

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

5-Inverse-trig-functions/5.6-Inverse-cosecant/289-5.6.1

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 178 ]. This is test number [ 289 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 178 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	100.00 ( 178 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Maple	82.58 ( 147 )	17.42 ( 31 )
Fricas	69.10 ( 123 )	30.90 ( 55 )
Giac	52.81 ( 94 )	47.19 ( 84 )
Sympy	36.52 ( 65 )	63.48 ( 113 )
Maxima	35.39 ( 63 )	64.61 ( 115 )
Mupad	32.02 ( 57 )	67.98 ( 121 )
Reduce	25.84 ( 46 )	74.16 ( 132 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

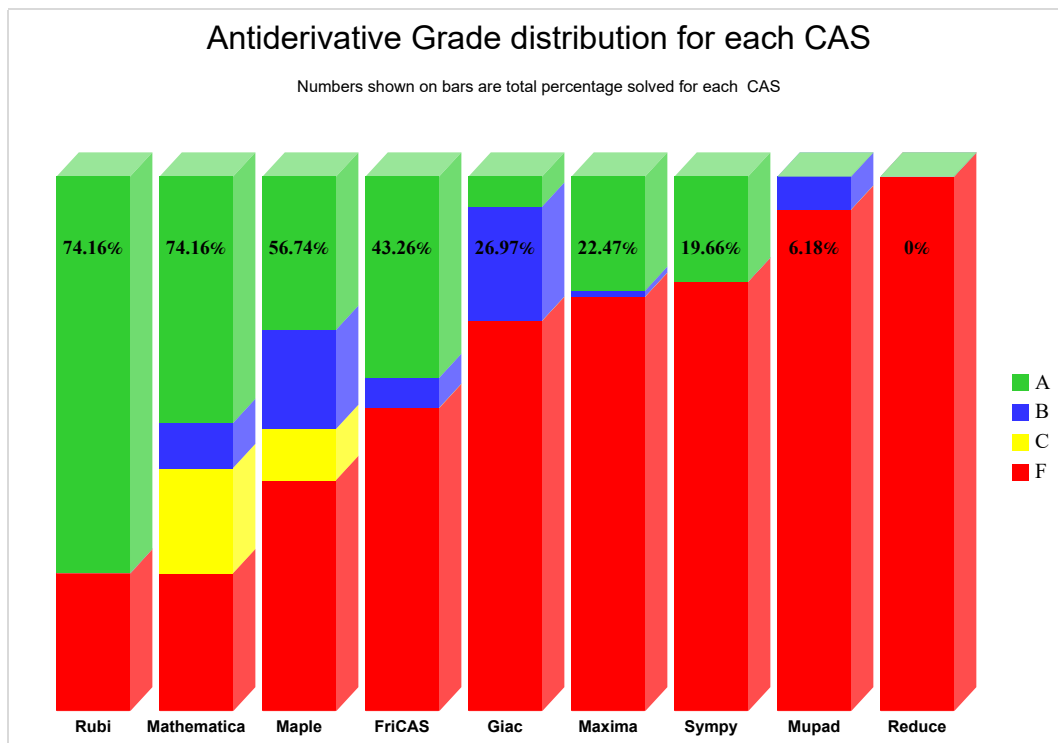
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

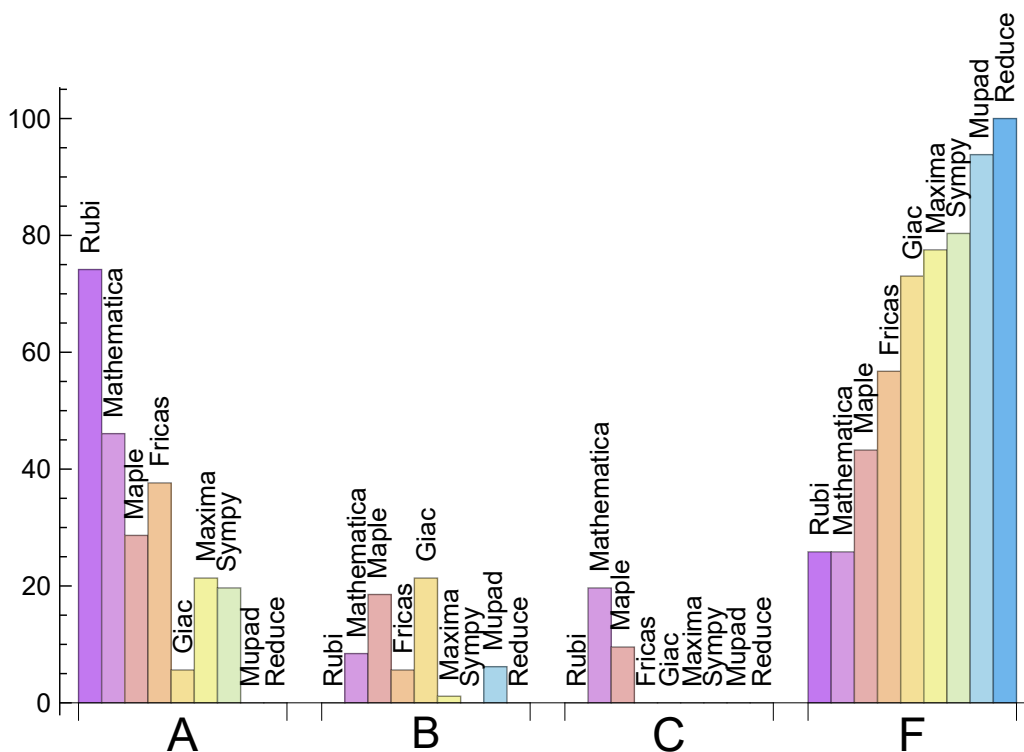
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	74.157	0.000	0.000	25.843
Mathematica	46.067	8.427	19.663	25.843
Fricas	37.640	5.618	0.000	56.742
Maple	28.652	18.539	9.551	43.258
Maxima	21.348	1.124	0.000	77.528
Sympy	19.663	0.000	0.000	80.337
Giac	5.618	21.348	0.000	73.034
Mupad	0.000	6.180	0.000	93.820
Reduce	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	31	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	55	85.45	14.55	0.00
Giac	84	54.76	5.95	39.29
Maxima	115	40.87	0.00	59.13
Sympy	113	59.29	40.71	0.00
Mupad	121	0.00	100.00	0.00
Reduce	132	100.00	0.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

### 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Fricas	0.21
Reduce	0.32
Maxima	0.58
Rubi	0.74
Mupad	1.10
Giac	2.03
Mathematica	5.44
Maple	8.35
Sympy	20.49

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	35.07	1.21	27.00	1.17
Reduce	125.30	5.68	85.50	3.77
Sympy	132.28	1.37	37.00	1.25
Maxima	156.00	4.29	98.00	1.41
Rubi	209.55	1.01	133.50	1.00
Fricas	250.18	1.87	85.00	1.24
Mathematica	306.05	1.23	128.50	1.09
Giac	321.71	2.83	48.00	1.25
Maple	341.18	1.55	153.00	1.19

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS



## 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

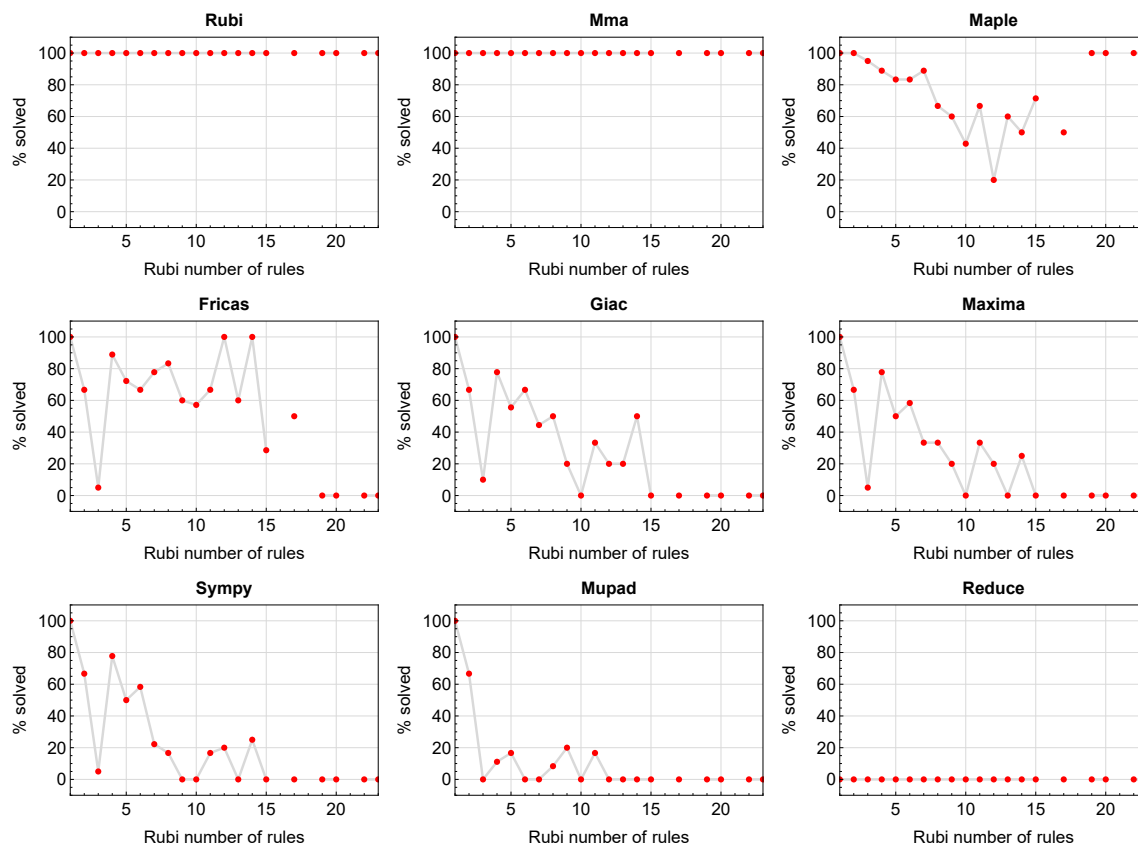


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

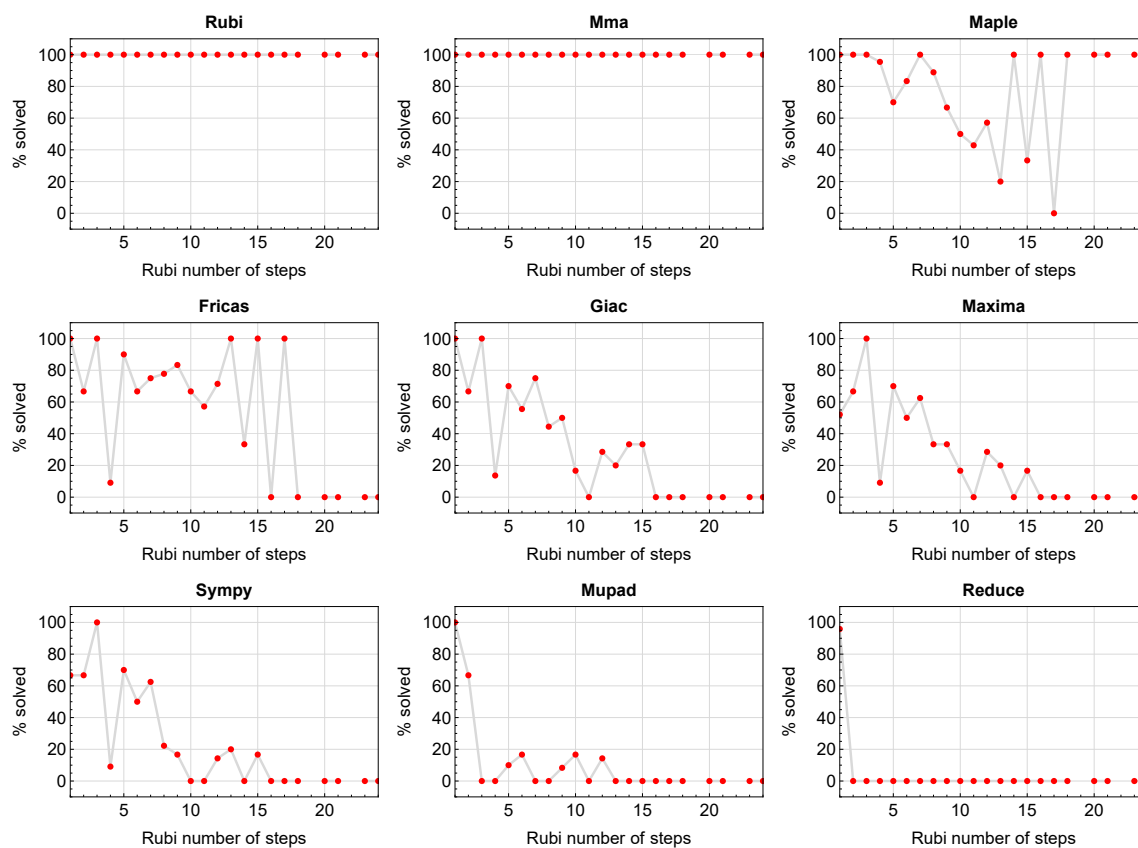


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

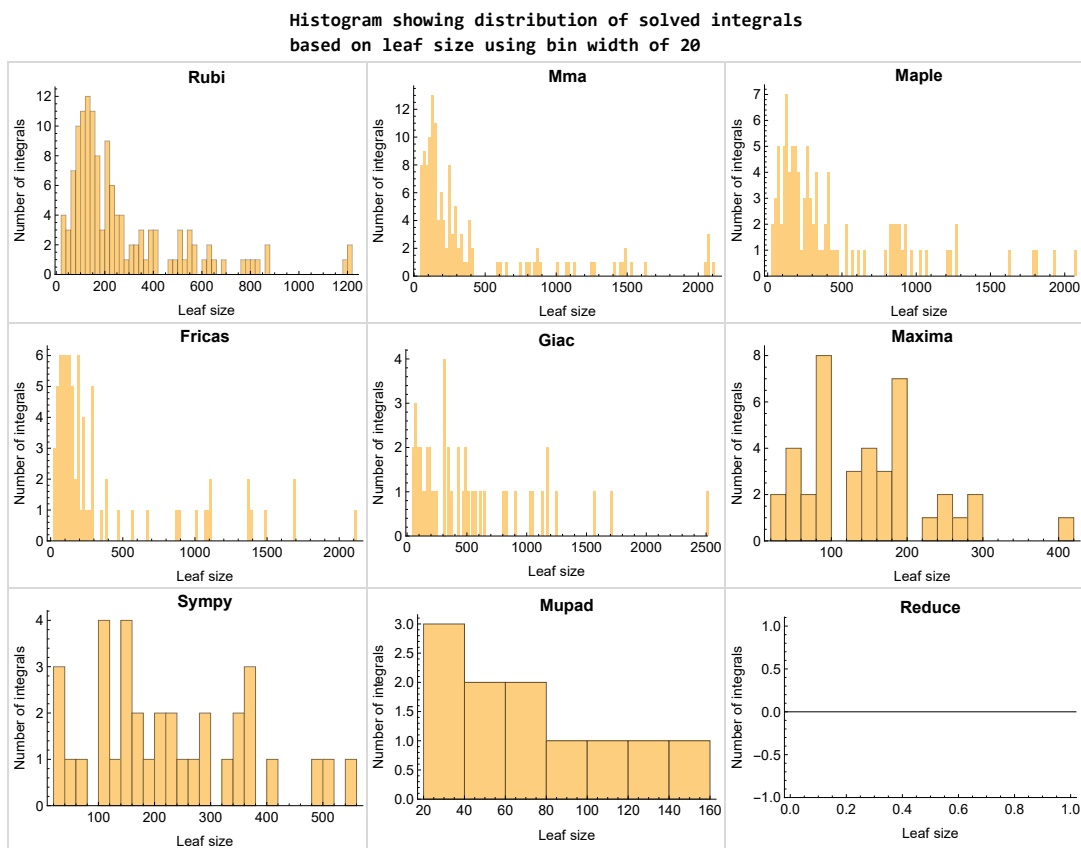


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

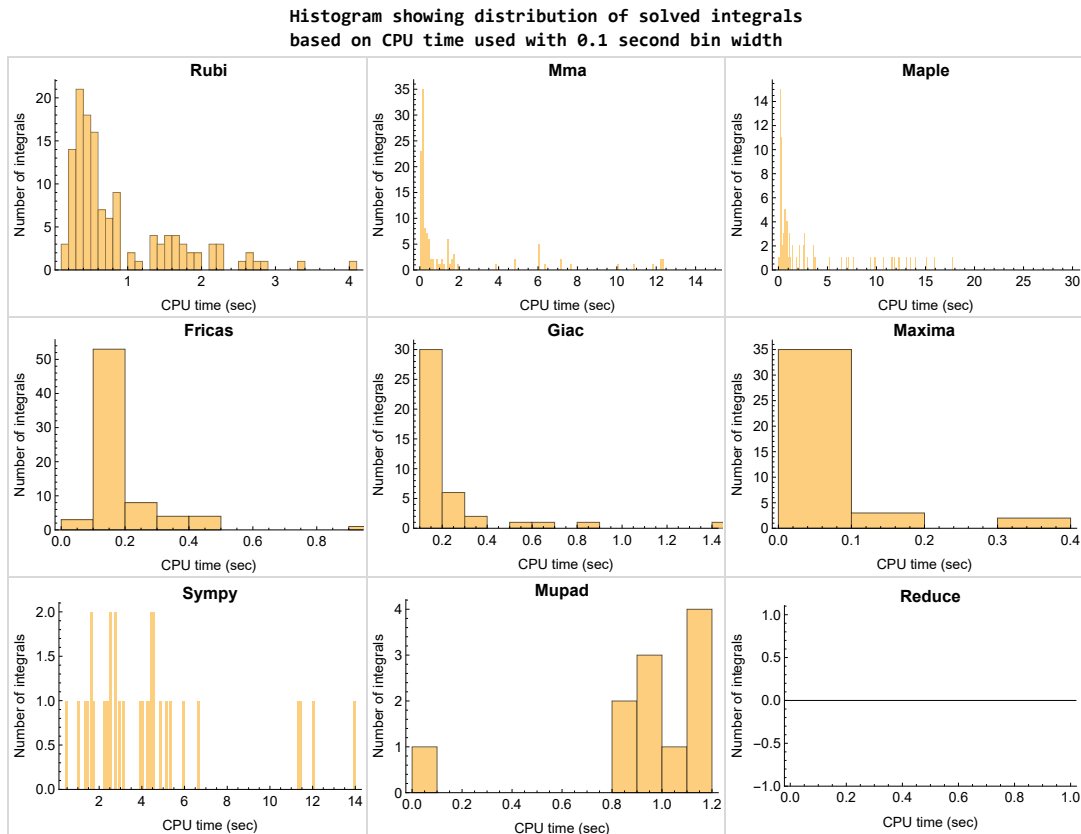


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

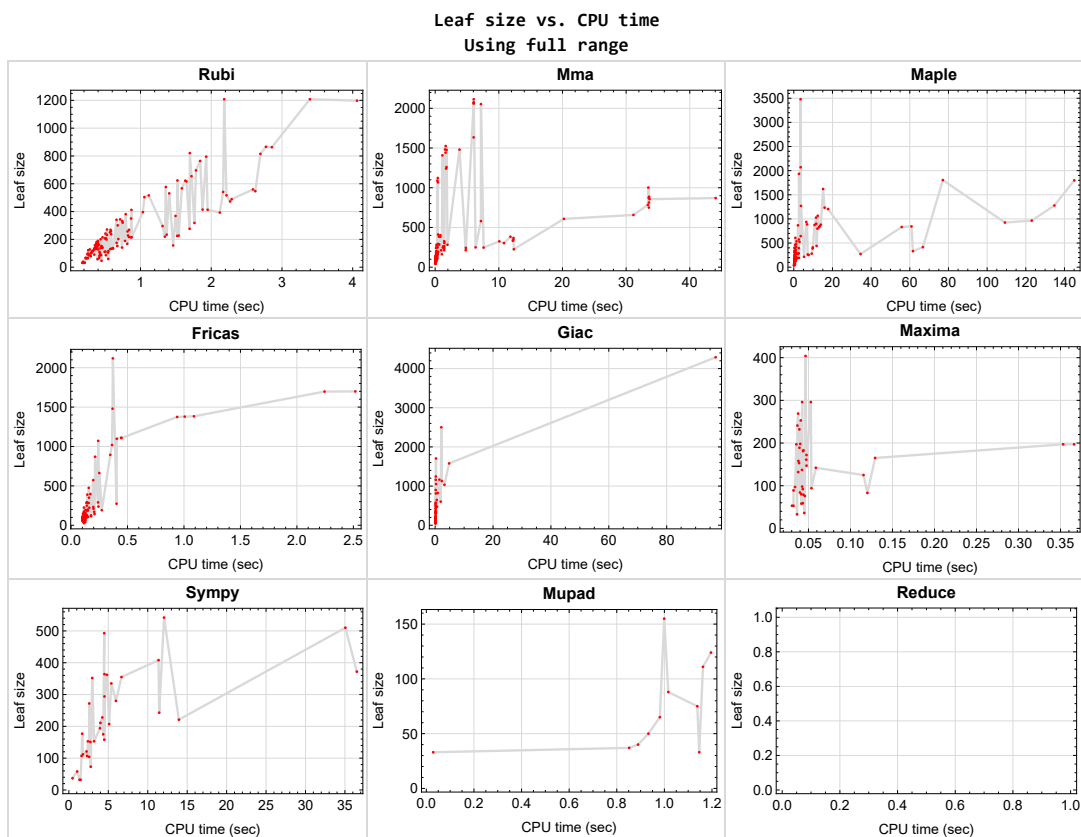


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{33, 34, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 54, 55, 61, 62, 67, 68, 73, 74, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 141, 142, 143, 144, 150, 151, 152, 153, 159, 160, 161, 162, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 177, 178}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {175}

**Mathematica** {25, 51, 53, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 69, 70, 72, 75, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 128, 129, 138, 139, 147, 156, 158}

**Maple** {98, 99, 101, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 114, 115, 116, 117}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'beselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'
```



```
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
```

```
if x is None:
    return 1
else:
    return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount = 1
```

## Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

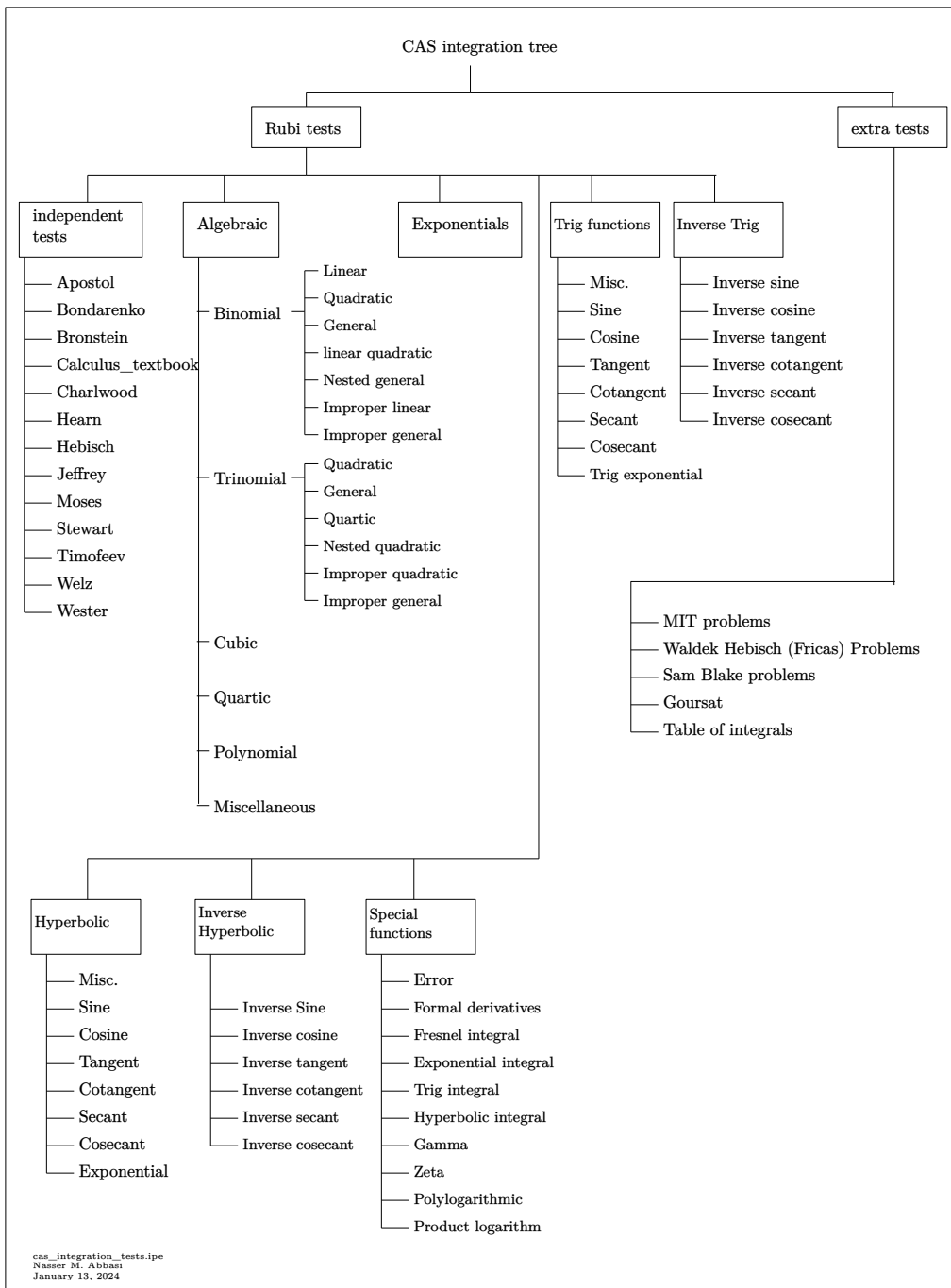
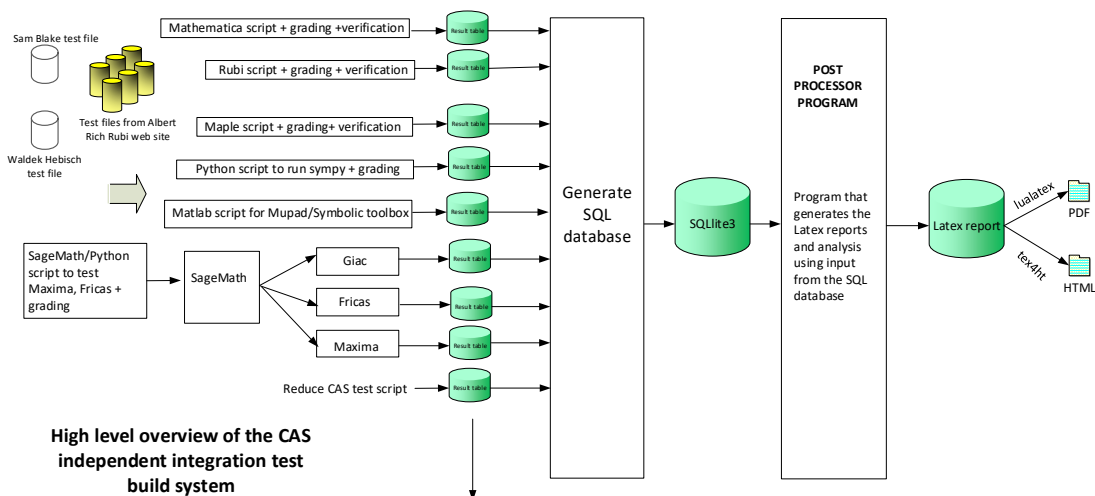


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	29
Mma . . . . .	29
Maple . . . . .	30
Fricas . . . . .	30
Maxima . . . . .	31
Giac . . . . .	31
Mupad . . . . .	32
Sympy . . . . .	32
Reduce . . . . .	33

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### Mma

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 59, 60, 66, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 108, 109, 110, 115, 116, 117, 145, 154, 163, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176 }

**B grade** { 25, 53, 72, 75, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 111, 114 }

**C grade** { 51, 52, 56, 57, 58, 63, 64, 65, 69, 70, 71, 105, 112, 113, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 146, 147, 148, 149, 155, 156, 157, 158, 164 }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15, 16, 18, 22, 24, 25, 27, 30, 36, 37, 38, 46, 47, 49, 53, 59, 60, 64, 65, 66, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 96, 97 }

**B grade** { 10, 12, 14, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 44, 45, 48, 50, 51, 52, 56, 57, 58, 63, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 88, 95, 105, 112, 113 }

**C grade** { 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 114, 115, 116, 117 }

**F normal fail** { 41, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 23, 29, 30, 31, 32, 44, 45, 46, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 105, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 155, 163, 164, 174, 175, 176 }

**B grade** { 7, 17, 47, 49, 50, 112, 113, 156, 157, 158 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 8, 16, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 36, 37, 38, 41, 48, 51, 52, 53, 57, 59, 63, 66, 69, 72, 86, 87, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 114, 115, 116, 117, 165, 166, 167 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 56, 58, 60, 64, 65, 70, 71, 75 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 29, 44, 45, 46, 47, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95 }

**B grade** { 15, 22 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 8, 16, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 48, 49, 50, 86, 87, 96, 97, 99, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 111, 112, 113, 114, 120, 129, 140, 149, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 98, 100, 102, 107, 108, 109, 110, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162 }

## Giac

**A grade** { 9, 10, 11, 12, 36, 37, 38, 80, 81, 92 }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 29, 30, 31, 32, 44, 45, 46, 47, 76, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91, 93, 94, 95 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 41, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 176 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 99, 103, 104, 107, 111 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 8, 16, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 48, 49, 50, 86, 87, 96, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 174, 175 }



## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 20, 29, 47, 79, 86, 87 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Sympy

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 44, 45, 46, 47, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 8, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 72, 86, 87, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 105, 107, 108, 109, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 129, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 157, 158, 166, 167, 176 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 51, 54, 56, 57, 61, 63, 64, 67, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 103, 104, 106, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 128, 132, 133, 136, 137, 151, 152, 155, 156, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 174, 175, 176 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	122	107	177	161	115	221	646	19	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.94	1.55	1.41	1.01	1.94	5.67	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.100	0.261	0.047	0.178	13.949	0.558	0.276	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	97	72	79	80	62	153	518	19	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.81	0.89	0.90	0.70	1.72	5.82	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.090	0.255	0.041	0.107	2.417	0.151	0.260	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	93	97	141	132	106	175	480	19	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.09	1.58	1.48	1.19	1.97	5.39	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.053	0.254	0.038	0.151	4.352	0.368	0.254	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	68	62	70	59	52	107	352	19	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.97	1.09	0.92	0.81	1.67	5.50	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.071	0.257	0.043	0.118	1.607	0.141	0.250	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	85	94	97	94	107	310	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.47	1.52	1.47	1.67	4.84	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.042	0.276	0.034	0.136	2.307	0.289	0.273	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	50	61	36	39	58	182	17	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	1.56	0.92	1.00	1.49	4.67	0.44	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.022	0.263	0.045	0.125	1.052	0.128	0.225	0.889

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	58	37	53	64	32	62	12	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.87	1.19	1.71	2.06	1.03	2.00	0.39	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.038	0.107	0.032	0.120	1.476	0.120	0.241	1.146

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	87	53	136	0	0	0	0	17	65
N.S.	1	1.36	0.83	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.032	0.632	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.981

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	41	59	33	26	37	42	21	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	1.84	1.03	0.81	1.16	1.31	0.66	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.030	0.259	0.036	0.115	0.464	0.125	0.269	0.852

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	64	66	96	83	40	121	66	25	50
N.S.	1	1.25	1.29	1.88	1.63	0.78	2.37	1.29	0.49	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.034	0.243	0.120	0.109	2.240	0.123	0.271	0.933

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	65	59	71	58	39	112	87	25	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.98	1.18	0.97	0.65	1.87	1.45	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.052	0.246	0.042	0.117	1.789	0.121	0.296	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	96	78	138	125	53	194	117	25	0
N.S.	1	1.26	1.03	1.82	1.64	0.70	2.55	1.54	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.045	0.235	0.116	0.102	3.942	0.129	0.282	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	86	69	79	76	50	158	149	25	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.84	0.96	0.93	0.61	1.93	1.82	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.065	0.240	0.046	0.110	4.491	0.128	0.297	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	128	88	174	165	63	243	174	25	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.87	1.72	1.63	0.62	2.41	1.72	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.075	0.237	0.129	0.100	11.451	0.139	0.300	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	116	124	170	197	146	0	811	39	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.16	1.59	1.84	1.36	0.00	7.58	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.545	0.129	0.723	0.366	0.127	0.000	0.257	0.293	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	133	213	268	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.53	1.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.943	0.964	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.336	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	65	89	122	84	111	0	427	35	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.62	2.22	1.53	2.02	0.00	7.76	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.158	0.714	0.040	0.120	0.000	0.176	0.275	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	81	147	176	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.75	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.179	0.489	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.269	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	105	137	338	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.51	3.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.107	0.723	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	57	71	115	79	57	0	104	42	88
N.S.	1	1.14	1.42	2.30	1.58	1.14	0.00	2.08	0.84	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.098	0.523	0.044	0.102	0.000	0.135	0.258	1.016

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	90	102	144	0	82	0	163	48	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.34	1.89	0.00	1.08	0.00	2.14	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.076	0.767	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.136	0.251	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	112	108	153	197	93	0	224	48	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.06	1.50	1.93	0.91	0.00	2.20	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.145	1.177	0.353	0.099	0.000	0.138	0.257	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	140	148	265	0	120	0	304	48	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.21	2.17	0.00	0.98	0.00	2.49	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.115	0.943	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.139	0.258	0.000



Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	215	285	417	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.38	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.876	0.643	1.236	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	214	580	535	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	0.97	2.64	2.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.864	7.190	1.413	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	134	182	303	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.44	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.433	1.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	137	265	378	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.84	2.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	0.238	0.742	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	141	242	608	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.95	4.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.738	0.142	0.832	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	86	135	197	147	98	0	195	63	155
N.S.	1	1.08	1.69	2.46	1.84	1.22	0.00	2.44	0.79	1.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.128	0.650	0.048	0.108	0.000	0.154	0.261	0.999

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	142	186	206	0	150	0	302	71	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.49	1.65	0.00	1.20	0.00	2.42	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.150	0.833	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.148	0.261	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	189	204	299	0	173	0	428	71	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.20	1.76	0.00	1.02	0.00	2.52	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.780	0.187	1.150	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.150	0.264	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	269	283	479	0	225	0	576	71	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.36	2.30	0.00	1.08	0.00	2.77	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.837	0.219	1.164	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.154	0.293	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	14	14	10	14	14	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17	0.83	1.17	1.17	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	2.571	0.733	0.151	0.089	0.464	46.510	0.254	0.813

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	12	12	10	12	12	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	2.220	0.563	0.152	0.085	0.464	6.411	0.264	0.803

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	15	12	16	15	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.07	0.86	1.14	1.07	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.208	0.472	0.161	0.095	1.045	1.438	0.250	0.853

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	46	43	48	0	0	0	54	19	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.91	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.060	0.402	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.233	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	59	56	58	0	0	0	95	19	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.89	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.055	0.616	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.129	0.257	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	110	91	102	0	0	0	200	19	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.78	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.126	0.343	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.137	0.238	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	1279	44	15	18	121	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	79.94	2.75	0.94	1.12	7.56	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	3.997	0.650	16.321	0.116	26.260	0.555	0.301	1.137

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	551	30	15	18	80	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	34.44	1.88	0.94	1.12	5.00	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	2.645	0.616	7.197	0.149	11.316	0.360	0.235	1.114

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	83	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	14	18	20	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.25	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.615	2.809	0.170	0.094	1.276	0.767	0.239	0.785

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	684	32	15	18	34	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	42.75	2.00	0.94	1.12	2.12	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	1.273	1.693	1.715	0.108	6.056	1.552	0.254	0.812

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	168	165	401	269	290	362	1130	93	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.99	2.40	1.61	1.74	2.17	6.77	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.813	0.164	0.303	0.038	0.239	4.824	2.280	0.261	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	130	122	304	198	209	228	602	62	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.99	2.47	1.61	1.70	1.85	4.89	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.107	0.298	0.040	0.199	4.238	1.923	0.262	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	87	113	110	92	129	104	341	32	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.36	1.33	1.11	1.55	1.25	4.11	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.134	0.266	0.043	0.134	2.571	0.262	0.232	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	58	37	53	64	32	62	12	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.87	1.19	1.71	2.06	1.03	2.00	0.39	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.028	0.094	0.030	0.128	1.357	0.123	0.236	0.029

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	259	257	411	867	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.59	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.816	0.462	2.171	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.270	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	110	141	192	0	475	0	0	75	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.38	1.88	0.00	4.66	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.138	2.684	0.000	0.157	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	199	250	573	0	1111	0	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.45	3.33	0.00	6.46	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.293	2.613	0.000	0.445	0.000	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	472	547	870	1204	0	0	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.84	2.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.623	44.062	17.762	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.331	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	392	473	368	827	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.94	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.266	12.308	13.038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	350	657	386	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.11	2.09	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.866	31.148	9.743	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.317	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	73	21	0	21	59	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	3.48	1.00	0.00	1.00	2.81	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	37.359	0.771	0.651	0.152	0.000	0.921	0.255	0.927

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	88	21	20	21	75	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	4.19	1.00	0.95	1.00	3.57	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	4.848	0.785	0.538	0.157	28.797	0.941	0.282	0.911



Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	372	396	333	798	0	0	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.90	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.033	12.204	12.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.351	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	493	489	873	1233	0	0	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.77	2.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.288	33.540	15.924	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.316	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	418	414	784	850	0	0	0	0	69	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.88	2.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.877	33.414	13.472	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.295	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	344	276	383	410	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.80	1.11	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.694	0.810	9.847	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	237	243	252	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.15	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.585	4.828	7.692	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.288	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	67	29	0	21	57	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	3.19	1.38	0.00	1.00	2.71	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	3.147	0.998	0.879	0.110	0.000	0.518	0.304	0.887

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	89	31	20	21	79	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	4.24	1.48	0.95	1.00	3.76	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	5.465	0.592	0.576	0.112	21.530	0.570	0.280	0.928

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	393	814	880	0	0	0	0	89	0
N.S.	1	0.89	1.85	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.121	33.595	13.998	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.417	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	369	318	750	439	0	0	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	0.86	2.03	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.762	33.579	11.804	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.436	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	225	226	280	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.518	12.362	9.312	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.394	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	137	124	215	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.04	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.161	5.291	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.381	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	97	40	0	21	101	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	4.62	1.90	0.00	1.00	4.81	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	11.004	8.101	0.563	0.116	0.000	0.626	0.494	0.923

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	145	42	20	21	122	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	6.90	2.00	0.95	1.00	5.81	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	14.477	0.559	0.616	0.109	92.546	0.639	0.434	0.971

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	462	559	887	1065	0	0	0	0	174	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.92	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.590	33.615	12.387	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.682	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	426	517	856	1026	0	0	0	0	162	0
N.S.	1	1.21	2.01	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.215	33.677	11.516	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.706	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	413	345	900	0	0	0	0	146	0
N.S.	1	1.38	1.15	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.949	12.293	11.611	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.558	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	320	608	874	0	0	0	0	136	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.04	2.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	20.220	10.743	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.536	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	177	51	0	21	247	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	8.43	2.43	0.00	1.00	11.76	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	29.053	0.518	0.660	0.129	0.000	0.535	0.782	0.957

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	19	179	53	0	21	281	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	8.52	2.52	0.00	1.00	13.38	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	26.408	12.138	0.653	0.139	0.000	0.615	0.644	0.929

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	498	516	1002	1620	0	0	0	0	260	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.01	3.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.117	33.487	15.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.736	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	167	140	328	296	191	408	1166	41	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.68	1.59	1.44	0.93	1.98	5.66	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.165	0.604	0.042	0.272	11.366	1.449	0.233	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	136	121	254	232	170	294	822	41	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.75	1.58	1.44	1.06	1.83	5.11	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.125	0.594	0.039	0.205	4.514	0.892	0.234	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	101	149	132	153	141	153	473	34	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.37	1.21	1.40	1.29	1.40	4.34	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.167	0.299	0.039	0.208	3.194	0.637	0.248	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	84	104	116	89	125	73	1052	39	75
N.S.	1	0.97	1.20	1.33	1.02	1.44	0.84	12.09	0.45	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.094	0.319	0.032	0.176	2.774	0.346	0.249	1.138

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	101	69	108	94	66	151	136	51	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.66	1.03	0.90	0.63	1.44	1.30	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.094	0.309	0.054	0.115	2.721	0.146	0.227	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	131	94	127	137	88	280	245	51	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.62	0.84	0.90	0.58	1.84	1.61	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.124	0.321	0.042	0.103	5.967	0.134	0.236	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	159	110	145	172	109	372	367	51	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.56	0.74	0.87	0.55	1.89	1.86	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.127	0.312	0.048	0.101	36.512	0.156	0.246	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	161	115	139	183	127	364	1244	41	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.59	0.71	0.93	0.65	1.86	6.35	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.171	0.591	0.044	0.141	4.513	0.242	0.235	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	131	97	121	142	106	272	900	41	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.63	0.79	0.93	0.69	1.78	5.88	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.160	0.884	0.059	0.124	2.580	0.185	0.263	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	116	78	217	98	85	177	556	39	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.57	1.57	0.71	0.62	1.28	4.03	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.081	0.897	0.042	0.116	1.690	0.164	0.267	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	152	108	190	0	0	0	0	37	111
N.S.	1	1.23	0.87	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	0.077	1.818	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.287	1.162

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	175	125	191	0	0	0	0	53	124
N.S.	1	1.28	0.91	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.662	0.088	1.434	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	1.196



Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	215	184	459	404	273	542	1579	72	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.73	1.82	1.60	1.08	2.15	6.27	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.223	0.661	0.047	0.403	12.064	4.821	0.248	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	179	151	339	296	237	355	1033	65	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.79	1.77	1.55	1.24	1.86	5.41	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.137	0.370	0.053	0.243	6.673	3.204	0.255	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	146	134	250	197	232	207	2502	74	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.82	1.53	1.21	1.42	1.27	15.35	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.125	0.368	0.036	0.197	5.102	2.123	0.260	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	147	125	230	158	222	211	4288	81	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.80	1.46	1.01	1.41	1.34	27.31	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.177	0.381	0.038	0.161	4.002	96.915	0.251	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	171	127	175	181	126	335	314	85	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.69	0.96	0.99	0.69	1.83	1.72	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.176	0.388	0.044	0.120	5.380	0.131	0.254	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	201	153	207	241	158	510	491	85	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.63	0.86	1.00	0.66	2.12	2.04	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.169	0.380	0.037	0.127	35.055	0.140	0.267	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	207	159	198	253	186	493	1706	72	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.66	0.82	1.05	0.77	2.04	7.05	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.195	0.925	0.041	0.149	4.482	0.282	0.273	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	160	124	352	189	152	352	1160	70	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.64	1.81	0.97	0.78	1.81	5.95	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.173	0.999	0.039	0.123	2.960	0.213	0.263	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	217	157	288	0	0	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.84	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.837	0.283	2.554	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	228	194	274	0	0	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.03	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.823	0.487	2.140	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	565	617	1260	415	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.09	2.23	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.649	1.784	66.769	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	507	567	1123	394	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.12	2.21	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.585	0.410	2.595	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	529	577	1068	272	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.09	2.02	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.358	0.433	34.536	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	479	531	1089	1934	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.11	2.27	4.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.406	0.350	2.691	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	572	624	1241	332	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.09	2.17	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.522	1.722	61.637	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.262	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	628	696	1480	643	0	0	0	0	137	0
N.S.	1	1.11	2.36	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.784	3.820	3.609	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	593	654	1442	524	0	0	0	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.43	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.721	1.640	2.968	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	118	286	263	0	389	0	0	90	0
N.S.	1	0.88	2.13	1.96	0.00	2.90	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.521	7.192	0.000	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	566	622	1408	2071	0	0	0	0	138	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.49	3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.633	1.136	3.543	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	803	863	1634	965	0	0	0	0	149	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.03	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.857	6.046	123.082	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	765	821	1482	844	0	0	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.94	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.697	1.545	60.872	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	762	815	1477	832	0	0	0	0	137	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.94	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.695	1.799	55.815	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	806	866	1525	925	0	0	0	0	155	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.89	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.774	1.654	109.201	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	727	795	2053	1269	0	0	0	0	238	0
N.S.	1	1.09	2.82	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.929	7.192	3.721	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	144	390	937	0	1019	0	0	180	0
N.S.	1	0.92	2.48	5.97	0.00	6.49	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.695	6.450	0.000	0.363	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	189	385	886	0	894	0	0	172	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.99	4.59	0.00	4.63	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.580	6.901	0.000	0.347	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	704	764	2114	3479	0	0	0	0	265	0
N.S.	1	1.09	3.00	4.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.842	6.058	3.512	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.361	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1144	1208	2067	1804	0	0	0	0	272	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.81	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.183	6.066	77.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.335	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1144	1208	2075	1278	0	0	0	0	271	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.81	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.395	6.058	134.793	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1134	1198	2060	1798	0	0	0	0	263	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.82	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.061	6.045	145.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.302	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	369	326	0	0	1699	0	0	97	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.81	0.00	0.00	4.22	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.495	1.423	0.000	0.000	2.517	0.000	0.000	0.380	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	269	263	0	0	1379	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.89	0.00	0.00	4.69	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	1.284	0.000	0.000	1.007	0.000	0.000	0.384	0.000



Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	179	213	0	0	1098	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.09	0.00	0.00	5.63	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	1.409	0.000	0.000	0.405	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	23	20	23	84	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.00	0.87	1.00	3.65	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	5.714	0.428	0.000	0.106	10.796	0.200	0.294	1.170

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	23	22	23	107	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	4.65	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	10.469	2.873	0.000	0.111	15.388	0.198	0.322	1.309

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	27	22	23	87	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.17	0.96	1.00	3.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	10.022	0.358	0.000	0.113	116.531	0.192	0.286	1.272

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	20	19	20	61	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	3.05	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	17.497	0.385	0.000	0.113	46.715	0.188	0.267	1.168

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	23	22	23	67	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	2.91	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	1.712	0.398	0.000	0.115	7.801	0.196	0.285	1.440

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	328	301	247	0	0	192	0	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	7.610	0.000	0.000	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.293	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	455	412	325	0	0	292	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.871	10.079	0.000	0.000	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.318	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	374	341	304	0	0	1697	0	0	121	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.81	0.00	0.00	4.54	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.660	1.449	0.000	0.000	2.245	0.000	0.000	0.475	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	242	248	0	0	1375	0	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.95	0.00	0.00	5.25	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	1.189	0.000	0.000	0.940	0.000	0.000	0.435	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	20	23	123	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.87	1.00	5.35	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	7.036	0.399	0.000	0.106	75.420	0.325	0.336	1.158

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	22	23	145	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.96	1.00	6.30	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	11.562	3.024	0.000	0.111	67.169	0.225	0.349	1.422

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	43	0	23	133	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.87	0.00	1.00	5.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	10.460	0.395	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.187	0.333	1.419

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	37	0	20	108	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.85	0.00	1.00	5.40	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	18.373	0.399	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.221	0.314	1.216

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	22	23	109	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.96	1.00	4.74	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	35.865	0.418	0.000	0.103	99.393	0.245	0.289	1.547

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	40	22	23	111	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.74	0.96	1.00	4.83	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	5.001	0.728	0.000	0.106	68.174	0.210	0.361	1.352

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	416	381	303	0	0	286	0	0	120	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	10.815	0.000	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.355	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	554	504	383	0	0	397	0	0	142	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.054	11.827	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000	0.000	0.393	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	296	282	0	0	1383	0	0	79	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.88	0.00	0.00	4.31	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.312	1.934	0.000	0.000	1.088	0.000	0.000	0.349	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	207	239	0	0	1107	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.06	0.00	0.00	4.92	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	1.409	0.000	0.000	0.445	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	128	107	0	0	870	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.81	0.00	0.00	6.59	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	31	20	23	81	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.35	0.87	1.00	3.52	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	1.145	0.403	0.000	0.116	8.414	0.202	0.286	1.260

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	33	22	23	111	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.43	0.96	1.00	4.83	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	5.120	1.642	0.000	0.108	28.542	0.199	0.252	1.392

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	27	22	23	69	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.17	0.96	1.00	3.00	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	36.081	0.390	0.000	0.120	51.471	0.185	0.260	1.395

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	18	0	20	19	20	48	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.90	0.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	2.40	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.693	0.402	0.000	0.105	10.147	0.194	0.301	1.128

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	232	140	0	0	105	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	332	249	0	0	198	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	6.352	0.000	0.000	0.147	0.000	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	234	263	0	0	1480	0	0	149	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.04	0.00	0.00	5.87	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.370	1.429	0.000	0.000	0.367	0.000	0.000	0.387	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	152	162	0	0	1072	0	0	126	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.04	0.00	0.00	6.87	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	1.059	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.355	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	78	0	0	283	0	0	105	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	3.58	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	42	20	23	223	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.83	0.87	1.00	9.70	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	8.146	0.411	0.000	0.104	76.209	0.204	0.284	1.243

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	44	0	23	269	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	1.91	0.00	1.00	11.70	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	10.614	3.801	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.210	0.289	1.488



Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	47	0	23	208	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.04	0.00	1.00	9.04	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	13.855	0.391	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.229	0.293	1.384

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	47	22	23	179	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.04	0.96	1.00	7.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	5.601	0.376	0.000	0.116	33.412	0.262	0.288	1.158

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	112	0	0	76	0	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.249	0.000

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	259	213	0	0	188	0	0	147	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.583	4.811	0.000	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	219	240	0	0	2119	0	0	266	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.99	0.00	0.00	8.72	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.344	1.408	0.000	0.000	0.370	0.000	0.000	0.426	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	148	162	0	0	663	0	0	246	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.99	0.00	0.00	4.07	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.399	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.411	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	126	130	0	0	573	0	0	222	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.94	0.00	0.00	4.15	0.00	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.341	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000	0.000	0.366	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	53	0	23	433	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.30	0.00	1.00	18.83	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	15.184	0.394	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.208	0.302	1.238

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	55	0	23	477	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.39	0.00	1.00	20.74	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	16.811	3.315	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.206	0.296	1.488

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	58	0	23	391	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.00	17.00	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	15.235	0.413	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.241	0.296	1.414

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	21	0	58	0	23	336	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.91	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.00	14.61	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	14.668	0.391	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.266	0.289	1.317

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	273	251	185	0	0	284	0	0	268	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.68	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.297	0.000	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.288	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	271	249	0	0	350	0	0	276	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.84	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.398	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	585	541	402	0	0	0	0	0	656	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.168	0.817	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	344	293	0	0	0	0	0	360	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.712	0.451	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	202	171	0	0	0	0	0	149	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.323	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	20	25	43	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.87	1.09	1.87	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	2.104	3.129	0.418	0.103	39.449	0.160	0.253	0.828

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	36	0	25	65	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.57	0.00	1.09	2.83	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	4.440	2.735	0.439	0.113	0.000	0.171	0.294	0.859

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	42	0	25	87	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.68	0.00	1.00	3.48	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.459	1.023	1.230	0.426	0.120	0.000	0.204	0.484	0.903

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	25	24	25	41	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.64	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.132	1.217	0.232	0.116	54.409	0.191	0.322	0.832

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	25	24	25	45	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.80	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	1.028	1.271	0.276	0.108	23.656	0.186	0.292	0.906

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	45	0	25	77	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	1.80	0.00	1.00	3.08	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	1.182	1.329	0.275	0.118	0.000	0.205	0.284	0.975

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	401	227	194	0	0	249	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.539	0.263	0.000	0.000	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.413	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	156	159	0	0	192	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.461	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.353	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	101	138	0	0	135	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.80	1.10	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.293	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	88	37	34	26	50	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	3.38	1.42	1.31	1.00	1.92	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.413	0.272	0.377	0.100	10.676	0.191	0.219	1.689

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	28	24	112	39	36	26	79	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	4.31	1.50	1.38	1.00	3.04	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	7.879	1.966	0.368	0.104	82.354	0.216	0.229	1.375

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [52] had the largest ratio of [1.15789000000000009]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	8	7	1.07	12	0.583
2	A	4	4	1.09	12	0.333
3	A	7	6	1.04	12	0.500
4	A	3	3	1.06	12	0.250
5	A	6	5	1.00	12	0.417
6	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
7	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
8	A	10	9	1.36	12	0.750
9	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
10	A	5	4	1.25	12	0.333
11	A	5	4	1.08	12	0.333
12	A	6	5	1.26	12	0.417
13	A	5	4	1.05	12	0.333
14	A	7	6	1.27	12	0.500
15	A	10	9	1.08	14	0.643
16	A	9	8	0.96	14	0.571
17	A	8	7	1.18	12	0.583
18	A	7	6	0.96	10	0.600
19	A	10	9	1.15	14	0.643
20	A	9	8	1.14	14	0.571
21	A	6	5	1.18	14	0.357

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	9	8	1.10	14	0.571
23	A	8	7	1.15	14	0.500
24	A	16	15	1.04	14	1.071
25	A	11	10	0.97	14	0.714
26	A	12	11	1.06	12	0.917
27	A	8	7	0.95	10	0.700
28	A	11	10	1.14	14	0.714
29	A	12	11	1.08	14	0.786
30	A	9	8	1.14	14	0.571
31	A	14	13	1.11	14	0.929
32	A	15	14	1.29	14	1.000
33	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
34	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
35	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
36	A	7	6	0.98	14	0.429
37	A	9	8	0.94	14	0.571
38	A	4	3	0.94	14	0.214
39	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
40	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
41	A	4	3	1.00	14	0.214
42	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
43	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
44	A	15	14	1.01	16	0.875
45	A	13	12	1.06	16	0.750
46	A	12	11	1.05	14	0.786
47	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
48	A	2	2	0.99	16	0.125
49	A	8	7	1.08	16	0.438
50	A	9	8	1.16	16	0.500
51	A	24	23	1.16	21	1.095
52	A	23	22	1.21	19	1.158
Continued on next page						

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
53	A	16	15	1.11	18	0.833
54	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
55	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
56	A	18	17	1.06	18	0.944
57	A	16	15	0.99	21	0.714
58	A	14	13	0.99	21	0.619
59	A	11	10	0.80	19	0.526
60	A	4	4	1.12	18	0.222
61	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
62	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
63	A	16	15	0.89	21	0.714
64	A	14	13	0.86	21	0.619
65	A	12	11	0.95	19	0.579
66	A	8	7	1.15	18	0.389
67	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
68	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
69	A	23	22	1.21	21	1.048
70	A	23	22	1.21	21	1.048
71	A	21	20	1.38	19	1.053
72	A	16	15	1.07	18	0.833
73	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
74	N/A	1	0	1.00	21	0.000
75	A	20	19	1.04	18	1.056
76	A	8	7	0.81	19	0.368
77	A	7	6	0.84	19	0.316
78	A	6	5	0.93	16	0.312
79	A	6	5	0.97	19	0.263
80	A	4	4	0.96	19	0.211
81	A	5	5	0.86	19	0.263
82	A	6	6	0.81	19	0.316
83	A	6	5	0.82	19	0.263

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
84	A	6	5	0.86	19	0.263
85	A	5	4	0.84	17	0.235
86	A	6	5	1.23	19	0.263
87	A	6	5	1.28	19	0.263
88	A	9	8	0.85	21	0.381
89	A	7	6	0.94	18	0.333
90	A	9	8	0.90	21	0.381
91	A	7	6	0.94	21	0.286
92	A	5	5	0.93	21	0.238
93	A	6	6	0.83	21	0.286
94	A	6	5	0.86	21	0.238
95	A	5	4	0.82	19	0.211
96	A	6	5	1.17	21	0.238
97	A	6	5	1.21	21	0.238
98	A	4	3	1.09	21	0.143
99	A	4	3	1.12	19	0.158
100	A	4	3	1.09	18	0.167
101	A	4	3	1.11	21	0.143
102	A	4	3	1.09	21	0.143
103	A	4	3	1.11	21	0.143
104	A	4	3	1.10	21	0.143
105	A	6	5	0.88	19	0.263
106	A	4	3	1.10	21	0.143
107	A	4	3	1.07	21	0.143
108	A	4	3	1.07	21	0.143
109	A	4	3	1.07	18	0.167
110	A	4	3	1.07	21	0.143
111	A	4	3	1.09	21	0.143
112	A	7	6	0.92	21	0.286
113	A	8	7	0.98	19	0.368
114	A	4	3	1.09	21	0.143
115	A	4	3	1.06	21	0.143

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
116	A	4	3	1.06	21	0.143
117	A	4	3	1.06	18	0.167
118	A	15	14	0.92	23	0.609
119	A	13	12	0.91	23	0.522
120	A	10	9	0.92	21	0.429
121	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
122	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
123	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
124	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
125	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
126	A	13	13	0.92	23	0.565
127	A	15	15	0.91	23	0.652
128	A	15	14	0.91	23	0.609
129	A	12	11	0.92	21	0.524
130	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
131	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
132	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
133	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
134	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
135	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
136	A	15	15	0.92	23	0.652
137	A	17	17	0.91	23	0.739
138	A	13	12	0.92	23	0.522
139	A	11	10	0.92	23	0.435
140	A	9	8	0.97	21	0.381
141	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
142	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
143	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
144	N/A	1	0	1.00	20	0.000
145	A	12	12	0.95	23	0.522

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
146	A	13	13	0.92	23	0.565
147	A	11	10	0.93	23	0.435
148	A	9	8	0.97	23	0.348
149	A	5	4	1.00	21	0.190
150	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
151	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
152	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
153	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
154	A	5	5	1.00	20	0.250
155	A	12	12	0.94	23	0.522
156	A	11	10	0.90	23	0.435
157	A	9	8	0.91	23	0.348
158	A	6	5	0.91	21	0.238
159	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
160	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
161	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
162	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
163	A	10	10	0.92	23	0.435
164	A	11	11	0.92	20	0.550
165	A	6	6	0.92	23	0.261
166	A	6	6	0.93	23	0.261
167	A	5	5	0.94	21	0.238
168	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
169	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
170	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
171	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
172	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
173	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
174	A	8	7	0.57	26	0.269
175	A	10	9	0.58	26	0.346
176	A	9	8	0.80	26	0.308

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
177	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
178	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	92
3.2	$\int x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	101
3.3	$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	107
3.4	$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	114
3.5	$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	120
3.6	$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	127
3.7	$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$ . . . . .	132
3.8	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx$ . . . . .	137
3.9	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx$ . . . . .	144
3.10	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx$ . . . . .	149
3.11	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx$ . . . . .	155
3.12	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$ . . . . .	161
3.13	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$ . . . . .	168
3.14	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx$ . . . . .	174
3.15	$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$ . . . . .	181
3.16	$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$ . . . . .	189
3.17	$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$ . . . . .	197
3.18	$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$ . . . . .	204
3.19	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx$ . . . . .	211
3.20	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$ . . . . .	219
3.21	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$ . . . . .	225
3.22	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$ . . . . .	232
3.23	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$ . . . . .	239
3.24	$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$ . . . . .	247
3.25	$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$ . . . . .	256

3.26	$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	266
3.27	$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	274
3.28	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx$	282
3.29	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$	291
3.30	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$	299
3.31	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$	307
3.32	$\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$	316
3.33	$\int \frac{x}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$	326
3.34	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$	331
3.35	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$	336
3.36	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$	341
3.37	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$	347
3.38	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$	353
3.39	$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$	359
3.40	$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$	364
3.41	$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	369
3.42	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$	374
3.43	$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$	379
3.44	$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	384
3.45	$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	396
3.46	$\int (d + ex) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	406
3.47	$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	414
3.48	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex} dx$	419
3.49	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	426
3.50	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	434
3.51	$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	443
3.52	$\int x \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	458
3.53	$\int \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	472
3.54	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	483
3.55	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	488
3.56	$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	493
3.57	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	506
3.58	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	519
3.59	$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	531
3.60	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	540



3.61	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	547
3.62	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	552
3.63	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	557
3.64	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	570
3.65	$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	581
3.66	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	590
3.67	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	597
3.68	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	602
3.69	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	607
3.70	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	623
3.71	$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	638
3.72	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	651
3.73	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	663
3.74	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	668
3.75	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	673
3.76	$\int x^4(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	688
3.77	$\int x^2(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	698
3.78	$\int (d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	707
3.79	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	714
3.80	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	721
3.81	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	728
3.82	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$	736
3.83	$\int x^5(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	744
3.84	$\int x^3(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	752
3.85	$\int x(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	761
3.86	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	768
3.87	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	775
3.88	$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	782
3.89	$\int (d+ex^2)^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	793
3.90	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	803
3.91	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	813
3.92	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	822
3.93	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$	830

3.94	$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	839
3.95	$\int x(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	849
3.96	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	857
3.97	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	864
3.98	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$	872
3.99	$\int \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$	881
3.100	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex^2} dx$	890
3.101	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)} dx$	898
3.102	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)} dx$	906
3.103	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	915
3.104	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	925
3.105	$\int \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	935
3.106	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	942
3.107	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	952
3.108	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	962
3.109	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	972
3.110	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	982
3.111	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	992
3.112	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1002
3.113	$\int \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1011
3.114	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1021
3.115	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1031
3.116	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1040
3.117	$\int \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$	1049
3.118	$\int x^5\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1058
3.119	$\int x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1070
3.120	$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1080
3.121	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	1089
3.122	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	1094
3.123	$\int x^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1099
3.124	$\int \sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1104
3.125	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	1109

3.126	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	1114
3.127	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	1123
3.128	$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1133
3.129	$\int x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1144
3.130	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$	1153
3.131	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$	1158
3.132	$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1163
3.133	$\int (d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1168
3.134	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$	1173
3.135	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$	1178
3.136	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$	1183
3.137	$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$	1193
3.138	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1204
3.139	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1215
3.140	$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1224
3.141	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1232
3.142	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1237
3.143	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1242
3.144	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1247
3.145	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1252
3.146	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1260
3.147	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1269
3.148	$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1278
3.149	$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1286
3.150	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1292
3.151	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1297
3.152	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1302
3.153	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1307
3.154	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1312
3.155	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1318
3.156	$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1327

3.157	$\int \frac{x^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1336
3.158	$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1343
3.159	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1350
3.160	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1355
3.161	$\int \frac{x^6(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1360
3.162	$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1365
3.163	$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1370
3.164	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1379
3.165	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1388
3.166	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1398
3.167	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2) (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1407
3.168	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$	1414
3.169	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$	1419
3.170	$\int (fx)^m (d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1424
3.171	$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$	1429
3.172	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$	1434
3.173	$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1439
3.174	$\int \frac{x^{11} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}} dx$	1444
3.175	$\int \frac{x^7 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}} dx$	1452
3.176	$\int \frac{x^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}} dx$	1460
3.177	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}} dx$	1467
3.178	$\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}} dx$	1472

### 3.1 $\int x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2}{112c^5} + \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^4}{168c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^6}{42c} + \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{112c^7}$$

output

```
5/112*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^5+5/168*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c^3+1/42*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6/c+1/7*x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+5/112*b*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^7
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^7}{7} + b\sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} \left( \frac{5x^2}{112c^5} + \frac{5x^4}{168c^3} + \frac{x^6}{42c} \right) + \frac{1}{7}bx^7 \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{5b \log \left( x \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} \right) \right)}{112c^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output  $(a*x^7)/7 + b*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*((5*x^2)/(112*c^5) + (5*x^4)/(168*c^3) + x^6/(42*c)) + (b*x^7*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/7 + (5*b*\text{Log}[x*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])])/(112*c^7)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$ , Rules used = {5744, 798, 52, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5744 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{7c} + \frac{1}{7} x^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & \frac{1}{7} x^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{1}{7} x^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{14c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( 5 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx \frac{1}{x^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{14c}$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( 5 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c^2} - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{14c}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( 5 \left( \frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \int \frac{1}{c^2 - \frac{c^2}{x^4}} dx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{14c}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b}{14c} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^7*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/7 - (b*(-1/3*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^6) + (5*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4) + (3*(-(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]]/c^2))/(4*c^2)))/(6*c^2)))/(14*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
parts	$\frac{ax^7}{7} + \frac{bx^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)x^4}{42c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)x^2}{168c^5\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)}{112c^7\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1})}{112c^8\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{ac^7x^7 + bc^7x^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)c^4x^4}{42\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)c^2x^2}{168\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)}{112\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1})}{112\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}cx}$
default	$\frac{ac^7x^7 + bc^7x^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)c^4x^4}{42\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)c^2x^2}{168\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)}{112\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1})}{112\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}cx}$

input `int(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{7}ax^7 + \frac{1}{7}bx^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{1}{42}b/c^3 * (c^2x^2-1) / ((c^2x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} * x^4 + \frac{5}{168}b/c^5 * (c^2x^2-1) / ((c^2x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} * x^2 + \frac{5}{112} * b/c^7 * (c^2x^2-1) / ((c^2x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} + \frac{5}{112} * b/c^8 * (c^2x^2-1)^{(1/2)} / ((c^2x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} / x * \ln(cx + (c^2x^2-1)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{48 ac^7 x^7 - 96 bc^7 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) + 48 (bc^7 x^7 - bc^7) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 15 b \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{336 c^7}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/336*(48*a*c^7*x^7 - 96*b*c^7*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 48*(b*c^7*x^7 - b*c^7)*arccsc(c*x) - 15*b*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (8*b*c^5*x^5 + 10*b*c^3*x^3 + 15*b*c*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^7}{7} + \frac{bx^7 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{b \left( \begin{array}{ll} \left( \frac{cx^7}{6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^5}{24c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{5x^3}{48c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{5x}{16c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{5 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{16c^6} \right) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \left( -\frac{icx^7}{6\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^5}{24c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{5ix^3}{48c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{5ix}{16c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{5i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{16c^6} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{7c}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `a*x**7/7 + b*x**7*acsc(c*x)/7 + b*Piecewise((c*x**7/(6*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**5/(24*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 5*x**3/(48*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 5*x/(16*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 5*acosh(c*x)/(16*c**6), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**7/(6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x**5/(24*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 5*I*x**3/(48*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + 5*I*x/(16*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 5*I*asin(c*x)/(16*c**6), True))/(7*c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{7} ax^7 + \frac{1}{672} \left( 96 x^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 40 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^3 + 3 c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 + 3 c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right) + c^6} + \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^6} - \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/7*a*x^7 + 1/672*(96*x^7*arccsc(c*x) + (2*(15*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) -
40*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2)
- 1)^3 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^6) + 15*
log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 - 15*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c
^6)/c)*b
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 646 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

$$\int x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2688*(3*b*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 3*a*x^7
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7/c + b*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c
^2 + 21*b*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 21*a*x^
5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^3 + 9*b*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)^4/c^4 + 63*b*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 63
*a*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^5 + 45*b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^2/c^6 + 105*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 +
105*a*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^7 + 120*b*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)/c^8 - 120*b*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^8 + 105*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^
9*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 105*a/(c^9*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)) - 45*b/(c^10*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 63*b*arcsin(1/(c*x
))/(c^11*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 63*a/(c^11*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^
2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) - 9*b/(c^12*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 21*b
*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^13*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 21*a/(c^13*x^
5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) - b/(c^14*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)^6) + 3*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^15*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7) + 3*
a/(c^15*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7))*c

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^6 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^6*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^6*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^6 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^7}{7}$$

input

```
int(x^6*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output `(7*int(acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b + a*x**7)/7`

### 3.2 $\int x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{45c^5} + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3}{45c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^5}{30c} + \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
4/45*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^5+2/45*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c^3+1/30*b
*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5/c+1/6*x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^6}{6} + b\sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} \left( \frac{4x}{45c^5} + \frac{2x^3}{45c^3} + \frac{x^5}{30c} \right) + \frac{1}{6}bx^6 \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

output

$$(a*x^6)/6 + b*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*((4*x)/(45*c^5) + (2*x^3)/(45*c^3) + x^5/(30*c)) + (b*x^6*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/6$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5744, 803, 803, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5744$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{6c} + \frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{5c^2} + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c} + \frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3c^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{5c^2} + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c} + \frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{1}{6} x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{2x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{3c^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{5c^2} \right)}{6c}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output  $(b*((\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^5)/5 + (4*((2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(3*c^2) + (\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3)/3))/(5*c^2)))/(6*c) + (x^6*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/6$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*d/(c*(m + 1))] Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{x^6 a}{6} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^6 x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(3x^4 c^4 + 4c^2 x^2 + 8)}{90 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^6}$	79
derivativedivides	$\frac{a c^6 x^6}{6} + b \left( \frac{c^6 x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(3x^4 c^4 + 4c^2 x^2 + 8)}{90 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)$	83
default	$\frac{a c^6 x^6}{6} + b \left( \frac{c^6 x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(3x^4 c^4 + 4c^2 x^2 + 8)}{90 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)$	83



input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{6}x^6a + \frac{b}{c^6} \left( \frac{1}{6}c^6x^6\arccsc(cx) + \frac{1}{90}(c^2x^2-1)(3c^4x^4+4c^2x^2+8) \right) / \left( \frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} / c/x$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{15bc^6x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + 15ac^6x^6 + (3bc^4x^4 + 4bc^2x^2 + 8b)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{90c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{90}(15b*c^6*x^6*\arccsc(c*x) + 15*a*c^6*x^6 + (3*b*c^4*x^4 + 4*b*c^2*x^2 + 8*b)*\sqrt{c^2*x^2 - 1})/c^6$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^6}{6} + \frac{bx^6 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{6} + \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{5c} + \frac{4x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15c^5} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5c} + \frac{4ix^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15c^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6c}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output

```
a*x**6/6 + b*x**6*acsc(c*x)/6 + b*Piecewise((x**4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*c)
) + 4*x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**5)
, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*c) + 4*I*x**2*sqrt(
-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**5), True))/(6*c)
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{6} ax^6 + \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10c^2x^3\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*a*x^6 + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsc(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2)
+ 10*c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)
*b
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 518 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.82

$$\int x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5760} \left( \frac{15bx^6\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{15ax^6\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)^6}{c} + \frac{6bx^5\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)^5}{c^2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/5760*(15*b*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 15*a*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c + 6*b*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^2 + 90*b*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 90*a*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^3 + 50*b*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^4 + 225*b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 225*a*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^5 + 300*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 + 300*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 + 300*a/c^7 - 300*b/(c^8*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 225*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 225*a/(c^9*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 50*b/(c^10*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 90*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^11*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 90*a/(c^11*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) - 6*b/(c^12*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 15*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^13*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6) + 15*a/(c^13*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^5 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^6}{6}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(6*int(acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b + a*x**6)/6
```

### 3.3 $\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	111
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	112
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	112
Mupad [F(-1)]	113
Reduce [F]	113

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2}{40c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^4}{20c} + \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{40c^5}$$

output

```
3/40*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^3+1/20*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c+1/5*x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+3/40*b*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + b\sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{3x^2}{40c^3} + \frac{x^4}{20c}\right) + \frac{1}{5}bx^5 \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{3b \log\left(x\left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{40c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^5)/5 + b*sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*((3*x^2)/(40*c^3) + x^4/(20*c
)) + (b*x^5*ArcCsc[c*x])/5 + (3*b*Log[x*(1 + sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)
])])/(40*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5744, 798, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5744} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, dx}{5c} + \frac{1}{5} x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, d\frac{1}{x^2}}{10c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, d\frac{1}{x^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{10c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \, d\frac{1}{x^2}}{2c^2} - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{10c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \int \frac{1}{c^2 - \frac{c^2}{x^4}} d\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{10c}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{3 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{10c}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/5 - (b*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4) + (3*(-(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c^2))/(4*c^2)))/(10*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 5744 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1
))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^5}{5} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)x^2}{20c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)}{40c^5\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \ln(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2-1})}{40c^6\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x}$	141
derivativeldivides	$\frac{\frac{c^5x^5a + b c^5x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{5} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)c^2x^2}{20\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)}{40\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \ln(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2-1})}{40\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}cx}}{c^5}$	148
default	$\frac{\frac{c^5x^5a + b c^5x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{5} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)c^2x^2}{20\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)}{40\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \ln(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2-1})}{40\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}cx}}{c^5}$	148

```
input int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*a*x^5+1/5*b*arccsc(c*x)*x^5+1/20*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2)*x^2+3/40*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+3/40*b/c^6
*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8ac^5x^5 - 16bc^5 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + 8(bc^5x^5 - bc^5) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 3b \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{40c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/40*(8*a*c^5*x^5 - 16*b*c^5*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 8*(b*c^5*x^5 - b*c^5)*arccsc(c*x) - 3*b*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (2*b*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bx^5 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5}$$

$$+ \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^5}{4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^3}{8c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{3x}{8c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^5}{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^3}{8c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{3ix}{8c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `a*x**5/5 + b*x**5*acsc(c*x)/5 + b*Piecewise((c*x**5/(4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**3/(8*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 3*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 3*acosh(c*x)/(8*c**4), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**5/(4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x**3/(8*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + 3*I*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 3*I*asin(c*x)/(8*c**4), True))/(5*c)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5} ax^5 + \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 + 2c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right) + c^4} - \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^4} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^4} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/5*a*x^5 + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsc(c*x) - (2*(3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 480 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

$$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{320} \left( \frac{2bx^5 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^5 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)}{c} + \frac{2ax^5 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^5}{c} + \frac{bx^4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^4}{c^2} + \dots \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/320*(2*b*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 2*a*x^5*
(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c + b*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^
2 + 10*b*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 10*a*x^3
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^3 + 8*b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)
^2/c^4 + 20*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 20*a*x*
(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^5 + 24*b*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^
6 - 24*b*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^6 + 20*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 20*a/(c^7*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 8*b/(c
^8*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 10*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^3*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 10*a/(c^9*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^
3) - b/(c^10*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 2*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^
11*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 2*a/(c^11*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^5))*c

```

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^4 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^4 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(5*int(acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b + a*x**5)/5`

### 3.4 $\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{6c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3}{12c} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
1/6*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/12*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + b\sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{x}{6c^3} + \frac{x^3}{12c}\right) + \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^4)/4 + b*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]*(x/(6*c^3) + x^3/(12*c)) + (b*x^4*ArcCsc[c*x])/4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5744, 803, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5744 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{4c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 803 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3c^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 746 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b \left( \frac{2x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{3c^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{4c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*((2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(3*c^2) + (Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3)/3))/(4*c) + (x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(c^2 x^2 + 2)}{12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^4}$	70
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{ac^4 x^4}{4} + b \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(c^2 x^2 + 2)}{12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^4}$	74
default	$\frac{\frac{ac^4 x^4}{4} + b \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(c^2 x^2 + 2)}{12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^4}$	74

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a*x^4+b/c^4*(1/4*c^4*x^4*arccsc(c*x)+1/12*(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*x^2+2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{3bc^4x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + 3ac^4x^4 + (bc^2x^2 + 2b)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{12c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*b*c^4*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + 3*a*c^4*x^4 + (b*c^2*x^2 + 2*b)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{4} + \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4c}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `a*x**4/4 + b*x**4*acsc(c*x)/4 + b*Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c) + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 2*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3), True))/(4*c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ax^4 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*x^4 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.50

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \left( \frac{3bx^4 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{3ax^4 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)^4}{c} + \frac{2bx^3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)^3}{c^2} + \dots \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/192*(3*b*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 3*a*x^4*
(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 2*b*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/
c^2 + 12*b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 12*a*x
^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 + 18*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)
/c^4 + 18*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 18*a/c^5 - 18*b/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)) + 12*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)
^2) + 12*a/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 2*b/(c^8*x^3*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^4) + 3*a/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^3 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^4}{4}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(4*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b + a*x**4)/4
```



### 3.5 $\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	120
Mathematica [A] (verified)	120
Rubi [A] (verified)	121
Maple [A] (verified)	123
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	123
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	124
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	124
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	125
Mupad [F(-1)]	125
Reduce [F]	126

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2}{6c} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^3}$$

output

```
1/6*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/6*b*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{6c} + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \log\left(x\left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{6c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a*x^3)/3 + (b*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(6*c) + (b*x^3*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/3 + (b*\text{Log}[x*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])])/(6*c^3)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {5744, 798, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5744} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3c} + \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c^2} - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \int \frac{1}{c^2 - \frac{c^2}{x^4}} d \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{b \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^2} \right)}{6c} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 - (b*(-(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c^2)/(6*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} + \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}))}{6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^3}$	94
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{ac^3 x^3}{3} + b \left( \frac{c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} + \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}))}{6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^3}$	98
default	$\frac{\frac{ac^3 x^3}{3} + b \left( \frac{c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} + \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}))}{6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^3}$	98

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3}ax^3 + \frac{b}{c^3} \left( \frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{1}{6} (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2} (cx (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2} + \ln(cx + (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2})) \right) / \left( (c^2 x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2 \right)^{1/2} / c / x$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{2ac^3 x^3 - 4bc^3 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} bcx + 2(bc^3 x^3 - bc^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - b \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{6c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{6} (2ac^3 x^3 - 4bc^3 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} bcx + 2(bc^3 x^3 - bc^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - b \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})) / c^3$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `a*x**3/3 + b*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 + b*Piecewise((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ax^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1)+c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1)}{c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1)}{c^2}}{c} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*a*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \left( \frac{bx^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{ax^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^3}{c} + \frac{bx^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2}{c^2} + \frac{3bx \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(b*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + a*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c + b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^2 + 3*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 3*a*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 + 4*b*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 4*b*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 3*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3*a/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - b/(c^6*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + a/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))*c`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b + \frac{a x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(3*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b + a*x**3)/3`

