E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c
*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^(I
*(d + e*x))]/(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F]) + (E^((6*I)*d + (6*I)*e*x)*F^(a*c + b*c
*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 6 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^(I*
(d + e*x))]/(6*e - I*b*c*Log[F])

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 4974

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(H_)[(
d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)),
G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[
m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(F^(b*c*x + a*c)*csc(e*x + d)^3*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)**3*sec(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc(ex+d)^3 \sec(ex+d)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

64*(192*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - 12*(F^(a*c)*b^
2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 60*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - (192*F^(b*
c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - 6*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)
^2 + 100*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) - 12*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*l
og(F)^2 - 60*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*lo
g(F)^3 + 100*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(6*e*x + 6*d))*cos(12*e*
x + 12*d) + 3*(192*F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - 6*(
F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 100*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) -
12*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 60*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*
d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 100*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin
(6*e*x + 6*d))*cos(8*e*x + 8*d) + 3*(6*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 + 100*F
^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*log(F)^3 + 100*F
^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F))*F^(b*c*x)*sin(4*e*x + 4*d) - 2*(F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*l
og(F)^2 + 100*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x))*cos(6*e*x + 6*d) - 36*(16*F^(b*c*x)*
F^(a*c)*b*c*e^2*log(F)*sin(2*e*x + 2*d) - (F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e*log(F)^2 - 60
*F^(a*c)*e^3)*F^(b*c*x)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*cos(4*e*x + 4*d) - 12*(F^(a*c)*b
^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5*sin(2*d) + 2*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^2*cos(2*d)*log(F)^4 + 136
*F^(a*c)*b^3*c^3*e^3*log(F)^3*sin(2*d) + 272*F^(a*c)*b^2*c^2*e^4*cos(2*d)*
log(F)^2 + 3600*F^(a*c)*b*c*e^5*log(F)*sin(2*d) + 7200*F^(a*c)*e^6*cos(2*d)
) + (F^(a*c)*b^5*c^5*e*log(F)^5*sin(2*d) + 2*F^(a*c)*b^4*c^4*e^2*cos(2*...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int F^{(bx+a)c} \csc^3(ex+d) \sec^3(ex+d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(F^((b*x + a)*c)*csc(e*x + d)^3*sec(e*x + d)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = \int \frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{\cos(d+ex)^3 \sin(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(cos(d + e*x)^3*sin(d + e*x)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^3(d+ex) \sec^3(d+ex) dx = f^{ac} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc^3(ex+d) \sec^3(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*csc(e*x+d)^3*sec(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `f**(a*c)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**3*sec(d + e*x)**3,x)`

### 3.129 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 879 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 879 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 880 |
| Maple [C] (verified)                      | 881 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 881 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 882 |
| Maxima [F(-2)]                            | 883 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 884 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 885 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 885 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{f F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} (e \cos(d+ex) - bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex))}{(e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)) \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
-f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*cos(e*x+d)-b*c*ln(F)*sin(e*x+d))/
(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)/(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (-e \cot(d+ex) + bc \log(F)) \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)}}{e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sin[d + e*x]],x]
```



output

$$(F^{c(a+bx)}) * (- (e * \cot[d+ex]) + b * c * \log[F]) * \sqrt{f * \sin[d+ex]} * \sqrt{g * \sin[d+ex]} / (e^2 + b^2 * c^2 * \log[F]^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {2031, 4932}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin(d+ex) dx}{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4932$$

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} \left( \frac{bc \log(F) \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} - \frac{e \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)} * \sqrt{f * \sin[d+ex]} * \sqrt{g * \sin[d+ex]}, x]$$

output

$$(f * \sqrt{g * \sin[d+ex]} * (- ((e * F^{c(a+bx)}) * \cos[d+ex]) / (e^2 + b^2 * c^2 * \log[F]^2)) + (b * c * F^{c(a+bx)} * \log[F] * \sin[d+ex]) / (e^2 + b^2 * c^2 * \log[F]^2))) / \sqrt{f * \sin[d+ex]}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 4932

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] - Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sin(ex+d)} e^{2i(ex+d)} F^{c(bx+a)}}{(e^{2i(ex+d)} - 1)(ie + bc \ln(F))} - \frac{\sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sin(ex+d)} F^{c(bx+a)}}{(e^{2i(ex+d)} - 1)(bc \ln(F) - ie)}$ | 122  |

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(exp(2*I*(e*x+d))-1)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*exp(2*I*(e*
x+d))/(I*e+b*c*ln(F))*F^(c*(b*x+a))-(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(exp(2*I*(e*x+d))
-1)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(b*c*ln(F)-I*e)*F^(c*(b*x+a))
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bc \log(F) \sin(ex+d) - e \cos(ex+d)) \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sin(ex+d)} F^{bcx+ac}}{(b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 + e^2) \sin(ex+d)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c*log(F)*sin(e*x + d) - e*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sin  
(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/((b^2*c^2*log(F)^2 + e^2)*sin(e*x + d))`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.92

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{F^{ac-\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)}}{2} - \frac{i F^{ac-\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} \cos(d+ex)}{2 \sin(d+ex)} - \frac{i F^{ac-\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)}}{2e} \\ \frac{F^{ac+\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)}}{2} + \frac{i F^{ac+\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} \cos(d+ex)}{2 \sin(d+ex)} - \frac{F^{ac+\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)}}{2e \sin(d+ex)} \\ 0 \\ \frac{F^{ac+bcx} b c \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} \log(F) \sin(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 \sin(d+ex) + e^2 \sin(d+ex)} - \frac{F^{ac+bcx} e \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} \cos(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 \sin(d+ex) + e^2 \sin(d+ex)} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))/2 - I*F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))*cos(d + e*x)/(2*sin(d + e*x)) - I*F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))/(2*e) - F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))*cos(d + e*x)/(e*sin(d + e*x)), Eq(b, -I*e/(c*log(F)))), (F**(a*c + I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))/2 + I*F**(a*c + I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))*cos(d + e*x)/(2*sin(d + e*x)) - F**(a*c + I*e*x/log(F))*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))*cos(d + e*x)/(2*e*sin(d + e*x)), Eq(b, I*e/(c*log(F)))), (0, Eq(d, -e*x) | Eq(d, -e*x + pi)), (F**(a*c + b*c*x)*b*c*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))*log(F)*sin(d + e*x)/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2*sin(d + e*x) + e**2*sin(d + e*x)) - F**(a*c + b*c*x)*e*sqrt(f*sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sin(d + e*x))*cos(d + e*x)/(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2*sin(d + e*x) + e**2*sin(d + e*x)), True))
```

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((2*i*e)/(log(F)*b*c>0)', see `assume?` fo
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155744 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155744, normalized size of antiderivative = 2104.65

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(2*pi^3*b^3*c^3*f*g*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*sqrt(abs(f))*sqrt(abs(g))*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 + 2*pi^3*b^3*c^3*f*g*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*abs(f)^(3/2)*sqrt(abs(g))*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 + 2*pi^3*b^3*c^3*f*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*sqrt(abs(f))*abs(g)^(3/2)*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 - 2*pi^3*b^3*c^3*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*abs(f)^(3/2)*abs(g)^(3/2)*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 + 2*pi^2*b^3*c^3*f*g*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*sqrt(abs(f))*sqrt(abs(g))*log(abs(F))*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 - 2*pi^2*b^3*c^3*f*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*sqrt(abs(f))*abs(g)^(3/2)*log(abs(F))*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 - 2*pi^2*b^3*c^3*f*abs(F)^(b*c*x)*abs(F)^(a*c)*sqrt(abs(f))*abs(g)^(3/2)*log(abs(F))*sgn(F)*tan(1/4*pi*b*c*x*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*b*c*x + 1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^2*tan(1/4*pi*a*c*sgn(F) - 1/4*pi*a*c)^2*tan(1/2*e*x + 1/2*d)^3 - 2*pi^2*b^3*c^3*abs(F)^(b*c*...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} (bc \ln(F) - e \sin(2d+2ex) + bc \ln(F) (2 \sin(d+ex))^2 - 1)}{2 \sin(d+ex)^2 (b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + e^2)}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(b*c*log(F) - e*sin(2*d + 2*e*x) + b*c*log(F)*(2*sin(d + e*x)^2 - 1)))/(2*sin(d + e*x)^2*(e^2 + b^2*c^2*log(F)^2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{bcx+ac+\frac{1}{2}} (-\cos(ex+d)e + \log(f) \sin(ex+d) bc)}{\log(f)^2 b^2 c^2 + e^2}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 2*b*c*x + 1)/2)*(-cos(d + e*x)*e + log(f)*sin(d + e*x)*b*c))/(log(f)**2*b**2*c**2 + e**2)`

### 3.130 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 886 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 886 |
| Rubi [F]                                  | 887 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 888 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 888 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 889 |
| Maxima [F]                                | 889 |
| Giac [F]                                  | 889 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 890 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 890 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

output  $F^{(c*(b*x+a))*(g*\csc(e*x+d))^{(1/2)*(f*\sin(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}/b/c/\ln(F)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))*\text{Sqrt}[g*\text{Csc}[d + e*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[f*\text{Sin}[d + e*x]],x]$

output  $(F^{(c*(a + b*x))*\text{Sqrt}[g*\text{Csc}[d + e*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[f*\text{Sin}[d + e*x]])/(b*c*\text{Log}[F])$

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`



rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

| method  | result  | size |
|---------|---|------|
| orering | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)}}{bc \ln(F)}$                                   | 41   |
| risch   | $\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\frac{ig e^i(ex+d)}{e^{2i(ex+d)} - 1}} F^{c(bx+a)}}{bc \ln(F)}$ | 62   |

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/ln(F)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{bcx+ac} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\sin(ex+d)}}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sqrt(g/sin(e*x + d))/(b*c*log(F))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\sin(d+ex)}}}{bc \ln(F)}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2))/(b*c*log(F))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(csc(d + e*x)),x)`