### 3.6 $\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	127
Mathematica [A] (verified)	127
Rubi [A] (verified)	128
Maple [A] (verified)	129
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	129
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	130
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	130
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	130
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	131
Reduce [F]	131

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
1/2*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx\sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*c) + (b*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/2
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {5744, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5744$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{2c} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{bx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2c}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(2*c) + (x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1)))] Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} cx}} \right)}{c^2}$	61
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{ac^2x^2}{2} + b \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} cx}} \right)}{c^2}$	65
default	$\frac{\frac{ac^2x^2}{2} + b \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} cx}} \right)}{c^2}$	65

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{2}ax^2 + b/c^2 * (1/2*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + 1/2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/x*(c^2*x^2-1))$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bc^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + ac^2x^2 + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}b}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(b*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*c^2*x^2 + \sqrt{c^2*x^2 - 1}*b)/c^2$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `a*x**2/2 + b*x**2*acsc(c*x)/2 + b*Piecewise((sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/c, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, True))/(2*c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{2}ax^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{bx^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{ax^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2}{c} + \frac{2bx \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^2} + \frac{2b \operatorname{arcsi}}{c^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + a*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c + 2*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + 2*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 2*a/c^3 - 2*b/(c^4*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + a/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2))*c`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2} + \frac{bx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2c}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^2*asin(1/(c*x)))/2 + (b*x*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2))/(2*c)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x dx \right) b + \frac{ax^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(2*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b + a*x**2)/2`

### 3.7 $\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	132
Mathematica [A] (verified)	132
Rubi [A] (verified)	133
Maple [A] (verified)	133
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	134
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	134
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	135
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	135
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	136
Reduce [F]	136

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + bx \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output `a*x+b*x*arccsc(c*x)+b*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + bx \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x], x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c} + bx \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$ax + bx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	37
parts	$ax + bx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	37
derivativedivides	$\frac{acx + b\left(\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx + \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$	40

input `int(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*x*arccsc(c*x)+b/c*ln(c*x+c*x*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(29) = 58$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{acx - 2bc \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + (bcx - bc) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - b \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*c*x - 2*b*c*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (b*c*x - b*c)*arccsc(c*x) - b*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)))/c`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + b \left( x \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{\begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*acsc(c*x),x)`

output `a*x + b*(x*acsc(c*x) + Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= ax + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)\right)b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b/c`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}bc \left( \frac{2x \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)}{c^2} \right) + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b*c*(2*x*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + (log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))/c^2) + a*x`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + bx \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{c}$$

input `int(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)),x)`output `a*x + b*x*asin(1/(c*x)) + (b*atanh(1/(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)))/c`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) dx \right) b + ax$$

input `int(a+b*acsc(c*x),x)`output `int(acsc(c*x),x)*b + a*x`

### 3.8 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	137
Mathematica [A] (verified)	137
Rubi [A] (verified)	138
Maple [A] (verified)	140
Fricas [F]	141
Sympy [F]	141
Maxima [F]	142
Giac [F(-2)]	142
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	142
Reduce [F]	143

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2b} - (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*I*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/b-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = -b \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + a \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}ib\left(\csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x,x]
```

output

```
-(b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + a*Log[x] + (I/2)*b*(ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {5742, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5742 \\
 & - \int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5136 \\
 & - \int c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & - \int - \left( \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \tan \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) d \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \tan \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4200 \\
 & \frac{i \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^2}{2b} - 2i \int - \frac{e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)}} d \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)}} d \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + \frac{i \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^2}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2620
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i b \int \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) d \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{i \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^2}{2b}$$

↓ 2715

$$2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} b \int x \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) d e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) + \frac{i \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^2}{2b}$$

↓ 2838

$$2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) \right) + \frac{i \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^2}{2b}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x,x]`

output `((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])^2)/b + (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])] + (b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])]))/4)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^
m*E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[(
a + b*x)^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5742 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b
*ArcSin[x/c])/x, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
parts	$a \ln(x) + b \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + i \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$a \ln(cx) + b \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + i \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)$
default	$a \ln(cx) + b \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + i \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*ln(x)+b*(1/2*I*arccsc(c*x)^2-arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))  
+I*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x  
^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c^2*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*log(x)/(c^4*x^3 - c^2*x), x) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(x))*b + a*log(x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) 2i}\right) \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 \operatorname{li}}{2} + a \ln(x) - b \ln\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) 2i}\right) \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x,x)`

output `(b*polylog(2, exp(asin(1/(c*x))*2i))*1i)/2 + (b*asin(1/(c*x))^2*1i)/2 + a*log(x) - b*log(1 - exp(asin(1/(c*x))*2i))*asin(1/(c*x))`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx = \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx \right) b + \log(x) a$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*b + log(x)*a`



### 3.9 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	144
Mathematica [A] (verified)	144
Rubi [A] (verified)	145
Maple [A] (verified)	146
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	146
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	147
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	147
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	147
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	148
Reduce [F]	148

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

output `-b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - bc \sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a/x) - b*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5744, 793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5744

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3} dx}{c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x}$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} - bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^2,x]`

output `-(b*c*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]) - (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1)))] Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{x} + bc \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{cx} - \frac{c^2x^2-1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} c^2x^2} \right)$	59
derivativedivides	$c \left( -\frac{a}{cx} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{cx} - \frac{c^2x^2-1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} c^2x^2} \right) \right)$	63
default	$c \left( -\frac{a}{cx} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{cx} - \frac{c^2x^2-1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} c^2x^2} \right) \right)$	63

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a/x+b*c*(-1/c/x*arccsc(c*x)-1/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/x^2*(c^2*x^2-1))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}b + a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*arccsc(c*x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b + a)/x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{x} - bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a + \infty b}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a/x - b*c*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*acsc(c*x)/x, Ne(c, 0)),  
(-(a + zoo*b)/x, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\left(c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x}\right)b - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*b - a/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\left(b\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{cx} + \frac{a}{cx}\right)c$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(b*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c*x) + a/(c*x))*c`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^2,x)`

output `- a/x - b*c*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2) - (b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right) bx - a}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `(int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*x - a)/x`

### 3.10 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	149
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	149
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	150
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	151
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	152
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	152
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	153
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	153
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	154
Reduce [F] . . . . .	154

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}bc^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2}$$

```
output -1/4*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/4*b*c^2*arccsc(c*x)-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
/x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bc\sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}bc^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^3,x]
```

```
output -1/2*a/x^2 - (b*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(4*x) - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/
(2*x^2) + (b*c^2*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5744, 858, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5744} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^4}} dx}{2c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} d\frac{1}{x}} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{2c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} c^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{2c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^2 + (b*(-1/2*(c^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/x + (c^3*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/2))/(2*c)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 262  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 858  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> -Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 5744  $\text{Int}[((a_) + \text{ArcCsc}[c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/((d*(m+1)))), x] + \text{Simp}[b*(d/(c*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m-1)}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} + b c^2 \left( -\frac{\text{arccsc}(cx)}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \left( \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3} \right)$	96
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a}{2c^2 x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\text{arccsc}(cx)}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \left( \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$	100
default	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a}{2c^2 x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\text{arccsc}(cx)}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \left( \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$	100



input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2*a/x^2+b*c^2*(-1/2/c^2/x^2*arccsc(c*x)+1/4*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)})*c^2*x^2-(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)})/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/x^3)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{(bc^2x^2 - 2b) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}b - 2a}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/4*((b*c^2*x^2 - 2*b)*arccsc(c*x) - \sqrt{c^2*x^2 - 1}*b - 2*a)/x^2$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{2x^2} - \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{ic^3 \operatorname{acosh}(\frac{1}{cx})}{2} - \frac{ic^2}{2x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{i}{2x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^2|} > 1 \\ -\frac{c^3 \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx})}{2} + \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output 
$$-a/(2*x**2) - b*acsc(c*x)/(2*x**2) - b*\operatorname{Piecewise}((I*c**3*\operatorname{acosh}(1/(c*x)))/2 - I*c**2/(2*x*\sqrt{-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2)})) + I/(2*x**3*\sqrt{-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2)}), 1/\operatorname{Abs}(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-c**3*\operatorname{asin}(1/(c*x))/2 + c**2*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)})/(2*x), \operatorname{True}))/2c)$$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{c^4 x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1\right) - 1} - c^3 \arctan \left( cx \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right) - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^2} \right) - \frac{a}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*b*((c^4*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 1) - c^3*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/c - 2*arccsc(c*x)/x^2) - 1/2*a/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left( 2bc \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 2ac \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right) + bc \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + \frac{b \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{x} \right) c$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*(2*b*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 2*a*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + b*c*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + b*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x)*c`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bc^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \left(\frac{2}{c^2 x^2} - 1\right)}{4} - \frac{bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^3,x)`output `- a/(2*x^2) - (b*c^2*asin(1/(c*x))*(2/(c^2*x^2) - 1))/4 - (b*c*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2))/(4*x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) b x^2 - a}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3,x)`output `(2*int(acsc(c*x)/x**3,x)*b*x**2 - a)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.11 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	155
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	155
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	156
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	157
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	158
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	158
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	159
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	159
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	160
Reduce [F] . . . . .	160

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3}bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{9}bc^3\left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+1/9*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)-1/3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + b\left(-\frac{2c^3}{9} - \frac{c}{9x^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^4, x]
```

output

```
-1/3*a/x^3 + b*((-2*c^3)/9 - c/(9*x^2))*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*x^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5744, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5744} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^5} dx}{3c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{b \int \left( \frac{c^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{2}{3} c^4 \left( 1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} \right)^{3/2} - 2c^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^4,x]`

output `(b*(-2*c^4*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + (2*c^4*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(3/2))/3))/(6*c) - (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*x^3)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim  
p[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1  
))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(2c^2 x^2 + 1)}{9 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 x^4} \right)$	71
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a}{3c^3 x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(2c^2 x^2 + 1)}{9 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$	75
default	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a}{3c^3 x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(2c^2 x^2 + 1)}{9 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 x^4} \right) \right)$	75

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/3*a/x^3+b*c^3*(-1/3/c^3/x^3*arccsc(c*x)-1/9*(c^2*x^2-1)*(2*c^2*x^2+1)/
(c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/x^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (2bc^2x^2 + b)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} + 3a}{9x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/9*(3*b*arccsc(c*x) + (2*b*c^2*x^2 + b)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) + 3*a)/x^3
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3x^3} - \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)
```

output

```
-a/(3*x**3) - b*acsc(c*x)/(3*x**3) - b*Piecewise((2*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 -
1)/(3*x) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (2*I*c**3*
sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x**3), True))/(3*
c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{9} b \left( \frac{c^4 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{a}{3 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*b*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*a/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{9} \left( bc^2 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 bc^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{3 bc \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1\right) \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} - \frac{3 bc \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} - \frac{3 a}{cx^3} \right) c$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*(b*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*b*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 3*b*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 3*b*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 3*a/(c*x^3))*c`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^4,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b x^3 - a}{3x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`output `(3*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*x**3 - a)/(3*x**3)`

### 3.12 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{16x^3} - \frac{3bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{32x} + \frac{3}{32}bc^4 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

output

$$-1/16*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-3/32*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+3/32*b*c^4*\operatorname{arccsc}(c*x)-1/4*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsc}(c*x))/x^4$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a}{4x^4} + b\left(-\frac{c}{16x^3} - \frac{3c^3}{32x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} + \frac{3}{32}bc^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^5,x]`

output

$$-1/4*a/x^4 + b*(-1/16*c/x^3 - (3*c^3)/(32*x))*\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/(4*x^4) + (3*b*c^4*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])/32$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {5744, 858, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 5744 \\ & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^6}} dx}{4c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 858 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^4}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 262 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} \right)}{4c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 262 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2x} \right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} \right)}{4c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 223 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} c^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2x} \right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} \right)}{4c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4x^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^4 + (b*(-1/4*(c^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/x^3 + (3*c^2*(-1/2*(c^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/x + (c^3*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/2))/4)/(4*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4x^4} + \frac{3bc^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x} - \frac{3bc(c^2x^2-1)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x^3} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)}{16c\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x^5}$
derivativedivides	$c^4 \left( -\frac{a}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{3b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}cx} - \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}c^3x^3} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)}{16\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}c^5x^5} \right)$
default	$c^4 \left( -\frac{a}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{3b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}cx} - \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)}{32\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}c^3x^3} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)}{16\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}c^5x^5} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/4*a/x^4-1/4*b*arccsc(c*x)/x^4+3/32*b*c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)})-3/32*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^3-1/16*b/c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^5$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{(3bc^4x^4 - 8b) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - (3bc^2x^2 + 2b)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} - 8a}{32x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/32*((3*b*c^4*x^4 - 8*b)*arccsc(c*x) - (3*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*b)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) - 8*a)/x^4$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{4x^4}$$

$$+ b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{3ic^5 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{8} - \frac{3ic^4}{8x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{ic^2}{8x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{i}{4x^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^2|} > 1 \\ -\frac{3c^5 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{8} + \frac{3c^4}{8x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{c^2}{8x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{4x^5\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$


---


$$4c$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**5,x)`output `-a/(4*x**4) - b*acsc(c*x)/(4*x**4) - b*Piecewise((3*I*c**5*acosh(1/(c*x))/8 - 3*I*c**4/(8*x*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))) + I*c**2/(8*x**3*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))) + I/(4*x**5*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))), 1/Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-3*c**5*asin(1/(c*x))/8 + 3*c**4/(8*x*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))) - c**2/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))) - 1/(4*x**5*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))), True))/(4*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{32} b \left( \frac{3c^5 \arctan\left(cx\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}\right) + \frac{3c^8x^3\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5c^6x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^4x^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1\right)^2 - 2c^2x^2\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1\right) + 1}}{c} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^4} \right)$$

$$-\frac{a}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/32*b*((3*c^5*\arctan(c*x*\sqrt{-1/(c^2*x^2)} + 1)) + (3*c^8*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 5*c^6*x*\sqrt{-1/(c^2*x^2)} + 1))/(c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 - 2*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + 1)/c + 8*\arccsc(c*x)/x^4) - 1/4*a/x^4$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{32} \left( 8bc^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 16bc^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 5bc^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) - \frac{2bc^2}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/32*(8*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*\arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 16*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*\arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 5*b*c^3*\arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 2*b*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)/x + 5*b*c^2*\sqrt{-1/(c^2*x^2)} + 1)/x + 8*a/(c*x^4))*c$$

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^5, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^5} dx \right) b x^4 - a}{4x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^5,x)`

output `(4*int(acsc(c*x)/x**5,x)*b*x**4 - a)/(4*x**4)`



### 3.13 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{5}bc^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2}{15}bc^5 \left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{25}bc^5 \left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

output `-1/5*b*c^5*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+2/15*b*c^5*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)-1/25*b*c^5*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(5/2)-1/5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a}{5x^5} + b \left( -\frac{8c^5}{75} - \frac{c}{25x^4} - \frac{4c^3}{75x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*a/x^5 + b*((-8*c^5)/75 - c/(25*x^4) - (4*c^3)/(75*x^2))*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5*x^5)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5744, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5744} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^7} dx}{5c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{10c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{b \int \left( \left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} c^4 - 2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 + \frac{c^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}}{10c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b \left( -\frac{2}{5} c^6 \left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)^{5/2} + \frac{4}{3} c^6 \left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} - 2c^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{10c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{5x^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^6,x]`

output `(b*(-2*c^6*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + (4*c^6*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(3/2))/3 - (2*c^6*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(5/2))/5)/(10*c) - (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5*x^5)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{5x^5} + b c^5 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{5c^5 x^5} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(8x^4 c^4 + 4c^2 x^2 + 3)}{75 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^6 x^6} \right)$	79
derivativedivides	$c^5 \left( -\frac{a}{5c^5 x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{5c^5 x^5} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(8x^4 c^4 + 4c^2 x^2 + 3)}{75 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^6 x^6} \right) \right)$	83
default	$c^5 \left( -\frac{a}{5c^5 x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{5c^5 x^5} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(8x^4 c^4 + 4c^2 x^2 + 3)}{75 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^6 x^6} \right) \right)$	83

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/5*a/x^5+b*c^5*(-1/5/c^5/x^5*arccsc(c*x)-1/75*(c^2*x^2-1)*(8*c^4*x^4+4*c^2*x^2+3)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^6/x^6)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{15 b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (8bc^4x^4 + 4bc^2x^2 + 3b)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} + 15a}{75x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/75*(15*b*arccsc(c*x) + (8*b*c^4*x^4 + 4*b*c^2*x^2 + 3*b)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) + 15*a)/x^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a}{5x^5} - \frac{b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5x^5} - \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{8c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x} + \frac{4c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x^3} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{8ic^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x} + \frac{4ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x^3} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5x^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)
```

output

```
-a/(5*x**5) - b*acsc(c*x)/(5*x**5) - b*Piecewise((8*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x) + 4*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x**3) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*x**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (8*I*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x) + 4*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x**3) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*x**5), True))/(5*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{75} b \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} + \frac{15 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^5} \right) - \frac{a}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/75*b*((3*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c + 15*arccsc(c*x)/x^5) - 1/5*a/x^5`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{75} \left( 3bc^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 10bc^4 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{15bc^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} + 15bc^4 \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/75*(3*b*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 10*b*c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 15*b*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 30*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 15*b*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 15*a/(c*x^5))*c`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^6,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^6, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{5 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b x^5 - a}{5x^5}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^6,x)`output `(5*int(acsc(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*x**5 - a)/(5*x**5)`

### 3.14 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{36x^5} - \frac{5bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{144x^3} - \frac{5bc^5\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{96x} + \frac{5}{96}bc^6 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6}$$

output

```
-1/36*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5-5/144*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-5/96
*b*c^5*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+5/96*b*c^6*arccsc(c*x)-1/6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/
x^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a}{6x^6} + b\left(-\frac{c}{36x^5} - \frac{5c^3}{144x^3} - \frac{5c^5}{96x}\right) \sqrt{\frac{-1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} + \frac{5}{96}bc^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*a/x^6 + b*(-1/36*c/x^5 - (5*c^3)/(144*x^3) - (5*c^5)/(96*x))*Sqrt[(-1
+ c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(6*x^6) + (5*b*c^6*ArcSin[1/(c*x)
])/96
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5744, 858, 262, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5744 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^8} dx}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 858 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^6} d\frac{1}{x}}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{5}{6} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{6x^5} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{5}{6} c^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{6x^5} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{5}{6} c^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2x} \right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{6x^5} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 223 \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{5}{6}c^2 \left( \frac{3}{4}c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2}c^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2x} \right) - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{6x^5} \right)}{6c} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6x^6}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^6 + (b*(-1/6*(c^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/x^5 + (5*c^2*(-1/4*(c^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/x^3 + (3*c^2*(-1/2*(c^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/x + (c^3*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/2)/4)/6))/(6*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs.  $2(85) = 170$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{6x^6} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6x^6} + \frac{5b c^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right)}{96 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} x} - \frac{5b c^3 (c^2 x^2 - 1)}{96 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3} - \frac{5bc(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{144 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} x^5} - \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{36c \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}}$
derivativedivides	$c^6 \left( -\frac{a}{6c^6 x^6} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6c^6 x^6} + \frac{5b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right)}{96 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} - \frac{5b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{96 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3} - \frac{5b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{144 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^5 x^5} - \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{36c \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)$
default	$c^6 \left( -\frac{a}{6c^6 x^6} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6c^6 x^6} + \frac{5b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right)}{96 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx} - \frac{5b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{96 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3} - \frac{5b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{144 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^5 x^5} - \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{36c \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*a/x^6 - 1/6*b*arccsc(c*x)/x^6 + 5/96*b*c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)} / ((c^2*x^2-1) / c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} / x * arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}) - 5/96*b*c^3*(c^2*x^2-1) / ((c^2 * x^2-1) / c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} / x^3 - 5/144*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1) / ((c^2*x^2-1) / c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} / x^5 - 1/36*b/c*(c^2*x^2-1) / ((c^2*x^2-1) / c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} / x^7 \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx \\ & = \frac{3(5bc^6x^6 - 16b) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - (15bc^4x^4 + 10bc^2x^2 + 8b)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} - 48a}{288x^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/288*(3*(5*b*c^6*x^6 - 16*b)*arccsc(c*x) - (15*b*c^4*x^4 + 10*b*c^2*x^2 + 8*b)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) - 48*a)/x^6$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a}{6x^6} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6x^6}$$

$$b \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{5ic^7 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16} - \frac{5ic^6}{16x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5ic^4}{48x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{ic^2}{24x^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{i}{6x^7\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \right) \text{ for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^2|} > 1 \\ -\frac{5c^7 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16} + \frac{5c^6}{16x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{5c^4}{48x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{c^2}{24x^5\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{6x^7\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise}$$


---

6c

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x**7,x)`output `-a/(6*x**6) - b*arccsc(c*x)/(6*x**6) - b*Piecewise((5*I*c**7*acosh(1/(c*x))/16 - 5*I*c**6/(16*x*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))) + 5*I*c**4/(48*x**3*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))) + I*c**2/(24*x**5*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))) + I/(6*x**7*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))), 1/Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-5*c**7*asin(1/(c*x))/16 + 5*c**6/(16*x*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))) - 5*c**4/(48*x**3*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))) - c**2/(24*x**5*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))) - 1/(6*x**7*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))), True))/(6*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{288} b \left( \frac{15 c^7 \arctan\left(cx \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}\right) - \frac{15 c^{12} x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 40 c^{10} x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 c^8 x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^6 x^6 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1\right)^3 - 3 c^4 x^4 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1\right)^2 + 3 c^2 x^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1\right) - 1}}{c} + \frac{48 \operatorname{arccsc}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^6} \right)$$

$$-\frac{a}{6x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/288*b*((15*c^7*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)) - (15*c^12*x^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 40*c^10*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*c^8*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^6*x^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3 - 3*c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 3*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 1))/c + 48*arccsc(c*x)/x^6) - 1/6*a/x^6
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs.  $2(85) = 170$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{1}{288} \left( 48 bc^5 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 144 bc^5 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 144 bc^5 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 33 b c^5 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 8 b c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \sqrt{-1/(c^2 x^2) + 1} / x - 26 b c^4 \left( -1/(c^2 x^2) + 1 \right)^{3/2} / x + 33 b c^4 \sqrt{-1/(c^2 x^2) + 1} / x + 48 a / (c x^6) \right) c$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/288*(48*b*c^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 144*b*c^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 144*b*c^5*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 33*b*c^5*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 8*b*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x - 26*b*c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)/x + 33*b*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x + 48*a/(c*x^6))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^7,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/x^7, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^7} dx \right) b x^6 - a}{6x^6}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^7,x)`

output `(6*int(acsc(c*x)/x**7,x)*b*x**6 - a)/(6*x**6)`

### 3.15 $\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^2}{12c^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{3c^4}$$

output

```
1/12*b^2*x^2/c^2+1/3*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c^3+1/6*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2+1/3*b^2*ln(x)/c^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{cx \left( b^2 cx + 3a^2 c^3 x^3 + 2ab\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}(2 + c^2 x^2) \right) + 2bcx \left( 3ac^3 x^3 + b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}(2 + c^2 x^2) \right) \csc^{-1}(cx) + 3b^2 \log(x)}{12c^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(c*x*(b^2*c*x + 3*a^2*c^3*x^3 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(2 + c^2*x^2)) + 2*b*c*x*(3*a*c^3*x^3 + b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(2 + c^2*x^2))*ArcCsc[c*x] + 3*b^2*c^4*x^4*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + 4*b^2*Log[x])/(12*c^4)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$ , Rules used = {5746, 4910, 3042, 4673, 3042, 4672, 3042, 25, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5746 \\
 & \frac{\int c^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4910 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^4 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4673 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{6} b c^2 x^2 \right) - \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\int(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2d\csc^{-1}(cx)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4}{c^4}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(b\int c\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}xd\csc^{-1}(cx)-cx\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(b\int-\tan(\csc^{-1}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2})d\csc^{-1}(cx)-cx\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4}{c^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(-b\int\tan(\csc^{-1}(cx)+\frac{\pi}{2})d\csc^{-1}(cx)-cx\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4}{c^4}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(b\log\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)-cx\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\right)-\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))-\frac{1}{6}bc^2x^2\right)-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4}{c^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((-1/4*(c^4*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2) + (b*(-1/6*(b*c^2*x^2) - (c^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 + (2*(-(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])) + b*Log[1/(c*x)]))/3))/2)/c^4)`



## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 4673 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`
- rule 4910 `Int[Cot[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csc[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csc[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3}{6} + \frac{c^2 x^2}{12} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{3} \right)}{c^4} + \frac{2ab \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} \right)}{c^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + b^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3}{6} + \frac{c^2 x^2}{12} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{3} \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} \right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + b^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3}{6} + \frac{c^2 x^2}{12} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{3} \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} \right)}{c^4}$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*a^2*x^4+b^2/c^4*(1/4*arccsc(c*x)^2*c^4*x^4+1/6*arccsc(c*x)*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^3*x^3+1/12*c^2*x^2+1/3*arccsc(c*x)*c*x*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*ln(1/c/x))+2*a*b/c^4*(1/4*c^4*x^4*arccsc(c*x)+1/12*(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*x^2+2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{3b^2 c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + 3a^2 c^4 x^4 - 12abc^4 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) + b^2 c^2 x^2 + 4b^2 \log(x) + 6(abc^4 x^4 - 12c^4)}{12c^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*b^2*c^4*x^4*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*x^4 - 12*a*b*c^4*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + b^2*c^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*log(x) + 6*(a*b*c^4*x^4 - a*b*c^4)*arccsc(c*x) + 2*(a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*b + (b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*b^2)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^4
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx &= \frac{1}{4} b^2 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4 \\ &+ \frac{1}{6} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) ab \\ &+ \frac{(2c^4 x^4 \arctan(1, \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1}) + 2c^2 x^2 \arctan(1, \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1}) + (c^2 x^2 + 2 \log(x^2)) \sqrt{cx+1} \\ &\quad - 4 \arctan(1, \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1})) b^2}{12 \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1} c^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*b^2*x^4*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 1/4*a^2*x^4 + 1/6*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*a*b + 1/12*(2*c^4*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 2*c^2*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (c^2*x^2 + 2*log(x^2))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*b^2/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*c^4)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 811 vs.  $2(93) = 186$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 811, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.58

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/192*(3*b^2*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/c + 6*a*
b*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 3*a^2*x^4*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 4*b^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsi
n(1/(c*x))/c^2 + 4*a*b*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^2 + 12*b^2*x^2
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/c^3 + 24*a*b*x^2*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 12*a^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2
) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 + 4*b^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 + 36*b^2*
x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^4 + 36*a*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^
2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 18*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/c^5 + 36*a*b*arcsin(1/(c*x
))/c^5 - 128*b^2*log(2)/c^5 + 64*b^2*log(2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 2)/c^5
- 64*b^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^5 - 64*b^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x
)))/c^5 + 18*a^2/c^5 + 8*b^2/c^5 - 36*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 36*a*b/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 12*b^
2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 24*a*b*arcs
in(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 12*a^2/(c^7*x^2*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 4*b^2/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)
^2) - 4*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^8*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) - 4*a
*b/(c^8*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/(c^9
*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 6*a*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^4*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 3*a^2/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + ...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^3 dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 x^3 dx \right) b^2 + \frac{a^2 x^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^2,x)`output `(8*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*a*b + 4*int(acsc(c*x)**2*x**3,x)*b**2 + a**2*x**4)/4`

### 3.16 $\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	189
Mathematica [A] (verified)	190
Rubi [A] (verified)	190
Maple [A] (verified)	193
Fricas [F]	194
Sympy [F]	194
Maxima [F]	194
Giac [F(-2)]	195
Mupad [F(-1)]	195
Reduce [F]	196

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x}{3c^2} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{2b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)})}{3c^3} - \frac{ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)})}{3c^3} + \frac{ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)})}{3c^3}$$

output

```
1/3*b^2*x/c^2+1/3*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2+2/3*b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*arctanh(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3-1/3*I*b^2*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+1/3*I*b^2*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left( a^2 x^3 + 2abx^3 \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{ab(-cx + c^3 x^3 - \sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2} \log(-cx + \sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2}))}{c^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x} - \frac{ib^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \right) + \frac{b^2 \left( cx + c^3 x^3 \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + \csc^{-1}(cx) \left( c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 - \log\left(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right) + \log\left(1 + e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right)}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x] + (a*b*(-(c*x) + c^3*x^3 - Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])*Log[-(c*x) + Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/(c^4*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) - (I*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])/c^3 + (b^2*(c*x + c^3*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + ArcCsc[c*x]*(c^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2 - Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]])] + Log[1 + E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])) + I*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])/c^3)/3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5746, 4910, 3042, 4673, 3042, 4671, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 5746

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int c^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4910 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} b \int c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} b \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4673 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int cx (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{bcx}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{csc}(\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{bcx}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4671 \\
& \frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -b \int \log \left( 1 - e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + b \int \log \left( 1 + e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2715 \\
& \frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( ib \int e^{-i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \log \left( 1 - e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} - ib \int e^{-i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \log \left( 1 + e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) d e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)}{c^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2838 \\
& \frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right)}{c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[x^2\*(a + b\*ArcCsc[c\*x])^2,x]



output

$$-\left(\frac{-1/3(c^3x^3(a + b\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])^2) + (2*b*(-1/2*(b*c*x) - (c^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*(a + b\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/2 + (-2*(a + b\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])*\text{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])}] + I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(I*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])}] - I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, E^{(I*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])}])/(2)))/3}{c^3}\right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 2838

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4671

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-
2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c +
d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x
)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IG
tQ[m, 0]
```

rule 4673

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :>
Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))),
x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + S
imp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

rule 4910

```
Int[Cot[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_)*Csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_)*((c_.) + (d
_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Csc[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x
] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csc[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 5746

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-
(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcC
sc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n
, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{(c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3} cx + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3} - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3} \right)}{c^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^3 x^3 a^2}{3} + b^2 \left( \frac{(c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3} cx + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3} - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3} \right)$
default	$\frac{c^3 x^3 a^2}{3} + b^2 \left( \frac{(c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3} cx + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3} - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{3} \right)$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*a^2*x^3+b^2/c^3*(1/3*(c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2+arccsc(c*x)*c*x*((c^2*x^2-
1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+1)*c*x+1/3*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-1
/3*I*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-1/3*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+1/3*I*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))+2*a*b/c^3*(1/
3*c^3*x^3*arccsc(c*x)+1/6*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(c*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)+ln(c*x+
(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a^2*x^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/3*a^2*x^3 + 1/6*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(
c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(
c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*a*b + 1/12*(4*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt
(c*x - 1))^2 - x^3*log(c^2*x^2)^2 - 2*c^2*(2*(c^2*x^3 + 3*x)/c^4 - 3*log(c
*x + 1)/c^5 + 3*log(c*x - 1)/c^5)*log(c)^2 + 36*c^2*integrate(1/3*x^4*log(
c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 72*c^2*integrate(1/3*x^4*log(x)/(c^2*x
^2 - 1), x)*log(c) + 36*c^2*integrate(1/3*x^4*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2
- 1), x) - 36*c^2*integrate(1/3*x^4*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 12*c^2*i
ntegrate(1/3*x^4*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 6*(2*x/c^2 - log(c*x + 1
)/c^3 + log(c*x - 1)/c^3)*log(c)^2 - 36*integrate(1/3*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^
2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) + 72*integrate(1/3*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(
c) + 24*integrate(1/3*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 36*integrate(1/3*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*
log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 36*integrate(1/3*x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)
- 12*integrate(1/3*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x))*b^2

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2,x)
```

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 x^2 dx \right) b^2 + \frac{a^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(6*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*a*b + 3*int(acsc(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*b**2 + a**2*x**3)/3`

### 3.17 $\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

Optimal result	197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	197
Rubi [A] (verified)	198
Maple [B] (verified)	200
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	200
Sympy [F]	201
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	201
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	202
Mupad [F(-1)]	202
Reduce [F]	203

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{c} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{c^2}$$

output

```
b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2+b^2*ln(x)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{acx \left( 2b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + acx \right) + 2bcx \left( b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + acx \right) \csc^{-1}(cx) + b^2c^2x^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + 2b^2 \log(cx)}{2c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*c*x*(2*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x) + 2*b*c*x*(b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x)*ArcCsc[c*x] + b^2*c^2*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + 2*b^2*Log[c*x])/(2*c^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$ , Rules used = {5746, 4910, 3042, 4672, 3042, 25, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5746 \\
 & -\frac{\int c^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4910 \\
 & -\frac{b \int c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & -\frac{b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4672 \\
 & -\frac{b \left( b \int c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x d \csc^{-1}(cx) - c x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & -\frac{b \left( b \int -\tan(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - c x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b\left(-b \int \tan(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))\right) - \frac{1}{2}c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{b\left(b \log\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))\right) - \frac{1}{2}c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((-1/2*(c^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2) + b*(-(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])) + b*Log[1/(c*x)]))/c^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4910 `Int[Cot[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csc[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csc[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]`



rule 5746

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-
(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcC
sc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n
, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)}{c^2} + \frac{2ab \left( \frac{c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2x^2-1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^2}$	122
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2c^2x^2}{2} + b^2 \left( \frac{c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2x^2-1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^2}$	123
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2c^2x^2}{2} + b^2 \left( \frac{c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) + 2ab \left( \frac{c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{c^2x^2-1}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} cx} \right)}{c^2}$	123

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*a^2*x^2+b^2/c^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2+arccsc(c*x)*c*x*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-ln(1/c/x))+2*a*b/c^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)+1/2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x*(c^2*x^2-1))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2c^2x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + a^2c^2x^2 - 4abc^2 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + 2b^2 \log(x) + 2(abc^2x^2 - abc^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^2*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + a^2*c^2*x^2 - 4*a*b*c^2*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*b^2*log(x) + 2*(a*b*c^2*x^2 - a*b*c^2)*arccsc(c*x) + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*(b^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*b))/c^2`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**2, x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx &= \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 \\ &+ \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) ab \\ &+ \left( \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{c} + \frac{\log(x)}{c^2} \right) b^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^2*x^2 + (x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*a*b + (x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsc(c*x)/c + log(x)/c^2)*b^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.76

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{b^2 x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2}{c} + \frac{2 abx^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{a^2 x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*(b^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/c + 2*a*b*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + a^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c + 4*b^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^2 + 4*a*b*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + 2*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/c^3 + 4*a*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 - 16*b^2*log(2)/c^3 + 8*b^2*log(2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 2)/c^3 - 8*b^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 - 8*b^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^3 + 2*a^2/c^3 - 4*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^4*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 4*a*b/(c^4*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 2*a*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + a^2/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int x \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`

output

```
int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 x dx \right) b^2 + \frac{a^2 x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(4*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*a*b + 2*int(acsc(c*x)**2*x,x)*b**2 + a**2*x**2)/2`

### 3.18 $\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + \frac{4b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c} - \frac{2ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c} + \frac{2ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2+4*b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*arctanh(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c-2*I*b^2*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c+2*I*b^2*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 cx + 2abcx \csc^{-1}(cx) + b^2 cx \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 - 2b^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + 2b^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 + e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*c*x + 2*a*b*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + b^2*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 2*b^2*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 2*b^2*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + 2*a*b*Log[Cos[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]] - 2*a*b*Log[Sin[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]] - (2*I)*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + (2*I)*b^2*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])]/c
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {5740, 4910, 3042, 4671, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5740}$$

$$\frac{\int c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4910}$$

$$\frac{2b \int cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c}$$

↓ 4671

$$\frac{-cx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2b \left( -b \int \log(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) + b \int \log(1 + e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - 2a \int \csc^{-1}(cx) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-cx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2b \left( ib \int e^{-i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \log(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) d e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} - ib \int e^{-i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \log(1 + e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) d e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{c}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-cx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2b \left( -2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) \right)}{c}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]
```

output

```
-((-c*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2) + 2*b*(-2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*ArcTanh[E^(I
*ArcCsc[c*x])] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^(I*
ArcCsc[c*x])]))/c)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 2838

```
Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4671  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*((c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_))^{(m\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*(e + f*x))}]/f), x] + (-\text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{(I*(e + f*x))}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{(I*(e + f*x))}], x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 4910  $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)]^{(p\_.)}*\text{Csc}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_.)}*((c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_))^{(m\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Csc}[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*n)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Csc}[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5740  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-c^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csc}[x]*\text{Cot}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsc}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2cx+b^2\left(\arccsc(cx)^2cx-2\arccsc(cx)\ln\left(1-\frac{i}{cx}-\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)+2\arccsc(cx)\ln\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)-2i\text{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{a^2cx+b^2\left(\arccsc(cx)^2cx-2\arccsc(cx)\ln\left(1-\frac{i}{cx}-\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)+2\arccsc(cx)\ln\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)-2i\text{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$
parts	$a^2x + \frac{b^2\left(\arccsc(cx)^2cx-2\arccsc(cx)\ln\left(1-\frac{i}{cx}-\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)+2\arccsc(cx)\ln\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)-2i\text{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*\arccsc(c*x))^2,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{1}{c}*(a^2*c*x+b^2*(\arccsc(c*x)^2*c*x-2*\arccsc(c*x)*\ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}))+2*\arccsc(c*x)*\ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})-2*I*\text{dilog}(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}))+2*I*\text{dilog}(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}))+2*a*b*(\arccsc(c*x)*c*x+\ln(c*x+c*x*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})))$



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^2, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(2*c^2*(2*x/c^2 - log(c*x + 1)/c^3 + log(c*x - 1)/c^3)*log(c)^2 - 4*c
^2*integrate(x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) + 8*c^2*integrate(x
^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 4*x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1))^2 - 4*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 4*c
^2*integrate(x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 4*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(c^2*
x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + x*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 2*(log(c*x + 1)/c - log(c*x -
1)/c)*log(c)^2 + 4*integrate(log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 8*int
egrate(log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 8*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1)*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 4*integ
rate(log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 4*integrate(log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2
- 1), x) + 4*integrate(log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x))*b^2 + a^2*x + (2*c
*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1))*a*b/c
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2,x)
```

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) ab + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 dx \right) b^2 + a^2 x$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^2,x)`

output `2*int(acsc(c*x),x)*a*b + int(acsc(c*x)**2,x)*b**2 + a**2*x`

**3.19**  $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} - (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}) + ib(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}) - \frac{1}{2}b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)})$$

output

```
1/3*I*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/b-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+I*b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*b^2*polylog(3,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = -2ab \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + a^2 \log(cx) \\ + iab \left( \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{24} ib^2 \left( \pi^3 \right. \\ \left. - 8 \csc^{-1}(cx)^3 + 24i \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 \log\left(1 - e^{-2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right. \\ \left. - 24 \csc^{-1}(cx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{-2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right. \\ \left. + 12i \text{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{-2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x,x]`

output `-2*a*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + a^2*Log[c*x] + I*a*b*(ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + (I/24)*b^2*(Pi^3 - 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 + (24*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - 24*ArcCsc[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + (12*I)*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$ , Rules used = {5746, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx \\ \downarrow \text{5746} \\ - \int c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& - \int -(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \tan\left(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \int \tan\left(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \downarrow 4200 \\
& \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} - 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& 2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& 2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib \left( \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{2} ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& 2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib \left( \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& 2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib \left( \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}\right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3b} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x, x]`

output `((I/3)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3)/b + (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - I*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - (b*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])]/4))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[F x, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))* (F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol]
-> Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))]], x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^m_.), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

method	result
parts	$a^2 \ln(x) + b^2 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{3} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 2i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \operatorname{poly} \right)$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \ln(cx) + b^2 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{3} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 2i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \operatorname{poly} \right)$
default	$a^2 \ln(cx) + b^2 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{3} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 2i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \operatorname{poly} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```
a^2*ln(x)+b^2*(1/3*I*arccsc(c*x)^3-arccsc(c*x)^2*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-2*polylog(3,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arccsc(c*x)^2*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-2*polylog(3,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))+2*a*b*(1/2*I*arccsc(c*x)^2-arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^2)/x, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**2/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**2/x, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b^2*c^2*(log(c*x + 1)/c^2 + log(c*x - 1)/c^2)*log(c)^2 + b^2*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) - 2*b^2*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) + 2*b^2*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) - b^2*c^2*integrate(x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + 2*a*b*c^2*integrate(x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + 1/2*b^2*(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1) - 2*log(x))*log(c)^2 + b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2*log(x) - 1/4*b^2*log(c^2*x^2)^2*log(x) - b^2*integrate(log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) + 2*b^2*integrate(log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) + 2*b^2*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) - 2*b^2*integrate(log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + b^2*integrate(log(x)^2/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) - 2*a*b*integrate(arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + a^2*log(x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x} dx = 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx \right) ab + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 + \log(x) a^2$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^2/x,x)`output `2*int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*a*b + int(acsc(c*x)**2/x,x)*b**2 + log(x)*a**2`

### 3.20 $\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	219
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Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	220
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	222
Sympy [F] . . . . .	223
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	223
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	223
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	224
Reduce [F] . . . . .	224

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{2b^2}{x} - 2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x}$$

output `2*b^2/x-2*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^2 - 2b^2 + 2abc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 2b\left(a + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right) \csc^{-1}(cx) + b^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)^2}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2 - 2*b^2 + 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 2*b*(a + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCsc[c*x] + b^2*ArcCsc[c*x]^2)/x)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5746, 3042, 3777, 25, 3042, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5746} \\
 & -c \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & -c \left( 2b \int -\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \left( b \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \left( b \int \sin \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3117} \\
 -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} - 2b \left( \frac{b}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `-(c*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/(c*x) - 2*b*(b/(c*x) - Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{x} + b^2 c \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{cx} + \frac{2}{cx} - 2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 2abc \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{cx} - \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c \left( -\frac{a^2}{cx} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{cx} + \frac{2}{cx} - 2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 2ab \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{cx} - \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c} \right) \right)$
default	$c \left( -\frac{a^2}{cx} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{cx} + \frac{2}{cx} - 2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 2ab \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{cx} - \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^2/x+b^2*c*(-arccsc(c*x)^2/c/x+2/c/x-2*arccsc(c*x)*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*a*b*c*(-1/c/x*arccsc(c*x)-1/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/x^2*(c^2*x^2-1))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + 2ab \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a^2 - 2b^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + ab)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^2 - 2*b^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*(b^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*b))/x`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = -2 \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) ab$$

$$- 2 \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{1}{x} \right) b^2 - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{x} - \frac{a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*a*b - 2*(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsc(c*x) - 1/x)*b^2 - b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2/x - a^2/x`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx =$$

$$- \left( 2b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + 2ab \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{b^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2}{cx} + \frac{2ab \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{cx} + \frac{a^2}{cx} - \frac{2b^2}{cx} \right)$$



input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-(2*b^2*\sqrt{-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1}*\arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 2*a*b*\sqrt{-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1} + b^2*\arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/(c*x) + 2*a*b*\arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c*x) + a^2/(c*x) - 2*b^2/(c*x))*c$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{b^2 \left( \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 - 2 \right)}{x} - 2b^2 c \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - 2abc \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{cx} \right)$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^2,x)`

output 
$$-a^2/x - (b^2*(\operatorname{asin}(1/(c*x))^2 - 2))/x - 2*b^2*c*\operatorname{asin}(1/(c*x))*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^{1/2} - 2*a*b*c*((1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^{1/2} + \operatorname{asin}(1/(c*x))/(c*x))$$

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) abx + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^2} dx \right) b^2x - a^2}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^2/x^2,x)`

output 
$$(2*\int(\operatorname{acsc}(c*x)/x^{**2},x)*a*b*x + \int(\operatorname{acsc}(c*x)**2/x^{**2},x)*b^{**2}*x - a^{**2})/x$$

### 3.21 $\int \frac{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	225
Mathematica [A] (verified)	225
Rubi [A] (verified)	226
Maple [B] (verified)	228
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	228
Sympy [F]	229
Maxima [F]	229
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	230
Mupad [F(-1)]	230
Reduce [F]	231

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^2}{4x^2} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2x} + \frac{1}{4}c^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2x^2}$$

output

$1/4*b^2/x^2 - 1/2*b*c*(1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}*(a + b*arccsc(c*x))/x + 1/4*c^2*(a + b*arccsc(c*x))^2 - 1/2*(a + b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2a^2 + b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x - 2b\left(2a + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right) \csc^{-1}(cx) + b^2(-2 + c^2x^2) \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + 2abc^2x}{4x^2}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^3, x]`

output

$$(-2a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2x^2)})x - 2b(2a + b\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2x^2)})\operatorname{ArcCsc}[cx] + b^2(-2 + c^2x^2)\operatorname{ArcCsc}[cx]^2 + 2ab\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2x^2)}\operatorname{ArcSin}[1/(cx)]/(4x^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5746, 4904, 3042, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 5746 \\ & -c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 4904 \\ & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2x^2} - b \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{c^2x^2} d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2x^2} - b \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 3791 \\ & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2x^2} - b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{b}{4c^2x^2} \right) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 17 \\ & -c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2x^2} - b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4b} + \frac{b}{4c^2x^2} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^3,x]`

output `-(c^2*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/(2*c^2*x^2) - b*(b/(4*c^2*x^2) - (Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])))/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/(4*b)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 4904 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^m*(Sin[a + b*x]^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Sin[a + b*x]^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} + b^2 c^2 \left( \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{4} - \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{8} - \frac{\sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} \right) + 2ab c^2$
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a^2}{2c^2 x^2} + b^2 \left( \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{4} - \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{8} - \frac{\sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} \right) + 2ab \right)$
default	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a^2}{2c^2 x^2} + b^2 \left( \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{4} - \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{8} - \frac{\sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} \right) + 2ab \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{1}{2}a^2/x^2 + b^2 c^2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{8} \cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \right) + 2ab c^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{c^2}{x^2} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{1}{4} (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2} \left( -\arctan(1/(c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2}) c^2 x^2 + (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2} \right) / \left( (c^2 x^2 - 1)/c^2/x^2 \right)^{1/2} / x^3 / c^3$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2 c^2 x^2 - 2b^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - 2a^2 + b^2 + 2(abc^2 x^2 - 2ab) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + ab)}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4} \left( (b^2 c^2 x^2 - 2b^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - 2a^2 + b^2 + 2(abc^2 x^2 - 2ab) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + ab) \right) / x^2$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*b*((c^4*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 1) - c^3*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/c - 2*arccsc(c*x)/x^2) - 1/8*(4*(c^2*(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1) - 2*log(x))*log(c)^2 - 4*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) + 8*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) - 4*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) + 4*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) + 2*c^2*integrate(1/2*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - (c^2*log(c*x + 1) + c^2*log(c*x - 1) - 2*c^2*log(x) + 1/x^2)*log(c)^2 + 4*integrate(1/2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) - 8*integrate(1/2*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) + 4*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) + 4*integrate(1/2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - 4*integrate(1/2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - 2*integrate(1/2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x))*x^2 + 4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 - log(c^2*x^2)^2)*b^2/x^2 - 1/2*a^2/x^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \left( 4b^2c \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 8abc \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 2b^2c \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 4a^2c \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(4*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 8*a*b*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 2*b^2*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 4*a^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 2*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + 4*a*b*c*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - b^2*c + 4*b^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 4*a*b*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x)*c`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) abx^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^3} dx \right) b^2x^2 - a^2}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^2/x^3,x)`

output `(4*int(acsc(c*x)/x**3,x)*a*b*x**2 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**3,x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2)/(2*x**2)`



### 3.22 $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	232
Mathematica [A] (verified)	232
Rubi [A] (verified)	233
Maple [A] (verified)	235
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	236
Sympy [F]	236
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	236
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	237
Mupad [F(-1)]	238
Reduce [F]	238

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{2b^2}{27x^3} + \frac{4b^2c^2}{9x} - \frac{4}{9}bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{9x^2} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3x^3}$$

output

```
2/27*b^2/x^3+4/9*b^2*c^2/x-4/9*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
-2/9*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2-1/3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2
/x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{9a^2 + 6abc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 + 2c^2x^2) - 2b^2(1 + 6c^2x^2) + 6b\left(3a + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 + 2c^2x^2)\right) \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{27x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/27*(9*a^2 + 6*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2) - 2*b^2*(1
+ 6*c^2*x^2) + 6*b*(3*a + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2))*Arc
Csc[c*x] + 9*b^2*ArcCsc[c*x]^2)/x^3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5746, 4904, 3042, 3791, 3042, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 5746

$$-c^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2 x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

↓ 4904

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} b \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^3 x^3} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2 x^2} + \frac{b}{9c^3 x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3 x^3} - \frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2 x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( b \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( b \int \sin \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{b}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) + \frac{b}{9c^3} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^4,x]`

output `-(c^3*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/(3*c^3*x^3) - (2*b*(b/(9*c^3*x^3) - (Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*c^2*x^2) + (2*(b/(c*x) - Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])))/3))/3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3791

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]
```

rule 4904

```
Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^m*(Sin[a + b*x]^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))
, x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Sin[a + b*x]^(n + 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

rule 5746

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcC
sc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n
, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{3x^3} + b^2c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(2c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{9c^2x^2} + \frac{2}{27c^3x^3} + \frac{4}{9cx} \right) + 2ab c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3c^3} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{3c^3x^3} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(2c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{9c^2x^2} + \frac{2}{27c^3x^3} + \frac{4}{9cx} \right) + 2ab \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3c^3} \right) \right)$
default	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{3c^3x^3} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(2c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{9c^2x^2} + \frac{2}{27c^3x^3} + \frac{4}{9cx} \right) + 2ab \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3c^3} \right) \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*a^2/x^3+b^2*c^3*(-1/3/c^3/x^3*arccsc(c*x)^2-2/9*arccsc(c*x)*(2*c^2*x^
2+1)/c^2/x^2*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+2/27/c^3/x^3+4/9/c/x)+2*a*b*c^3*(
-1/3/c^3/x^3*arccsc(c*x)-1/9*(c^2*x^2-1)*(2*c^2*x^2+1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2)/c^4/x^4)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 b^2 c^2 x^2 - 9 b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - 18 ab \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 9 a^2 + 2 b^2 - 6 (2 abc^2 x^2 + ab + (2 b^2 c^2 x^2 + b^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{27 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(12*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 9*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 - 18*a*b*arccsc(c*x) - 9*a^2 + 2*b^2 - 6*(2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + a*b + (2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^3`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{9} ab \left( \frac{c^4 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2}{3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2(6c^5 x^4 \arctan(1, \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1}) - 3c^3 x^2 \arctan(1, \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1}) - (6c^3 x^2 + c)\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1})}{27\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{cx-1}x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*a*b*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2/x^3 - 1/3*a^2/x^3 - 2/27*(6*c^5*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - 3*c^3*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - (6*c^3*x^2 + c)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 3*c*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*b^2/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*c*x^3)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \left( 6b^2 c^2 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + 6abc^2 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 18b^2 c^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - \frac{9}{27} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/27*(6*b^2*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 6*a*b*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 18*b^2*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 9*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x - 18*a*b*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 18*a*b*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 9*b^2*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x + 2*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)/x - 18*a*b*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 14*b^2*c/x - 9*a^2/(c*x^3))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^4, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) ab x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^4} dx \right) b^2 x^3 - a^2}{3x^3}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^2/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(6*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*a*b*x**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**4,x)*b**2*x**3 - a**2)/(3*x**3)
```

### 3.23 $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \frac{b^2}{32x^4} + \frac{3b^2c^2}{32x^2} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{8x^3} - \frac{3bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{16x} + \frac{3}{32}c^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4x^4}$$

output

```
1/32*b^2/x^4+3/32*b^2*c^2/x^2-1/8*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)
)/x^3-3/16*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x+3/32*c^4*(a+b*arc
csc(c*x))^2-1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^4
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8a^2 + b^2 - 4abc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 3b^2c^2x^2 - 6abc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 - 2b\left(8a + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(2 + 3c^2x^2)\right) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{32x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^5,x]
```

output

```
(-8*a^2 + b^2 - 4*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 3*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*c*3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3 - 2*b*(8*a + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(2 + 3*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsc[c*x] + b^2*(-8 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + 6*a*b*c^4*x^4*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(32*x^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5746, 4904, 3042, 3791, 3042, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5746$$

$$-c^4 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3x^3} d \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 4904$$

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^4x^4} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^4 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3x^3} + \frac{b}{16c^4x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4c^3x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{b}{4c^2x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 17

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2cx} + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4b} + \frac{b}{4c^2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/x^5,x]`

output `-(c^4*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/(4*c^4*x^4) - (b*(b/(16*c^4*x^4) - (Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(4*c^3*x^3) + (3*(b/(4*c^2*x^2) - (Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2/(4*b)))/4))/2))`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`
- rule 4904 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^m*(Sin[a + b*x]^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Sin[a + b*x]^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs.  $2(106) = 212$ .

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{4x^4} + b^2c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \left( 3c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 3c^2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} - 2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{16c^3x^3} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{32} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^4 \left( -\frac{a^2}{4c^4x^4} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \left( 3c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 3c^2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} - 2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{16c^3x^3} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{32} \right) \right)$
default	$c^4 \left( -\frac{a^2}{4c^4x^4} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{4c^4x^4} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \left( 3c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 3c^2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} - 2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{16c^3x^3} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{32} \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/4*a^2/x^4+b^2*c^4*(-1/4/c^4/x^4*arccsc(c*x)^2+1/16*arccsc(c*x)*(3*c^3*x^3*arccsc(c*x)-3*c^2*x^2*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-2*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3/x^3-3/32*arccsc(c*x)^2+1/128*(3*c^2*x^2+2)^2/c^4/x^4)-1/2*arccsc(c*x)*a*b/x^4+3/16*a*b*c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))-3/16*a*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3-1/8*a*b/c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2c^2x^2 + (3b^2c^4x^4 - 8b^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - 8a^2 + b^2 + 2(3abc^4x^4 - 8ab) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 2(3abc^2x^2 + 2ab)}{32x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/32*(3*b^2*c^2*x^2 + (3*b^2*c^4*x^4 - 8*b^2)*arccsc(c*x)^2 - 8*a^2 + b^2
+ 2*(3*a*b*c^4*x^4 - 8*a*b)*arccsc(c*x) - 2*(3*a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*b + (3*b^
2*c^2*x^2 + 2*b^2)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^4
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**2/x**5, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-1/16*a*b*((3*c^5*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)) + (3*c^8*x^3*(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 5*c^6*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) -
1)^2 - 2*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + 1))/c + 8*arccsc(c*x)/x^4) - 1/16*(4
*(2*(c^2*log(c*x + 1) + c^2*log(c*x - 1) - 2*c^2*log(x) + 1/x^2)*c^2*log(c
)^2 - 16*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x)*log(c) + 3
2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x)*log(c) - 16*c^2*integra
te(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 16*c^2*integrate(1/4*
x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 4*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c
^2*x^7 - x^5), x) - (2*c^4*log(c*x + 1) + 2*c^4*log(c*x - 1) - 4*c^4*log(x
) + (2*c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^4)*log(c)^2 + 16*integrate(1/4*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^7
- x^5), x)*log(c) - 32*integrate(1/4*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x)*log(c) +
8*integrate(1/4*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c
*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 16*integrate(1/4*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*
x^7 - x^5), x) - 16*integrate(1/4*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) - 4*integra
te(1/4*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x))*x^4 + 4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*
sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 - log(c^2*x^2)^2)*b^2/x^4 - 1/4*a^2/x^4

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs.  $2(106) = 212$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{256} \left( 64b^2c^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 128abc^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) + 128b^2c^3 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/256*(64*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 128*a*b*c^3*(1/
(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 128*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/
(c*x))^2 - 8*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 256*a*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*a
rcsin(1/(c*x)) + 40*b^2*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 - 40*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) -
1) + 80*a*b*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 32*b^2*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)*arcs
in(1/(c*x))/x - 17*b^2*c^3 - 32*a*b*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)/x + 80*b^
2*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 80*a*b*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1)/x + 64*a^2/(c*x^4))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2/x^5, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{x^5} dx = \frac{8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^5} dx \right) ab x^4 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^5} dx \right) b^2 x^4 - a^2}{4x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^2/x^5,x)
```

output

```
(8*int(acsc(c*x)/x**5,x)*a*b*x**4 + 4*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**5,x)*b**2*x**4 -
a**2)/(4*x**4)
```

### 3.24 $\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	255
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{4c^3} + \frac{b^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{ib(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^4} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{4c} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3$$

$$- \frac{b^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)})}{c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{ib^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)})}{2c^4}$$

output

```
1/4*b^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/4*b^2*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c^2+1/2*I*
b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/c^4+1/2*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/
c^3+1/4*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/c+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccs
c(c*x))^3-b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^4+1/
2*I*b^3*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^4
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + ab^2c^2x^2 + a^2bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 + a^3c^4x^4 + b^2(3ac^4x^4 + b(2i + 2c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}))\operatorname{ArcCsc}[cx]}{c^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + a*b^2*c^2*x^2 + a^2*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3 + a^3*c^4*x^4 + b^2*(3*a*c^4*x^4 + b*(2*I + 2*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + c^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3))*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + b^3*c^4*x^4*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 + b*ArcCsc[c*x]*(c*x*(b^2*c*x + 3*a^2*c^3*x^3 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(2 + c^2*x^2)) - 4*b^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) - 4*a*b^2*Log[1/(c*x)] + (2*I)*b^3*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])/(4*c^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.071$ , Rules used = {5746, 4910, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4254, 24, 4672, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5746$$

$$= \frac{\int c^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^4}$$

$$\downarrow 4910$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \int c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^4 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^4}$$

↓ 4674

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int c^2 x^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int 1 d \left( c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \right) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{1}{3}c^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int -((a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \tan(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2})) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( -2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \tan(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) - \frac{1}{3}bc^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^4}$$

↓ 4200

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(-cx\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b\left(\frac{i(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{2b} - 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{1-e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(-cx\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b\left(2i \int \frac{e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{1-e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 2620

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(-cx\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b\left(2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 2715

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(-cx\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b\left(2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 2838

$$-\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{2}{3}\left(-cx\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b\left(2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)\right)$$

input

Int [x^3\*(a + b\*ArcCsc [c\*x])^3, x]

output

$$-\left(\left(-\frac{1}{4}(c^4x^4(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])^3) + (3*b*(-\frac{1}{3}(b^2*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) - (b*c^2*x^2*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/3 - (c^3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])^2)/3 + (2*(-(c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])^2) - 2*b*((I/2)*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])^2)/b + (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^((2*I)*\operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])]) + (b*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^((2*I)*\operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x])]))/4)))/3)/4)/c^4\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 2620  $\text{Int}[(((F\_)^{(g\_)*((e\_)+(f\_)*(x\_)))^{(n\_)*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}})/((a\_)+(b\_)*((F\_)^{(g\_)*((e\_)+(f\_)*(x\_)))^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(c+d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])]*\text{Log}[1+b*((F^{g*(e+f*x)})^n/a)], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{ Int}[(c+d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1+b*((F^{g*(e+f*x)})^n/a)], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 2715  $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_)+(b_)*((F_)^{(e_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)))^{(n_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a+b*x]/x, x], x, (F^{e*(c+d*x)})^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 2838  $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]/(x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 4200  $\text{Int}[((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{(m_)*\text{tan}[(e_)+\text{Pi}*(k_)+(f_)*(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I*((c+d*x)^{(m+1)}/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*I \text{ Int}[(c+d*x)^m * E^{(2*I*k*Pi)} * (E^{(2*I*(e+f*x))}/(1+E^{(2*I*k*Pi)} * E^{(2*I*(e+f*x))}))], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4*k] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Exp andIntegrand}[(1+x^2)^{(n/2-1)}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c+d*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

- rule 4672  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp} [(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cot}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{Cot}[e + f*x], x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 4674  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*\text{Cot}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)})/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))], x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 2)}*(b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x]) \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$
- rule 4910  $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(p_.)}*\text{Csc}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Csc}[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*n)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Csc}[a + b*x]^n, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$
- rule 5746  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}*(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m + 1)})^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csc}[x]^{(m + 1)}*\text{Cot}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsc}[c*x]], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 c^4 x^4}{4} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)^3 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3}{4} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx}{2} + \frac{i \arccsc(cx)^2}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx)}{4} + \frac{xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4} \right)$
default	$\frac{a^3 c^4 x^4}{4} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)^3 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3}{4} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx}{2} + \frac{i \arccsc(cx)^2}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx)}{4} + \frac{xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)^3 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 x^3}{4} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx}{2} + \frac{i \arccsc(cx)^2}{2} + \frac{c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx)}{4} + \frac{xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4} \right)}{4}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{c^4} \left( \frac{1}{4} a^3 c^4 x^4 + b^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^3 c^4 x^4 + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2 \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} c^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2 \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} c x + \frac{1}{2} I \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2 + \frac{1}{4} c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) + \frac{1}{4} x c \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{4} I - \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) \ln(1 + I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}) - \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) \ln(1 - I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}) + I \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}) + I \operatorname{polylog}(2, I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}) \right) + 3 a b^2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2 c^4 x^4 + \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} c^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{12} c^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) c x \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{3} \ln(1/c/x) \right) + 3 a^2 b \left( \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) + \frac{1}{12} (c^2 x^2 - 1) (c^2 x^2 + 2) / \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2/x^2} \right)^{1/2} / c/x \right)$$

### Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x^3*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^3*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + a^3*x^3, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/4*a*b^2*x^4*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 1/4*a^3*x^4 + 1/4*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*a^2*b + 1/16*(4*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 - 3*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 - 16*integrate(3/16*(16*c^2*x^5*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c)^2 - 16*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c)^2 + 16*(c^2*x^5*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)^2 - (4*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 - x^3*log(c^2*x^2)^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 4*((4*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) + c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*x^5 - (4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*x^3 + 4*(c^2*x^5*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2) + 32*(c^2*x^5*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) - x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c))*log(x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x))*b^3 + 1/4*(2*c^4*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 2*c^2*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (c^2*x^2 + 2*log(x^2))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*a*b^2/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*c^4)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage20OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^3 dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3 x^3 dx \right) b^3 + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 x^3 dx \right) a b^2 + \frac{a^3 x^4}{4}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^3,x)
```

output

```
(12*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*a**2*b + 4*int(acsc(c*x)**3*x**3,x)*b**3 + 12*in
t(acsc(c*x)**2*x**3,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x**4)/4
```



### 3.25 $\int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	256
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	257
Rubi [A] (verified)	258
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Giac [F(-2)]	264
Mupad [F(-1)]	265
Reduce [F]	265

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 220

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = & \frac{b^2 x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{c^2} + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c} \\
 & + \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 \\
 & + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & - \frac{ib^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{ib^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

b^2*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c^2+1/2*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)
)^2/c+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3+b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2*arctanh(I/c/x+(1-1
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+b^3*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3-I*b^2*(a+b*arccs
c(c*x))*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+I*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*
polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3+b^3*polylog(3,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2
)^(1/2))/c^3-b^3*polylog(3,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 580 vs.  $2(220) = 440$ .

Time = 7.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx \\
 &= \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{a^2 b x^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2}}}{2c} + a^2 b x^3 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{a^2 b \log \left( x \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{2c^3} \\
 &+ \frac{ab^2 \left( -8i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) + 2c^3 x^3 \left( 2 + 4 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 - 2 \cos \left( 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) - \frac{3 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log \left( 1 - e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{cx} \right) \right)}{2c^3} \\
 &+ \frac{b^3 \left( 24 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \cot \left( \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) + 4 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^3 \cot \left( \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) + 6 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 \operatorname{csc}^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) + \dots \right)}{2c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(a^3*x^3)/3 + (a^2*b*x^2*sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)]/(2*c) + a^2*b*x^3
*ArcCsc[c*x] + (a^2*b*Log[x*(1 + sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])]/(2*c^3)
+ (a*b^2*((-8*I)*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 2*c^3*x^3*(2 + 4*ArcCsc
[c*x]^2 - 2*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]] - (3*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])
)/(c*x) + (3*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])/(c*x) + ((4*I)*PolyLo
g[2, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])/(c^3*x^3) + 2*ArcCsc[c*x]*Sin[2*ArcCsc[c*x]] + Ar
cCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]*Sin[3*ArcCsc[c*x]] - ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[
1 + E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]*Sin[3*ArcCsc[c*x]])))/(8*c^3) + (b^3*(24*ArcCsc[c*x]
]*Cot[ArcCsc[c*x]/2] + 4*ArcCsc[c*x]^3*Cot[ArcCsc[c*x]/2] + 6*ArcCsc[c*x]^
2*Csc[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]^2 + (ArcCsc[c*x]^3*Csc[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]^4)/(c*x) - 24*Ar
cCsc[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 24*ArcCsc[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(I*Ar
cCsc[c*x])] - 48*Log[Tan[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]] - (48*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*PolyLog[2, -
E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + (48*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 48
*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - 48*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - 6*Arc
Csc[c*x]^2*Sec[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]^2 + 16*c^3*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x]^3*Sin[ArcCsc[c*x]
/2]^4 + 24*ArcCsc[c*x]*Tan[ArcCsc[c*x]/2] + 4*ArcCsc[c*x]^3*Tan[ArcCsc[c*x]
/2]))/(48*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5746, 4910, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4257, 4671, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 5746 \\
 \frac{\int c^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^3} \\
 \downarrow 4910 \\
 \frac{b \int c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^3} \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^3}$$

↓ 4674

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) + b^2 \int cx d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - bcx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) + b^2 \int \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - bcx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 4671

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) + 2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2b \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2b \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - b \int e^{-i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{c^3}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2b \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{c^3}$$

input `Int [x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc [c*x])^3, x]`

output

```

-((-1/3*(c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3) + b*(-(b*c*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))
- (c^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2)/2 - b^2*ArcTanh[Sq
rt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]) + (-2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])
] + 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - b*PolyLog[
3, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]) - 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcCs
c[c*x])]) - b*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]))/2)/c^3

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]

```

rule 3011

```

Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 3042

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

rule 4257

```

Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

```

rule 4671

```

Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-
2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c +
d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x
)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IG
tQ[m, 0]

```

rule 4674

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
+ (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
+ Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]
+ Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 4910

```
Int[Cot[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_)*Csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Csc[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csc[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 5746

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
&& IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^3 x^3 a^3}{3} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx) \left( 2c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx)^2 + 3 \arccsc(cx) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} + 6} \right) cx}{6} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{2} - i \arccsc(cx) \right)$
default	$\frac{c^3 x^3 a^3}{3} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx) \left( 2c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx)^2 + 3 \arccsc(cx) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} + 6} \right) cx}{6} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{2} - i \arccsc(cx) \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx) \left( 2c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx)^2 + 3 \arccsc(cx) cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} + 6} \right) cx}{6} + \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{2} - i \arccsc(cx) \right)$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/c^3 * (1/3 * c^3 * x^3 * a^3 + b^3 * (1/6 * \arccsc(c*x) * (2 * c^2 * x^2 * \arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3 * \arccsc(c*x) * c*x * ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} + 6) * c*x + 1/2 * \arccsc(c*x)^2 * \ln(1 + I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) - I * \arccsc(c*x) * \text{polylog}(2, -I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) + \text{polylog}(3, -I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) - 1/2 * \arccsc(c*x)^2 * \ln(1 - I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) + I * \arccsc(c*x) * \text{polylog}(2, I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) - \text{polylog}(3, I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) + 2 * \text{arctanh}(I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})) + 3 * a * b^2 * (1/3 * (c^2 * x^2 * \arccsc(c*x)^2 + \arccsc(c*x) * c*x * ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} + 1) * c*x + 1/3 * \arccsc(c*x) * \ln(1 + I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) - 1/3 * I * \text{polylog}(2, -I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) - 1/3 * \arccsc(c*x) * \ln(1 - I/c/x - (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) + 1/3 * I * \text{polylog}(2, I/c/x + (1 - 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})) + 3 * a^2 * b * (1/3 * c^3 * x^3 * \arccsc(c*x) + 1/6 * (c^2 * x^2 - 1)^{(1/2)} * (c*x * (c^2 * x^2 - 1)^{(1/2)} + \ln(c*x + (c^2 * x^2 - 1)^{(1/2)}))) / ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} / c/x) \end{aligned}$$

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \arccsc(cx) + a)^3 x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral(b^3*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a^3*x^2, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**3, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

1/3*b^3*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 - 1/4*b^3*x^3*arctan
2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 - 1/2*a*b^2*c^2*(2*(c^2*x
^3 + 3*x)/c^4 - 3*log(c*x + 1)/c^5 + 3*log(c*x - 1)/c^5)*log(c)^2 - 12*b^3
*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^2 -
1), x)*log(c)^2 + 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sq
r(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 24*b^3*c^2*integrate(
1/4*x^4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*l
og(c) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(
c) - 24*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) + 1/3*
a^3*x^3 + 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x -
1)))*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*
arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 12*a*
b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))^2/(c^2*x
^2 - 1), x) + 4*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 3*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*log
(c^2*x^2)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*log(c^2*x^2
)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^4*log(x)^2/(c^2*
x^2 - 1), x) + 3/2*a*b^2*(2*x/c^2 - log(c*x + 1)/c^3 + log(c*x - 1)/c^3)*l
og(c)^2 + 12*b^3*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))
/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c)^2 - 12*b^3*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c...

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3 x^2 dx \right) b^3 + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 x^2 dx \right) a b^2 + \frac{a^3 x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^3,x)`output `(9*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*a**2*b + 3*int(acsc(c*x)**3*x**2,x)*b**3 + 9*int(acsc(c*x)**2*x**2,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x**3)/3`

### 3.26 $\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \frac{3ib(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c^2} + \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3$$

$$- \frac{3b^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3ib^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
3/2*I*b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/c^2+3/2*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/c+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3-3*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^2+3/2*I*b^3*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/c^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2 \left( ac^2 x^2 + b \left( i + c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \right) \right) \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + b^3 c^2 x^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)^3 + 3b \csc^{-1}(cx) \left( acx \left( 2b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} + c \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(3*b^2*(a*c^2*x^2 + b*(I + c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + b^3*c^2*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 + 3*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*(a*c*x*(2*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x) - 2*b^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + a*(a*c*x*(3*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + a*c*x) - 6*b^2*Log[1/(c*x)]) + (3*I)*b^3*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])/(2*c^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.917$ , Rules used = {5746, 4910, 3042, 4672, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5746$$

$$\frac{\int c^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c^2}$$

$$\downarrow 4910$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} b \int c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int -((a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \tan(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2})) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( -2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \tan(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2}$$

↓ 4200

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \left( \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2b} - 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \left( 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \left( 2i \left( \frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b \left( 2i \left( \frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{3}{2}b\left(-cx\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 - 2b\left(2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(1 - e^{2i\csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))\right)\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]`

output `-((-1/2*(c^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3) + (3*b*(-(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2) - 2*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2)/b + (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + (b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])/4))))/2)/c^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} \tan[(e_.) + \text{Pi}(k_.) + (f_.)(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[I*((c + d*x)^{(m + 1)})/(d*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[2*I \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * E^{(2*I*k*Pi)} * (E^{(2*I*(e + f*x)})/(1 + E^{(2*I*k*Pi)} * E^{(2*I*(e + f*x)}))], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4*k] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 4672  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^2 * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m * (\text{Cot}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{Cot}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 4910  $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(p_.)} * \text{Csc}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m * (\text{Csc}[a + b*x]^n / (b*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*n)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)} * \text{Csc}[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5746  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * (x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m + 1)})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n * \text{Csc}[x]^{(m + 1)} * \text{Cot}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsc}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 302 vs. 2(142) = 284.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^2 x^2 a^3}{2} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \left( c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx) + 3xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - 3i \right)}{2} - 3 \arccsc(cx) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - 3 \arccsc(cx) \ln \left( 1 - \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)$
default	$\frac{c^2 x^2 a^3}{2} + b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \left( c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx) + 3xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - 3i \right)}{2} - 3 \arccsc(cx) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - 3 \arccsc(cx) \ln \left( 1 - \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3 \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)^2 \left( c^2 x^2 \arccsc(cx) + 3xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - 3i \right)}{2} - 3 \arccsc(cx) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - 3 \arccsc(cx) \ln \left( 1 - \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{c^2}$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*a^3+b^3*(1/2*arccsc(c*x)^2*(c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)+3*x*c*(c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-3*I)-3*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-3*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3*I*arccsc(c*x)^2+3*I*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3*I*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3*a*b^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2+arccsc(c*x)*c*x*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-ln(1/c/x))+3*a^2*b*(1/2*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)+1/2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x*(c^2*x^2-1))`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*arccsc(c*x) + a^3*x, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**3, x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/2*a*b^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^3*x^2 + 3/2*(x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*a^2*b + 3*(x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsc(c*x)/c + log(x)/c^2)*a*b^2 + 1/8*(4*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 - 3*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 - 8*integrate(3/8*(8*c^2*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c)^2 - 8*x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c)^2 + 8*(c^2*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)^2 - (4*x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 - x*log(c^2*x^2)^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 4*((2*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) + c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*x^3 - (2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*x + 2*(c^2*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2) + 16*(c^2*x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) - x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c))*log(x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x))*b^3`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int x \left( a + b \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3 x dx \right) b^3 + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 x dx \right) a b^2 + \frac{a^3 x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^3,x)`output `(6*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*a**2*b + 2*int(acsc(c*x)**3*x,x)*b**3 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)**2*x,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x**2)/2`

### 3.27 $\int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 + \frac{6b(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c} - \frac{6ib^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c} + \frac{6ib^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c} + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3+6*b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2*arctanh(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c-6*I*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c+6*I*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c+6*b^3*polylog(3,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c-6*b^3*polylog(3,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^3 cx + 3a^2 b cx \csc^{-1}(cx) + 3ab^2 cx \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + b^3 cx \csc^{-1}(cx)^3 - 6ab^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) - 3ab^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 + e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(a^3*c*x + 3*a^2*b*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + 3*a*b^2*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + b^3*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 - 6*a*b^2*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - 3*b^3*ArcCsc[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 6*a*b^2*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 3*b^3*ArcCsc[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 3*a^2*b*Log[c*(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x] - (6*I)*b^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + (6*I)*b^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 6*b^3*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - 6*b^3*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])])/c
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$ , Rules used = {5740, 4910, 3042, 4671, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5740$$

$$\frac{\int c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx)}{c}$$

$$\downarrow 4910$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3b \int cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \csc(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4671} \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3b \left( -2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log(1 - e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}) d \csc^{-1}(cx) + 2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3b \left( 2b \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3b \left( 2b \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - b \int e^{-i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
& \frac{-cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 + 3b \left( -2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + 2b \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) (a + \right) \right)}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]`

output

```

-((-c*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3) + 3*b*(-2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^
(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]
)]) - b*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]) - 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLo
g[2, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])] - b*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])]))/c

```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.))]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4671 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4910 `Int[Cot[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csc[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Csc[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)), x] + Simp[d*(m/(b*n)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csc[a + b*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5740 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-c^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{cx a^3 + b^3 \left( \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 cx + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - 6i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 6 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{e^p}$
default	$\frac{cx a^3 + b^3 \left( \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 cx + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - 6i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 6 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{e^p}$
parts	$a^3 x + \frac{b^3 \left( \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 cx + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - 6i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 6 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{e^p}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c*(c*x*a^3+b^3*(arccsc(c*x))^3*c*x+3*arccsc(c*x)^2*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-6*I*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+6*polylog(3,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-3*arccsc(c*x)^2*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+6*I*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-6*polylog(3,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3*a*b^2*(arccsc(c*x)^2*c*x-2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-2*I*dilog(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*dilog(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))+3*a^2*b*(arccsc(c*x)*c*x+ln(c*x+c*x*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral(b^3*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^3, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**3, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
-3/2*a*b^2*c^2*(2*x/c^2 - log(c*x + 1)/c^3 + log(c*x - 1)/c^3)*log(c)^2 -
12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*
x^2 - 1), x)*log(c)^2 + b^3*x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 -
3/4*b^3*x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 12*b^3*
c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)
/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 24*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*
x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*inte
grate(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) - 24*a*b^2*c^2*integra
te(1/4*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c) + 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*
arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1),
x) - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))
*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqr
t(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*
x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)
- 3*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 12*a*b
^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 12*a*b^2*
c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 3/2*a*b^2*(log(c*x + 1)
/c - log(c*x - 1)/c)*log(c)^2 + 12*b^3*integrate(1/4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c)^2 - 12*b^3*integrate(1/4*arcta
n(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)*log(c...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3 dx \right) b^3 \\ + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 dx \right) a b^2 + a^3 x$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^3,x)`output `3*int(acsc(c*x),x)*a**2*b + int(acsc(c*x)**3,x)*b**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2 + a**3*x`

### 3.28 $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} - (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + \frac{3}{2}ib(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) - \frac{3}{2}b^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) - \frac{3}{4}ib^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*I*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^4/b-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+3/2*I*b*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-3/2*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*polylog(3,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)-3/4*I*b^3*polylog(4,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx &= a^3 \log(cx) \\
&+ \frac{3}{2} ia^2 b \left( \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \left( \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + 2i \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} iab^2 \left( \pi^3 - 8 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^3 \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 24i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 \log \left( 1 - e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - 24 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 12i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{64} ib^3 \left( \pi^4 \right. \\
&\quad \left. - 16 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^4 + 64i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^3 \log \left( 1 - e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - 96 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 96i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 48 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, e^{-2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x,x]
```

output

```
a^3*Log[c*x] + ((3*I)/2)*a^2*b*(ArcCsc[c*x]*(ArcCsc[c*x] + (2*I)*Log[1 - E
^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + (I/8)*a*b^2*
(Pi^3 - 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 + (24*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]^2*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*
x]]) - 24*ArcCsc[c*x]*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + (12*I)*PolyLog[
3, E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + (I/64)*b^3*(Pi^4 - 16*ArcCsc[c*x]^4 + (64*I)
*ArcCsc[c*x]^3*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) - 96*ArcCsc[c*x]^2*PolyLog[
2, E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + (96*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcCs
c[c*x]]) + 48*PolyLog[4, E^((-2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5746, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5746} \\
 & - \int c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int -(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 \tan\left(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \tan\left(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4200} \\
 & \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} - 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2} ib \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4 \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b}$$

↓ 7163

$$2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}ib \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4 \right) \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b}$$

↓ 2720

$$2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib\left(\frac{1}{4}b \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4 \right) \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b}$$

↓ 7143

$$2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - ib\left(\frac{1}{4}b \int (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4 \right) \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^4}{4b}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x,x]`

output `((I/4)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^4)/b + (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - ((3*I)/2)*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - I*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + (b*PolyLog[4, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]])/4))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 2620  $\text{Int}[(((\text{F}_)^((\text{g}_)*((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.)(\text{x}_))))^(\text{n}_.)*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)})/((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*((\text{F}_)^((\text{g}_)*((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.)(\text{x}_))))^(\text{n}_.)), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}/(\text{b}*\text{f}*\text{g}*\text{n}*\text{Log}[\text{F}]))*\text{Log}[1 + \text{b}*((\text{F}^{\text{g}}(\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x}))^{\text{n}}/\text{a})], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{m}/(\text{b}*\text{f}*\text{g}*\text{n}*\text{Log}[\text{F}])) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{(\text{m} - 1)}*\text{Log}[1 + \text{b}*((\text{F}^{\text{g}}(\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x}))^{\text{n}}/\text{a})], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{\text{F}, \text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{m}, 0]$
- rule 2720  $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{v} = \text{FunctionOfExponential}[\text{u}, \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{v}/\text{D}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{FunctionOfExponentialFunction}[\text{u}, \text{x}]/\text{x}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{u}, (\text{w}_)*((\text{a}_.)*(\text{v}_.)^{(\text{n}_.)})^{(\text{m}_.)} /; \text{FreeQ}\{\text{a}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}*\text{n}] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{u}, \text{E}^{((\text{c}_.)*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*\text{x}))}*(\text{F}_)[\text{v}_] /; \text{FreeQ}\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{InverseFunctionQ}[\text{F}[\text{x}]]]$
- rule 3011  $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + (\text{e}_.)*((\text{F}_)^((\text{c}_.)*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_))))^(\text{n}_.)]*((\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{f} + \text{g}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*(\text{PolyLog}[2, (-\text{e})*(\text{F}^{\text{c}}(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}))^{\text{n}}]/(\text{b}*\text{c}*\text{n}*\text{Log}[\text{F}]))], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{g}*(\text{m}/(\text{b}*\text{c}*\text{n}*\text{Log}[\text{F}])) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{f} + \text{g}*\text{x})^{(\text{m} - 1)}*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-\text{e})*(\text{F}^{\text{c}}(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}))^{\text{n}}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{\text{F}, \text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4200  $\text{Int}[((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)}*\text{tan}[(\text{e}_.) + \text{Pi}*(\text{k}_.) + (\text{f}_.)(\text{x}_)], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{I}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)}/(\text{d}*(\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[2*\text{I} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{m}}*\text{E}^{(2*\text{I}*k*\text{Pi})}*(\text{E}^{(2*\text{I}*(\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x}))}/(1 + \text{E}^{(2*\text{I}*k*\text{Pi})}*\text{E}^{(2*\text{I}*(\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x}))}))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{\text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[4*k] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{m}, 0]$
- rule 5746  $\text{Int}[((\text{a}_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(\text{c}_.)(\text{x}_)]*(\text{b}_.))^{(\text{n}_.)}*(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_.)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(\text{c}^{(\text{m} + 1)})^{(-1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{\text{n}}*\text{Csc}[\text{x}]^{(\text{m} + 1)}*\text{Cot}[\text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{ArcCsc}[\text{c}*\text{x}]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \|\ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1])$

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

rule 7163

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x]
&& GtQ[m, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 607 vs.  $2(169) = 338$ .