### 3.131 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 891 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 891 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 892 |
| Maple [F]                  | 893 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 893 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 894 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 894 |
| Giac [F]                   | 894 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 895 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 895 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx = \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} f F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)}(e - ibc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-2*exp(I*(e*x+d))*f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e-I*b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx = \frac{f F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d) \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)}}{bc \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \log(F)} + \frac{if F^{c(a+bx)} \csc\left(\frac{d}{2}\right) \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \sec\left(\frac{d}{2}\right) \left(i + \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, -\cos\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2bc \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Csc[d + e*x]],x]`

output `(f*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d]*Sqrt[g*Csc[d + e*x]])/(b*c*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Log[F]) + ((I/2)*f*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Csc[d/2]*Sqrt[g*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sec[d/2]*(I + Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[d + e*x] - I*Sin[d + e*x]]*Sin[d] - Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[d + e*x] + I*Sin[d + e*x]]*Sin[d]))/(b*c*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Log[F])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {2031, 4953}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc(d+ex) dx}{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)}}$$

↓ 4953

$$\frac{2f e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{(e - ibc \log(F)) \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)}}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Csc[d + e*x]],x]`

output `(-2*E^(I*(d + e*x))*f*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Csc[d + e*x]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (3 - (I*b*c*Log[F])/e)/2, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])/(Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*(e - I*b*c*Log[F]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 4953 `Int[Csc[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2*I)^(n-1)*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]) * Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*csc(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*csc(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*csc(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*csc(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)}} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\sin(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \csc(d+ex)} dx = \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x), x)`



### 3.132 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 896 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 896 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)                       | 897 |
| Maple [C] (verified)                      | 898 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 898 |
| Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)  | 899 |
| Maxima [F(-2)]                            | 900 |
| Giac [B] (verification not implemented)   | 900 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 901 |
| Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) | 902 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{f F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} (bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} (e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*c*cos(e*x+d)*ln(F)+e*sin(e*x+d))/(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e^2+b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{f F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} (bc \cos(d+ex) \log(F) + e \sin(d+ex))}{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} (e^2 + b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(fF^{c(a+bx)})\sqrt{g\cos[d+ex]}(bc\cos[d+ex]\log[F] + e\sin[d+ex])}{\sqrt{f\cos[d+ex]}(e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {2031, 4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) dx}{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4933$$

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \left( \frac{e \sin(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} + \frac{bc \log(F) \cos(d+ex) F^{c(a+bx)}}{b^2 c^2 \log^2(F) + e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a+bx)}\sqrt{f\cos[d+ex]}\sqrt{g\cos[d+ex]},x]$$

output

$$\frac{(f\sqrt{g\cos[d+ex]}*((bcF^{c(a+bx)})\cos[d+ex]\log[F])/(e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2) + (eF^{c(a+bx)})\sin[d+ex])/(e^2 + b^2c^2\log[F]^2))/\sqrt{f\cos[d+ex]}}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 4933

```
Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

| method | result   | size |
|--------|--|------|
| risch  | $\frac{\sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} e^{2i(ex+d)} F^{c(bx+a)}}{(1+e^{2i(ex+d)})(ie+bc \ln(F))} + \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} F^{c(bx+a)}}{(1+e^{2i(ex+d)})(bc \ln(F)-ie)}$ | 121  |

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*exp(2*I*(e*
x+d))/(I*e+b*c*ln(F))*F^(c*(b*x+a))+(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d
)))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(b*c*ln(F)-I*e)*F^(c*(b*x+a))
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bc \cos(ex+d) \log(F) + e \sin(ex+d)) \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} F^{bcx+ac}}{b^2 c^2 \cos(ex+d) \log(F)^2 + e^2 \cos(ex+d)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `(b*c*cos(e*x + d)*log(F) + e*sin(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)/(b^2*c^2*cos(e*x + d)*log(F)^2 + e^2*cos(e*x + d))`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.61

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{iF^{ac-\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sin(d+ex)}{2 \cos(d+ex)} + \frac{F^{ac-\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)}}{2} + \frac{F^{ac-\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)}}{2e \cos(d+ex)} \\ - \frac{iF^{ac+\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sin(d+ex)}{2 \cos(d+ex)} + \frac{F^{ac+\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} x \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)}}{2} + \frac{F^{ac+\frac{ie x}{\log(F)}} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)}}{2e \cos(d+ex)} \\ 0 \\ \frac{F^{ac+bcx} bc \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \log(F) \cos(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 \cos(d+ex) + e^2 \cos(d+ex)} + \frac{F^{ac+bcx} e \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sin(d+ex)}{b^2 c^2 \log(F)^2 \cos(d+ex) + e^2 \cos(d+ex)} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((I**F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*cos(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d +
e*x))*sin(d + e*x)/(2*cos(d + e*x)) + F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*co
s(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d + e*x))/2 + F**(a*c - I*e*x/log(F))*sqrt(f*cos(d
+ e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x)/(2*e*cos(d + e*x)), Eq(b, -I*e/(
c*log(F))), (-I**F**(a*c + I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(f*cos(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos
(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x)/(2*cos(d + e*x)) + F**(a*c + I*e*x/log(F))*x*sqrt(
f*cos(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d + e*x))/2 + F**(a*c + I*e*x/log(F))*sqrt(f*co
s(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x)/(2*e*cos(d + e*x)), Eq(b, I*
e/(c*log(F))), (0, Eq(d, -e*x + pi/2) | Eq(d, -e*x + 3*pi/2)), (F**(a*c +
b*c*x)*b*c*sqrt(f*cos(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d + e*x))*log(F)*cos(d + e*x)/
(b**2*c**2*log(F)**2*cos(d + e*x) + e**2*cos(d + e*x)) + F**(a*c + b*c*x)*
e*sqrt(f*cos(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x)/(b**2*c**2*log(F)
**2*cos(d + e*x) + e**2*cos(d + e*x)), True))
```

## Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor
ithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((2*i*e)/(log(F)*b*c>0)', see `a
ssume?` fo
```

## Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24760 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24760, normalized size of antiderivative = 343.89

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (\pi^2 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \log(\operatorname{abs}(F)) \operatorname{sgn}(F) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^2 \tan(1/4 \pi a c \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi a c)^2 \tan(1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^4 - 2 \pi^3 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \operatorname{sgn}(F) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^2 \tan(1/4 \pi a c \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi a c)^2 \tan(1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^3 - 2 \pi^3 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \log(\operatorname{abs}(F))^2 \operatorname{sgn}(F) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^2 \tan(1/4 \pi a c \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi a c)^2 \tan(1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^4 + 2 \pi^3 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \operatorname{sgn}(F) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^2 \tan(1/4 \pi a c \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi a c) \tan(1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^4 + 2 \pi^3 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \operatorname{sgn}(F) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e x + 1/2 d) \tan(1/4 \pi a c \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi a c)^2 \tan(1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^4 + 2 \pi^3 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \log(\operatorname{abs}(F))^2 \operatorname{sgn}(F) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e x + 1/2 d) \tan(1/4 \pi a c \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi a c)^2 \tan(1/2 e x + 1/2 d)^4 - \pi^2 b^3 c^3 \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{b c x} \operatorname{abs}(F)^{a c} \log(\operatorname{abs}(F)) \tan(1/4 \pi b c x \operatorname{sgn}(F) - 1/4 \pi b c x + 1/2 e \dots \end{aligned}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} (e \sin(2d+2ex) + bc \ln(F) + bc \ln(F) \cos(2d+2ex))}{(b^2 c^2 \ln(F)^2 + e^2) (\cos(2d+2ex) + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(e*sin(2*d
+ 2*e*x) + b*c*log(F) + b*c*log(F)*cos(2*d + 2*e*x)))/((e^2 + b^2*c^2*log(
F)^2)*(cos(2*d + 2*e*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{bcx+ac+\frac{1}{2}} (\cos(ex+d) \log(f) bc + \sin(ex+d) e)}{\log(f)^2 b^2 c^2 + e^2}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 2*b*c*x + 1)/2)*(cos(d + e*x)*log(f)*b*c + sin(d + e
*x)*e))/(log(f)**2*b**2*c**2 + e**2)
```

### 3.133 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 903 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 903 |
| Rubi [F]                                  | 904 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 905 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 905 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 906 |
| Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) | 906 |
| Giac [F]                                  | 906 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 907 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 907 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

output `F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/ln(F)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]],x]`

output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]])/(b*c*Log[F])`



**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

| method  | result   | size |
|---------|--|------|
| orering | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)}}{bc \ln(F)}$                                  | 41   |
| risch   | $\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{\frac{g e^{i(ex+d)}}{1+e^{2i(ex+d)}}} F^{c(bx+a)}}{bc \ln(F)}$ | 60   |

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/ln(F)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} F^{bcx+ac} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\cos(ex+d)}}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sqrt(g/cos(e*x + d))/(b*c*log(F))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{bcx} F^{ac} \sqrt{f} \sqrt{g}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `F^(b*c*x)*F^(a*c)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(g)/(b*c*log(F))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)}}}{bc \ln(F)}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2))/(b*c*log(F))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2 f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} \sin(ex+d)}{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) e - \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sec} \right) \right)}{2 \log(f) bc}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*(2*f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)) + int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x),x)*e - int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*tan(d + e*x),x)*e))/(2*log(f)*b*c)`

### 3.134 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 908 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 908 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 909 |
| Maple [F]                  | 910 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 910 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 911 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 911 |
| Giac [F]                   | 911 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 912 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 912 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^{i(d+ex)} f F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)}}{(ie + bc \log(F)) \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
2*exp(I*(e*x+d))*f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, 1/2*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/2
-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(I*e+b*c*ln(F)
)/(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{i(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)}}{e - ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

$$\left( (-I) \cdot (1 + E^{(2I)(d + ex)}) \cdot F^{c(a + bx)} \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(e - Ibc \cdot \text{Log}[F])}{2e}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{(I/2)bc \cdot \text{Log}[F]}{e}, -E^{(2I)(d + ex)}\right] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[f \cdot \text{Sec}[d + ex]] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[g \cdot \text{Sec}[d + ex]] \right) / (e - Ibc \cdot \text{Log}[F])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {2031, 4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec(d+ex) dx}{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4951}$$

$$\frac{2f e^{i(d+ex)} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{e - ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{1}{2} \left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{(bc \log(F) + ie) \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{c(a + bx)} \cdot \text{Sqrt}[f \cdot \text{Sec}[d + ex]] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[g \cdot \text{Sec}[d + ex]], x]$$

output

$$\left( 2 \cdot E^{I(d + ex)} \cdot f \cdot F^{c(a + bx)} \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{(e - Ibc \cdot \text{Log}[F])}{2e}, \frac{(3 - (Ibc \cdot \text{Log}[F])/e)}{2}, -E^{(2I)(d + ex)}\right] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[g \cdot \text{Sec}[d + ex]] \right) / \left( (Ie + bc \cdot \text{Log}[F]) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[f \cdot \text{Sec}[d + ex]] \right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 4951 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sec(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`



output `integrate(sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\cos(d+ex)}} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx = \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x), x)`

### 3.135 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 913 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 913 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 914 |
| Maple [F]                  | 915 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 916 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 916 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 916 |
| Giac [F]                   | 917 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 917 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 918 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{if F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F) \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}} + \frac{2if F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F) \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
-I*f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/ln(F)/(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)+2*I*f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1, -1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/ln(F)/(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = \frac{if F^{c(a+bx)} \left(-1 + 2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)\right) \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F) \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Tan[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]`

output `(I*f*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(-1 + 2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))])*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]]/(b*c*Log[F]*Sqrt[f*Tan[d + e*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.088$ , Rules used = {2031, 4942, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{f \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan(d+ex) dx}{\sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4942} \\
 & \frac{if \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int \left( \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)}}{1+e^{2i(d+ex)}} - F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{if \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \left( -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} \right)}{\sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Tan[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]`

output

```
(I*f*(-(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(b*c*Log[F])) + (2*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*
x))]/(b*c*Log[F]))*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]]/Sqrt[f*Tan[d + e*x]])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_.)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/
2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 4942

```
Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Tan[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symb
ol] := Simp[I^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x
)))^n/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x
] && IntegerQ[n]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} dx$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*tan(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*tan(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*tan(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*tan(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.136 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                            | 919 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified)                | 919 |
| Rubi [F]                                  | 920 |
| Maple [A] (verified)                      | 921 |
| Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) | 921 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                             | 922 |
| Maxima [F]                                | 922 |
| Giac [F]                                  | 922 |
| Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)  | 923 |
| Reduce [F]                                | 923 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

output  $F^{(c*(b*x+a))*(g*\cot(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(f*\tan(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}/b/c/\ln(F)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))*\text{Sqrt}[g*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[f*\text{Tan}[d + e*x]],x]$

output  $(F^{(c*(a + b*x))*\text{Sqrt}[g*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]]*\text{Sqrt}[f*\text{Tan}[d + e*x]])/(b*c*\text{Log}[F])$



**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Tan[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

| method  | result   | size |
|---------|--|------|
| orering | $\frac{F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)}}{bc \ln(F)}$  | 41   |
| risch   | $\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ig(1+e^{2i(ex+d)})}{e^{2i(ex+d)}-1}} \sqrt{-\frac{if(e^{2i(ex+d)}-1)}{1+e^{2i(ex+d)}}} F^{c(bx+a)}}{bc \ln(F)}$ | 81   |

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/ln(F)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} F^{bcx+ac} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\tan(ex+d)}}}{bc \log(F)}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(f*tan(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c)*sqrt(g/tan(e*x + d))/(b*c*log(F))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{F^{ac+bcx} \sqrt{-\frac{f(e^{d2i+ex2i}1i-i)}{e^{d2i+ex2i}+1}} \sqrt{\frac{g(e^{d2i+ex2i}1i+1i)}{e^{d2i+ex2i}-1}}}{bc \ln(F)}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(F^(a*c + b*c*x)*(-(f*(exp(d*2i + e*x*2i)*1i - 1i))/(exp(d*2i + e*x*2i) + 1))^(1/2)*((g*(exp(d*2i + e*x*2i)*1i + 1i))/(exp(d*2i + e*x*2i) - 1))^(1/2))/ (b*c*log(F))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)),x)`

### 3.137 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 924 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 924 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 925 |
| Maple [F]                  | 926 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 927 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 927 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 927 |
| Giac [F]                   | 928 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 928 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 929 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx = \frac{if F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)}}{bc \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \log(F)} - \frac{2if F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \log(F)}$$

output

```
I*f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/(f*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)/ln(F)-2*I*
f*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, -1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-
1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/b/c/(f*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)/ln(F)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx = \frac{if F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \left(-1 + 2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)\right)}{bc \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \log(F)}$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]],x]`

output `((-I)*f*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*(-1 + 2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]))/(b*c*Sqrt[f*Cot[d + e*x]]*Log[F])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.088$ , Rules used = {2031, 4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{f \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot(d+ex) dx}{\sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4943$$

$$\frac{if \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int \left( \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)}}{1-e^{2i(d+ex)}} - F^{c(a+bx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{if \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \left( -\frac{F^{c(a+bx)}}{bc \log(F)} + \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc \log(F)} \right)}{\sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)}}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]],x]`

output 
$$\frac{((-1)*f*\text{Sqrt}[g*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]]*(-(F^{c*(a + b*x)})/(b*c*\text{Log}[F])) + (2*F^{c*(a + b*x)})*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, ((-1/2*I)*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/e, 1 - ((I/2)*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/e, E^{((2*I)*(d + e*x))})/(b*c*\text{Log}[F])]/\text{Sqrt}[f*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]]$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 
$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2031 
$$\text{Int}[(F x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^{(m_.)}*((b_.)*(v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)}*F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$$

rule 4943 
$$\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}*(F_.)^{((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)))}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-1)^n \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[F^{c*(a + b*x)}*((1 + E^{(2*I*(d + e*x))})^n/(1 - E^{(2*I*(d + e*x))})^n), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n]$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}(F^{c*(b*x+a)}*(f*\text{cot}(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(g*\text{cot}(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}, x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}(F^{c*(b*x+a)}*(f*\text{cot}(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(g*\text{cot}(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}, x)$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*cot(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cot(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`



output `integrate(sqrt(f*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx = \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d) dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x),x)`

### 3.138 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 930 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 930 |
| Rubi [F]                   | 931 |
| Maple [F]                  | 932 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 932 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 933 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 933 |
| Giac [F]                   | 933 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 934 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 934 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-e-ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4}\left(3 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} (ie - bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4*(-e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/4-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)/(I*e-b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{i F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}; \frac{3}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}; e^{4i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{4i(d+ex)}} (e + ibc \log(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
(I*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4 - ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e}, {3/4 - ((I/4)*b*c*Log[F])/e}, E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]]/(Sqrt[1 - E^((4*I)*(d + e*x))]*(e + I*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2 f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} - \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} \cos(ex+d)}{\sin(ex+d)} dx \right) e + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} \sin(ex+d)}{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) e \right)}{2 \log(f) bc}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*(2*f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)) - int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*cos(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x),x)*e + int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x),x)*e))/(2*log(f)*b*c)`

### 3.139 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$

|                 |     |
|-----------------|-----|
| Optimal result  | 935 |
| Mathematica [F] | 936 |
| Rubi [F]        | 936 |
| Maple [F]       | 937 |
| Fricas [F]      | 937 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 938 |
| Maxima [F]      | 938 |
| Giac [F]        | 939 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 939 |
| Reduce [F]      | 939 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^{4i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, e^{4i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{bc(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) \log(F)}$$

$$- \frac{e^{2i(d+ex)} \sqrt{1 - e^{4i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{4}\left(6 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{4i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (2ie + bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
(1-exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/b/c/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/ln(F)-exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*(1-exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(2*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```



**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]`

output `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]], x]`

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(sec(d +  
e*x)),x)
```

### 3.140 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$

|                 |     |
|-----------------|-----|
| Optimal result  | 941 |
| Mathematica [F] | 942 |
| Rubi [F]        | 942 |
| Maple [F]       | 943 |
| Fricas [F]      | 943 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 944 |
| Maxima [F]      | 944 |
| Giac [F]        | 945 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 945 |
| Reduce [F]      | 945 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 263

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^{4i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, 1 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{4e}, e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{bc(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) \log(F)} + \frac{e^{2i(d+ex)} \sqrt{1 - e^{4i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\left(2 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{3}{2} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}, e^{4i(d+ex)}\right)}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) (2ie + bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
(1-exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))/b/c/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/ln(F)+exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*(1-exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [3/2-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(2*I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

input `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]],x]`

output `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]], x]`

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 7292 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 7299 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `integral(sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2), x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)),x)
```

### 3.141 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$

|                 |     |
|-----------------|-----|
| Optimal result  | 947 |
| Mathematica [F] | 947 |
| Rubi [F]        | 948 |
| Maple [F]       | 949 |
| Fricas [F]      | 949 |
| Sympy [F]       | 950 |
| Maxima [F]      | 950 |
| Giac [F]        | 950 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 951 |
| Reduce [F]      | 951 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e - ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4} \left(5 - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right)\right)}{ie + bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc
(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4*(e-I*b*c*ln(F))/e],[5/4-1/4*I*b*c*ln(F)
/e],exp(4*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(I*e+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]], x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7292 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7299 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Sec[d + e*x]], x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*sec(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)}} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(csc(d + e*x)), x)`



### 3.142 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                              | 952 |
| Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) | 953 |
| Rubi [F]                                    | 953 |
| Maple [F]                                   | 954 |
| Fricas [F]                                  | 955 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                               | 955 |
| Maxima [F]                                  | 955 |
| Giac [F]                                    | 956 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                               | 956 |
| Reduce [F]                                  | 956 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (ie + 2bc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{8bc \sqrt{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-e - 2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4} \left(3 - \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \log(F) \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)}}{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (e^2 + 4b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
-2*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(I*e+2*b*c*ln(F))+8*b*c*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4*(-e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/4-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(e^2+4*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} g \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} (-i \cos(d+ex) + \sin(d+ex)) (i \cos(d+ex) + \sin(d+ex))}{\dots} \left( \text{Hypergeomet} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
(-2*F^(c*(a + b*x))*g*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]]*((-I)*Cos[d + e*x] + Sin[d + e*x])*(I*Cos[d + e*x] + Sin[d + e*x])*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[2*(d + e*x)] - I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*(3*e - (2*I)*b*c*Log[F]) + Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[2*(d + e*x)] - I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*(e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])*(Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]))/((3*e - (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])*(e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]])
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)}}$$

↓ 7299

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)}}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(sin(d +  
e*x)),x)
```