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 608, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

method	result
parts	$a^3 \ln(x) + b^3 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^4}{4} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 3i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \operatorname{poly}\right)$
derivativedivides	$a^3 \ln(cx) + b^3 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^4}{4} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 3i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \operatorname{poly}\right)$
default	$a^3 \ln(cx) + b^3 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^4}{4} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + 3i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 \operatorname{poly}\right)$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
a^3*ln(x)+b^3*(1/4*I*arccsc(c*x)^4-arccsc(c*x)^3*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3*I*arccsc(c*x)^2*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-6*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(3,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-6*I*polylog(4,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arccsc(c*x)^3*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3*I*arccsc(c*x)^2*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-6*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(3,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-6*I*polylog(4,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))+3*a*b^2*(1/3*I*arccsc(c*x)^3-arccsc(c*x)^2*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-2*polylog(3,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arccsc(c*x)^2*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*arccsc(c*x)*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-2*polylog(3,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))+3*a^2*b*(1/2*I*arccsc(c*x)^2-arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^3*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^3)/x, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**3/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**3/x, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-3/2*a*b^2*c^2*(log(c*x + 1)/c^2 + log(c*x - 1)/c^2)*log(c)^2 - 12*b^3*c^2
*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^3 - x),
x)*log(c)^2 + 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*
x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) - 24*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*
x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c
) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) -
24*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) + b^3*arct
an2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3*log(x) - 3/4*b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2*log(x) + 24*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*
arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x),
x) - 12*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))
*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqr
t(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))^2/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) - 3*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4
*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)^2/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log
(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) - 12*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*log(x)
^2/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*integrate(1/4*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + 3/2*a*b^2*(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x
- 1) - 2*log(x))*log(c)^2 + 12*b^3*integrate(1/4*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*s
qrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c)^2 - 12*b^3*integrate(1/4*arctan(1/
(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x)*log(c) + ...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x} dx = 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 \\ + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 + \log(x) a^3$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^3/x,x)
```

output

```
3*int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*a**2*b + int(acsc(c*x)**3/x,x)*b**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)
**2/x,x)*a*b**2 + log(x)*a**3
```

**3.29**  $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	291
Mathematica [A] (verified)	291
Rubi [A] (verified)	292
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Reduce [F]	297

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = 6b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{6b^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} - 3bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x}$$

output `6*b^3*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+6*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x-3*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^3 - 6ab^2 + 3a^2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x - 6b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 3b(a^2 - 2b^2 + 2abc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x) \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + 3b^2}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((a^3 - 6*a*b^2 + 3*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - 6*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/
(c^2*x^2)]*x + 3*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2 + 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCsc[
c*x] + 3*b^2*(a + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + b^3*ArcCsc[
c*x]^3)/x)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {5746, 3042, 3777, 25, 3042, 3777, 3042, 3777, 25, 3042, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5746} \\
& -c \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -c \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 \sin\left(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& -c \left( 3b \int -\frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \left( 2b \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \left( 2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \left( 2b \left( b \int -\frac{1}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \left( 2b \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int \frac{1}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \left( 2b \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$-c \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} - 3b \left( 2b \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} + b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(c*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/(c*x) - 3*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2) + 2*b*(b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*x))))`



output

```
-a^3/x+b^3*c*(-arccsc(c*x)^3/c/x-3*arccsc(c*x)^2*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+6*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+6/c/x*arccsc(c*x))+3*a^2*b*c*(-1/c/x*arccsc(c*x)-1/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/x^2*(c^2*x^2-1))+3*a*b^2*c*(-arccsc(c*x)^2/c/x+2/c/x-2*arccsc(c*x))*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 + 3ab^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + a^3 - 6ab^2 + 3(a^2b - 2b^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + 3(b^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + 2ab^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(b^3*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + a^3 - 6*a*b^2 + 3*(a^2*b - 2*b^3)*arccsc(c*x) + 3*(b^3*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x) + a^2*b - 2*b^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**2, x)
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{b^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{x} - 3 \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) a^2 b \\ & \quad - 6 \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{1}{x} \right) ab^2 \\ & \quad - 3 \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - 2c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) b^3 \\ & \quad - \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{x} - \frac{a^3}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b^3*arccsc(c*x)^3/x - 3*(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*a^2*b  
- 6*(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arccsc(c*x) - 1/x)*a*b^2 - 3*(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2  
*x^2) + 1)*arccsc(c*x)^2 - 2*c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 2*arccsc(c*x)/x)*b  
^3 - 3*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2/x - a^3/x`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \\ & \quad - \left( 3b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 + 6ab^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + \frac{b^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^3}{cx} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(3*b^3*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 6*a*b^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + b^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3/(c*x) + 3*a^2*b*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 6*b^3*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/(c*x) + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c*x) - 6*b^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c*x) + a^3/(c*x) - 6*a*b^2/(c*x))*c

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx &= \frac{b^3 \left( 6 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^3 \right)}{x} - \frac{a^3}{x} \\
&\quad - 3a^2bc \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{cx} \right) \\
&\quad - b^3c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \left( 3 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 - 6 \right) \\
&\quad - 3ab^2c \left( 2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 - 2}{cx} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^2,x)
```

output

```

(b^3*(6*asin(1/(c*x)) - asin(1/(c*x))^3))/x - a^3/x - 3*a^2*b*c*((1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2) + asin(1/(c*x))/(c*x)) - b^3*c*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)*(3*a*asin(1/(c*x))^2 - 6) - 3*a*b^2*c*(2*asin(1/(c*x))*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2) + (asin(1/(c*x))^2 - 2)/(c*x))

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx \\
&= \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) a^2bx + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3}{x^2} dx \right) b^3x + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^2} dx \right) ab^2x - a^3}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

output `(3*int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*a**2*b*x + int(acsc(c*x)**3/x**2,x)*b**3*x + 3*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**2,x)*a*b**2*x - a**3)/x`

### 3.30 $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	299
Mathematica [A] (verified)	300
Rubi [A] (verified)	300
Maple [A] (verified)	303
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	304
Sympy [F]	304
Maxima [F]	304
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	305
Mupad [F(-1)]	306
Reduce [F]	306

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{3b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{8x} - \frac{3}{8}b^3c^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{3b^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{4x^2} - \frac{3bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}c^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{2x^2}$$

output

```
3/8*b^3*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-3/8*b^3*c^2*arccsc(c*x)+3/4*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c(x)))/x^2-3/4*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x+1/4*c^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4a^3 + 6ab^2 - 6a^2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + 3b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + 6b\left(-2a^2 + b^2 - 2abc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right) \csc^{-1}(cx) - 6b}{8}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^3,x]`

output `(-4*a^3 + 6*a*b^2 - 6*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 3*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 6*b*(-2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)*ArcCsc[c*x] - 6*b^2*(b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + a*(2 - c^2*x^2))*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + 2*b^3*(-2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 - 3*b*(-2*a^2 + b^2)*c^2*x^2*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(8*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5746, 4904, 3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5746$$

$$-c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 4904$$

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 17

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 1 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2cx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 24

$$-c^2 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{6b} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^3,x]`

output

$$-(c^2*((a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])^3/(2*c^2*x^2) - (3*b*(-1/2*(b^2*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*x) + \text{ArcCsc}[c*x]/2)) + (b*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/(2*c^2*x^2) - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])^2)/(2*c*x) + (a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])^3/(6*b)))/2))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17

$$\text{Int}[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{(m + 1)})/(b*(m + 1)), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 24

$$\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3115

$$\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)}/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3792

$$\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(m_.)}*((b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*((b*\sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)})/(f*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 2)}*(b*\sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$$

rule 4904

$$\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*\sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m*(\sin[a + b*x]^{(n + 1)})/(b*(n + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\sin[a + b*x]^{(n + 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 5746

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcC
sc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n
, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a^3}{2c^2x^2} + b^3 \left( \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{8} + \frac{3 \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{16} - \frac{3 \cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{16} \right) \right)$
default	$c^2 \left( -\frac{a^3}{2c^2x^2} + b^3 \left( \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{8} + \frac{3 \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{16} - \frac{3 \cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{16} \right) \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a^3}{2x^2} + b^3 c^2 \left( \frac{\cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{8} + \frac{3 \sin(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{16} - \frac{3 \cos(2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{16} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^2*(-1/2*a^3/c^2/x^2+b^3*(1/4*cos(2*arccsc(c*x))*arccsc(c*x)^3-3/8*sin(2*
arccsc(c*x))*arccsc(c*x)^2+3/16*sin(2*arccsc(c*x))-3/8*cos(2*arccsc(c*x))*
arccsc(c*x))+3*a*b^2*(1/4*cos(2*arccsc(c*x))*arccsc(c*x)^2-1/8*cos(2*arccs
c(c*x))-1/4*sin(2*arccsc(c*x))*arccsc(c*x))+3*a^2*b*(-1/2/c^2/x^2*arccsc(c
*x)-1/4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(-arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*c^2*x^2+(c^2*x^2-1
)^(1/2)))/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3/c^3)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b^3 c^2 x^2 - 2b^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 - 4a^3 + 6ab^2 + 6(ab^2 c^2 x^2 - 2ab^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 + 3((2a^2 b - b^3)c^2 x^2 - 4a^2 b - b^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 3(2a^2 b - b^3) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{8x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*(2*(b^3*c^2*x^2 - 2*b^3)*arccsc(c*x)^3 - 4*a^3 + 6*a*b^2 + 6*(a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b^2)*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*((2*a^2*b - b^3)*c^2*x^2 - 4*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*arccsc(c*x) - 3*(2*b^3*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 4*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x) + 2*a^2*b - b^3)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^2`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**3,x)`output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**3, x)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

3/4*a^2*b*((c^4*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 1) -
c^3*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/c - 2*arccsc(c*x)/x^2) - 1/2*a^3/
x^2 - 1/8*(4*b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 - 3*b^3*arctan2
(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 12*(a*b^2*c^2*(log(c*x +
1) + log(c*x - 1) - 2*log(x))*log(c)^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*arc
tan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c)^2 - 16*b^3
*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2
)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) + 32*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) - 16*a*b^2*c^2
*integrate(1/8*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) + 32*a*b^2*c^2*
integrate(1/8*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x)*log(c) - 16*b^3*c^2*integrate
(1/8*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*
x^5 - x^3), x) + 16*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt
(c*x - 1)))*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - 16*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*
arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))^2/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) + 8*b^3*c^2*
integrate(1/8*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^
2*x^5 - x^3), x) + 4*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)^2/(c^2*x^5 -
x^3), x) - 16*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^5 -
x^3), x) + 16*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/8*x^2*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - (
c^2*log(c*x + 1) + c^2*log(c*x - 1) - 2*c^2*log(x) + 1/x^2)*a*b^2*log(c...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 302 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \left( 4b^3c \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^3 + 12ab^2c \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 2b^3c \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^3 + 12a^2 \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/8*(4*b^3*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3 + 12*a*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2)
) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 2*b^3*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3 + 12*a^2*b*c*(1/(c^2*x
^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 6*b^3*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 6*
a*b^2*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 4*a^3*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 6*a*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x
^2) - 1) + 6*a^2*b*c*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 3*b^3*c*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 6*b^3*sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x - 3*a*b^2*c + 12*a*b^2*sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 6*a^2*b*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x - 3*b^3*
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x)*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) a^2 b x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3}{x^3} dx \right) b^3 x^2 + 6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^3} dx \right) a b^2 x^2 - a^3}{2x^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^3/x^3,x)
```

output

```
(6*int(acsc(c*x)/x**3,x)*a**2*b*x**2 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)**3/x**3,x)*b**3*x**
2 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**3,x)*a*b**2*x**2 - a**3)/(2*x**2)
```

### 3.31 $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	307
Mathematica [A] (verified)	308
Rubi [A] (verified)	308
Maple [B] (verified)	312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	312
Sympy [F]	313
Maxima [F]	313
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	314
Mupad [F(-1)]	315
Reduce [F]	315

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{14}{9}b^3c^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2}{27}b^3c^3\left(1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{2b^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{9x^3} + \frac{4b^2c^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3x} - \frac{2}{3}bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 - \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{3x^2} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{3x^3}$$

output

```
14/9*b^3*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-2/27*b^3*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)+2/9*b^2*
(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3+4/3*b^2*c^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x-2/3*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2-1/3*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)
)^2/x^2-1/3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{-9a^3 - 9a^2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 + 2c^2x^2) + 6ab^2(1 + 6c^2x^2) + 2b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1 + 20c^2x^2) + 3b(-9a^2 - 6a^2c^2x^2)}{27x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-9*a^3 - 9*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 6*a*b^2*(1 + 6*c^2*x^2) + 2*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + 20*c^2*x^2) + 3*b*(-9*a^2 - 6*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 2*b^2*(1 + 6*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsc[c*x] - 9*b^2*(3*a + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 9*b^3*ArcCsc[c*x]^3)/(27*x^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.929$ , Rules used = {5746, 4904, 3042, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 3042, 3777, 25, 3042, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5746$$

$$-c^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 4904$$

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^3x^3} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{2}{9} b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^3x^3} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3x^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{2}{9} b^2 \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^3 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3113

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2}{9} b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2}{9} b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \sin\left(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \left( b \int -\frac{1}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int \frac{1}{cx} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} - b \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{3c^3x^3} - b \left( \frac{2b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{9c^3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{cx} + \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^4,x]`

output `-(c^3*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/(3*c^3*x^3) - b*((2*b^2*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - (1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(3/2)/3))/9 + (2*b*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(9*c^3*x^3) - (Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2)/(3*c^2*x^2) + (2*(-(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2) + 2*b*(b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*x))))/3)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; } \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Exp}[\text{and}[(1 - x^2)^{(n-1)/2}], x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ ; } \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n - 1/2, 0]$

rule 3118  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Cos}[c + d*x]/d, x] \text{ ; } \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3777  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)} \sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c + d*x)^m * (\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1} * \text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] \text{ ; } \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3792  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)} * ((b_.) \sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{m-1} * ((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n / (f^2*n^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m * \text{Cos}[e + f*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{n-1} / (f*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{n-2}], x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^2 * m * ((m-1)/(f^2*n^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-2} * (b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) \text{ ; } \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 4904  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)] * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)} \text{Sin}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m * (\text{Sin}[a + b*x]^{n+1} / (b*(n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*(n+1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m-1} * \text{Sin}[a + b*x]^{n+1}, x], x] \text{ ; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5746  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_.)(x_)] * (b_.)]^{(n_.)} * (x_)]^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{m+1})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n * \text{Csc}[x]^{m+1} * \text{Cot}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsc}[c*x]], x] \text{ ; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs.  $2(148) = 296$ .

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{3c^3x^3} + b^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2(2c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{3} + \frac{4\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3cx} + \frac{2\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{9c^3x^3} \right) \right)$
default	$c^3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{3c^3x^3} + b^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2(2c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{3} + \frac{4\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3cx} + \frac{2\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{9c^3x^3} \right) \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} + b^3c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2(2c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{3c^2x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{3} + \frac{4\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3cx} + \frac{2\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{9c^3x^3} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & c^3 * (-1/3 * a^3 / c^3 / x^3 + b^3 * (-1/3 / c^3 / x^3 * \operatorname{arccsc}(c*x)^3 - 1/3 * \operatorname{arccsc}(c*x)^2 * (2 \\ & * c^2 * x^2 + 1) / c^2 / x^2 * ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} + 4/3 * ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & + 4/3 / c / x * \operatorname{arccsc}(c*x) + 2/9 / c^3 / x^3 * \operatorname{arccsc}(c*x) + 2/27 * (2 * c^2 * x^2 + 1) / c^2 / x \\ & ^2 * ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)}) + 3 * a * b^2 * (-1/3 / c^3 / x^3 * \operatorname{arccsc}(c*x)^2 - 2/9 * \operatorname{ar} \\ & \operatorname{ccsc}(c*x) * (2 * c^2 * x^2 + 1) / c^2 / x^2 * ((c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} + 2/27 / c^3 / x^3 + 4 \\ & / 9 / c / x) + 3 * a^2 * b * (-1/3 / c^3 / x^3 * \operatorname{arccsc}(c*x) - 1/9 * (c^2 * x^2 - 1) * (2 * c^2 * x^2 + 1) / (( \\ & c^2 * x^2 - 1) / c^2 / x^2)^{(1/2)} / c^4 / x^4) \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{36ab^2c^2x^2 - 9b^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^3 - 27ab^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - 9a^3 + 6ab^2 + 3(12b^3c^2x^2 - 9a^2b + 2b^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/27*(36*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 9*b^3*arccsc(c*x)^3 - 27*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 - 9*
a^3 + 6*a*b^2 + 3*(12*b^3*c^2*x^2 - 9*a^2*b + 2*b^3)*arccsc(c*x) - (2*(9*a
^2*b - 20*b^3)*c^2*x^2 + 9*a^2*b - 2*b^3 + 9*(2*b^3*c^2*x^2 + b^3)*arccsc(
c*x)^2 + 18*(2*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 + a*b^2)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^3
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**4, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/3*a^2*b*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c
- 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) - a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2/x^3 + 1/12*(12*x^3*integrate(-
1/4*(12*c^2*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c)^2 - 12*arct
an2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c)^2 + 12*(c^2*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(x)
^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*(4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)
)^2 - log(c^2*x^2)^2) - 4*((3*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*
log(c) - c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*x^2 - 3*arctan2(1, s
qrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) + 3*(c^2*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*s
qrt(c*x - 1)) - arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(x) + arctan2(
1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2) + 24*(c^2*x^2*arctan2(1, sqr
t(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c) - arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)
)*log(c))*log(x))/(c^2*x^6 - x^4), x) - 4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1))^3 + 3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2)*b^3/x
^3 - 1/3*a^3/x^3 - 2/9*(6*c^5*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))
- 3*c^3*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - (6*c^3*x^2 + c)*sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 3*c*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*a*b
^2/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*c*x^3)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 428 vs. 2(148) = 296.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \left( 9b^3c^2 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 18ab^2c^2 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) - 27b^3c^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/27*(9*b^3*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 18*a*b^2*c^2*
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 27*b^3*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 - 9*b^3*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3/x + 9*a
^2*b*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 2*b^3*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5
4*a*b^2*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 27*a*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^
2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x - 9*b^3*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3/x - 27*a^2*b*c^2*s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 42*b^3*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 27*a^2*b*c*(1/
(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 6*b^3*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x
))/x - 27*a*b^2*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x + 6*a*b^2*c*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)/x - 27
*a^2*b*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 42*b^3*c*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 42*a*b^2*c/x - 9
*a^3/(c*x^3))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^4, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{9 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) a^2 b x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3}{x^4} dx \right) b^3 x^3 + 9 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^4} dx \right) a b^2 x^3 - a^3}{3x^3}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^3/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(9*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*a**2*b*x**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)**3/x**4,x)*b**3*x**
3 + 9*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**4,x)*a*b**2*x**3 - a**3)/(3*x**3)
```

**3.32**  $\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	316
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Mupad [F(-1)]	324
Reduce [F]	324

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{3b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{128x^3} + \frac{45b^3c^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{256x} - \frac{45}{256}b^3c^4 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{3b^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{32x^4} + \frac{9b^2c^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{32x^2} - \frac{3bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{16x^3} - \frac{9bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2}{32x} + \frac{3}{32}c^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3 - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{4x^4}$$

output

```
3/128*b^3*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3+45/256*b^3*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-45/256*b^3*c^4*arccsc(c*x)+3/32*b^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4+9/32*b^2*c^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2-3/16*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x^3-9/32*b*c^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/x+3/32*c^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3-1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-64a^3 + 24ab^2 - 48a^2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 6b^3c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x + 72ab^2c^2x^2 - 72a^2bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3 + 45b^3c^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^4}{256x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^5,x]`

output

```
(-64*a^3 + 24*a*b^2 - 48*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 6*b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 72*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - 72*a^2*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3 + 45*b^3*c^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4 + 24*b*(-8*a^2 + b^2*(1 + 3*c^2*x^2) - 2*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(2 + 3*c^2*x^2))*ArcCsc[c*x] - 24*b^2*(b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(2 + 3*c^2*x^2) + a*(8 - 3*c^4*x^4))*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + 8*b^3*(-8 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x]^3 + 9*b*(8*a^2 - 5*b^2)*c^4*x^4*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(256*x^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5746, 4904, 3042, 3792, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24, 3792, 17, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5746$$

$$-c^4 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{c^3x^3} d \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 4904$$

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^4x^4} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^4 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{8}b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^4x^4} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{8}b^2 \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^4 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{8}b^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{8}b^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx)) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{8}b^2 \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 1 d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 24

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{8c^4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{8c^4x^4} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3792

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 17

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \int \sin(\csc^{-1}(cx))^2 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2}b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int 1 d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2cx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 24

$$-c^4 \left( \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{4c^4x^4} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2cx} + \frac{b(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{6b} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/x^5,x]`

output `-(c^4*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/(4*c^4*x^4) - (3*b*(-1/8*(b^2*(-1/4*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c^3*x^3) + (3*(-1/2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*x) + ArcCsc[c*x])/2))/4) + (b*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(8*c^4*x^4) - (sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2)/(4*c^3*x^3) + (3*(-1/2*(b^2*(-1/2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*x) + ArcCsc[c*x]/2)) + (b*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(2*c^2*x^2) - (sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2)/(2*c*x) + (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3/(6*b)))/4)/4)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 17  $\text{Int}[(c_.)((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*((a + b*x)^{(m + 1})/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3792  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)]^{(m_.)}*((b_.)\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n)})/(f^2*n^2), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)})/(f*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 2)}*(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$
- rule 4904  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}\text{Sin}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^m*(\text{Sin}[a + b*x]^{(n + 1)})/(b*(n + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*(n + 1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Sin}[a + b*x]^{(n + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$
- rule 5746  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(c^{(m + 1)})^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Csc}[x]^{(m + 1)}*\text{Cot}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCsc}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1])$



input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{256} \cdot (72 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot x^2 + 8 \cdot (3 \cdot b^3 \cdot c^4 \cdot x^4 - 8 \cdot b^3) \cdot \arccsc(c \cdot x)^3 - 64 \cdot a^3 + 24 \cdot a \cdot b^2 + 24 \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot c^4 \cdot x^4 - 8 \cdot a \cdot b^2) \cdot \arccsc(c \cdot x)^2 + 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (8 \cdot a^2 \cdot b - 5 \cdot b^3) \cdot c^4 \cdot x^4 + 24 \cdot b^3 \cdot c^2 \cdot x^2 - 64 \cdot a^2 \cdot b + 8 \cdot b^3) \cdot \arccsc(c \cdot x) - 3 \cdot (3 \cdot (8 \cdot a^2 \cdot b - 5 \cdot b^3) \cdot c^2 \cdot x^2 + 16 \cdot a^2 \cdot b - 2 \cdot b^3 + 8 \cdot (3 \cdot b^3 \cdot c^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot b^3) \cdot \arccsc(c \cdot x)^2 + 16 \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b^2) \cdot \arccsc(c \cdot x)) \cdot \sqrt{c^2 \cdot x^2 - 1}) / x^4$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))**3/x**5, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-3/32*a^2*b*((3*c^5*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)) + (3*c^8*x^3*(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 5*c^6*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^4*x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2)
- 1)^2 - 2*c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + 1))/c + 8*arccsc(c*x)/x^4) - 1/4*a
^3/x^4 - 1/16*(4*b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 - 3*b^3*arc
tan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 12*(2*(c^2*log(c*x +
1) + c^2*log(c*x - 1) - 2*c^2*log(x) + 1/x^2)*a*b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 + 64*b^3
*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))/(c^2*x^7 -
x^5), x)*log(c)^2 - 64*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)
*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x)*log(c) + 128*b^3*c^2*int
egrate(1/16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 -
x^5), x)*log(c) - 64*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^7 -
x^5), x)*log(c) + 128*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5),
x)*log(c) - 64*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 64*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/
16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(x)^2/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x
) - 64*a*b^2*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)
))^2/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 16*b^3*c^2*integrate(1/16*x^2*arctan(1/(sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*log(c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 16*a*b^2*c^2*inte
grate(1/16*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)^2/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) - 64*a*b^2*c^2*integrate
(1/16*x^2*log(c^2*x^2)*log(x)/(c^2*x^7 - x^5), x) + 64*a*b^2*c^2*integr...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 576 vs.  $2(182) = 364$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/256*(64*b^3*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3 + 192*a*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 128*b^3*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3 + 192*a^2*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 24*b^3*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 384*a*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 + 40*b^3*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))^3 - 24*a*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 384*a^2*b*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 120*b^3*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x)) + 120*a*b^2*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2 - 48*b^3*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x - 120*a*b^2*c^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + 120*a^2*b*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 51*b^3*c^3*arcsin(1/(c*x)) - 96*a*b^2*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 120*b^3*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))^2/x - 51*a*b^2*c^3 - 48*a^2*b*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)/x + 6*b^3*c^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)/x + 240*a*b^2*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 120*a^2*b*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x - 51*b^3*c^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/x + 64*a^3/(c*x^4))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^3}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3/x^5, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^5} dx \right) a^2 b x^4 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3}{x^5} dx \right) b^3 x^4 + 12 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2}{x^5} dx \right) a b^2 x^4 - a^3}{4x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))^3/x^5,x)
```

output

```
(12*int(acsc(c*x)/x**5,x)*a**2*b*x**4 + 4*int(acsc(c*x)**3/x**5,x)*b**3*x*  
*4 + 12*int(acsc(c*x)**2/x**5,x)*a*b**2*x**4 - a**3)/(4*x**4)
```

### 3.33 $\int \frac{x}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{x}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int [x/(a + b*ArcCsc [c*x]), x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)} dx$$

input `int (x/(a+b*arccsc (c*x)), x)`

output `int (x/(a+b*arccsc (c*x)), x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*acsc(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 46.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{acsc}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `int(x/(acsc(c*x)*b + a),x)`

### 3.34 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$

Optimal result	331
Mathematica [N/A]	331
Rubi [N/A]	332
Maple [N/A]	332
Fricas [N/A]	333
Sympy [N/A]	333
Maxima [N/A]	333
Giac [N/A]	334
Mupad [N/A]	334
Reduce [N/A]	335

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^(-1), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^(-1), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^(-1),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*acsc(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Giac** [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad** [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsc}(cx) b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acsc(c*x)*b + a),x)`



### 3.35 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result	336
Mathematica [N/A]	336
Rubi [N/A]	337
Maple [N/A]	337
Fricas [N/A]	338
Sympy [N/A]	338
Maxima [N/A]	338
Giac [N/A]	339
Mupad [N/A]	339
Reduce [N/A]	340

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b*x*arccsc(c*x) + a*x), x)`**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))), x)`**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\csc(cx)bx + ax} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acsc(c*x)*b*x + a*x),x)`

### 3.36 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	341
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	341
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	342
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	344
Fricas [F] . . . . .	344
Sympy [F] . . . . .	344
Maxima [F] . . . . .	345
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	345
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	345
Reduce [F] . . . . .	346

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = -\frac{c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} - \frac{c \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b}$$

output `-c*cos(a/b)*Ci(a/b+arccsc(c*x))/b-c*sin(a/b)*Si(a/b+arccsc(c*x))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = -\frac{c(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right))}{b}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output

```

-((c*(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b +
ArcCsc[c*x]]))/b)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5746, 3042, 3784, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5746} \\
& -c \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -c \int \frac{\sin(\csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
& -c \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -c \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& -c \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-c \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output `-(c*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]])/b + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]])/b))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$c \left( -\frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \text{arccsc}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} - \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \text{arccsc}(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} \right)$	48
default	$c \left( -\frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \text{arccsc}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} - \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \text{arccsc}(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} \right)$	48

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*(-Si(a/b+arccsc(c*x))*sin(a/b)/b-Ci(a/b+arccsc(c*x))*cos(a/b)/b)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \text{acsc}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

$$= -c \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c*(cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b + sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsc}(cx) b x^2 + a x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(acsc(c*x)*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)`

### 3.37 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	347
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	347
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	348
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	350
Fricas [F] . . . . .	351
Sympy [F] . . . . .	351
Maxima [F] . . . . .	351
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	352
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	352
Reduce [F] . . . . .	352

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \frac{c^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} - \frac{c^2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{2b}$$

output `1/2*c^2*Ci(2*a/b+2*arccsc(c*x))*sin(2*a/b)/b-1/2*c^2*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*a/b+2*arccsc(c*x))/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = -\frac{c^2\left(-\operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)\right)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output

```
-1/2*(c^2*(-(CosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsc[c*x]]))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5746, 4906, 27, 3042, 3784, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5746} \\
 & -c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{cx (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & -c^2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \csc^{-1}(cx))}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \csc^{-1}(cx))}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} c^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2}c^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}c^2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}c^2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output `-1/2*(c^2*(-((CosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/b) + (Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCsc[c*x]])/b))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 4906

```
Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]
```

rule 5746

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcC
sc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n
, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left( -\frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccsc(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccsc(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} \right)$	58
default	$c^2 \left( -\frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccsc(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccsc(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} \right)$	58

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^2*(-1/2*Si(2*a/b+2*arccsc(c*x))*cos(2*a/b)/b+1/2*Ci(2*a/b+2*arccsc(c*x))
*sin(2*a/b)/b)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3), x)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} - \frac{2c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{c \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*c*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(1/(c*x)))*sin(a/b)/b - 2*c*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b + c*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b)*c`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsc}(cx) b x^3 + a x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acsc(c*x)*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)`

### 3.38 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	353
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	354
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	354
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	355
Fricas [F] . . . . .	356
Sympy [F] . . . . .	356
Maxima [F] . . . . .	357
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	357
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	358
Reduce [F] . . . . .	358

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = -\frac{c^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} + \frac{c^3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} - \frac{c^3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} + \frac{c^3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b}$$

output

```
-1/4*c^3*cos(a/b)*Ci(a/b+arccsc(c*x))/b+1/4*c^3*cos(3*a/b)*Ci(3*a/b+3*arccsc(c*x))/b-1/4*c^3*sin(a/b)*Si(a/b+arccsc(c*x))/b+1/4*c^3*sin(3*a/b)*Si(3*a/b+3*arccsc(c*x))/b
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \frac{c^3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)\right) \right)}{4b}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(c^3*(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]] - Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]]) + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]] - Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCsc[c*x])]))/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5746, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5746} \\ & -c^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c^2 x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\ & -c^3 \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{\cos(3 \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} \right) d \csc^{-1}(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$-c^3 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)\right)}{4b} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])),x]`

output `-(c^3*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]])/(4*b) - (Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcCsc[c*x]])/(4*b) + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCsc[c*x]])/(4*b) - (Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcCsc[c*x]])/(4*b)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5746 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csc[x]^(m + 1)*Cot[x], x], x, ArcCsc[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (GtQ[n, 0] || LtQ[m, -1])`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} \right)$
default	$c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} \right)$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^3*(-1/4*Si(a/b+arccsc(c*x))*sin(a/b)/b-1/4*Ci(a/b+arccsc(c*x))*cos(a/b)/b+1/4*Si(3*a/b+3*arccsc(c*x))*sin(3*a/b)/b+1/4*Ci(3*a/b+3*arccsc(c*x))*cos(3*a/b)/b)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^4), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*acsc(c*x))), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{4 c^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{4 c^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} - \frac{3 c^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(4*c^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b + 4*c^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b - 3*c^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b - c^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b - c^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b - c^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(1/(c*x)))/b)*c`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))),x)`output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acsc}(cx) b x^4 + a x^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/(acsc(c*x)*b*x**4 + a*x**4),x)`

### 3.39 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$

Optimal result	359
Mathematica [N/A]	359
Rubi [N/A]	360
Maple [N/A]	360
Fricas [N/A]	361
Sympy [N/A]	361
Maxima [N/A]	361
Giac [N/A]	362
Mupad [N/A]	363
Reduce [N/A]	363

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \text{Int}\left((dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3, x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5772$$

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arccsc(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^3)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 26.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**3, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 16.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1279, normalized size of antiderivative = 79.94

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(d*x)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*(m + 1)) + 1/4*(4*b^3*d^m*x*x^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^3 - 3*b^3*d^m*x*x^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(c^2*x^2)^2 - 4*(m + 1)*integrate(-3/4*((a*b^2*d^m*m + a*b^2*d^m - (a*b^2*c^2*d^m*m + a*b^2*c^2*d^m)*x^2)*x^m*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 4*((b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*d^m*m - ((b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*c^2*d^m*m + (b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*c^2*d^m)*x^2 + (b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*d^m)*x^m*log(x)^2 + 8*((b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*d^m*m*log(c) - ((b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*c^2*d^m*m*log(c) + (b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*c^2*d^m*log(c))*x^2 + (b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*d^m*log(c))*x^m*log(x) + (4*b^3*d^m*x^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 - b^3*d^m*x^m*log(c^2*x^2)^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1) - 4*((a*b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + a^2*b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - (b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*log(c)^2*d^m*m + (((b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*c^2*log(c)^2 - (a*b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + a^2*b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*c^2*d^m*m + ((b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a*b^2)*c^2*log(c)^2 - (a*b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + a^2*b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*...
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^3 (dx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)^3*(d*x)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3,x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^3, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.56

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^m (x^m a^3 x + 3 \int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx) a^2 b m + 3 \left( \int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) a^2 b + \left( \int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^3 dx \right) b^3 m + \left( \int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) b^3 m}{m + 1}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^3,x)`output `(d**m*(x**m*a**3*x + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*a**2*b*m + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*a**2*b + int(x**m*acsc(c*x)**3,x)*b**3*m + int(x**m*acsc(c*x)**3,x)*b**3 + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2*m + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)**2,x)*a*b**2))/(m + 1)`

### 3.40 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$

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Mathematica [N/A]	364
Rubi [N/A]	365
Maple [N/A]	365
Fricas [N/A]	366
Sympy [N/A]	366
Maxima [N/A]	366
Giac [N/A]	367
Mupad [N/A]	367
Reduce [N/A]	368

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \text{Int}\left((dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5772$$

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^2)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 11.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 34.44

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 (dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(d*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*(m + 1)) + 1/4*(4*b^2*d^m*x*x^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 - b^2*d^m*x*x^m*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 4*(m + 1)*integrate((2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*b^2*d^m*x^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (b^2*d^m*m + b^2*d^m - (b^2*c^2*d^m*m + b^2*c^2*d^m)*x^2)*x^m*log(x)^2 + 2*(b^2*d^m*m*log(c) + b^2*d^m*log(c) - (b^2*c^2*d^m*m*log(c) + b^2*c^2*d^m*log(c))*x^2)*x^m*log(x) + ((b^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*d^m*m - ((b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*d^m*m + (b^2*c^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*d^m)*x^2 + (b^2*log(c)^2 - 2*a*b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*d^m)*x^m - ((b^2*d^m*m + b^2*d^m - (b^2*c^2*d^m*m + b^2*c^2*d^m)*x^2)*x^m*log(x) + (b^2*d^m*m*log(c) - (b^2*c^2*d^m*m*log(c) + (b^2*c^2*log(c) + b^2*c^2)*d^m)*x^2 + (b^2*log(c) + b^2)*d^m)*x^m*log(c^2*x^2))/((c^2*m + c^2)*x^2 - m - 1), x))/(m + 1)
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2 (dx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)^2*(d*x)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2,x)
```



output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`

### Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^m (x^m a^2 x + 2(\int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx) abm + 2(\int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx) ab + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx)^2 dx) b^2 m + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx) b^2)}{m + 1}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))^2,x)`

output `(d**m*(x**m*a**2*x + 2*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*a*b*m + 2*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*a*b + int(x**m*acsc(c*x)**2,x)*b**2*m + int(x**m*acsc(c*x)**2,x)*b**2))/(m + 1)`

### 3.41 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	369
Rubi [A] (verified)	370
Maple [F]	371
Fricas [F]	371
Sympy [F]	372
Maxima [F]	372
Giac [F]	372
Mupad [F(-1)]	373
Reduce [F]	373

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d(1+m)} + \frac{b(dx)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1 - \frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)}{cm(1+m)}$$

output

```
(d*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/(1+m)+b*(d*x)^m*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2*m], [1
-1/2*m], 1/c^2/x^2)/c/m/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{(dx)^m \left( (1+m)x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{c\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \right)}{(1+m)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^m*((1 + m)*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) + (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Hypergeomet
ric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])))/(1
+ m)^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5744, 862, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5744$$

$$\frac{bd \int \frac{(dx)^{m-1} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{c(m+1)} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d(m+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 862$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m (dx)^m \int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-1} d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}}{c(m+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d(m+1)} + \frac{b(dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1 - \frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)}{cm(m+1)}$$

input

```
Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
((d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*(d*x)^m*Hypergeometri
c2F1[1/2, -1/2*m, 1 - m/2, 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(c*m*(1 + m)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 862 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(-1))*(c*x)^(m + 1)*(1/x)^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalQ[m]`

rule 5744 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(d/(c*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(d^m*x*x^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + (c^2*d^m*m + c^2*d^m) *integrate(-sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*x^m/(c^2*m - (c^4*m + c^4)*x^2 + c^2), x))*b/(m + 1) + (d*x)^(m + 1)*a/(d*(m + 1))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(d*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int((d*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (dx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\ &= \frac{d^m (x^m a x + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx) b m + (\int x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx) b)}{m + 1} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(d**m*(x**m*a*x + int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*m + int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b))/(m + 1)`

$$3.42 \quad \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

Optimal result	374
Mathematica [N/A]	374
Rubi [N/A]	375
Maple [N/A]	375
Fricas [N/A]	376
Sympy [N/A]	376
Maxima [N/A]	376
Giac [N/A]	377
Mupad [N/A]	377
Reduce [N/A]	378

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^m}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)), x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/(a + b*acsc(c*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^m/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)} dx = d^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\csc^{-1}(cx) b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `d**m*int(x**m/(acsc(c*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.43 \quad \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	379
Mathematica [N/A]	379
Rubi [N/A]	380
Maple [N/A]	380
Fricas [N/A]	381
Sympy [N/A]	381
Maxima [N/A]	381
Giac [N/A]	382
Mupad [N/A]	383
Reduce [N/A]	383

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^m/(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m/(b^2*arccsc(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsc(c*x) + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m/(a+b*acsc(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m/(a + b*acsc(c*x))**2, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 684, normalized size of antiderivative = 42.75

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(4*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*(b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))
+ a)*d^m*x^m - (4*b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + b^3*log
(c^2*x^2)^2 + 4*b^3*log(c)^2 + 8*b^3*log(c)*log(x) + 4*b^3*log(x)^2 + 8*a
*b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 4*a^2*b - 4*(b^3*log(c) + b
^3*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2))*integrate(4*((b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1)) + a)*d^m*m - ((b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a)*c^2*d
^m*m + 2*(b*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a)*c^2*d^m)*x^2 + (b
*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a)*d^m)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x
- 1)*x^m/(4*b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 4*b^3*log(c)^2
+ 8*a*b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 4*a^2*b - 4*(b^3*c^2*
log(c)^2 + (b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))^2 + 2*a*b^2*arctan
2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + a^2*b)*c^2)*x^2 - (b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*
log(c^2*x^2)^2 - 4*(b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(x)^2 + 4*(b^3*c^2*x^2*log(c) -
b^3*log(c) + (b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2) - 8*(b^3*c^2*x^2*log
(c) - b^3*log(c))*log(x)), x)/(4*b^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x -
1))^2 + b^3*log(c^2*x^2)^2 + 4*b^3*log(c)^2 + 8*b^3*log(c)*log(x) + 4*b^3*
log(x)^2 + 8*a*b^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 4*a^2*b - 4*(
b^3*log(c) + b^3*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2))
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x)^m/(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2,x)`output `int((d*x)^m/(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))^2, x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(dx)^m}{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2} dx = d^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{a \csc^2(cx) b^2 + 2a \csc(cx) ab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m/(a+b*acsc(c*x))^2,x)`output `d**m*int(x**m/(acsc(c*x)**2*b**2 + 2*acsc(c*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`



### 3.44 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	385
Rubi [A] (verified)	385
Maple [B] (verified)	390
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	391
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	392
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	393
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	394
Mupad [F(-1)]	395
Reduce [F]	395

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{be(9c^2d^2 + e^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x}{6c^3} + \frac{bde^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3}{12c} - \frac{bd^4 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e}$$

$$+ \frac{bd(2c^2d^2 + e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2c^3}$$

output

```
1/6*b*e*(9*c^2*d^2+e^2)*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/2*b*d*e^2*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/12*b*e^3*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c-1/4*b*d^4*arccsc(c*x)/e+1/4*(e*x+d)^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e+1/2*b*d*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2)*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ac^3x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(2e^2 + c^2(18d^2 + 6dex + e^2x^2)) + 3bc^3x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + b^2e\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(2d^2 + 2dex + ex^2) + b^2e\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(2d^2 + 2dex + ex^2) \operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right]}{12c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(3*a*c^3*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(2*e^2 + c^2*(18*d^2 + 6*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)) + 3*b*c^3*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3)*ArcCsc[c*x] + 6*b*d*(2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(12*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$ , Rules used = {5750, 1892, 1803, 540, 25, 2338, 27, 2338, 27, 538, 223, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5750$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{(d+ex)^4 dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{4ce} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e}$$

$$\downarrow 1892$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right)^4 x^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{4ce} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1803 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^4 x^4}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4ce} \\
 \downarrow 540 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{\left(\frac{3d^4}{x^3} + \frac{12ed^3}{x^2} + 12e^3d + \frac{2e^2(9d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x}\right) x^3}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{4ce} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{3d^4}{x^3} + \frac{12ed^3}{x^2} + 12e^3d + \frac{2e^2(9d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x}\right) x^3}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{4ce} \\
 \downarrow 2338 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2 \left( \frac{3d^4}{x^2} + \frac{6e(2d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2})d}{x} + 2e^2(9d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{4ce} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{\left(\frac{3d^4}{x^2} + \frac{6e(2d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2})d}{x} + 2e^2(9d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2})\right) x^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{4ce} \\
 \downarrow 2338
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(-\int -\frac{3d\left(\frac{d^3}{x}+2e\left(2d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\right)x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}-2e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+9d^2\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}-\frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{4ce}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\int\frac{\left(\frac{d^3}{x}+2e\left(2d^2+\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\right)x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}-2e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+9d^2\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}-\frac{1}{3}e^4x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{4ce}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(d^3\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}+2e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+2d^2\right)\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+9d^2\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{4ce}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(2e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+2d^2\right)\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}+cd^3\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+9d^2\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{4ce}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+2d^2\right)\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}+cd^3\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+9d^2\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{4ce}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3d\left(cd^3\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)-2c^2e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+2d^2\right)\int\frac{1}{c^2-c^2}\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)-2e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+9d^2\right)-6de^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{4ce}\right)}{4ce}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3d \left( cd^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) \left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + 2d^2\right)\right) - 2e^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{e^2}{c^2} + 9d^2\right) - 6de^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \right)}{4ce}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(4*e) - (b*(-1/3*(e^4*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3) + (-2*e^2*(9*d^2 + e^2/c^2)*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - 6*d*e^3*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2 + 3*d*(c*d^3*ArcSin[1/(c*x)] - 2*e*(2*d^2 + e^2/c^2)*ArcTanh[sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]]))/3)/(4*c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 243  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a+bx)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 538  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 540  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[x^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*(m+1)*Qx - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1803  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} )^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)} )^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1892  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(mn_)} )^{(q_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)} )^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + mn*q)}*(e + d/x^{mn})^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 2338  $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{Q = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[Pq, c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[Pq, c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*c*(m+1)*Q - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ || \ \text{NeQ}[\text{Expon}[Pq, x], 1])$

rule 5750

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/
(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 400 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(ex+d)^4}{4e} + \frac{be^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^4}{4} + be^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^3d + \frac{3be \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^2d^2}{2} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)xd^3 + \dots$
derivativeldivides	$\frac{a(cex+cd)^4}{4c^3e} + \frac{bc \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^4}{4e} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^3cx + \frac{3bce \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2x^2}{2} + bce^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dx^3 + \frac{bce^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^4}{4} - \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c}$
default	$\frac{a(cex+cd)^4}{4c^3e} + \frac{bc \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^4}{4e} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^3cx + \frac{3bce \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2x^2}{2} + bce^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dx^3 + \frac{bce^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^4}{4} - \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*a*(e*x+d)^4/e+1/4*b*e^3*arccsc(c*x)*x^4+b*e^2*arccsc(c*x)*x^3*d+3/2*b*
e*arccsc(c*x)*x^2*d^2+b*arccsc(c*x)*x*d^3+1/4*b*d^4*arccsc(c*x)/e+1/12*b/c
^3*e^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x-1/4*b/c/e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/
2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+1/2*b/c^3
*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d+b/c^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((
c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^3*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+3/2*b/c^3*e*(c^2*
x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^2+1/2*b/c^4*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((
c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+1/6*b/c^5*e^3*(c^
2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
```





**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
&= ad^3x + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{2} + ade^2x^3 + \frac{ae^3x^4}{4} + bd^3x \operatorname{acsc}(cx) \\
&+ \frac{3bd^2ex^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{2} + bde^2x^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{be^3x^4 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{4} \\
&+ \frac{bd^3 \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c} + \frac{3bd^2e \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c} \\
&+ \frac{bde^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{ix^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c} \\
&+ \frac{be^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4c}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

```
output a*d**3*x + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2/2 + a*d*e**2*x**3 + a*e**3*x**4/4 + b*d**3*x*acsc(c*x) + 3*b*d**2*e*x**2*acsc(c*x)/2 + b*d*e**2*x**3*acsc(c*x) + b*e**3*x**4*acsc(c*x)/4 + b*d**3*Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c + 3*b*d**2*e*Piecewise((sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/c, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, True))/(2*c) + b*d*e**2*Piecewise((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/c + b*e**3*Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c) + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 2*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3), True))/(4*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} ae^3 x^4 + ade^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2 ex^2 + \frac{3}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bd^2 e \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2 (\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1) + c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1)}{c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1)}{c^2}}{c} \right) bde^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 3 x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 (-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3 x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) be^3 + ad^3 x \\
&+ \frac{\left( 2 cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) \right) bd^3}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*e^3*x^4 + a*d*e^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*x^2 + 3/2*(x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*d^2*e + 1/4*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d*e^2 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*e^3 + a*d^3*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*d^3/c`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1130 vs.  $2(147) = 294$ .

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1130, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.77

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/192*(3*b*e^3*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 3*a*
e^3*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 24*b*d*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 24*a*d*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^3/c + 2*b*e^3*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^2 + 72*b*d^2*e*x^2
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 72*a*d^2*e*x^2*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c + 24*b*d*e^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/
c^2 + 96*b*d^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 12*b*e^3
*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 96*a*d^3*x*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c + 12*a*e^3*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^
3 + 144*b*d^2*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + 72*b*d*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 72*a*d*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)/c^3 + 192*b*d^3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - 192*b*d^3
*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^2 + 18*b*e^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4
+ 144*b*d^2*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 144*a*d^2*e/c^3 + 96*b*d*e^2*log(sqrt(
-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 96*b*d*e^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 18*b*
e^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 96*b*d^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)) + 18*a*e^3/c^5 + 96*a*d^3/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)) - 144*b*d^2*e/(c^4*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 72*b*d*e^2*arcsin(
1/(c*x))/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 72*a*d*e^2/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 18*b*e^3/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + ...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx &= \left( \int a \csc(cx) dx \right) b d^3 + \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^3 dx \right) b e^3 \\ &+ 3 \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^2 dx \right) b d e^2 \\ &+ 3 \left( \int a \csc(cx) x dx \right) b d^2 e + a d^3 x \\ &+ \frac{3a d^2 e x^2}{2} + a d e^2 x^3 + \frac{a e^3 x^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(4*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**3 + 4*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**3 + 12*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e**2 + 12*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*d**2*e + 4*a*d**3*x + 6*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 4*a*d*e**2*x**3 + a*e**3*x**4)/4`

### 3.45 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bde\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c} + \frac{be^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{6c} - \frac{bd^3 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3e} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} + \frac{b(6c^2d^2 + e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^3}$$

```
output b*d*e*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/6*b*e^2*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c-1/3*b*d^3*arccsc(c*x)/e+1/3*(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e+1/6*b*(6*c^2*d^2+e^2)*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{c^2x \left( be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(6d + ex) + 2ac(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) \right) + 2bc^3x(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) \csc^{-1}(cx) + b(6c^2d^2}{6c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output  $(c^2*x*(b*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(6*d + e*x) + 2*a*c*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)) + 2*b*c^3*x*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x] + b*(6*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*\text{Log}[(1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(6*c^3)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {5750, 1892, 1803, 540, 25, 2338, 25, 538, 223, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5750 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{3ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1892 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(\frac{d}{x}+e)^3 x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{3ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1803 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \int \frac{(\frac{d}{x}+e)^3 x^3}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x^2} + 6e^2d + \frac{e(6d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x} \right) x^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right)}{3ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x^2} + 6e^2 d + \frac{e(6d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2})}{x} \right) x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 2338 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int - \frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x} + e(6d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{\left( \frac{2d^3}{x} + e(6d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \right) x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 538 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + e \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2} + 6d^2 \right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 6de^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2} + 6d^2 \right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2cd^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3ce} \\
& \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} e \left( \frac{e^2}{c^2} + 6d^2 \right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2cd^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e^3 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{3ce}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-c^2e\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+6d^2\right)\int\frac{1}{c^2-c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)d\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}+2cd^3\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)-6de^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}-\frac{1}{2}e^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{3ce} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 \frac{b\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(2cd^3\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)-e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\left(\frac{e^2}{c^2}+6d^2\right)-6de^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}-\frac{1}{2}e^3x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{3ce}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

output `((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e) - (b*(-1/2*(e^3*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) + (-6*d*e^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 2*c*d^3*ArcSin[1/(c*x)] - e*(6*d^2 + e^2/c^2)*ArcTanh[sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/2))/(3*c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`



rule 223  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 243  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a+b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 538  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 540  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*(m+1)*Qx - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 1803  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1892  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(mn_)})^{(q_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + mn*q)}*(e + d/x^{mn})^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 2338  $\text{Int}[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Q = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[Pq, c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[Pq, c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[a*c*(m+1)*Q - b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x, x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ || \ \text{NeQ}[\text{Expon}[Pq, x], 1])$

rule 5750

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/
(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(e x+d)^3}{3 e} + \frac{b e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^3}{3} + b e \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^2 d + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x d^2 + \frac{b d^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)}{3 e} - \frac{b \sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}{c}$
derivativeldivides	$\frac{a(c e x+c d)^3}{3 c^2 e} + \frac{b c \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d^3}{3 e} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d^2 c x + b c e \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d x^2 + \frac{b c e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^3}{3} - \frac{b \sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right)}{3 e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} x}$
default	$\frac{a(c e x+c d)^3}{3 c^2 e} + \frac{b c \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d^3}{3 e} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d^2 c x + b c e \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d x^2 + \frac{b c e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^3}{3} - \frac{b \sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right)}{3 e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} x}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*a*(e*x+d)^3/e+1/3*b*e^2*arccsc(c*x)*x^3+b*e*arccsc(c*x)*x^2*d+b*arccsc
(c*x)*x*d^2+1/3*b*d^3*arccsc(c*x)/e-1/3*b/c/e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-
1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^3*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+1/6*b/c^3*e^2*(c^2*x^2
-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+b/c^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2)/x*d^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+b/c^3*e*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d+1/6*b/c^4*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3e^2x^3 + 6ac^3dex^2 + 6ac^3d^2x + 2(bc^3e^2x^3 + 3bc^3dex^2 + 3bc^3d^2x - 3bc^3d^2 - 3bc^3de - bc^3e^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 4(3b^2c^3d^2 + 3b^2c^3d^2e + b^2c^3e^2) \operatorname{arctan}(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) - (6b^2c^2d^2 + b^2e^2) \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + (b^2c^2e^2x + 6b^2c^2de) \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^3 + 6*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 6*a*c^3*d^2*x + 2*(b*c^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 3*b*c^3*d^2*x - 3*b*c^3*d^2 - 3*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e^2)*arccsc(c*x) - 4*(3*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*b*c^3*d^2*e + b*c^3*e^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (6*b*c^2*d^2 + b*e^2)*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (b*c^2*e^2*x + 6*b*c^2*d*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= ad^2x + adex^2 + \frac{ae^2x^3}{3} + bd^2x \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + bdex^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{be^2x^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c} + \frac{bde \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output

```
a*d**2*x + a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**3/3 + b*d**2*x*acsc(c*x) + b*d*e*x**2*ac
sc(c*x) + b*e**2*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 + b*d**2*Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2
*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c + b*d*e*Piecewise((sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1
)/c, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, True))/c + b*e**2*Pie
cewise((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2)
> 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1))
- I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ae^2 x^3 + adex^2 + \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bde$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1\right) + c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)}{c^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{c^2}}{c} \right) be^2$$

$$+ ad^2 x + \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) \right) bd^2}{2c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*a*e^2*x^3 + a*d*e*x^2 + (x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)
*b*d*e + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*
x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*
x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*e^2 + a*d^2*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*d^2/c
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 602 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.89

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(b*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + a*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c - 24*b*d*e*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + b*e^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^2 - 24*a*d*e*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)/c + 12*b*d^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 12*a*d^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c + 3*b*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 24*b*d*e*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c^2 + 3*a*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 + 24*b*d^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - 24*b*d^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^2 + 24*b*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 24*a*d*e/c^3 + 4*b*e^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 4*b*e^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 12*b*d^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 12*a*d^2/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3*b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3*a*e^2/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - b*e^2/(c^6*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + a*e^2/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b e^2 + 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x dx \right) b d e + a d^2 x + a d e x^2 + \frac{a e^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(3*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**2 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*d*e + 3*a*d**2*x + 3*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**3)/3`

### 3.46 $\int (d + ex) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{2c} - \frac{bd^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e} + \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output

```
1/2*b*e*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c-1/2*b*d^2*arccsc(c*x)/e+1/2*(e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e+b*d*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = adx + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + \frac{bex\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{2c} + bdx \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{2}bex^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{bd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^2)/2 + (b*e*x*sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*c) + b*d*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*e*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/2 + (b*d*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(c*x)/sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$ , Rules used = {5750, 1892, 1730, 540, 25, 27, 538, 223, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5750} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1892} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1730} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b \int \frac{\left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b \left( e^2 x \left( -\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \right) - \int -\frac{d\left(\frac{d}{x}+2e\right)x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \right)}{2ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(\int \frac{d\left(\frac{d+2e}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\int \frac{\left(\frac{d+2e}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 538 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(d\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} + 2e\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}\right) - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(2e\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} + cd\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(e\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x^2} + cd\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(cd\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 2c^2e\int \frac{1}{c^2-c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}d\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right) - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e} - \frac{b\left(d\left(cd\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - 2e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right) - e^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{2ce}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output 
$$\frac{((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(2*e) - (b*(-(e^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) + d*(c*d*ArcSin[1/(c*x)] - 2*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])))/(2*c*e)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b\_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_ + (b\_)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}*((c\_ + (d\_)*(x\_))^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{n}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_ + (b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 223 
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_ + (b\_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$$

rule 243 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_ + (b\_)*(x_)^2)^{(p\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$$

rule 538 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_ + (d\_)*(x_))/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_ + (b\_)*(x_)^2])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 540

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]},
    Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] +
    Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /;
    FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1730

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := -Subst[Int[(d + e/x^n)^q*(a + c/x^(2*n))^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /;
    FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 1892

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[x^(m + mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /;
    FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 5750

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] +
    Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /;
    FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}e x^2 + dx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^2 e + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)xcd + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} + 2dc \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}))}{2c^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} x}\right)}{c}$	110
derivativeldivides	$\frac{a\left(d c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} e c^2 x^2\right)}{c} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d c^2 x + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) e c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} + 2dc \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}))}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx}\right)}{c}$	127
default	$\frac{a\left(d c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} e c^2 x^2\right)}{c} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d c^2 x + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) e c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} + 2dc \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}))}{2\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} cx}\right)}{c}$	127

input `int((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/2*e*x^2+d*x)+b/c*(1/2*c*arccsc(c*x)*x^2*e+arccsc(c*x)*x*c*d+1/2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)+2*d*c*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ac^2ex^2 + 2ac^2dx - 2bcd \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}be + (bc^2ex^2 + 2bc^2dx - 2bc^2d - bc^2e) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*c^2*e*x^2 + 2*a*c^2*d*x - 2*b*c*d*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e + (b*c^2*e*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*d*x - 2*b*c^2*d - b*c^2*e)*arccsc(c*x) - 2*(2*b*c^2*d + b*c^2*e)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)))/c^2`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = adx + \frac{aex^2}{2} + bdx \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{bex^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `a*d*x + a*e*x**2/2 + b*d*x*acsc(c*x) + b*e*x**2*acsc(c*x)/2 + b*d*Piecewise  
e((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c + b*e*Piecewis  
e((sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/c, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c,  
True))/(2*c)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} aex^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) be + adx$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) \right) bd}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*e*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*e + a*d  
*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(  
-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*d/c`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int (d + ex) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{be x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)}{c} + \frac{ae x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2}{c} + \frac{4bdx \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{8}(bex^2(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)^2\arcsin(1/(cx))/c + aex^2(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)^2/c + 4bdx(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)\arcsin(1/(cx))/c + 4adx(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)/c + 2bex(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)/c^2 + 8bd\log(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)/c^2 - 8bd\log(1/(\text{abs}(c)\text{abs}(x)))/c^2 + 2bex\arcsin(1/(cx))/c^3 + 2ae/c^3 + 4bd\arcsin(1/(cx))/(c^3x(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)) + 4ad/(c^3x(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)) - 2bex/(c^4x(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)) + bex\arcsin(1/(cx))/(c^5x^2(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)^2) + aex/(c^5x^2(\sqrt{-1/(c^2x^2)+1}+1)^2))*c$$

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d+ex)(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d+ex) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (d+ex)(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a\csc(cx) dx \right) bd + \left( \int a\csc(cx) x dx \right) be + adx + \frac{ae x^2}{2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(2*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*d + 2*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e + 2*a*d*x + a*e*x**2)/2`

### 3.47 $\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + bx \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output `a*x+b*x*arccsc(c*x)+b*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + bx \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x], x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$ax + \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c} + bx \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/c`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$ax + bx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	37
parts	$ax + bx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{b \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c}$	37
derivativedivides	$\frac{acx + b\left(\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx + \ln\left(cx + cx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)\right)}{c}$	40



input `int(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*x*arccsc(c*x)+b/c*ln(c*x+c*x*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(29) = 58$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{acx - 2bc \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + (bcx - bc) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - b \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*c*x - 2*b*c*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (b*c*x - b*c)*arccsc(c*x) - b*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)))/c`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + b \left( x \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{\begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*acsc(c*x),x)`

output `a*x + b*(x*acsc(c*x) + Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= ax + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)\right)b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b/c`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}bc \left( \frac{2x \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right)}{c^2} \right) + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccsc(c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b*c*(2*x*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + (log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))/c^2) + a*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = ax + bx \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{c}$$

input `int(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)),x)`output `a*x + b*x*asin(1/(c*x)) + (b*atanh(1/(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)))/c`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) dx \right) b + ax$$

input `int(a+b*acsc(c*x),x)`output `int(acsc(c*x),x)*b + a*x`

### 3.48 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	420
Rubi [A] (verified)	420
Maple [B] (verified)	422
Fricas [F]	423
Sympy [F]	424
Maxima [F]	424
Giac [F(-2)]	424
Mupad [F(-1)]	425
Reduce [F]	425

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 259

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 + \frac{cde^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{ie - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 + \frac{cde^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{cde^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{ie - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{cde^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{2e}$$

output

```
(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(I*e-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e+(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-e^(2*i*arccsc(c*x)))/e-I*b*polylog(2,-c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(I*e-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e-I*b*polylog(2,-c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{a \log(d + ex)}{e} + \frac{b \left( i(\pi - 2 \csc^{-1}(cx))^2 + 32i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{e}{cd}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{(cd - e) \cot\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \csc^{-1}(cx))\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}\right) - 4 \left( \pi - 2 \csc^{-1}(cx) + \right. \right.}{+}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x),x]`

output

```
(a*Log[d + e*x])/e + (b*(I*(Pi - 2*ArcCsc[c*x])^2 + (32*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + e/(c*d)]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((c*d - e)*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]] - 4*(Pi - 2*ArcCsc[c*x] + 4*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + e/(c*d)]/Sqrt[2]])*Log[1 + (I*(e - Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])/(c*d*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*(Pi - 2*ArcCsc[c*x] - 4*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + e/(c*d)]/Sqrt[2]])*Log[1 + (I*(e + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])/(c*d*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 4*(Pi - 2*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[e + d/x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[e + d/x] + (8*I)*(PolyLog[2, (I*(-e + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])/(c*d*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + PolyLog[2, ((-I)*(e + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])/(c*d*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + (4*I)*(ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])))/(8*e)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5748, 2998}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 5748

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{i(e - \sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2}) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx}{ce} + \frac{b \int \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{i(e + \sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2}) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx}{ce} - \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx}{ce} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{i(e - \sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2}) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} + \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{i(\sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2} + e) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} - \frac{\log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2998} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{i(e - \sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2}) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} + \\
 & \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{i(\sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2} + e) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} - \\
 & \frac{\log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i(e - \sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2}) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} \\
 & \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i(e + \sqrt{e^2 - c^2 d^2}) e^{i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}}{cd}\right)}{e} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*(e - Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(c*d)])/e + ((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*(e + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(c*d)])/e - ((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*(e - Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(c*d)])/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*(e + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(c*d)])/e + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2998 Int[Log[v_]*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{w = DerivativeDivides[v, u*(1 - v), x]
}, Simp[w*PolyLog[2, 1 - v], x] /; !FalseQ[w]]
```

```
rule 5748 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*(Log[1 - I*(e - Sqrt[(-c^2)*d^2 + e^2])*(E^(I*ArcCs
c[c*x])/(c*d))]/e), x] + (Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])*(Log[1 - I*(e + Sqrt[(-c
^2)*d^2 + e^2])*(E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d))]/e), x] - Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]
)*(Log[1 - E^(2*I*ArcCsc[c*x])]/e), x] + Simp[b/(c*e) Int[Log[1 - I*(e -
Sqrt[(-c^2)*d^2 + e^2])*(E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d))]/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2
)]), x], x] + Simp[b/(c*e) Int[Log[1 - I*(e + Sqrt[(-c^2)*d^2 + e^2])*(E^
(I*ArcCsc[c*x])/(c*d))]/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] - Simp[b/(c*e)
Int[Log[1 - E^(2*I*ArcCsc[c*x])]/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 866 vs. 2(318) = 636.

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 867, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{ac \ln(cx+cd)}{e} + bc \left( \frac{e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{-cd \left( \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{-ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{cd \left( \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)$
default	$\frac{ac \ln(cx+cd)}{e} + bc \left( \frac{e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{-cd \left( \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) - ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{-ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{cd \left( \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a \ln(ex+d)}{e} + b \left( \frac{ce \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{cd \left( \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + ie - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{ie - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{ce \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{cd \left( \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) + ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{ie + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/c*(a*c*ln(c*e*x+c*d)/e+b*c*(-e*arccsc(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((-c*d*(I/c/x
+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))
-e*arccsc(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*e+(c^2*
d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))+I*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((-c*d*(
I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1
/2)))+I*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*e+(c^2*d^
2-e^2)^(1/2))/(I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))-I/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((-c*d*(I/
c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2
)))*c^2*d^2-I/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*e+(
c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2+1/e*arccsc(c*x)/(c^
2*d^2-e^2)*ln((-c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(-
I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2-I/e*dilog(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+1/
e*arccsc(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*e+(c^2*d
^2-e^2)^(1/2))/(I*e+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2-1/e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c
/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I/e*dilog(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))

```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e*x + d), x) + a*log(e*x + d)/e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{ex+d} dx\right) be + \log(ex + d) a}{e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`output `(int(acsc(c*x)/(d + e*x),x)*b*e + log(d + e*x)*a)/e`

### 3.49 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result	426
Mathematica [A] (verified)	426
Rubi [A] (verified)	427
Maple [A] (verified)	429
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	430
Sympy [F]	431
Maxima [F]	432
Giac [F(-2)]	432
Mupad [F(-1)]	432
Reduce [F]	433

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{de} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d + \frac{e}{x}}{c\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}$$

output

```
b*arccsc(c*x)/d/e-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)+b*arctanh((c^2*d+e/x)/c/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{e(d + ex)} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{de} + \frac{b \log(d + ex)}{d\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{b \log\left(e + c\left(cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)x\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$-(a/(e*(d + e*x))) - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)) + (b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(d*e) + (b*Log[d + e*x])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) - (b*Log[e + c*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$ , Rules used = {5750, 1892, 1803, 605, 223, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5750$$

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)} dx}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 1892$$

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) x^3} dx}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 1803$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) x} d\frac{1}{x}}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 605$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right) d\frac{1}{x}}{d} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 223$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right)} d^{\frac{1}{x}}} d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{d} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{e \int \frac{1}{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}} d^{\frac{d + \frac{e}{c^2 x}}}{d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} + \frac{ce \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\left(\frac{e}{c^2 x} + d\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{d \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x))) + (b*((c*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/d + (c*e*ArcTanH[(c*(d + e/(c^2*x)))/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])))/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanH[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 605  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{ Int}[x^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/d \text{ Int}[x^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, p, 0]$

rule 1803  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x}, x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1892  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(mn_)})^{(q_)}*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + mn*q)}*(e + d/x^{mn})^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 5750  $\text{Int}[(a_) + \text{ArcCsc}[c_*(x_)]*(b_)]*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/(e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(c*e*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}/(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{(ex+d)e} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{c^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(ce x+cd)e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \left( \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}} e^{-2d c^2 x-2e}}{ce x+cd}\right)\right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} x d \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^2}{(ce x+cd)e} + b c^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(ce x+cd)e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \left( \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}} e^{-2d c^2 x-2e}}{ce x+cd}\right)\right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} c^2 x d \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}\right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^2}{(ce x+cd)e} + b c^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(ce x+cd)e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \left( \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}} - \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}} e^{-2d c^2 x-2e}}{ce x+cd}\right)\right)}{e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} c^2 x d \sqrt{\frac{c^2 d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}\right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a/(e*x+d)/e+b/c*(-c^2/(c*e*x+c*d)/e*arccsc(c*x)+1/e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-ln(2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x-e)/(c*e*x+c*d)))/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d/((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 227 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{ac^2d^3 - ade^2 - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}(be^2x + bde) \log\left(\frac{c^3d^2x + cde + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}(c^2dx + e) + (c^2d^2 + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}cd - e^2)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{ex + d}\right) + (bc^2d^3 - bde^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{c^2d^4e - d^2e^3 + (c^2d^3e^2 - d^2e^4)x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{ac^2d^3 - ade^2 + 2\sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}(be^2x + bde) \operatorname{arctan}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}e - \sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}(cex + cd)}{c^2d^2 - e^2}\right) + (bc^2d^3 - bde^2) \operatorname{arctan}(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{c^2d^4e - d^2e^3 + (c^2d^3e^2 - d^2e^4)x} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-(a*c^2*d^3 - a*d*e^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(b*e^2*x + b*d*e)*log((c^3*d^2*x + c*d*e + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e) + (c^2*d^2 + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*c*d - e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(e*x + d)) + (b*c^2*d^3 - b*d*e^2)*arccsc(c*x) + 2*(b*c^2*d^3 - b*d*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^2*e - b*e^3)*x)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^2*d^4*e - d^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - d*e^4)*x), -(a*c^2*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(b*e^2*x + b*d*e)*arctan(-(sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*e - sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c*e*x + c*d))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)) + (b*c^2*d^3 - b*d*e^2)*arccsc(c*x) + 2*(b*c^2*d^3 - b*d*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^2*e - b*e^3)*x)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^2*d^4*e - d^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - d*e^4)*x]`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x)**2, x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((c^2*e^2*x + c^2*d*e)*integrate(x*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x - d*e + (c^2*e^2*x^3 + c^2*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x - d*e)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1))), x) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b/(e^2*x + d*e) - a/(e^2*x + d*e)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2} dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2} dx \right) b dex + ax}{d(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `(int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2),x)*b*d**2 + int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2),x)*b*d*e*x + a*x)/(d*(d + e*x))`

### 3.50 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	434
Mathematica [A] (verified)	435
Rubi [A] (verified)	435
Maple [B] (verified)	439
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	440
Sympy [F]	441
Maxima [F]	441
Giac [F(-2)]	441
Mupad [F(-1)]	442
Reduce [F]	442

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{bce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{2d^2e} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{b(2c^2d^2 - e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \frac{e}{x}}{c\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{2d^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*c*e*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e+d/x)+1/2*b*arccsc(c*x)/d
^2/e-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^2+1/2*b*(2*c^2*d^2-e^2)*arctanh((c^2*
d+e/x)/c/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{a}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{bce \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{d(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d^2 e} + \frac{b(2c^2 d^2 - e^2) \log(d + ex)}{d^2 (cd - e)(cd + e) \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{b(2c^2 d^2 - e^2) \log\left(e + c\left(cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) x\right)}{d^2 (cd - e)(cd + e) \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-(a/(e*(d + e*x)^2)) - (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(d*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)
*(d + e*x)) - (b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(d^2*e
) + (b*(2*c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(d^2*(c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[c^2*d
^2 - e^2]) - (b*(2*c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Log[e + c*(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqr
t[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x])/(d^2*(c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5750, 1892, 1803, 603, 719, 223, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 5750

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1892 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^2 x^4} dx}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\ & \downarrow 1803 \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)^2 x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\ & \downarrow 603 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{e-\frac{d-\frac{e^2}{c^2}}{x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d \left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\ & \downarrow 719 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{e \left(2-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} d\frac{1}{x} - \left(1-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d \left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\ & \downarrow 223 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{e \left(2-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} d\frac{1}{x} - c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \left(1-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}\right)}{d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d \left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\ & \downarrow 488 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{-e \left(2-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}-\frac{1}{x^2}} d\frac{d+\frac{e}{c^2x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \left(1-\frac{e^2}{c^2d^2}\right)}{d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d \left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{d}{x}+e\right)} \right)}{2ce} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\ & \downarrow 219 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{-c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \left(1 - \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2}\right) - \frac{ce \left(2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c \left(\frac{e}{c^2 x} + d\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}}{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{d \left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) \left(\frac{d}{x} + e\right)} \right) - \frac{2ce}{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)} \frac{1}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*(-((e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(d*(d^2 - e^2/c^2)*(e + d/x))) - (-c*(1 - e^2/(c^2*d^2))*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]) - (c*e*(2 - e^2/(c^2*d^2))*ArcTanh[(c*(d + e/(c^2*x)))/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/(d^2 - e^2/c^2))/(2*c*e)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 603

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]},
Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] +
Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 1892

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[x^(m + mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /;
FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 5750

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 572 vs. 2(156) = 312.

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{2(cx+d)^2e} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{c^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2(cx+cd)^2e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) c^3d^3 + \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) c^3d^2 \right)}{2(cx+cd)^2e} \right)}{2(cx+cd)^2e}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{ac^3}{2(cx+cd)^2e} + bc^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2(cx+cd)^2e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) c^3d^3 + \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) c^3d^2 \right)}{2(cx+cd)^2e} \right)$
default	$-\frac{ac^3}{2(cx+cd)^2e} + bc^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2(cx+cd)^2e} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) c^3d^3 + \sqrt{\frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) c^3d^2 \right)}{2(cx+cd)^2e} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*a/(e*x+d)^2/e+b/c*(-1/2*c^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e*arccsc(c*x)+1/2/e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3+((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*c^3*d^2*e*x-2*ln(2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x-e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*c^3*d^3-2*ln(2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x-e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*c^3*d^2*e*x-((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*c*d*e^2-((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*e^3*c*x-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*c*d*e^2+ln(2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x-e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*c*d*e^2+ln(2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*e-d*c^2*x-e)/(c*e*x+c*d))*e^3*c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d^2/((c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*e*x+c*d))
```



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 545 vs.  $2(156) = 312$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1111, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*(a*c^4*d^6 + b*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - b*c*d^3*e^3 + a*d^2*e^4
+ (b*c^3*d^3*e^3 - b*c*d*e^5)*x^2 - (2*b*c^2*d^4*e - b*d^2*e^3 + (2*b*c^2
*d^2*e^3 - b*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 - b*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^
2)*log((c^3*d^2*x + c*d*e + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e) + (c^2*d^2 +
sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*c*d - e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(e*x + d) + 2*(b*c^3*d
^4*e^2 - b*c*d^2*e^4)*x + (b*c^4*d^6 - 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4)*arccsc
(c*x) + 2*(b*c^4*d^6 - 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 2*b*
c^2*d^2*e^4 + b*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^4*d^5*e - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^3 + b*d*e^5)*x)*
arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (b*c^2*d^4*e^2 - b*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^2*d^3
*e^3 - b*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^4*d^8*e - 2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + d^4*e^5
+ (c^4*d^6*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + d^2*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^7*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^
5*e^4 + d^3*e^6)*x), -1/2*(a*c^4*d^6 + b*c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - b*c
*d^3*e^3 + a*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^3*d^3*e^3 - b*c*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(2*b*c^2*d^4*e
- b*d^2*e^3 + (2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 - b*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 - b*d*e^4
)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*
e - sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c*e*x + c*d))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)) + 2*(b*c^3*d^4*e^
2 - b*c*d^2*e^4)*x + (b*c^4*d^6 - 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4)*arccsc(c*x)
+ 2*(b*c^4*d^6 - 2*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + b*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 2*b*c^2*d
^2*e^4 + b*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^4*d^5*e - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^3 + b*d*e^5)*x)*arcta
n(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (b*c^2*d^4*e^2 - b*d^2*e^4 + (b*c^2*d^3*e...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*(c^2*e^3*x^2 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x + c^2*d^2*e)*integrate(1/2*x*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 2*d*e^2*x - d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e - e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 2*d*e^2*x - d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e - e^3)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1))), x) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b/(e^3*x^2 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e) - 1/2*a/(e^3*x^2 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x + d^3} dx \right) b d^2 e + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x + d^3} dx \right) b d e^2 x + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x + d^3} dx \right) b e^2 x^2}{2e(e^2 x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3),x)*b*d**2
*e + 4*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3),x)*b*
d*e**2*x + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3)
,x)*b*e**3*x**2 - a)/(2*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

### 3.51 $\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 472

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{4bd\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}}{105ce} + \frac{4b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x(d+ex)^{3/2}}}{35ce} \\
 & \quad + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} \\
 & \quad + \frac{4b(5c^2d^2-9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{105c^4e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 & \quad - \frac{4bd(9c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{105c^4e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad - \frac{32bd^4\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{105ce^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-4/105*b*d*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e+4/35*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e+2/3*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-4/5*d*
(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^
3+4/105*b*(5*c^2*d^2-9*e^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2
*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)-4/105*b*d*(9*c^2*d^2-e^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d
+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-32/105*b*d
^4*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+
d)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 44.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 870, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, 3/2])/(e^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]))
+ (b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((-4*(-5*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(1
05*e^2) - (16*c^3*d^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/(105*e^3) - (2*c^3*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/7 -
(2*c^2*x^2*(2*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*d*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(35*e) - (8*c*x
*(c*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - c^2*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(105*e^2)))/Sqrt[d +
e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*((2*(9*c^3*d^3*e - c*d*e^3)*Sqrt[(c*d
+ c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[
2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) +
(2*(8*c^4*d^4 + 5*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 9*e^4)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e
)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(-5*c^3*d^3*e +
9*c*d*e^3)*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c^2*d*x*Sqrt
[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]
/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*S
qrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x
)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x
)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)])))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d + e)] + c
*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[
Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])))/(c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt
[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(105*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/c^4

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 24, number of rules used = 23,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.095$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 634, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321, 632, 186, 413, 412, 687, 27, 687, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5770 \\
 \frac{b \int \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (8d^2 - 12exd + 15e^2x^2)}{105e^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} c}{7e^3} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} 3e^3}{5e^3} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} +
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (8d^2 - 12exd + 15e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2} dx}{\frac{105ce^3}{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{\frac{3e^3}{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} + \\
& \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (8d^2 - 12exd + 15e^2x^2)}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
& \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15e^2x - 12de)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
& \downarrow 634 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2 - 2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15e^2x - 12de)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
& \downarrow 600 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15e^2x - 12de)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
& \downarrow 508
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 321

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) + \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$



632

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

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$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

186

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( -2d^2 \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

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$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

413

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

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$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

412

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15e^2x-12de)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

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$$\frac{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 687

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{15e\sqrt{d+ex}(4d^2c^2+dexc^2-3e^2)}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right) \right)$$

$105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(4d^2c^2+dexc^2-3e^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right) \right)$$

$105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 687

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{c^2(4d(3c^2d^2-2e^2)+e(13c^2d^2-9e^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right) \right)$$

$105ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4d(3c^2d^2-2e^2)+e(13c^2d^2-9e^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( 2, \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (13c^2d^2-9e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - d(cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{2}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2(13c^2d^2-9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \frac{d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} - d(cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{2}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{105ce^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -d(cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2(13c^2d^2-9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) - \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2d(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{2(13c^2d^2-9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) - \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} + 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2d(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(13c^2d^2-9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) - \frac{2}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right)$$

input

`Int [x^2*sqrt [d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc [c*x] ), x]`

output

```
(2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3) - (4*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)
*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^3) + (2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(7
*e^3) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-6*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
/c^2 - (3*e*((-2*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/3 + ((-2*(13*c^2*d^2
- 9*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*
d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]) + (2*d*(c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*Sqrt
[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(
c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/3)/c^2 + 8*d^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Ellipti
cE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/
(c*d + e)]) - (2*d*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1
- c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e
*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/
(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c]))/(105*c*e^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*
x^2)]*x)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 186

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 634 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - Int[(  
1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))*ExpandToSum[(c^(n + 1/2) - (c + d*x)^(n  
+ 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))  
) , x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp  
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x  
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&  
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq  
Q[f, 0])`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S  
ymbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +  
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide  
[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegran  
d[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]  
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((  
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b))))^FracPart[p])  
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !  
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1203 vs.  $2(421) = 842$ .

Time = 17.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	1204
default	Expression too large to display	1204
parts	Expression too large to display	1225

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/e^3*(a*(1/7*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}-2/5*d*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+1/3*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)})+b*( \\
& 1/7*arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}-2/5*arccsc(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+1/3*arccsc(c \\
& *x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}-2/105/c^4*(-3*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^3*(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}+7* \\
& (c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-5*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^2*(e*x+d)^{ \\
& (3/2)}-4*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1 \\
& /2)}*EllipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c^3 \\
& *d^3-5*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/ \\
& 2)}*EllipticE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c^3* \\
& d^3+8*d^3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{( \\
& 1/2)}*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e)) \\
& ^{(1/2)}/(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)})*c^3+(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+5*(( \\
& -c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*Ellipt \\
& icF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c^2*d^2*e-5*(( \\
& (-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*Ellip \\
& ticE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c^2*d^2*e+3* \\
& (c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c*e^2*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}-8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)} \\
& *((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1 \\
& /2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c*d*e^2+9*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}* \\
& ((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/ \\
& 2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c*d*e^2-(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c*d*e^2*(e*x+d)^{...}
\end{aligned}$$



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{16\sqrt{ex+d} a d^3 - 8\sqrt{ex+d} a d^2 e x + 6\sqrt{ex+d} a d e^2 x^2 + 30\sqrt{ex+d} a e^3 x^3 + 105 \left( \int \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right)}{105e^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**3 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 30*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**3*x**3 + 105*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**3)/(105*e**3)`

### 3.52 $\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	458
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Maxima [F(-2)]	470
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Mupad [F(-1)]	471
Reduce [F]	471

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 392

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 &= \frac{4b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex}}{15c} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 &+ \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{8bd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^2e\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 &+ \frac{4b(3c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^4e\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 &+ \frac{8bd^3\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15ce^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

4/15*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-2/3*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcc
sc(c*x))/e^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2-8/15*b*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2
)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+
e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+4/15*b*(3
*c^2*d^2-e^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(
-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8/15*b*d^3*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*E
llipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^2/(1
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))\,dx = \frac{1}{15} \left( \frac{4b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right. \\
 \left. + \frac{2a\sqrt{d+ex}(-2d^2+dex+3e^2x^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2b\sqrt{d+ex}(-2d^2+dex+3e^2x^2)\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2} \right) \\
 - \frac{4ib\sqrt{\frac{e(1+cx)}{-cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{e-cex}{cd+e}}(-2cd(cd-e)E\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\middle|\frac{cd+e}{cd-e}\right) + (-c^2d^2 - 2cde + e^2)\operatorname{Ellip}}{c^3e^2\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```

((4*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + (2*a*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-2*d^
2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))/e^2 + (2*b*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-2*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x
^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/e^2 - ((4*I)*b*Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-(c*d) + e)]*Sqrt[(e -
c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*(-2*c*d*(c*d - e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e
))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)] + (-c^2*d^2) - 2*c*d*e + e^2)*El
lipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)
] + 2*c^2*d^2*EllipticPi[1 + e/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[
d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)]))/(c^3*e^2*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[1 - 1
/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/15

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 22,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.158$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 27, 497, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321, 634, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5770 \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{2(2d-3ex)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{15e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{c} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{(2d-3ex)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{15ce^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(2d-3ex)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2351 \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int -\frac{3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 497 \\ & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{3d^2c^2+4dexc^2+e^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\ & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{\int \frac{3d^2c^2+4dexc^2+e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\ & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 600 \\ & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{4c^2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - (cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\ & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 508 \\ & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{-((cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx) - \frac{8cd\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{3c^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\ & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 327$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{-(cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{8cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\big|_{\frac{2e}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{3c^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2} \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{\frac{2(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{8cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\big|_{\frac{2e}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{3c^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2} \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

321

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3e \left( \frac{\frac{2(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\big|_{\frac{2e}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{3c^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2} \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

634

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2-2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) - 3e \left( \frac{\frac{2(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}}}{3c^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2} \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) - 3e \left( \frac{2(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} E\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right) - 15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) - 3e \left( \frac{2(cd-e)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right) - 15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) - 3e \left( \frac{2(cd-e)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right) - 15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right) - 15ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$



↓ 321

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right.$$

15ce<sup>2</sup>x√1

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 632

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right.$$

15ce<sup>2</sup>x√

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 186

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( -2d^2 \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right.$$

15

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

↓ 413

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right.$$

1

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 412 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(-2*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^2) + (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^2) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-3*e*((-2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + ((-8*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)] + (2*(c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(3*c^2) + 2*d*((-2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)] - (2*d*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(15*c*e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c  
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,  
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d  
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x  
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*  
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,  
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && S  
implifierSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x  
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +  
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b  
*(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +  
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n  
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p  
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q  
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c  
*q)])] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr  
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 634 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - Int[(1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))*ExpandToSum[(c^(n + 1/2) - (c + d*x)^(n + 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 826 vs. 2(351) = 702.

Time = 13.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 827, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}}{15} \right)$
default	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}}{15} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15} \right)}{e^2}$

input

```
int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/e^2*(-a*(-1/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*d)-b*(-1/5*arccsc(c*x)*(e*
x+d)^(5/2)+1/3*arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*d+2/15/c^3*(-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^
2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+d^2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)
/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e)
)^(1/2))*c^2+2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d
+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/
2))*c^2*d^2-2*d^2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(
c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/
(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^2+2*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(3
/2)-2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)
)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e
+2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*E
llipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e-(c
/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*
(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2
),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2+(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c/(c*
d-e))^(1/2)/x/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1
/2)))

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)x dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x*arccsc(c*x) + a*x)*sqrt(e*x + d), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x(a+b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x\left(a+b\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)\sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{ex+d}ad^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}adex + 6\sqrt{ex+d}ae^2x^2 + 15\left(\int\sqrt{ex+d}acsc(cx)xdx\right)be^2}{15e^2}$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)), x)`output `( - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x**2 + 15*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e**2)/(15*e**2)`



### 3.53 $\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	472
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Rubi [A] (verified)	474
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{4b\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

$$- \frac{4bd\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{4bd^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e-4/3*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)-4/3*b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4/3*b*d^2*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 657 vs.  $2(315) = 630$ .