### 3.143 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 958 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 958 |
| Rubi [F]                   | 959 |
| Maple [F]                  | 960 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 960 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 961 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 961 |
| Giac [F]                   | 961 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 962 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 962 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-e-2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4}\left(3 - \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}}(ie - 2bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4*(-e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/4-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)/(I*e-2*b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \frac{4iF^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex) \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -\cos(2(d+ex))\right)}{e + 2ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
((4*I)*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Hypergeometric2F1
[1, 5/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 3/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[2*(d + e*
x)] - I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]*(Cos[d + e*x] + I*Sin[d + e*x])*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e
*x]])/(e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sin(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sin[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sin(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sin(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f*sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sin(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sin(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sin(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sin(d + e*x))*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)),x)`

### 3.144 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                              | 963 |
| Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) | 963 |
| Rubi [F]                                    | 964 |
| Maple [F]                                   | 965 |
| Fricas [F]                                  | 965 |
| Sympy [F]                                   | 966 |
| Maxima [F]                                  | 966 |
| Giac [F]                                    | 966 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                               | 967 |
| Reduce [F]                                  | 967 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{1+e^{2i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e-2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4}\left(5 - \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie + 2bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom(
[1/2, 1/4*(e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [5/4-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*
(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(I*e+2*b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4f F^{c(a+bx)} \cos(d+ex)(1-i \cot(d+ex)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{5}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -\cos(2(d+ex))\right)}{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)}(e - 2ibc \log(F))}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*f*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]*(1 - I*Cot[d + e*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1
, 3/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 5/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, -Cos[2*(d + e*x)
] - I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]]/(Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*(e - (
2*I)*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*tan(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(csc(d + e*x)), x)`



### 3.145 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$

|                 |     |
|-----------------|-----|
| Optimal result  | 968 |
| Mathematica [F] | 968 |
| Rubi [F]        | 969 |
| Maple [F]       | 970 |
| Fricas [F]      | 970 |
| Sympy [F]       | 971 |
| Maxima [F]      | 971 |
| Giac [F]        | 971 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 972 |
| Reduce [F]      | 972 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{e^{-2ibc \log(F)}}{4e}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{4}\left(5 - \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}}(ie + 2bc \log(F))}$$

output

$$2*(1-\exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*F^{(c*(b*x+a))}*\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}*(e-2*I*b*c*\ln(F))/e,-1/2,1,5/4-1/2*I*b*c*\ln(F)/e,-\exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),\exp(2*I*(e*x+d))\right)*(g*\cot(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(f*\csc(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}/(1+\exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^{(1/2)}/(I*e+2*b*c*\ln(F))$$

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx = \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[g*\operatorname{Cot}[d + e*x]]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f*\operatorname{Csc}[d + e*x]],x]$$

output

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[g*\operatorname{Cot}[d + e*x]]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f*\operatorname{Csc}[d + e*x]], x]$$

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7292 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7299 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\csc(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Csc[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271

```

Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^
FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p},
x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(Eq
Q[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])

```

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cot(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \csc(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*csc(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/sin(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \csc(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2 f^{bcx} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)}}{\cot(ex+d)} dx \right) e + 2 \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\csc(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} dx \right) \right)}{2 \log(f) bc}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*csc(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*(2*f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)) + int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)))/cot(d + e*x), x)*e + 2*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(csc(d + e*x))*sqrt(cot(d + e*x))*cot(d + e*x), x)*e)/(2*log(f)*b*c)`

### 3.146 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 973 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 973 |
| Rubi [F]                   | 974 |
| Maple [F]                  | 975 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 975 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]              | 976 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 976 |
| Giac [F]                   | 976 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 977 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 977 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = \frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-e-2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4} \left(3 - \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}}(ie - 2bc \log(F))}$$

output

```
-2*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4*(-e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/4-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)/(I*e-2*b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = \frac{4F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{3}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \cos(2(d+ex))\right) + i \sin(2(d+ex))}{e + 2ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/4 - ((I/2)*
b*c*Log[F])/e, 3/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d +
e*x]])*(Cos[d + e*x] + I*Sin[d + e*x])*Sin[d + e*x]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]])
/(e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algor  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2 f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} \sin(ex+d)}{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) e - \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)}}{\tan(ex+d)} dx \right) e \right)}{2 \log(f) bc}$$

input

```
int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*(2*f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)) + int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x), x)*e - int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)))/tan(d + e*x), x)*e - int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*tan(d + e*x), x)*e))/(2*log(f)*b*c)
```

### 3.147 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                              | 978 |
| Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) | 979 |
| Rubi [F]                                    | 979 |
| Maple [F]                                   | 980 |
| Fricas [F]                                  | 981 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                               | 981 |
| Maxima [F]                                  | 981 |
| Giac [F]                                    | 982 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                               | 982 |
| Reduce [F]                                  | 982 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)}}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) (ie + 2bc \log(F))}$$

$$+ \frac{8bc \sqrt{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-e - 2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4}, 3 - \dots\right)}{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) (e^2 + 4b^2 c^2 \log^2(F))}$$

output

```
-2*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(I*e+2*b*c*ln(F))+8*b*c*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4*(-e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [3/4-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*ln(F)/(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(e^2+4*b^2*c^2*ln(F)^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2F^{c(a+bx)} g \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \left( \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, \frac{e-2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{3}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \cos(2(d+ex)) + i \sin(2(d+ex)) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
(-2*F^(c*(a + b*x))*g*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e - (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])/(4*e), 3/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*(-3*e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F]) + Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 7/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*(e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])*(Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)])))/(Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*(3*e - (2*I)*b*c*Log[F])*(e + (2*I)*b*c*Log[F]))
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}} \quad \downarrow \text{7299}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Cos[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \cos(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*cos(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \cos(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2 f^{bcx} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cos(ex+d)} \sin(ex+d}}{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) e + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)}}{\cot} \right) \right)}{2 \log(f) bc} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*(2*f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(cot(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d +
e*x)) + int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(cot(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x))*sin(d + e*x)
)/cos(d + e*x),x)*e + int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(cot(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)
))/cot(d + e*x),x)*e + int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(cot(d + e*x))*sqrt(cos(d + e*x)
)*cot(d + e*x),x)*e))/(2*log(f)*b*c)
```



### 3.148 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$

|                 |     |
|-----------------|-----|
| Optimal result  | 984 |
| Mathematica [F] | 984 |
| Rubi [F]        | 985 |
| Maple [F]       | 986 |
| Fricas [F]      | 986 |
| Sympy [F]       | 987 |
| Maxima [F]      | 987 |
| Giac [F]        | 987 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 988 |
| Reduce [F]      | 988 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(-1 + \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right) (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \left(3 + \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), 1, \frac{5}{2}, 1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{6e}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{6} I \exp(2 I (e x + d))^{-1/4 + 1/2 I b c \ln(F)/e} (1 - \exp(2 I (e x + d))) (1 + \exp(2 I (e x + d))) F^{c(b x + a)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} I b c \ln(F)/e, 1, \frac{5}{2}, 1 - \exp(2 I (e x + d))\right) (f \sec(e x + d))^{1/2} (g \tan(e x + d))^{1/2} / e$$

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[F^{c(a + b x)} \operatorname{Sqrt}[f \operatorname{Sec}[d + e x]] \operatorname{Sqrt}[g \operatorname{Tan}[d + e x]], x]$$

output `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]], x]`

### Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7292 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7299 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[f*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[g*Tan[d + e*x]], x]`

output `$Aborted`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*tan(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{g \tan(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*sqrt(g*tan(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\cos(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \tan(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2 f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)} - \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)}}{\tan(ex+d)} dx \right) e - 2 \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\tan(ex+d)} \right) \right)}{2 \log(f) bc}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*tan(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*(2*f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(sec(d + e*x)) - int((f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(sec(d + e*x)))/tan(d + e*x), x)*e - 2*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(tan(d + e*x))*sqrt(sec(d + e*x))*tan(d + e*x), x)*e))/(2*log(f)*b*c)`

### 3.149 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx$

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| Optimal result                              | 989 |
| Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) | 989 |
| Rubi [F]                                    | 990 |
| Maple [F]                                   | 991 |
| Fricas [F]                                  | 991 |
| Sympy [F]                                   | 992 |
| Maxima [F]                                  | 992 |
| Giac [F]                                    | 992 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                               | 993 |
| Reduce [F]                                  | 993 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}} F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e-2ibc \log(F)}{4e}, \frac{1}{4}\left(5 - \frac{2ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie + 2bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
2*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(1/2)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*hypergeom(
[1/2, 1/4*(e-2*I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [5/4-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(
f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(I*e+2*b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{4F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} (i + \cot(d+ex)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{5}{4} - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \cos(2(d+ex))\right)}{e - 2ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sec[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
(-4*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*(I + Cot[d + e*x])*Hypergeometric
2F1[1, 3/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, 5/4 - ((I/2)*b*c*Log[F])/e, Cos[2*(d +
e*x)] + I*Sin[2*(d + e*x)]]*Sqrt[f*Sec[d + e*x]]*Sin[d + e*x]^2)/(e - (2*I
)*b*c*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7292 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7299 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \int F^{ac+bx} \sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)} dx}{\sqrt{\cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\sec(d+ex)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sqrt[g*Cot[d + e*x]]*Sqrt[f*Sec[d + e*x]],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ & = \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*sqrt(f*sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(g*cot(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{g \cot(ex+d)} \sqrt{f \sec(ex+d)} F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*cot(e*x + d))*sqrt(f*sec(e*x + d))*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{\frac{f}{\cos(d+ex)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^(1/2)*(f/cos(d + e*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sqrt{g \cot(d+ex)} \sqrt{f \sec(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \sqrt{g} f^{ac+\frac{1}{2}} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sqrt{\sec(ex+d)} \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(f*sec(e*x+d))^(1/2), x)`

output `sqrt(g)*f**((2*a*c + 1)/2)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sqrt(sec(d + e*x))*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)), x)`

### 3.150 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx$

|                            |     |
|----------------------------|-----|
| Optimal result             | 994 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 994 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 995 |
| Maple [F]                  | 997 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 997 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 997 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 998 |
| Giac [F]                   | 998 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 998 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 999 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-q, \frac{-e(p+q)-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e(2-p-q)-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie(p+q) - bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p-q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([-p-q, 1/2*(-e*(p+q)-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [1/2*(e*(2-p-q)-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q/(I*e*(p+q)-b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-q, -\frac{i(-ie(p+q)+bc \log(F))}{2e}, 1 - \frac{i(-ie(p+q)+bc \log(F))}{2e}, e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{-ie(p+q) + bc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*SIN[d + e*x])^p*(g*SIN[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
((1 - E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)))^(-p - q)*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p -
q, ((-1/2*I)*((-I)*e*(p + q) + b*c*Log[F]))/e, 1 - ((I/2)*((-I)*e*(p + q)
+ b*c*Log[F]))/e, E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sin[d + e*x]
)^q)/((-I)*e*(p + q) + b*c*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {2034, 7271, 4940, 2689}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$(f \sin(d+ex))^{-q} (g \sin(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^{p+q} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$(f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q \sin^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^{p+q}(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4940$$

$$e^{i(p+q)(d+ex)} \left(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)^{-p-q} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q \int e^{-i(p+q)(d+ex)} \left(-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2689$$

$$\frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-q, -\frac{e(p+q)+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e(p+q)+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -bc \log(F) + ie(p+q)\right)}{-bc \log(F) + ie(p+q)}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sin[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(1 - E^{(2I)(d + ex)}\right)^{-p - q} F^{c(a + bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p - q, -1/2(e(p + q) + Ibc \log[F])/e, (e(2 - p - q) - Ibc \log[F])/(2 * e), E^{(2I)(d + ex)}] * (f \sin[d + ex])^p * (g \sin[d + ex])^q / (Ie^{(p + q) - bc \log[F]})\right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

$$\operatorname{Int}[(Fx_*) * ((a_*) * (v_*)^{(m_*)} * ((b_*) * (v_*)^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b^{\operatorname{IntPart}[n]} * ((b * v)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[n]} / (a^{\operatorname{IntPart}[n]} * (a * v)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[n]})) \operatorname{Int}[(a * v)^{(m + n)} * Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[m + n]$$

rule 2689

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (F_*)^{((e_*) * ((c_*) + (d_*) * (x_)))^{(p_*)} * (G_*)^{((h_*) * ((f_*) + (g_*) * (x_))) * (H_*)^{((t_*) * ((r_*) + (s_*) * (x_)))}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[G^{(h * (f + g * x)) * H^{(t * (r + s * x))} * ((a + b * F^{(e * (c + d * x))))^p / ((g * h * \log[G] + s * t * \log[H]) * ((a + b * F^{(e * (c + d * x)))) / a)^p)} * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (g * h * \log[G] + s * t * \log[H]) / (d * e * \log[F]), (g * h * \log[G] + s * t * \log[H]) / (d * e * \log[F]) + 1, \operatorname{Simplify}[(-b/a) * F^{(e * (c + d * x))}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, G, H, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, r, s, t, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 4940

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_*)^{((c_*) * ((a_*) + (b_*) * (x_))) * \sin[(d_*) + (e_*) * (x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[E^{(I * n * (d + e * x))} * (\sin[d + e * x]^n / (-1 + E^{(2 * I * (d + e * x))})^n) \operatorname{Int}[F^{(c * (a + b * x))} * ((-1 + E^{(2 * I * (d + e * x))})^n / E^{(I * n * (d + e * x))}), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n]$$

rule 7271

$$\operatorname{Int}[(u_*) * ((a_*) * (v_*)^{(m_*)})^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} * ((a * v^m)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / v^{(m * \operatorname{FracPart}[p])}) \operatorname{Int}[u * v^{(m * p)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \operatorname{!FreeQ}[v, x] \&\& \operatorname{!(EqQ}[a, 1] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, 1]) \&\& \operatorname{!(EqQ}[v, x] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, 1])$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \sin(ex+d))^p (g \sin(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sin(ex+d))^p (g \sin(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*sin(e*x + d))^p*(g*sin(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))**p*(g*sin(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))**p*(g*sin(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sin(ex+d))^p (g \sin(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*sin(e*x + d))^p*(g*sin(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sin(ex+d))^p (g \sin(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*sin(e*x + d))^p*(g*sin(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g*sin(d + e*x))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g*sin(d + e*x))^q, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sin(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{g^q f^{ac+p} \left( f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^{p+q} - \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^{p+q} \cos(ex+d)}{\sin(ex+d)} dx \right) ep - \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^{p+q} \cos(ex+d)}{\sin(ex+d)} dx \right) eq \right)}{\log(f) bc}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*sin(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `(g**q*f**(a*c + p)*(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**(p + q) - int((f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**(p + q)*cos(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x),x))*e*p - int((f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**(p + q)*cos(d + e*x))/sin(d + e*x),x))*e*q)/(log(f)*b*c)`



### 3.151 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$

|   |      |
|---|------|
| Optimal result                              | 1000 |
| Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) | 1000 |
| Rubi [F]                                    | 1001 |
| Maple [F]                                   | 1002 |
| Fricas [F]                                  | 1002 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                               | 1003 |
| Maxima [F]                                  | 1003 |
| Giac [F]                                    | 1003 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                               | 1004 |
| Reduce [F]                                  | 1004 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx = \frac{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p+q, \frac{1}{2}\left(-p+q - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(2ie(p-q) - bc \log(F)\right)\right)}{ie(p-q) - bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*hypergeom([-p+q, -1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p/(I*e*(p-q)-b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 13.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx = \frac{2^{-p+q} \left(\frac{ie^{i(d+ex)}}{-1+e^{2i(d+ex)}}\right)^q (-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) (-ie^{-i(d+ex)} (-1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}))^p F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^{-q}(d+ex) (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p}{ie(p-q) - bc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Csc[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
(2^(-p + q)*((I*E^(I*(d + e*x)))/(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))))^q*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)))*((-I)*(-1 + E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))))/E^(I*(d + e*x))^p*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Csc[d + e*x])^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (e*(2 + p - q) - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (e*(2 - p + q) - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p)/(Csc[d + e*x]^q*(I*e*(p - q) - b*c*Log[F])*Sin[d + e*x]^p)