Time = 31.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{2a(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e} + b(cd+ce x) \left( -\frac{2\left(2e\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}+cd\csc^{-1}(cx)+ce x\csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{e} + \frac{4d\sqrt{-c^2\left(1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)x^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(cd+e)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{\frac{cd+ce x}{cd+e}}}\right) - \frac{4(-c$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e) - (b*(c*d + c*e*x)*((-2*(2*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*d*ArcCsc[c*x] + c*e*x*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e + (4*d*Sqrt[-(c^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)))*x^2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)] - (4*(-(c*d) + e)*Sqrt[-(c^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)))*x^2])*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)] + ((c^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)))*x^2*(c*d + c*e*x) + c^2*d*x*Sqrt[-(c^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)))*x^2])*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*(c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-(c*d) + e)] + c*e*x*Sqrt[-(c^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)))*x^2])*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]*Sec[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*Sin[4*ArcCsc[c*x]])/(3*c^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {5750, 1898, 634, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5750} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} dx}{x\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}}{3ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{634} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \int \frac{-xe^2-2de}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}}{3ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}}{3ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{509}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right)}{3ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-cx}{\sqrt{2}}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-cx}{\sqrt{2}}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 321

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

↓ 633

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

↓ 632

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

↓ 186

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}d\sqrt{1-cx}}}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

↓ 413

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 412 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} + \\
 & 2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{3e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e) + (2*b*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*(-2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]) - (2*d*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]) - (2*d^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(3*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c  
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,  
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d  
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x  
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*  
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,  
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && S  
implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x  
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +  
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q  
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c  
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr  
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sq  
rt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)],  
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit  
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt  
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]  
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[  
a, 0]`

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1+b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1+b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \text{ !GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}(((A\_)+(B\_)(x\_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[B/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c-A*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 632  $\text{Int}[1/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1-q*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1+q*x]), x], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \text{ GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 633  $\text{Int}[1/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1+b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1+b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \text{ !GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 634  $\text{Int}(((c\_)+(d\_)(x\_))^(n\_)/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[c^(n+1/2) \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2]), x], x] - \text{Int}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2]))*\text{ExpandToSum}[(c^(n+1/2)-(c+d*x)^(n+1/2))/x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ IGtQ}[n-1/2, 0]$

rule 1898  $\text{Int}[(x_)^(m\_)*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^(mn2\_))^(p\_)*((d\_)+(e\_)(x_)^(n\_))^(q\_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a+c/x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])/(c+a*x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p])) \text{ Int}[x^(m-2*n*p)*(d+e*x^n)^q*(c+a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ EqQ}[mn2, -2*n] \ \&\& \text{ !IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \text{ !IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \text{ PosQ}[n]$

rule 5750  $\text{Int}(((a\_)+\text{ArcCsc}[c_](x_)]*(b_))*((d_)+(e_)(x_)^(m_)), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(d+e*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/(e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(c*e*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(d+e*x)^(m+1)/(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ NeQ}[m, -1]$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2 \left( 2d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) cd - d \operatorname{EllipticP} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{3e} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2 \left( 2d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) cd - d \operatorname{EllipticP} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{3e} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e} + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2 \left( 2d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) cd - d \operatorname{EllipticP} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{3e} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{e} \left( \frac{1}{3} a (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + b \left( \frac{1}{3} (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2}{3} c^2 \left( 2d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c - \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) cd - d \operatorname{EllipticP} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left(a + b\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}ad + 2\sqrt{ex+d}aex + 3\left(\int \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx\right) be}{3e} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e*x + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x),x)*b*e)/(3*e)`

### 3.54 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	483
Mathematica [N/A]	483
Rubi [N/A]	484
Maple [N/A]	484
Fricas [N/A]	485
Sympy [F(-1)]	485
Maxima [N/A]	485
Giac [N/A]	486
Mupad [N/A]	486
Reduce [N/A]	487

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 37.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(a+b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
a*sqrt(d)*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 2*d)) + b*integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/x, x) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*a
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{ex+d}a + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})a - \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{d})a + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}a\csc(cx)}{x} dx\right)b$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`output `2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a + int((sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x))/x,x)*b`



**3.55**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	488
Mathematica [N/A]	488
Rubi [N/A]	489
Maple [N/A]	489
Fricas [N/A]	490
Sympy [N/A]	490
Maxima [N/A]	490
Giac [N/A]	491
Mupad [N/A]	491
Reduce [N/A]	492

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(a+b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 28.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(a*e*x*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 2*d)) + 2*b*sqrt(d)*x*
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/x^2, x) -
2*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(d)*x)
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}ad + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})aex - \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{d})aex + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right)bd}{2dx}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x)- sqrt(d))*a*e*x - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*d*x)/(2*d*x)
```

### 3.56 $\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	493
Mathematica [C] (verified)	494
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Sympy [F(-1)]	504
Maxima [F(-2)]	504
Giac [F]	504
Mupad [F(-1)]	505
Reduce [F]	505

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 372

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \\
 & - \frac{4be\sqrt{d+ex}(1-c^2x^2)}{15c^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & - \frac{28bd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 & - \frac{4b(2c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & - \frac{4bd^3\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{5ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-4/15*b*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/5*(e*x+d)
^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e-28/15*b*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Elli
pticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/(1-1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)-4/15*b*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c
*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/
2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4/5*b*d^3*(c
*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2
^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2
)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{15} \left( \frac{4be\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{6a(d+ex)^{5/2}}{e} + \frac{6b(d+ex)^{5/2}\csc^{-1}(cx)}{e} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{4ib\sqrt{\frac{e(1+cx)}{-cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{e-cex}{cd+e}}\left(-7cd(cd-e)E\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\middle|\frac{cd+e}{cd-e}\right) + (9c^2d^2 - 7cde + e^2)\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\right)}{c^3e\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
((4*b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + (6*a*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/e
+ (6*b*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/e - ((4*I)*b*Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d
d) + e]]*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*(-7*c*d*(c*d - e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)] + (9*c^2*d^2 -
7*c*d*e + e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c
*d + e)/(c*d - e)] - 3*c^2*d^2*EllipticPi[1 + e/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/
(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)))]/(c^3*e*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d +
e))]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/15
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.944$ , Rules used = {5750, 1898, 634, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412, 2185, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5750} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} dx}{5ce} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{x\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{5ce x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{634} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} \left( d^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \int \frac{-x^2e^3-3dxe^2-3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{5ce x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{633} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} - \int \frac{-x^2e^3-3dxe^2-3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{5ce x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{632}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx - \int \frac{-x^2e^3-3dxe^2-3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{5ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 186 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} - \int \frac{-x^2e^3-3dxe^2-3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{5ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 413 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \int \frac{-x^2e^3-3dxe^2-3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{5ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 412 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\int \frac{-x^2e^3-3dxe^2-3d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} \right)}{5ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{e^3(9d^2c^2+7dexc^2+e^2)}{2c^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} + \frac{2}{3}e^2\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d} \right)}{5ce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \int \frac{9d^2c^2 + 7dexc^2 + e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} + \frac{2}{3}e^2\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e  
↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( (2c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + 7c^2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e  
↓ 509

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( (2c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{7c^2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e  
↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( (2c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{14cd\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}$$

5e

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( (2c^2d^2 + e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{14cd\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 512

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2d^2 + e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{14cd\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{14cd\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

↓ 321

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} + \\
& 2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2d^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + e + d}} + \frac{e\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e) + (2*b*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*(2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2])/3 + (e*((-14*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]))/(Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]) - (2*(2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]))/(3*c^2) - (2*d^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(5*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c  
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,  
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d  
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x  
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*  
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,  
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && S  
implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x  
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +  
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q  
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c  
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr  
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sq  
rt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)],  
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit  
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt  
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]  
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[  
a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp`  
`p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^`  
`2/a))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]`  
`), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp`  
`[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,`  
`b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :`  
`> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 -`  
`q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[`  
`a, 0]`

rule 633 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :`  
`> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1`  
`+ b*(x^2/a))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 634 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=`  
`Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] - Int[(`  
`1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))*ExpandToSum[(c^(n + 1/2) - (c + d*x)^(n`  
`+ 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n - 1/2, 0]`

rule 1898 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(`  
`q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(`  
`c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n`  
`))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !I`  
`ntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]`

rule 2185

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

rule 5750

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/
(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 797 vs. 2(335) = 670.

Time = 12.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 798, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2b \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15} + \frac{6d^2 \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd+e}}}{15} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2b \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15} + \frac{6d^2 \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd+e}}}{15} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{\arccsc(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15} + \frac{6d^2 \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd+e}}}{15} \right)}{e}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/e*(1/5*a*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+b*(1/5*arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/15/c^3*((c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+9*d^2*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2-7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-3*d^2*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^2+(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e-7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/x/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) (d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))*(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} a d^2 + 4\sqrt{ex + d} a d e x + 2\sqrt{ex + d} a e^2 x^2 + 5 \left( \int \sqrt{ex + d} a \operatorname{csc}(cx) x dx \right) b e^2}{5e}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x**2 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e**2 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x)*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d*e)/(5*e)`

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

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Reduce [F]	518

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 493

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\
&= -\frac{32bd\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}{105ce^2} + \frac{4b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{35ce^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{4b(16c^2d^2+9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{105c^4e^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
&\quad + \frac{32bd(5c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{105c^4e^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
&\quad + \frac{64bd^4\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{35ce^4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-32/105*b*d*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e^2+4/35*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e^2-2*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4+2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4-6/5*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4+2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4-4/105*b*(16*c^2*d^2+9*e^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+32/105*b*d*(5*c^2*d^2+e^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+64/35*b*d^4*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 33.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, 1/2])/(e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (
b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((-4*(16*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(105*
e^3) + (32*c^3*d^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/(35*e^4) - (2*c^3*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/(7*e) -
(4*c^2*x^2*(e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 3*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(35*e^2) + (4*c
*x*(5*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 12*c^2*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(105*e^3)))/S
qrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*((2*(40*c^3*d^3*e + 8*c*d*e^3)*
Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 -
c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x
)^(3/2)) + (2*(48*c^4*d^4 + 16*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 9*e^4)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*
d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*
e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(-16
*c^3*d^3*e - 9*c*d*e^3)*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) +
c^2*d*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[
Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)
/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt
[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt
[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c
*d) + e] + c*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Elliptic
Pi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]))/(c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c
^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(105*e^4*Sqrt[d + e*...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 637, 2009, 2185, 27, 687, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 5770

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(16d^3-8exd^2+6e^2x^2d-5e^3x^3)}{35e^4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} \frac{c}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} +$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16d^3-8exd^2+6e^2x^2d-5e^3x^3)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{\frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} \frac{35ce^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} +$$

↓ 7272

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16d^3-8exd^2+6e^2x^2d-5e^3x^3)}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} +$$

↓ 2351

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{\frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} +$$

↓ 637

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{\frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} \frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \frac{e^4}{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} +$$

↓ 2009

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-5x^2e^3+6dxe^2-8d^2e)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4}$$

↓ 2185

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2\int \frac{5e^3\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2c^2-8dexc^2+3e^2)}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2e^2} + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -e\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2c^2-8dexc^2+3e^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4}$$

↓ 687

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{16}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{c^2(d(24c^2d^2+e^2)+e(16c^2d^2+9e^2)x) dx}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{3c^2} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{d(24c^2d^2+e^2)+e(16c^2d^2+9e^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{16}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 8d(c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + (16c^2d^2+9e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{16}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)$$

$$35ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 508



$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 8d(c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{16}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 1$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}e^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}e^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 8d(c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) + \frac{16}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{c^2} \right) + 1$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}e^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}e^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{16d(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right)}{c^2} \right) + 1$$

$$\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}e^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}e^4(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

321

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2d^3\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^4} - \frac{6d(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(-\frac{16d(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+9e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{c^2} \right) + \frac{16}{3}de \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]
```

```
output (-2*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/e^4 + (2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/e^4 - (6*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5*e^4) + (2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(7*e^4) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (e*((16*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/3 + ((-2*(16*c^2*d^2 + 9*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e]) - (16*d*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x])/3))/c^2 + 16*d^3*((-2*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e])*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(35*c*e^4*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 637  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x^2)^p/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x^m*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1/2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 687  $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2185

```

Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))

```

rule 2351

```

Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_S
ymbol] :=> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p/x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]

```

rule 5770

```

Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :=> With[{v = IntHide
[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegran
d[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

```

rule 7272

```

Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]

```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1232 vs.  $2(442) = 884$ .

Time = 15.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1233
default	Expression too large to display	1233
parts	Expression too large to display	1251

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/e^4*(-a*(-1/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+3/5*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)-d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/7*arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+3/5*arccsc(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)-arccsc(c*x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+arccsc(c*x)*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/105/c^4*(-3*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2)+14*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)-19*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^3*d^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+24*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3+16*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3-48*d^3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^3+8*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-16*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e+16*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e+3*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c*e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e^2+9*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))...`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^3)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-32\sqrt{ex + d} a d^3 + 16\sqrt{ex + d} a d^2 ex - 12\sqrt{ex + d} a d e^2 x^2 + 10\sqrt{ex + d} a e^3 x^3 + 35 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx \right) b e}{35e^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 32*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**3 + 16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2*e*x - 12*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**3*x**3 + 35*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e**4)/(35*e**4)`

$$3.58 \quad \int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	519
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	520
Rubi [A] (verified)	521
Maple [B] (verified)	527
Fricas [F(-1)]	528
Sympy [F]	529
Maxima [F(-2)]	529
Giac [F]	529
Mupad [F(-1)]	530
Reduce [F]	530

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 418

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\
&= \frac{4b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}}{15ce} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{4bd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{5c^2e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}} \\
&\quad - \frac{4b(7c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^4e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
&\quad - \frac{32bd^3\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15ce^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}}
\end{aligned}$$



output

```
4/15*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e+2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-4/3*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+4/5*b*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)-4/15*b*(7*c^2*d^2+e^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-32/15*b*d^3*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 33.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = -\frac{ad^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex}{d}} B_{-\frac{ex}{d}}\left(3, \frac{1}{2}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$+ b \left( \frac{c\left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right)x \left( \frac{4cd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{5e^2} - \frac{16c^2d^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{15e^3} - \frac{2c^2x^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{5e} - \frac{4cx \left( e\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - 2cd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{15e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x}}\sqrt{cx} \left( \frac{2(7c^2d^2e + e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex}{d}}}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x)/d]*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, 1/2])/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]))
+ (b*(-((c*(e + d/x)*x*((4*c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(5*e^2) - (16*c^2*d^
2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(15*e^3) - (2*c^2*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5*e) - (4*c*x*(e*Sqrt[1
- 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 2*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(15*e^2)))/Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[
e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*((2*(7*c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*S
qrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]
)/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(8*c^3*d^3 + 3*c*
d*e^2)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSi
n[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e
+ d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (6*c*d*e*cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2
*x^2) + c^2*d*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[
ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e -
c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcS
in[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcS
in[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x
))/(-c*d + e)] + c*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*E
llipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt[1 - 1
/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(15*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x
])))/c^3

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 637, 687, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5770} \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2-4exd+3e^2x^2)}{15e^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{c} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2-4exd+3e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{\frac{15ce^3}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(8d^2-4exd+3e^2x^2)}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(3e^2x-4de)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{637} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(3e^2x-4de)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{3e(4d^2c^2+3dexc^2-\epsilon^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} + 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right)}{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \\
& \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \int \frac{4d^2c^2+3dexc^2-e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2} + 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right) +$$


---


$$\frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( (c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 3c^2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right) +$$


---


$$\frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( (c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} \right) +$$


---


$$\frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( (c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{c^2} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2} + 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

↓ 321

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{e \left( \frac{2(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right) - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \frac{15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{4d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{e \left( -\frac{2(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{c^2} \right) + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}{c^2x^2} \right)$$


---


$$15ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

```
input Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]
```

```
output (2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/e^3 - (4*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3) + (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^3) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (e*((-6*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)] - (2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/c^2 + 8*d^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(15*c*e^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 637  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x^2)^p/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x^m*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1/2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n + 1/2] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 687  $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

```
rule 2351 Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 5770 Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))* (u_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 7272 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b))))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 849 vs. 2(375) = 750.

Time = 13.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 850, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
derivativedivides	$2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + d^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right) + 2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{cd} \right)$
default	$2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + d^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right) + 2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{cd} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + d^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{e^3} + 2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{cd} \right)$



input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/e^3*(a*(1/5*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-2/3*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*d+d^2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})+b*(1/5* \\ & \arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}-2/3*\arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*d+\arccsc(c*x)*d^2* \\ & (e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+2/15/c^3*((c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^2*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}+4*d^2*((-c*(e* \\ & x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}((e \\ & *x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c^2+3*((-c*(e*x+d)+ \\ & c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}((e*x+d) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c^2*d^2-8*d^2*((-c*(e*x+ \\ & d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticPi}((e* \\ & x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}/(c/(c*d-e))^{( \\ & 1/2)})*c^2-2*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}-3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c \\ & *d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/ \\ & /c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c*d*e+3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d- \\ & e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticE}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c \\ & *d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*c*d*e+(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*(e*x \\ & +d)^{(1/2)}+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^{( \\ & 1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)},((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)})*e \\ & ^2-(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*e^2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})/(c/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}/x/(c^2*(e*x+d)^ \\ & 2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{16\sqrt{ex + d} a d^2 - 8\sqrt{ex + d} a d e x + 6\sqrt{ex + d} a e^2 x^2 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx \right) b e^3}{15e^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(16*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d**2 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d*e*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e**2*x**2 + 15*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e**3)/(15*e**3)`

$$3.59 \quad \int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	531
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	532
Rubi [A] (verified)	533
Maple [A] (verified)	536
Fricas [F]	537
Sympy [F]	537
Maxima [F(-2)]	538
Giac [F]	538
Mupad [F(-1)]	538
Reduce [F]	539

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 344

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\
 &= -\frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{4b\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 & \quad + \frac{8bd^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad + \frac{8bd^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3ce^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-2*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x
))/e^2-4/3*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)
)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+8/3*b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(1-1/c^2/
x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8/3*b*d^2*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))
/c/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( a(-2d + ex)(d + ex) + b(-2d + ex)(d + ex) \csc^{-1}(cx) - \frac{2bde \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

```

(2*(a*(-2*d + e*x)*(d + e*x) + b*(-2*d + e*x)*(d + e*x)*ArcCsc[c*x] - (2*b
*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSi
n[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (2*b*e*Sqr
t[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - e)]*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d +
e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)
/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)
/(c*d + e)]))/((c*(-1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-(c*d) + e)] - (4*b*c*d^2
*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSi
n[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*e^2*Sqr
t[d + e*x])

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 25, 27, 508, 327, 637, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5770} \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{2(2d-ex)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{c} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{(2d-ex)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(2d-ex)\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int -\frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \int \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 637 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} + 2d \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( 2, \sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)}{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `(-2*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/e^2 + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^2) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]) + 2*d*((-2*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(3*c*e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 637 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x], x^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



```
rule 2351 Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(x_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] +
Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 5770 Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(u_), x_Symbol] :> With[{v = IntHide
[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegran
d[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 7272 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b))))^FracPart[p]])
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d\sqrt{ex+d} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2 \left( d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c + \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{cd+e} \right)$
default	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d\sqrt{ex+d} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{2 \left( d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c + \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{cd+e} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - d\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2 \left( d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) c + \operatorname{EllipticE} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{cd+e} \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e^2*(-a*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+d*(e*x+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsc
c(c*x)+arccsc(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3/c^2*(d*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(
c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c+EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e
))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d-2*d*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d
-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c-EllipticF(
(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e+EllipticE((e*x+
d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)
/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/x/((c
^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x*arccsc(c*x) + a*x)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c\*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{ex + d}ad + 2\sqrt{ex + d}aex + 3\left(\int \frac{\csc^{-1}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx\right) b e^2}{3e^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*e*x + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e**2)/(3*e**2)`

### 3.60 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	540
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	541
Rubi [A] (verified)	541
Maple [A] (verified)	543
Fricas [F(-1)]	544
Sympy [F]	544
Maxima [F(-2)]	545
Giac [F]	545
Mupad [F(-1)]	545
Reduce [F]	546

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d + ex}}} - \frac{4bd\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d + ex}}}$$

output

```
2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e-4*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{a(d+ex)}{e} + \frac{b \left( (d+ex) \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{2cd\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right)}{e} \right) + \frac{2bcx^2\sqrt{1+cx}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{e}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*(d + e*x))/e + (b*((d + e*x)*ArcCsc[c*x] + (2*c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/e + (2*b*c*x^2*Sqrt[1 + c*x]*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]*(Cos[ArcCsc[c*x]/2] - Sin[ArcCsc[c*x]/2])^3*(Cos[ArcCsc[c*x]/2] + Sin[ArcCsc[c*x]/2]))/(Sqrt[1 - c*x]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))))/Sqrt[d + e*x]
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {5750, 1898, 637, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5750}$$

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{ce} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1898 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
 & \downarrow 637 \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \left( \frac{d}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right) dx}{ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e} + \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e + (2*b*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*((-2*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]) - (2*d*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]))/(c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 637 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x], x^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && IntegerQ[m]`

```
rule 1898 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5750 Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$2\sqrt{ex+d}a+2b \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \left( \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}}} x \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} \right)$
default	$2\sqrt{ex+d}a+2b \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \left( \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}}} x \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{ex+d}}{e} + \frac{2b \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)-cd-e}{cd+e}} \left( \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+e}}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right)\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}}} x \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} \right)}{e}$

```
input int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
2/e*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*a+b*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsc(c*x)+2/c*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/
(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)
*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))-EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c
*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)))/((c^2*(e*
x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)
))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c\*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} a + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx \right) be}{e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a + int(acsc(c*x)/sqrt(d + e*x),x)*b*e)/e`

### 3.61 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	547
Mathematica [N/A]	547
Rubi [N/A]	548
Maple [N/A]	548
Fricas [N/A]	549
Sympy [F(-1)]	549
Maxima [N/A]	549
Giac [N/A]	550
Mupad [N/A]	550
Reduce [N/A]	550

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*sqrt[d + e*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*sqrt(d)*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x) + a*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 2*d))/sqrt(d)`

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x), x)`

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt{ex+d} - \sqrt{d}\right) a - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{d}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{a \csc(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+dx}} dx\right) bd}{d}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*x),x)*b*d)/d`



### 3.62 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	552
Mathematica [N/A]	552
Rubi [N/A]	553
Maple [N/A]	553
Fricas [N/A]	554
Sympy [N/A]	554
Maxima [N/A]	554
Giac [N/A]	555
Mupad [N/A]	555
Reduce [N/A]	556

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d + ex}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^3 + d*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 21.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(2*b*d^(3/2)*x*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(sqrt
(e*x + d)*x^2), x) - a*e*x*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 2*d))
- 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*sqrt(d))/(d^(3/2)*x)
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex + d} ad - \sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{ex + d} - \sqrt{d}) aex + \sqrt{d} \log(\sqrt{ex + d} + \sqrt{d}) aex + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex + d} x^2} dx \right) b d^2 x}{2d^2 x}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*d - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x)- sqrt(d))*a*e*x + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*x**2),x)*b*d**2*x)/(2*d**2*x)
```

**3.63** 
$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	557
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	558
Rubi [A] (verified)	559
Maple [B] (verified)	566
Fricas [F]	567
Sympy [F(-1)]	568
Maxima [F(-2)]	568
Giac [F]	568
Mupad [F(-1)]	569
Reduce [F]	569

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}{15ce^2} + \frac{2d^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + \frac{32bd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^2e^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{4b(32c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15c^4e^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{64bd^3\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{5ce^4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
4/15*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/e^2+2*d^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e
^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+6*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4-2*d*(e*x+d)^(3/
2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4+32/15*b*d
*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(
1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(
1/2)-4/15*b*(32*c^2*d^2+e^2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^4/e^3/(
1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-64/5*b*d^3*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e
))^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 33.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 814, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ad^4(1 + \frac{ex}{d})^{3/2} B_{-\frac{ex}{d}}(4, -\frac{1}{2})}{e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ b \left[ \frac{c^2 \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 x^2 \left( \frac{32cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{15e^3} - \frac{32c^2 d^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{5e^4} + \frac{2e^2 d^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e^3 \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)} - \frac{2c^2 x^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{5e^2} - \frac{2cx \left( 2e \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - 9cd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{15e^3} \right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right] + \frac{2 \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{3/2} ( \dots )}{ \dots }$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, -1/2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
+ (b*(-((c^2*(e + d/x)^2*x^2*((32*c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(15*e^3) -
(32*c^2*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5*e^4) + (2*c^2*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e^3*(e + d/x))
- (2*c^2*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5*e^2) - (2*c*x*(2*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 9
*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(15*e^3)))/(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(e + d/x)^(3/2)*(c*x)^(
3/2)*((2*(32*c^2*d^2*e + e^3)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 -
1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(48*c^3*d^3 + 8*c*d*e^2)*Sqrt
[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 -
c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x
)^(3/2)) - (16*c*d*e*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c^
2*d*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqr
t[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c
*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c
*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c
*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)])))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d)
+ e]) + c*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[
2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])))/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)
]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(15*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/c^4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 632, 186, 413, 412, 2185, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5770$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{2(16d^3 + 8exd^2 - 2e^2x^2d + e^3x^3)}{5e^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{c} + \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2 \sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b \int \frac{16d^3 + 8exd^2 - 2e^2x^2d + e^3x^3}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{5ce^4} + \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \\
& \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{16d^3 + 8exd^2 - 2e^2x^2d + e^3x^3}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{x^2e^3 - 2dxe^2 + 8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{632} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3 - 2dxe^2 + 8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \right)}{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{186} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3 - 2dxe^2 + 8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 32d^3 \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx} \right)}{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{413}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3-2dxe^2+8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{c x \sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{412} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{x^2e^3-2dxe^2+8d^2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2185} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2\int -\frac{e^3(24d^2c^2-8dexc^2+e^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2e^2} - \frac{32d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e\int \frac{24d^2c^2-8dexc^2+e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{32d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2} \right)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{600}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( (32c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 8c^2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{32d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( 2, \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} - 2e \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}} \frac{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( (32c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{16cd\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} dx \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{32d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( 2, \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}} \frac{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( (32c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{16cd\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{32d^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( 2, \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}} \frac{(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{16cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{2(32c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{3c^2} \right) - \frac{32d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{-}}$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4}$$

321

$$\frac{2d^3(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a + b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^4} + 2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{16cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{2(32c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3c^2} \right) - \frac{32d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{-}}$$

$$5ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*d^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^4 - (2*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^4 + (2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^4) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (e*((16*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)] - (2*(32*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(3*c^2) - (32*d^3*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])/(5*c*e^4*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 508

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q
= Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c
*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr
t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 511

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]
```

rule 600

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

rule 632

```
Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 -
q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]
```

rule 2185

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 879 vs.  $2(398) = 796$ .

Time = 14.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 880, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d - 3d^2\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d - 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \right)$
default	$-2a \left( -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d - 3d^2\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right) - 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d - 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 3d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{d^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{e^4} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{d^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \right)}{e^4}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2/e^4*(-a*(-1/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+(e*x+d)^(3/2)*d-3*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-d^3/(e*x
+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/5*arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+arccsc(c*x)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*d-3
*arccsc(c*x)*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-arccsc(c*x)*d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/15/c^3*((c/
(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)+24*d^2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e)^(1/2)
*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1
/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2+8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e)^(1/2)*((-c
*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),
(c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2-48*d^2*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e)^(1/2)*
((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1
/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^2-2*(c/(c*d-e))^(
1/2)*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e)^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)
+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/
(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e+8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e)^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*
d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*
d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e+(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*
d-e)/(c*d-e)^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(
1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*e^2*
(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/x/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2
-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)))

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^
2), x)
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}d + \sqrt{ex+d}ex} dx \right) b e^4 + 32a d^3 + 16a d^2 ex - 4ad e^2 x^2 + 2a e^3 x^3}{5\sqrt{ex + d} e^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x), x)*b*e**4 + 32*a*d**3 + 16*a*d**2*e*x - 4*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*e**3*x**3)/(5*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4)`

**3.64** 
$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	570
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	571
Rubi [A] (verified)	572
Maple [A] (verified)	578
Fricas [F(-1)]	579
Sympy [F(-1)]	579
Maxima [F(-2)]	579
Giac [F]	580
Mupad [F(-1)]	580
Reduce [F]	580

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 369

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ & -\frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\ & -\frac{4b\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\ & +\frac{20bd\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ & +\frac{32bd^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3ce^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-4/3*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+20/3*b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+32/3*b*d^2*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 33.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ad^3(1 + \frac{ex}{d})^{3/2} B_{-\frac{ex}{d}}(3, -\frac{1}{2})}{e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ b \left[ -\frac{c^2 \left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 x^2 \left( -\frac{4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2} + \frac{16cd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e^3} - \frac{2cd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2 \left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{2cx \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e^2} \right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \left(e + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2} (cx)^{3/2} \left( \frac{10cde \sqrt{\frac{cd+ce}{cd+e}} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{a}{c}, \frac{1}{c} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)\right)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \sqrt{e + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(3/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, -1/2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) + (b*(-((c^2*(e + d/x)^2*x^2*(-4*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(3*e^2) + (16*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^3) - (2*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e^2*(e + d/x)) - (2*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^2)))/(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(e + d/x)^(3/2)*(c*x)^(3/2)*((10*c*d*e*sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(8*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) - (2*e*cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c^2*d*x*sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d + e)] + c*e*x*sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]))/(sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*sqrt[e + d/x]*sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2))))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/c^3

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5770$$

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{2(8d^2 + 4exd - e^2x^2)}{3e^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{c} - \frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4d \sqrt{d + ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} +$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2b \int \frac{8d^2 + 4exd - e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{3ce^3} - \frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{8d^2 + 4exd - e^2x^2}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
& - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{4de - e^2x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{600} \\
& - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 5de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{508} \\
& - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 5de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{327}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 5de \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{10de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \frac{d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 321

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{10de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 632

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx - \frac{10de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 186

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -16d^2 \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx} - \frac{10de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 413 \\
 & 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{16d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{10de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 412 \\
 & -\frac{2d^2(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{16d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{10de\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (4*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^3 + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]) - (10*d*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (16*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c]))/(3*c*e^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272

```
Int[(u_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 11.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right) + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} - 2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2 \left( 4d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{3} \right)$
default	$2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right) + 2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} - 2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2 \left( 4d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{3} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{e^3} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3} - 2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2 \left( 4d \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} \right)}{3} \right)}{e^3}$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/e^3*(a*(1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2))+b*(1/3*(e
*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsc(c*x)-2*arccsc(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-arccsc(c*x)*d^2/(e*x
+d)^(1/2)-2/3/c^2*(4*d*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),(c*d-e)/
(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c+EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),(c*d-e)/(c*d+
e))^(1/2))*c*d-8*d*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/
d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c-EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e
))^(1/2),(c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e+EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1
/2),(c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e
*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/x/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e
*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c\*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}d + \sqrt{ex+d}ex} dx \right) b e^3 - 16a d^2 - 8adex + 2a e^2 x^2}{3\sqrt{ex + d} e^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x),x)*b*e**3 - 16*a*d**2 - 8*a*d*e*x + 2*a*e**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3)`

### 3.65 $\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	581
Mathematica [C] (verified)	582
Rubi [A] (verified)	582
Maple [A] (verified)	587
Fricas [F(-1)]	587
Sympy [F]	588
Maxima [F(-2)]	588
Giac [F]	588
Mupad [F(-1)]	589
Reduce [F]	589

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

$$- \frac{4b \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c^2 e \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}}$$

$$- \frac{8bd \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{ce^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d+ex}}}$$

output

```
2*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/
e^2-4*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)
)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*
x+d)^(1/2)-8*b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1
/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{a(2d+ex)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{b(2d+ex) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2ib \sqrt{\frac{e(1+cx)}{-cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{e-cex}{cd+e}} \left( \text{EllipticF} \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}} \sqrt{d+ex} \right), c \sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}} \right) \right)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*((a*(2*d + e*x))/Sqrt[d + e*x] + (b*(2*d + e*x)*ArcCsc[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x] - ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d) + e])*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)] - 2*EllipticPi[1 + e/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)])))/(c*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x))/e^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 27, 511, 321, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5770

$$\frac{b \int \frac{2(2d+ex)}{e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{ce^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{2d+ex}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 511 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 321 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 632
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 186 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -4d \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx} - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 413 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{4d\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 412 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4d\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} \right)}{ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(2*d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*Ar
cCsc[c*x]))/e^2 + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-2*e*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d +
e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*Sqrt[d +
e*x]) - (4*d*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[
1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c]))/(c*
e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 186

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 412

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*
(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && S
implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])
```

rule 413

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2 Int[1/((a +
b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))* (u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x]] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b))))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
parts	$\frac{2a\left(\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2b\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)-cd-e}{cd+e}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d}, \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d}}\right)\right)}{e^2}\right)}{e^2}$
derivativelimit	$-2a\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right) - 2b\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d}, \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d}}\right)\right)}{e^2}\right)$
default	$-2a\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{ex+d}}\right) - 2b\left(-\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{ex+d}, \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d}}\right)\right)}{e^2}\right)$

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*a/e^2*((e*x+d)^(1/2)+d/(e*x+d)^(1/2))+2*b/e^2*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsc(c*x)
+arccsc(c*x)*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*c*(-(c*(e*x+d)-c*d+e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*(-(c*(
e*x+d)-c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((
c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))-2*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c
*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)))/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x
+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex+d}d + \sqrt{ex+d}ex} dx \right) b e^2 + 4ad + 2aex}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x),x)*  
b*e**2 + 4*a*d + 2*a*e*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2)`

### 3.66 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	590
Mathematica [A] (verified)	590
Rubi [A] (verified)	591
Maple [A] (verified)	594
Fricas [F]	594
Sympy [F]	595
Maxima [F(-2)]	595
Giac [F]	595
Mupad [F(-1)]	596
Reduce [F]	596

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{ce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

output

```
(-2*a-2*b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2(-1 + c^2x^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + 4bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{e\sqrt{d + ex}(-1 + c^2x^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) + 4*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$ , Rules used = {5750, 1898, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5750$$

$$-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{ce} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1898$$

$$-\frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 633$$

$$-\frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 632$$

$$-\frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 186$$



$$\frac{4b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{cex\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{4b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{cex\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{4b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{cex\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 633 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1898 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]`

rule 5750 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \frac{cd-e}{cd}, \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+e}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}} x d \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}}\right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \frac{cd-e}{cd}, \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+e}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}} x d \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}}\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd-e}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \frac{cd-e}{cd}, \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd+e}}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c^2(ex+d)^2-2c^2d(ex+d)+c^2d^2-e^2}{c^2e^2x^2}} x d \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}}\right)}{e}$

```
input int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/e*(-a/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+b*(-1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsc(c*x)+2/c/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))))
```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{a \csc(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d} d + \sqrt{ex+d} ex} dx \right) be - 2a}{\sqrt{ex + d} e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x), x)*b*e - 2*a)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*e)`

$$3.67 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	597
Mathematica [N/A]	597
Rubi [N/A]	598
Maple [N/A]	598
Fricas [N/A]	599
Sympy [F(-1)]	599
Maxima [N/A]	599
Giac [N/A]	600
Mupad [N/A]	600
Reduce [N/A]	601

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 11.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `((b*d^(3/2)*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/((e*x^2 + d*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) + a*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d + 2*d)))*sqrt(e*x + d) + 2*a*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(e*x + d)*d^(3/2))`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ex + d} \log(\sqrt{ex + d} - \sqrt{d}) a - \sqrt{d} \sqrt{ex + d} \log(\sqrt{ex + d} + \sqrt{d}) a + \sqrt{ex + d}}{\sqrt{ex + d} d^2}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a + sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x**2),x)*b*d**2 + 2*a*d)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2)`

### 3.68 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	602
Mathematica [N/A]	602
Rubi [N/A]	603
Maple [N/A]	603
Fricas [N/A]	604
Sympy [N/A]	604
Maxima [N/A]	604
Giac [N/A]	605
Mupad [N/A]	605
Reduce [N/A]	606

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^2(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 92.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(b*d^2*e*x^2 + b*d^3*x)*sqrt(d)*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/((e*x^3 + d*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 2*(3*a*e*x + a*d)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) - 3*(a*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e*x)*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d))*sqrt(d) + 2*d))/((d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x)*sqrt(d))`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d}) aex + 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{d}) aex}{2\sqrt{ex+d}d^3x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e*x**3),x)*b*d**3*x - 2*a*d**2 - 6*a*d*e*x)/(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3*x)`

**3.69** 
$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	607
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	608
Rubi [A] (verified)	609
Maple [B] (verified)	619
Fricas [F]	620
Sympy [F(-1)]	621
Maxima [F(-2)]	621
Giac [F]	621
Mupad [F(-1)]	622
Reduce [F]	622

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 462

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{4bcd^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}{3e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ &+ \frac{2d^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} \\ &+ \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + \frac{4b\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2e(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\ &+ \frac{32bd\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3c^2e^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ &+ \frac{64bd^2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3ce^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$



output

```

4/3*b*c*d^2*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*d^3*
(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-6*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^(1
/2)-6*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^4+2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(
c*x))/e^4+4/3*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+32/3*b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2
))/c^2/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+64/3*b*d^2*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+
e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1
/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^4/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 33.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 887, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*d^4*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 4, -3/2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
+ (b*(-((c^3*(e + d/x)^3*x^3*(-4*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(3*e*(-(c^2*d^2)
+ e^2)) + (32*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^4) - (2*c*d*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^2*(e +
d/x)^2) - (2*c*x*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^3) - (2*(-2*c^2*d^2*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*
x^2)] - 7*c^3*d^3*ArcCsc[c*x] + 7*c*d*e^2*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3*(-(c^2*d^2)
+ e^2)*(e + d/x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*(e + d/x)^(5/2)*(c*x)^(5/2)*((2
*(8*c^3*d^3*e - 8*c*d*e^3)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c
^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(16*c^4*d^4 - 16*c^2*d^2*e^2 - e^
4)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sq
rt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/
x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*e^3*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)
+ c^2*d*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin
[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)
]/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqr
t[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqr
t[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)])))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-(
c*d) + e)] + c*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Ellipti
cPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])))/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*
x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(3*(c*d - e)*e^4*(c*d + ...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 22,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.048$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 508, 327, 632, 186, 413, 412, 2182, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5770

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int -\frac{2(16d^3+24exd^2+6e^2x^2d-e^3x^3)}{3e^4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{c} + \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
& \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{2b \int \frac{16d^3+24exd^2+6e^2x^2d-e^3x^3}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce^4} + \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
& \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7272 \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{16d^3+24exd^2+6e^2x^2d-e^3x^3}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
& \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2351 \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 635 \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 498 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{d} \right) \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \\
& \frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
& \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

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$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \sqrt{2}}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) \right) \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

632

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) \right) \right) + \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

186

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{3e^4}{3e^4}$$

413

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 16d^3 \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{3e^4}{3e^4}$$

412

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{-x^2e^3+6dxe^2+24d^2e}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{e} \right) + \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^4} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{3e^4}{3e^4}$$

2182

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e^{(d(24c^2d^2-7e^2)+e(16c^2d^2+e^2)x)} dx}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) - 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \int \frac{d(24c^2d^2-7e^2)+e(16c^2d^2+e^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) - 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( 8d(c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + (16c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} + 16d^3 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) - 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{8d(c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + 3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{8d(c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + 3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{16d(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(16c^2d^2+e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} + 3ce^4x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{2d^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6d\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^4} + \\
 & \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^4} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e \left( -\frac{16d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(16c^2d^2 + e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{c^2d^2 - e^2} \right) + 16d^3 \left( - \right. \\
 & \left. \right) \frac{1}{3ce^4x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*d^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (6*d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^4*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (6*d*sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^4 + (2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^4) - (2*b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((34*d^2*e^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (e*((-2*(16*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]) - (16*d*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*sqrt[d + e*x])))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2) + 16*d^3*(-((e*((2*e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c*sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]))))/d) - (2*sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(d*sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c]))))/(3*c*e^4*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 186  $\text{Int}[1/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]], x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Simp}[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]])], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]$

rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_]) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])]$

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 412  $\text{Int}[1/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(a*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticPi}[b*(c/(a*d)), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[d/c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[e, 0] \&\& !(\text{GtQ}[f/e, 0] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-f/e, -d/c])]$

rule 413  $\text{Int}[1/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 498  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \&\& ((\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]) || \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 3], 0])]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x\_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 632  $\text{Int}[1/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - q*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 635  $\text{Int}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)^n]/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n + 1/2)} \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])*\text{ExpandToSum}[(1 - c^{(n + 1/2)}*(c + d*x)^{-(n - 1/2)})/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n + 1/2, 0]$

rule 2182  $\text{Int}[(Pq\_)*((d\_)+(e\_)(x_)^m)*((a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2)^p], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[Pq, d + e*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[e*R*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{PolyQ}[Pq, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1064 vs.  $2(417) = 834$ .

Time = 12.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1065, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1065
default	Expression too large to display	1065
parts	Expression too large to display	1080

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2/e^4*(-a*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/3*d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*d^
2/(e*x+d)^(1/2))-b*(-1/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsc(c*x)+3*arccsc(c*x)*d*(e*x+d)
^(1/2)-1/3*arccsc(c*x)*d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*arccsc(c*x)*d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2
/3/c^2*((c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^3*d^2*(e*x+d)^2-8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))
^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-
e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+16*((-c*(e*x+d)+c
*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)
^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)
)*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*(e*x+d)+(c/(c*d-e))^(1
/2)*c^3*d^4+7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+
e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)
))*c*d*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c
*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c
*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-16*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*
((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1
/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c*d*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/
2)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*E
llipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^3*(e*x
+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(
1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)...

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^3)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2
+ 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde^4 + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e^4} dx \right)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*d*e**4 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*e**5*x - 32*a*d**3 - 48*a*d**2*e*x - 12*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*e**3*x**3)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**4*(d + e*x))`

**3.70** 
$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	623
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	624
Rubi [A] (verified)	625
Maple [B] (verified)	634
Fricas [F(-1)]	635
Sympy [F(-1)]	636
Maxima [F(-2)]	636
Giac [F]	636
Mupad [F(-1)]	637
Reduce [F]	637

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 426

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4bcd\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}{3e(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \frac{4bd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c^2e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{32bd\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3ce^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$



output

```
-4/3*b*c*d*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/3*d^2*(a+
b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2
*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-4/3*b*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/e^2/(c
^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)-4*b*(c*(e*x+d)
/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^
(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c^2/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-32/3*
b*d*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(
1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^3/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x
+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 33.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 856, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ad^3(1 + \frac{ex}{d})^{5/2} B_{-\frac{ex}{d}}(3, -\frac{3}{2})}{e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$b \left[ \frac{c^3 \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 x^3 \left( \frac{4cd \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{3e^2(-c^2 d^2 + e^2)} - \frac{16 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e^3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2} + \frac{4 \left( -cde \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - 2c^2 d^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + 2e^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \right)}{3e^2(-c^2 d^2 + e^2) \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)} \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} \right] - \frac{2 \left( e + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{5/2} (cx)^{5/2}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```

-((a*d^3*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(5/2)*Beta[-((e*x)/d), 3, -3/2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))) + (b*(-((c^3*(e + d/x)^3*x^3*((4*c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(3*e^2*(-(c^2*d^2) + e^2)) - (16*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^3) + (2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e*(e + d/x)^2) + (4*(-(c*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])) - 2*c^2*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x] + 2*e^2*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(-(c^2*d^2) + e^2)*(e + d/x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*(e + d/x)^(5/2)*(c*x)^(5/2)*((2*(3*c^2*d^2*e - 3*e^3)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(8*c^3*d^3 - 9*c*d*e^2)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*c*d*e*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c^2*d*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)])))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d + e)] + c*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]))/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*Sqrt[c*x]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(3*(c*d - e)*e^3*(c*d + e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/c^3

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 22,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.048$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 508, 327, 632, 186, 413, 412, 688, 27, 600, 508, 327, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5770

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{2(8d^2+12exd+3e^2x^2)}{3e^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{8d^2+12exd+3e^2x^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce^3} - \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 7272 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{8d^2+12exd+3e^2x^2}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2351 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 635 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2d^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
& \frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 498 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{-\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2-e^2} dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
& \frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{-\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2-e^2} dx}{d} + \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
& \frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508 \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\epsilon(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\
& \frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))e^3}$$

632

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))e^3}$$

186

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2\int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))e^3}$$

413

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} \right) + \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))e^3}$$

412

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{3xe^2+12de}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{d\sqrt{-e}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

688

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3e(4d^2c^2+3dexc^2-e^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{d\sqrt{-e}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e \int \frac{4d^2c^2+3dexc^2-e^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{d\sqrt{-e}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

600

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e \left( (c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 3c^2d \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \text{EllipticE}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\frac{2e}{cd+e}}{d\sqrt{-e}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^3}$$

508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e \left( (c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}) | \frac{2e}{cd+e})}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \qquad 3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

327

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e \left( (c^2d^2-e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}) | \frac{2e}{cd+e})}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \qquad 3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

511

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e \left( -\frac{2(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{c\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{6cd\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) + 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E(\arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}) | \frac{2e}{cd+e})}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \qquad 3ce^3x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

321

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & 2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( 8d^2 \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$


---


$$3ce^3x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^3*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^3 + (2*b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((18*d*e^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*e*((-6*c*d*sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)] - (2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*sqrt[d + e*x])))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2) + 8*d^2*(-((e*((2*e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c*sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)])))))/d) - (2*sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(d*sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(3*c*e^3*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```



rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 635 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Int[(c + d*x)^n/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(1 - c^(n + 1/2)*(c + d*x)^(-n - 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1025 vs.  $2(387) = 774$ .

Time = 11.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1026, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1026
default	Expression too large to display	1026
parts	Expression too large to display	1041

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2/e^3*(a*((e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/3*d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2))+b*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsc(c*x)+2*arccsc(c*x)*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/3*arccsc(c*x)*d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/3*c*(4*(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^2+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)-3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^3+(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*d*e^2/(c*d-e)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/(e...

```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bd e^3 + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{ex + d} e^3 (ex + d)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*d*e**3 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*e**4*x + 16*a*d**2 + 24*a*d*e*x + 6*a*e**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d + e*x))`

**3.71** 
$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	638
Mathematica [C] (verified)	639
Rubi [A] (verified)	639
Maple [B] (verified)	647
Fricas [F(-1)]	648
Sympy [F(-1)]	649
Maxima [F(-2)]	649
Giac [F]	649
Mupad [F(-1)]	650
Reduce [F]	650

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3e(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}$$

$$+ \frac{8b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2,\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3ce^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
4/3*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*d*(a+b*arccs
c(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/3*b*(e*x
+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*
(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e
))^(1/2)+8/3*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2
*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/e^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}{3(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2a(2d + 3ex)}{3e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(2d + 3ex)\csc^{-1}(cx)}{3e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4ib\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{e(1+cx)}{-cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{e-cex}{cd+e}}\left(cdE\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\middle|\frac{cd+e}{cd-e}\right) - cd\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{cd+e}}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)\right)\right)}{3c^2de^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(4*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*a*(2*d + 3*e*x))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*(2*d + 3*e*x)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (((4*I)/3)*b*Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))]/(-(c*d) + e)]*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*(c*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)] - c*d*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)] + 2*(c*d + e)*EllipticPi[1 + e/(c*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(c/(c*d + e))]*Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d + e)/(c*d - e)]))/(c^2*d*e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.053$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 2351, 27, 498, 27, 508, 327, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 508, 327, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5770} \\
& \frac{b \int -\frac{2(2d+3ex)}{3e^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{c} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{2b \int \frac{2d+3ex}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce^2} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \int \frac{2d+3ex}{x(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx}{3ce^2 x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2351} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \left( \int \frac{3e}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^2 x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \left( 3e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^2 x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{498} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2) \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right) + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx \right)}{3ce^2 x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 3e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{}$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \sqrt{2}}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) + 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{}$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right)}{}$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 635

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right)}{}$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right) \right)}{}$$

$$\frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 498

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} \sqrt{2}}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \right.$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

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$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \right.$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

632

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right)}{d} \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \right.$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

186

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) \right) + 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) \right)$$

$$3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

413

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2d \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

412

$$-\frac{2(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} -$$

$$2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 3e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) + 2d \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$3ce^2x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

input

`Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) - (2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) \\ & )/(e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(3*e*((2*e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] \\ & ])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[S \\ & qrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x) \\ & )/(c*d + e)])) + 2*d*(-((e*((2*e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt \\ & [d + e*x]) - (2*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], ( \\ & 2*e)/(c*d + e)])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)])))/d - (2 \\ & *Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt \\ & [2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(d*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(3*c*e^2*Sq \\ & rt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 186  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Simp}[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[\text{Simp}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[\text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]$

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 412  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), \text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[d/c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0] \ \&\& \ !( \ !\text{GtQ}[f/e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-f/e, -d/c])$

rule 413 `Int[1/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p])) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 635 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Int[(c + d*x)^n/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(1 - c^(n + 1/2)*(c + d*x)^(-n - 1/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]`

rule 2351 `Int[((Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, x, x]*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

```
rule 5770 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide
[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegran
d[v/(x^2*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 7272 Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((
a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p]))
Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !
IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 899 vs. 2(270) = 540.

Time = 11.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2a \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{d}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - 2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d(ex+d)^2 - \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \right)}{3} \right)$
default	$-2a \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{d}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - 2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d(ex+d)^2 - \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \right)}{3} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a \left( -\frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{d}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d(ex+d)^2}{3} - 2 \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd+e}} \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

2/e^2*(-a*(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2))-1/3*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2))-b*(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*arccsc(
c*x)-1/3*arccsc(c*x)*d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2/3/c*((c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d*(e*x+d)
)^2-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*
EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2
*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d
+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/
2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d
)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*
d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*(c/(c*
d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d
)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)
/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((
-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)
,((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^3-2*
((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*Elli
pticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/
(c*d-e))^(1/2))*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*d*e^2)/d/(c*d-e)/(c/(c
*d-e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d+e)/x/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d
^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)))

```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde^2 + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e^2(ex + d)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*e**3*x - 4*a*d - 6*a*e*x)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*(d + e*x))`

### 3.72 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	651
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	652
Rubi [A] (verified)	652
Maple [B] (verified)	659
Fricas [F]	660
Sympy [F]	661
Maxima [F(-2)]	661
Giac [F]	661
Mupad [F(-1)]	662
Reduce [F]	662

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4be(1 - c^2x^2)}{3cd(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{3cde\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

output

```
4/3*b*e*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
-2/3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-4/3*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+4/3*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/d/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 608 vs.  $2(298) = 596$ .

Time = 20.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 608, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{a}{e} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d+ex)^2}{c^2d^3-de^2} - \frac{bcx^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d^2} - \frac{b(d+ex)^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d^2e} + \frac{2bx(d+ex)\left(-cde\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{c^2d^4-d^2e^2} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(2*(-(a/e) + (2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(d + e*x)^2)/(c^2*d^3 - d*e^2) -
(b*e*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/d^2 - (b*(d + e*x)^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d^2*e) + (2*b*x*
(d + e*x)*(-(c*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]) + (c^2*d^2 - e^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/
(c^2*d^4 - d^2*e^2) + (2*b*d*((c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e))^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(c*d
- e)*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - (2*b*c*(d + e*x)*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((d
+ e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c*d*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x
^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (x*(1 + c*
x)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - e)]*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*((c*d + e)*El
lipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*El
lipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt
[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-c*d) + e] + e*x*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(
d*(c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-2 + c^2*x^2)))/(3*(d + e*x)
^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {5750, 1898, 635, 25, 27, 498, 27, 509, 508, 327, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5750} \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2}x^2} (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3ce} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{635} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int -\frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \int \frac{e}{d(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{498} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - e \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2}x^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 509 \\
 \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} (d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 508 \\
 \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-cx}{2}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} (d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} \right)}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 327$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right) - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 633

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right) - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 632

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right) - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 186

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right) - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 413 \\
 & 2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} - e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 412 \\
 & \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & 2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{c\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}}{\left(d^2-\frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{x^2-\frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{3ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (-2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*
(-((e*((-2*e*Sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]))/((d^2 - e^2/c^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqr
t[d + e*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e
)/(c*d + e)])/(c*(d^2 - e^2/c^2)*Sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[-c^(-2
) + x^2])))/d - (2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*El
lipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(d*Sqrt[-c^(-
2) + x^2]*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(3*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*
x)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 632  $\text{Int}[1/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - q*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 633  $\text{Int}[1/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 635  $\text{Int}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)^(n\_)/((x\_)*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^(n + 1/2) \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{ExpandToSum}[(1 - c^(n + 1/2)*(c + d*x)^(-n - 1/2))/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n + 1/2, 0]$

rule 1898  $\text{Int}[(x_)^(m\_)*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^(mn2\_))^(p\_)*((d\_)+(e\_)(x_)^(n\_))^(q\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^(2*n*\text{FracPart}[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^(p*\text{FracPart}[p])/(c + a*x^(2*n))^(p*\text{FracPart}[p])) \text{Int}[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[mn2, -2*n] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[q] \&\& \text{PosQ}[n]$

rule 5750  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+\text{ArcCsc}[c_*(x_)]*(b\_)*((d\_)+(e_)(x_)^(m\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(c*e*(m + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs. 2(270) = 540.

Time = 10.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 874, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d(ex+d)^2 - \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} \right) \right)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d(ex+d)^2 - \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd-e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)+cd+e}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} \right) \right)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} e + 2b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} c^2 d(ex+d)^2 - \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd+e}{cd-e}} \sqrt{\frac{-c(ex+d)-cd-e}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi} \left( \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}}, \sqrt{\frac{c}{cd-e}} \right) \right)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/e*(-1/3*a/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+b*(-1/3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)*arccsc(c*x)-2/3/c*((c/(c*d
-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^2-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)
+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/
(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*
(-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2
)),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-
e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/
c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*(
e*x+d)^(1/2)-2*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*(e*x+d)-((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-
e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/
c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d
-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1
/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(c/(c*d
-e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^3+((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/
(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c
/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*d*e
^2)/(c*d-e)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d+e)/d^2/x/((c^2*(e*x+d)^2-
2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)+c^2*d^2-e^2)/c^2/e^2/x^2)^(1/2)))

```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*
e*x + d^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right) bde + 3\sqrt{ex + d} \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex+d}dex + \sqrt{ex+d}e^2x^2} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{ex + d}e(ex + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*d*e + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**2), x)*b*e**2*x - 2*a)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e*(d + e*x))`

### 3.73 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	663
Mathematica [N/A]	663
Rubi [N/A]	664
Maple [N/A]	664
Fricas [N/A]	665
Sympy [F(-1)]	665
Maxima [N/A]	665
Giac [N/A]	666
Mupad [N/A]	666
Reduce [N/A]	667

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 29.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.43

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*(3*(b*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*b*d^3*e*x + b*d^4)*sqrt(d)*integrate(arctan2(1,
sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/((e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))
, x) + 2*(3*a*e*x + 4*a*d)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 3*(a*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*d*e*
x + a*d^2)*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 2*d)))/((d^2*e^2*x^2 +
2*d^3*e*x + d^4)*sqrt(d))
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.76

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})}{ad + 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})} aex -$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*d + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e*x - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*d - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e*x + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**3),x)*b*d**4 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**3),x)*b*d**3*e*x + 8*a*d**2 + 6*a*d*e*x)/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**3*(d + e*x))`

$$3.74 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	668
Mathematica [N/A]	668
Rubi [N/A]	669
Maple [N/A]	669
Fricas [N/A]	670
Sympy [F(-1)]	670
Maxima [N/A]	670
Giac [N/A]	671
Mupad [N/A]	671
Reduce [N/A]	672

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 12.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^2(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^5 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(3*(2*(b*d^3*e*x^2 + b*d^4*x)*sqrt(d)*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x) - 5*
(a*e^2*x^2 + a*d*e*x)*log(e*x/(e*x + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d) + 2*d))*sqrt
(e*x + d) - 2*(15*a*e^2*x^2 + 20*a*d*e*x + 3*a*d^2)*sqrt(d))/((d^3*e*x^2 +
d^4*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(d))
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{5/2} x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*x^2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})}{adex} - 15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex+d}\log(\sqrt{ex+d}-\sqrt{d})$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) - sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(d + e*x)*log(sqrt(d + e*x) + sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**5*x + 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**4*e*x**2 - 6*a*d**3 - 40*a*d**2*e*x - 30*a*d*e**2*x**2)/(6*sqrt(d + e*x)*d**4*x*(d + e*x))`

### 3.75 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	673
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	674
Rubi [A] (verified)	675
Maple [B] (verified)	684
Fricas [F(-1)]	685
Sympy [F(-1)]	686
Maxima [F(-2)]	686
Giac [F]	686
Mupad [F(-1)]	687
Reduce [F]	687

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 498

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = & \frac{4be(1 - c^2x^2)}{15cd(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x(d + ex)^{3/2}}} \\
 & + \frac{4be(7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)(1 - c^2x^2)}{15cd^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x\sqrt{d + ex}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{4b(7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15d^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \\
 & + \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{15d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
 & + \frac{4b\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{5cd^2e\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}\sqrt{d + ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4/15*b*e*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
)+4/15*b*e*(7*c^2*d^2-3*e^2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c/d^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(1-1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-4/15*b*(7*
c^2*d^2-3*e^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/
2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)/x/(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)+4/15*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/
d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/5*b*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+
e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2,2^(1/
2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))/c/d^2/e/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1002 vs. 2(498) = 996.

Time = 33.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1002, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```

(-2*a)/(5*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (b*(-((c^4*(e + d/x)^4*x^4*((4*(-7*c^2*d^2
+ 3*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(15*c^2*d^2*(-(c^2*d^2) + e^2)^2) + (2*Arc
Csc[c*x]))/(5*c^3*d^3*e) - (2*e^2*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*c^3*d^3*(e + d/x)^3) - (2
*(2*c*d*e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 9*c^2*d^2*e*ArcCsc[c*x] + 9*e^3*ArcCsc
[c*x]))/(15*c^3*d^3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(e + d/x)^2) - (2*(-16*c^3*d^3*e*Sqrt[
1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + 8*c*d*e^3*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + 9*c^4*d^4*ArcCsc[c*x]
- 18*c^2*d^2*e^2*ArcCsc[c*x] + 9*e^4*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(15*c^3*d^3*(c^2*d^2 -
e^2)^2*(e + d/x)))/(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*(e + d/x)^(7/2)*(c*x)^(7/2)*((2
*(c^2*d^2*e - e^3)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Ellipti
cF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]
*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(3*c^3*d^3 + c*d*e^2)*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/
(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]],
(2*e)/(c*d + e)])/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[e + d/x]*(c*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(
-7*c^2*d^2*e + 3*e^3)*Cos[2*ArcCsc[c*x]]*((c*d + c*e*x)*(-1 + c^2*x^2) + c
^2*d*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sq
rt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)] - (c*x*(1 + c*x)*Sqrt[(e - c*e*x)/(
c*d + e)]*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]*((c*d + e)*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(
c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - e*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(
c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d - e)]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)]))/Sqrt[(e*(1 + c*x))/(-(c*d
) + e)] + c*e*x*Sqrt[(c*d + c*e*x)/(c*d + e)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Ellipti...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.056$ , Rules used = {5750, 1898, 635, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412, 688, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5750} \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx}{5ce} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{635} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{d^2} \right)}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{633} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right)}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{632} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right)}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{186} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{d+\frac{e}{c}-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} \right)}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{413} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)}{5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{412}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \int \frac{-\frac{xe^2}{d^2} - \frac{2e}{d}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

688

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{e \left( 3d \left( 2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2 d^2} \right) - ex \right)}{2d(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3 \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} + \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) (d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

27

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{e \int \frac{3 \left( 2d - \frac{e^2}{c^2 d} \right) - ex}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} + \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) (d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

688

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( -\frac{e \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{6d^2 - \frac{2e^2}{c^2} + e \left( 7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2 d} \right) x}{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} (7c^2 d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2 d^2 - e^2) \sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5cex \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\ \frac{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{\int \frac{2(3d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) + e(7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d})x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}(7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), c\right)}{d^2\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 600

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{(7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - (d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}(7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), c\right)}{d^2\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 509

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left( \frac{e \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - (d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}(7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2})} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), c\right)}{d^2\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c} + \frac{e}{c} + d}} \right)$$

$$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left[ \frac{e \left( - \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}\sqrt{2}}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} (7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)} \right]$$

$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$

$$\frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left[ \frac{e \left( - \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} (7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{3d\left(d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right)} \right]$$

$5cex\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}$

$$\frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 512



$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left[ \frac{e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} - \frac{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} (7c^2d^2 - 3e^2)}{d(c^2d^2 - e^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \right]}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)}$$

$$5ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \left[ \frac{e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(cx-1)+1}} d \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{2e}{cd+e}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} \right]}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)}$$

$$5ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}}{e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 7d - \frac{3e^2}{c^2d} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2e}{cd+e} \right)}{c\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}}} - \frac{d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2}}{3d \left( d^2 - \frac{e^2}{c^2} \right)} \right)}$$


---


$$5ce x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (2*b*sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*((2*e^2*sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2])/(3*d*(d^2 - e^2/c^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (e*((-2*e*(7*c^2*d^2 - 3*e^2)*sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2])/(d*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((-2*(7*d - (3*e^2)/(c^2*d))*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e])*sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]) + (2*(d^2 - e^2/c^2)*sqrt[(c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e])*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)))/(c*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]))/(d^2 - e^2/c^2)))/(3*d*(d^2 - e^2/c^2)) - (2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(d^2*sqrt[-c^(-2) + x^2]*sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])))/(5*c*e*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 632  $\text{Int}[1/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a] \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - q*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + q*x]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 633  $\text{Int}[1/((x_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 635 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[c^(n + 1/2) Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Int[(  
(c + d*x)^n/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(1 - c^(n + 1/2)*(c + d*x)^(-n - 1  
/2))/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n + 1/2, 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(  
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +  
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m  
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]  
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1898 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(  
q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(  
c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n  
))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !I  
ntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]`

rule 5750 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol  
] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b/  
(c*e*(m + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /  
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1619 vs.  $2(455) = 910$ .

Time = 15.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1620, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1620
default	Expression too large to display	1620
parts	Expression too large to display	1642

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2/e*(-1/5*a/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+b*(-1/5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*arccsc(c*x)+2/15/c*(6*((-c
*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*Elliptic
F((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*(e*x+d)
^(3/2)-7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(
1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^
4*d^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+
e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d
,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-7*(c/(c*d-e))^(
1/2)*c^4*d^3*(e*x+d)^3+7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+
c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(
c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-7*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2
)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(
1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+13*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2)
*c^4*d^4*(e*x+d)^2-2*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e
)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticF((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e
))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+3*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*(-
c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticE((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2
),((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-6*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d-e)
/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*((-c*(e*x+d)+c*d+e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*EllipticPi((e*x+d)^(1/2
)*(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2),1/c*(c*d-e)/d,(c/(c*d+e))^(1/2)/(c/(c*d-e))^(1/2))*...

```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e+c*d>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^(7/2), x)`





### 3.76 $\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	688
Mathematica [A] (verified)	689
Rubi [A] (verified)	689
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	695
Mupad [F(-1)]	696
Reduce [F]	697

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(42c^2d + 25e) x^2 \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{560c^5 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(42c^2d + 25e) x^4 \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{840c^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be x^6 \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{42c \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(42c^2d + 25e) x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}\right)}{560c^6 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/560*b*(42*c^2*d+25*e)*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/840*b*
(42*c^2*d+25*e)*x^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*e*x^6*(c^
2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/5*d*x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/7*e*x^7*(a+
b*arccsc(c*x))+1/560*b*(42*c^2*d+25*e)*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^
6/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{48ac^7x^5(7d + 5ex^2) + bc^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2(75e + 2c^2(63d + 25ex^2) + c^4(84dx^2 + 40ex^4)) + 48bc^7x^5(7d + 5ex^2)}{1680c^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(48*a*c^7*x^5*(7*d + 5*e*x^2) + b*c^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*(75*e + 2*c^2*(63*d + 25*e*x^2) + c^4*(84*d*x^2 + 40*e*x^4)) + 48*b*c^7*x^5*(7*d + 5*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x] + 3*b*(42*c^2*d + 25*e)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(1680*c^7)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 363, 262, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^4(5ex^2+7d)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^4(5ex^2+7d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{363}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{25e}{c^2} + 42d \right) \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 262 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{25e}{c^2} + 42d \right) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 262 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{25e}{c^2} + 42d \right) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{25e}{c^2} + 42d \right) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2x^2-1}} d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} ex^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{25e}{c^2} + 42d \right) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{2c^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{4c^2} \right) \left( \frac{25e}{c^2} + 42d \right) + \frac{5ex^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{6c^2} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

 $\text{Int}[x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]),x]$

output

$$\frac{(d*x^5*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/5 + (e*x^7*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/7 + (b*c*x*((5*e*x^5*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(6*c^2) + ((42*d + (25*e)/c^2)*(x^3*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(4*c^2) + (3*((x*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + \text{ArcTanh}[c*x]/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2)))/6)/(35*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2])$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 262

$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^m*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{m-1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*(m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{m-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 363

$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^m*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p*(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+3, 0]$$

rule 5762

```
Int[((a._) + ArcCsc[(c._)*(x_)]*(b._))*((f._)*(x_))^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x] u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{7}e x^7 + \frac{1}{5}x^5d\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e x^7}{7} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^5d}{5} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)x^4e}{42c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)x^2d}{20c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)}{168c^5\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{5}d c^7 x^5 + \frac{1}{7}e c^7 x^7\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d e^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{b e^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) e x^7}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)c^2x^2d}{20\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{b c^2(c^2x^2-1)x^4e}{42\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)d}{40\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)}{168\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{5}d c^7 x^5 + \frac{1}{7}e c^7 x^7\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d e^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{b e^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) e x^7}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)c^2x^2d}{20\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{b c^2(c^2x^2-1)x^4e}{42\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{3b(c^2x^2-1)d}{40\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{5b(c^2x^2-1)}{168\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$

input

```
int(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/7*e*x^7+1/5*x^5*d)+1/7*b*arccsc(c*x)*e*x^7+1/5*b*arccsc(c*x)*x^5*d+1/42*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4*e+1/20*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*d+5/168*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*e+3/40*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d+5/112*b/c^7*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e+3/40*b/c^6*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+5/112*b/c^8*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{240 ac^7 ex^7 + 336 ac^7 dx^5 + 48(5 bc^7 ex^7 + 7 bc^7 dx^5 - 7 bc^7 d - 5 bc^7 e) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 96(7 bc^7 d + 5 bc^7 e) \operatorname{arctan}(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) - 3(42 bc^7 d + 25 bc^7 e) \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) + (40 bc^5 ex^5 + 2(42 bc^5 d + 25 bc^5 e)x^3 + 3(42 bc^3 d + 25 bc^3 e)x) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^7}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/1680*(240*a*c^7*e*x^7 + 336*a*c^7*d*x^5 + 48*(5*b*c^7*e*x^7 + 7*b*c^7*d*x^5 - 7*b*c^7*d - 5*b*c^7*e)*arccsc(c*x) - 96*(7*b*c^7*d + 5*b*c^7*e)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 3*(42*b*c^7*d + 25*b*c^7*e)*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (40*b*c^5*e*x^5 + 2*(42*b*c^5*d + 25*b*c^5*e)*x^3 + 3*(42*b*c^3*d + 25*b*c^3*e)*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{adx^5}{5} + \frac{aex^7}{7} + \frac{bdx^5 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5} + \frac{bex^7 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^5}{4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^3}{8c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{3x}{8c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^5}{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^3}{8c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{3ix}{8c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^7}{6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^5}{24c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{5x^3}{48c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{5x}{16c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{5 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{16c^6} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^7}{6\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^5}{24c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{5ix^3}{48c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{5ix}{16c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{5i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{16c^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{7c}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output

```
a*d*x**5/5 + a*e*x**7/7 + b*d*x**5*acsc(c*x)/5 + b*e*x**7*acsc(c*x)/7 + b*
d*Piecewise((c*x**5/(4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**3/(8*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1
)) - 3*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 3*acosh(c*x)/(8*c**4), Abs(c**2*x*
*2) > 1), (-I*c*x**5/(4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x**3/(8*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**
2 + 1)) + 3*I*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 3*I*asin(c*x)/(8*c**4), Tr
ue))/(5*c) + b*e*Piecewise((c*x**7/(6*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**5/(24*c*sq
rt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 5*x**3/(48*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 5*x/(16*c**5*sq
rt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 5*acosh(c*x)/(16*c**6), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x
**7/(6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x**5/(24*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 5*I*x
**3/(48*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + 5*I*x/(16*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) -
5*I*asin(c*x)/(16*c**6), True))/(7*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{7} aex^7 + \frac{1}{5} adx^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 + 2c^4 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) + c^4} - \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^4} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^4} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{672} \left( 96x^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 40 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^3 + 3c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 + 3c^6 \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) + c^6} + \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{c^6} - \frac{15 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{c^6} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*a*e*x^7 + 1/5*a*d*x^5 + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsc(c*x) - (2*(3*(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 2*c^4*(
1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*d + 1/672*(96*x^7*arccsc(c*x) + (2*(15
*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 40*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*sqrt(-1/(c^2*
x^2) + 1)))/(c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 3*c^6*(1
/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^6) + 15*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 - 15*log(s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^6)/c)*b*e
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1166 vs.  $2(178) = 356$ .

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1166, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.66

$$\int x^4 (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```



output

```

1/13440*(15*b*e*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 15*
a*e*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7/c + 5*b*e*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^6/c^2 + 84*b*d*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/
c + 84*a*d*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c + 105*b*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^
2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 105*a*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^5/c^3 + 42*b*d*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^2 + 45*b*e*x^4
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^4 + 420*b*d*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 420*a*d*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^
3 + 315*b*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 315*a
*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^5 + 336*b*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^2/c^4 + 225*b*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^6 + 840*b*
d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 840*a*d*x*(sqrt(-1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^5 + 525*b*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/
(c*x))/c^7 + 525*a*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^7 + 1008*b*d*log(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 - 1008*b*d*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^6 + 600*b
*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^8 - 600*b*e*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^
8 + 840*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 840*a*d
/(c^7*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 525*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 525*a*e/(c^9*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))
- 336*b*d/(c^8*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 225*b*e/(c^10*x^2*...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^4 (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^4(d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^6 dx \right) be$$

$$+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^4 dx \right) bd + \frac{adx^5}{5} + \frac{aex^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(35*int(acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e + 35*int(acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d + 7*a*d*x**5 + 5*a*e*x**7)/35`

### 3.77 $\int x^2(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	704
Mupad [F(-1)]	705
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(20c^2d + 9e) x^2 \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{120c^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bex^4 \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{20c \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(20c^2d + 9e) x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}\right)}{120c^4 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/120*b*(20*c^2*d+9*e)*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*e*x^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*d*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/5*e*x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/120*b*(20*c^2*d+9*e)*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x^2 \left( 8ac^3 x(5d + 3ex^2) + b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (9e + c^2(20d + 6ex^2)) \right) + 8bc^5 x^3(5d + 3ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx) + b(20c^2 d - 9e) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{120c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x^2*(8*a*c^3*x*(5*d + 3*e*x^2) + b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(9*e + c^2*(20*d + 6*e*x^2))) + 8*b*c^5*x^3*(5*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x] + b*(20*c^2*d + 9*e)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x]/(120*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 363, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(3ex^2+5d)}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(3ex^2+5d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 363$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9e}{c^2} + 20d \right) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{3ex^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9e}{c^2} + 20d \right) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{3ex^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{9e}{c^2} + 20d \right) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2 - 1}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}}{2c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{3ex^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right)}{2c^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2c^2} \right) \left( \frac{9e}{c^2} + 20d \right) + \frac{3ex^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(d*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 + (e*x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/5 + (b*c*x*((3 *e*x^3*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(4*c^2) + ((20*d + (9*e)/c^2)*(x*sqrt[-1 + c^2 *x^2])/(2*c^2) + ArcTanh[(c*x)/sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]]/(2*c^3))/4))/(15*sqrt[ c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 262  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*(m+2*p+1))}, x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^{2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))} \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$
- rule 363  $\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+3, 0]$
- rule 5762  $\text{Int}[((a_) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^{(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]) \ u, x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2]) \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(m+2*p+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{5}e x^5 + \frac{1}{3}d x^3\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e x^5}{5} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^3 d}{3} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)x^2 e}{20c^3 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)d}{6c^3 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{3b(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{40c^5 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d c^5 x^3 + \frac{1}{5}e c^5 x^5\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b c^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e x^5}{5} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)d}{6\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)x^2 e}{20\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} d \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{6\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c x}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d c^5 x^3 + \frac{1}{5}e c^5 x^5\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b c^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e x^5}{5} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)d}{6\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2 - 1)x^2 e}{20\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} d \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{6\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c x}$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/5*e*x^5+1/3*d*x^3)+1/5*b*arccsc(c*x)*e*x^5+1/3*b*arccsc(c*x)*x^3*d+1/20*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*e+1/6*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d+3/40*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e+1/6*b/c^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+3/40*b/c^6*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24 ac^5 ex^5 + 40 ac^5 dx^3 + 8(3 bc^5 ex^5 + 5 bc^5 dx^3 - 5 bc^5 d - 3 bc^5 e) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 16(5 bc^5 d + 3 bc^5 e) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right)}{c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/120*(24*a*c^5*e*x^5 + 40*a*c^5*d*x^3 + 8*(3*b*c^5*e*x^5 + 5*b*c^5*d*x^3
- 5*b*c^5*d - 3*b*c^5*e)*arccsc(c*x) - 16*(5*b*c^5*d + 3*b*c^5*e)*arctan(-
c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (20*b*c^2*d + 9*b*e)*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 -
1)) + (6*b*c^3*e*x^3 + (20*b*c^3*d + 9*b*c*e)*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^5
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adx^3}{3} + \frac{aex^5}{5} + \frac{bdx^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{bex^5 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^5}{4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^3}{8c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{3x}{8c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^5}{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^3}{8c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{3ix}{8c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
a*d*x**3/3 + a*e*x**5/5 + b*d*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 + b*e*x**5*acsc(c*x)/5 + b*
d*Piecewise((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x
**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2
+ 1)) - I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c) + b*e*Piecewise((c*x**5/(4*sqrt
(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**3/(8*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 3*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(c**2*
x**2 - 1)) + 3*acosh(c*x)/(8*c**4), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**5/(4*sq
rt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x**3/(8*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + 3*I*x/(8*c**3*sq
rt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 3*I*asin(c*x)/(8*c**4), True))/(5*c)
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5} aex^5 + \frac{1}{3} adx^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)+c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^2}}{c} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{\frac{2\left(3\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)^2+2c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)+c^4} - \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^4} + \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^4}}{c} \right) be$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*a*e*x^5 + 1/3*a*d*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsc(c*x) - (2*(3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*e`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 822 vs. 2(139) = 278.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 822, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/960*(6*b*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 6*a*e*
x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c + 3*b*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)^4/c^2 + 40*b*d*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c +
40*a*d*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c + 30*b*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2
) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 30*a*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)^3/c^3 + 40*b*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^2 + 24*b*e*x^2*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^4 + 120*b*d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arc
sin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 120*a*d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 + 60*b*e*x*(
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 60*a*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)/c^5 + 160*b*d*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 160*b*d*
log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 72*b*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 -
72*b*e*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^6 + 120*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 120*a*d/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 60
*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 60*a*e/(c^7*x*
(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 40*b*d/(c^6*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)^2) - 24*b*e/(c^8*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 40*b*d*arcsin(1/
(c*x))/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 40*a*d/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 30*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 30*a*e/(c^9*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) - 3*b*e/
(c^10*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 6*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^11...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^4 dx \right) be$$

$$+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) bd + \frac{ad x^3}{3} + \frac{ae x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(15*int(acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e + 15*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d + 5*a*d*x**3 + 3*a*e*x**5)/15`

### 3.78 $\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	713
Reduce [F]	713

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bex^2\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{6c\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(6c^2d + e) x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*e*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/3*
e*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/6*b*(6*c^2*d+e)*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
/c^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = adx + \frac{1}{3}aex^3 + \frac{bex^2 \sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{6c}$$

$$+ bdx \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{3}bex^3 \csc^{-1}(cx)$$

$$+ \frac{bd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{be \log\left(x\left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{6c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
a*d*x + (a*e*x^3)/3 + (b*e*x^2*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(6*c) + b*d
*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*e*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/3 + (b*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Ar
cTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2] + (b*e*Log[x*(1 + Sqrt
[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])])/(6*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5752, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5752$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+3d}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+3d}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\ & \downarrow 299 \\ & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(6c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\ & \downarrow 224 \\ & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(6c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2x^2-1}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}}{2c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + dx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\ & \downarrow 219 \\ & dx(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)(6c^2d+e)}{2c^3} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `d*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) + (e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 + (b*c*x*((e*x*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + ((6*c^2*d + e)*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/(2*c^3)))/(3*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 5752 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{3}x^3e + dx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^3e + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)xcd + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(6dc^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}) + ecx\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} + e \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}))}{6c^3x\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(c^3dx + \frac{1}{3}e c^3x^3\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d c^3x + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(6dc^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}) + ecx\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} + e \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}))}{6cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a\left(c^3dx + \frac{1}{3}e c^3x^3\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d c^3x + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(6dc^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}) + ecx\sqrt{c^2x^2-1} + e \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}))}{6cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/3*x^3*e+d*x)+b/c*(1/3*c*arccsc(c*x)*x^3*e+arccsc(c*x)*x*c*d+1/6/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(6*d*c^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+e*c*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/x/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3ex^3 + 6ac^3dx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}bcex + 2(bc^3ex^3 + 3bc^3dx - 3bc^3d - bc^3e) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 4(3bc^3d + bc^3e)}{6c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*a*c^3*e*x^3 + 6*a*c^3*d*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e*x + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*x - 3*b*c^3*d - b*c^3*e)*arccsc(c*x) - 4*(3*b*c^3*d + b*c^3*e)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (6*b*c^2*d + b*e)*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)))/c^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= adx + \frac{aex^3}{3} + bdx \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{bex^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `a*d*x + a*e*x**3/3 + b*d*x*acsc(c*x) + b*e*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 + b*d*Piecewise(e((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c + b*e*Piecewise(e((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} aex^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)+c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^2} \right) be$$

$$+ adx + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)\right)bd}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*e*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*e + a*d*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*d/c`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \left( \frac{bex^3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{aex^3 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)^3}{c} + \frac{bex^2 \left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)^2}{c^2} + \frac{12}{c^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*(b*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + a*e*x^3*(
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c + b*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c
^2 + 12*b*d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 12*a*d*x*(s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c + 3*b*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin
(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 3*a*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 + 24*b*d*log(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - 24*b*d*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^2 + 4*b*e*lo
g(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 4*b*e*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 12*
b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 12*a*d/(c^3*x*(
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*
x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3*a*e/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - b*e/(c^6*x^
2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + a*e/(c^7*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) bd + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) be + adx + \frac{ae x^3}{3}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
(3*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*d + 3*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + 3*a*d*x + a*e*x**3
)/3
```

$$3.79 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	714
Mathematica [A] (verified)	714
Rubi [A] (verified)	715
Maple [A] (verified)	717
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	717
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	719
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	720
Reduce [F]	720

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{bcd\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{be x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-b*c*d*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x+e*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+b*e*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ad}{x} + aex - bcd\sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x} + be x \csc^{-1}(cx) + \frac{be\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-((a*d)/x) + a*e*x - b*c*d*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)] - (b*d*ArcCsc[c*
x])/x + b*e*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqr
t[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5762, 25, 358, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{d - ex^2}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{d - ex^2}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{358} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{x} - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{x} - e \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2 - 1}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + ex(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{x} - \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right)}{c} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x) + e*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) - (b*c*x*((d*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/x - (e*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]]/c))/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 358 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/e^2 Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
parts	$a\left(ex - \frac{d}{x}\right) + bc\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{xc} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)ex}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\left(d c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}-e \ln\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\right)cx\right)}{c^4x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c\left(\frac{a\left(cex-\frac{dc}{x}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(c \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)xe-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dc}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\left(-d c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}+e \ln\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\right)cx\right)}{c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}\right)$
default	$c\left(\frac{a\left(cex-\frac{dc}{x}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(c \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)xe-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dc}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\left(-d c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}+e \ln\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\right)cx\right)}{c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}\right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(e*x-d/x)+b*c*(-arccsc(c*x)*d/x/c+1/c*arccsc(c*x)*e*x-1/c^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(d*c^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)-e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*c*x)/x^2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \frac{bc^2dx - acex^2 + bex \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}bcd + acd - 2(bcd - bce)x \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{cx}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(b*c^2*d*x - a*c*e*x^2 + b*e*x*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*d + a*c*d - 2*(b*c*d - b*c*e)*x*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (b*c*e*x^2 - b*c*d + (b*c*d - b*c*e)*x)*arccsc(c*x))/(c*x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ad}{x} + aex - bcd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} + bex \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)
```

output

```
-a*d/x + a*e*x - b*c*d*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*d*acsc(c*x)/x + b*e*x*a
csc(c*x) + b*e*Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x),
True))/c
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = -\left( c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) bd + aex + \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1\right) \right) be}{2c} - \frac{ad}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*b*d + a*e*x + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccs
c(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
))*b*e/c - a*d/x
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1052 vs.  $2(79) = 158$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1052, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*(b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3)) + a*e/(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) +
1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3)) - 2*b*c*d/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)^3))) + 2*b*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/(c*x*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) - 2*b*e*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/(c*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1) + 1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) - 4*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1
) + 1)^2*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^3))) - 4*a*d/(x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) + 2*b*e
*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) + 2*a*e/(c
^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))
+ 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) + 2*b*d/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*
x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(
c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) + 2*b*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/(c^3*x^3*(
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 1/(c*x
^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3))) - 2*b*e*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/(c^...

```



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = aex - \frac{ad}{x} + \frac{be \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{c} - bcd \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} + bex \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)`output `a*e*x - (a*d)/x + (b*e*atanh(1/(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)))/c - b*c*d*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2) - (b*d*asin(1/(c*x)))/x + b*e*x*asin(1/(c*x))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \frac{\left(\int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx\right) bex + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right) bdx - ad + aex^2}{x}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`output `(int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*e*x + int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*d*x - a*d + a*e*x**2)/x`

**3.80**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	721
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	721
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Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	726
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{bc(2c^2d + 9e)\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{9\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{9x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

output

```
-1/9*b*c*(2*c^2*d+9*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/9*b*c*d*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3-e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3a(d + 3ex^2) + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d + 2c^2dx^2 + 9ex^2) + 3b(d + 3ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{9x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

$$-1/9*(3*a*(d + 3*e*x^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + 2*c^2*d*x^2 + 9*e*x^2) + 3*b*(d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^3$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{3ex^2+d}{3x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{3ex^2+d}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 359$$

$$-\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3}(2c^2d + 9e) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 242$$

$$-\frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+9e)}{3x} + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^4, x]$$

output

$$-1/3*(b*c*x*((d*\sqrt{-1 + c^2*x^2})/(3*x^3) + ((2*c^2*d + 9*e)*\sqrt{-1 + c^2*x^2})/(3*x)))/\sqrt{c^2*x^2 - (d*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/(3*x^3) - (e*(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))}/x$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 242

$$\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 359

$$\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 5762

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_*)(x_)]*(b_*)) * ((f_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]) \ u, x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\sqrt{c^2*x^2}) \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\sqrt{c^2*x^2 - 1}), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) \ | \ | \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
parts	$a\left(-\frac{e}{x} - \frac{d}{3x^3}\right) + b c^3 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{c^3 x} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{3x^3 c^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(2c^4 d x^2 + 9e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)}{9c^6 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4} \right)$	108
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{3c x^3} - \frac{e}{cx}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{3c x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{cx} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(2c^4 d x^2 + 9e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 x^4} \right)}{c^2} \right)$	121
default	$c^3 \left( \frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{3c x^3} - \frac{e}{cx}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{3c x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{cx} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(2c^4 d x^2 + 9e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^4 x^4} \right)}{c^2} \right)$	121

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-e/x-1/3*d/x^3)+b*c^3*(-1/c^3*arccsc(c*x)*e/x-1/3*arccsc(c*x)*d/x^3/c^3-1/9/c^6*(c^2*x^2-1)*(2*c^4*d*x^2+9*c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{9aex^2 + 3ad + 3(3bex^2 + bd) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}((2bc^2d + 9be)x^2 + bd)}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/9*(9*a*e*x^2 + 3*a*d + 3*(3*b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((2*b*c^2*d + 9*b*e)*x^2 + b*d))/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{ad}{3x^3} - \frac{ae}{x} - bce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - be \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{3x^3} - \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)`output `-a*d/(3*x**3) - a*e/x - b*c*e*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*d*acsc(c*x)/(3*x**3) - b*e*acsc(c*x)/x - b*d*Piecewise((2*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (2*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x**3), True))/(3*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\left(c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x}\right)be + \frac{1}{9}bd\left(\frac{c^4\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3}\right) - \frac{ae}{x} - \frac{ad}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*b*e + 1/9*b*d*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) - a*e/x - 1/3*a*d/x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} \left( bc^2 d \left( -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3bc^2 d \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{3bcd \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} - \frac{3bcd \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} - 9be \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*(b*c^2*d*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*b*c^2*d*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 3*b*c*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 3*b*c*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 9*b*e*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 9*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c*x) - 9*a*e/(c*x) - 3*a*d/(c*x^3))*c`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{a \csc(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b d x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{a \csc(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b e x^3 - a d - 3 a e x^2}{3 x^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `(3*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*d*x**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*e*x**3 - a*d - 3*a*e*x**2)/(3*x**3)`



**3.81**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	729
Rubi [A] (verified)	729
Maple [A] (verified)	731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	732
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	733
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	734
Mupad [F(-1)]	734
Reduce [F]	735

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2bc^3(12c^2d+25e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{225\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{25x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc(12c^2d+25e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{225x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-2/225*b*c^3*(12*c^2*d+25*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/25*b*c*d*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/225*b*c*(12*c^2*d+25*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5-1/3*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{15a(3d + 5ex^2) + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(25ex^2(1 + 2c^2x^2) + 3d(3 + 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4)) + 15b(3d + 5ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{225x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/225*(15*a*(3*d + 5*e*x^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(25*e*x^2*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 3*d*(3 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) + 15*b*(3*d + 5*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^5
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 359, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{5ex^2+3d}{15x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{5ex^2+3d}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{359}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} (12c^2d + 25e) \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} (12c^2d + 25e) \left( \frac{2}{3} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
& \frac{\frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}}{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{3x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{3x^3} \right) (12c^2d + 25e) + \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/15*(b*c*x*((3*d*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) + ((12*c^2*d + 25*e)*(sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + (2*c^2*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x)))/5)/sqrt[c^2*x^2] - (d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*x^5) - (e*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*x^3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{d}{5x^5} - \frac{e}{3x^3}\right) + bc^5\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{5x^5c^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(24c^6dx^4+50c^4ex^4+12c^4dx^2+25e^2x^2)}{225c^8\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2}}x^6}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c^5\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{5c^3x^5}-\frac{e}{3c^3x^3}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{5c^3x^5}-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{3c^3x^3}-\frac{(c^2x^2-1)(24c^6dx^4+50c^4ex^4+12c^4dx^2+25e^2x^2+9c^2d)}{225\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2}}c^6x^6}\right)}{c^2}\right)$
default	$c^5\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{d}{5c^3x^5}-\frac{e}{3c^3x^3}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{5c^3x^5}-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{3c^3x^3}-\frac{(c^2x^2-1)(24c^6dx^4+50c^4ex^4+12c^4dx^2+25e^2x^2+9c^2d)}{225\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2}}c^6x^6}\right)}{c^2}\right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(-1/5*d/x^5-1/3*e/x^3)+b*c^5*(-1/5*arccsc(c*x)*d/x^5/c^5-1/3/c^5*arccsc(
c*x)*e/x^3-1/225/c^8*(c^2*x^2-1)*(24*c^6*d*x^4+50*c^4*e*x^4+12*c^4*d*x^2+
5*c^2*e*x^2+9*c^2*d)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^6)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{75 aex^2 + 45 ad + 15(5 bex^2 + 3 bd) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (2(12 bc^4d + 25 bc^2e)x^4 + (12 bc^2d + 25 be)x^2 + 9 bcd)}{225 x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/225*(75*a*e*x^2 + 45*a*d + 15*(5*b*e*x^2 + 3*b*d)*arccsc(c*x) + (2*(12*b*c^4*d + 25*b*c^2*e)*x^4 + (12*b*c^2*d + 25*b*e)*x^2 + 9*b*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{ad}{5x^5} - \frac{ae}{3x^3} - \frac{bd \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5x^5} - \frac{be \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{8c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x} + \frac{4c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x^3} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{8ic^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x} + \frac{4ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x^3} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5x^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

$$- \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)`

output

```
-a*d/(5*x**5) - a*e/(3*x**3) - b*d*acsc(c*x)/(5*x**5) - b*e*acsc(c*x)/(3*x
**3) - b*d*Piecewise((8*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x) + 4*c**3*sqrt(c**2
*x**2 - 1)/(15*x**3) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*x**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1)
, (8*I*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x) + 4*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(1
5*x**3) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*x**5), True))/(5*c) - b*e*Piecewise(
(2*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(c*
**2*x**2) > 1), (2*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2
+ 1)/(3*x**3), True))/(3*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{75} bd \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} + \frac{15 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} be \left( \frac{c^4 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{ae}{3x^3} - \frac{ad}{5x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/75*b*d*((3*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/
2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c + 15*arccsc(c*x)/x^5) + 1/9*b*e*((c^
4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*
x)/x^3) - 1/3*a*e/x^3 - 1/5*a*d/x^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{225} \left( 9bc^4d \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - 30bc^4d \left( -\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{45bc^3d \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x} + 45bc^3d \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right) \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + 45bc^3d \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/225*(9*b*c^4*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 30*b*c^4*d*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 45*b*c^3*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 45*b*c^4*d*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 90*b*c^3*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 25*b*c^2*e*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 45*b*c^3*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 75*b*c^2*e*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 75*b*c*e*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 75*b*c*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 75*a*e/(c*x^3) + 45*a*d/(c*x^5))*c`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b d x^5 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b e x^5 - 3 a d - 5 a e x^2}{15 x^5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `(15*int(acsc(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*d*x**5 + 15*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*e*x**5 - 3*a*d - 5*a*e*x**2)/(15*x**5)`



**3.82**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	736
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	737
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	737
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	740
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	740
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	741
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	742
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	742
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	743
Reduce [F] . . . . .	743

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = -\frac{8bc^5(30c^2d+49e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{3675\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcd\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{49x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc(30c^2d+49e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{1225x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{4bc^3(30c^2d+49e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{3675x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

output

```

-8/3675*b*c^5*(30*c^2*d+49*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/49*b*c*d
*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^6/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/1225*b*c*(30*c^2*d+49*e)*(c^2*x^2
-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-4/3675*b*c^3*(30*c^2*d+49*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/
2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/7*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^7-1/5*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
/x^5
    
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{105a(5d + 7ex^2) + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(49ex^2(3 + 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) + 15d(5 + 6c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4 + 16c^6x^6)) + 10}{3675x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/3675*(105*a*(5*d + 7*e*x^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(49*e*x^2*(3 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 15*d*(5 + 6*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4 + 16*c^6*x^6)) + 105*b*(5*d + 7*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^7
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 359, 245, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{7ex^2+5d}{35x^8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{7ex^2+5d}{x^8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow \text{359}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} (30c^2d + 49e) \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{7x^7} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} (30c^2d + 49e) \left( \frac{4}{5}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{7x^7} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} (30c^2d + 49e) \left( \frac{4}{5}c^2 \left( \frac{2}{3}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{7x^7} \right)}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 242 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} + \frac{4}{5}c^2 \left( \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{3x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{3x^3} \right) \right) \right) (30c^2d + 49e) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{7x^7}}{35\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/35*(b*c*x*((5*d*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(7*x^7) + ((30*c^2*d + 49*e)*(sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) + (4*c^2*(sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + (2*c^2*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x))/5))/7)/sqrt[c^2*x^2] - (d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(7*x^7) - (e*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*x^5)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 242  $\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+2*p+3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 245  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2+p+1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 359  $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 5762  $\text{Int}[((a_)+\text{ArcCsc}[(c_*)(x_)]*(b_))*((f_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((d_)+(e_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a+b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]) \ u, x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2]) \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2-1]), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ | \ | \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[(m+2*p+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{d}{7x^7} - \frac{e}{5x^5}\right) + bc^7\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{7x^7c^7} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{5c^7x^5} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(240c^8dx^6+392c^6ex^6+120c^6dx^4+196c^4e^2x^2-1)}{3675c^{10}\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c^7\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{e}{5c^5x^5} - \frac{d}{7c^5x^7}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{5c^5x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{7c^5x^7} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(240c^8dx^6+392c^6ex^6+120c^6dx^4+196c^4e^2x^2+90c^4)}{3675\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}c^8x^8}\right)}{c^2}\right)$
default	$c^7\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{e}{5c^5x^5} - \frac{d}{7c^5x^7}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e}{5c^5x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{7c^5x^7} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(240c^8dx^6+392c^6ex^6+120c^6dx^4+196c^4e^2x^2+90c^4)}{3675\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}c^8x^8}\right)}{c^2}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-1/7*d/x^7-1/5*e/x^5)+b*c^7*(-1/7*arccsc(c*x)*d/x^7/c^7-1/5/c^7*arccsc(c*x)*e/x^5-1/3675/c^10*(c^2*x^2-1)*(240*c^8*d*x^6+392*c^6*e*x^6+120*c^6*d*x^4+196*c^4*e*x^4+90*c^4*d*x^2+147*c^2*e*x^2+75*c^2*d)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^8)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{-735 aex^2 + 525 ad + 105(7bex^2 + 5bd) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (8(30bc^6d + 49bc^4e)x^6 + 4(30bc^4d + 49bc^2e)x^4)}{3675x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3675*(735*a*e*x^2 + 525*a*d + 105*(7*b*e*x^2 + 5*b*d)*arccsc(c*x) + (8*
(30*b*c^6*d + 49*b*c^4*e)*x^6 + 4*(30*b*c^4*d + 49*b*c^2*e)*x^4 + 3*(30*b*
c^2*d + 49*b*e)*x^2 + 75*b*d)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^7
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 36.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{ad}{7x^7} - \frac{ae}{5x^5} - \frac{bd \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{7x^7} - \frac{be \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{16c^7\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{35x} + \frac{8c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{35x^3} + \frac{6c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{35x^5} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{16ic^7\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{35x} + \frac{8ic^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{35x^3} + \frac{6ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{35x^5} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{7x^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{7c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{8c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x} + \frac{4c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x^3} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{8ic^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x} + \frac{4ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x^3} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5x^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**8,x)
```

output

```
-a*d/(7*x**7) - a*e/(5*x**5) - b*d*acsc(c*x)/(7*x**7) - b*e*acsc(c*x)/(5*x
**5) - b*d*Piecewise((16*c**7*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*x) + 8*c**5*sqrt(c**
2*x**2 - 1)/(35*x**3) + 6*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*x**5) + c*sqrt(c**2
*x**2 - 1)/(7*x**7), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (16*I*c**7*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/
(35*x) + 8*I*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*x**3) + 6*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**
2 + 1)/(35*x**5) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(7*x**7), True))/(7*c) - b*e*P
iecewise((8*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x) + 4*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(
15*x**3) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*x**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (8*I*c**5*
sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x) + 4*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x**3) + I*
c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*x**5), True))/(5*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{245} bd \left( \frac{5c^8 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21c^8 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^8 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 35c^8 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{35 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^7} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{75} be \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} + \frac{15 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^5} \right)$$

$$- \frac{ae}{5x^5} - \frac{ad}{7x^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/245*b*d*((5*c^8*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) - 21*c^8*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^8*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 35*c^8*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 35*arccsc(c*x)/x^7) - 1/75*b*e*((3*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c + 15*arccsc(c*x)/x^5) - 1/5*a*e/x^5 - 1/7*a*d/x^7`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx =$$

$$- \frac{1}{3675} \left( 75bc^6d \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 315bc^6d \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{525bc^5d \left( \frac{1}{c^2x^2} - 1 \right)^3}{x} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3675*(75*b*c^6*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 315*b*c^6
*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 525*b*c^5*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) -
1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 525*b*c^6*d*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 1575*b*c^
5*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 525*b*c^6*d*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 147*b*c^4*e*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1575*b*c^5
*d*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 490*b*c^4*e*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3
/2) + 525*b*c^5*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 735*b*c^3*e*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcs
in(1/(c*x))/x + 735*b*c^4*e*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1470*b*c^3*e*(1/(c^2*
x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 735*b*c^3*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 735*a*e/(c*x
^5) + 525*a*d/(c*x^7))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^8} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^8,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^8, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx \\ &= \frac{35 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^8} dx \right) b d x^7 + 35 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b e x^7 - 5 a d - 7 a e x^2}{35 x^7} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^8,x)
```

output

```
(35*int(acsc(c*x)/x**8,x)*b*d*x**7 + 35*int(acsc(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*e*x**7 - 5
*a*d - 7*a*e*x**2)/(35*x**7)
```



### 3.83 $\int x^5(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	744
Mathematica [A] (verified)	745
Rubi [A] (verified)	745
Maple [A] (verified)	747
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	748
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	748
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	749
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	750
Mupad [F(-1)]	751
Reduce [F]	751

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int x^5(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(4c^2d + 3e) x \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{24c^7 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(8c^2d + 9e) x (-1 + c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{72c^7 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(4c^2d + 9e) x (-1 + c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{120c^7 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bex(-1 + c^2x^2)^{7/2}}{56c^7 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6} dx^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8} ex^8 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
1/24*b*(4*c^2*d+3*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/72*b*(8*c^2*d+9*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/120*b*(4*c^2*d+9*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/56*b*e*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(7/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/6*d*x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/8*e*x^8*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^5(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( 105ax^5(4d + 3ex^2) + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(144e + 8c^2(28d + 9ex^2) + 2c^4(56dx^2 + 27ex^4) + c^6(84dx^4 + 45ex^6))}{c^7} + 105bx^5(4d + 3ex^2) \right)}{2520}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(105*a*x^5*(4*d + 3*e*x^2) + (b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(144*e + 8*c^2*(28*d + 9*e*x^2) + 2*c^4*(56*d*x^2 + 27*e*x^4) + c^6*(84*d*x^4 + 45*e*x^6)))/c^7 + 105*b*x^5*(4*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/2520`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^5(3ex^2 + 4d)}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^5(3ex^2 + 4d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^4(3ex^2+4d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
& \frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{3e(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(4dc^2+9e)(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(8dc^2+9e)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^6} + \frac{4dc^2+3e}{c^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{6}dx^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}ex^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(4c^2d+9e)}{5c^8} + \frac{2(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(8c^2d+9e)}{3c^8} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(4c^2d+3e)}{c^8} + \frac{6e(c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}}{7c^8} \right)}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*c*x*((2*(4*c^2*d + 3*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^8 + (2*(8*c^2*d + 9*e)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^8) + (2*(4*c^2*d + 9*e)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^8) + (6*e*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c^8))/(48*Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) + (d*x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/6 + (e*x^8*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5762 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{8}ex^8 + \frac{1}{6}x^6d\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)ex^8}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^6c^6d}{6} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(45c^6ex^6+84c^6dx^4+54c^4ex^4+112c^4dx^2+72e)}{2520c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{6}c^8dx^6 + \frac{1}{8}ec^8x^8\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dc^8x^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)ec^8x^8}{8} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(45c^6ex^6+84c^6dx^4+54c^4ex^4+112c^4dx^2+72ec^2x^2)}{2520\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{6}c^8dx^6 + \frac{1}{8}ec^8x^8\right)}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dc^8x^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)ec^8x^8}{8} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(45c^6ex^6+84c^6dx^4+54c^4ex^4+112c^4dx^2+72ec^2x^2)}{2520\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^2}$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/8*e*x^8+1/6*x^6*d)+b/c^6*(1/8*c^6*arccsc(c*x)*e*x^8+1/6*arccsc(c*x)*x^6*c^6*d+1/2520/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)*(45*c^6*e*x^6+84*c^6*d*x^4+54*c^4*e*x^4+112*c^4*d*x^2+72*c^2*e*x^2+224*c^2*d+144*e)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{315 ac^8 ex^8 + 420 ac^8 dx^6 + 105 (3 bc^8 ex^8 + 4 bc^8 dx^6) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (45 bc^6 ex^6 + 6 (14 bc^6 d + 9 bc^4 e)x^4 + 224 bc^2 d + 8 (14 bc^4 d + 9 bc^2 e)x^2 + 144 b^2 e) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{2520 c^8}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2520*(315*a*c^8*e*x^8 + 420*a*c^8*d*x^6 + 105*(3*b*c^8*e*x^8 + 4*b*c^8*d*x^6)*arccsc(c*x) + (45*b*c^6*e*x^6 + 6*(14*b*c^6*d + 9*b*c^4*e)*x^4 + 224*b*c^2*d + 8*(14*b*c^4*d + 9*b*c^2*e)*x^2 + 144*b^2*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^8`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adx^6}{6} + \frac{aex^8}{8} + \frac{bdx^6 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{6} + \frac{bex^8 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{5c} + \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15c^5} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5c} + \frac{4ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15c^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^6 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{7c} + \frac{6x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35c^3} + \frac{8x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35c^5} + \frac{16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35c^7} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^6 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{7c} + \frac{6ix^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35c^3} + \frac{8ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35c^5} + \frac{16i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35c^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8c}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output

```
a*d*x**6/6 + a*e*x**8/8 + b*d*x**6*acsc(c*x)/6 + b*e*x**8*acsc(c*x)/8 + b*
d*Piecewise((x**4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*c) + 4*x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(
15*c**3) + 8*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**4*s
qrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*c) + 4*I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*I*
sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**5), True))/(6*c) + b*e*Piecewise((x**6*sqrt(c*
**2*x**2 - 1)/(7*c) + 6*x**4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*c**3) + 8*x**2*sqrt(c*
**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*c**5) + 16*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*c**7), Abs(c**2*x**2)
> 1), (I*x**6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(7*c) + 6*I*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(
35*c**3) + 8*I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*c**5) + 16*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2
+ 1)/(35*c**7), True))/(8*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{8} aex^8 + \frac{1}{6} adx^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10c^2x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{280} \left( 35x^8 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{5c^6x^7 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 21c^4x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^2x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 35x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^7} \right) bde$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*a*e*x^8 + 1/6*a*d*x^6 + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsc(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 10*c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*d + 1/280*(35*x^8*arccsc(c*x) + (5*c^6*x^7*(-1/(c^2*x^2
) + 1)^(7/2) + 21*c^4*x^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 35*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^7)*b*e
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1244 vs.  $2(168) = 336$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.35

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/645120*(315*b*e*x^8*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^8*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 3
15*a*e*x^8*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^8/c + 90*b*e*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2
) + 1) + 1)^7/c^2 + 1680*b*d*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(1/(
c*x))/c + 1680*a*d*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c + 2520*b*e*x^6*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 2520*a*e*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c^3 + 672*b*d*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^2 +
882*b*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^4 + 10080*b*d*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 10080*a*d*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2
) + 1) + 1)^4/c^3 + 8820*b*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(
c*x))/c^5 + 8820*a*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^5 + 5600*b*d*x^3
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^4 + 4410*b*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^3/c^6 + 25200*b*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))
/c^5 + 25200*a*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^5 + 17640*b*e*x^2*(s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 + 17640*a*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^7 + 33600*b*d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 +
22050*b*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^8 + 33600*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/
c^7 + 33600*a*d/c^7 + 22050*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^9 + 22050*a*e/c^9 - 3360
0*b*d/(c^8*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 22050*b*e/(c^10*x*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 25200*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^2) + 25200*a*d/(c^9*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 17...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^5 (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^7 dx \right) be + \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^5 dx \right) bd + \frac{ad x^6}{6} + \frac{ae x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(24*int(acsc(c*x)*x**7,x)*b*e + 24*int(acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*d + 4*a*d*x**6 + 3*a*e*x**8)/24`



### 3.84 $\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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Reduce [F]	760

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(3c^2d + 2e)x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{12c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(3c^2d + 4e)x(-1 + c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{36c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bex(-1 + c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
1/12*b*(3*c^2*d+2*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/36*b*(3*c^2
*d+4*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/30*b*e*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(5/
2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*d*x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/6*e*x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c
*x))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{180} x \left( 15ax^3(3d + 2ex^2) + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(16e + c^2(30d + 8ex^2) + 3c^4(5dx^2 + 2ex^4))}{c^5} + 15bx^3(3d + 2ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(15*a*x^3*(3*d + 2*e*x^2) + (b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(16*e + c^2*(30*d + 8*e*x^2) + 3*c^4*(5*d*x^2 + 2*e*x^4)))/c^5 + 15*b*x^3*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/180`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(2ex^2 + 3d)}{12\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4} dx^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6} ex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(2ex^2+3d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{12\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 354

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(2ex^2+3d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 86

$$\frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{2e(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^4} + \frac{(3dc^2+4e)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^4} + \frac{3dc^2+2e}{c^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}dx^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}ex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + bcx \left( \frac{2(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(3c^2d+4e)}{3c^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^2d+2e)}{c^6} + \frac{4e(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5c^6} \right)}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*c*x*((2*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^6 + (2*(3*c^2*d + 4*e)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^6) + (4*e*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^6)))/(24*Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) + (d*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/4 + (e*x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{6}ex^6 + \frac{1}{4}dx^4\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)ex^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)c^4dx^4}{4} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(6c^4ex^4+15c^4dx^2+8ec^2x^2+30c^2d+16e)}{180c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{c^4}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^2}{2} - \frac{(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3}\right)}{2c^2e^2} - \frac{bc^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^3}{12e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^4e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^6}{6} + \frac{bc^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}d^3 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c^2x}{c^2}\right)}{12e^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x}{c^2}}}$
default	$-\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^2}{2} - \frac{(ec^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3}\right)}{2c^2e^2} - \frac{bc^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^3}{12e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^4e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^6}{6} + \frac{bc^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}d^3 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c^2x}{c^2}\right)}{12e^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x}{c^2}}}$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/6*e*x^6+1/4*d*x^4)+b/c^4*(1/6*c^4*arccsc(c*x)*e*x^6+1/4*arccsc(c*x)*c^4*d*x^4+1/180/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)*(6*c^4*e*x^4+15*c^4*d*x^2+8*c^2*e*x^2+30*c^2*d+16*e))/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{30ac^6ex^6 + 45ac^6dx^4 + 15(2bc^6ex^6 + 3bc^6dx^4) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (6bc^4ex^4 + 30bc^2d + (15bc^4d + 8bc^2e)x^2 + 16b^2e) \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{180c^6}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/180*(30*a*c^6*e*x^6 + 45*a*c^6*d*x^4 + 15*(2*b*c^6*e*x^6 + 3*b*c^6*d*x^4)*arccsc(c*x) + (6*b*c^4*e*x^4 + 30*b*c^2*d + (15*b*c^4*d + 8*b*c^2*e)*x^2 + 16*b*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^6`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adx^4}{4} + \frac{aex^6}{6} + \frac{bdx^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} + \frac{bex^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{5c} + \frac{4x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15c^5} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5c} + \frac{4ix^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15c^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6c}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)), x)`output `a*d*x**4/4 + a*e*x**6/6 + b*d*x**4*acsc(c*x)/4 + b*e*x**6*acsc(c*x)/6 + b*d*Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c) + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 2*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3), True))/(4*c) + b*e*Piecewise((x**4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*c) + 4*x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*c) + 4*I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**5), True))/(6*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} aex^6 + \frac{1}{4} adx^4 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{3c^4x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10c^2x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) be$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*e*x^6 + 1/4*a*d*x^4 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*d + 1/90*(15*x^6*arccsc(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 10*c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*e`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 900 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/5760*(15*b*e*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 15*a
*e*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c + 6*b*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1
) + 1)^5/c^2 + 90*b*d*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c
+ 90*a*d*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 90*b*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*
x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 90*a*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^4/c^3 + 60*b*d*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^2 + 50*b*e*x^3*(s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^4 + 360*b*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 360*a*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 +
225*b*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 225*a*e*
x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^5 + 540*b*d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)/c^4 + 300*b*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 + 540*b*d*arcsin(1/
(c*x))/c^5 + 540*a*d/c^5 + 300*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 + 300*a*e/c^7 - 540
*b*d/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 300*b*e/(c^8*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)) + 360*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^2) + 360*a*d/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 225*b*e*arcsi
n(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 225*a*e/(c^9*x^2*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 60*b*d/(c^8*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)^3) - 50*b*e/(c^10*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 90*b*d*arcsin(1/
(c*x))/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 90*a*d/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 90*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^11*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^5 dx \right) be$$

$$+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^3 dx \right) bd + \frac{adx^4}{4} + \frac{aex^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(12*int(acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e + 12*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d + 3*a*d*x**4 + 2*a*e*x**6)/12`

### 3.85 $\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	761
Mathematica [A] (verified)	761
Rubi [A] (verified)	762
Maple [A] (verified)	764
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	764
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	765
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	765
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	766
Mupad [F(-1)]	767
Reduce [F]	767

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(2c^2d + e)x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{4c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bex(-1 + c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} + \frac{bcd^2x \arctan(\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2})}{4e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output  $\frac{1}{4}b*(2*c^2*d+e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/12*b*e*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(3/2)}/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/4*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*\arccsc(c*x))/e+1/4*b*c*d^2*x*\arctan((c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)})/e/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{x\left(3ac^3x(2d + ex^2) + b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(2e + c^2(6d + ex^2)) + 3bc^3x(2d + ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{12c^3}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(3*a*c^3*x*(2*d + e*x^2) + b*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(2*e + c^2*(6*d + e*x^2)) + 3*b*c^3*x*(2*d + e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(12*c^3)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5760} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^2}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{d^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^2} + \frac{e(2dc^2+e)}{c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e} + bcx \left( 2d^2 \arctan \left( \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} \right) + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d+e)}{c^4} + \frac{2e^2(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{3c^4} \right)}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(4*e) + (b*c*x*((2*e*(2*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^4 + (2*e^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^4) + 2*d^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(8*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5760 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(e x^2+d)^2}{4e} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) e x^4}{4} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^2 d}{2} + \frac{b d^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)}{4e} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2-1) x e}{12 c^3 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{b \sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} d^2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4 c e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2}{4 c^2 e} + \frac{b c^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d^2}{4 e} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b c^2 e \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^4}{4} - \frac{b c \sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} d^2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4 e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} x} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2-1)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}}$
default	$\frac{a(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2}{4 c^2 e} + \frac{b c^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d^2}{4 e} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) d c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b c^2 e \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^4}{4} - \frac{b c \sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} d^2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4 e \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}} x} + \frac{b(c^2 x^2-1)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2-1}{c^2 x^2}}}$

```
input int(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*a*(e*x^2+d)^2/e+1/4*b*arccsc(c*x)*e*x^4+1/2*b*arccsc(c*x)*x^2*d+1/4*b*d^2*arccsc(c*x)/e+1/12*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*e-1/4*b/c/e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^2*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+1/2*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d+1/6*b/c^5*e*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3ac^4ex^4 + 6ac^4dx^2 + 3(bc^4ex^4 + 2bc^4dx^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (bc^2ex^2 + 6bc^2d + 2be)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{12c^4}$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/12*(3*a*c^4*e*x^4 + 6*a*c^4*d*x^2 + 3*(b*c^4*e*x^4 + 2*b*c^4*d*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*c^2*e*x^2 + 6*b*c^2*d + 2*b*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^4
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{adx^2}{2} + \frac{aex^4}{4} + \frac{bdx^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{bex^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{be \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3c^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4c}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `a*d*x**2/2 + a*e*x**4/4 + b*d*x**2*acsc(c*x)/2 + b*e*x**4*acsc(c*x)/4 + b*d*Piecewise((sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/c, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, True))/(2*c) + b*e*Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c) + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 2*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3), True))/(4*c)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} aex^4 + \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) be$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*a*e*x^4 + 1/2*a*d*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*d + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*e
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 556 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \left( \frac{3bex^4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{3aex^4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^4}{c} + \frac{2bex^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^3}{c^2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/192*(3*b*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 3*a*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 2*b*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^2 + 24*b*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 24*a*d*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c + 12*b*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 12*a*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 + 48*b*d*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + 18*b*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 48*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 48*a*d/c^3 + 18*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 18*a*e/c^5 - 48*b*d/(c^4*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) - 18*b*e/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 24*b*d*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 24*a*d/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 12*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 12*a*e/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 2*b*e/(c^8*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3*b*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4) + 3*a*e/(c^9*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^3 dx \right) be + \left( \int a \csc(cx) x dx \right) bd + \frac{ad x^2}{2} + \frac{ae x^4}{4}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(4*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e + 4*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*d + 2*a*d*x**2 + a*e*x**4)/4`



**3.86**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	768
Mathematica [A] (verified)	769
Rubi [A] (verified)	769
Maple [A] (verified)	771
Fricas [F]	772
Sympy [F]	772
Maxima [F]	772
Giac [F(-2)]	773
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	773
Reduce [F]	774

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{be\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}ibd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 + \frac{1}{2}ex^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) - bd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + bd \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}ibd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*b*e*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/2*I*b*d*arccsc(c*x)^2+1/2*e*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))-b*d*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+b*d*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1/x)-d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1/x)+1/2*I*b*d*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} aex^2 + \frac{bex\sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{2c} + \frac{1}{2} bex^2 \csc^{-1}(cx) - bd \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + ad \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} ibd \left(\csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]
```

output

```
(a*e*x^2)/2 + (b*e*x*Sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(2*c) + (b*e*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/2 - b*d*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + a*d*Log[x] + (I/2)*b*d*(ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5764, 5230, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5764$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right) x^3 \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 5230$$

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{ex^2 - 2d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{b \int \frac{ex^2 - 2d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 7293 \\
& -\frac{b \int \left(\frac{ex^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{2d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right) d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{-d \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} ex^2 \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - b \left(-icd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) - icd \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 + 2cd \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) - 2cd \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `(e*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/2 - d*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] - (b*(-(e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x) - I*c*d*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]^2 + 2*c*d*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])] - 2*c*d*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] - I*c*d*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])])))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5230

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
parts	$\frac{ae x^2}{2} + ad \ln(x) + b \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 d}{2} + \frac{e \left( c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - i \right)}{2c^2} - d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln \left( 1 - \frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2} \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{ae x^2}{2} + ad \ln(cx) + b \left( \frac{ic^2 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} + \frac{e \left( c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - i \right)}{2} - \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) c^2 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \right)$
default	$\frac{ae x^2}{2} + ad \ln(cx) + b \left( \frac{ic^2 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{2} + \frac{e \left( c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + xc \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} - i \right)}{2} - \ln \left( 1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) c^2 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*a*e*x^2+a*d*ln(x)+b*(1/2*I*arccsc(c*x)^2*d+1/2*e*(c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)+x*c*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-I)/c^2-d*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-d*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*d*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*d*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))/x, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*a*e*x^2 + a*d*log(x) + 1/4*(2*I*b*c^2*d*log(-c*x + 1)*log(x) + 2*I*b*c^2*d*log(x)^2 + 2*I*b*c^2*d*dilog(c*x) + 2*I*b*c^2*d*dilog(-c*x) + 2*(b*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c^2*log(c))*e*x^2 - I*(b*e*(log(c*x + 1)/c^2 + log(c*x - 1)/c^2) + 8*b*d*integrate(1/2*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x))*c^2 + 4*c^2*integrate(1/2*(b*e*x^2 + 2*b*d*log(x))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + I*b*e*log(c*x - 1) + (-I*b*c^2*e*x^2 - 2*I*b*c^2*d*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2) + (2*I*b*c^2*d*log(x) + I*b*e)*log(c*x + 1) - 2*(-I*b*c^2*e*x^2 - 2*(b*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c^2*log(c))*d*log(x))/c^2
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx &= \frac{aex^2}{2} - ad \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &\quad - bd \ln\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)2i}\right) \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \\ &\quad + \frac{bex\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + cx \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{2c} \\ &\quad + \frac{bd \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)2i}\right) \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{bd \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 \operatorname{li}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x,x)`

output `(b*d*polylog(2, exp(asin(1/(c*x))*2i))*1i)/2 - a*d*log(1/x) + (b*d*asin(1/(c*x))^2*1i)/2 + (a*e*x^2)/2 - b*d*log(1 - exp(asin(1/(c*x))*2i))*asin(1/(c*x)) + (b*e*x*((1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2) + c*x*asin(1/(c*x))))/(2*c)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx \right) bd + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x dx \right) be + \log(x) ad + \frac{ae x^2}{2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `(2*int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*b*d + 2*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e + 2*log(x)*a*d + a*e*x**2)/2`

**3.87**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	775
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	776
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	776
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	778
Fricas [F] . . . . .	779
Sympy [F] . . . . .	779
Maxima [F] . . . . .	779
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	780
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	780
Reduce [F] . . . . .	781

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bcd\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}bc^2d \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + \frac{1}{2}ibe \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 - \frac{d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{2x^2} - be \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right) + be \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - e(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}ibe \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
-1/4*b*c*d*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/4*b*c^2*d*arccsc(c*x)+1/2*I*b*e*arccsc(c*x)^2-1/2*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2-b*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+b*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1/x)-e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1/x)+1/2*I*b*e*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{ad}{2x^2} - \frac{bcd\sqrt{\frac{-1+c^2x^2}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{bd \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}bc^2d \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) - be \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + ae \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}ibe\left(\csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*d)/x^2 - (b*c*d*sqrt[(-1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])/(4*x) - (b*d*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*x^2) + (b*c^2*d*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/4 - b*e*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + a*e*Log[x] + (I/2)*b*e*(ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5764, 5230, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 5764

$$- \int \left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right) x \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 5230

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{d}{x^2} + 2e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d \frac{1}{x}}{2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{d}{x^2} + 2e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d \frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 7293 \\
& \frac{b \int \left( \frac{d}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} + \frac{2e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2x^2} - e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} c^3 d \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) + i c e \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) + i c e \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 - 2c e \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) + 2 \right)}{2c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/x^2 - e*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[x^(-1)] + (b*(-1/2*(c^2*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/x + (c^3*d*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/2 + I*c*e*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]^2 - 2*c*e*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])] + 2*c*e*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] + I*c*e*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])])/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5230

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
parts	$ae \ln(x) - \frac{ad}{2x^2} + bc^2 \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 e}{2c^2} - \frac{e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{ie \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^2} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left( \frac{ae \ln(cx)}{c^2} - \frac{ad}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{b \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 e}{2} - e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) + ie \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) \right)}{c^2} \right)$
default	$c^2 \left( \frac{ae \ln(cx)}{c^2} - \frac{ad}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{b \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 e}{2} - e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) + ie \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) \right)}{c^2} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*e*ln(x)-1/2*a*d/x^2+b*c^2*(1/2*I/c^2*arccsc(c*x)^2*e-1/c^2*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I/c^2*e*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-1/c^2*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I/c^2*e*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+1/4*arccsc(c*x)*d*cos(2*arccsc(c*x))-1/8*d*sin(2*arccsc(c*x)))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))(d + ex^2)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c^2*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*log(x)/(c^4*x^3 - c^2*x), x) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*log(x))*b*e + 1/4*b*d*((c^4*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 1) - c^3*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/c - 2*arccsc(c*x)/x^2) + a*e*log(x) - 1/2*a*d/x^2`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = & -ae \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \frac{ad}{2x^2} \\ & - be \ln\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) 2i}\right) \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \\ & - \frac{bcd \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{bc^2 d \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \left(\frac{2}{c^2 x^2} - 1\right)}{4} \\ & + \frac{be \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) 2i}\right) \operatorname{li}}{2} + \frac{be \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 \operatorname{li}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)`

output `(b*e*polylog(2, exp(asin(1/(c*x))*2i))*li)/2 - a*e*log(1/x) + (b*e*asin(1/(c*x))^2*li)/2 - (a*d)/(2*x^2) - b*e*log(1 - exp(asin(1/(c*x))*2i))*asin(1/(c*x)) - (b*c*d*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2))/(4*x) - (b*c^2*d*asin(1/(c*x))*(2/(c^2*x^2) - 1))/4`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) b d x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx \right) b e x^2 + 2 \log(x) a e x^2 - a d}{2x^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output `(2*int(acsc(c*x)/x**3,x)*b*d*x**2 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*b*e*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a*e*x**2 - a*d)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.88 $\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	782
Mathematica [A] (verified)	783
Rubi [A] (verified)	783
Maple [B] (verified)	787
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	787
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	788
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	789
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	790
Mupad [F(-1)]	791
Reduce [F]	792

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 252

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx \\ &= \frac{b(280c^4d^2 + 252c^2de + 75e^2)x^2\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{1680c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be(84c^2d + 25e)x^4\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{840c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{be^2x^6\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{42c\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \\ &+ \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(280c^4d^2 + 252c^2de + 75e^2)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}\right)}{1680c^6\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/1680*b*(280*c^4*d^2+252*c^2*d*e+75*e^2)*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/840*b*e*(84*c^2*d+25*e)*x^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*e^2*x^6*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*d^2*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+2/5*d*e*x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/7*e^2*x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/1680*b*(280*c^4*d^2+252*c^2*d*e+75*e^2)*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^6/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x^2 \left( 16ac^5 x(35d^2 + 42dex^2 + 15e^2 x^4) + b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} (75e^2 + 2c^2 e(126d + 25ex^2) + 8c^4(35d^2 + 21dex^2 + 5e^2 x^4)) \right) + 16b^2 c^7 x^3 (35d^2 + 42dex^2 + 15e^2 x^4) \operatorname{ArcCsc}[cx] + b(280c^4 d^2 + 252c^2 d e + 75e^2) \operatorname{Log}[(1 + \sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2 x^2)})x]}{1680c^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x^2*(16*a*c^5*x*(35*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(75*e^2 + 2*c^2*e*(126*d + 25*e*x^2) + 8*c^4*(35*d^2 + 21*d*e*x^2 + 5*e^2*x^4))) + 16*b*c^7*x^3*(35*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x] + b*(280*c^4*d^2 + 252*c^2*d*e + 75*e^2)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(1680*c^7)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1590, 27, 363, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(15e^2 x^4 + 42dex^2 + 35d^2)}{105\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} d^2 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5} dex^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} e^2 x^7 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(15e^2x^4+42dex^2+35d^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1590 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{3x^2(70c^2d^2+e(84dc^2+25e)x^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{6c^2} + \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2(70c^2d^2+e(84dc^2+25e)x^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(280c^4d^2+252c^2de+75e^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{4c^2} + \frac{ex^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(84c^2d+25e)}{4c^2} + \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 262 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(280c^4d^2+252c^2de+75e^2) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{ex^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(84c^2d+25e)}{4c^2} + \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3}d^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^2x^7(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 224
\end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2x^2-1}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right)}{\frac{280c^4d^2+252c^2de+75e^2}{2c^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{e^{x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}(84c^2d+25e)}{4c^2} + \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3} d^2x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5} dex^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} e^2x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 219

$$bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) + x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^3} \right) (280c^4d^2+252c^2de+75e^2)}{4c^2} + \frac{e^{x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}(84c^2d+25e)}{4c^2} + \frac{5e^2x^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3} d^2x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{5} dex^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} e^2x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) +$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(d^2*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 + (2*d*e*x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/5 + (e^2*x^7*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/7 + (b*c*x*((5*e^2*x^5*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]))/(2*c^2) + ((e*(84*c^2*d + 25*e))*x^3*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(4*c^2) + ((280*c^4*d^2 + 252*c^2*d*e + 75*e^2)*((x*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2)/(2*c^2))/(105*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1590 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(f*x)^(m + 4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*f^(4*p - 1)*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - c^p*x^(4*p)) - d*c^p*(m + 4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[q] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 458 vs. 2(222) = 444.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{7}e^2x^7 + \frac{2}{5}dex^5 + \frac{1}{3}x^3d^2\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^7}{7} + \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^5}{5} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2x^3}{3} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)}{42c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d^2c^7x^3 + \frac{2}{5}dc^7ex^5 + \frac{1}{7}e^2c^7x^7\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{2bc^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^5}{5} + \frac{bc^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^7}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{6\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)}{10\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{1}{3}d^2c^7x^3 + \frac{2}{5}dc^7ex^5 + \frac{1}{7}e^2c^7x^7\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{2bc^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^5}{5} + \frac{bc^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^7}{7} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{6\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)}{10\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/7*e^2*x^7+2/5*d*e*x^5+1/3*x^3*d^2)+1/7*b*arccsc(c*x)*e^2*x^7+2/5*b*arccsc(c*x)*d*e*x^5+1/3*b*arccsc(c*x)*d^2*x^3+1/42*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4*e^2+1/10*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*d*e+5/168*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*e^2+1/6*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d^2+3/20*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d*e+1/6*b/c^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+5/112*b/c^7*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^2+3/20*b/c^6*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d*e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+5/112*b/c^8*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*e^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{240 ac^7 e^2 x^7 + 672 ac^7 dex^5 + 560 ac^7 d^2 x^3 + 16 (15 bc^7 e^2 x^7 + 42 bc^7 dex^5 + 35 bc^7 d^2 x^3 - 35 bc^7 d^2 - 42 bc^7)}{c^8}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/1680*(240*a*c^7*e^2*x^7 + 672*a*c^7*d*e*x^5 + 560*a*c^7*d^2*x^3 + 16*(15
*b*c^7*e^2*x^7 + 42*b*c^7*d*e*x^5 + 35*b*c^7*d^2*x^3 - 35*b*c^7*d^2 - 42*b
*c^7*d*e - 15*b*c^7*e^2)*arccsc(c*x) - 32*(35*b*c^7*d^2 + 42*b*c^7*d*e + 1
5*b*c^7*e^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (280*b*c^4*d^2 + 252*b*c^2
*d*e + 75*b*e^2)*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (40*b*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 2*(84
*b*c^5*d*e + 25*b*c^3*e^2)*x^3 + (280*b*c^5*d^2 + 252*b*c^3*d*e + 75*b*c*e
^2)*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/c^7
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2x^3}{3} + \frac{2adex^5}{5} + \frac{ae^2x^7}{7} + \frac{bd^2x^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2bdex^5 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5} + \frac{be^2x^7 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

$$+ \frac{2bde \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^5}{4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^3}{8c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{3x}{8c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^5}{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^3}{8c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{3ix}{8c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^7}{6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^5}{24c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{5x^3}{48c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{5x}{16c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{5 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{16c^6} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^7}{6\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^5}{24c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{5ix^3}{48c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{5ix}{16c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{5i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{16c^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{7c}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)), x)
```

output

```

a*d**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*d*e*x**5/5 + a*e**2*x**7/7 + b*d**2*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 +
2*b*d*e*x**5*acsc(c*x)/5 + b*e**2*x**7*acsc(c*x)/7 + b*d**2*Piecewise((x*
sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*
c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*asin(
c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c) + 2*b*d*e*Piecewise((c*x**5/(4*sqrt(c**2*x**2
- 1)) + x**3/(8*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 3*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1))
+ 3*acosh(c*x)/(8*c**4), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**5/(4*sqrt(-c**2*x**
2 + 1)) - I*x**3/(8*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + 3*I*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**
2 + 1)) - 3*I*asin(c*x)/(8*c**4), True))/(5*c) + b*e**2*Piecewise((c*x**7/
(6*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**5/(24*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 5*x**3/(48*c**
3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 5*x/(16*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 5*acosh(c*x)/
(16*c**6), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**7/(6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x*
*5/(24*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 5*I*x**3/(48*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) +
5*I*x/(16*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 5*I*asin(c*x)/(16*c**6), True))/(7
*c)

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx &= \frac{1}{7} ae^2 x^7 + \frac{2}{5} adex^5 + \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 \\
&+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)+c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^2}}{c} \right) bd^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{40} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{\frac{2\left(3\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)^2+2c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)+c^4} - \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^4} + \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^4}}{c} \right) bde \\
&+ \frac{1}{672} \left( 96x^7 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\left(15\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}-40\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}+33\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^6\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)^3+3c^6\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)^2+3c^6\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)+c^6} + \frac{15\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{c^6} - \frac{15\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{c^6}}{c} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/7*a*e^2*x^7 + 2/5*a*d*e*x^5 + 1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d^2 + 1/40*(16*x^5*arccsc(c*x) - (2*(3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*d*e + 1/672*(96*x^7*arccsc(c*x) + (2*(15*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 40*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 33*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 3*c^6*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^6) + 15*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 - 15*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^6)/c)*b*e^2`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1579 vs.  $2(222) = 444$ .

Time = 4.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1579, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/13440*(15*b*e^2*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 1
5*a*e^2*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7/c + 5*b*e^2*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c^2 + 168*b*d*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(
1/(c*x))/c + 168*a*d*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c + 105*b*e^2*x^
5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 105*a*e^2*x^5*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^3 + 84*b*d*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^
4/c^2 + 560*b*d^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 5
60*a*d^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c + 45*b*e^2*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^4 + 840*b*d*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsi
n(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 840*a*d*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^3 + 560*b*
d^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^2 + 315*b*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 315*a*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1
) + 1)^3/c^5 + 672*b*d*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^4 + 1680*b*d
^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 1680*a*d^2*x*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 + 225*b*e^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2
/c^6 + 1680*b*d*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 168
0*a*d*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^5 + 2240*b*d^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 2240*b*d^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 525*b*e^2*x*(s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 + 525*a*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^7 + 2016*b*d*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 - ...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^6 dx \right) b e^2$$

$$+ 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^4 dx \right) b d e$$

$$+ \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b d^2$$

$$+ \frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2 a d e x^5}{5} + \frac{a e^2 x^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(105*int(acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**2 + 210*int(acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e + 105*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2 + 35*a*d**2*x**3 + 42*a*d*e*x**5 + 15*a*e**2*x**7)/105`

### 3.89 $\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{be(40c^2d + 9e)x^2\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{120c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x^4\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{20c\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{b(120c^4d^2 + 40c^2de + 9e^2)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}\right)}{120c^4\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/120*b*e*(40*c^2*d+9*e)*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*
e^2*x^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d^2*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+2/3*d*
e*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/5*e^2*x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/120*b*(120*c^4*d^2
+40*c^2*d*e+9*e^2)*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x \left( 8ac^3(15d^2 + 10dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(9e + c^2(40d + 6ex^2)) \right) + 8bc^5x(15d^2 + 10dex^2 + 3e^2x^4)}{120c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
(c^2*x*(8*a*c^3*(15*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x*(9*e + c^2*(40*d + 6*e*x^2))) + 8*b*c^5*x*(15*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x] + b*(120*c^4*d^2 + 40*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x]/(120*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5752, 27, 1473, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5752}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4 + 10dex^2 + 15d^2}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4 + 10dex^2 + 15d^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 1473

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{60c^2d^2 + e(40dc^2 + 9e)x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{4c^2} + \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 299

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{120c^4d^2 + 40c^2de + 9e^2}{2c^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{4c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(40c^2d + 9e)}{2c^2} + \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{120c^4d^2 + 40c^2de + 9e^2}{2c^2} \right) \int \frac{1 - \frac{c^2x^2}{c^2x^2 - 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}}{4c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(40c^2d + 9e)}{2c^2} + \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + d^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{d^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + bcx \left( \frac{\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}\right)(120c^4d^2 + 40c^2de + 9e^2)}{2c^3}}{4c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(40c^2d + 9e)}{2c^2} + \frac{3e^2x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{4c^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

output

```
d^2*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) + (2*d*e*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 + (e^2*x^5*(
a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/5 + (b*c*x*((3*e^2*x^3*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(4*c^2) + (
(e*(40*c^2*d + 9*e)*x*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + ((120*c^4*d^2 + 40*c^2
*d*e + 9*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/(2*c^3))/(4*c^2))/(15*Sq
rt[c^2*x^2])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 299

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2
*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 1473

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*x^(4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(e*(4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - d*c^p*(4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2) - e*c^p*(4*p +
2*q + 1)*x^(4*p), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 -
4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 5752

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:= With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] +
Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{5}e^2x^5 + \frac{2}{3}dex^3 + d^2x\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^5}{5} + \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^3}{3} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d^2x + \frac{b(c^2x^2 - 1)^{1/2} \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{20c^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(d^2c^5x + \frac{2}{3}dc^5ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}e^2c^5x^5\right)}{c^4} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2cx + \frac{2bc \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^3}{3} + \frac{bc \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^5}{5} + \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} d^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2 - 1}{c^2x^2}} cx}$
default	$\frac{a\left(d^2c^5x + \frac{2}{3}dc^5ex^3 + \frac{1}{5}e^2c^5x^5\right)}{c^4} + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2cx + \frac{2bc \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^3}{3} + \frac{bc \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^5}{5} + \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} d^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2 - 1}{c^2x^2}} cx}$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(1/5*e^2*x^5+2/3*d*e*x^3+d^2*x)+1/5*b*arccsc(c*x)*e^2*x^5+2/3*b*arccsc(c*x)*d*e*x^3+b*arccsc(c*x)*d^2*x+1/20*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)*x^2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^2+1/3*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d*e+b/c^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+3/40*b/c^5*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^2+1/3*b/c^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d*e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+3/40*b/c^6*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24ac^5e^2x^5 + 80ac^5dex^3 + 120ac^5d^2x + 8(3bc^5e^2x^5 + 10bc^5dex^3 + 15bc^5d^2x - 15bc^5d^2 - 10bc^5de - 3$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/120*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 80*a*c^5*d*e*x^3 + 120*a*c^5*d^2*x + 8*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^5 + 10*b*c^5*d*e*x^3 + 15*b*c^5*d^2*x - 15*b*c^5*d^2 - 10*b*c^5*d*e - 3*b*c^5*e^2)*arccsc(c*x) - 16*(15*b*c^5*d^2 + 10*b*c^5*d*e + 3*b*c^5*e^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (120*b*c^4*d^2 + 40*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (6*b*c^3*e^2*x^3 + (40*b*c^3*d*e + 9*b*c*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= ad^2x + \frac{2adex^3}{3} + \frac{ae^2x^5}{5} + bd^2x \operatorname{acsc}(cx) + \frac{2bdex^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x^5 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5} + \frac{bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{2bde \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{cx^5}{4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{x^3}{8c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{3x}{8c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^5}{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ix^3}{8c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{3ix}{8c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{8c^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5c}$$

input `integrate((e**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `a*d**2*x + 2*a*d*e*x**3/3 + a*e**2*x**5/5 + b*d**2*x*acsc(c*x) + 2*b*d*e*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 + b*e**2*x**5*acsc(c*x)/5 + b*d**2*Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c + 2*b*d*e*Piecewise((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c) + b*e**2*Piecewise((c*x**5/(4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + x**3/(8*c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) - 3*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)) + 3*acosh(c*x)/(8*c**4), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**5/(4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*x**3/(8*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + 3*I*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - 3*I*asin(c*x)/(8*c**4), True))/(5*c)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{5} ae^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} adex^3 + \frac{1}{6} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{c^2(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1)+c^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^2}}{c} \right) bde + \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - \frac{\frac{2\left(3\left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)^2 + 2c^4\left(\frac{1}{c^2x^2}-1\right) + c^4} - \frac{3\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1})}{c^4} + \frac{3\log(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1-1})}{c^4}}{c} \right) be^2 + ad^2x + \frac{\left(2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1}\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1+1}\right)\right)bd^2}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

1/5*a*e^2*x^5 + 2/3*a*d*e*x^3 + 1/6*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1)/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c
^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*d*e + 1/80*(16*x^5*arccsc(c
*x) - (2*(3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/(c^4*(1/(
c^2*x^2) - 1)^2 + 2*c^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^4) - 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)/c^4 + 3*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^4)/c)*b*e^2 + a*d^2*x
+ 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*d^2/c

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1033 vs.  $2(169) = 338$ .

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1033, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.41

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/960*(6*b*e^2*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 6*a*
e^2*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c + 3*b*e^2*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^4/c^2 + 80*b*d*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*
x))/c + 80*a*d*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c + 30*b*e^2*x^3*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 30*a*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2
*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^3 + 80*b*d*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^2 +
480*b*d^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 480*a*d^2*x*(
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c + 24*b*e^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^
2/c^4 + 240*b*d*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 240
*a*d*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^3 + 960*b*d^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2
) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - 960*b*d^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^2 + 60*b*e^2*x*(sqrt(
-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 60*a*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)/c^5 + 320*b*d*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 - 320*b*d*e
*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/c^4 + 480*b*d^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 480*a*d^2/(c^3*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 72*b
*e^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^6 - 72*b*e^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))
/c^6 + 240*b*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 24
0*a*d*e/(c^5*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 60*b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c
^7*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 60*a*e^2/(c^7*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)) - 80*b*d*e/(c^6*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 24*b*e^2...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^4 dx \right) b e^2$$

$$+ 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b d e$$

$$+ a d^2 x + \frac{2 a d e x^3}{3} + \frac{a e^2 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(15*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**2 + 15*int(acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**2 + 30*int(acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e + 15*a*d**2*x + 10*a*d*e*x**3 + 3*a*e**2*x**5)/15`

**3.90**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x^2\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{6c\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{be(12c^2d+e)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{6c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-b*c*d^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/6*b*e^2*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x+2*d*e*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/3*e
^2*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/6*b*e*(12*c^2*d+e)*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1
/2))/c^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 \left( b \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (-6c^2 d^2 + e^2 x^2) + 2ac(-3d^2 + 6dex^2 + e^2 x^4) \right) + 2bc^3(-3d^2 + 6dex^2 + e^2 x^4) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{6c^3 x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(c^2*(b*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-6*c^2*d^2 + e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c*(-3*d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)) + 2*b*c^3*(-3*d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x] + b*e*(12*c^2*d + e)*x*Log[(1 + sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(6*c^3*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1588, 25, 27, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{-e^2 x^4 - 6dex^2 + 3d^2}{3x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3} e^2 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{-e^2 x^4 - 6dex^2 + 3d^2}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{3\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3} e^2 x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1588 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \int -\frac{e(ex^2+6d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{x} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{x} - \int \frac{e(ex^2+6d)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \int \frac{ex^2+6d}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 299 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \left( \frac{(12c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 2dex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \left( \frac{(12c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2x^2-1}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}}{2c^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 2dex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + 2dex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}e^2x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) - \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{x} - e \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)(12c^2d+e)}{2c^3} + \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x) + 2*d*e*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) + (e^2*x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 - (b*c*x*((3*d^2*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/x - e*((e*x*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + ((12*c^2*d + e)*ArcTanh[(c*x)/Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/(2*c^3)))/(3*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1588

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]}, Simp[R*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m + 1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m + 2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{e^2x^3}{3} + 2dex - \frac{d^2}{x}\right) + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^3}{3} + 2be \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)xd - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{x} + \frac{be^2(c^2x^2-1)}{6c^3\sqrt{\frac{e^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$
derivativedivides	$c\left(\frac{a(2c^3dex + \frac{e^2c^3x^3}{3} - \frac{c^3d^2}{x})}{c^4} + \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex}{c} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^3}{3c} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{cx} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right) +$
default	$c\left(\frac{a(2c^3dex + \frac{e^2c^3x^3}{3} - \frac{c^3d^2}{x})}{c^4} + \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex}{c} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^3}{3c} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{cx} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right) +$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
a*(1/3*e^2*x^3+2*d*e*x-d^2/x)+1/3*b*arccsc(c*x)*e^2*x^3+2*b*e*arccsc(c*x)*
x*d-b*arccsc(c*x)*d^2/x+1/6*b/c^3*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)-b/c*(c^2*x^2-1)/x^2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d^2+2*b/c^2*(c^2*x^2-1
)^(1/2)/x/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*d*e*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+1/6*b/
c^4*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/
2))*e^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac^3e^2x^4 - 6bc^4d^2x + 12ac^3dex^2 - 6ac^3d^2 + 4(3bc^3d^2 - 6bc^3de - bc^3e^2)x \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 6*b*c^4*d^2*x + 12*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 6*a*c^3*d^2 + 4*
(3*b*c^3*d^2 - 6*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e^2)*x*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))
- (12*b*c^2*d*e + b*e^2)*x*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*(b*c^3*e^2*x
^4 + 6*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 3*b*c^3*d^2 + (3*b*c^3*d^2 - 6*b*c^3*d*e - b*c^3*e
^2)*x)*arccsc(c*x) - (6*b*c^3*d^2 - b*c*e^2*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^3*x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{ad^2}{x} + 2adex + \frac{ae^2x^3}{3} - bcd^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} + 2bdex \operatorname{acsc}(cx)$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x^3 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3} + \frac{2bde \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{acosh}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{icx^3}{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} + \frac{ix}{2c\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)`output `-a*d**2/x + 2*a*d*e*x + a*e**2*x**3/3 - b*c*d**2*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*d**2*acsc(c*x)/x + 2*b*d*e*x*acsc(c*x) + b*e**2*x**3*acsc(c*x)/3 + 2*b*d*e*Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c + b*e**2*Piecewise((x*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(2*c) + acosh(c*x)/(2*c**2), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*c*x**3/(2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) + I*x/(2*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)) - I*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2), True))/(3*c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ae^2 x^3 - \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) bd^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1\right) + c^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{c^2}}{c} \right) be^2$$

$$+ 2adex$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) \right) bde}{c} - \frac{ad^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*e^2*x^3 - (c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*b*d^2 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/(c^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) + c^2) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 - log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/c^2)/c)*b*e^2 + 2*a*d*e*x + (2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*d*e/c - a*d^2/x`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2502 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2502, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.35

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/24*(b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c
*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5)) + a*e^2/(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5)) + b*e^2/(c*x*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5))) + 24*b*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(x^2*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5))) + 24*a*d*e/(x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^2*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)^5))) - 24*b*c*d^2/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3*(c/(x^
3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^
5))) + 4*b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/
(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)^5))) + 4*a*e^2/(c^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5))) + 48*
b*d*e*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^
3*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^5))) - 48*b*d*e*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^3*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^
2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5))) - 48*b*d^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^4*(c/(x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/(c*x^5*(sqrt(-1/...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) b d e x + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b d^2 x + 3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) b e^2 x - 3 a d^2 + 6 a d e x^2 + a e^2 x^4}{3x}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `(6*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*d*e*x + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*d**2*x + 3*int(acs  
c(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2*x - 3*a*d**2 + 6*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/(3*x)`

### 3.91 $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2bcd(c^2d+9e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{9\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{9x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{be^2x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*b*c*d*(c^2*d+9*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/9*b*c*d^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3-2*d*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x+e^2*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+b*e^2*x*arctanh(c*x/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bcd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d + 2c^2dx^2 + 18ex^2) + 3a(d^2 + 6dex^2 - 3e^2x^4)}{9x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(d^2 + 6dex^2 - 3e^2x^4) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3x^3} + \frac{be^2 \log\left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)x\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(b*c*d*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + 2*c^2*d*x^2 + 18*e*x^2) + 3*a*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4))/x^3 - (b*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x^2 - 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3*x^3) + (b*e^2*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/c
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1588, 358, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{-3e^2x^4 + 6dex^2 + d^2}{3x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int -\frac{-3e^2x^4 + 6dex^2 + d^2}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1588 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2d(dc^2+9e)-9e^2x^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad e^2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 358 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+9e)}{x} - 9e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+9e)}{x} - 9e^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{c^2x^2}{c^2x^2-1}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} + e^2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) - \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+9e)}{x} - \frac{9e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{c} \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3 - (2*d*e*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x + e^2*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) - (b*c*x*((d^2*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + ((2*d*(c^2*d + 9*e)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/x - (9*e^2*ArcTanh[(c*x)/sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/c)/3)/(3*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 358 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/e^2 Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 1588 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]}, Simp[R*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m + 1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m + 2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5762 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
parts	$a\left(e^2x - \frac{2de}{x} - \frac{d^2}{3x^3}\right) + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) e^2x - \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{x} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2bc(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} - \dots$
derivativedivides	$c^3\left(\frac{a\left(e^2cx - \frac{2cde}{x} - \frac{cd^2}{3x^3}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x}{c^3} - \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{c^3x} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{9c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)$
default	$c^3\left(\frac{a\left(e^2cx - \frac{2cde}{x} - \frac{cd^2}{3x^3}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x}{c^3} - \frac{2b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{c^3x} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{2b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{9c^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{b(c^2x^2-1)d^2}{9\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(e^2*x-2*d*e/x-1/3*d^2/x^3)+b*arccsc(c*x)*e^2*x-2*b*arccsc(c*x)*d*e/x-1/3*b*arccsc(c*x)*d^2/x^3-2/9*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2*d^2-2*b/c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2*d*e+b/c^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*e^2*ln(c*x+(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))-1/9*b/c*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4*d^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{9ace^2x^4 - 9be^2x^3 \log(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) - 18acdex^2 + 6(bcd^2 + 6bcde - 3bce^2)x^3 \arctan(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(9*a*c*e^2*x^4 - 9*b*e^2*x^3*log(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 18*a*c*d*e*x^2 + 6*(b*c*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*e - 3*b*c*e^2)*x^3*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 3*a*c*d^2 - 2*(b*c^4*d^2 + 9*b*c^2*d*e)*x^3 + 3*(3*b*c*e^2*x^4 - 6*b*c*d*e*x^2 - b*c*d^2 + (b*c*d^2 + 6*b*c*d*e - 3*b*c*e^2)*x^3)*arccsc(c*x) - (b*c*d^2 + 2*(b*c^3*d^2 + 9*b*c*d*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\
&= -\frac{ad^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2ade}{x} + ae^2x - 2bcde \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3x^3} - \frac{2bde \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} \\
&\quad + be^2x \operatorname{acsc}(cx) - \frac{bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c} \\
&\quad + \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh}(cx) & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin}(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)`output `-a*d**2/(3*x**3) - 2*a*d*e/x + a*e**2*x - 2*b*c*d*e*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*d**2*acsc(c*x)/(3*x**3) - 2*b*d*e*acsc(c*x)/x + b*e**2*x*acsc(c*x) - b*d**2*Piecewise((2*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (2*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x**3), True))/(3*c) + b*e**2*Piecewise((acosh(c*x), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-I*asin(c*x), True))/c`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -2 \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) bde + ae^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} bd^2 \left( \frac{c^4 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 2cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) \right) be^2}{2c}$$

$$- \frac{2ade}{x} - \frac{ad^2}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*b*d*e + a*e^2*x + 1/9*b*d^2*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) + 1/2*(2*c*x*arccsc(c*x) + log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1))*b*e^2/c - 2*a*d*e/x - 1/3*a*d^2/x^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4288 vs.  $2(139) = 278$ .