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-q}(d+ex) (g \csc(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^q(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \csc^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \csc^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \csc^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \csc^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \csc^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Csc[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (g \csc(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \csc(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*csc(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \csc(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))**q*(f*sin(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \csc(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \csc(ex+d))^q(f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*csc(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \csc(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \csc(ex+d))^q(f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*csc(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p \left( \frac{g}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g/sin(d + e*x))^q,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g/sin(d + e*x))^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \csc(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^p \csc(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**p*csc(d + e*x)**q,x)`

### 3.152 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx$

|                            |      |
|----------------------------|------|
| Optimal result             | 1005 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 1005 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 1006 |
| Maple [F]                  | 1008 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 1008 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 1008 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 1009 |
| Giac [F]                   | 1009 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 1009 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 1010 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(1 - e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+q, \frac{1}{2}\left(p+q - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), [1+1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*\ln(F)/e], \exp(2*I*(e*x+d))\right)}{ie(p+q) + bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q
*hypergeom([p+q, 1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1+1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(I*e*(p+q)+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i(1 - e^{-2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+q, \frac{e(p+q)+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, [1+1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*\ln(F)/e], \exp(2*I*(e*x+d))\right)}{e(p+q) + ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Csc[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
(I*(1 - E^((-2*I)*(d + e*x)))^(p + q)*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(
g*Csc[d + e*x])^q*Hypergeometric2F1[p + q, (e*(p + q) + I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e
), (e*(2 + p + q) + I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), E^((-2*I)*(d + e*x))])/ (e*(p + q)
+ I*b*c*Log[F])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {2034, 7271, 4955, 2689}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$(f \csc(d+ex))^{-q} (g \csc(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^{p+q} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$(f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \csc^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^{p+q}(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4955$$

$$e^{i(p+q)(d+ex)} (1 - e^{-2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \int e^{-id(p+q) - iex(p+q)} (1 - e^{-2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{ac+bcx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2689$$

$$\frac{F^{ac+bcx} (1 - e^{-2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} \exp(i(p+q)(d+ex) - id(p+q) - iex(p+q)) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[\dots]}{-bc \log(F) + ie(p+q)}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Csc[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

$$-\left(E^{(-I)*d*(p+q)} - I*e*(p+q)*x + I*(p+q)*(d+e*x)\right)*(1 - E^{(-2*I)*(d+e*x)})^{(p+q)}*F^{(a*c+b*c*x)}*(f*\text{Csc}[d+e*x])^p*(g*\text{Csc}[d+e*x])^q*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[p+q, (e*(p+q) + I*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/(2*e), (e*(2+p+q) + I*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/(2*e), E^{(-2*I)*(d+e*x)}]]/(I*e*(p+q) - b*c*\text{Log}[F])$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

$$\text{Int}[(F x_{.})*((a_{.})*(v_{.}))^{(m_{.})}*((b_{.})*(v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*((b*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}/(a^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*(a*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]})) \text{Int}[(a*v)^{(m+n)}*F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m+n]$$

rule 2689

$$\text{Int}[(a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(F_{.})^{(e_{.})}*((c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.}))^{(p_{.})}*(G_{.})^{(h_{.})}*((f_{.}) + (g_{.})*(x_{.}))*(H_{.})^{(t_{.})}*((r_{.}) + (s_{.})*(x_{.}))], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[G^{(h*(f+g*x))*H^{(t*(r+s*x))*((a+b*F^{(e*(c+d*x)))^p/(g*h*\text{Log}[G] + s*t*\text{Log}[H]))*(a+b*F^{(e*(c+d*x))}/a)^p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (g*h*\text{Log}[G] + s*t*\text{Log}[H])/(d*e*\text{Log}[F]), (g*h*\text{Log}[G] + s*t*\text{Log}[H])/(d*e*\text{Log}[F]) + 1, \text{Simplify}[(-b/a)*F^{(e*(c+d*x)}]]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, G, H, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, r, s, t, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 4955

$$\text{Int}[\text{Csc}[(d_{.}) + (e_{.})*(x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}*(F_{.})^{(c_{.})}*((a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.}))], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 - E^{(-2*I*(d+e*x)})^n*(\text{Csc}[d+e*x]^n/E^{(-I)*n*(d+e*x)}) \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[F^{(c*(a+b*x))}*(1/(E^{(I*n*(d+e*x)})*(1 - E^{(-2*I*(d+e*x)})^n))], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n]$$

rule 7271

$$\text{Int}[(u_{.})*((a_{.})*(v_{.}))^{(m_{.})}]^{(p_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a*v^m)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/v^{(m*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{Int}[u*v^{(m*p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, m, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{!FreeQ}[v, x] \&\& \text{!(EqQ}[a, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m, 1]) \&\& \text{!(EqQ}[v, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m, 1])$$



**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \csc(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \csc(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*csc(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))**p*(g*csc(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*csc(d + e*x))**p*(g*csc(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \csc(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*csc(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \csc(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*csc(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^p \left( \frac{g}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p*(g/sin(d + e*x))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p*(g/sin(d + e*x))^q, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \csc(d+ex))^q dx = g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d)^{p+q} dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*csc(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**(p + q),x)`

### 3.153 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx$

|                            |      |
|----------------------------|------|
| Optimal result             | 1011 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 1011 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 1012 |
| Maple [F]                  | 1014 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 1014 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 1014 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 1015 |
| Giac [F]                   | 1015 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 1015 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 1016 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-q, \frac{-e(p+q)-ibc}{2e}\right)}{ie(p+q) - bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p-q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*hypergeom([-p-q, 1/2*(-e*(p+q)-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], [1/2*(e*(2-p-q)-I*b*c*ln(F))/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))/(I*e*(p+q)-b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-q, \frac{i(-ie(p+q)+bc)}{2e}\right)}{-ie(p+q) + bc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
((1 + E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)))^(-p - q)*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*
Cos[d + e*x])^q*Hypergeometric2F1[-p - q, ((-1/2*I)*((-I)*e*(p + q) + b*c*
Log[F]))/e, 1 - ((I/2)*((-I)*e*(p + q) + b*c*Log[F]))/e, -E^((2*I)*(d + e*
x)))]/((-I)*e*(p + q) + b*c*Log[F])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {2034, 7271, 4941, 2689}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & (f \cos(d+ex))^{-q} (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^{p+q} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \cos^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^{p+q}(d+ex) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4941} \\
 & e^{i(p+q)(d+ex)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int e^{-i(p+q)(d+ex)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2689} \\
 & \frac{F^{c(a+bx)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -p - q, -\frac{e(p+q)+ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e^{i(p+q)(d+ex)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)}}{-bc \log(F) + ie(p+q)} \right)}{-bc \log(F) + ie(p+q)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int [F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*cos[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(1 + E^{(2I)(d + ex)}\right)^{-p - q} F^{c(a + bx)} (f \cos[d + ex])^p (g \cos[d + ex])^q \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p - q, -1/2(e(p + q) + Ibc \log[F]) / e, (e(2 - p - q) - Ibc \log[F]) / (2e), -E^{(2I)(d + ex)}] / (Ie(p + q) - bc \log[F])\right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

$$\operatorname{Int}[(Fx_*)((a_*) (v_*)^m)((b_*) (v_*)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b^{\operatorname{IntPart}[n]} (b^v)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[n]} / (a^{\operatorname{IntPart}[n]} (a^v)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[n]}) \operatorname{Int}[(a^v)^{m+n} Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[m + n]$$

rule 2689

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (F_*)^{(e_*)((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^p)} (G_*)^{(h_*)((f_*) + (g_*) (x_*)^p)} (H_*)^{(t_*)((r_*) + (s_*) (x_*)^p)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[G^{h(f + gx)} H^{t(r + sx)} (a + bF^{(c + dx)})^p / ((g^h \log[G] + s^t \log[H]) (a + bF^{(c + dx)}) / a)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (g^h \log[G] + s^t \log[H]) / (d^e \log[F]), (g^h \log[G] + s^t \log[H]) / (d^e \log[F]) + 1, \operatorname{Simplify}[(-b/a) F^{(c + dx)}]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, G, H, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, r, s, t, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 4941

$$\operatorname{Int}[\cos[(d_*) + (e_*) (x_*)^n] (F_*)^{(c_*)((a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^p)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[E^{I n (d + ex)} (\cos[d + ex])^n / (1 + E^{2I(d + ex)})^n \operatorname{Int}[F^{c(a + bx)} ((1 + E^{2I(d + ex)})^n / E^{I n (d + ex)}), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n]$$

rule 7271

$$\operatorname{Int}[(u_*) ((a_*) (v_*)^m)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (a^v)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / v^{m \operatorname{FracPart}[p]} \operatorname{Int}[u^v (m^p), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \operatorname{!FreeQ}[v, x] \&\& \operatorname{!(EqQ}[a, 1] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, 1]) \&\& \operatorname{!(EqQ}[v, x] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, 1])$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cos(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cos(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*cos(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**p*(g*cos(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))**p*(g*cos(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cos(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*cos(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cos(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*cos(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g*cos(d + e*x))^q,x)`



output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g*cos(d + e*x))^q, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{g^q f^{ac+p} \left( f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d)^{p+q} + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d)^{p+q} \sin(ex+d)}{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) ep + \left( \int \frac{f^{bcx} \cos(ex+d)^{p+q} \sin(ex+d)}{\cos(ex+d)} dx \right) eq \right)}{\log(f) bc}$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `(g**q*f**(a*c + p)*(f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**(p + q) + int((f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**(p + q)*sin(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x),x))*e*p + int((f**(b*c*x)*cos(d + e*x)**(p + q)*sin(d + e*x))/cos(d + e*x),x))*e*q)/(log(f)*b*c)`

### 3.154 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$

|   |      |
|---|------|
| Optimal result                              | 1017 |
| Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify) | 1017 |
| Rubi [F]                                    | 1018 |
| Maple [F]                                   | 1019 |
| Fricas [F]                                  | 1019 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]                               | 1020 |
| Maxima [F]                                  | 1020 |
| Giac [F]                                    | 1020 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]                               | 1021 |
| Reduce [F]                                  | 1021 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p+q, \frac{1}{2}\left(-p+q - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(2ie(p-q) - bc \log(F)\right)\right)}{ie(p-q) - bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
-(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*hypergeom([-p+q, -1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1-1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q/(I*e*(p-q)-b*c*ln(F)))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 13.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{i2^{-p+q} \left(\frac{e^{i(d+ex)}}{1+e^{2i(d+ex)}}\right)^q (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}) (e^{-i(d+ex)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}))^p F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^{-p}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p+q, \frac{1}{2}\left(-p+q - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(2ie(p-q) - bc \log(F)\right)\right)}{e(p-q) + ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (I*2^{(-p + q)}*(E^{(I*(d + e*x))}/(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + e*x))}))^q*(1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + e*x))})*((1 + E^{((2*I)*(d + e*x))})/E^{(I*(d + e*x))})^p * F^{(c*(a + b*x))} * \\ & (f*\text{Cos}[d + e*x])^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, (e*(2 + p - q) - I*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/(2*e), \\ & (e*(2 - p + q) - I*b*c*\text{Log}[F])/(2*e), -E^{((2*I)*(d + e*x))}] * (g*\text{Sec}[d + e*x])^q / \\ & (\text{Cos}[d + e*x]^p * (e*(p - q) + I*b*c*\text{Log}[F]) * \text{Sec}[d + e*x]^q) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\ & \cos^{-p}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^p(d+ex) (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7271 \\ & \cos^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^p(d+ex) \sec^q(d+ex) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7292 \\ & \cos^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^p(d+ex) \sec^q(d+ex) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7299 \\ & \cos^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^p(d+ex) \sec^q(d+ex) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))}*(f*\text{Cos}[d + e*x])^p*(g*\text{Sec}[d + e*x])^q, x]$$

output

$$\text{\$Aborted}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \sec(d+ex))^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**p*(g*sec(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p \left( \frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d)^q \cos(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**q*cos(d + e*x)**p,x)`

### 3.155 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$

|                            |      |
|----------------------------|------|
| Optimal result             | 1022 |
| Mathematica [A] (verified) | 1022 |
| Rubi [A] (verified)        | 1023 |
| Maple [F]                  | 1025 |
| Fricas [F]                 | 1025 |
| Sympy [F]                  | 1025 |
| Maxima [F]                 | 1026 |
| Giac [F]                   | 1026 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]              | 1026 |
| Reduce [F]                 | 1027 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+q, \frac{1}{2}\left(p+q - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(2+p+q - \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right), -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{ie(p+q) + bc \log(F)}$$

output