Time = 96.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4288, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.31

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/18*(4*b*c^3*d^2/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^5*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 1/(c^5*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7)))
- 9*b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c*x^3*(
sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5
) + 1/(c^5*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7)) - 9*a*e^2/(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(
c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^
5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 1/(c^5*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)^7)) + 36*b*c*d*e/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^5*(sqrt
(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 1/(c^5*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7)))
- 18*b*e^2*log(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/(c*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 1/(c^5*x^7*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7))) + 18*b*e^2*log(1/(abs(c)*abs(x)))/(c*x*(sqrt(-1/
(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c*x^3*(sqrt(-
1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5) + 1/
(c^5*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7))) + 72*b*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(x^2
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*(c/(x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 3/(c
*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3) + 3/(c^3*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + ...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) b e^2 x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b d^2 x^3 + 6 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b d e x^3 - a d^2 - 6 a d e x^2 + 3 a e^2 x^4}{3 x^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `(3*int(acsc(c*x),x)*b*e**2*x**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*d**2*x**3 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*d*e*x**3 - a*d**2 - 6*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*a*e**2*x**4)/(3*x**3)`

**3.92**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	822
Mathematica [A] (verified)	823
Rubi [A] (verified)	823
Maple [A] (verified)	825
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	826
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	827
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	828
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	828
Mupad [F(-1)]	829
Reduce [F]	829

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = -\frac{bc(24c^4d^2+100c^2de+225e^2)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{225\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{25x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2bcd(6c^2d+25e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{225x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

output

```
-1/225*b*c*(24*c^4*d^2+100*c^2*d*e+225*e^2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/25*b*c*d^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/225*b*c*d*(6*c^2*d+25*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5-2/3*d*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3-e^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{15a(3d^2 + 10dex^2 + 15e^2x^4) + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(225e^2x^4 + 50dex^2(1 + 2c^2x^2) + 3d^2(3 + 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4))}{225x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/225*(15*a*(3*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]
*x*(225*e^2*x^4 + 50*d*e*x^2*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 3*d^2*(3 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^
4*x^4)) + 15*b*(3*d^2 + 10*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^5
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1588, 359, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{15e^2x^4 + 10dex^2 + 3d^2}{15x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{15e^2x^4 + 10dex^2 + 3d^2}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 1588$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{75e^2x^2 + 2d(6dc^2 + 25e)}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} (24c^4d^2 + 100c^2de + 225e^2) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(6c^2d + 25e)}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2d\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(6c^2d + 25e)}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(24c^4d^2 + 100c^2de + 225e^2)}{3x} \right) \right) - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x}}{15\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/15*(b*c*x*((3*d^2*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) + ((2*d*(6*c^2*d + 25*e)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + ((24*c^4*d^2 + 100*c^2*d*e + 225*e^2)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x))/5)/sqrt[c^2*x^2] - (d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*x^5) - (2*d*e*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*x^3) - (e^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 359

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 1588

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c
_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 +
c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]},
Simp[R*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f
^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m + 1)*(Qx/x
) - e*R*(m + 2*q + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && Ne
Q[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^(m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
parts	$a \left( -\frac{e^2}{x} - \frac{d^2}{5x^5} - \frac{2de}{3x^3} \right) + b c^5 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2}{c^5 x} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{5x^5 c^5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{3c^5 x^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(24c^8 d^2 x^4 + 100c^6 de x^4 + 12c^6 d^2 x^2 + 9c^4 d^2)}{225 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2}}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$c^5 \left( \frac{a \left( -\frac{d^2}{5c x^5} - \frac{e^2}{cx} - \frac{2de}{3c x^3} \right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{5c x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2}{cx} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{3c x^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(24c^8 d^2 x^4 + 100c^6 de x^4 + 12c^6 d^2 x^2 + 9c^4 d^2)}{225 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2}}} \right)}{c^4} \right)$
default	$c^5 \left( \frac{a \left( -\frac{d^2}{5c x^5} - \frac{e^2}{cx} - \frac{2de}{3c x^3} \right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{5c x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2}{cx} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{3c x^3} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)(24c^8 d^2 x^4 + 100c^6 de x^4 + 12c^6 d^2 x^2 + 9c^4 d^2)}{225 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2}}} \right)}{c^4} \right)$

```
input int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(-e^2/x-1/5*d^2/x^5-2/3*d*e/x^3)+b*c^5*(-1/c^5*arccsc(c*x)*e^2/x-1/5*arccsc(c*x)*d^2/x^5/c^5-2/3/c^5*arccsc(c*x)*d*e/x^3-1/225/c^10*(c^2*x^2-1)*(24*c^8*d^2*x^4+100*c^6*d*e*x^4+12*c^6*d^2*x^2+225*c^4*e^2*x^4+50*c^4*d*e*x^2+9*c^4*d^2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^6)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{-225 a e^2 x^4 + 150 a d e x^2 + 45 a d^2 + 15 (15 b e^2 x^4 + 10 b d e x^2 + 3 b d^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + ((24 b c^4 d^2 + 100 b c^2 d e + 225 b e^2) x^4 + 9 b d^2 + 2 (6 b c^2 d^2 + 25 b d e) x^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{225 x^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/225*(225*a*e^2*x^4 + 150*a*d*e*x^2 + 45*a*d^2 + 15*(15*b*e^2*x^4 + 10*b*d*e*x^2 + 3*b*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + ((24*b*c^4*d^2 + 100*b*c^2*d*e + 225*b*e^2)*x^4 + 9*b*d^2 + 2*(6*b*c^2*d^2 + 25*b*d*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/x^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{ad^2}{5x^5} - \frac{2ade}{3x^3} - \frac{ae^2}{x} - bce^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5x^5} - \frac{2bde \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3c} \left( \begin{cases} \frac{8c^5 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x} + \frac{4c^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{15x^3} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{5x^5} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{8ic^5 \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x} + \frac{4ic^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{15x^3} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5x^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2bde}{3c} \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |c^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)`

output `-a*d**2/(5*x**5) - 2*a*d*e/(3*x**3) - a*e**2/x - b*c*e**2*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2)) - b*d**2*acsc(c*x)/(5*x**5) - 2*b*d*e*acsc(c*x)/(3*x**3) - b*e**2*acsc(c*x)/x - b*d**2*Piecewise((8*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x) + 4*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x**3) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*x**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (8*I*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x) + 4*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x**3) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*x**5), True))/(5*c) - 2*b*d*e*Piecewise((2*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (2*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x**3), True))/(3*c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = - \left( c \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x} \right) b e^2$$

$$- \frac{1}{75} b d^2 \left( \frac{3 c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 c^6 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} + \frac{15 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{9} b d e \left( \frac{c^4 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{a e^2}{x} - \frac{2 a d e}{3 x^3} - \frac{a d^2}{5 x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(c*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + arccsc(c*x)/x)*b*e^2 - 1/75*b*d^2*((3*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c + 15*arccsc(c*x)/x^5) + 2/9*b*d*e*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) - a*e^2/x - 2/3*a*d*e/x^3 - 1/5*a*d^2/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$- \frac{1}{225} \left( 9 b c^4 d^2 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - 30 b c^4 d^2 \left( -\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{45 b c^3 d^2 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)}{x} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/225*(9*b*c^4*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) - 30*b*c^4*
d^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 45*b*c^3*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(
c*x))/x + 45*b*c^4*d^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 90*b*c^3*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2)
- 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 50*b*c^2*d*e*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 45*b*c^3*
d^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 150*b*c^2*d*e*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 150*b*c*d*e
*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 150*b*c*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 225
*b*e^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 225*b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c*x) + 225*a*e^
2/(c*x) + 150*a*d*e/(c*x^3) + 45*a*d^2/(c*x^5))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b d^2 x^5 + 30 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b d e x^5 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx \right) b e^2 x^5 - 3 a d^2 - 10 a d e x^2 - 15 a e^2 x}{15 x^5}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
(15*int(acsc(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*d**2*x**5 + 30*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*d*e*x**
5 + 15*int(acsc(c*x)/x**2,x)*b*e**2*x**5 - 3*a*d**2 - 10*a*d*e*x**2 - 15*a
*e**2*x**4)/(15*x**5)
```

**3.93**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	830
Mathematica [A] (verified)	831
Rubi [A] (verified)	831
Maple [A] (verified)	834
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	834
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	835
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	836
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	837
Mupad [F(-1)]	838
Reduce [F]	838

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2bc^3(360c^4d^2 + 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{11025\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{49x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2bcd(15c^2d + 49e) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{1225x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc(360c^4d^2 + 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{11025x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-2/11025*b*c^3*(360*c^4*d^2+1176*c^2*d*e+1225*e^2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/49*b*c*d^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^6/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-2/1225*b*c*d*(15*c^2*d+49*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/11025*b*c*(360*c^4*d^2+1176*c^2*d*e+1225*e^2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/7*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^7-2/5*d*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5-1/3*e^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{105a(15d^2 + 42dex^2 + 35e^2x^4) + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(1225e^2x^4(1 + 2c^2x^2) + 294dex^2(3 + 4c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) + 11025x^7}{11025x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/11025*(105*a*(15*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 35*e^2*x^4) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(1225*e^2*x^4*(1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 294*d*e*x^2*(3 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 45*d^2*(5 + 6*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4 + 16*c^6*x^6)) + 105*b*(15*d^2 + 42*d*e*x^2 + 35*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^7
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1588, 359, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{35e^2x^4 + 42dex^2 + 15d^2}{105x^8\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} -$$

$$\frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{35e^2x^4+42dex^2+15d^2}{x^8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{e^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1588 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{245e^2x^2+6d(15dc^2+49e)}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 359 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} (360c^4d^2 + 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{6d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(15c^2d+49e)}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 245 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} (360c^4d^2 + 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \left( \frac{2}{3}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{6d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(15c^2d+49e)}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7x^7} - \frac{2de(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 242 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{7x^7} + \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{6d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(15c^2d+49e)}{5x^5} + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) (360c^4d^2 + 1176c^2de + 1225e^2) \right) \right)}{105\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/105*(b*c*x*((15*d^2*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(7*x^7) + ((6*d*(15*c^2*d + 49*e)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(5*x^5) + ((360*c^4*d^2 + 1176*c^2*d*e + 1225*e^2)*(sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + (2*c^2*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(3*x))/5)/7)/sqrt[c^2*x^2] - (d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(7*x^7) - (2*d*e*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*x^5) - (e^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*x^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 242  $\text{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+2*p+3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 245  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2+p+1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 359  $\text{Int}[((e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_)+(d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1)-b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(a*e^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c-a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 1588  $\text{Int}[((f_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((d_)+(e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((a_)+(b_*)(x_)^2+(c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a+b*x^2+c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R*(f*x)^{(m+1)}*((d+e*x^2)^{(q+1)}/(d*f*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(f*x)^{(m+2)}*(d+e*x^2)^q*\text{ExpandToSum}[d*f*(m+1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m+2*q+3), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2-4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 5762  $\text{Int}[((a_)+\text{ArcCsc}[(c_*)(x_)]*(b_))*((f_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((d_)+(e_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d+e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a+b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]) u, x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2]) \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2-1]), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ ((\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ | \ | (\text{IGtQ}[(m+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+2*p+3, 0])) \ || (\text{ILtQ}[(m+2*p+1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m-1)/2, 0]))$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
parts	$a\left(-\frac{d^2}{7x^7} - \frac{2de}{5x^5} - \frac{e^2}{3x^3}\right) + b c^7\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{7x^7c^7} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{5c^7x^5} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2}{3c^7x^3} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(720c^{10}d^2}{c^4}\right)$
derivativedivides	$c^7\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2de}{5c^3x^5}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(720c^{10}d^2x^6+2352c^8de}{c^4}\right)}{c^4}\right)$
default	$c^7\left(\frac{a\left(-\frac{e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2de}{5c^3x^5}\right)}{c^4} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2}{3c^3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{7c^3x^7} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)de}{5c^3x^5} - \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(720c^{10}d^2x^6+2352c^8de}{c^4}\right)}{c^4}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $a\left(-\frac{1}{7}d^2/x^7 - \frac{2}{5}d^2e/x^5 - \frac{1}{3}e^2/x^3\right) + b c^7\left(-\frac{1}{7} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d^2/x^7/c^7 - \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) d e/x^5/c^7 - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) e^2/x^3/c^7 - \frac{1}{11025} \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(720c^{10}d^2x^6+2352c^8de+360c^8d^2x^4+2450c^6e^2x^6+1176c^6d^2e^2x^4+270c^6d^2x^2+1225c^4e^2x^4+882c^4de^2x^2+225c^4d^2)}{(c^2x^2-1)/c^2/x^2}^{1/2}/x^8\right)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{3675 a e^2 x^4 + 4410 a d e x^2 + 1575 a d^2 + 105 (35 b e^2 x^4 + 42 b d e x^2 + 15 b d^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (2 (360 b c^6 d^2 + \dots)}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/11025*(3675*a*e^2*x^4 + 4410*a*d*e*x^2 + 1575*a*d^2 + 105*(35*b*e^2*x^4
+ 42*b*d*e*x^2 + 15*b*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (2*(360*b*c^6*d^2 + 1176*b*c^4*d
*e + 1225*b*c^2*e^2)*x^6 + (360*b*c^4*d^2 + 1176*b*c^2*d*e + 1225*b*e^2)*x
^4 + 225*b*d^2 + 18*(15*b*c^2*d^2 + 49*b*d*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/x^7
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 35.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2}{7x^7} - \frac{2ade}{5x^5} - \frac{ae^2}{3x^3} - \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{7x^7} - \frac{2bde \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{5x^5} - \frac{be^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3x^3}$$

$$+ bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{16c^7 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35x} + \frac{8c^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35x^3} + \frac{6c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35x^5} + \frac{c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{7x^7} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{16ic^7 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35x} + \frac{8ic^5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35x^3} + \frac{6ic^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35x^5} + \frac{ic \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{7x^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{7c}{2bde} \left( \begin{cases} \frac{8c^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15x} + \frac{4c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15x^3} + \frac{c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{5x^5} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{8ic^5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15x} + \frac{4ic^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15x^3} + \frac{ic \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5x^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{5c}{be^2} \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{3x} + \frac{c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3x} + \frac{ic \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{3c}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**8,x)
```

output

```

-a*d**2/(7*x**7) - 2*a*d*e/(5*x**5) - a*e**2/(3*x**3) - b*d**2*acsc(c*x)/(
7*x**7) - 2*b*d*e*acsc(c*x)/(5*x**5) - b*e**2*acsc(c*x)/(3*x**3) - b*d**2*
Piecewise((16*c**7*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*x) + 8*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)
/(35*x**3) + 6*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*x**5) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/
(7*x**7), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (16*I*c**7*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*x) + 8*
I*c**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*x**3) + 6*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*
x**5) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(7*x**7), True))/(7*c) - 2*b*d*e*Piecis
e((8*c**5*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x) + 4*c**3*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*x**3
) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*x**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (8*I*c**5*sqrt(-c
**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x) + 4*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x**3) + I*c*sqrt(
-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*x**5), True))/(5*c) - b*e**2*Piecewise((2*c**3*sqrt(c**
2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x) + c*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (
2*I*c**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) + I*c*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x**3), T
rue))/(3*c)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{245} bd^2 \left( \frac{5c^8 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21c^8 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^8 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 35c^8 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{35 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^7} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{2}{75} bde \left( \frac{3c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10c^6 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15c^6 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} + \frac{15 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^5} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{1}{9} be^2 \left( \frac{c^4 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{ae^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2ade}{5x^5} - \frac{ad^2}{7x^7} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```
1/245*b*d^2*((5*c^8*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) - 21*c^8*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^8*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 35*c^8*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 35*arccsc(c*x)/x^7) - 2/75*b*d*e*((3*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) - 10*c^6*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*c^6*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c + 15*arccsc(c*x)/x^5) + 1/9*b*e^2*((c^4*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 3*c^4*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c - 3*arccsc(c*x)/x^3) - 1/3*a*e^2/x^3 - 2/5*a*d*e/x^5 - 1/7*a*d^2/x^7
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 491 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = -\frac{1}{11025} \left( 225 bc^6 d^2 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^3 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + 945 bc^6 d^2 \left( \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} - 1 \right)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{1575 bc^5 d^2}{c^2 x^2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/11025*(225*b*c^6*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 945*b*c^6*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1575*b*c^5*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^3*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 1575*b*c^6*d^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 4725*b*c^5*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 1575*b*c^6*d^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 882*b*c^4*d*e*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 4725*b*c^5*d^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 2940*b*c^4*d*e*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 1575*b*c^5*d^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 4410*b*c^3*d*e*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 4410*b*c^4*d*e*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 8820*b*c^3*d*e*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x - 1225*b*c^2*e^2*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 4410*b*c^3*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 3675*b*c^2*e^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 3675*b*c*e^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1)*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 3675*b*c*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/x + 3675*a*e^2/(c*x^3) + 4410*a*d*e/(c*x^5) + 1575*a*d^2/(c*x^7))*c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^8} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^8,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^8, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{105 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^8} dx \right) b d^2 x^7 + 210 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^6} dx \right) b d e x^7 + 105 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^4} dx \right) b e^2 x^7 - 15 a d^2 - 42 a d e x^2 - 35 a e^2 x^4}{105 x^7}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^8,x)`output `(105*int(acsc(c*x)/x**8,x)*b*d**2*x**7 + 210*int(acsc(c*x)/x**6,x)*b*d*e*x**7 + 105*int(acsc(c*x)/x**4,x)*b*e**2*x**7 - 15*a*d**2 - 42*a*d*e*x**2 - 35*a*e**2*x**4)/(105*x**7)`

### 3.94 $\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	840
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	844
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	845
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	846
Mupad [F(-1)]	847
Reduce [F]	848

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(6c^4d^2 + 8c^2de + 3e^2)x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{24c^7\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(6c^4d^2 + 16c^2de + 9e^2)x(-1 + c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{72c^7\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{be(8c^2d + 9e)x(-1 + c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{120c^7\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x(-1 + c^2x^2)^{7/2}}{56c^7\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

output

```
1/24*b*(6*c^4*d^2+8*c^2*d*e+3*e^2)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
+1/72*b*(6*c^4*d^2+16*c^2*d*e+9*e^2)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
+1/120*b*e*(8*c^2*d+9*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/56*b*
e^2*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(7/2)/c^7/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*d^2*x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+
1/3*d*e*x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/8*e^2*x^8*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))
```



### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( 105ax^3(6d^2 + 8dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + \frac{b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(144e^2+8c^2e(56d+9ex^2)+c^4(420d^2+224dex^2+54e^2x^4)+3c^6(70d^2x^2+56dex^4+15e^2x^6))}{c^7} \right)}{2520}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

output `(x*(105*a*x^3*(6*d^2 + 8*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + (b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(144*e^2 + 8*c^2*e*(56*d + 9*e*x^2) + c^4*(420*d^2 + 224*d*e*x^2 + 54*e^2*x^4) + 3*c^6*(70*d^2*x^2 + 56*d*e*x^4 + 15*e^2*x^6)))/c^7 + 105*b*x^3*(6*d^2 + 8*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x])/2520`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1578, 1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(3e^2x^4+8dex^2+6d^2)}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3(3e^2x^4+8dex^2+6d^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{24\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 1578

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2(3e^2x^4+8dex^2+6d^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 1195

$$\frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{3e^2(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{c^6} + \frac{e(8dc^2+9e)(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^6} + \frac{(6d^2c^4+16dec^2+9e^2)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^6} + \frac{6d^2c^4+8dec^2+3e^2}{c^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}(8c^2d+9e)}{5c^8} + \frac{6e^2(c^2x^2-1)^{7/2}}{7c^8} + \frac{2(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(6c^4d^2+16c^2de+9e^2)}{3c^8} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(6c^4d^2+8c^2de+3e^2)}{c^8} \right)}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dex^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) + \frac{1}{8}e^2x^8(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) +$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*c*x*((2*(6*c^4*d^2 + 8*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^8 + (2*(6*c^4*d^2 + 16*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^8) + (2*e*(8*c^2*d + 9*e)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^8) + (6*e^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c^8)))/(48*Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) + (d^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/4 + (d*e*x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/3 + (e^2*x^8*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/8`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 1195 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5762 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{8}e^2x^8 + \frac{1}{3}dex^6 + \frac{1}{4}d^2x^4\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e^2x^8}{8} + \frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dex^6}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2x^4c^4}{4} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)(45c^6e^2}{(c^2x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}/x}\right)}{2c^4e^2}$
derivativeldivides	$-\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(e^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3} - \frac{(e^2x^2+c^2d)^4}{4}\right)}{2c^4e^2} - \frac{bc^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^4}{24e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2c^4x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^4e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dx^6}{3} + \frac{bc^4e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^8}{8}$
default	$-\frac{a\left(\frac{c^2d(e^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{3} - \frac{(e^2x^2+c^2d)^4}{4}\right)}{2c^4e^2} - \frac{bc^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^4}{24e^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2c^4x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^4e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dx^6}{3} + \frac{bc^4e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^8}{8}$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/8*e^2*x^8+1/3*d*e*x^6+1/4*d^2*x^4)+b/c^4*(1/8*c^4*arccsc(c*x)*e^2*x^8
+1/3*c^4*arccsc(c*x)*d*e*x^6+1/4*arccsc(c*x)*d^2*x^4*c^4+1/2520/c^5*(c^2*x
^2-1)*(45*c^6*e^2*x^6+168*c^6*d*e*x^4+210*c^6*d^2*x^2+54*c^4*e^2*x^4+224*c
^4*d*e*x^2+420*c^4*d^2+72*c^2*e^2*x^2+448*c^2*d*e+144*e^2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{315 ac^8 e^2 x^8 + 840 ac^8 dex^6 + 630 ac^8 d^2 x^4 + 105 (3 bc^8 e^2 x^8 + 8 bc^8 dex^6 + 6 bc^8 d^2 x^4) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (45 bc^6 e^2 x^8 + 144 bc^6 dex^6 + 144 bc^6 d^2 x^4) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^{1/2} / x}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2520*(315*a*c^8*e^2*x^8 + 840*a*c^8*d*e*x^6 + 630*a*c^8*d^2*x^4 + 105*(3
*b*c^8*e^2*x^8 + 8*b*c^8*d*e*x^6 + 6*b*c^8*d^2*x^4)*arccsc(c*x) + (45*b*c^
6*e^2*x^6 + 420*b*c^4*d^2 + 448*b*c^2*d*e + 6*(28*b*c^6*d*e + 9*b*c^4*e^2)
*x^4 + 144*b*e^2 + 2*(105*b*c^6*d^2 + 112*b*c^4*d*e + 36*b*c^2*e^2)*x^2)*s
qrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^8
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{adex^6}{3} + \frac{ae^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{bd^2 x^4 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{4} + \frac{bdex^6 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 x^8 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{8} + \frac{bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{3c^3} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{bde \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{5c} + \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15c^5} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5c} + \frac{4ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15c^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^6 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{7c} + \frac{6x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35c^3} + \frac{8x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35c^5} + \frac{16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{35c^7} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^6 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{7c} + \frac{6ix^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35c^3} + \frac{8ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35c^5} + \frac{16i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35c^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8c}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
a*d**2*x**4/4 + a*d*e*x**6/3 + a*e**2*x**8/8 + b*d**2*x**4*acsc(c*x)/4 + b
*d*e*x**6*acsc(c*x)/3 + b*e**2*x**8*acsc(c*x)/8 + b*d**2*Piecewise((x**2*s
qrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c) + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c**3), Abs(c**2*x**2)
> 1), (I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 2*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**
3), True))/(4*c) + b*d*e*Piecewise((x**4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*c) + 4*x**
2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**5), Abs(c**
2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*c) + 4*I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**
2 + 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**5), True))/(3*c) + b*e
**2*Piecewise((x**6*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(7*c) + 6*x**4*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/
(35*c**3) + 8*x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(35*c**5) + 16*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/
(35*c**7), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(7*c) + 6*I*x
**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*c**3) + 8*I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*c**
5) + 16*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(35*c**7), True))/(8*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{8} ae^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{3} adex^6 + \frac{1}{4} ad^2 x^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) bd^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{45} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{3c^4 x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) bde$$

$$+ \frac{1}{280} \left( 35x^8 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{5c^6 x^7 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 21c^4 x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 35x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^7} \right) bde$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*a*e^2*x^8 + 1/3*a*d*e*x^6 + 1/4*a*d^2*x^4 + 1/12*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) +
(c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*d^2
+ 1/45*(15*x^6*arccsc(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 10*c^2
*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*d*e +
1/280*(35*x^8*arccsc(c*x) + (5*c^6*x^7*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(7/2) + 21*c^4*x
^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 35*c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 35*x*s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^7)*b*e^2
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1706 vs.  $2(212) = 424$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1706, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.05

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/645120*(315*b*e^2*x^8*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^8*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c +
315*a*e^2*x^8*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^8/c + 90*b*e^2*x^7*(sqrt(-1/(c
^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^7/c^2 + 3360*b*d*e*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*ar
csin(1/(c*x))/c + 3360*a*d*e*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c + 2520*b
*e^2*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 2520*a*e^2*x
^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c^3 + 1344*b*d*e*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^5/c^2 + 10080*b*d^2*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/
(c*x))/c + 10080*a*d^2*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 882*b*e^2*x^
5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^4 + 20160*b*d*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)
+ 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 20160*a*d*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)
+ 1)^4/c^3 + 6720*b*d^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^2 + 8820*b*e^
2*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 8820*a*e^2*x^4*
(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^5 + 11200*b*d*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^3/c^4 + 40320*b*d^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c
*x))/c^3 + 40320*a*d^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 + 4410*b*e^2
*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^6 + 50400*b*d*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 50400*a*d*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^2/c^5 + 60480*b*d^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 17640*b*e
^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 + 17640*a*e^2*x^
2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^7 + 67200*b*d*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2)...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3(e x^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(d+ex^2)^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))dx = \left(\int a\csc(cx)x^7dx\right)be^2 + 2\left(\int a\csc(cx)x^5dx\right)bde + \left(\int a\csc(cx)x^3dx\right)bd^2 + \frac{ad^2x^4}{4} + \frac{ade x^6}{3} + \frac{ae^2x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(24*int(acsc(c*x)*x**7,x)*b*e**2 + 48*int(acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*d*e + 24*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d**2 + 6*a*d**2*x**4 + 8*a*d*e*x**6 + 3*a*e**2*x**8)/24`

### 3.95 $\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	850
Rubi [A] (verified)	850
Maple [B] (verified)	852
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	853
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	853
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	854
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	855
Mupad [F(-1)]	856
Reduce [F]	856

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(3c^4d^2 + 3c^2de + e^2) x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{6c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be(3c^2d + 2e) x(-1 + c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{18c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{be^2x(-1 + c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30c^5\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6e} + \frac{bcd^3x \arctan(\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2})}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*(3*c^4*d^2+3*c^2*d*e+e^2)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/18*b*e*(3*c^2*d+2*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(3/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/30*b*e^2*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(5/2)/c^5/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e+1/6*b*c*d^3*x*arctan((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{90} x \left( 15ax(3d^2 + 3dex^2 + e^2x^4) + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(8e^2 + 2c^2e(15d + 2ex^2) + 3c^4(15d^2 + 5dex^2 + e^2x^4))}{c^5} + 15bx(3d^2 + 3dex^2 + e^2x^4) \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(x*(15*a*x*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4) + (b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(8*e^2 + 2*c^2*e*(15*d + 2*e*x^2) + 3*c^4*(15*d^2 + 5*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)))/c^5 + 15*b*x*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x^2 + e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x])/90`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5760$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^3}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^3}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{12e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^3 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6e} \\
& \downarrow 99 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \left( \frac{d^3}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{e^3(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}}{c^4} + \frac{e^2(3dc^2+2e)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^4} + \frac{e(3d^2c^4+3dec^2+e^2)}{c^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) dx^2}{12e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^3 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6e} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2d^3 \arctan(\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}) + \frac{2e^2(c^2x^2-1)^{3/2}(3c^2d+2e)}{3c^6} + \frac{2e^3(c^2x^2-1)^{5/2}}{5c^6} + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2+3c^2de+e^2)}{c^6} \right)}{12e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^3 (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(6*e) + (b*c*x*((2*e*(3*c^4*d^2 + 3*c^2*d*e + e^2)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/c^6 + (2*e^2*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^6) + (2*e^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c^6) + 2*d^3*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(12*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5760 Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 351 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(e^2x^2+d)^3}{6e} + \frac{be^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^6}{6} + \frac{be \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^4d}{2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^2d^2}{2} + \frac{bd^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{6e} + \frac{be^2(c^2x^2-1)x^3}{30c^3\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(e^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{6c^4e} + \frac{bc^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^3}{6e} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2c^2x^2}{2} + \frac{bc^2e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dx^4}{2} + \frac{bc^2e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^6}{6} - \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{cx}\right)}{6e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$
default	$\frac{a(e^2x^2+c^2d)^3}{6c^4e} + \frac{bc^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^3}{6e} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2c^2x^2}{2} + \frac{bc^2e \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)dx^4}{2} + \frac{bc^2e^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^6}{6} - \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{cx}\right)}{6e\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}$

```
input int(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*a*(e*x^2+d)^3/e+1/6*b*e^2*arccsc(c*x)*x^6+1/2*b*e*arccsc(c*x)*x^4*d+1/2*b*arccsc(c*x)*x^2*d^2+1/6*b*d^3*arccsc(c*x)/e+1/30*b/c^3*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3+1/6*b/c^3*e*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*d-1/6*b/c/e*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^3*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+2/45*b/c^5*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x+1/2*b/c^3*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d^2+1/3*b/c^5*e*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*d+4/45*b/c^7*e^2*(c^2*x^2-1)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 ac^6 e^2 x^6 + 45 ac^6 dex^4 + 45 ac^6 d^2 x^2 + 15 (bc^6 e^2 x^6 + 3 bc^6 dex^4 + 3 bc^6 d^2 x^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (3 bc^4 e^2 x^4 + 45 bc^4 dex^2 + 15 bc^4 d^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{90 c^6}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/90*(15*a*c^6*e^2*x^6 + 45*a*c^6*d*e*x^4 + 45*a*c^6*d^2*x^2 + 15*(b*c^6*e^2*x^6 + 3*b*c^6*d*e*x^4 + 3*b*c^6*d^2*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (3*b*c^4*e^2*x^4 + 45*b*c^4*d*e*x^2 + 15*b*c^4*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/c^6`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{adex^4}{2} + \frac{ae^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{bd^2 x^2 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{2} + \frac{bdex^4 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 x^6 \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{6} + \frac{bd^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{bde \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{3c^3} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c} + \frac{2i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{5c} + \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{15c^5} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{ix^4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5c} + \frac{4ix^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15c^3} + \frac{8i\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15c^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6c}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output

```
a*d**2*x**2/2 + a*d*e*x**4/2 + a*e**2*x**6/6 + b*d**2*x**2*acsc(c*x)/2 + b
*d*e*x**4*acsc(c*x)/2 + b*e**2*x**6*acsc(c*x)/6 + b*d**2*Piecewise((sqrt(c
**2*x**2 - 1)/c, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, True))/(2
*c) + b*d*e*Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*c) + 2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 -
1)/(3*c**3), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 2*
I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3), True))/(2*c) + b*e**2*Piecewise((x**4*sq
rt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(5*c) + 4*x**2*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*sqrt(c**
2*x**2 - 1)/(15*c**5), Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(
5*c) + 4*I*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*c**3) + 8*I*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/
(15*c**5), True))/(6*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} ae^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} adex^4 + \frac{1}{2} ad^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c} \right) bd^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \left( 3x^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^3} \right) bde$$

$$+ \frac{1}{90} \left( 15x^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \frac{3c^4 x^5 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10c^2 x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^5} \right) be^2$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*a*e^2*x^6 + 1/2*a*d*e*x^4 + 1/2*a*d^2*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arccsc(c*x) + x*s
qrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/c)*b*d^2 + 1/6*(3*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + (c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^
2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 3*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^3)*b*d*e + 1/90*(15*x^6*
arccsc(c*x) + (3*c^4*x^5*(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 10*c^2*x^3*(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1)^(3/2) + 15*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1))/c^5)*b*e^2
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1160 vs.  $2(169) = 338$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1160, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/5760*(15*b*e^2*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 15
*a*e^2*x^6*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^6/c + 6*b*e^2*x^5*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^
2) + 1) + 1)^5/c^2 + 180*b*d*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(
1/(c*x))/c + 180*a*d*e*x^4*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c + 90*b*e^2*x^4*
(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 90*a*e^2*x^4*(sqrt(-1
/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^4/c^3 + 120*b*d*e*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^3/
c^2 + 720*b*d^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c + 720
*a*d^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c + 50*b*e^2*x^3*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x
^2) + 1) + 1)^3/c^4 + 720*b*d*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(
1/(c*x))/c^3 + 720*a*d*e*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2/c^3 + 1440*b*d
^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^2 + 225*b*e^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) +
1) + 1)^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 225*a*e^2*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1
)^2/c^5 + 1080*b*d*e*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/c^4 + 1440*b*d^2*arcsi
n(1/(c*x))/c^3 + 1440*a*d^2/c^3 + 300*b*e^2*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)
/c^6 + 1080*b*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^5 + 1080*a*d*e/c^5 - 1440*b*d^2/(c^4*x
*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 300*b*e^2*arcsin(1/(c*x))/c^7 + 300*a*e^2
/c^7 - 1080*b*d*e/(c^6*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) + 720*b*d^2*arcsin(
1/(c*x))/(c^5*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) + 720*a*d^2/(c^5*x^2*(sq
rt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2) - 300*b*e^2/(c^8*x*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) +
1)) + 720*b*d*e*arcsin(1/(c*x))/(c^7*x^2*(sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)^2...
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = & \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^5 dx \right) b e^2 + 2 \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^3 dx \right) b d e \\ & + \left( \int a \csc(cx) x dx \right) b d^2 \\ & + \frac{a d^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{a d e x^4}{2} + \frac{a e^2 x^6}{6} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(6*int(acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e**2 + 12*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d*e + 6*int(a  
csc(c*x)*x,x)*b*d**2 + 3*a*d**2*x**2 + 3*a*d*e*x**4 + a*e**2*x**6)/6`

**3.96**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	857
Mathematica [A] (verified)	858
Rubi [A] (verified)	858
Maple [A] (verified)	860
Fricas [F]	861
Sympy [F]	861
Maxima [F]	862
Giac [F(-2)]	862
Mupad [F(-1)]	863
Reduce [F]	863

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{be(6c^2d+e) \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}{6c^3} + \frac{be^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^3}}{12c}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}ibd^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2 + dex^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$- bd^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1-e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

$$+ bd^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$- d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}ibd^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
1/6*b*e*(6*c^2*d+e)*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/12*b*e^2*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c+1/2*I*b*d^2*arccsc(c*x)^2+d*e*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))+1/4*e^2*x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))-b*d^2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+b*d^2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1/x)-d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1/x)+1/2*I*b*d^2*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = adex^2 + \frac{1}{4}ae^2x^4 + \frac{bdex \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + cx \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (2 + c^2x^2) + 3c^3x^3 \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{12c^3}$$

$$+ ad^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}ibd^2 \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) \left( \csc^{-1}(cx) \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + 2i \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$+ \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]
```

output

```
a*d*e*x^2 + (a*e^2*x^4)/4 + (b*d*e*x*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*x*ArcCsc[c*x]))/c + (b*e^2*x*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + 3*c^3*x^3*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(12*c^3) + a*d^2*Log[x] + (I/2)*b*d^2*(ArcCsc[c*x]*(ArcCsc[c*x] + (2*I)*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]) + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5764, 5230, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5764}$$

$$- \int \left( \frac{d}{x^2} + e \right)^2 x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5230 \\
& \frac{b \int -\frac{e\left(\frac{4d}{x^2}+e\right)x^4-4d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d\frac{1}{x}}{4\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) +}{c} \\
& \quad dex^2\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{b \int \frac{e\left(\frac{4d}{x^2}+e\right)x^4-4d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) +}{4c} \\
& \quad dex^2\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 7293 \\
& -\frac{b \int \left(\frac{e\left(\frac{4d}{x^2}+e\right)x^4}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right) d\frac{1}{x}}{4c} - d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad dex^2\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& -d^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + dex^2\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) - \\
& \frac{b\left(-2icd^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) - 2icd^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)^2 + 4cd^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}\right) - 4cd^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right)}{4c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `d*e*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]) + (e^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/4 - d^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[x^(-1)] - (b*((-2*e*(6*d + e/c^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/3 - (e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3)/3 - (2*I)*c*d^2*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]^2 + 4*c*d^2*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])]) - 4*c*d^2*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[x^(-1)] - (2*I)*c*d^2*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])]))/(4*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5230 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || (IGtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && LeQ[m + p, 0]))`

rule 5764 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{e^2 x^4}{4} + d e x^2 + d^2 \ln(x)\right) + b\left(\frac{i d^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2}{2} + \frac{e\left(12 c^4 d \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^2 + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) e c^4 x^4 + 12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2} - 1}\right) c^3}{12}\right)$
derivativedivides	$a d e x^2 + \frac{a e^2 x^4}{4} + a d^2 \ln(c x) + b\left(\frac{i c^4 d^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2}{2} + \frac{e\left(12 c^4 d \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^2 + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) e c^4 x^4 + 12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2} - 1}\right) c^3}{12}\right)$
default	$a d e x^2 + \frac{a e^2 x^4}{4} + a d^2 \ln(c x) + b\left(\frac{i c^4 d^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)^2}{2} + \frac{e\left(12 c^4 d \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) x^2 + 3 \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) e c^4 x^4 + 12 \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2} - 1}\right) c^3}{12}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/4*e^2*x^4+d*e*x^2+d^2*ln(x))+b*(1/2*I*d^2*arccsc(c*x)^2+1/12/c^4*e*(12*c^4*d*arccsc(c*x)*x^2+3*arccsc(c*x)*e*c^4*x^4+12*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^3*d*x+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e*c^3*x^3-12*I*c^2*d+2*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e*c*x-2*I*e)-d^2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-d^2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*d^2*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*d^2*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccsc(c*x))/x, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*a*e^2*x^4 + a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2*log(x) + 1/8*(4*I*b*c^4*d^2*log(-c*x + 1)
)*log(x) + 4*I*b*c^4*d^2*log(x)^2 + 4*I*b*c^4*d^2*dilog(c*x) + 4*I*b*c^4*d
^2*dilog(-c*x) + 2*(b*c^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c^
4*log(c))*e^2*x^4 - I*(b*e^2*(x^2/c^2 + log(c*x + 1)/c^4 + log(c*x - 1)/c^
4) + 4*b*d*e*(log(c*x + 1)/c^2 + log(c*x - 1)/c^2) + 32*b*d^2*integrate(1/
4*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x))*c^4 + 8*c^4*integrate(1/4*(b*e^2*x^4 + 4*b*d*e
*x^2 + 4*b*d^2*log(x))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + (I*
b*c^2*e^2 + 8*(b*c^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c^4*log
(c))*d*e)*x^2 + (-I*b*c^4*e^2*x^4 - 4*I*b*c^4*d*e*x^2 - 4*I*b*c^4*d^2*log(
x))*log(c^2*x^2) + (4*I*b*c^4*d^2*log(x) + 4*I*b*c^2*d*e + I*b*e^2)*log(c*
x + 1) + (4*I*b*c^2*d*e + I*b*e^2)*log(c*x - 1) - 2*(-I*b*c^4*e^2*x^4 - 4*
I*b*c^4*d*e*x^2 - 4*(b*c^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c
^4*log(c))*d^2*log(x))/c^4
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x,x)`output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx &= \left( \int \frac{a \csc(cx)}{x} dx \right) b d^2 + \left( \int a \csc(cx) x^3 dx \right) b e^2 \\ &+ 2 \left( \int a \csc(cx) x dx \right) b d e \\ &+ \log(x) a d^2 + a d e x^2 + \frac{a e^2 x^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`output `(4*int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*b*d**2 + 4*int(acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**2 + 8*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*d*e + 4*log(x)*a*d**2 + 4*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/4`



**3.97**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	864
Mathematica [A] (verified)	865
Rubi [A] (verified)	865
Maple [A] (verified)	868
Fricas [F]	868
Sympy [F]	869
Maxima [F]	869
Giac [F(-2)]	870
Mupad [F(-1)]	870
Reduce [F]	870

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^2 (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bcd^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{be^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2c}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}bc^2d^2 \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) + ibde \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)^2$$

$$- \frac{d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2}e^2x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))$$

$$- 2bde \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

$$+ 2bde \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$- 2de(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$+ ibde \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}\right)$$

output

```
-1/4*b*c*d^2*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/2*b*e^2*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c+1/4*b
*c^2*d^2*arccsc(c*x)+I*b*d*e*arccsc(c*x)^2-1/2*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2+1
/2*e^2*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))-2*b*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2))^2)+2*b*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1/x)-2*d*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1/x)+I*b
*d*e*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{2ad^2}{x^2} + 2ae^2x^2 - \frac{2bd^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2} + \frac{2be^2x \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} + cx \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{c} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{bd^2(-1 + c^2x^2 + c^2x^2\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \arctan(\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}))}{c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3} \right. \\ \left. - 8bde \csc^{-1}(cx) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) + 8ade \log(x) \right. \\ \left. + 4ibde \left( \csc^{-1}(cx)^2 + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `((-2*a*d^2)/x^2 + 2*a*e^2*x^2 - (2*b*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/x^2 + (2*b*e^2*x*(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] + c*x*ArcCsc[c*x]))/c - (b*d^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2 + c^2*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3) - 8*b*d*e*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] + 8*a*d*e*Log[x] + (4*I)*b*d*e*(ArcCsc[c*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])]))/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5764, 5230, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \left( \frac{d}{x^2} + e \right)^2 x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \downarrow \text{5230} \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{\frac{d^2}{x^2} - 4e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)d + e^2 x^2}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{d^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{2x^2} - 2de \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{d^2}{x^2} - 4e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)d + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{2x^2} - 2de \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & - \frac{b \int \left( -\frac{d^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} - \frac{4e \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)d}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} + \frac{e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{2x^2} - \\
 & \quad 2de \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{d^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right)}{2x^2} - 2de \log \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} e^2 x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{b \left( -\frac{1}{2} c^3 d^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) - 2icde \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) - 2icde \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)^2 + 4cde \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right) \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin \left( \frac{1}{cx} \right)} \right) \right)}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*(d^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))/x^2 + (e^{2*x^2}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])) \\
& /2 - 2*d*e*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[x^{-1}] - (b*((c^2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])) \\
& /2 - e^{2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x} - (c^3*d^2*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])) \\
& /2 - (2*I)*c*d*e*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]^2 + 4*c*d*e*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[1 - E^{(2 \\
& *I)*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]}] - 4*c*d*e*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[x^{-1}] - (2*I)*c*d*e* \\
& \text{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]}]]/(2*c)
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_)] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \;/; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5230

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[c_.*(x_)]*(b_.)]*((f_.*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((d_.) + (e_.*(x_)) \\
& ^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]\}, \text{Simp} \\
& [(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]) \quad u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c \quad \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/\text{Sqrt}[1 - \\
& c^2*x^2], x], x], x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + e, \\
& 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[(m - 1)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[m + p, 0]))
\end{aligned}$$

rule 5764

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[c_.*(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((d_.) + (e_.*(x_)) \\
& ^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x/c])^n/x^{(m \\
& + 2*(p + 1)))], x], x, 1/x] \;/; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 7293

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{v = \text{ExpandIntegrand}[u, x]\}, \text{Int}[v, x] \;/; \text{SumQ}[v] ]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{e^2x^2}{2} + 2de \ln(x) - \frac{d^2}{2x^2}\right) + ibde \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2 - \frac{bc d^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{b c^2 d^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2x^2}$
derivativedivides	$c^2\left(\frac{ax^2e^2}{2c^2} + \frac{2ade \ln(cx)}{c^2} - \frac{ad^2}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{ibde \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{c^2} - \frac{bd^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{4cx} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{4} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{2c^2x^2}\right)$
default	$c^2\left(\frac{ax^2e^2}{2c^2} + \frac{2ade \ln(cx)}{c^2} - \frac{ad^2}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{ibde \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)^2}{c^2} - \frac{bd^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{4cx} + \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{4} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d^2}{2c^2x^2}\right)$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/2*e^2*x^2+2*d*e*ln(x)-1/2*d^2/x^2)+I*b*d*e*arccsc(c*x)^2-1/4*b*c*d^2/x*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*b*c^2*d^2*arccsc(c*x)-1/2*b*arccsc(c*x)*d^2/x^2+1/2*b*e^2*arccsc(c*x)*x^2+1/2*b/c*e^2*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x-1/2*I*b/c^2*e^2-2*b*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*b*d*e*polylog(2,I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-2*b*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+2*I*b*d*e*polylog(2,-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccsc(c*x))/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*e^2*x^2 + 1/4*b*d^2*((c^4*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) - 1) - 1) - c^3*arctan(c*x*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)))/c - 2*arccsc(c*x)/x^2) + 2*a*d*e*log(x) - 1/2*a*d^2/x^2 + 1/4*(4*I*b*c^2*d*e*log(-c*x + 1)*log(x) + 4*I*b*c^2*d*e*log(x)^2 + 4*I*b*c^2*d*e*dilog(c*x) + 4*I*b*c^2*d*e*dilog(-c*x) + 2*(b*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c^2*log(c))*e^2*x^2 + I*b*e^2*log(c*x - 1) - I*(b*e^2*(log(c*x + 1)/c^2 + log(c*x - 1)/c^2) + 16*b*d*e*integrate(1/2*log(x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x))*c^2 + 4*c^2*integrate(1/2*(b*e^2*x^2 + 4*b*d*e*log(x))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) + (-I*b*c^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*I*b*c^2*d*e*log(x))*log(c^2*x^2) + (4*I*b*c^2*d*e*log(x) + I*b*e^2)*log(c*x + 1) - 2*(-I*b*c^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*(b*c^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + I*b*c^2*log(c))*d*e*log(x))/c^2`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^3} dx \right) b d^2 x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx \right) b d e x^2 + 2 \left( \int \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x dx \right) b e^2 x^2 + 4 \log(x) a d e x^2 - a d^2 + a e}{2x^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output

```
(2*int(acsc(c*x)/x**3,x)*b*d**2*x**2 + 4*int(acsc(c*x)/x,x)*b*d*e*x**2 + 2
*int(acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e**2*x**2 + 4*log(x)*a*d*e*x**2 - a*d**2 + a*e**2*x*
*4)/(2*x**2)
```



### 3.98 $\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	872
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	873
Rubi [A] (verified)	874
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	877
Fricas [F]	878
Sympy [F]	878
Maxima [F(-2)]	879
Giac [F(-2)]	879
Mupad [F(-1)]	879
Reduce [F]	880

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 565

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx = & \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{ce} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1-\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1+\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1-\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1+\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e+b*arctanh((1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c/e-1/2*(-d)^(1/2)*(a
+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(
c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)+1/2*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1
/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)-1/2*(-d
)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/
(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)+1/2*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I
*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/
2)-1/2*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
)/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)+1/2*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)
^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)-1/2*
I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1
/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)+1/2*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*
(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1260 vs.  $2(565) = 1130$ .

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```

((I/4)*((-4*I)*a*c*Sqrt[e]*x - (4*I)*b*c*Sqrt[e]*x*ArcCsc[c*x] + (4*I)*a*c
*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + (8*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (
I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(P
i + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - (8*I)*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1
+ (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(P
i + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]
- Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c
*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4
*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sq
rt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*L
og[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 2*b*c
*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*
ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sq
rt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))]
- b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcC
sc[c*x]))] + 2*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e)
]/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e]
)/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(
I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + b*c*Sqrt[d]*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*S
qrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*c*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{x^2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2d + e + \sqrt{e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2d + e + \sqrt{e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} - \\
& \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \frac{ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{ce}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/e + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/(c*e) -
(Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*
x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[
1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2
*d + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sq
rt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) +
(Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x
)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^(3/2)) - ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog
[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/
e^(3/2) + ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]
)]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(3/2) - ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, ((-
I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(3/2)
+ ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt
[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(3/2)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(
m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 66.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
parts	$\frac{ax}{e} - \frac{ad \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{e\sqrt{de}} + b \left( \frac{c^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x}{e} + \frac{c^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{c^2 \ln\left(-1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{c^4 d}{e} \operatorname{RootOf}\left(\dots\right) \right)$
derivativelimit	$\frac{ac^3x}{e} - \frac{ac^3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{e\sqrt{de}} + bc^2 \left( \frac{cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{e} + \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\ln\left(-1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{c^2 d}{e} \operatorname{RootOf}\left(c^2 \dots\right) \right)$
default	$\frac{ac^3x}{e} - \frac{ac^3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{e\sqrt{de}} + bc^2 \left( \frac{cx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{e} + \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\ln\left(-1 + \frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{c^2 d}{e} \operatorname{RootOf}\left(c^2 \dots\right) \right)$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a/e*x-a*d/e/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))+b/c^3*(c^3*arccsc(c*x)/e*x
+c^2/e*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-c^2/e*ln(-1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/
2))-1/8*c^4/e^2*d*sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*
(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))
+1/8*c^4/e^2*d*sum((_R1^2*c^2*d+4*_R1^2*e-c^2*d)/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*
e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x
-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*
d))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index\_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2),x)`



output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{ex^2+d} dx\right) b e^2 + aex}{e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d), x)`

output `( - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a + int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(d + e*x**2), x)*b*e**2 + a*e*x)/e**2`

$$3.99 \quad \int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$$

Optimal result	882
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	883
Rubi [A] (verified)	884
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	886
Fricas [F]	888
Sympy [F]	888
Maxima [F]	888
Giac [F(-1)]	889
Mupad [F(-1)]	889
Reduce [F]	889

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 507

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = & \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{e} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)} \right)}{2e}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(
1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+
(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln
(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e
+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^
(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
))^2)/e-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(
1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/
x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)
*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e-1/2*I*b*polylog(
2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e+
1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1123 vs.  $2(507) = 1014$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(I*b*Pi^2 - (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + (8*I)*b*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - (16*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - (16*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))]...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5764}$$

$$- \int \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} d \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5232}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}} \right)}{2e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}} \right)}{2e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2d + e} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2d + e} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2e} - \frac{\log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2e} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2e} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{2e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])])/e - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])])/e`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5232 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^m_)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5764 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*(x_)^m_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
parts	$\frac{a \ln(e x^2+d)}{2e} - \frac{ib \left( \sum_{_R1=\text{RootOf}(c^2 d _Z^4+(-2c^2 d-4e) _Z^2+c^2 d)} \frac{(-R1^2 c^2 d-c^2 d-4e) \left( i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(\frac{-R1-\frac{i}{cx}}{-R1}\right)}{-R1^2 c^2 d} \right)}{4e}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a c^2 \ln(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}{2e} + b c^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} \right)$
default	$\frac{a c^2 \ln(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}{2e} + b c^2 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{i}{cx}+\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} \right)$

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*a/e*ln(e*x^2+d)-1/4*I*b/e*sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-b/e*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*b/e*dilog(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-I*b/e*dilog(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-1/4*I*b*c^2*d/e*sum((_R1^2-1)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*arccsc(c*x) + a*x)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(x*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e*x^2 + d), x) + 1/2*a*log(e*x^2 + d)/e`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{ex^2+d} dx \right) be + \log(ex^2 + d) a}{2e}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(2*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e + log(d + e*x**2)*a)/(2*e)`

### 3.100 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	890
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	891
Rubi [A] (verified)	892
Maple [C] (verified)	894
Fricas [F]	896
Sympy [F]	896
Maxima [F(-2)]	896
Giac [F(-2)]	897
Mupad [F(-1)]	897
Reduce [F]	897

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 529

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```

-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1068 vs.  $2(529) = 1058$ .

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1068, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2), x]
```

output

```

((-1/4*I)*((4*I)*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (
I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(P
i + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - (8*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[
e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcC
sc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(
c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^
2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])
/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I
*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - b*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(
I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 2*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c
*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])
]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x
]))] - b*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x
]))] + 2*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I
*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Lo
g[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + b*Pi*Lo
g[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Arc
Csc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))
] - 4*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + b*Pi*Log[Sqrt[e] - ...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5754, 5172, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5754} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\frac{d}{x^2} + e} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5172}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\left(\sqrt{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x}\right)} + \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x} + \sqrt{e}\right)} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5172 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5754 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 34.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result
parts	$\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(\frac{-R1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{-R1}\right) + \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{-R1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{-R1}\right)}{-R1(-R1^2 c^2 d - c^2 d - 2e)} \right)}{2}$
derivativelimit	$\frac{ac \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right) + bc^2}{\sqrt{de}} - \frac{\left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(\frac{-R1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{-R1}\right) + \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{-R1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{-R1}\right)}{-R1(-R1^2 c^2 d - c^2 d - 2e)} \right)}{2}$
default	$\frac{ac \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right) + bc^2}{\sqrt{de}} - \frac{\left( \frac{i \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) \ln\left(\frac{-R1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{-R1}\right) + \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{-R1 - \frac{i}{cx} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{-R1}\right)}{-R1(-R1^2 c^2 d - c^2 d - 2e)} \right)}{2}$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))-1/2*b*c*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-1/2*b*c*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{a \csc(cx)}{ex^2 + d} dx\right) bde}{de}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a + int(acsc(c*x)/(d + e*x* *2),x)*b*d*e)/(d*e)`

### 3.101 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)} dx$

Optimal result	898
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	899
Rubi [A] (verified)	900
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	902
Fricas [F]	903
Sympy [F]	904
Maxima [F]	904
Giac [F(-2)]	904
Mupad [F(-1)]	905
Reduce [F]	905

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 479

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2bd} - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2d}$$

output

```

1/2*I*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/b/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I
/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x
))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2
)))/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(
I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,
-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d+1
/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*
d+e)^(1/2)))/d+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d

```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1089 vs.  $2(479) = 958$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1089, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)),x]
```

output

```

-1/8*(I*b*Pi^2 - (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + (4*I)*b*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - (16*I)*b
*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((-I)*c*Sqrt[d]
+ Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - (16*I)*b*ArcSi
n[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]
])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]
- Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1
+ (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin
[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2
*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 +
(I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*
Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(
c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^
2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])
/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E(I
*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^
(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c
*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])
]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)x} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2d(\frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x} + \sqrt{e})} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2d(\sqrt{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}}{x})} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{c^2d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2d} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{c^2d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2d} + \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{2bd} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}\right)}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)),x]`

output `((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])^2)/(b*d) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d) + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5232 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5764 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1934, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1934
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1961
default	Expression too large to display	1961

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a/d*ln(x)-1/2*a/d*ln(e*x^2+d)+b*(-I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2
*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*arccsc(c*x)^2/c^2/(c^2*d+e)/d^2-I*((e*(c^2*d
+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*e*arccsc(c*x)^2/
c^4/(c^2*d+e)/d^3+1/2*I*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*polylog(2,d*c^2*
(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e))*e/d^3/c^4
+((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*ln(1-
d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e))*arc
csc(c*x)/c^2/(c^2*d+e)/d^2+1/2*I*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*arccsc(
c*x)^2/c^2/d^2+1/2*I*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d+e)*arccsc(c*x)^2-1/4*(e*
(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)*c^2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2))^2/(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e))+1/2*I/d*arccsc(c*x)^2-1/2*(
c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/
(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e))*arccsc(c*x)/c^2/d^2+I*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*
d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*arccsc(c*x)^2*e/d^3/c^4-1/2*I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+
2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*polylog(2,d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x
^2)^(1/2))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e))/c^2/(c^2*d+e)/d^2+1/2*I/d*
sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-2*c^2*d-4*e)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((
R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_
R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+1/8*I*(e*(c^2*d+e))
^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)*polylog(2,d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/(c^2*d...

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^3 + d*x), x)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(log(e*x^2 + d)/d - 2*log(x)/d) + b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e*x^3 + d*x), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)} dx = \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e x^3 + dx} dx\right) b d - \log(ex^2 + d) a + 2 \log(x) a}{2d}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d*x + e*x**3),x)*b*d - log(d + e*x**2)*a + 2*log(x)*a)/(2*d)`

$$3.102 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	907
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Reduce [F]	914

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 572

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx = & -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d} - \frac{a}{dx} - \frac{b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d + e}}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d-a/d/x-b*arccsc(c*x)/d/x-1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc
(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(
(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/
x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2*e^(1/2)*
(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+
(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(
1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2
*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)
-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I
/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)-1/2*I*b*e^(
1/2)*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*
d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)+1/2*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1241 vs.  $2(572) = 1144$ .

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)),x]
```

output

```

-(a/(d*x)) - (a*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/d^(3/2) + b*(-((c*Sqr
t[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + ArcCsc[c*x])/(d*x)) + (Sqrt[e]*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[
c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[
2]]*ArcTan[(((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c
^2*d + e]] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*
ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*
Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d]
)])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*
x]))] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCs
c[c*x]))] - (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[
d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/S
qrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))]
+ (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - (4*I)*Pi*Log[Sqrt[e]
+ (I*Sqrt[d])/x] + 8*PolyLog[2, (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E
^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]
*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x])))] + 4*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]))]/(16*d^(3/2))
- (Sqrt[e]*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1
+ (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(P
i + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqr
t[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 ...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5764 \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right) x^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5232
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \frac{a}{dx} - \\
& \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} + \frac{ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2(-d)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{dx} - \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)),x]`

output

```

-((b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/d) - a/(d*x) - (b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d*x) - (
Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]
)))/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSin[1
/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*
d + e]))/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*S
qrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*(-d)^(3/2)
) + (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(
c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*(-d)^(3/2)) - ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[e]*Po
lyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e
]))]/(-d)^(3/2) + ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[e]*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/
(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))]/(-d)^(3/2) - ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[e]*PolyL
og[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))
]/(-d)^(3/2) + ((I/2)*b*Sqrt[e]*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c
x)])/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))]/(-d)^(3/2)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_)*(x_)^m_)*((d_) + (e_
)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*(x_)^m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)
^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(
m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```



### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 61.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{dx} - \frac{ae \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{d\sqrt{de}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{d} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{dx} + \frac{bce \left( \sum_{-R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2d\_Z^4+(-2c^2d-4e)\_Z^2+c^2d)} \right)}{\dots}$
derivativelimit	$c \left( -\frac{a}{dcx} - \frac{ae \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{cd\sqrt{de}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{d} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{dcx} + \frac{be \left( \sum_{-R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2d\_Z^4+(-2c^2d-4e)\_Z^2+c^2d)} \right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	$c \left( -\frac{a}{dcx} - \frac{ae \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{cd\sqrt{de}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}}{d} - \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{dcx} + \frac{be \left( \sum_{-R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2d\_Z^4+(-2c^2d-4e)\_Z^2+c^2d)} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a/d/x-a*e/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))-b*c/d*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-b*arccsc(c*x)/d/x+1/2*b*c*e/d*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)), _R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+1/2*b*c*e/d*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)), _R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^4 + d*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ax + \left(\int \frac{acsc(cx)}{ex^4 + dx^2} dx\right) b d^2 x - ad}{d^2 x}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `( - sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*x + int(acsc(c*x)/(d*x**2 + e*x**4),x)*b*d**2*x - a*d)/(d**2*x)`

$$3.103 \quad \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 628

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx &= \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{2ce^2} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e^2 \left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2e^2} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&+ \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*b*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c/e^2+1/2*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e+d/x^2)+1/
2*x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2-1/2*b*d*arctan((c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1-1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/e^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d
)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-d*(a+b*
arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2
*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/
x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d
)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+2*d*(a
+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^3+I*b*d*polylog(2,-I
*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+I
*b*d*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+
e)^(1/2)))/e^3+I*b*d*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+I*b*d*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1
/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*b*d*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-
1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^3

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1480 vs.  $2(628) = 1256$ .

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1480, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(-2*a*e*x^2 + (2*a*d^2)/(d + e*x^2) + 4*a*d*Log[d + e*x^2] + b*(I*d*P
i^2 - (2*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/c - (4*I)*d*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] - 2*e*x^2*A
rcCsc[c*x] + (d^(3/2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (d^(3/2)*ArcC
sc[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (8*I)*d*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 2*d*ArcSin[1/(c
*x)] - (16*I)*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(
((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] -
(16*I)*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(I*c*S
qrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - 2*d*Pi*L
og[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*d*Ar
cCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]
))] - 8*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e
] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*d*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqr
t[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*d*ArcCsc[c*x]*L
og[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*d*A
rcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[
c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*d*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqr
t[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*d*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sq
rt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*d*ArcSin[Sqrt[
1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/
(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*d*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + ...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 696, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) x^3}{e^2} - \frac{2d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) x}{e^3} + \frac{2d^2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e) x} + \frac{d^2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e + \sqrt{e}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e + \sqrt{e}}} \right)}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2d \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3} + \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} + \frac{x^2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{e^3} + \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{e^3} + \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{bd \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{2e^{5/2} \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} + \frac{bx \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{2ce^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (b\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2x^2)}x)/(2ce^2) + (d(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)]))/(2e^2 \\
& * (e + d/x^2)) + (x^2(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)]))/(2e^2) - (b*d*\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c \\
& ^2d + e}/(c*\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2x^2)}x)]/(2e^{5/2}*\sqrt{c^2d + e} \\
& ) - (d*(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])) \\
& ])/(sqrt{e} - sqrt{c^2d + e})])/e^3 - (d*(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])*\text{Log}[1 + ( \\
& I*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} - sqrt{c^2d + e})])/e^3 - (d \\
& *(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} + sqrt{c^2d + e} \\
& ]])/e^3 - (d*(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} + sqrt{c^2d + e} \\
& ]])/e^3 + (2*d*(a + b\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])}])/e^3 + (I*b*d*\text{Poly} \\
& \text{Log}[2, ((-I)*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} - sqrt{c^2d + e}) \\
& ]])/e^3 + (I*b*d*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} - \\
& sqrt{c^2d + e})])/e^3 + (I*b*d*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*c*\sqrt{-d}*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1 \\
& //(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} + sqrt{c^2d + e})])/e^3 + (I*b*d*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\sqrt{-d} \\
& *E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])))/(sqrt{e} + sqrt{c^2d + e})])/e^3 - (I*b*d*\text{Poly} \\
& \text{Log}[2, E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[1/(cx)])}])/e^3
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5232

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\{(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)\}^{(n_.)}\{(f_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_.)}\{(d_.) + (e_ \\
& .)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, ( \\
& f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + \\
& e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 5764

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\{(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)\}^{(n_.)}(x_)^{(m_.)}\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_ \\
& ^2)\}^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x/c])^n/x^{( \\
& m + 2*(p + 1))}), x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]
\end{aligned}$$

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 643, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2e^2} - \frac{ad \ln(ex^2+d)}{e^3} - \frac{ad^2}{2e^3(ex^2+d)} + b \left( \frac{c^4 \left( 2c^4 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^2 + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e c^4 x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 dx + \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} e c^3 x^3 \right)}{2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)e^2} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{ac^6 x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{ac^8 d^2}{2e^3(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} - \frac{ac^6 d \ln(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)}{e^3} + b c^4 \left( \frac{2c^4 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^2 + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e c^4 x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 dx + \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} e c^3 x^3}{2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)e^2} \right)$
default	$\frac{ac^6 x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{ac^8 d^2}{2e^3(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)} - \frac{ac^6 d \ln(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)}{e^3} + b c^4 \left( \frac{2c^4 d \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x^2 + \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)e c^4 x^4 + \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} c^3 dx + \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 - 1}{c^2 x^2}} e c^3 x^3}{2(e c^2 x^2 + c^2 d)e^2} \right)$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*a*x^2/e^2-a*d/e^3*ln(e*x^2+d)-1/2*a*d^2/e^3/(e*x^2+d)+b/c^6*(1/2*c^4*(
2*c^4*d*arccsc(c*x)*x^2+arccsc(c*x)*e*c^4*x^4+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*
c^3*d*x+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e*c^3*x^3-I*c^2*d-I*e*c^2*x^2)/(c^2*e*
x^2+c^2*d)/e^2+2*I/e^3*d*c^6*dilog(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+1/2*I/e^3*d^
2*c^8*sum((_R1^2-1)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(
1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=R
ootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-2*I/e^3*d*c^6*dilog(1+I/c/x+(
1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+1/2*I*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)/e^3*arctanh(1/4*(2
*c^2*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2-2*c^2*d-4*e)/(c^2*d+e+e^2)^(1/2))*d*c
^6+1/2*I/e^3*d*c^6*sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*
arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+2/
e^3*d*c^6*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^5*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^5)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(d^2/(e^4*x^2 + d*e^3) - x^2/e^2 + 2*d*log(e*x^2 + d)/e^3) + b*integrate(x^5*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^5}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) bde^3 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^5}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) be^4x^2 - 2 \log(ex^2 + d) ad^2 - 2 \log(ex^2 + d) ade x^2}{2e^3(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**4*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 2*a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**4)/(2*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.104 \quad \int \frac{x^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	926
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	927
Rubi [A] (verified)	928
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	931
Fricas [F]	932
Sympy [F(-1)]	932
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Giac [F(-1)]	933
Mupad [F(-1)]	933
Reduce [F]	934

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 593

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & \frac{-a - b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(e + \frac{d}{x^2})} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{2e^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^2} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*(-a-b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*b*arctan((c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/
(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/e^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-
I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+
1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(
1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/
x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)
)*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)
))/e^2-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^2-1/2*I*b*p
olylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)))/e^2-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^
(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^
(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^2+1/2*I*b*p
olylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^2

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1442 vs.  $2(593) = 1186$ .

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```



output

```
(I*b*Pi^2 + (4*a*d)/(d + e*x^2) - (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + (2*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (2*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (8*I)*b*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 4*b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)] - (16*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - (16*I)*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*S...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5764}$$

$$- \int \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5232}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e) x} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e + \sqrt{e}}} \right)}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e + \sqrt{e}}} \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{2e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} - \\
& \frac{\log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})} \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{2e^2} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{2e^2} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \, i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})} \right)}{2e^2} + \frac{b \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}{c\sqrt{e} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{2e^{3/2} \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])/(e*(e + d/x^2)) + (b*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]/(c*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)]/(2*e^{3/2}*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]) + ((a + b \\
& * \text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \\
& \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d] \\
& *E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*A \\
& rcSin[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{S} \\
&qrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]* \\
& E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^2) - ((a + b*\text{Arc} \\
& Sin[1/(c*x)]*\text{Log}[1 - E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}])/e^2 - ((I/2)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2 \\
& , ((-I)*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]))/e^ \\
& 2 - ((I/2)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{S} \\
&qrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^2 - ((I/2)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/ \\
& (c*x)])})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]))/e^2 - ((I/2)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\text{Sqrt} \\
& [-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])})/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]))/e^2 + ((I/2)*b*P \\
&olyLog[2, E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}])/e^2
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5232

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(b*x)^n*((f*x)^m*((d + e \\
& *x^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, ( \\
& f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + \\
& e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 5764

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCsc}[c*x])*(b*x)^n*(x)^m*((d + e*x) \\
& ^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x/c])^n/x^{( \\
& m + 2*(p + 1))}), x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
parts	$\frac{ad}{2e^2(e x^2+d)} + \frac{a \ln(e x^2+d)}{2e^2} - \frac{b c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{i b \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{i b \operatorname{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2}$
derivativedivides	$\left( \frac{a c^6 d}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{a c^4 \ln(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}{2e^2} + b c^4 - \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)e} + \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2} \right)$
default	$\left( \frac{a c^6 d}{2e^2(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{a c^4 \ln(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}{2e^2} + b c^4 - \frac{c^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)e} + \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(1+\frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{i}{cx} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2} \right)$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*a*d/e^2/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*a/e^2*ln(e*x^2+d)-1/2*b*c^2*x^2*arccsc(c*x)/e/(c
^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)-I*b/e^2*dilog(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*b/e^2*dilog(1+I
/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-1/4*I*b*c^2/e^2*d*sum((_R1^2-1)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2
*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-
I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2
+c^2*d))-1/2*I*b*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)/e^2*arctanh(1/4*(2*c^2*d*(I
/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2-2*c^2*d-4*e)/(c^2*d+e+e^2)^(1/2))-1/4*I*b/e^2*
sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1
-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1
)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-b/e^2*arccsc(c*x)*ln(
1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^3)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*(d/(e^3*x^2 + d*e^2) + log(e*x^2 + d)/e^2) + b*integrate(x^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) bde^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) be^3x^2 + \log(ex^2 + d)ad + \log(ex^2 + d)ae x^2 - ae x^2}{2e^2(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**2 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**3*x**2 + log(d + e*x**2)*a*d + log(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - a*e*x**2)/(2*e**2*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.105** 
$$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	935
Mathematica [C] (verified)	935
Rubi [A] (verified)	936
Maple [B] (verified)	938
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	939
Sympy [F]	940
Maxima [F]	940
Giac [F(-2)]	940
Mupad [F(-1)]	941
Reduce [F]	941

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-a - b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} - \frac{bcx \arctan(\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2})}{2de\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-a-b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)-1/2*b*c*x*arctan((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*b*c*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/d/e^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{2a}{d+ex^2} + \frac{2b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d+ex^2} - \frac{2b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{d} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{4ide-4cd\sqrt{e}(c\sqrt{d+i\sqrt{-c^2d-e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}})x}{b\sqrt{-c^2d-e}(\sqrt{d-i\sqrt{ex}})}\right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2d-e}} + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{4i(-de+cd\sqrt{e}(ic\sqrt{d+\sqrt{-c^2d-e}})}{b\sqrt{-c^2d-e}(\sqrt{d+i\sqrt{ex}})}\right)}{d\sqrt{-c^2d-e}}$$

4e



input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output 
$$-1/4*((2*a)/(d + e*x^2) + (2*b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2) - (2*b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/d + (b*Sqrt[e]*Log[((4*I)*d*e - 4*c*d*Sqrt[e]*(c*Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x]/(b*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]) + (b*Sqrt[e]*Log[((4*I)*(-(d*e) + c*d*Sqrt[e]*(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x)]/(b*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/e$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 97, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5760} \\ & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{4e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{97} \\ & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{d} - \frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{d} \right)}{4e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{c^2 + \frac{1}{c^2}} d\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2 d} - \frac{2e \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d + \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c^2 d} \right)}{4e\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e(d + ex^2)} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1})}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4e\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x^2)) - (b*c*x*((2*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/d - (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 5760

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 7.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{2e(e x^2+d)} + \frac{b}{c^2} \left( -\frac{c^4 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{c\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}{2e} \left( 2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} - \ln\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} e+\sqrt{-c^2 d e}\right)}{-c e x+\sqrt{-c^2 d e}}\right) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^4}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + b c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}{2e} \left( 2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} - \ln\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} e+\sqrt{-c^2 d e}\right)}{-c e x+\sqrt{-c^2 d e}}\right) \right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^4}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + b c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}{2e} \left( 2 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} - \ln\left(-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} e+\sqrt{-c^2 d e}\right)}{-c e x+\sqrt{-c^2 d e}}\right) \right) \right)$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*a/e/(e*x^2+d)+b/c^2*(-1/2*c^4/e/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)*arccsc(c*x)+1/4*c/e
*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(2*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)-ln(
-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e
*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))-ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c
^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))))/(c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
)/x/d/(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2ac^2d^2 + 2ade + \sqrt{-c^2de - e^2}(bex^2 + bd) \log\left(\frac{c^2ex^2 - c^2d - 2\sqrt{-c^2de - e^2}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} - 2e}{ex^2 + d}\right) + 2(bc^2d^2 + bde) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4(c^2d^3e + d^2e^2 + (c^2d^2e^2 + de^3)x^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{ac^2d^2 + ade + \sqrt{c^2de + e^2}(bex^2 + bd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2de + e^2}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^2ex^2 - e}\right) + (bc^2d^2 + bde) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + 2(bc^2d^2 + bde) \operatorname{arctan}(-cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})}{2(c^2d^3e + d^2e^2 + (c^2d^2e^2 + de^3)x^2)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/4*(2*a*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*d*e + sqrt(-c^2*d*e - e^2)*(b*e*x^2 + b*d)*log((c
^2*e*x^2 - c^2*d - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*e - e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) - 2*e)/(e*x^2
+ d)) + 2*(b*c^2*d^2 + b*d*e)*arccsc(c*x) + 4*(b*c^2*d^2 + b*d*e + (b*c^2*
d*e + b*e^2)*x^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^2*d^3*e + d^2*e^2 +
(c^2*d^2*e^2 + d*e^3)*x^2), -1/2*(a*c^2*d^2 + a*d*e + sqrt(c^2*d*e + e^2)
*(b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d*e + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^2*e*x^2 -
e)) + (b*c^2*d^2 + b*d*e)*arccsc(c*x) + 2*(b*c^2*d^2 + b*d*e + (b*c^2*d*
e + b*e^2)*x^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^2*d^3*e + d^2*e^2 + (c
^2*d^2*e^2 + d*e^3)*x^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*(c^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d*e)*integrate(1/2*x*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e - e^2)*x^2 - d*e + (c^2*e^2*x^4 + (c^2*d*e - e^2)*x^2 - d*e)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1))), x) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b/(e^2*x^2 + d*e) - 1/2*a/(e^2*x^2 + d*e)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d e x^2 + a x^2}{2d(e x^2 + d)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(2*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e*x**2 + a*x**2)/(2*d*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.106 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	943
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	944
Rubi [A] (verified)	945
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	948
Fricas [F]	949
Sympy [F(-1)]	949
Maxima [F]	949
Giac [F(-2)]	950
Mupad [F(-1)]	950
Reduce [F]	950

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 566

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2d^2(e + \frac{d}{x^2})} + \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2bd^2} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^2}
\end{aligned}$$



output

```

-1/2*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*I*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))^2/b/d^2+1/2
*b*e^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^2/(c^
2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2
)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d
)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*(a+
b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c
^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)
^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2+1/2*I*b*
polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)))/d^2+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e
^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/
c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^2

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1408 vs.  $2(566) = 1132$ .

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2),x]
```

output

```

((-I)*b*Pi^2 + (4*a*d)/(d + e*x^2) + (4*I)*b*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + (2*b*Sqrt[d]
*ArcCsc[c*x])/(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x) + (2*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x])/(Sqrt[d]
+ I*Sqrt[e]*x) - (4*I)*b*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 4*b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)] + (16*I)*b*A
rcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((I)*c*Sqrt[d] +
Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + (16*I)*b*ArcSin[
Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])
*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] -
Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 +
(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[S
qrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d +
e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I
*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sq
rt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + 2*b*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*
Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*
d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 8*b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(
c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*A
rcCsc[c*x]))] + 2*b*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I
*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - 4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2 x^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)x} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2 x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2d^2} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e} + \sqrt{e}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{2d^2\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)} + \frac{i(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))^2}{2bd^2} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2d^2} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{2d^2} + \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}{c\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2), x]`

output

```

-1/2*(e*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(d^2*(e + d/x^2)) + ((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[
1/(c*x)]^2)/(b*d^2) + (b*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d + e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1
- 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)]/(2*d^2*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Lo
g[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(
2*d^2) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x
)])))/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d^2) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[
1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*
d^2) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)
])))/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d^2) + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqr
t[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/d^2 + ((I/2)*b*
PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e
])/d^2 + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqr
t[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/d^2 + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*Arc
Sin[1/(c*x)])))/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/d^2

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(
m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 3.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2071, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	2071
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	2120
default	Expression too large to display	2120

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & a/d^2 \ln(x) - 1/2*a/d^2 \ln(e*x^2+d) + 1/2*a/d/(e*x^2+d) + b*(-(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e)*e*\ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e))*\arccsc(c*x)/d^4/c^4+1/2*I*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e)*\text{polylog}(2,d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e))*e/d^4/c^4-I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*\arccsc(c*x)^2/c^2/d^3/(c^2*d+e)+((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*\ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e))*\arccsc(c*x)/c^2/d^3/(c^2*d+e)-1/8*I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*\text{polylog}(2,d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e))/d^2/e+1/4*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*\ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e))*\arccsc(c*x)/(c^2*d+e)/d^2/e+I*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e)*\arccsc(c*x)^2*e/d^4/c^4-1/2*I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*\text{polylog}(2,d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e))/c^2/d^3/(c^2*d+e)-1/2*x^2*c^2*\arccsc(c*x)*e/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)/d^2-1/4*I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*\arccsc(c*x)^2/(c^2*d+e)/d^2/e-1/2*I*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}*e+2*e^2)*e*\text{polylog}(2,d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2}))^2/(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2})\dots \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*(1/(d*e*x^2 + d^2) - log(e*x^2 + d)/d^2 + 2*log(x)/d^2) + b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^5 + 2de x^3 + d^2 x} dx \right) b d^3 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^5 + 2de x^3 + d^2 x} dx \right) b d^2 e x^2 - \log(e x^2 + d) a d - \log(e x^2 + d) a e x^2 + 2}{2d^2 (e x^2 + d)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output

```
(2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**3 + e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**3 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2*x + 2*d*e*x**3 + e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**2*e*x**2 - log(d + e*x**2)*a*d - log(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a*d + 2*log(x)*a*e*x**2 - a*e*x**2)/(2*d**2*(d + e*x**2))
```



$$3.107 \quad \int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	953
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	954
Rubi [A] (verified)	955
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	958
Fricas [F]	959
Sympy [F]	959
Maxima [F(-2)]	959
Giac [F(-1)]	960
Mupad [F(-1)]	960
Reduce [F]	960

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 803

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4e^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x})} \\
& + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right)}{ce^2} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{d}\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4e^2\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{d}\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4e^2\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{-d}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/4*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)+1/4*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*
x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+b*arctanh((1-1/c^
2/x^2)^(1/2))/c/e^2+1/4*b*d^(1/2)*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d
^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/4*b*d^(1
/2)*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^
2/x^2)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*
c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2
)+3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2
)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)-3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x
))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2
)))/e^(5/2)+3/4*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)-3/4*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*p
olylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)))/e^(5/2)+3/4*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/
x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^(5/2)-3/4*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(
2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e
^(5/2)+3/4*I*b*(-d)^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)))/e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1634 vs.  $2(803) = 1606$ .