```
(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*hypergeom([p+q, 1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], [1+1/2*p+1/2*q-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e], -exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q/(I*e*(p+q)+b*c*ln(F))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx = \frac{i(1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+q, \frac{e(p+q)-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, \frac{e(2+p+q)-ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -e^{2i(d+ex)}\right)}{e(p+q) - ibc \log(F)}$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
((-I)*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)))^(p + q)*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[
p + q, (e*(p + q) - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (e*(2 + p + q) - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2
*e), -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q)/(e*(p +
q) - I*b*c*Log[F])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {2034, 7271, 4954, 2689}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & (f \sec(d+ex))^{-q} (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^{p+q} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \sec^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^{p+q}(d+ex) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4954} \\
 & e^{-i(p+q)(d+ex)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int e^{id(p+q)+iex(p+q)} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{ac+bc} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2689} \\
 & \frac{F^{ac+bc} (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} \exp(-i(p+q)(d+ex) + id(p+q) + iex(p+q)) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[\dots]}{bc \log(F) + ie(p+q)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q,x]
```



output

```
(E^(I*d*(p + q) + I*e*(p + q)*x - I*(p + q)*(d + e*x))*(1 + E^((2*I)*(d + e*x)))^(p + q)*F^(a*c + b*c*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[p + q, (e*(p + q) - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), (e*(2 + p + q) - I*b*c*Log[F])/(2*e), -E^((2*I)*(d + e*x))]*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q/(I*e*(p + q) + b*c*Log[F])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 2689

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(p_)*(G_)^((h_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))*(H_)^((t_)*((r_) + (s_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[G^(h*(f + g*x))*H^(t*(r + s*x))*((a + b*F^(e*(c + d*x)))^p/((g*h*Log[G] + s*t*Log[H]))*(a + b*F^(e*(c + d*x)))/a^p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (g*h*Log[G] + s*t*Log[H])/(d*e*Log[F]), (g*h*Log[G] + s*t*Log[H])/(d*e*Log[F]) + 1, Simplify[(-b/a)*F^(e*(c + d*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, G, H, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, r, s, t, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 4954

```
Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n*(Sec[d + e*x]^n/E^(I*n*(d + e*x))) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(E^(I*n*(d + e*x))]/(1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 7271

```
Int[(u_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \sec(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sec(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*sec(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))**p*(g*sec(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sec(d + e*x))**p*(g*sec(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sec(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*sec(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sec(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*sec(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{f}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^p \left( \frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/cos(d + e*x))^p*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f/cos(d + e*x))^p*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx = g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d)^{p+q} dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**(p + q),x)`

### 3.156 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1028 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1028 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1029 |
| Maple [F]       | 1030 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1031 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1031 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1031 |
| Giac [F]        | 1032 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1032 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1033 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i^{2^{-1-p-q}} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+p+q, 1 + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, p, p, 1 + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}\right)}{e(1+p+q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-p-q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1+p+q,1+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,p+q,2+p+q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q/e/(1+p+q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Tan[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Tan[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & (f \tan(d+ex))^{-q} (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^{p+q} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7271} \\
 & (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \tan^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \tan^{p+q}(d+ex) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4967} \\
 & (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \tan^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{ac+bx} \tan^{p+q}(d+ex) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 & (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \tan^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{ac+bx} \tan^{p+q}(d+ex) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Tan[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 4967 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(u_.))*(G_)[v_]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[F^(c*ExpandToSum[u, x])*G[ExpandToSum[v, x]]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, n}, x] && TrigQ[G] && LinearQ[{u, v}, x] && !LinearMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \tan(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \tan(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \tan(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*tan(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \tan(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))**p*(g*tan(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*tan(d + e*x))**p*(g*tan(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \tan(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \tan(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate((f*tan(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \tan(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*tan(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*tan(d + e*x))^p*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*tan(d + e*x))^p*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx = g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^{p+q} dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**(p + q),x)`

### 3.157 $\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1034 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1034 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1035 |
| Maple [F]       | 1036 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1036 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1037 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1037 |
| Giac [F]        | 1037 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1038 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1038 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i2^{-1-p+q} \left( e^{2i(d+ex)} \right)^{\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 1 + p - q, 1 + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, p \right)}{e(1+p-q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-p+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(p-q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1+p-q,1+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,p-q,2+p-q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p/e/(1+p-q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Tan[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Tan[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cot^{-q}(d+ex) (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) (f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\tan^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) \tan^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\tan^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \tan^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\tan^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \tan(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \tan^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Tan[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)}(g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \tan(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \tan(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \tan(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*tan(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**q*(f*tan(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q(f \tan(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*tan(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q(f \tan(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*tan(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f*tan(d + e*x))^p,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f*tan(d + e*x))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \tan(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(bx+a)}(g \cot(ex+d))^q(f \tan(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x)`output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*tan(e*x+d))^p,x)`

### 3.158 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1039 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1039 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1040 |
| Maple [F]       | 1041 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1042 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1042 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1042 |
| Giac [F]        | 1043 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1043 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1044 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1+p+q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-p-q, 1 + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{2e}, -\right)}{e(1-p-q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+p+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p-q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1-p-q,1+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,-p-q,2-p-q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q/e/(1-p-q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cot[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q,x]
```



output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cot[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$(f \cot(d+ex))^{-q} (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^{p+q} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$(f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \cot^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^{p+q}(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4967$$

$$(f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \cot^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^{p+q}(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$(f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \cot^{-p-q}(d+ex) \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^{p+q}(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cot[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 4967 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*(u_.))*(G_)[v_]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[F^(c*ExpandToSum[u, x])*G[ExpandToSum[v, x]]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, n}, x] && TrigQ[G] && LinearQ[{u, v}, x] && !LinearMatchQ[{u, v}, x]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \cot(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cot(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*cot(e*x + d))^p*(g*cot(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))**p*(g*cot(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cot(d + e*x))**p*(g*cot(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cot(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*cot(e*x + d))^p*(g*cot(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cot(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*cot(e*x + d))^p*(g*cot(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cot(d + e*x))^p*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cot(d + e*x))^p*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cot(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx = g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d)^{p+q} dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cot(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)**(p + q),x)`

### 3.159 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1045 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1045 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1046 |
| Maple [F]       | 1047 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1047 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1048 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1048 |
| Giac [F]        | 1048 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1049 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1049 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1+q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(p+q+\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+p, \frac{1}{2}(2+p+q+\dots)}{e(1+p)}\right)}{e(1+p)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p+1/2*q+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(p+1,1+1/2*p+1/2*q+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,-q,2+p,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p/e/((1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q)/(p+1)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q*(f*SIN[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cos^{-q}(d+ex) (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^q(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \cos^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \cos^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \cos^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)}(g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*cos(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))**q*(f*sin(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*cos(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*cos(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^q*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^q*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^p \cos(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**p*cos(d + e*x)**q,x)`

### 3.160 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1050 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1050 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1051 |
| Maple [F]       | 1052 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1052 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1053 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1053 |
| Giac [F]        | 1053 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1054 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1054 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1-q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(p-q + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^q F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+p, \frac{1}{2}(2+p-q+i), \frac{i}{2}(2+p-q+i), 1\right)}{e(1+p)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p-1/2*q+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(p+1,1+1/2*p-1/2*q+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,q,2+p,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p/e/(p+1)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sine[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sec^{-q}(d+ex) (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^q(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \sec^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \sec^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (g \sec(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \sec(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*sec(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \sec(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))**q*(f*sin(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \sec(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \sec(ex+d))^q(f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*sec(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \sec(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \sec(ex+d))^q(f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*sec(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p \left( \frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \sec(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^p \sec(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**p*sec(d + e*x)**q,x)`

### 3.161 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1055 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1055 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1056 |
| Maple [F]       | 1057 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1057 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1058 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1058 |
| Giac [F]        | 1058 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1059 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1059 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1+q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(-p+q+\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-p, \frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), 1-p, \frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), \frac{1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}}{1 + e^{2i(d+ex)}}\right)}{e(1-p)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p+1/2*q+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1-p,1-1/2*p+1/2*q+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,-q,2-p,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p/e/((1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q)/(1-p)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p,x]
```



output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cos^{-q}(d+ex) (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^q(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \cos^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^q(d+ex) \csc^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \cos^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^q(d+ex) \csc^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \cos^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cos(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^q(d+ex) \csc^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cos[d + e*x])^q*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*cos(e*x + d))^q*(f*csc(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q(f \csc(d+ex))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))**q*(f*csc(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q(f \csc(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*cos(e*x + d))^q*(f*csc(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cos(d+ex))^q(f \csc(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cos(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*cos(e*x + d))^q*(f*csc(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q \left( \frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cos(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cos(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d)^p \cos(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cos(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**p*cos(d + e*x)**q,x)`

### 3.162 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1060 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1060 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1061 |
| Maple [F]       | 1062 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1062 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1063 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1063 |
| Giac [F]        | 1063 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1064 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1064 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i^{2^{-1-q}} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-\frac{e(p+q)-ibc \log(F)}{2e}} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^q F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-p, \frac{e(2-p-q)+ibc \log(F)}{2e}\right)}{e(1-p)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-q)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q*F^(c*(b*x+a))*Appel
lF1(1-p,1/2*(e*(2-p-q)+I*b*c*ln(F))/e,q,2-p,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp
(2*I*(e*x+d))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q/e/(exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*
(e*(p+q)-I*b*c*ln(F))/e))/(1-p)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^p(d+ex) (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^p(d+ex) \sec^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \csc^p(d+ex) \sec^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \sec^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \csc^p(d+ex) \sec^q(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Sec[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))**p*(g*sec(e*x+d))**q, x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*csc(d + e*x))**p*(g*sec(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \sec(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`



output `integrate((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*sec(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} \left( \frac{g}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^q \left( \frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g/cos(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \sec(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d)^q \csc(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*sec(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**q*csc(d + e*x)**p,x)`