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1634, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*x)/e^2 + (a*d*x)/(2*e^2*(d + e*x^2)) - (3*a*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/
Sqrt[d]])/(2*e^(5/2)) + b*(-1/4*(d*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] +
e*x)) + (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e] + c*
((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[-(c^
2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]))/Sqrt[d]))/e^2 - (
d*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e]
- Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e
]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x))]/
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]))/Sqrt[d]))/(4*e^2) + (3*Sqrt[d]*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c
*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2
]]*ArcTan[(((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^
2*d + e]] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*A
rcCsc[c*x]))] - (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*S
qrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d]
)])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x
]))] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc
[c*x]))] - (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d
]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sq
rt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))]
+ (8*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x])] - (4*I)*Pi*Log[Sqrt[...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 863, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5764$$

$$- \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} d \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 5232$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) x^2}{e^2} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( \frac{i\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}c}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} + 1 \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3\sqrt{-d} \log \left( \frac{i\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}c}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} + 1 \right) (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^{5/2}} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \\
& \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e^2 (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right)}{ce^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{4e^2 \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + \\
& \quad \frac{b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{4e^2 \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} - \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}} - \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3ib\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} \right)}{4e^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(d*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(e^2*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) + (d*(a +
b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(4*e^2*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (x*(a + b*ArcSin[1/
(c*x)]))/e^2 + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]])/(c*e^2) + (b*Sqrt[d]*Arc
Tanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/
(c^2*x^2)]))/(4*e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) + (b*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[
-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))/(4*e^2
*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - (3*Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[
-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*e^(5/2)) + (3*
Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)
]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*e^(5/2)) - (3*Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[
1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2
*d + e]))/(4*e^(5/2)) + (3*Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*
Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*e^(5/2))
- (((3*I)/4)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))
]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(5/2) + (((3*I)/4)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2,
(I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(5/2)
- (((3*I)/4)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))
]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(5/2) + (((3*I)/4)*b*Sqrt[-d]*PolyLog[2,
(I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^(5/2)
)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(
m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 123.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 965, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	965
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	987
default	Expression too large to display	987

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a*(1/e^2*x-1/e^2*d*(-1/2*x/(e*x^2+d)+3/2/(d*e)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(e*x/(d*e)^{(1/2)}))) \\
 & +b/c^5*(1/2*x*c^5*\arccsc(c*x)*(2*c^2*e*x^2+3*c^2*d)/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)/ \\
 & e^2-1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*d)^{(1/2)}*((e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}* \\
 & c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}*e+2*e^2)*c*\arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/ \\
 & ((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}-2*e)*d)^{(1/2)})/e^2/(c^2*d+e)/ \\
 & d^2-1/2*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*d)^{(1/2)}*(-(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}* \\
 & c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}*e+2*e^2)*c*\operatorname{arctanh}(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/ \\
 & ((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*d)^{(1/2)})/e^2/(c^2*d+e)/ \\
 & d^2+1/e^2*c^4*\ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})-1/e^2*c^4*\ln(-1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) \\
 & -3/16/e^3*c^6*d*\sum((\_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/\_R1/(\_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*\arccsc(c*x)* \\
 & \ln((\_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/\_R1)+\operatorname{dilog}((\_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/\_R1), \\
 & \_R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+3/16/e^3*c^6*d*\sum((\_R1^2*c^2*d+4*\_R1^2*e-c^2*d)/ \\
 & \_R1/(\_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*\arccsc(c*x)*\ln((\_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/\_R1)+\operatorname{dilog}((\_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/\_R1), \\
 & \_R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*d)^{(1/2)}* \\
 & (c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*c*\arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}-2*e)*d)^{(1/2)})/ \\
 & d^2/e^2+1/2*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*d)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*c*\operatorname{arctanh}(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/ \\
 & ((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{(1/2)}+2*e)*d)^{(1/2)})/d^2\dots
 \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^4)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`



**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ad - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{a\csc(cx)x^4}{e^2x^4+2dex^2+d^2} dx\right) bde^3 + 2\left(\int \frac{a\csc(cx)x^4}{e^2x^4+2dex^2+d^2} dx\right)}{2e^3(e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(d**2 +
2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(d**2 + 2*d*e
*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**4*x**2 + 3*a*d*e*x + 2*a*e**2*x**3)/(2*e**3*(d
+ e*x**2))
```

$$3.108 \quad \int \frac{x^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	963
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	964
Rubi [A] (verified)	965
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	968
Fricas [F]	969
Sympy [F]	970
Maxima [F(-2)]	970
Giac [F(-2)]	970
Mupad [F(-1)]	971
Reduce [F]	971

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 765

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = & \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x})} \\
 & - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
 & - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} \\
 & + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/
(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/4*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/
2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/4*b*ar
ctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2
))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e
^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)+1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c
*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1
/2)/e^(3/2)+1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)-1/4*I*b*polylog(2,-I
*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(
1/2)/e^(3/2)+1/4*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
)/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)-1/4*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)
^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e
^(3/2)+1/4*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/
2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1482, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

((-4*a*Sqrt[e]*x)/(d + e*x^2) + (4*a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/Sqrt[d]
+ b*((2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[e]*x) - (2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d]
+ Sqrt[e]*x) + (8*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan
[(((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]]
)/Sqrt[d] - (8*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((
I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/Sqrt
[d] - (I*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]
))])/Sqrt[d] + ((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*
Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] - ((4*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/
(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*
ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] + (I*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sq
rt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] - ((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] + ((4*I)*ArcSin
[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] + (I*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] +
Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] - ((2*I)*ArcCsc[c
*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sq
rt[d] - ((4*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (
Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[d] - (I*Pi
*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sq...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5172, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5172}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( -\frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{2e(-\frac{d^2}{x^2} - ed)} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^2} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4e(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}c}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}} + 1\right)(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{\log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}c}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}} + 1\right)(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{4e(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{4e(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}\sqrt{dc^2+e}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{de}\sqrt{dc^2+e}} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-de}^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(4*e*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(4*e*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(4*Sqrt[d]*e*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(4*Sqrt[d]*e*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(4*Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) - ((I/4)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) + ((I/4)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) - ((I/4)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2)) + ((I/4)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(Sqrt[-d]*e^(3/2))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5172

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*(x_)^m_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```



Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 60.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
parts	$-\frac{ax}{2e(e x^2+d)} + \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{de}} + b \left( -\frac{c^5 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(c^2 d-2\sqrt{e(c^2 d+e)+2e})} d (c^2 d+2\sqrt{e(c^2 d+e)+2e}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2c d^3 e} \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^5 x}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{a c^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{de}} + b c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(c^2 d-2\sqrt{e(c^2 d+e)+2e})} d (c^2 d+2\sqrt{e(c^2 d+e)+2e}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2e c^5 d^3} \right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^5 x}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{a c^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{de}} + b c^4 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)cx}{2e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(c^2 d-2\sqrt{e(c^2 d+e)+2e})} d (c^2 d+2\sqrt{e(c^2 d+e)+2e}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2e c^5 d^3} \right)$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/2*a/e*x/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*a/e/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))+b/c^3*(-1
/2*c^5*arccsc(c*x)/e*x/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)-1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2
)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/c/d^3/e+1/2*(
-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c
^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
)))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)/e/d^3/c-1/2*((c
^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)
*arctanh(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e
)*d)^(1/2))/c/d^3/e+1/2*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(-(e*(
c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*arctanh(c*d
*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2))/
(c^2*d+e)/e/d^3/c-1/4/e*c^4*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x
)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-1/4/e*c^4*s
um(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_
Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))

```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command  
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index\_m & i,const ve  
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d^2 e^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) d}{2de^2(e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan(  
(e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x  
**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**2 + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**  
2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3*x**2 - a*d*e*x)/(2*d*e**2*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	973
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	974
Rubi [A] (verified)	975
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	978
Fricas [F]	979
Sympy [F]	980
Maxima [F(-2)]	980
Giac [F(-2)]	980
Mupad [F(-1)]	981
Reduce [F]	981

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 762

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx &= \frac{-a - b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4d \left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4d \left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
&+ \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \\
&+ \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 d + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \\
&+ \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&- \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&+ \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&- \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&+ \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&- \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&+ \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
&- \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/4*(-a-b*arccsc(c*x))/d/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)+1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/
((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/4*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1
/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/4*b*arc
tanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*
(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)-1
/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1
/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-
d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)
/e^(1/2)-1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*
(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/
2)/e^(1/2)-1/4*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e
^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)+1/4*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1
/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1
/2)-1/4*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+
(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1477, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

((a*x)/(d^2 + d*e*x^2) + (a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e])
+ (b*((2*Sqrt[d]*ArcCsc[c*x])/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) + (2*Sqrt[d]*A
rcCsc[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) + (8*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*
Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c
*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]])/Sqrt[e] - (8*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqr
t[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(((I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4
])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]])/Sqrt[e] - (I*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(
c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] + ((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[
e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] - ((4*I)*Arc
Sin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2
*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] + (I*Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e]
+ Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] - ((2*I)*ArcCs
c[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))]
)/Sqrt[e] + ((4*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1
+ (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] +
(I*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/
Sqrt[e] - ((2*I)*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d
]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] - ((4*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqr
t[d])])/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc
[c*x]))])/Sqrt[e] - (I*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5754, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5754 \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5232
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right) (a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{\log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)c}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} + 1\right) (a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right) (a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{\log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)c}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}} + 1\right) (a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right))}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{4d(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{4d(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])/(d*(\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] - d/x)) + (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])/(4*d*(\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e] + d/x)) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d - (\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])/x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(4*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d + (\text{Sqrt}[-d]*\text{Sqrt}[e])/x)/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(4*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e]) + ((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/(4*(-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) - ((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/(4*(-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) + ((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/(4*(-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) - ((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/(4*(-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) + ((I/4)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/((-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) - ((I/4)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/((-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) + ((I/4)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/((-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]) - ((I/4)*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-d]*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[e] + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d + e])])/((-d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e])
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5232

$$\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c*(x)]*(b))^{(n)}*((f)*(x))^{(m)}*((d) + (e)*(x)^2)^{(p)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 5754

$$\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCsc}[c*(x)]*(b))^{(n)}*((d) + (e)*(x)^2)^{(p)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x/c])^n/x^{(2*(p + 1))}, x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 55.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 832, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
parts	$\frac{ax}{2d(e x^2+d)} + \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{de}} + b \frac{c^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x}{2d(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{-R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2 d \_Z^4+(-2c^2 d-4e)\_Z^2+c^2 d)} \right)}{2d(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a c^3 x}{2d(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{ac \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{de}} + b c^4 \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x}{2cd(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2cd(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} \frac{-R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2 d \_Z^4+(-2c^2 d-4e)\_Z^2+c^2 d)}{2cd(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}$
default	$\frac{a c^3 x}{2d(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} + \frac{ac \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{de}} + b c^4 \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)x}{2cd(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} - \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2cd(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)} \frac{-R1=\operatorname{RootOf}(c^2 d \_Z^4+(-2c^2 d-4e)\_Z^2+c^2 d)}{2cd(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)}$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2*a*x/d/(e*x^2+d)+1/2*a/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))+b/c*(1/2*c
^3*arccsc(c*x)*x/d/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)-1/4/d*c^2*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*
d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I
/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+
c^2*d))-1/4/d*c^2*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I
/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1))
,_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*
d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*arctan(c*d*(I/
c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/d^4
/c^3-1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)
*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2
/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/d^4/(c^2*d+e)/c
^3+1/2*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(
1/2)+2*e)*arctanh(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))
^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2))/d^4/c^3-1/2*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1
/2)*(-(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*a
rctanh(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*
d)^(1/2))/d^4/(c^2*d+e)/c^3

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b d^3 e + 2 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right)}{2d^2 e (ex^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan(
(e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e
**2*x**4),x)*b*d**3*e + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)
*b*d**2*e**2*x**2 + a*d*e*x)/(2*d**2*e*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.110 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	983
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	984
Rubi [A] (verified)	985
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	988
Fricas [F]	989
Sympy [F(-1)]	989
Maxima [F(-2)]	989
Giac [F(-2)]	990
Mupad [F(-1)]	990
Reduce [F]	990

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 806

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = & -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d^2} - \frac{a}{d^2x} - \frac{b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d^2x} + \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d^2 \left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d^2 \left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
 & - \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2d+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & + \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} \\
 & - \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-d}e^{i \csc^{-1}(cx)}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$



output

```

-b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2-a/d^2/x-b*arccsc(c*x)/d^2/x+1/4*e*(a+b*arccsc
(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/4*e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)
)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/4*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2
*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/4*b*e*arctanh((
c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))
/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)
*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)-3/4*e^(
1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^
(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*
(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/
2)-3/4*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-I*c*
(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(
5/2)-3/4*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/
(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)+3/4*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(
1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)-3/
4*I*b*e^(1/2)*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)
)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2),x]
```

output

```

((-8*a*Sqrt[d])/x - (4*a*Sqrt[d]*e*x)/(d + e*x^2) - 12*a*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan[(S
qrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + b*(-8*c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)] - (8*Sqrt[d]*Ar
cCsc[c*x])/x - (2*Sqrt[d]*e*ArcCsc[c*x])/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) - (2
*Sqrt[d]*e*ArcCsc[c*x])/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x) - 24*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt
[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*
Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + 24*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 +
(I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(I*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e])*Cot[(Pi
+ 2*ArcCsc[c*x])/4])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]] + (3*I)*Sqrt[e]*Pi*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]
- Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (6*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcCsc[
c*x]*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] +
(12*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (
Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (3*I)*Sqrt[e]*
Pi*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + (
6*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E
^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] - (12*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d]
)]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + (-Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*
x]))] - (3*I)*Sqrt[e]*Pi*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E
^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + (6*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcCsc[c*x]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*
d + e])/(c*Sqrt[d]*E^(I*ArcCsc[c*x]))] + (12*I)*Sqrt[e]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (I
*Sqrt[e])/(c*Sqrt[d])]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])/(c...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 866, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5764 \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2 x^4} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5232
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) e^2}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) e}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} + \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{a}{d^2 x} - \frac{b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2 x} + \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4d^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4d^2 (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} - \\
& \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{c^2 d - \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{dc^2+e}} - \frac{\operatorname{bearctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{x}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{4d^{5/2}\sqrt{dc^2+e}} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})c}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}} + 1\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})c}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}} + 1\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} + \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{3ib\sqrt{e} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}}\right)}{4(-d)^{5/2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((b*c*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)})/d^2) - a/(d^2*x) - (b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]/(d^2*x) \\
& + (e*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))/(4*d^2*(\sqrt{-d}*\sqrt{e} - d/x)) - (e*(a \\
& + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)]))/(4*d^2*(\sqrt{-d}*\sqrt{e} + d/x)) - (b*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2 \\
& *d - (\sqrt{-d}*\sqrt{e})/x)/(c*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c^2*d + e}*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)} \\
& ])]/(4*d^{5/2}*\sqrt{c^2*d + e}) - (b*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^2*d + (\sqrt{-d}*\sqrt{e}) \\
& )/x)/(c*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{c^2*d + e}*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)})]/(4*d^{5/2}*\sqrt{c \\
& ^2*d + e}) + (3*\sqrt{e}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I \\
& *\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2*d + e})]/(4*(-d)^{5/2}) - (3*\sqrt{e} \\
& *(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(4*(-d)^{5/2}) + (3*\sqrt{e}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 - (I*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(4*(-d)^{5/2}) - (3*\sqrt{e}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])*\text{Log}[1 + (I*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(4*(-d)^{5/2}) + (((3*I)/4)*b*\sqrt{e}*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(-d)^{5/2} - (((3*I)/4)*b*\sqrt{e}*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(-d)^{5/2} + (((3*I)/4)*b*\sqrt{e}*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(-d)^{5/2} - (((3*I)/4)*b*\sqrt{e}*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*c*\sqrt{-d})*E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[1/(c*x)])}]/(\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2*d + e})] \\
& )/(-d)^{5/2}
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 5232

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n * (f*x + d)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, ( \\
& f*x)^m * (d + e*x^2)^p], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c^2*d + \\
& e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 5764

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCsc}[c*x])^n * (f*x + d)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e + d*x^2)^p * (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x/c])^n / x^{( \\
& m + 2*(p + 1))}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \\
& \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]
\end{aligned}$$

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 109.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 925, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	925
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	952
default	Expression too large to display	952

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a*(-1/d^2/x-e/d^2*(1/2*x/(e*x^2+d)+3/2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2))
)))+b*c*(1/2*(I*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c*x-1)*(arccsc(c*x)+I)/d^2/x/c-
1/2*(I*((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c*x+1)/x/c*(arccsc(c*x)-I)/d^2-1/2*arcc
sc(c*x)/d^2*e*x/c/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)-1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e
)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*e*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/
x^2)^(1/2)))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2)/d^5/c^5+1/2*(-(c
^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*
d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*e*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)
)/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2)/d^5/c^5/(c^2*d+e)-1/2*((c^
2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*
e*arctanh(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*
e)*d)^(1/2)/d^5/c^5+1/2*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(-(e*
(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*e*arctanh(
c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2
)/d^5/c^5/(c^2*d+e)+3/4*e/d^2*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc
(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+3/4*e/d^
2*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^
2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*
d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d)))

```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^6 + 2*d*e*x^4 + d^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) adx - 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) aex^3 + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2x^6 + 2dex^4 + d^2x^2} dx\right) bd^4x + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2x^6 + 2dex^4 + d^2x^2} dx\right) b d^4x}{2d^3x(e x^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*x - 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt
(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e*x**3 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2*x**2 +
2*d*e*x**4 + e**2*x**6),x)*b*d**4*x + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**2*x**2 + 2*d*e*x
**4 + e**2*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e*x**3 - 2*a*d**2 - 3*a*d*e*x**2)/(2*d**3*x*(d
+ e*x**2))
```



$$3.111 \quad \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	993
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	994
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	995
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	998
Fricas [F] . . . . .	999
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	999
Maxima [F] . . . . .	999
Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	1000
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1000
Reduce [F] . . . . .	1000

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 727

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = & \frac{bcd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{8e^2(c^2d + e)\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)x} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2} \\
& - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{2e^2\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}\right)}{2e^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
& + \frac{b(c^2d + 2e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}\right)}{8e^{5/2}(c^2d + e)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{e^3} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}}\right)}{2e^3} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \csc^{-1}(cx)}\right)}{2e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/8*b*c*d*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d+e)/(e+d/x^2)/x-1/4*(a+b*arccsc(c*
x))/e/(e+d/x^2)^2-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*b*arctan((c^2*d+
e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/e^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/8*b*(c
^2*d+2*e)*arctan((c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/e^(5/2)/
(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/
x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*
(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+1/2*
(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)
+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-(
I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)/e^3-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x
+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c
*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-1/2
*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d
+e)^(1/2)))/e^3-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/e^3+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))^2)/e^3

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2053 vs.  $2(727) = 1454$ .

Time = 7.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2053, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(a*d^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (a*d)/(e^3*(d + e*x^2)) + (a*Log[d + e*
x^2])/(2*e^3) + b*(((7*I)/16)*Sqrt[d]*(-ArcCsc[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e
] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[e]
+ c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[
-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt[d]))/e^(
5/2) - (((7*I)/16)*Sqrt[d]*(-ArcCsc[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*
(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sq
rt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*
(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt[d]))/e^(5/2) - (d*((I*
c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sq
rt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSin[1/
(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*(I*
Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x)]/((2*c^
2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/(16*e^(5/2)
) - (d*(((I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*(I*S
qrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - A
rcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(-4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e]*((-I)*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]
)*x)]/((2*c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/(1
6*e^(5/2)) + ((I/16)*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*Ar...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{x (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)x} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} - \frac{d(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3 x} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}d}{8e^2 (dc^2 + e) (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{2e^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{4e (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} + \\
& \frac{b(dc^2 + 2e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dc^2+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{8e^{5/2} (dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dc^2+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}\sqrt{dc^2+e}} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{2e^3} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})c}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{dc^2+e}} + 1\right)}{2e^3} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{2e^3} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})c}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{dc^2+e}} + 1\right)}{2e^3} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}\right)}{2e^3} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{2e^3} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e}-\sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{2e^3} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{2e^3} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e}+\sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{2e^3} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}\right)}{2e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(b*c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(8*e^2*(c^2*d + e)*(e + d/x^2)*x) - (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(4*e*(e + d/x^2)^2) - (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(2*e^2*(e + d/x^2)) + (b*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d + e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)])/(2*e^(5/2)*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) + (b*(c^2*d + 2*e)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d + e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)])/(8*e^(5/2)*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^3) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^3) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^3) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*e^3) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])])/e^3 - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^3 - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^3 - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^3 - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/e^3 + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])])/e^3
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_)*(x_)^m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*(x_)^m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 3.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1269
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	1285
default	Expression too large to display	1285

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a*(-1/4*d^2/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/2/e^3*ln(e*x^2+d)+d/e^3/(e*x^2+d))+b/c^6*(-1/8*c^6*(4*c^6*d^2*arccsc(c*x)*x^2+6*c^6*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*x^4-((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^5*d^2*x-((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^5*d*e*x^3+4*c^4*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*x^2+6*arccsc(c*x)*e^2*c^4*x^4+I*c^4*d^2+2*I*c^4*d*e*x^2+I*e^2*c^4*x^4)/e^2/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2/(c^2*d+e)-1/(c^2*d+e)/e^2*c^6*arccsc(c*x)*ln(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-3/4*I*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^2/e^2*arctanh(1/4*(2*c^2*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2-2*c^2*d-4*e)/(c^2*d*e+e^2)^(1/2))*c^6-1/4*I/(c^2*d+e)/e^2*c^6*sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-1/4*I/(c^2*d+e)/e^3*c^8*d*sum((_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-4*e)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-1/4*I/(c^2*d+e)/e^3*c^10*d^2*sum((_R1^2-1)/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-5/8*I*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^2/e^3*arctanh(1/4*(2*c^2*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2-2*c^2*d-4*e)/(c^2*d*e+e^2)^(1/2))*c^8*d+I/(c^2*d+e)/e^3*c^8*d*dilog(1+I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-I/(c^2*d+e)/e^3*c^8*d*dilog(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-1/4*I/(c^2*d+e)/e^2*c^8*d*sum(...
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^5*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^5)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*((4*d*e*x^2 + 3*d^2)/(e^5*x^4 + 2*d*e^4*x^2 + d^2*e^3) + 2*log(e*x^2 + d)/e^3) + b*integrate(x^5*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`



**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^5}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) bd^2e^3 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^5}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) bde^4x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^5}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{4e^3(e^2x^4 + 2de^2x^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(4*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6)
,x)*b*d**2*e**3 + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*
x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d*e**4*x**2 + 4*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(d**3 + 3*d**2
*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*e**5*x**4 + 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*
d**2 + 4*log(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + a*d*
*2 - 2*a*e**2*x**4)/(4*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

**3.112**  $\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1002
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1002
Rubi [A] (verified)	1003
Maple [B] (verified)	1006
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1007
Sympy [F(-1)]	1008
Maxima [F]	1009
Giac [F(-2)]	1009
Mupad [F(-1)]	1010
Reduce [F]	1010

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx = -\frac{bcx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{8e(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)} + \frac{x^4(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{bc(c^2d+2e)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{8de^{3/2}(c^2d+e)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*b*c*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)+1/4*x^4
*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/8*b*c*(c^2*d+2*e)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(c^2
*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2))/d/e^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ad}{(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{8a}{d+ex^2} - \frac{2bce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} - \frac{4b(d+2ex^2)\csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^2} + \frac{4b\arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{d} + \frac{b\sqrt{e}(c^2d+2e)\log\left(\frac{16d\sqrt{-c^2d-ee^{3/2}}(i\sqrt{e}+c)(c\sqrt{d}-b(c^2d+2e)(\sqrt{d}}}{d(-c^2d-e)^{3/2}}\right)}{16e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((4*a*d)/(d + e*x^2)^2 - (8*a)/(d + e*x^2) - (2*b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/((c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2)) - (4*b*(d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^2 + (4*b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/d + (b*Sqrt[e]*(c^2*d + 2*e)*Log[(16*d*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*e^(3/2)*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(b*(c^2*d + 2*e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(-(c^2*d) - e)^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[e]*(c^2*d + 2*e)*Log[(-16*d*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*e^(3/2)*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(b*(c^2*d + 2*e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(-(c^2*d) - e)^(3/2)))/(16*e^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 354, 87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3}{4d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \\
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx^2}{8d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \\
& \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{2e(c^2d+e)} - \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{e(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d + \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^2e(c^2d+e)} - \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{e(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{bcx \left( \frac{(c^2d+2e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(c^2d+e)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{e(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (b*c*x*(-((d*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(e*(c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2))) + ((c^2*d + 2*e)*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/sqrt[c^2*d + e]])/(e^(3/2)*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/(8*d*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 5762 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 936 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 937, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.97

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{d}{4e^2(e x^2+d)^2} - \frac{1}{2e^2(e x^2+d)} \right) + b \left( \frac{c^8 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d}{4e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2} - \frac{c^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)} - \frac{c^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{4 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)} \sqrt{\dots} \right)$
derivativedivides	$a c^6 \left( -\frac{1}{2e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)} + \frac{d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2} \right) + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{-4 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)} \right)$
default	$a c^6 \left( -\frac{1}{2e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)} + \frac{d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2} \right) + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{2e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)} + \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)d c^2}{4e^2(e c^2x^2+c^2d)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{-4 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)} \right)$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a*(1/4*d/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^2-1/2/e^2/(e*x^2+d))+b/c^4*(1/4*c^8*arccsc(c*x)*d/e
^2/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2-1/2*c^6*arccsc(c*x)/e^2/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)-1/16*c^3*
(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/e*(4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*c^
4*d*e*x^2+4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*c^4*d^2-ln(-2
*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x
+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d*e*x^2-ln(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1
/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d^2-ln(-2*(-(
c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c
^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d*e*x^2-ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)
*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *c^4*d^2+4*arctan(1/(c
^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e^2*c^2*x^2+4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(
1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e-2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)
)*c^2*d*e-2*ln(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/
2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *e^2*c^2*x^2-2*ln(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
)*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))
)*c^2*d*e-2*ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1
/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))) *e^2*c^2*x^2-2*ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/
2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))
)*c^2*d*e)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d/(c^2*d+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1
/2))/(-c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 498 vs.  $2(135) = 270$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1019, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.49

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```

[-1/16*(4*a*c^4*d^4 + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a*d^2*e^2 + 8*(a*c^4*d^3*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*x^4 + 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e + 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2*d*e - e^2)*log((c^2*e*x^2 - c^2*d - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*e - e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) - 2*e)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + 8*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*(b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^4*d^5*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^3*e^4 + (c^4*d^3*e^4 + 2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + d*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^4*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^2), -1/8*(2*a*c^4*d^4 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*d^2*e^2 + 4*(a*c^4*d^3*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*x^4 + 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e + 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*d*e + e^2)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d*e + e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^2*e*x^2 - e)) + 2*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + (b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^4*d^5*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^3*e^4 + (c^4*d^3*e^4 + 2*c...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*e*x^2 + d)*a/(e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^2 + d^2*e^2) - 1/4*(2*e*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + d*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1) + 4*(e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^2 + d^2*e^2)*integrate(1/4*(2*c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e^4*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^3 - e^4)*x^4 - d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*d*e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*e^4*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^3 - e^4)*x^4 - d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*d*e^3)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1)), x)*b/(e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^2 + d^2*e^2)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^3 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^2 e x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right)}{4d(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(4*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3 + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**2*e*x**2 + 4*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d*e**2*x**4 + a*x**4)/(4*d*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

**3.113**  $\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1011
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1012
Rubi [A] (verified)	1013
Maple [B] (verified)	1016
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1017
Sympy [F(-1)]	1018
Maxima [F]	1019
Giac [F(-2)]	1019
Mupad [F(-1)]	1020
Reduce [F]	1020

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{bcx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{8d(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d+ex^2)^2} - \frac{bcx \arctan(\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2})}{4d^2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bc(3c^2d+2e)x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{8d^2\sqrt{e}(c^2d+e)^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/8*b*c*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)-1/4*(a+b
*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)^2-1/4*b*c*x*arctan((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d^2/e/(c^2
*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*b*c*(3*c^2*d+2*e)*x*arctan(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(c^2*
d+e)^(1/2))/d^2/e^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left( -\frac{4a}{e(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x}{d(c^2d + e)(d + ex^2)} - \frac{4b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e(d + ex^2)^2} + \frac{4b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d^2e} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{b(3c^2d + 2e) \log\left(\frac{16d^2\sqrt{-c^2d - e}\sqrt{e}(i\sqrt{e} + c(c\sqrt{d} - i\sqrt{-c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}})x)}{b(3c^2d + 2e)(\sqrt{d} + i\sqrt{ex})}\right)}{d^2(-c^2d - e)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

$$\left. + \frac{b(3c^2d + 2e) \log\left(-\frac{16d^2\sqrt{-c^2d - e}\sqrt{e}(-\sqrt{e} + c(-ic\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{-c^2d - e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}})x)}{b(3c^2d + 2e)(i\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex})}\right)}{d^2(-c^2d - e)^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-4*a)/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(d*(c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2)) - (4*b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (4*b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(d^2*e) + (b*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*Log[(16*d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x))/(b*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d^2*(-(c^2*d) - e)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]) + (b*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*Log[(-16*d^2*Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x))/(b*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d^2*(-(c^2*d) - e)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]))/16`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 114, 27, 174, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5760} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx}{4e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^2} dx^2}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{114} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \left( - \frac{\int -\frac{ex^2c^2+2dc^2+2e}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{d(c^2d+e)} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{2(dc^2+e)-c^2ex^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{2d(c^2d+e)} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{174} \\
 & - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{d} - \frac{e(3c^2d+2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)} dx^2}{d} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d + ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{4(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^4}{c^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}} d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^2d} - \frac{2e(3c^2d+2e) \int \frac{1}{\frac{ex^4}{c^2} + d + \frac{e}{c^2}} d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c^2d} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d+ex^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{4e(d+ex^2)^2} - \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{4 \arctan(\sqrt{c^2x^2-1})(c^2d+e)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(3c^2d+2e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c^2d+e}} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)(d+ex^2)} \right)}{8e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (b*c*x*(-((e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(d*(c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2))) + ((4*(c^2*d + e)*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]])/d - (2*sqrt[e]*(3*c^2*d + 2*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c^2*d + e]])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*d + e])))/(2*d*(c^2*d + e)))/(8*e*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114  $\text{Int}[\left((a_{.}) + (b_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right)^{(m_{.})} \cdot \left((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right)^{(n_{.})} \cdot \left((e_{.}) + (f_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right)^{(p_{.})}, x_{.}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{(n+1)} \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^{(p+1)} / ((m+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f)) \text{ Int}[(a + b \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot (d \cdot e \cdot (m+n+2) + c \cdot f \cdot (m+p+2)) - b \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (m+n+p+3) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot n, 2 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[\left(\left((e_{.}) + (f_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right)^{(p_{.})} \cdot \left((g_{.}) + (h_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right)\right) / \left(\left((a_{.}) + (b_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right) \cdot \left((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})\right)\right), x_{.}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot g - a \cdot h) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{ Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (a + b \cdot x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot g - c \cdot h) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{ Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (c + d \cdot x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[\left((a_{.}) + (b_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})^2\right)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2] / a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x / \text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_{.})^{(m_{.})} \cdot \left((a_{.}) + (b_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})^2\right)^{(p_{.})} \cdot \left((c_{.}) + (d_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})^2\right)^{(q_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 5760  $\text{Int}[\left((a_{.}) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})] \cdot (b_{.})\right) \cdot (x_{.}) \cdot \left((d_{.}) + (e_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})^2\right)^{(p_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcCsc}[c \cdot x]) / (2 \cdot e \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[b \cdot c \cdot (x / (2 \cdot e \cdot (p+1) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c^2 \cdot x^2])) \text{ Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^{(p+1)} / (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c^2 \cdot x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 885 vs. 2(165) = 330.

Time = 6.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 886, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{4e(e x^2+d)^2} + b \left( -\frac{c^6 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \left( 4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} c^4 d^2 + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d}{e}} \right)}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^6}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \left( 4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} c^4 d^2 + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d}{e}} \right)}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} \right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^6}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} + b c^6 \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1} \left( 4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d+e}{e}} c^4 d^2 + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2-1}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d}{e}} \right)}{4e(e c^2 x^2+c^2 d)^2} \right)$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4*a/e/(e*x^2+d)^2+b/c^2*(-1/4*c^6/e/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2*arccsc(c*x)-1/1
6*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*
c^4*d^2+4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*c^4*d*e*x^2-3*1
n(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c
*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d^2-3*ln(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(
1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d*e*x^2-3*1
n(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c
*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d^2-3*ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)
^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^4*d*e*x^2+2*(
c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e+4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e+4*arctan(1/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)
^(1/2)*e^2*c^2*x^2-2*ln(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^
2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^2*d*e-2*ln(-2*((c^2*x^2-1)
^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x-e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(
1/2)))*e^2*c^2*x^2-2*ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c
^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)))*c^2*d*e-2*ln(-2*(-(c^2*x^2-
1)^(1/2))*(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)*e+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2)*c*x+e)/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(
1/2)))*e^2*c^2*x^2)/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x/d^2/(-(c^2*d+e)/e)^(1/2)
)/(c^2*d+e)/(-c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))/(c*e*x+(-c^2*d*e)^(1/2))

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 436 vs.  $2(165) = 330$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 894, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/16*(4*a*c^4*d^4 + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a*d^2*e^2 + (3*b*c^2*d^3 + (3*b*c^
2*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*x^4 + 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sq
rt(-c^2*d*e - e^2)*log((c^2*e*x^2 - c^2*d - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*e - e^2)*sqrt(c^
2*x^2 - 1) - 2*e)/(e*x^2 + d)) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2)
*arccsc(c*x) + 8*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^2 +
2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*
x^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - 2*(b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^
2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^4*d^6*e + 2*c^2*d^5*e^2 +
d^4*e^3 + (c^4*d^4*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^2 + 2
*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^3*e^4)*x^2), -1/8*(2*a*c^4*d^4 + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*d^2*
e^2 + (3*b*c^2*d^3 + (3*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*x^4 + 2*b*d^2*e + 2*(3*b*c^
2*d^2*e + 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*d*e + e^2)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d*e + e^2)*s
qrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^2*e*x^2 - e)) + 2*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e
^2)*arccsc(c*x) + 4*(b*c^4*d^4 + 2*b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*e^
2 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^4*d^3*e + 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^
3)*x^2)*arctan(-c*x + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)) - (b*c^2*d^3*e + b*d^2*e^2 + (b*c
^2*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))/(c^4*d^6*e + 2*c^2*d^5*e^2 +
d^4*e^3 + (c^4*d^4*e^3 + 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^2*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^2 +
2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^3*e^4)*x^2)]

```

## Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(4*(c^2*e^3*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^2*e)*integrate(1/4*x*e^(1/2
*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e^3*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^2 - e^3)*x^4 -
d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e - 2*d*e^2)*x^2 + (c^2*e^3*x^6 + (2*c^2*d*e^2 - e^3)*x^
4 - d^2*e + (c^2*d^2*e - 2*d*e^2)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1)), x
) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b/(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^
2*e) - 1/4*a/(e^3*x^4 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d^2 e + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d e^2 x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{e^3x^6 + 3de^2x^4 + 3d^2ex^2 + d^3} dx \right) b d e^2 x^2}{4e(e^2x^4 + 2dex^2 + d^2)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output `(4*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x) * b*d**2*e + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x) * b*d*e**2*x**2 + 4*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x) * b*e**3*x**4 - a)/(4*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.114 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

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Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1023
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Reduce [F]	1029

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 704

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = & -\frac{bce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{8d^2(c^2d + e)\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)x} + \frac{e^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{4d^3\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2} \\
& - \frac{e(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^3\left(e + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)} + \frac{i(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))^2}{2bd^3} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{c^2d+e}} \\
& - \frac{b\sqrt{e}(c^2d + 2e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d+e}}{c\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}\right)}{8d^3(c^2d + e)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3} \\
& + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}i \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2d+e}}\right)}{2d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/8*b*c*e*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*d+e)/(e+d/x^2)/x+1/4*e^2*(a+b*arcc
sc(c*x))/d^3/(e+d/x^2)^2-e*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^3/(e+d/x^2)+1/2*I*(a+b*arcc
sc(c*x))^2/b/d^3+b*e^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)/x)/d^3/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/8*b*e^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*e)*arctan((c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)/c/e^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^3/(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c
*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)))/d^3-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3-1/2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(
1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3-1/2*(a+b*a
rccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*
d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1
/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/
x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-I
*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3+1
/2*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*
d+e)^(1/2)))/d^3

```

### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2114 vs.  $2(704) = 1408$ .

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2114, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3),x]
```



output

```

a/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + a/(2*d^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (a*Log[x])/d^3 - (a*Log[d
+ e*x^2])/(2*d^3) + b*(((5*I)/16)*Sqrt[e]*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqr
rt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt
[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(S
qrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt[d]))
/d^(5/2) - (((5*I)/16)*Sqrt[e]*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) -
(I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*
c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) -
e]*(Sqrt[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt[d]))/d^(5/2) + (Sqr
rt[e]*((I*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqr
rt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) -
ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*
x])/((2*c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/(
16*d^2) + (Sqrt[e]*((-I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2
*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[
e]*x)^2) - ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(-4*d*Sqrt[e
]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*((-I)*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 -
1/(c^2*x^2)])*x))/((2*c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d + e)
^(3/2))))/(16*d^2) - ((I/16)*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 764, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3 x^5} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) e^2}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3 x} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) e}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2 x} + \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e) x} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{2d^3} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{2d^3} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2d^3} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{c^2 d + e} + \sqrt{e}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2 (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{4d^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} - \frac{e (a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{d^3 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} + \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))^2}{2bd^3} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2d^3} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2d^3} + \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} \right)}{2d^3} - \frac{b\sqrt{e}(c^2 d + 2e) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{8d^3 (c^2 d + e)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d + e}}{c\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \right)}{d^3 \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} - \frac{bce \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{8d^2 x (c^2 d + e) (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3), x]`

output

```

-1/8*(b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(d^2*(c^2*d + e)*(e + d/x^2)*x) + (e^2*
(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(4*d^3*(e + d/x^2)^2) - (e*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]
))/(d^3*(e + d/x^2)) + ((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])^2)/(b*d^3) + (b*Sqrt
[e]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d + e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)])/(d^3*Sqrt
[c^2*d + e]) - (b*Sqrt[e]*(c^2*d + 2*e)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c^2*d + e]/(c*Sqrt[e]*
Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)])/(8*d^3*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c
*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d +
e]))/(2*d^3) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSi
n[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d^3) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x
)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e
]))/(2*d^3) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[
1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(2*d^3) + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-
I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d^3 + (
(I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^
2*d + e]))/d^3 + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)
]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d^3 + ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*
E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/d^3

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(
m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3479, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	3479
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	3553
default	Expression too large to display	3553

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a/d^3 \ln(x) + 1/4 * a/d / (e*x^2+d)^2 - 1/2 * a/d^3 \ln(e*x^2+d) + 1/2 * a/d^2 / (e*x^2+d) \\
 & + b * (- (c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) * e^2 * \ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}) \\
 & ^2 / (c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) * \arccsc(c*x) / c^4 / d^5 / (c^2*d+e) - \\
 & I * ((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * e+2*e^2) * e^2 * \\
 & \arccsc(c*x)^2 / (c^4*d^2+2*c^2*d*e+e^2) / d^5 / c^4 + 1/4 * I * (e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} / (c^2*d+e)^2 \\
 & / e / d * \arccsc(c*x)^2 * c^4 - I * ((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} \\
 & * e+2*e^2) * e * \text{polylog}(2, d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} \\
 & +2*e) / d^4 / (c^4*d^2+2*c^2*d*e+e^2) / c^2 + 3/2 * I * (c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) \\
 & * \arccsc(c*x)^2 * e / c^2 / d^4 / (c^2*d+e) + 1/4 * (e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} \\
 & * e+2*e^2) * c^2 * \ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) \\
 & ) * \arccsc(c*x) / d^2 / e / (c^4*d^2+2*c^2*d*e+e^2) + 1/8 * I * (e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} / (c^2*d+e)^2 \\
 & / e / d * \text{polylog}(2, d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) \\
 & ) * c^4 - 1/4 * I * ((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * e+2*e^2) \\
 & * c^2 * \arccsc(c*x)^2 / d^2 / e / (c^4*d^2+2*c^2*d*e+e^2) + ((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} \\
 & * e+2*e^2) * e^2 * \ln(1-d*c^2*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) \\
 & ) * \arccsc(c*x) / (c^4*d^2+2*c^2*d*e+e^2) / d^5 / c^4 - 2 * I * ((e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} * c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2} \\
 & * e+2*e^2) * e * \arccsc(c*x)^2 / d^4 / (c^4*d^2+2*c^2*d*e+e^2) / c^2 + 3/4 * I * (c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^{1/2}+2*e) \\
 & * \text{polylog}(2, d*c^2*(I/c/...
 \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*((2*e*x^2 + 3*d)/(d^2*e^2*x^4 + 2*d^3*e*x^2 + d^4) - 2*log(e*x^2 + d)/d^3 + 4*log(x)/d^3) + b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^7 + 3d e^2 x^5 + 3d^2 e x^3 + d^3 x} dx \right) b d^5 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^7 + 3d e^2 x^5 + 3d^2 e x^3 + d^3 x} dx \right) b d^4 e x^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^7 + 3d e^2 x^5 + 3d^2 e x^3 + d^3 x} dx \right)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(4*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3*x + 3*d**2*e*x**3 + 3*d*e**2*x**5 + e**3*x**7),x)*b
*d**5 + 8*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3*x + 3*d**2*e*x**3 + 3*d*e**2*x**5 + e**3*x**
7),x)*b*d**4*e*x**2 + 4*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3*x + 3*d**2*e*x**3 + 3*d*e**2*x
**5 + e**3*x**7),x)*b*d**3*e**2*x**4 - 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 4*log(d
+ e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 4*log(x)*a*d**2 + 8
*log(x)*a*d*e*x**2 + 4*log(x)*a*e**2*x**4 + 2*a*d**2 - a*e**2*x**4)/(4*d**
3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

**3.115** 
$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1031
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1032
Rubi [A] (verified)	1033
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1036
Fricas [F]	1037
Sympy [F(-1)]	1037
Maxima [F(-2)]	1037
Giac [F(-2)]	1038
Mupad [F(-1)]	1038
Reduce [F]	1038

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 1144

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$



output

```

-1/16*b*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)-d/x)-1/16*b*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)/((-d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*(-d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e
^(1/2)-d/x)^2+3/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/16*(-d
)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)^2-3/16*(a+b*arc
csc(c*x))/e^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e
)^(3/2)-3/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d
+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1
/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)-3/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2
)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-3/16*(a
+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(
c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)+3/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(
1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(
5/2)-3/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)+3/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(
1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-
d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)-3/16*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(5/2)+3/16*I*b*polylog(2,...

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 6.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2067, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*d*x)/(4*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^2) - (5*a*x)/(8*e^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (3*a*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[d]*e^(5/2)) + b*((5*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/((-I)*Sqr
t[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e
]*(Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))
*x))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqr
t[d]))/(16*e^2) + (5*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcS
in[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d]
+ Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))x))/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt
[d] - I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt[d]))/(16*e^2) + ((I/16)*Sqr
t[d]*((I*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqr
t[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) -
ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e])) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e]*(I*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]))x
))/((2*c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/e^
2 - ((I/16)*Sqrt[d]*((-I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^
2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt
[e]*x)^2) - ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e])) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(-4*d*Sqrt[
e]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*((-I)*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 -
1/(c^2*x^2)]))x))/((2*c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(c^2*d + e
)^(3/2))))/e^2 - (3*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*Arc...
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5172, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5764}$$

$$- \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5172}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \int \left( - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) d^3}{8(-d)^{3/2} e^{3/2} (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^3} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) d^3}{8(-d)^{3/2} e^{3/2} (\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^3} - \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) d}{8e^2 \left(-\frac{d^2}{x^2} - ed\right)} - \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^2 (\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}c}{16e^{3/2}(dc^2 + e)(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}c}{16e^{3/2}(dc^2 + e)(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \\
 & \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^2(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^{3/2}(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16e^{3/2}(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^2} - \\
 & \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{de^2}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{de}(dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{de^2}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{de}(dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})c}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}} + 1\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})c}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}} + 1\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} - \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} - \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-de}^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```

-1/16*(b*c*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(e^(3/2)*(c^2*d + e)*(Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (b*c*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(16*e^(3/2)*(c^2*d
+ e)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^
(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)^2) + (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^2*(S
qrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^(3/2)*
(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)^2) - (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*e^2*(Sqrt[-d]
*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sq
rt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]*e*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)) -
(3*b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqr
t[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]*e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d
+ (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])
])/(16*Sqrt[d]*e*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)) - (3*b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt
[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])])/(16*Sqrt[d]*e^
2*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I
*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e^(5/2)) + (
3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sq
rt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e^(5/2)) - (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x
)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e
]))/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e^(5/2)) + (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[
-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*Sqrt[-d]*e...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5172 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && (GtQ[p, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5764 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 77.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1804, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1804
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	1827
default	Expression too large to display	1827

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a*((-5/8/e*x^3-3/8*d/e^2*x)/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8/e^2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*
e)^(1/2)))+b/c^5*(-1/8*x*c^7*(3*d^2*c^4*arccsc(c*x)+5*c^4*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*
x^2+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^3*d*e*x+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^2*
c^3*x^3+3*c^2*d*e*arccsc(c*x)+5*e^2*arccsc(c*x)*c^2*x^2)/e^2/(c^2*d+e)/(c^
2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2+3/8*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(-(e*(c^2
*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*c^3*arctanh(c*
d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2))
/(c^2*d+e)^2/e^2/d^2-3/8*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2
*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*c^3*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))/
(-(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/(c^2*d+e)/e^2/d^2-3/16/(c^2*d
+e)/e*c^6*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(
1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=Ro
otOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-3/16/(c^2*d+e)/e^2*c^8*d*sum(
1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(
1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z
^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-3/16/(c^2*d+e)/e*c^6*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c
^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R
1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z
^2+c^2*d))+1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*d+e))
^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*c*arctan(c*d*(I/c...
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^4)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a e^2 x^4 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x} \right)}{8d}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2*x**4 + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x
**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e**3 + 16*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/
(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 8
*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x
)*b*d*e**5*x**4 - 3*a*d**2*e*x - 5*a*d*e**2*x**3)/(8*d*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*
x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```



**3.116** 
$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1040
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1041
Rubi [A] (verified)	1042
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1045
Fricas [F]	1046
Sympy [F(-1)]	1046
Maxima [F(-2)]	1046
Giac [F(-2)]	1047
Mupad [F(-1)]	1047
Reduce [F]	1047

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 1144

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-1/16*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)-d/x)-1/16*b*c*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)/((-d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e
^(1/2)-d/x)^2+1/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/e/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/16*(a+
b*arccsc(c*x))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)^2-1/16*(a+b*arc
csc(c*x))/d/e/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(
3/2)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2
))/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d
)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/
(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)-1/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2
*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)+1/16*(a+b*arccs
c(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)
^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)-1/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/
c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)+1/1
6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/
2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)-1/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-
d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2
)/e^(3/2)-1/16*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(
1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(3/2)/e^(3/2)-1/16*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)^...

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2075, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(a*x)/(e*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (a*x)/(8*d*e*(d + e*x^2)) + (a*ArcTan[(Sqrt
[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) + b*(-1/16*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[
d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*
(Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x
])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x)]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt
[d])/(d*e) - (-(ArcCsc[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x
)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[-
(c^2*d) - e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] - I*S
qrt[e]*x)]/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e])/Sqrt[d])/(16*d*e) - ((I/16)*(I*c*Sqrt[e]
*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x))
- ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/(d
*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*(I*Sqrt[e] +
c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x)]/((2*c^2*d + e)*
((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)))/(Sqrt[d]*e) + ((I/16
)*((-I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d
] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSin
[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(-4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]
*(-I)*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e])*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x)
)/((2*c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)))/(Sqrt[d
]*e) - (Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - ...

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5764, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5764} \\
 & - \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5232}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^2} - \frac{e\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right)}{d\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3} \right) d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}c}{16\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}(dc^2 + e)\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}c}{16\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}(dc^2 + e)\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)} + \\
& \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16de\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16de\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)} + \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\left(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\
& \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{16\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\left(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}\right)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}e\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}(dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}e\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2+e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}(dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)c + 1}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)c + 1}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de} \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2+e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{3/2}e^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(x^2(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c x])\right) / (d + e x^2)^3, x\right]$$

output

```

-1/16*(b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]*(c^2*d + e)*(Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(16*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]*(c^2*d
+ e)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(16*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt
[e]*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)^2) + (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(16*d*e*(Sqrt[-d
]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(16*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[-d
]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)^2) - (a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])/(16*d*e*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d
/x)) + (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e
]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^
2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2
)]))]/(16*d^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) + (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[
e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)*(c^
2*d + e)^(3/2)) - (b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqr
t[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) + ((a
+ b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e
] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*
Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))
/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) + ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*
E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2
)) - ((a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))
]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*e^(3/2)) + ((I/16)*b*Poly...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5764

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(
m + 2*(p + 1))), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 134.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1278
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1301
default	Expression too large to display	1301

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a*((1/8/d*x^3-1/8/e*x)/(e*x^2+d)^2+1/8/e/d/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*x/(d*e)^(1/2)))+b/c^3*(1/8*x*c^5*(c^4*d*e*arccsc(c*x)*x^2-d^2*c^4*arccsc(c*x)+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^2*c^3*x^3+((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^3*d*e*x+e^2*arccsc(c*x)*c^2*x^2-c^2*d*e*arccsc(c*x))/d/e/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2-1/16/d/(c^2*d+e)*c^4*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-1/8*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*c*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/(c^2*d+e)/e/d^3+1/8*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*c*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/(c^2*d+e)^2/e/d^3-1/8*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*c*arctanh(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2))/(c^2*d+e)/e/d^3+1/8*((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(-(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*c*arctanh(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2))/(c^2*d+e)^2/e/d^3-1/16/d/(c^2*d+e)*c^4*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=Ro...
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 2\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a e^2 x^4 + 8 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x^4 + \dots} dx \right)}{8d^2 e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`



output

```
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*
atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqr
t(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2*x**4 + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2
+ 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**4*e**2 + 16*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(d**
3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 8*int
((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*
d**2*e**4*x**4 - a*d**2*e*x + a*d*e**2*x**3)/(8*d**2*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x*
*2 + e**2*x**4))
```

$$3.117 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1049
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1050
Rubi [A] (verified)	1051
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1054
Fricas [F]	1055
Sympy [F(-1)]	1055
Maxima [F(-2)]	1055
Giac [F(-2)]	1056
Mupad [F(-1)]	1056
Reduce [F]	1056

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 1134

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-1/16*b*c*e^(1/2)*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(
1/2)-d/x)-1/16*b*c*e^(1/2)*(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(-d)^(3/2)/(c^2*d+e)/((-d)^(
1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)+1/16*e^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-d)^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e
^(1/2)-d/x)^2-5/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)-d/x)-1/16*e^(
1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-d)^(3/2)/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)^2+5/16*(a+b*arc
csc(c*x))/d^2/((-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)+d/x)-1/16*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*
e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e
)^(3/2)+5/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d-(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1
/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-1/16*b*e*arctanh((c^2*d+(
-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2
)/(c^2*d+e)^(3/2)+5/16*b*arctanh((c^2*d+(-d)^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/x)/c/d^(1/2)/(c
^2*d+e)^(1/2)/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)-3/16*(a+b*arccs
c(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)
^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)+3/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/
c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)-3/1
6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/
2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)+3/16*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))*ln(1+I*c*(-
d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e^(1/2)+(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2
)/e^(1/2)-3/16*I*b*polylog(2,-I*c*(-d)^(1/2)*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(e
^(1/2)-(c^2*d+e)^(1/2)))/(-d)^(5/2)/e^(1/2)+3/16*I*b*polylog(2,I*c*(-d)...

```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 6.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2060, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*x)/(4*d*(d + e*x^2)^2) + (3*a*x)/(8*d^2*(d + e*x^2)) + (3*a*ArcTan[(Sqr
t[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) + b*((-3*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/((-I)*Sqrt[d
]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) + (I*(ArcSin[1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(
Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x)
)/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d] + I*Sqrt[e]*x))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]))/Sqrt[
d]))/(16*d^2) - (3*(-(ArcCsc[c*x]/(I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e] + e*x)) - (I*(ArcSin[
1/(c*x)]/Sqrt[e] - Log[(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-Sqrt[e] + c*(-I)*c*Sqrt[d] +
Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x)/(Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]*(Sqrt[d]
- I*Sqrt[e]*x)))/Sqrt[-(c^2*d) - e]))/Sqrt[d]))/(16*d^2) + ((I/16)*((I*c*
Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt
[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - ArcSin[1/(c
*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*(I*Sq
rt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x))/((2*c^2*
d + e)*((-I)*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/d^(3/2) - ((I
/16)*(((I)*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/(Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqr
t[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)) - ArcCsc[c*x]/(Sqrt[e]*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)^2) - Arc
Sin[1/(c*x)]/(d*Sqrt[e]) + (I*(2*c^2*d + e)*Log[(-4*d*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c^2*d +
e]*((-I)*Sqrt[e] + c*(c*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*
x))/((2*c^2*d + e)*(I*Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[e]*x)))]/(d*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2))))/d^(3
/2) - (3*(Pi^2 - 4*Pi*ArcCsc[c*x] + 8*ArcCsc[c*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 ...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5754, 5232, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5754$$

$$- \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{x^2} + e\right)^3 x^4} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 5232$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) e^2}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^3} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) e}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)^2} + \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}{d^2 (\frac{d}{x^2} + e)} \right) d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}c}}{16(-d)^{3/2}(dc^2 + e)(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{b\sqrt{e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}c}}{16(-d)^{3/2}(dc^2 + e)(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} - \\
& \frac{5(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16d^2(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{5(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16d^2(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16(-d)^{3/2}(\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e} - \frac{d}{x})^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{e}(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx}))}{16(-d)^{3/2}(\frac{d}{x} + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e})^2} + \frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}(dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} + \frac{5b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}} - \\
& \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{dc^2 + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{dc^2 + e}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}(dc^2 + e)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}c}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + 1\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \\
& \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(1 - \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}c}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}} + 1\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{3ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ic\sqrt{-de}^{i \arcsin(\frac{1}{cx})}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{dc^2 + e}}\right)}{16(-d)^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```

-1/16*(b*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/((-d)^(3/2)*(c^2*d + e)*(Sqrt[-d
]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (b*c*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(16*(-d)^(3/2)*(c^
2*d + e)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) + (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16
*(-d)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)^2) - (5*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*
d^2*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] - d/x)) - (Sqrt[e]*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*(-d)
^(3/2)*(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)^2) + (5*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))/(16*d^2*(
Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e] + d/x)) - (b*e*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*
Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2)*(c^2*d + e)^(
3/2)) + (5*b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d - (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - (b*e*ArcTanh[
(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*
x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2)*(c^2*d + e)^(3/2)) + (5*b*ArcTanh[(c^2*d + (Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[e])/x)/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])]/(16*d^(5/2
)*Sqrt[c^2*d + e]) - (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I
*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*(-d)^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) +
(3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(
Sqrt[e] - Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*(-d)^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) - (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/
(c*x)])*Log[1 - (I*c*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d
+ e]))/(16*(-d)^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]) + (3*(a + b*ArcSin[1/(c*x)])*Log[1 + (I*c
*Sqrt[-d]*E^(I*ArcSin[1/(c*x)]))]/(Sqrt[e] + Sqrt[c^2*d + e]))/(16*(-d)...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 5232

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^m_)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (
f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[c^2*d +
e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 5754

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(e + d*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x/c])^n/x^(2*(p + 1))
, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 145.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1798, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1798
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	1823
default	Expression too large to display	1823

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/4*a*x/d/(e*x^2+d)^2+3/8*a/d^2*x/(e*x^2+d)+3/8*a/d^2/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e
*x/(d*e)^(1/2))+b/c*(1/8*x*c^3*(5*d^2*c^4*arccsc(c*x)+3*c^4*d*e*arccsc(c*x
)*x^2-((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*c^3*d*e*x-((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*e^
2*c^3*x^3+5*c^2*d*e*arccsc(c*x)+3*e^2*arccsc(c*x)*c^2*x^2)/d^2/(c^2*d+e)/(
c^2*e*x^2+c^2*d)^2-3/16/d/(c^2*d+e)*c^4*sum(1/_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*
(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1
-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))
-3/16/d^2/(c^2*d+e)*c^2*e*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*l
n((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2
))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))-3/16/d/(c^2*d+e
)*c^4*sum(_R1/(_R1^2*c^2*d-c^2*d-2*e)*(I*arccsc(c*x)*ln((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^
2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)+dilog((_R1-I/c/x-(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/_R1)),_R1=RootOf(
c^2*d*_Z^4+(-2*c^2*d-4*e)*_Z^2+c^2*d))+1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+
2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*e*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/c^3/d^5/(c^2*
d+e)-1/2*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*((e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2
)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*e+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)*e+2*e^2)*e*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c
^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)-2*e)*d)^(1/2))/d^5/(c^2*d+e
)^2/c^3+5/8*(-(c^2*d-2*(e*(c^2*d+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*d)^(1/2)*(c^2*d+2*(e*(c^2*d
+e))^(1/2)+2*e)*arctan(c*d*(I/c/x+(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/((-c^2*d+2*(e(c...
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`



**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^3} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a e^2 x^4 + 8 \left( \int \frac{acsc}{e^3 x^6 + 3d e^2 x} \right)}{8d^3}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)
)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/
(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a*e**2*x**4 + 8*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3
*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**5*e + 16*int(acsc(c*x)/(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*
x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 8*int(acsc(c*x)/(d
**3 + 3*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*d*e**2*x**4 + e**3*x**6),x)*b*d**3*e**3*x**4 + 5*a
*d**2*e*x + 3*a*d*e**2*x**3)/(8*d**3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

### 3.118 $\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1058
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1059
Rubi [A] (verified)	1060
Maple [F]	1066
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1067
Sympy [F]	1067
Maxima [F(-2)]	1068
Giac [F]	1068
Mupad [F(-1)]	1069
Reduce [F]	1069

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 403

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{b(23c^4d^2 + 12c^2de - 75e^2)x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{1680c^5e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{b(29c^2d - 25e)x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{840c^3e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{42ce^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{d^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{8bcd^{7/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{105e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{b(105c^6d^3 - 35c^4d^2e + 63c^2de^2 + 75e^3)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{1680c^6e^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/1680*b*(23*c^4*d^2+12*c^2*d*e-75*e^2)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^5/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/840*b*(29*c^2*d-25*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^3/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-2/5*d*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+1/7*(e*x^2+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-8/105*b*c*d^(7/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/1680*b*(105*c^6*d^3-35*c^4*d^2*e+63*c^2*d*e^2+75*e^3)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^6/e^(5/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{32a(d + ex^2)^2 (8d^2 - 12dex^2 + 15e^2x^4) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)(75e^2+2c^2e(19d+25ex^2)+c^4(-41d^2+22dex^2+40e^2x^4))}{e^5}}{e^5} +$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(32*a*(d + e*x^2)^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)*(75*e^2 + 2*c^2*e*(19*d + 25*e*x^2) + c^4*(-41*d^2 + 22*d*e*x^2 + 40*e^2*x^4)))/c^5 + (b*(-128*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))]] - (e*(105*c^6*d^3 - 35*c^4*d^2*e + 63*c^2*d*e^2 + 75*e^3)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)]])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^5*x + 32*b*(d + e*x^2)^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x^2 + 15*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x]/(3360*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 7282, 2118, 27, 171, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (15e^2x^4-12dex^2+8d^2)}{105e^3x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (15e^2x^4-12dex^2+8d^2)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{105e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (15e^2x^4-12dex^2+8d^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{210e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2118} \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{3e(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (16c^2d^2-(29c^2d-25e)ex^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{3c^2e} + \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{210e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3e^3} + \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (16c^2d^2 - (29c^2d-25e)ex^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2 + \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right)}{210e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 171 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(64c^4d^3 - e(23d^2c^4 + 12dec^2 - 75e^2)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d-25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} + \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right)}{210e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(64c^4d^3 - e(23d^2c^4 + 12dec^2 - 75e^2)x^2)}{4c^2} dx^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d-25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} + \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{c^2} \right)}{210e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 171
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{128d^4c^6 + e(105d^3c^6 - 35d^2ec^4 + 63de^2c^2 + 75e^3)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2 + 12c^2de - 75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d - 25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} + 5e \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{128d^4c^6 + e(105d^3c^6 - 35d^2ec^4 + 63de^2c^2 + 75e^3)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2 + 12c^2de - 75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d - 25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} + 5e \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 175

$$bcx \left( \frac{128c^6d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(105c^6d^3 - 35c^4d^2e + 63c^2de^2 + 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2 + 12c^2de - 75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(29c^2d - 25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} + 5e \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 66

$$bcx \left( \frac{128c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx + 2e(105c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 + 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{\phantom{128c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx} e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{\phantom{128c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx} e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{210e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{256c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e(105c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 + 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{\phantom{256c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}} e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{\phantom{256c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}} e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{210e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 217

$$bcx \left( \frac{2e(105c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 + 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 256c^6 d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{\phantom{2e(105c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 + 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}} e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{\phantom{2e(105c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e + 63c^2 de^2 + 75e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}} e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (23c^4 d^2 + 12c^2 de - 75e^2) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \frac{210e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{7e^3} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3}$$

↓ 221



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^3} - \\
 & \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} + \\
 bcx \left( \begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\sqrt{e}(105c^6d^3-35c^4d^2e+63c^2de^2+75e^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} - 256c^6d^{7/2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2+12c^2de-75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \\
 & \frac{\phantom{2\sqrt{e}(105c^6d^3-35c^4d^2e+63c^2de^2+75e^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\phantom{256c^6d^{7/2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}}{4c^2} - \frac{\phantom{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(23c^4d^2+12c^2de-75e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{2c^2}
 \end{aligned} \right) \\
 & \frac{\phantom{2\sqrt{e}(105c^6d^3-35c^4d^2e+63c^2de^2+75e^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}}{210e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[x^5*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

```
output (d^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3) - (2*d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^3) + ((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(7*e^3) + (b*c*x*((5*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2))/c^2 + (-1/2*((29*c^2*d - 25*e)*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/c^2 + (-((e*(23*c^4*d^2 + 12*c^2*d*e - 75*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + (-256*c^6*d^(7/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*(105*c^6*d^3 - 35*c^4*d^2*e + 63*c^2*d*e^2 + 75*e^3)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(2*c^2))/(4*c^2))/(2*c^2)))/(210*e^3*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

rule 104

```
Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)
/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && L
tQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 171

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((
e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2
) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))] + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2
) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0]
&& IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 175

```
Int[(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_
_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x]
, x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 2118

```
Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*
(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Px, x], k = Coeff[Px, x, Expo
n[Px, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m + q - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p +
1)/(d*f*b^(q - 1)*(m + n + p + q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*b^q*(m + n + p +
q + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[d*f*b^q*(m +
n + p + q + 1)*Px - d*f*k*(m + n + p + q + 1)*(a + b*x)^q + k*(a + b*x)^(q
- 2)*(a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + q + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m + q - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) +
c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*(m + q) + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + q + n) + c*f*(m
+ q + p)))*x], x], x] /; NeQ[m + n + p + q + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_
)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{e x^2 + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1699, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6720*(128*b*c^7*sqrt(-d)*d^3*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (105*b*c^6*d^3 - 35*b*c^4*d^2*e + 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 75*b*e^3)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 48*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 64*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 128*a*c^7*d^3 + 16*(15*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 3*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^7*d^3)*arccsc(c*x) + (40*b*c^5*e^3*x^4 - 41*b*c^5*d^2*e + 38*b*c^3*d*e^2 + 75*b*c*e^3 + 2*(11*b*c^5*d*e^2 + 25*b*c^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^7*e^3), -1/6720*(256*b*c^7*d^(7/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (105*b*c^6*d^3 - 35*b*c^4*d^2*e + 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 + 75*b*e^3)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 48*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 64*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 128*a*c^7*d^3 + 16*(15*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 3*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^7*d^3)*arccsc(c*x) + (40*b*c^5*e^3*x^4 - 41*b*c^5*d^2*e + 38*b*c^3*d*e^2 + 75*b*c*e^3 + 2*(11*b*c^5*d*e^2 + 25*b*c^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^7*e^3), 1/3360*(64*b*c^7*sqrt(-d)*d^3*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e...`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \arccsc(cx) + a) x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^5*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 + 15\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^3 x^6 + 105 \left( \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right)}{105e^3}$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**6 + 105*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e**3)/(105*e**3)`

### 3.119 $\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1070
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1071
Rubi [A] (verified)	1071
Maple [F]	1076
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Sympy [F]	1077
Maxima [F(-2)]	1078
Giac [F]	1078
Mupad [F(-1)]	1078
Reduce [F]	1079

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(c^2d + 9e) x \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{120c^3e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{20ce\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2bcd^{5/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{15e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b(15c^4d^2 - 10c^2de - 9e^2) x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{120c^4e^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/120*b*(c^2*d+9*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*d*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+2/15*b*c*d^(5/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/120*b*(15*c^4*d^2-10*c^2*d*e-9*e^2)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^4/e^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{16a(d + ex^2)^2 (-2d + 3ex^2) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d + ex^2)(9e + c^2(7d + 6ex^2))}{c^3} + \frac{b \left( 16c^2d^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) \right)}{240e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}}{240e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(16*a*(d + e*x^2)^2*(-2*d + 3*e*x^2) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)*(9*e + c^2*(7*d + 6*e*x^2)))/c^3 + (b*(16*c^2*d^3*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))] + (e*(15*c^4*d^2 - 10*c^2*d*e - 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^3*x) + 16*b*(d + e*x^2)^2*(-2*d + 3*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(240*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 435, 171, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5762



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(2d-3ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{15e^2x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-3ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 435 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-3ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{30e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 171 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(8c^2d^2-e(d^2+9e)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(8c^2d^2-e(d^2+9e)x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 171 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{16d^3c^4+e(15d^2c^4-10dec^2-9e^2)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{16d^3 c^4 + e(15d^2 c^4 - 10dec^2 - 9e^2)x^2}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (c^2 d + 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & - \frac{30e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 175 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{16c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + e(15c^4 d^2 - 10c^2 de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (c^2 d + 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & - \frac{30e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 66 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{16c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(15c^4 d^2 - 10c^2 de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2c^2} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (c^2 d + 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & - \frac{30e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 104 \\ & bcx \left( \frac{32c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e(15c^4 d^2 - 10c^2 de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2c^2} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (c^2 d + 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} - \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\ & - \frac{30e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 217 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & b c x \left( \frac{2e(15c^4d^2 - 10c^2de - 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 32c^4d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}\right) - e\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(c^2d + 9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{30e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
 & b c x \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e}(15c^4d^2 - 10c^2de - 9e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - 32c^4d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}\right) - e\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(c^2d + 9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{30e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

output `-1/3*(d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^2 + ((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^2) - (b*c*x*((-3*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*c^2) + (-((e*(c^2*d + 9*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + (-32*c^4*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*(15*c^4*d^2 - 10*c^2*d*e - 9*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]))/c)/(2*c^2)/(4*c^2))/(30*e^2*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 171 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 175 `Int[(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(r_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x] u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{e x^2 + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1379, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(c x)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/480*(16*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (15*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e - 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 8*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^5*d^2 + 8*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + b*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^5*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (6*b*c^3*e^2*x^2 + 7*b*c^3*d*e + 9*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^2), 1/480*(32*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (15*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e - 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 8*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^5*d^2 + 8*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + b*c^5*d*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^5*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (6*b*c^3*e^2*x^2 + 7*b*c^3*d*e + 9*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^2), 1/240*(8*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (15*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e - 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d...
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \arccsc(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + 15 \left( \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^3 dx \right) b e^2}{15e^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 15*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**2)/(15*e**2)`



### 3.120 $\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1080
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1081
Rubi [A] (verified)	1081
Maple [F]	1085
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1085
Sympy [F]	1086
Maxima [F]	1087
Giac [F]	1087
Mupad [F(-1)]	1087
Reduce [F]	1088

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6c\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bcd^{3/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(3c^2d+e)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{6c^2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output  $\frac{1}{6}bx(c^2x^2-1)^{1/2}(ex^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(c^2x^2)^{1/2}+1/3*(ex^2+d)^{3/2}*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsc}(cx))/e-1/3*b*c*d^{3/2}*x*\operatorname{arctan}((ex^2+d)^{1/2}/d^{1/2}/(c^2x^2-1)^{1/2})/e/(c^2x^2)^{1/2}+1/6*b*(3*c^2*d+e)*x*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{1/2}*(c^2x^2-1)^{1/2}/c/(ex^2+d)^{1/2})/c^2/e^{1/2}/(c^2x^2)^{1/2}$

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2bd^2\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},2,\frac{1}{c^2x^2},-\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{cex} + \frac{-\frac{b(3c^2d+e)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},2,c^2x^2,-\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex^2)(be\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x)}{c}}{12\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output

```
((-2*b*d^2*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))])/(c*e*x) + (-(b*(3*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (2*(d + e*x^2)*(b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 2*a*c*(d + e*x^2) + 2*b*c*(d + e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e)/c)/(12*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 113, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))dx$$

$$\downarrow 5760$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}dx}{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 113 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{2c^2d^2+e(3dc^2+e)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{2c^2d^2+e(3dc^2+e)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 175 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{4c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e(3c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 4c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e} + \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e}(3c^2d+e) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} - 4c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e) + (b*c*x*((e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + (-4*c^2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*(3*c^2*d + e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/c)/(2*c^2))/(6*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 113 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*m + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + n) + c*f*(m + p)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + p + 1, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 175 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5760

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x
] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*S
qrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx))dx$$

input

```
int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1098, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.63

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/24*(2*b*c^3*sqrt(-d)*d*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (3*b*c^2*d + b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 + 2*a*c^3*d + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e), -1/24*(4*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (3*b*c^2*d + b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 + 2*a*c^3*d + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e), 1/12*(b*c^3*sqrt(-d)*d*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (3*b*c^2*d + b*e)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) + 2*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 + 2*a*c^3*d + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e), -1/12*(2*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*...
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\,dx = \int x(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}\,dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a/e + 1/3*(3*e*integrate(1/3*(c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x)*e^(1/2*log(e*x^2 + d) + 1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 - e)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1)) - e), x) + (e*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + d*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*b/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x\sqrt{ex^2+d}\left(a+b\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2+d}aex^2 + 3(\int \sqrt{ex^2+d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x dx) be}{3e}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e)/(3*e)`

**3.121**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1089
Mathematica [N/A]	1089
Rubi [N/A]	1090
Maple [N/A]	1090
Fricas [N/A]	1091
Sympy [N/A]	1091
Maxima [F(-2)]	1091
Giac [N/A]	1092
Mupad [N/A]	1092
Reduce [N/A]	1093

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)
```

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x, x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \sqrt{ex^2+d}a + \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a$$

$$- \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)a$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x} dx\right)b$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`output `sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x,x)*b`

**3.122**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1094
Mathematica [N/A]	1094
Rubi [N/A]	1095
Maple [N/A]	1095
Fricas [N/A]	1096
Sympy [N/A]	1096
Maxima [F(-2)]	1096
Giac [N/A]	1097
Mupad [N/A]	1097
Reduce [N/A]	1098

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3, x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad + \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 - \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}acsc(cx)}{x^3} dx\right)}{2dx^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)*b*d*x**2)/(2*d*x**2)
```

### 3.123 $\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1099
Mathematica [N/A]	1099
Rubi [N/A]	1100
Maple [N/A]	1100
Fricas [N/A]	1101
Sympy [N/A]	1101
Maxima [F(-2)]	1101
Giac [N/A]	1102
Mupad [N/A]	1102
Reduce [N/A]	1103

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left(x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 116.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^3 - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 8\left(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a \operatorname{csc}(cx) x^2 dx\right) b e^2}{8e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 - sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2)/(8*e**2)`



### 3.124 $\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1104
Mathematica [N/A]	1104
Rubi [N/A]	1105
Maple [N/A]	1105
Fricas [N/A]	1106
Sympy [N/A]	1106
Maxima [F(-2)]	1106
Giac [N/A]	1107
Mupad [N/A]	1107
Reduce [N/A]	1108

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left(\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 17.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 46.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + 2\left(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} acsc(cx) dx\right) be}{2e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 2*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x),x)*b*e)/(2*e)`

**3.125**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1109
Mathematica [N/A]	1109
Rubi [N/A]	1110
Maple [N/A]	1110
Fricas [N/A]	1111
Sympy [N/A]	1111
Maxima [F(-2)]	1111
Giac [N/A]	1112
Mupad [N/A]	1112
Reduce [N/A]	1113

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2, x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d}a + \sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ax - \sqrt{e}ax + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2} dx\right)bx}{x}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d
))*a*x - sqrt(e)*a*x + int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*x)/x
```

**3.126** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1114
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1115
Rubi [A] (verified)	1115
Maple [F]	1120
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1120
Sympy [F]	1121
Maxima [F(-2)]	1121
Giac [F]	1121
Mupad [F(-1)]	1122
Reduce [F]	1122