### 3.163 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1065 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1065 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1066 |
| Maple [F]       | 1067 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1067 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1068 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1068 |
| Giac [F]        | 1068 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1069 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1069 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1-q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^q F^{c(a+bx)} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+p+q, \frac{1}{2}\left(2+p+\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}\right)\right)}{e(1+p+q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1+p+q,1+1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(
F)/e,q,2+p+q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p
*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q/e/(1+p+q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*SIN[d + e*x])^p*(g*TAN[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^p(d+ex) (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sin^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \sin^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \sin^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \sin(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \sin(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*sin(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sin(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))**p*(g*tan(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sin(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sin(ex+d))^p(g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*sin(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sin(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \sin(ex+d))^p(g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*sin(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sin(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sin(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sin(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^q \sin(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**q*sin(d + e*x)**p,x)`

### 3.164 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1070 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1070 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1071 |
| Maple [F]       | 1072 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1072 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1073 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1073 |
| Giac [F]        | 1073 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1074 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1074 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i^{2^{-1+q}} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+p-q, \frac{1}{2}(2+p+\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}), \frac{1}{2}(2+p-\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})\right)}{e(1+p-q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
 *F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1+p-q,1+1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,-q,2+p-q,1-exp(2*I
 *(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p/e/((
 1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q)/(1+p-q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sine[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cot^{-q}(d+ex) (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sin^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sin(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \sin^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sin[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)}(g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d)**q*(f*sin(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q(f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q(f \sin(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*sin(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f*sin(d + e*x))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sin(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sin(ex+d)^p \cot(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sin(e*x+d))^p,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sin(d + e*x)**p*cot(d + e*x)**q,x)`

### 3.165 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1075 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1075 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1076 |
| Maple [F]       | 1077 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1077 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1078 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1078 |
| Giac [F]        | 1078 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1079 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1079 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1-q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(-p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^q F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - p + q, \frac{1}{2}(2 - p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}), 1 - p + q, 1 - \exp(2i(d+ex))\right)}{e(1 - p + q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*(-p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e))*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
)*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1-p+q,1/2*(-p+1/2*I*b*c*ln
(F)/e),q,2-p+q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^
p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q/e/(1-p+q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^p(d+ex) (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \csc^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \csc^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \csc^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))**p*(g*tan(e*x+d))**q, x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*csc(d + e*x))**p*(g*tan(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \csc(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*csc(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \tan(d+ex))^q \left( \frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^q \csc(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**q*csc(d + e*x)**p,x)`



### 3.166 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1080 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1080 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1081 |
| Maple [F]       | 1082 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1082 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1083 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1083 |
| Giac [F]        | 1083 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1084 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1084 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1+q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(-p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-p-q, \frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), 1-p-q, \frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), -\frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), \frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), -\frac{1}{2}(2-p+q), -\frac{1}{2}(2-p+q)\right)}{e(1-p-q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1-p-q,1-1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,-q,2-p-q,1-exp(2*
I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p/e/(
(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^q)/(1-p-q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cot^{-q}(d+ex) (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) \csc^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \csc^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\csc^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \csc^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Csc[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*csc(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \csc(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**q*(f*csc(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*csc(d + e*x))**p*(g*cot(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*csc(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \csc(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*csc(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q \left( \frac{f}{\sin(d+ex)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f/sin(d + e*x))^p, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \csc(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \csc(ex+d)^p \cot(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*csc(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*csc(d + e*x)**p*cot(d + e*x)**q,x)`

### 3.167 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1085 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1085 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1086 |
| Maple [F]       | 1087 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1087 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1088 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1088 |
| Giac [F]        | 1088 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1089 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1089 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1+p-q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2} \left( p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right)} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 1 + q, \frac{1}{2} (2 + p + \dots) \right)}{e(1+q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+p-q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1+q,1+1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,-p+q,2+q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q/e/(1+q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^p(d+ex) (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**p*(g*tan(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p(g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p(g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^q \cos(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**q*cos(d + e*x)**p,x)`

### 3.168 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1090 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1090 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1091 |
| Maple [F]       | 1092 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1092 |
| Sympy [F(-1)]   | 1093 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1093 |
| Giac [F]        | 1093 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1094 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1094 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1+p+q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2} \left( p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e} \right)} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{-p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 1 - q, \frac{1}{2} (2 + p + i b c \log(F) / e) \right)}{e(1 - q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1+p+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(-p-q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1-q,1+1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,
-p-q,2-q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q/e/(1-q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^p(d+ex) (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cos^p(d+ex) \cot^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^p(d+ex) \cot^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\cos^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cos^p(d+ex) \cot^q(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Cos[d + e*x])^p*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*cot(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \cot(d+ex))^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))**p*(g*cot(e*x+d))**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*cot(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \cos(d+ex))^p(g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \\ &= \int (f \cos(ex+d))^p (g \cot(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*cos(e*x + d))^p*(g*cot(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q,x)`output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*cos(d + e*x))^p*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \cos(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \cot(ex+d)^q \cos(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*cos(e*x+d))^p*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q,x)`output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*cot(d + e*x)**q*cos(d + e*x)**p,x)`

### 3.169 $\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1095 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1095 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1096 |
| Maple [F]       | 1097 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1097 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1098 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1098 |
| Giac [F]        | 1098 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1099 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1099 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \frac{i 2^{-1-p-q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(-p+\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p+q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+q, \frac{1}{2}(2-p+i b c \log(F)/e)\right)}{e(1+q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-p-q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*(-p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e))*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(p+q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1+q,1-1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,
p+q,2+q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q/e/(1+q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q,x]
```



output `Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]`

### Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^p(d+ex) (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \sec^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \sec^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) \tan^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \sec^p(d+ex) \tan^q(d+ex) dx$$

input `Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p*(g*Tan[d + e*x])^q, x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (f \sec(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx \\ & = \int (f \sec(ex+d))^p (g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*sec(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sec(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sec(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))**p*(g*tan(e*x+d))**q, x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sec(d + e*x))**p*(g*tan(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sec(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \sec(ex+d))^p(g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*sec(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(f \sec(d+ex))^p(g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int (f \sec(ex+d))^p(g \tan(ex+d))^q F^{(bx+a)c} dx$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*sec(e*x + d))^p*(g*tan(e*x + d))^q*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \tan(d+ex))^q \left( \frac{f}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q*(f/cos(d + e*x))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*tan(d + e*x))^q*(f/cos(d + e*x))^p, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \tan(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \tan(ex+d)^q \sec(ex+d)^p dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p*(g*tan(e*x+d))^q,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*tan(d + e*x)**q*sec(d + e*x)**p,x)`

### 3.170 $\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$

|                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Optimal result  | 1100 |
| Mathematica [F] | 1100 |
| Rubi [F]        | 1101 |
| Maple [F]       | 1102 |
| Fricas [F]      | 1102 |
| Sympy [F]       | 1103 |
| Maxima [F]      | 1103 |
| Giac [F]        | 1103 |
| Mupad [F(-1)]   | 1104 |
| Reduce [F]      | 1104 |

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{i2^{-1-p+q} (e^{2i(d+ex)})^{\frac{1}{2}(-p+\frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})} (1 - e^{2i(d+ex)}) (1 + e^{2i(d+ex)})^{p-q} F^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - q, \frac{1}{2}(2 - p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e}), 1 - q, \frac{1}{2}(2 - p + \frac{ibc \log(F)}{e})\right)}{e(1 - q)}$$

output

```
I*2^(-1-p+q)*exp(2*I*(e*x+d))^(1/2*p-1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e)*(1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))
*(1+exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))^(p-q)*F^(c*(b*x+a))*AppellF1(1-q,1-1/2*p+1/2*I*b*c*ln(F)/e,p-q,2-q,1-exp(2*I*(e*x+d)),1/2-1/2*exp(2*I*(e*x+d)))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p/e/(1-q)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)}(g \cot(d+ex))^q(f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\cot^{-q}(d+ex) (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7271$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{c(a+bx)} \cot^q(d+ex) \sec^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \sec^p(d+ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\sec^{-p}(d+ex) \cot^{-q}(d+ex) (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q \int F^{ac+bx} \cot^q(d+ex) \sec^p(d+ex) dx$$

input

```
Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*Cot[d + e*x])^q*(f*Sec[d + e*x])^p, x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int F^{c(bx+a)} (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \sec(ex+d))^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx \\ & = \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \sec(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*sec(e*x + d))^p*F^(b*c*x + a*c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (f \sec(d+ex))^p (g \cot(d+ex))^q dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F**(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))**q*(f*sec(e*x+d))**p,x)`

output `Integral(F**(c*(a + b*x))*(f*sec(d + e*x))**p*(g*cot(d + e*x))**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \sec(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*sec(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx \\ &= \int (g \cot(ex+d))^q (f \sec(ex+d))^p F^{(bx+a)c} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`



output `integrate((g*cot(e*x + d))^q*(f*sec(e*x + d))^p*F^((b*x + a)*c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= \int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q \left( \frac{f}{\cos(d+ex)} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f/cos(d + e*x))^p,x)`

output `int(F^(c*(a + b*x))*(g*cot(d + e*x))^q*(f/cos(d + e*x))^p, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int F^{c(a+bx)} (g \cot(d+ex))^q (f \sec(d+ex))^p dx$$

$$= g^q f^{ac+p} \left( \int f^{bcx} \sec(ex+d)^p \cot(ex+d)^q dx \right)$$

input `int(F^(c*(b*x+a))*(g*cot(e*x+d))^q*(f*sec(e*x+d))^p,x)`

output `g**q*f**(a*c + p)*int(f**(b*c*x)*sec(d + e*x)**p*cot(d + e*x)**q,x)`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions . . . . . 1105  
4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS . 1123

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
      ]
    ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
9]]]]]]]]]]
```

```
ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{
Exp, Log,
Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
}, func]
```

```
SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{
Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
FresnelS, FresnelC,
ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
}, func]
```

```
HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]
```

```
AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]
```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result   := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal  := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

        end if
    else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
            print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
    fi;
else # result do not contain complex
    # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
    if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
    fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```



```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9
end proc

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

# print("Before returning. grade=", grade, " grade_annotation=", grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```



```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file