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 328

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx \\ &= -\frac{2bc(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\ &\quad -\frac{bc\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\ &\quad + \frac{2bc^2(c^2d+2e)x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}E(\arcsin(cx) \mid -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ &\quad - \frac{b(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2/9*b*c*(c^2*d+2*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1
/9*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(e*x^2+d)
^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/x^3+2/9*b*c^2*(c^2*d+2*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2
-1)^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)-1/9*b*(c^2*d+e)*(2*c^2*d+3*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(
c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(3a(d+ex^2)+bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+2c^2dx^2+4ex^2)+3b(d+ex^2)\csc^{-1}(cx)\right)}{9dx^3}$$

$$+\frac{ibc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(2c^2d(c^2d+2e)E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2}x)|-\frac{e}{c^2d})-(2c^4d^2+5c^2de+3e^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2}x)|-\frac{e}{c^2d})))}{9\sqrt{-c^2d}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/9*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(3*a*(d + e*x^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + 2*c^2*d*x^2 + 4*e*x^2) + 3*b*(d + e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x^3) + ((I/9)*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(2*c^2*d*(c^2*d + 2*e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))] - (2*c^4*d^2 + 5*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(Sqrt[-c^2]*d*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 376, 25, 445, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 5762

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{3dx^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 376 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{e(dc^2+3e)x^2+2d(dc^2+2e)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{e(dc^2+3e)x^2+2d(dc^2+2e)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(-2(dc^2+2e)x^2c^2+dc^2+3e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{-2(dc^2+2e)x^2c^2+dc^2+3e}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e} - \frac{2c^2(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 323
\end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2c^2(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2+d}{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2c^2(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2+d}{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 321

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2c^2(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2+d}{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 331

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2+d}{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 330

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 327 \\ \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}E\left(\arcsin(cx)\left|-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right.\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \end{array} + \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(2c^2d+3e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}E\left(\arcsin(cx)\left|-\frac{e}{c^2d}\right.\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \right) +$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x^3) - (b*c*x*((d*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*x^3) + ((2*(c^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*((-2*c*(c^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]) + ((c^2*d + e)*(2*c^2*d + 3*e)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))) / (3*d*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d  
 )], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^  
 2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a,  
 0]`

rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^  
 2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 376 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
 , x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1  
 )/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^  
 2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*  
 d*(q - 1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*b*c*(p + q))*x^2, x], x] /; Fre  
 eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] &  
 & IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)  
 ^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +  
 Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; Fr  
 eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] &&  
 (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
 .)*(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p  
 + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))  
 Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c  
 + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^  
 2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`



rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x] u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(c x))}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3 a c d e x^2 + 3 a c d^2 + 3 (b c d e x^2 + b c d^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) + (b c d^2 + 2 (b c^3 d^2 + 2 b c d e) x^2) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}) \sqrt{e x^2 + d} - (2 (b c^6 d^2 + 2 b c^4 d e) x^3 \operatorname{elliptic}_e(\arcsin(c x), -e/(c^2 d)) - (2 b c^6 d^2 + (4 b c^4 + b c^2) d e + 3 b e^2) x^3 \operatorname{elliptic}_f(\arcsin(c x), -e/(c^2 d))) \sqrt{-d}}{(c d^2 x^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/9*((3*a*c*d*e*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^2 + 3*(b*c*d*e*x^2 + b*c*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*c*d^2 + 2*(b*c^3*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + (2*(b*c^6*d^2 + 2*b*c^4*d*e)*x^3*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (2*b*c^6*d^2 + (4*b*c^4 + b*c^2)*d*e + 3*b*e^2)*x^3*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c*d^2*x^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad - \sqrt{ex^2+d}aex^2 - \sqrt{e}aex^3 + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}acsc(cx)}{x^4} dx\right)bdx^3}{3dx^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*a*e*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)*b*d*x**3)/(3*d*x**3)`

**3.127**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1123
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1124
Rubi [A] (verified)	1125
Maple [F]	1130
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1130
Sympy [F]	1131
Maxima [F(-2)]	1131
Giac [F]	1132
Mupad [F(-1)]	1132
Reduce [F]	1132

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 455

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bc(24c^4d^2 + 19c^2de - 31e^2) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{225d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{bc(12c^2d - e) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}{225dx^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{25dx^4 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^2(24c^4d^2 + 19c^2de - 31e^2) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2} E(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{225d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d}}}$$

$$- \frac{b(c^2d + e) (24c^4d^2 + 7c^2de - 30e^2) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{225d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output

```
-1/225*b*c*(24*c^4*d^2+19*c^2*d*e-31*e^2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/225*b*c*(12*c^2*d-e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/d/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/25*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d/x^
4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/x^5+2/15*e*(e*x^
2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2/x^3+1/225*b*c^2*(24*c^4*d^2+19*c^2*d*e-31
*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))
/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/((e*x^2+d)/d)^(1/2)-1/225*b*(c^2*d+
e)*(24*c^4*d^2+7*c^2*d*e-30*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*((e*x^2+d)/d)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(e*x
^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(15a(3d^2+dex^2-2e^2x^4)+bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-31e^2x^4+dex^2(8+19c^2x^2)+3d^2(3+4c^2x^2)+\right)}{225d^2x^5}$$

$$+\frac{ibc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}(c^2d(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2x})|-\frac{e}{c^2d})+(-24c^6d^3-31c^4d^2e+23c^2d^2e^2+30e^3)E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2x})|-\frac{e}{c^2d})))}{225\sqrt{-c^2d^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/225*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(15*a*(3*d^2 + d*e*x^2 - 2*e^2*x^4) + b*c*Sqrt[1 -
1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-31*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2*(8 + 19*c^2*x^2) + 3*d^2*(3 + 4*c^2
*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) + 15*b*(3*d^2 + d*e*x^2 - 2*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d^2
*x^5) + ((I/225)*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(2
4*c^4*d^2 + 19*c^2*d*e - 31*e^2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c
^2*d))] + (-24*c^6*d^3 - 31*c^4*d^2*e + 23*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 30*e^3)*EllipticF[I
*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(Sqrt[-c^2]*d^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*
Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 442, 25, 442, 25, 445, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(3d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{15d^2x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(3d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{3/2}}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}((3c^2d-10e)ex^2+d(12c^2d-e))}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}((3c^2d-10e)ex^2+d(12c^2d-e))}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(12c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{2e(6d^2c^4+4dec^2-15e^2)x^2+d(24d^2c^4+19dec^2-31e^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{5dx^5}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2e(6d^2c^4+4dec^2-15e^2)x^2+d(24d^2c^4+19dec^2-31e^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(12c^2d-e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{5dx^5}}$$

↓ 445

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(2(6d^2c^4+4dec^2-15e^2)-c^2(24d^2c^4+19dec^2-31e^2)x^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{5dx^5}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{2(6d^2c^4+4dec^2-15e^2)-c^2(24d^2c^4+19dec^2-31e^2)x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{5dx^5}}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e} - \frac{c^2(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{5x^5} \right)}{\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{5dx^5}}$$

↓ 323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{15d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

321

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

331

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

330

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$



↓ 327

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(24c^4d^2+7c^2de-30e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{5dx^5}{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24c^4d^2+19c^2de-31e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} - \frac{\dots}{15d^2v}$$

```
input Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

```
output -1/5*((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x^5) + (2*e*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(15*d^2*x^3) - (b*c*x*((3*d*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*x^5) + ((d*(12*c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*x^3) + (((24*c^4*d^2 + 19*c^2*d*e - 31*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*(-((c*(24*c^4*d^2 + 19*c^2*d*e - 31*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d])) + ((c^2*d + e)*(24*c^4*d^2 + 7*c^2*d*e - 30*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/3)/5)/(15*d^2*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 442 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g^(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])`

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e x^2 + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x))}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d + e x^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(c x))}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{(30 a c d e^2 x^4 - 15 a c d^2 e x^2 - 45 a c d^3 + 15 (2 b c d e^2 x^4 - b c d^2 e x^2 - 3 b c d^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(c x) - (9 b c d^3 + (24 b c^5 d^3$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/225*((30*a*c*d*e^2*x^4 - 15*a*c*d^2*e*x^2 - 45*a*c*d^3 + 15*(2*b*c*d*e^2
*x^4 - b*c*d^2*e*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^3)*arccsc(c*x) - (9*b*c*d^3 + (24*b*c^5*d^3
+ 19*b*c^3*d^2*e - 31*b*c*d*e^2)*x^4 + 4*(3*b*c^3*d^3 + 2*b*c*d^2*e)*x^2)
*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) - ((24*b*c^8*d^3 + 19*b*c^6*d^2*e - 31
*b*c^4*d*e^2)*x^5*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (24*b*c^8*d^3 + (1
9*b*c^6 + 12*b*c^4)*d^2*e - (31*b*c^4 - 8*b*c^2)*d*e^2 - 30*b*e^3)*x^5*ell
iptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d))*sqrt(-d)/(c*d^3*x^5)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{acsc}(cx))\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2)/x**6, x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(b\operatorname{arccsc}(cx)+a)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(a+b\operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad^2 - \sqrt{ex^2+d}ade x^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{e}ae^2x^5 + 15\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}acsc(cx)}{x^6} dx\right)bd^2x^5}{15d^2x^5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**5 + 15*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)*b*d**2*x**5)/(15*d**2*x**5)`

### 3.128 $\int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1133
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1134
Rubi [A] (verified)	1135
Maple [F]	1140
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1141
Sympy [F(-1)]	1141
Maxima [F(-2)]	1142
Giac [F]	1142
Mupad [F(-1)]	1143
Reduce [F]	1143

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 374

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \\
 & - \frac{b(3c^4d^2 - 38c^2de - 25e^2) x \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{560c^5e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{b(13c^2d + 25e) x \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{840c^3e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{42ce\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} + \frac{2bcd^{7/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{35e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{b(35c^6d^3 - 35c^4d^2e - 63c^2de^2 - 25e^3) x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{560c^6e^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/560*b*(3*c^4*d^2-38*c^2*d*e-25*e^2)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
/c^5/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/840*b*(13*c^2*d+25*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)
d^(3/2)/c^3/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/42*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/
c/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+1/7*(e*x^2
+d)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+2/35*b*c*d^(7/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/560*b*(35*c^6*d^3-35*c^4*
d^2*e-63*c^2*d*e^2-25*e^3)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)
^(1/2))/c^6/e^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a$$

$$+ b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{96a(d + ex^2)^3 (-2d + 5ex^2) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d + ex^2)(75e^2 + 2c^2e(82d + 25ex^2) + c^4(57d^2 + 106dex^2 + 40e^2x^4))}{c^5}}{c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(96*a*(d + e*x^2)^3*(-2*d + 5*e*x^2) + (2*b*e*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d +
e*x^2)*(75*e^2 + 2*c^2*e*(82*d + 25*e*x^2) + c^4*(57*d^2 + 106*d*e*x^2 +
40*e^2*x^4)))/c^5 + (3*b*(32*c^4*d^4*sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2,
1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))] + (e*(35*c^6*d^3 - 35*c^4*d^2*e - 63*c^
2*d*e^2 - 25*e^3)*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1
, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)]/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^5*x) + 96*b*
(d + e*x^2)^3*(-2*d + 5*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]/(3360*e^2*sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 435, 171, 27, 171, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(2d-5ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{35e^2x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-5ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{435} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-5ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{171} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} (12c^2d^2 - e(13dc^2+25e)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{3c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right)}{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2}(12c^2d^2-e(13dc^2+25e)x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 171

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d}(16d^3c^4+e(3d^2c^4-38dec^2-25e^2)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(16d^3c^4+e(3d^2c^4-38dec^2-25e^2)x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{3c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 171

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{32d^4c^6+e(35d^3c^6-35d^2ec^4-63de^2c^2-25e^3)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2-38c^2de-25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{7/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{d(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{32d^4c^6 + e(35d^3c^6 - 35d^2ec^4 - 63de^2c^2 - 25e^3)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2 - 38c^2de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 175

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{32c^6d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(35c^6d^3 - 35c^4d^2e - 63c^2de^2 - 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2 - 38c^2de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 66

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{32c^6d^4 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(35c^6d^3 - 35c^4d^2e - 63c^2de^2 - 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4d^2 - 38c^2de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(13c^2d+25e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{7/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}d(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2}$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{64c^6 d^4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(35c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e - 63c^2 de^2 - 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 - 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 - 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \quad 70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}$$

217

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2e(35c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e - 63c^2 de^2 - 25e^3) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 64c^6 d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 - 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 - 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e^2} \quad 70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}$$

221

$$bcx \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e}(35c^6 d^3 - 35c^4 d^2 e - 63c^2 de^2 - 25e^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c} - 64c^6 d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 - 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(3c^4 d^2 - 38c^2 de - 25e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6c^2} \right)$$

$$70e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output

```
-1/5*(d*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^2 + ((d + e*x^2)^(7/2)*(a
+ b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(7*e^2) - (b*c*x*((-5*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)
(5/2))/(3*c^2) + (-1/2*(e*(13*c^2*d + 25*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)
^(3/2))/c^2 + (3*((e*(3*c^4*d^2 - 38*c^2*d*e - 25*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*
Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + (-64*c^6*d^(7/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqr
rt[-1 + c^2*x^2])) + (2*Sqrt[e]*(35*c^6*d^3 - 35*c^4*d^2*e - 63*c^2*d*e^2
- 25*e^3)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))]/c)/(2
*c^2)))/(4*c^2))/(6*c^2))/(70*e^2*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 66

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

rule 104

```
Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)
/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && L
tQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 171

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_
))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((
e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2
) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2
) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0]
&& IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 175 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(r_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1697, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6720*(96*b*c^7*sqrt(-d)*d^3*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - 3*(35*b*c^6*d^3 - 35*b*c^4*d^2*e - 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 - 25*b*e^3)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 384*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 96*a*c^7*d^3 + 48*(5*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 8*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^7*d^3)*arccsc(c*x) + (40*b*c^5*e^3*x^4 + 57*b*c^5*d^2*e + 164*b*c^3*d*e^2 + 75*b*c*e^3 + 2*(53*b*c^5*d*e^2 + 25*b*c^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^7*e^2), 1/6720*(192*b*c^7*d^(7/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - 3*(35*b*c^6*d^3 - 35*b*c^4*d^2*e - 63*b*c^2*d*e^2 - 25*b*e^3)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(240*a*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 384*a*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + 48*a*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 96*a*c^7*d^3 + 48*(5*b*c^7*e^3*x^6 + 8*b*c^7*d*e^2*x^4 + b*c^7*d^2*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^7*d^3)*arccsc(c*x) + (40*b*c^5*e^3*x^4 + 57*b*c^5*d^2*e + 164*b*c^3*d*e^2 + 75*b*c*e^3 + 2*(53*b*c^5*d*e^2 + 25*b*c^3*e^3)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^7*e^2), 1/3360*(48*b*c^7*sqrt(-d)*d^3*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*...`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arccsc(cx) + a) x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 + 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 + 5\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^3 x^6 + 35 \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a \csc^{-1}(cx) dx}{35e^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**6 + 35*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**5,x)*b*e**3 + 35*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*d*e**2)/(35*e**2)`



### 3.129 $\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1144
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1145
Rubi [A] (verified)	1145
Maple [F]	1150
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1150
Sympy [F]	1151
Maxima [F]	1151
Giac [F]	1151
Mupad [F(-1)]	1152
Reduce [F]	1152

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{b(7c^2d + 3e) x \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{40c^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{20c \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} - \frac{bcd^{5/2} x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{5e \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(15c^4d^2 + 10c^2de + 3e^2) x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{40c^4 \sqrt{e} \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/40*b*(7*c^2*d+3*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e-1/5*b*c*d^(5/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/40*b*(15*c^4*d^2+10*c^2*d*e+3*e^2)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^4/e^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{16a(d+ex^2)^3}{e} + \frac{2b\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)(3e+c^2(9d+2ex^2))}{e^3} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{8c^2d^3\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{e}\right)}{80\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `((16*a*(d + e*x^2)^3)/e + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)*(3*e + c^2*(9*d + 2*e*x^2)))/c^3 + (b*((-8*c^2*d^3*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))])/e - ((15*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^3*x) + (16*b*(d + e*x^2)^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/e)/(80*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 113, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5760

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{5e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
& \downarrow 113 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(4c^2d^2+e(7dc^2+3e)x^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(4c^2d^2+e(7dc^2+3e)x^2)}{4c^2} dx^2}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
& \downarrow 171 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{8d^3c^4+e(15d^2c^4+10dec^2+3e^2)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d+3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{8d^3c^4+e(15d^2c^4+10dec^2+3e^2)x^2}{2c^2} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d+3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e} \\
& \downarrow 175 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{8c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(15c^4d^2+10c^2de+3e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(7c^2d+3e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{10e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 66

$$bcx \left( \frac{8c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(15c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 3e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(7c^2 d + 3e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

---


$$\frac{10e\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \cdot 5e$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{16c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e(15c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 3e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(7c^2 d + 3e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

---


$$\frac{10e\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \cdot 5e$$

↓ 217

$$bcx \left( \frac{2e(15c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 3e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 16c^4 d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(7c^2 d + 3e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

---


$$\frac{10e\sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))} \cdot 5e$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5e} + bcx \left( \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e}(15c^4 d^2 + 10c^2 de + 3e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{c} - 16c^4 d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(7c^2 d + 3e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

---


$$10e\sqrt{c^2 x^2}$$

input

`Int [x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc [c*x] ), x]`

output

```
((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e) + (b*c*x*((e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*
(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*c^2) + ((e*(7*c^2*d + 3*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt
[d + e*x^2])/c^2 + (-16*c^4*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt
[-1 + c^2*x^2])] + (2*Sqrt[e]*(15*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*ArcTanh[(S
qrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(2*c^2)/(4*c^2))/(10
*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 66

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

rule 104

```
Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x
_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)
/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && L
tQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 113

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_
))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)
)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)
^(m - 2)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m
- 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*m + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m
+ n) + c*f*(m + p)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] &
& GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + p + 1, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 171  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)}))), x_] := \text{Simp}[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m-1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n + p + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 175  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)}))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}), x_] := \text{Simp}[h/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$

rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(q_.)}), x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 5760  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcCsc}[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.)*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}), x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^{p+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2])) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{p+1}/(x*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(c x)) dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1375, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int x(d + e x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(c x)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/160*(8*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (15*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e + 3*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(8*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 16*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*a*c^5*d^2 + 8*(b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + b*c^5*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (2*b*c^3*e^2*x^2 + 9*b*c^3*d*e + 3*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e), -1/160*(16*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (15*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e + 3*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*(8*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 16*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*a*c^5*d^2 + 8*(b*c^5*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + b*c^5*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (2*b*c^3*e^2*x^2 + 9*b*c^3*d*e + 3*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e), 1/80*(4*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (15*b*c^4*d^2 + 10*b*c^2*d*e + 3*b*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2))...`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a/e + 1/5*(5*e*integrate(1/5*(c^2*e^2*x^5 + 2*c^2*d*e*x^3 + c^2*d^2*x)*e^(1/2*log(e*x^2 + d) + 1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 - e)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1)) - e), x) + (e^2*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 2*d*e*x^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + d^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*b/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + 5 \left( \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^3 dx \right)}{5e}$$

input `int(x*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**3,x)*b*e**2 + 5*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*d*e)/(5*e)`

$$3.130 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1153
Mathematica [N/A]	1153
Rubi [N/A]	1154
Maple [N/A]	1154
Fricas [N/A]	1155
Sympy [N/A]	1155
Maxima [F(-2)]	1155
Giac [N/A]	1156
Mupad [N/A]	1156
Reduce [N/A]	1157

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 75.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.35

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2}{3}$$

$$+ \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a \operatorname{csc}(cx)}{x} dx\right) bd + \left(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a \operatorname{csc}(cx) x dx\right) be$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x,x)`output `(4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x,x)*b*d + 3*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x,x)*b*e)/3`

**3.131** 
$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1158
Mathematica [N/A]	1158
Rubi [N/A]	1159
Maple [N/A]	1159
Fricas [N/A]	1160
Sympy [N/A]	1160
Maxima [F(-2)]	1160
Giac [N/A]	1161
Mupad [N/A]	1161
Reduce [N/A]	1162

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 11.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x)
```



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 67.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^3, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.30

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^3} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 + 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) aex}{x^3}$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((s
rt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((s
qrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**3,x)*b*d*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/
x,x)*b*e*x**2)/(2*x**2)
```

### 3.132 $\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1163
Mathematica [N/A]	1163
Rubi [N/A]	1164
Maple [N/A]	1164
Fricas [N/A]	1165
Sympy [F(-1)]	1165
Maxima [F(-2)]	1165
Giac [N/A]	1166
Mupad [N/A]	1166
Reduce [N/A]	1167

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left(x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5772$$

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^4 + a*d*x^2 + (b*e*x^4 + b*d*x^2)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int x^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

$$\int x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad^2ex + 14\sqrt{ex^2+d}ade^2x^3 + 8\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^3x^5 - 3\sqrt{e}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x + 14*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**3 + 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**5 - 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**3 + 48*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**3 + 48*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e**2)/(48*e**2)`



### 3.133 $\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1168
Mathematica [N/A]	1168
Rubi [N/A]	1169
Maple [N/A]	1169
Fricas [N/A]	1170
Sympy [F(-1)]	1170
Maxima [F(-2)]	1170
Giac [N/A]	1171
Mupad [N/A]	1171
Reduce [N/A]	1171

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left((d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 18.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \frac{5\sqrt{ex^2 + d} adex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^3 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 8(\int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ac}{8e}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e**2 + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d*e)/(8*e)`

$$3.134 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1173
Mathematica [N/A]	1173
Rubi [N/A]	1174
Maple [N/A]	1174
Fricas [N/A]	1175
Sympy [N/A]	1175
Maxima [F(-2)]	1175
Giac [N/A]	1176
Mupad [N/A]	1176
Reduce [N/A]	1177

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 35.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 99.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^2} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + 12\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) adx - \dots}{x^2}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2,x)`output `( - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*x - 9*sqrt(e)*a*d*x + 8*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*d*x + 8*int(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x),x)*b*e*x)/(8*x)`

$$3.135 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1178
Mathematica [N/A]	1178
Rubi [N/A]	1179
Maple [N/A]	1179
Fricas [N/A]	1180
Sympy [N/A]	1180
Maxima [F(-2)]	1180
Giac [N/A]	1181
Mupad [N/A]	1181
Reduce [N/A]	1182

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x)
```

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/x^4, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 68.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^4, x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^4, x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^4} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) aex^3 +}{3x^3}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^4,x)`output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)*b*d*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**2,x)*b*e*x**3)/(3*x**3)`

**3.136**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1183
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1184
Rubi [A] (verified)	1185
Maple [F]	1190
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1190
Sympy [F(-1)]	1191
Maxima [F(-2)]	1191
Giac [F]	1192
Mupad [F(-1)]	1192
Reduce [F]	1192

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 416

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{bc(8c^4d^2 + 23c^2de + 23e^2) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{75d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$-\frac{4bc(c^2d + 2e) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{75x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$-\frac{bc\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{25x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^2(8c^4d^2 + 23c^2de + 23e^2) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} E(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{75d\sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}}$$

$$-\frac{b(c^2d + e) (8c^4d^2 + 19c^2de + 15e^2) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{75d\sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$



output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/75*b*c*(8*c^4*d^2+23*c^2*d*e+23*e^2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/ \\ & d/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}-4/75*b*c*(c^2*d+2*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/x \\ & ^2/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}-1/25*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(3/2)}/x^4/(c^2*x^2 \\ & )^{(1/2)}-1/5*(e*x^2+d)^{(5/2)}*(a+b*\arccsc(c*x))/d/x^5+1/75*b*c^2*(8*c^4*d^2+ \\ & 23*c^2*d*e+23*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/ \\ & c^2/d)^{(1/2)})/d/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)}-1/75*b \\ & *(c^2*d+e)*(8*c^4*d^2+19*c^2*d*e+15*e^2)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(1+e*x^2/d)^{(1/2)} \\ & *EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^{(1/2)})/d/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)}/ \\ & (e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}\left(15a(d+ex^2)^2+bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(23e^2x^4+dex^2(11+23c^2x^2)+d^2(3+4c^2x^2+8c^4x^4))+15b(d+ex^2)^{3/2}\arcsin\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)\right)}{75dx^5}$$

$$+\frac{ibc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\left(c^2d(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2}x)|-\frac{e}{c^2d})-(8c^6d^3+27c^4d^2e+34c^2de^2+15e^3)E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2}x)|-\frac{e}{c^2d}))\right)}{75\sqrt{-c^2}d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/75*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(15*a*(d + e*x^2)^2 + b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*( \\ & 23*e^2*x^4 + d*e*x^2*(11 + 23*c^2*x^2) + d^2*(3 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) \\ & + 15*b*(d + e*x^2)^2*\operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/(d*x^5) + ((1/75)*b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x \\ & ^2)]*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(8*c^4*d^2 + 23*c^2*d*e + 23*e^2)*\operatorname{Elliptic} \\ & \operatorname{icE}[I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))] - (8*c^6*d^3 + 27*c^4*d^2*e + 3 \\ & 4*c^2*d*e^2 + 15*e^3)*\operatorname{EllipticF}[I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/( \\ & \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c^2]*d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 376, 25, 442, 25, 445, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{5dx^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{376} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(dc^2+5e)x^2+4d(dc^2+2e))}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(e(dc^2+5e)x^2+4d(dc^2+2e))}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{442} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{4d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{e(4d^2c^4+11dec^2+15e^2)x^2+d(8d^2c^4+23dec^2+23e^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{e(4d^2c^4+11dec^2+15e^2)x^2+d(8d^2c^4+23dec^2+23e^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{4d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{5dx^5}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 445

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(4d^2c^4-(8d^2c^4+23dec^2+23e^2)x^2c^2+11dec^2+15e^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{4d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{5dx^5}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{4d^2c^4-(8d^2c^4+23dec^2+23e^2)x^2c^2+11dec^2+15e^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{4d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{5dx^5}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e} - \frac{c^2(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{5dx^5}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 323

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2) \sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2+d}{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) \right) \right)}{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2} (d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \frac{5dx^5}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 321

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 331

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 330

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{5dx^5}$$


---


$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(8c^4d^2+19c^2de+15e^2)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^4d^2+23c^2de+23e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) \right) \right)$$


---

$$5d\sqrt{c^2x^2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x^5) - (b*c*x*((d*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*x^5) + ((4*d*(c^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/(3*x^3) + (((8*c^4*d^2 + 23*c^2*d*e + 23*e^2)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*(-((c*(8*c^4*d^2 + 23*c^2*d*e + 23*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d])) + ((c^2*d + e)*(8*c^4*d^2 + 19*c^2*d*e + 15*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(c*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3)/5)/(5*d*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 376 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_) , x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1))/(a*e*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*c*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*(q - 1)) + d*((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1) + 2*b*c*(p + q))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 442 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_) .*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])`

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{(15 acde^2 x^4 + 30 acd^2 ex^2 + 15 acd^3 + 15 (bcde^2 x^4 + 2 bcd^2 ex^2 + bcd^3) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (3 bcd^3 + (8 bc^5 d^3 +$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/75*((15*a*c*d*e^2*x^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e*x^2 + 15*a*c*d^3 + 15*(b*c*d*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c*d^2*e*x^2 + b*c*d^3)*arccsc(c*x) + (3*b*c*d^3 + (8*b*c^5*d^3 + 23*b*c^3*d^2*e + 23*b*c*d*e^2)*x^4 + (4*b*c^3*d^3 + 11*b*c*d^2*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + ((8*b*c^8*d^3 + 23*b*c^6*d^2*e + 23*b*c^4*d*e^2)*x^5*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (8*b*c^8*d^3 + (23*b*c^6 + 4*b*c^4)*d^2*e + (23*b*c^4 + 11*b*c^2)*d*e^2 + 15*b*e^3)*x^5*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c*d^2*x^5)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^6, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^6} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 - \sqrt{e} a e^2 x^5}{5d x^5}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^6,x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 - sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**5 + 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)*b*d**2*x**5 + 5*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**4,x)*b*d*e*x**5)/(5*d*x**5)`

**3.137**  $\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	1193
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1194
Rubi [A] (verified)	1195
Maple [F]	1201
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1201
Sympy [F(-1)]	1202
Maxima [F(-2)]	1202
Giac [F]	1202
Mupad [F(-1)]	1203
Reduce [F]	1203

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 554

$$\int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{bc(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3675d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{bc(120c^4d^2 + 159c^2de - 37e^2) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{3675dx^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{bc(30c^2d + 11e) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{1225dx^4 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}{49dx^6 \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} + \frac{2e(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^2(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} E(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{3675d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}}$$

$$- \frac{2b(c^2d + e) (120c^6d^3 + 204c^4d^2e + 17c^2de^2 - 105e^3) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{3675d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```

-1/3675*b*c*(240*c^6*d^3+528*c^4*d^2*e+193*c^2*d*e^2-247*e^3)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(
(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3675*b*c*(120*c^4*d^2+159*c^2*
d*e-37*e^2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/1225
*b*c*(30*c^2*d+11*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/d/x^4/(c^2*x^2)^(1/
2)-1/49*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)/d/x^6/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/7*(e
*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/x^7+2/35*e*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c
*x))/d^2/x^5+1/3675*b*c^2*(240*c^6*d^3+528*c^4*d^2*e+193*c^2*d*e^2-247*e^3
)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2
/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)-2/3675*b*(c^2*d+e)*(1
20*c^6*d^3+204*c^4*d^2*e+17*c^2*d*e^2-105*e^3)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x
^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1
)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( 105a(5d - 2ex^2)(d + ex^2)^2 + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(-247e^3x^6 + de^2x^4(71 + 193c^2x^2) + 3d^2ex^2(61 + 83c^2x^2 + 176c^4x^4) + 15d^3(5 + 6c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4 + 16c^6x^6)) + 105*b*(5*d - 2*e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2*\operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x] \right)}{3675d^2x^7} + \frac{ibc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}(c^2d(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3)E(\operatorname{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2}x) | -\frac{e}{c^2d}) - 2(120c^6d^3 + 204c^4d^2e + 17c^2d^2e^2 - 105e^3)*\operatorname{EllipticF}[I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c^2]*x], -\frac{e}{(c^2*d)}]) - 2*(120*c^8*d^4 + 324*c^6*d^3*e + 221*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 88*c^2*d*e^3 - 105*e^4)*\operatorname{EllipticF}[I*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c^2]*x], -\frac{e}{(c^2*d)}])}{3675\sqrt{-c^2d^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + e*x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^8,x]
```

output

```

-1/3675*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(105*a*(5*d - 2*e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2 + b*c*Sqrt[1
- 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(-247*e^3*x^6 + d*e^2*x^4*(71 + 193*c^2*x^2) + 3*d^2*e*x
^2*(61 + 83*c^2*x^2 + 176*c^4*x^4) + 15*d^3*(5 + 6*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4 + 1
6*c^6*x^6)) + 105*b*(5*d - 2*e*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)^2*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d^2*x^7)
+ ((I/3675)*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(240*c^
6*d^3 + 528*c^4*d^2*e + 193*c^2*d*e^2 - 247*e^3)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[
-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))] - 2*(120*c^8*d^4 + 324*c^6*d^3*e + 221*c^4*d^2*e^2
- 88*c^2*d*e^3 - 105*e^4)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))
]))/(Sqrt[-c^2]*d^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 442, 25, 442, 25, 442, 25, 445, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5762 \\
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(5d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{35d^2x^8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(5d-2ex^2)(ex^2+d)^{5/2}}{x^8\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 442 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{7x^7} - \frac{1}{7} \int -\frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} ((5c^2d-14e)ex^2+d(30dc^2+11e))}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right)}{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(ex^2+d)^{3/2} ((5c^2d-14e)ex^2+d(30dc^2+11e))}{x^6\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}{7x^7} \right)}{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 442
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(30c^2d+11e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(2e(15d^2c^4+18dec^2-35e^2)x^2+d(120d^2c^4+159dec^2-37e^2))}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{7dx^7} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(2e(15d^2c^4+18dec^2-35e^2)x^2+d(120d^2c^4+159dec^2-37e^2))}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(30c^2d+11e)(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{7dx^7} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 442

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(120c^4d^2+159c^2de-37e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{e(120d^3c^6+249d^2ec^4+71de^2c^2-210e^3)x^2+d(240d^3c^6+528d^2ec^4+193de^2c^2-247e^3)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(120c^4d^2+159c^2de-37e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{7dx^7} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{e(120d^3c^6+249d^2ec^4+71de^2c^2-210e^3)x^2+d(240d^3c^6+528d^2ec^4+193de^2c^2-247e^3)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(120c^4d^2+159c^2de-37e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{7dx^7} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 445

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(120d^3c^6+249d^2ec^4+71de^2c^2-(240d^3c^6+528d^2ec^4+193de^2c^2-247e^3)x^2c^2-210e^3)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(240c^6d^3+528c^4d^2e+193d^2e^2c^2-247e^3)}{d} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(120c^4d^2+159c^2de-37e^2)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) + \frac{5d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{35d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{7dx^7} (d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{120d^3c^6 + 249d^2ec^4 + 71de^2c^2 - (240d^3c^6 + 528d^2ec^4 + 193de^2c^2 - 247e^3)x^2c^2 - 210e^3}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3)}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 399

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3 + 204c^4d^2e + 17c^2de^2 - 105e^3)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{c^2(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3)}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3 + 204c^4d^2e + 17c^2de^2 - 105e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx - \frac{c^2(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3)}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3 + 204c^4d^2e + 17c^2de^2 - 105e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx - \frac{c^2(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3)}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 321

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3 + 204c^4d^2e + 17c^2de^2 - 105e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(240c^6d^3 + 528c^4d^2e + 193c^2de^2 - 247e^3)}{e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7}$$

↓ 331

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(240c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(240c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)} \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \right)$$

↓ 330

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(240c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(240c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)} \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)(120c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(240c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)}{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(240c^6d^3+204c^4d^2e+17c^2de^2-105e^3)} \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{2e(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{35d^2x^5} - \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{7dx^7} \right)$$

input

`Int[((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/x^8, x]`

output

```
-1/7*((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x^7) + (2*e*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(35*d^2*x^5) - (b*c*x*((5*d*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(7*x^7) + ((d*(30*c^2*d + 11*e)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(5*x^5) + ((d*(120*c^4*d^2 + 159*c^2*d*e - 37*e^2)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*x^3) + (((240*c^6*d^3 + 528*c^4*d^2*e + 193*c^2*d*e^2 - 247*e^3)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/x + e*(-((c*(240*c^6*d^3 + 528*c^4*d^2*e + 193*c^2*d*e^2 - 247*e^3)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d])) + (2*(c^2*d + e)*(120*c^6*d^3 + 204*c^4*d^2*e + 17*c^2*d*e^2 - 105*e^3)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(c*e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3/5/7))/(35*d^2*sqrt[c^2*x^2])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`



rule 399

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))
```

rule 442

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + e*2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{x^8} dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{(210 acd^3 e^3 x^6 - 105 acd^2 e^2 x^4 - 840 acd^3 e x^2 - 525 acd^4 + 105 (2 bcd$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3675*((210*a*c*d*e^3*x^6 - 105*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 840*a*c*d^3*e*x^2 - 525*a*c*d^4 + 105*(2*b*c*d*e^3*x^6 - b*c*d^2*e^2*x^4 - 8*b*c*d^3*e*x^2 - 5*b*c*d^4)*arccsc(c*x) - ((240*b*c^7*d^4 + 528*b*c^5*d^3*e + 193*b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 247*b*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 75*b*c*d^4 + (120*b*c^5*d^4 + 249*b*c^3*d^3*e + 71*b*c*d^2*e^2)*x^4 + 3*(30*b*c^3*d^4 + 61*b*c*d^3*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) - ((240*b*c^10*d^4 + 528*b*c^8*d^3*e + 193*b*c^6*d^2*e^2 - 247*b*c^4*d*e^3)*x^7*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (240*b*c^10*d^4 + 24*(22*b*c^8 + 5*b*c^6)*d^3*e + (193*b*c^6 + 249*b*c^4)*d^2*e^2 - (247*b*c^4 - 71*b*c^2)*d*e^3 - 210*b*e^4)*x^7*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c*d^3*x^7)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**8,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/x^8, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{x^8} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^8,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/x^8, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{x^8} dx = \frac{-5\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 - 8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 - \sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 e x^6 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e^2 x^8 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^3 x^{10} + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 e^3 x^{12}}{35d^2 x^7}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^8,x)`

output `( - 5*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**6 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**3*x**7 + 35*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**8,x)*b*d**3*x**7 + 35*int((sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x))/x**6,x)*b*d**2*e*x**7)/(35*d**2*x**7)`

**3.138**  $\int \frac{x^5(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1204
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1205
Rubi [A] (verified)	1206
Maple [F]	1211
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Sympy [F]	1212
Maxima [F(-2)]	1213
Giac [F]	1213
Mupad [F(-1)]	1213
Reduce [F]	1214

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = -\frac{b(19c^2d-9e)x\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{120c^3e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{20ce^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{8bcd^{5/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{15e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{b(45c^4d^2-10c^2de+9e^2)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{120c^4e^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/120*b*(19*c^2*d-9*e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d^2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-2/3*d*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+1/5*(e*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-8/15*b*c*d^(5/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+1/120*b*(45*c^4*d^2-10*c^2*d*e+9*e^2)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^4/e^(5/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{16a(d + ex^2)(8d^2 - 4dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + \frac{2be\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}(d+ex^2)(9ex+c^2(-13dx+6ex^3))}{c^3}}{c^3} + \frac{b\left(-64c^2d^3\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{(c^2x^2)}, -\frac{d}{(ex^2)}\right)\right)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(16*a*(d + e*x^2)*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + (2*b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2)*(9*e*x + c^2*(-13*d*x + 6*e*x^3)))/c^3 + (b*(-64*c^2*d^3*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))]) + (e*(-45*c^4*d^2 + 10*c^2*d*e - 9*e^2)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)]))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^3*x) + 16*b*(d + e*x^2)*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x]/(240*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 7282, 2118, 27, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(3e^2x^4-4dex^2+8d^2)}{15e^3x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(3e^2x^4-4dex^2+8d^2)}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{15e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(3e^2x^4-4dex^2+8d^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2118} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{ex^2+d}(32c^2d^2-(19c^2d-9e)ex^2)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2c^2e} + \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right)}{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}(32c^2d^2 - (19c^2d-9e)ex^2)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{4c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} +$$

$$\frac{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 171

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{64d^3c^4 + e(45d^2c^4 - 10dec^2 + 9e^2)x^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} -$$

$$\frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{64d^3c^4 + e(45d^2c^4 - 10dec^2 + 9e^2)x^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} -$$

$$\frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 175

$$bcx \left( \frac{64c^4d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(45c^4d^2 - 10c^2de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} -$$

$$\frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 66



$$bcx \left( \frac{64c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(45c^4 d^2 - 10c^2 de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (19c^2 d - 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{30e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 104

$$bcx \left( \frac{128c^4 d^3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e(45c^4 d^2 - 10c^2 de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (19c^2 d - 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{30e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 217

$$bcx \left( \frac{2e(45c^4 d^2 - 10c^2 de + 9e^2) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 128c^4 d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}\right) - \frac{e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (19c^2 d - 9e) \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{3e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}{2c^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{30e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{2d(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{5e^3} - \frac{2d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + bcx \left( \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e}(45c^4d^2-10c^2de+9e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{c}}{2c^2} - \frac{128c^4d^{5/2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(19c^2d-9e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(d+ex^2)}{2c^2} \right) \frac{1}{30e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `(d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^3 - (2*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3) + ((d + e*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(5*e^3) + (b*c*x*((3*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*c^2) + (-(((19*c^2*d - 9*e)*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + (-128*c^4*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*(45*c^4*d^2 - 10*c^2*d*e + 9*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])]))/c)/(2*c^2)/(4*c^2))/(30*e^3*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 171 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 175 `Int[(((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 2118 `Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Px, x], k = Coeff[Px, x, Expon[Px, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m + q - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*b^(q - 1)*(m + n + p + q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*b^q*(m + n + p + q + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[d*f*b^q*(m + n + p + q + 1)*Px - d*f*k*(m + n + p + q + 1)*(a + b*x)^q + k*(a + b*x)^(q - 2)*(a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + q + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m + q - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*(m + q) + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + q + n) + c*f*(m + q + p)))*x, x], x] /; NeQ[m + n + p + q + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x]`

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x] u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0])
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1383, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/480*(64*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (45*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 32*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 64*a*c^5*d^2 + 8*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^5*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (6*b*c^3*e^2*x^2 - 13*b*c^3*d*e + 9*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^3), - 1/480*(128*b*c^5*d^(5/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (45*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*(24*a*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 32*a*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 64*a*c^5*d^2 + 8*(3*b*c^5*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^5*d*e*x^2 + 8*b*c^5*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (6*b*c^3*e^2*x^2 - 13*b*c^3*d*e + 9*b*c*e^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^5*e^3), 1/240*(32*b*c^5*sqrt(-d)*d^2*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (45*b*c^4*d^2 - 10*b*c^2*d*e + 9*b*e^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^5}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^5/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^4 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\csc^{-1}(cx) x^5}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b e^3}{15e^3}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 15*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**3)/(15*e**3)`

**3.139**  $\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1215
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1216
Rubi [A] (verified)	1216
Maple [F]	1220
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1220
Sympy [F]	1221
Maxima [F(-2)]	1222
Giac [F]	1222
Mupad [F(-1)]	1222
Reduce [F]	1223

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6ce\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2bcd^{3/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{b(3c^2d-e)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{6c^2e^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

```
output 1/6*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+1/3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2+2/3*b*c*d^(3/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b*(3*c^2*d-e)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2/e^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```



### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bd^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} (-1 + c^2x^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) + be(-3c^2d + e) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}}}{12c^2e^2x^2(-1 + c^2x^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `(4*b*d^2*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))] + b*e*(-3*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)] + 2*x*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(d + e*x^2)*(-4*a*c*d + b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x + 2*a*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*(-2*d + e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(12*c*e^2*x^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 435, 171, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{(2d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3e^2x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 435 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(2d-ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 171 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{4c^2d^2+(3c^2d-e)ex^2}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{4c^2d^2+(3c^2d-e)ex^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 175 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{4c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 66 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{4c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{8c^2d^2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e(3c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 8c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex^2} (a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} - \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e}(3c^2d-e) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - 8c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `-((d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^2) + ((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^2) - (b*c*x*(-((e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + (-8*c^2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*(3*c^2*d - e)*Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(2*c^2))/(6*e^2*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 104 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 171 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`
- rule 175 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`
- rule 217 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 435 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)^(r_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1107, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(4*b*c^3*sqrt(-d)*d*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - (3*b*c^2*d - b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 - 4*a*c^3*d + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^3*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^2), 1/24*(8*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (3*b*c^2*d - b*e)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 - 4*a*c^3*d + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^3*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^2), 1/12*(2*b*c^3*sqrt(-d)*d*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + (3*b*c^2*d - b*e)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) + 2*(2*a*c^3*e*x^2 - 4*a*c^3*d + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*e + 2*(b*c^3*e*x^2 - 2*b*c^3*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^2), 1/12*(4*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right)be^2}{3e^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**2)/(3*e**2)`



**3.140**  $\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1224
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1224
Rubi [A] (verified)	1225
Maple [F]	1228
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1228
Sympy [F]	1229
Maxima [F]	1230
Giac [F]	1230
Mupad [F(-1)]	1230
Reduce [F]	1231

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{x(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} - \frac{bc\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output `(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e-b*c*d^(1/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( a + \frac{bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e - c^2 ex^2}{c^2 d + e}, 1 - c^2 x^2\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2(d + ex^2)}{c^2 d + e}}} + b \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + (b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, 1, 3/2, (e - c^2*e*x^2)/(c^2*d + e), 1 - c^2*x^2])/Sqrt[(c^2*(d + e*x^2))/(c^2*d + e)] + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 140, 27, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5760$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx^2}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 140$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \int \frac{d}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 \right)}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 \right)}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2e \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + 2e \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} \right)}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2e \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 2\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right)}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e} + \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - 2\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \right)}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e + (b*c*x*(-2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(2*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 66  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$
- rule 104  $\text{Int}[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)})/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m + 1) - 1)}/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)}/(c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$
- rule 140  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*d^{(m + n)}*f^p \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m - 1)}/(c + d*x)^m, x] + \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m - 1)}*((e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x)^m)*\text{ExpandToSum}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^{-(p - 1)} - (b*d^{-(p - 1)}*f^p)/(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ || \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -1] \ || \ !(\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ || \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -1]))$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 354  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m - 1)/2)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 5760

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x
] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*S
qrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 870, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.59

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(b*c*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + b*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*c*arccsc(c*x) + a*c))/(c*e), -1/4*(2*b*c*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - b*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*c*arccsc(c*x) + a*c))/(c*e), 1/4*(b*c*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - 2*b*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*c*arccsc(c*x) + a*c))/(c*e), -1/2*(b*c*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) + b*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*c*arccsc(c*x) + a*c))/(c*e)]
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e*integrate((c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x)*e^(-1/2*log(e*x^2 + d) + 1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 - e)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1)) - e), x) + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b/e + sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*a/e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a + \left( \int \frac{\csc^{-1}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b e}{e}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + int((acsc(c*x)*x)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e)/e`



$$3.141 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1232
Mathematica [N/A]	1232
Rubi [N/A]	1233
Maple [N/A]	1233
Fricas [N/A]	1234
Sympy [N/A]	1234
Maxima [F(-2)]	1234
Giac [N/A]	1235
Mupad [N/A]	1235
Reduce [N/A]	1236

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^3 + d*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx\right) bd}{d}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x),x)*b*d)/d`

**3.142**  $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1237
Mathematica [N/A]	1237
Rubi [N/A]	1238
Maple [N/A]	1238
Fricas [N/A]	1239
Sympy [N/A]	1239
Maxima [F(-2)]	1239
Giac [N/A]	1240
Mupad [N/A]	1240
Reduce [N/A]	1241

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^5 + d*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 28.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x**3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^3), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^3 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ae x^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^3} dx\right) b}{2d^2 x^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**3),x)*b*d**2*x**2)/(2*d**2*x**2)
```

### 3.143 $\int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1242
Mathematica [N/A]	1242
Rubi [N/A]	1243
Maple [N/A]	1243
Fricas [N/A]	1244
Sympy [N/A]	1244
Maxima [F(-2)]	1244
Giac [N/A]	1245
Mupad [N/A]	1245
Reduce [N/A]	1246

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 36.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 51.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + 2\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^2}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right) be^2}{2e^2}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x - sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 2*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e**2)/(2*e**2)`

### 3.144 $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1247
Mathematica [N/A]	1247
Rubi [N/A]	1248
Maple [N/A]	1248
Fricas [N/A]	1249
Sympy [N/A]	1249
Maxima [F(-2)]	1249
Giac [N/A]	1250
Mupad [N/A]	1250
Reduce [N/A]	1251

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx\right) be}{e}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a + int(acsc(c*x)/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b*e)/e`

### 3.145 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1252
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1253
Rubi [A] (verified)	1253
Maple [F]	1257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Sympy [F]	1258
Maxima [F(-2)]	1258
Giac [F]	1259
Mupad [F(-1)]	1259
Reduce [F]	1259

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx}$$

$$- \frac{bc^2x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}E(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(c^2d + e)x\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```
-b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(
a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/x-b*c^2*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticE
(c*x, (-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+
b*(c^2*d+e)*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x, (-e/c^2/d)
^(1/2))/d/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( a + bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x + b \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{dx} + \frac{bce \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} x \right) \middle| -\frac{c^2 d}{e} \right)}{d \sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`output `-((Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x)) + (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -((c^2*d)/e)])/(d*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5762, 25, 27, 377, 27, 326, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{dx^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{dx^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 377 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - \int \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 326 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 323 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 323 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \downarrow 321
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{331} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{330} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} - e \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arcsin(cx) \middle| -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]`

output `-((sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x)) - (b*c*x*((sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x - e*((c*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]) - (c^2*d + e)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(c*e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/(d*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-\text{b}/\text{a}, -\text{d}/\text{c}])$
- rule 323  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c})*\text{x}^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2] \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c})*\text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{c}, 0]$
- rule 326  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{b}/\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d})/\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}]$
- rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}]*\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{x}], \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 330  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{b}/\text{a})*\text{x}^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{b}/\text{a})*\text{x}^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 331  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c})*\text{x}^2]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (\text{d}/\text{c})*\text{x}^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{c}, 0]$

rule 377

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m
, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(bcd \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}bcd + acd)\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + (bc^4 dx E(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2 d}) - (bc^4 d + be)x F(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2 d}))}{cd^2 x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-((b*c*d*arccsc(c*x) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*d + a*c*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) +
(b*c^4*d*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (b*c^4*d + b*e)*x*ellipti
c_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c*d^2*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a - \sqrt{e}ax + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + dx^2}} dx\right) b}{dx} dx$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a - sqrt(e)*a*x + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2),x)*b*d*x)/(d*x)`

### 3.146 $\int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1260
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1261
Rubi [A] (verified)	1261
Maple [F]	1266
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1266
Sympy [F]	1267
Maxima [F(-2)]	1267
Giac [F]	1267
Mupad [F(-1)]	1268
Reduce [F]	1268

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 362

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \\ &= -\frac{bc(2c^2d - 5e) \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{9d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{bc \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}{9dx^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} + \frac{2e \sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} \\ & \quad + \frac{bc^2(2c^2d - 5e) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2} E(\arcsin(cx) \mid -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}} \\ & \quad - \frac{2b(c^2d - 3e)(c^2d + e) x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{9d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/9*b*c*(2*c^2*d-5*e)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/9*b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d/x^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/x^3+2/3*e*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2/x+1/9*b*c^2*(2*c^2*d-5*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)-2/9*b*(c^2*d-3*e)*(c^2*d+e)*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} \left( bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x (d + 2c^2 dx^2 - 5ex^2) + 3a(d - 2ex^2) + 3b(d - 2ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{9d^2 x^3} + \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} (c^2 d (2c^2 d - 5e) E(\text{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2} x) | -\frac{e}{c^2 d}) + 2(-c^4 d^2 + 2c^2 de + 3e^2) \text{EllipticE}(\text{iarcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2} x) | -\frac{e}{c^2 d}))}{9\sqrt{-c^2} d^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^4*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + 2*c^2*d*x^2 - 5*e*x^2) + 3*a*(d - 2*e*x^2) + 3*b*(d - 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d^2*x^3) + ((I/9)*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*(2*c^2*d - 5*e)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))] + 2*(-(c^4*d^2) + 2*c^2*d*e + 3*e^2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d)))]/(Sqrt[-c^2]*d^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 442, 25, 445, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx \xrightarrow{5762} \frac{bcx \int -\frac{(d-2ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{3d^2x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \int \frac{(d-2ex^2)\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 442 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{(c^2d-6e)ex^2+d(2c^2d-5e)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(c^2d-6e)ex^2+d(2c^2d-5e)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 445 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{de(-((2c^2d-5e)x^2c^2)+dc^2-6e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \int \frac{-((2c^2d-5e)x^2c^2)+dc^2-6e}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 399 \\
& -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx - \frac{c^2(2c^2d-5e)}{e} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 323
\end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx - \frac{c^2(2c^2d-5e) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))3dx^3}$$

↓ 323

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx - \frac{c^2(2c^2d-5e) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))3dx^3}$$

↓ 321

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2(2c^2d-5e) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))3dx^3}$$

↓ 331

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2d-5e) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))3dx^3}$$

↓ 330

$$bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))3dx^3}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 327 \\
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3dx^3} - \\
 \frac{bcx \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d-3e)(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2d-5e)\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arcsin(cx) \middle| -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \right) +
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^4*sqrt[d + e*x^2]), x]`

output `-1/3*(sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*x^3) + (2*e*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*d^2*x) - (b*c*x*((d*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(3*x^3) + (((2*c^2*d - 5*e)*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/x + e*(-((c*(2*c^2*d - 5*e)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d])) + (2*(c^2*d - 3*e)*(c^2*d + e)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(c*e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2])))/3)/(3*d^2*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(sqrt[a]*sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(sqrt[a + b*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 330  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 331  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 399  $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ !((\text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]) \ || \ (\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[d/c] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 442  $\text{Int}[(g_)*(x_)^m*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*g^{m+1})), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*g^{2*(m+1)}) \ \text{Int}[(g*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{q-1}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1) + e^2*(b*c*(p+1) + a*d*q) + d*((b*e - a*f)*(m+1) + b*e^2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])$

rule 445  $\text{Int}[(g_)*(x_)^m*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{q_}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(g*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q+1}/(a*c*g^{m+1})), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*g^{2*(m+1)}) \ \text{Int}[(g*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m+1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m+2+1) - e^2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m+2*(p+q+2)+1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(6acdex^2 - 3acd^2 + 3(2bcdex^2 - bcd^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - (bcd^2 + (2bc^3d^2 - 5bcde)x^2) \sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}) \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*((6*a*c*d*e*x^2 - 3*a*c*d^2 + 3*(2*b*c*d*e*x^2 - b*c*d^2)*arccsc(c*x)
- (b*c*d^2 + (2*b*c^3*d^2 - 5*b*c*d*e)*x^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2
+ d) - ((2*b*c^6*d^2 - 5*b*c^4*d*e)*x^3*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)
) - (2*b*c^6*d^2 - (5*b*c^4 - b*c^2)*d*e - 6*b*e^2)*x^3*elliptic_f(arcsin(
c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c*d^3*x^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x**4/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccsc(c*x))/(x**4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^4 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^4*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 - 2\sqrt{e} aex^3 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^4} dx\right) b d^2 x^3}{3d^2 x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^4/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e*x**3 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**4),x)*b*d**2*x**3)/(3*d**2*x**3)`

**3.147** 
$$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1269
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1270
Rubi [A] (verified)	1270
Maple [F]	1274
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Sympy [F]	1275
Maxima [F(-2)]	1276
Giac [F]	1276
Mupad [F(-1)]	1277
Reduce [F]	1277

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{6ce^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} + \frac{8bcd^{3/2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{3e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{b(9c^2d-e)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{6c^2e^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*d*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+1/3*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3+8/3*b*c*d^(3/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)-1/6*b*(9*c^2*d-e)*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^2/e^(5/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16bd^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}}(-1 + c^2x^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) + be(-9c^2d + e)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(16*b*d^2*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))] + b*e*(-9*c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -((e*x^2)/d)] + 2*x*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(b*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2) - 2*a*c*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4) - 2*b*c*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x^2 - e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(12*c*e^3*x*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 7282, 2118, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5762

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{-e^2x^4 + 4dex^2 + 8d^2}{3e^3x\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} +$$

$$\frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{-e^2 x^4 + 4dex^2 + 8d^2}{x\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx}{3e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 7282 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{-e^2 x^4 + 4dex^2 + 8d^2}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2118 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{e(16c^2 d^2 + (9c^2 d - e)ex^2)}{2x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{c^2 e} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \\
& \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{16c^2 d^2 + (9c^2 d - e)ex^2}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \\
& \qquad \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 175 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{16c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + e(9c^2 d - e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \\
& \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{16c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e(9c^2 d - e) \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \\
& \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 104 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{32c^2 d^2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + 2e(9c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 217 \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e(9c^2d-e) \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} - 32c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e}(9c^2d-e) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right) - 32c^2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right) - \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{c^2} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

`-((d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^3*sqrt[d + e*x^2])) - (2*d*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^3 + ((d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^3) - (b*c*x*(-((e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])*sqrt[d + e*x^2])/c^2) + (-32*c^2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(sqrt[d]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*(9*c^2*d - e)*sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(2*c^2)))/(6*e^3*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 104 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_) + (f_)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 175 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + Simp[(b*g - a*h)/b Int[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 2118

```

Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Px, x], k = Coeff[Px, x, Expon[Px, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m + q - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*b^(q - 1)*(m + n + p + q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*b^q*(m + n + p + q + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[d*f*b^q*(m + n + p + q + 1)*Px - d*f*k*(m + n + p + q + 1)*(a + b*x)^q + k*(a + b*x)^(q - 2)*(a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + q + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m + q - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*(m + q) + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + q + n) + c*f*(m + q + p)))*x], x], x] /; NeQ[m + n + p + q + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x]

```

rule 5762

```

Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[p*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))

```

rule 7282

```

Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]

```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1480, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*((9*b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (9*b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 16*(b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - 4*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 8*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^3*d^2 + 2*(b*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 8*b*c^3*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*c*e^2*x^2 + b*c*d*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^4*x^2 + c^3*d*e^3), 1/24*(32*(b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (9*b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (9*b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 4*(2*a*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 8*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 16*a*c^3*d^2 + 2*(b*c^3*e^2*x^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 - 8*b*c^3*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*c*e^2*x^2 + b*c*d*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*e^4*x^2 + c^3*d*e^3), 1/12*((9*b*c^2*d^2 - b*d*e + (9*b*c^2*d*e - b*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e - c*e^2)*x^2)) + 8*(b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + b*c^3*d^2)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - ...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^5/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad^2 - 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ade x^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ae^2x^4 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right)}{3e^3(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**3 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**4*x**2)/(3*e**3*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.148** 
$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1278
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1278
Rubi [A] (verified)	1279
Maple [F]	1282
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1282
Sympy [F]	1283
Maxima [F(-2)]	1284
Giac [F]	1284
Mupad [F(-1)]	1284
Reduce [F]	1285

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} - \frac{2bc\sqrt{d}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2-2*b*c*d^(1/2)*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*x*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2bd\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{cx} - \frac{bce\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, c^2x^2, -\frac{ex^2}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{2e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*b*d*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))])/(c*x) - (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 2*(2*d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(2*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 435, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+2d}{e^2x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+2d}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 435$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{ex^2+2d}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 175$$

$$\frac{bcx \left( e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 2d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 \right)}{2e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx^2 + 2e \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \right)}{2e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 4d \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} + 2e \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \right)}{2e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2e \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 4\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} \right) \right)}{2e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c \sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{c} - 4\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} \right) \right)}{2e^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^2*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^2 + (b*c*x*(-4*sqrt[d]*ArcTan[sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(sqrt[d]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (2*sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(2*e^2*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 66  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$
- rule 104  $\text{Int}[(((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)})/((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m + 1) - 1)}/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)}/(c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$
- rule 175  $\text{Int}[(((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}*((g_*) + (h_*)(x_))))/((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h/b \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 435  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2)^{(r_*)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m - 1)/2)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x] u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1072, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.87

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*
(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*
sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 2*(b*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*
d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*
(c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(a*c*e*x
^2 + 2*a*c*d + (b*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c*e^3*
x^2 + c*d*e^2), -1/4*(4*(b*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x
^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c
^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4
*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*
e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*(a*c*e*x^2 + 2*a*c
*d + (b*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c*e^3*x^2 + c*d*
e^2), -1/2*((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-e)*arctan(1/2*(2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d - e)*
sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-e)/(c^3*e^2*x^4 - c*d*e + (c^3*d*e
- c*e^2)*x^2)) - (b*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e +
e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 -
2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) - 2*(a*c*e*x^2 + 2*a*c*d + (b
*c*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c*e^3*x^2 + c*d*e^2), -
1/2*(2*(b*c*e*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d -
e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}aex^2 + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex^2} dx\right) bde^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right) bde^2}{e^2(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2 + int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**3*x**2)/(e**2*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.149** 
$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1286
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1286
Rubi [A] (verified)	1287
Maple [F]	1288
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1289
Sympy [F]	1289
Maxima [F]	1290
Giac [F]	1290
Mupad [F(-1)]	1290
Reduce [F]	1291

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output  $-(a+b*\operatorname{arccsc}(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+b*c*x*\arctan((e*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/(c^2*x^2-1)^{(1/2)})/d^{(1/2)}/e/(c^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right) - 2cx(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{2cex\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[(x*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^{(3/2)},x]$

output  $(b\sqrt{1 + d/(e*x^2)}*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))] - 2*c*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(2*c*e*x*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 104, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5760$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 104$$

$$-\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 217$$

$$\frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]$

output  $-((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})) + (b*c*x*ArcTan[\sqrt{d + e*x^2}/(\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{-1 + c^2*x^2})])/(e*\sqrt{d + e*x^2})$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5760 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(bex^2 + bd)\sqrt{-d} \log\left(\frac{(c^4d^2 - 6c^2de + e^2)x^4 - 8(c^2d^2 - de)x^2 + 4\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}((c^2d - e)x^2 - 2d)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{x^4}\right)}{4(de^2x^2 + d^2e)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*d*arccsc(c*x) + a*d))/(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e), 1/2*((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - 2*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*d*arccsc(c*x) + a*d))/(d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*c^2*e*integrate(x*e^(-1/2*log(e*x^2 + d) + 1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e*x^2 + (c^2*e*x^2 - e)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1)) - e), x) + arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))*b/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e) - a/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*e)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex^2} dx\right) bde + \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}ex^2} dx\right) b e}{e(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e + int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**2*x**2)/(e*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.150 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1292
Mathematica [N/A]	1292
Rubi [N/A]	1293
Maple [N/A]	1293
Fricas [N/A]	1294
Sympy [N/A]	1294
Maxima [F(-2)]	1294
Giac [N/A]	1295
Mupad [N/A]	1295
Reduce [N/A]	1296

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 76.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x*(d + e*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```



**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} - \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2 - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ae x^2}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**3),x)*b*d**3 + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**3),x)*b*d**2*e*x**2)/(d**2*(d + e*x**2))`

$$3.151 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1297
Mathematica [N/A]	1297
Rubi [N/A]	1298
Maple [N/A]	1298
Fricas [N/A]	1299
Sympy [F(-1)]	1299
Maxima [F(-2)]	1299
Giac [N/A]	1300
Mupad [N/A]	1300
Reduce [N/A]	1301

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^2*x^7 + 2*d*e*x^5 + d^2*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x^3), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2+d} a d^2 - 3\sqrt{ex^2+d} a d e x^2 - 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 - 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d e x^2 + 2 \int \frac{acsc(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2} d^2 x^3 + \sqrt{d+ex^2} e x^5} dx + b \int \frac{acsc(cx)}{\sqrt{d+ex^2} d^2 x^3 + \sqrt{d+ex^2} e x^5} dx}{(2d^3 x^2 (d + ex^2))}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**5),x)*b*d**4*x**2 + 2*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**5),x)*b*d**3*e*x**4)/(2*d**3*x**2*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.152 \quad \int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1302
Mathematica [N/A]	1302
Rubi [N/A]	1303
Maple [N/A]	1303
Fricas [N/A]	1304
Sympy [F(-1)]	1304
Maxima [F(-2)]	1304
Giac [N/A]	1305
Mupad [N/A]	1305
Reduce [N/A]	1306

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 13.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^4/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.04

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{ex^2 + d} adex + 4\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ae^2x^3 - 12\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad^2 - 12\sqrt{e}}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 - 12*sqrt(e)
*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 - 12*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt
(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 9*sqrt(e)*a*d**2 + 9*sqrt(
e)*a*d*e*x**2 + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x*
**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**3 + 8*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sq
r t(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**4*x**2)/(8*e**3*(d + e*x**2))
```

$$3.153 \quad \int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1307
Mathematica [N/A]	1307
Rubi [N/A]	1308
Maple [N/A]	1308
Fricas [N/A]	1309
Sympy [N/A]	1309
Maxima [F(-2)]	1309
Giac [N/A]	1310
Mupad [N/A]	1310
Reduce [N/A]	1311

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 33.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.78

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) aex^2 - \sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + \sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) aex^2}{e^2}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e*x**2 - sqrt(e)*a*d - sqrt(e)*a*e*x**2 + int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2 + int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*e**3*x**2)/(e**2*(d + e*x**2))
```



**3.154**  $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1312
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1312
Rubi [A] (verified)	1313
Maple [F]	1315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1315
Sympy [F]	1315
Maxima [F(-2)]	1316
Giac [F]	1316
Mupad [F(-1)]	1316
Reduce [F]	1317

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

```
output x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{d(-c + c^3x^2)\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (b*c*sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/((d*(-c + c^3*x^2)*sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5752, 27, 323, 323, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5752} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{323} \\
 & \frac{bcx\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{323} \\
 & \frac{bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d} + 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{d\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (b*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(d*Sqrt[c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 5752 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bex^2 + bd)\sqrt{-d}F(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2d}) - (bcdx \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + acdx)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{cd^2ex^2 + cd^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((b*e*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(-d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (b*c*d*x*arccsc(c*x) + a*c*d*x)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c*d^2*e*x^2 + c*d^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex + \sqrt{e} ad + \sqrt{e} aex^2 + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex^2} dx \right) b d^2 e + \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b d^2 e}{de(ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x + sqrt(e)*a*d + sqrt(e)*a*e*x**2 + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d**2*e + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b*d*e**2*x**2)/(d*e*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.155**  $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1318
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1319
Rubi [A] (verified)	1319
Maple [F]	1323
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Sympy [F(-1)]	1324
Maxima [F(-2)]	1325
Giac [F]	1325
Mupad [F(-1)]	1325
Reduce [F]	1326

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d^2x} + \frac{bc^2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}E(\arcsin(cx) \mid -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}}$$

$$- \frac{b(c^2d + 2e)x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```
-b*c*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+(a+b*arccsc(c*x
))/d/x/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2/x+b*c^2*x*(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2
*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)-b*(c^2*d+2*e)*x*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(
1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-bc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x(d + ex^2)} - a(d + 2ex^2) - b(d + 2ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx)}{d^2 x \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x} \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} (c^2 d E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x}) | -\frac{e}{c^2 d}) - (c^2 d + 2e) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x}), -\frac{e}{c^2 d}))}{\sqrt{-c^2 d^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-(b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)) - a*(d + 2*e*x^2) - b*(d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d^2*x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (I*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*(c^2*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]) - (c^2*d + 2*e)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(Sqrt[-c^2]*d^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5762, 25, 27, 445, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5762}$$

$$\frac{bcx \int -\frac{2ex^2+d}{d^2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2+d}{d^2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2+d}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{de(2-c^2x^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \int \frac{2-c^2x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+2e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{e} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 323 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \left( \frac{(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 323 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 321

$$bcx \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 331

$$bcx \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 330

$$bcx \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$bcx \left( e \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+2e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arcsin(cx) \middle| -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{x} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{2ex(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{a+b\csc^{-1}(cx)}{dx\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -((a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c x]) / (d x \sqrt{d + e x^2})) - (2 e x (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsc}[c x])) \\ & / (d^2 \sqrt{d + e x^2}) - (b c x ((\sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2}) / x + \\ & e (-((c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + e x^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[c x], -(e / (c^2 d))] \\ & )) / (e \sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2} \sqrt{1 + (e x^2) / d})) + ((c^2 d + 2 e) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \\ & \sqrt{1 + (e x^2) / d} \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[c x], -(e / (c^2 d))]) / (c e \sqrt{-1 + c^2 x^2} \\ & \sqrt{d + e x^2}))) / (d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 
$$\operatorname{Int}[-(F x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a)(F x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b)(G x) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 321 
$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{(a)} + (b)(x)^2) \sqrt{(c) + (d)(x)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1 / (\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2] x], b(c / (a d))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \operatorname{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \operatorname{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])]$$

rule 323 
$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{(a)} + (b)(x)^2) \sqrt{(c) + (d)(x)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\sqrt{1 + (d/c)x^2} / \sqrt{c + d x^2} \operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{a + b x^2} \sqrt{1 + (d/c)x^2}), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!GtQ}[c, 0]$$

rule 327 
$$\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{(a)} + (b)(x)^2 / \sqrt{(c) + (d)(x)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\sqrt{a} / (\sqrt{c} \operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2] x], b(c / (a d))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 330 
$$\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{(a)} + (b)(x)^2 / \sqrt{(c) + (d)(x)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\sqrt{a + b x^2} / \sqrt{1 + (b/a)x^2} \operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{1 + (b/a)x^2} / \sqrt{c + d x^2}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[p*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2acdex^2 + acd^2 + (2bcdex^2 + bcd^2) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (bcdex^2 + bcd^2)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1})\sqrt{ex^2 + d} + ((bc^4dex^3 + bcd^3ex^3 + c^4d^2x^3 + c^4d^2x^2d + 2b^2c^2dex^3 + 2b^2c^2d^2x^2d + 2b^2c^2d^2x^2d) \operatorname{arcsin}(cx) - ((b^2c^4d^2e + 2b^2c^4d^2e)x^3 + (b^2c^4d^2 + 2b^2d^2e)x^2) \operatorname{arcsin}(cx) - e/(c^2d))\sqrt{-d}}{c^4d^3ex^3 + c^4d^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((2*a*c*d*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2 + (2*b*c*d*e*x^2 + b*c*d^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*c*d*e*x^2 + b*c*d^2)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) + ((b*c^4*d*e*x^3 + b*c^4*d^2*x)*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - ((b*c^4*d*e + 2*b*e^2)*x^3 + (b*c^4*d^2 + 2*b*d*e)*x)*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c*d^3*e*x^3 + c*d^4*x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**2/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^2 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad - 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} aex^2 - 2\sqrt{e} adx - 2\sqrt{e} aex^3 + \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \right)}{d^2 x (ex^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*d*x - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e*x**3 + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**4),x)*b*d**3*x + int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e*x**3)/(d**2*x*(d + e*x**2))`

**3.156** 
$$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1327
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1328
Rubi [A] (verified)	1328
Maple [F]	1332
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1333
Sympy [F(-1)]	1334
Maxima [F(-2)]	1334
Giac [F]	1334
Mupad [F(-1)]	1335
Reduce [F]	1335

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{x^5(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bcdx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{3e^2(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} - \frac{8bc\sqrt{d}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{bx \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*b*c*d*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)-1/3*d^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3/
(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^3-8/3*b*c*d^(1/2)*x*ar
ctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*x*ar
ctanh(e^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```



### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2bcde\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)}{c^2d+e} + 2a(8d^2 + 12dex^2 + 3e^2x^4) + \frac{bc(d+ex^2)}{e^3} \left( -\frac{8d\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{e^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((2*b*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2))/(c^2*d + e) + 2*a*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4) + (b*c*(d + e*x^2)*((-8*d*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))])/c^2 - (3*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^4*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, c^2*x^2, -(e*x^2)/d])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/x + 2*b*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x^2 + 3*e^2*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x])/(6*e^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 7282, 2117, 27, 175, 66, 104, 217, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5762

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+12dex^2+8d^2}{3e^3x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+12dex^2+8d^2}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 7282 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{3e^2x^4+12dex^2+8d^2}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 2117 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d(dc^2+e)(3ex^2+8d)}{2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{d(c^2d+e)} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \int \frac{3ex^2+8d}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 175 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 8d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 8d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + 6e \int \frac{1}{c^2-ex^4} d\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} + \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \downarrow 104
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bcx \left( 6e \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} + 16d \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} + \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{(c^2 d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 217 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 6e \int \frac{1}{c^2 - ex^4} d \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} - 16\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} \right) + \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{(c^2 d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}} - \\
& \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{d^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^3 (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{bcx \left( -16\sqrt{d} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} \right) + \frac{6\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{c\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{c} + \frac{2de\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{(c^2 d + e)\sqrt{d + ex^2}} \right)}{6e^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(d^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*d*(a + b*ArcCs  
c[c*x]))/(e^3*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/e^3  
+ (b*c*x*((2*d*e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d + e)*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - 16*sqrt  
[d]*ArcTan[sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(sqrt[d]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]) + (6*sqrt[e]*A  
rcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(c*sqrt[d + e*x^2])])/c)/(6*e^3*sqrt[  
c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 66  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$
- rule 104  $\text{Int}[(((a_*) + (b_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)})/((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[q \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(m+1)-1)}/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)}/(c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$
- rule 175  $\text{Int}[(((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}*((g_*) + (h_*)(x_))))/((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h/b \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/b \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 2117 `Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Px, a + b*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Px, a + b*x, x]}, Simp[b*R*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)*Qx + a*d*f*R*(m + 1) - b*R*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*R*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

rule 5762 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0]] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(e x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 514 vs.  $2(205) = 410$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2119, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.72

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*(b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e
+ b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*
d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2 + c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(
e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) + 8*(b*c^3*d^3 + b*c*d^2*e + (b*c^3*d*e^2 + b*c*
e^3)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^3*d^2*e + b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2
*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)
*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(8*a*c^3*d^3 + 8*a*
c*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^3*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3)*x^4 + 12*(a*c^3*d^2*e + a*c*d*e^2)*x^2
+ (8*b*c^3*d^3 + 8*b*c*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^3*d*e^2 + b*c*e^3)*x^4 + 12*(b*c^3*
d^2*e + b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*c*d*e^2*x^2 + b*c*d^2*e)*sqrt(c^2
*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^3*d^3*e^3 + c*d^2*e^4 + (c^3*d*e^5 + c*e^6)
*x^4 + 2*(c^3*d^2*e^4 + c*d*e^5)*x^2), -1/12*(16*(b*c^3*d^3 + b*c*d^2*e +
(b*c^3*d*e^2 + b*c*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(b*c^3*d^2*e + b*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(d)*arc
tan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)
/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2)) - 3*(b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2
+ b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(e)*log(8*c^4*
e^2*x^4 + c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + 8*(c^4*d*e - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^3*e*x^2
+ c^3*d - c*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(e) + e^2) - 4*(8*a*
c^3*d^3 + 8*a*c*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^3*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3)*x^4 + 12*(a*c^3*d^2*e +
a*c*d*e^2)*x^2 + (8*b*c^3*d^3 + 8*b*c*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^3*d*e^2 + b*c*e^3)...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccsc(cx) + a)x^5}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^5/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad^2 + 12\sqrt{ex^2+d}ade x^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^2x^4 + 3\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}d^2+2\sqrt{ex^2+d}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 12*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3 + 6*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**4*x**2 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**5)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**5*x**4)/(3*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`



**3.157** 
$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1336
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1336
Rubi [A] (verified)	1337
Maple [F]	1340
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1340
Sympy [F]	1341
Maxima [F(-2)]	1341
Giac [F]	1341
Mupad [F(-1)]	1342
Reduce [F]	1342

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bcx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{3e(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{d}e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*c*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*d*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)-(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e^2/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/3*b*c*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{b(c^2d+e)\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{e^2x^2}}(d+ex^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{e^2x^2}\right) - cx\left(bce\sqrt{1-\frac{d}{e^2x^2}}\right)}{3ce^2(c^2d+e)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output  $(b*(c^2*d + e)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2)*\text{AppellF1}[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), -(d/(e*x^2))] - c*x*(b*c*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2) + a*(c^2*d + e)*(2*d + 3*e*x^2) + b*(c^2*d + e)*(2*d + 3*e*x^2)*\text{ArcCsc}[c*x]))/(3*c*e^2*(c^2*d + e)*x*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 435, 169, 25, 27, 104, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & \frac{bcx \int -\frac{3ex^2+2d}{3e^2x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{435} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{3ex^2+2d}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{169} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{d(dc^2+e)}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{d(c^2d+e)} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{d(dc^2+e)}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{\downarrow 27} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1} \sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2 + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{\downarrow 104} \\
& \frac{bcx \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) - \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}}{\downarrow 217} \\
& \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{d(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{6e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e^2*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (b*c*x*((2*e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d + e)*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (4*ArcTan[sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(sqrt[d]*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])]))/sqrt[d])/(6*e^2*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 104

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]
```

rule 169

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 435

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(r_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q*(e + f*x)^r, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 321 vs.  $2(137) = 274$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(bc^2d^3 + (bc^2de^2 + be^3)x^4 + bd^2e + 2(bc^2d^2e + bde^2)x^2)\sqrt{-d} \log\left(\frac{(c^4d^2 - 6c^2d^2e + e^2)x^4 - 8(c^2d^2 - d^2e)x^2 + 4\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}((c^2d - e)x^2 - 2d)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{(c^4d^2 - 6c^2d^2e + e^2)x^4 - 8(c^2d^2 - d^2e)x^2 + 4\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}((c^2d - e)x^2 - 2d)\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d^2*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2 - d^2*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))*sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 2*(2*a*c^2*d^3 + 2*a*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^2*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x^2 + (2*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*b*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*d*e^2*x^2 + b*d^2*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^3*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^4 + d*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e^3 + d^2*e^4)*x^2), 1/3*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d^2e)*x^2 - d^2)) - (2*a*c^2*d^3 + 2*a*d^2*e + 3*(a*c^2*d^2*e + a*d*e^2)*x^2 + (2*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*b*d^2*e + 3*(b*c^2*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*arccsc(c*x) + (b*d*e^2*x^2 + b*d^2*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^3*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^4 + d*e^5)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e^3 + d^2*e^4)*x^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex^2+d}ad - 3\sqrt{ex^2+d}aex^2 + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x^3}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2+d}dex^2 + \sqrt{ex^2+d}e^2x^4} dx\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e*x**2 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**2 + 6*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**4*x**4)/(3*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

**3.158** 
$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1343
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1343
Rubi [A] (verified)	1344
Maple [F]	1346
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1346
Sympy [F]	1347
Maxima [F(-2)]	1347
Giac [F]	1348
Mupad [F(-1)]	1348
Reduce [F]	1349

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bcx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{3d(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{bcx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}}\right)}{3d^{3/2}e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*b*c*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/
3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/e/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/3*b*c*x*arctan((e*x^2+d)^(1/2)/d^(
1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2a}{e} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x(d+ex^2)}{d(c^2d+e)} + \frac{b\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}(d+ex^2) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{1}{c^2x^2}, -\frac{d}{ex^2}\right)}{cdex}}{6(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{e}$$



input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*a)/e + (2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2))/(d*(c^2*d + e)) + (b*Sqrt[1 + d/(e*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2)*AppellF1[1, 1/2, 1/2, 2, 1/(c^2*x^2), - (d/(e*x^2))])/(c*d*e*x) - (2*b*ArcCsc[c*x])/e)/(6*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5760, 354, 107, 104, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5760} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx^2}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{107} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx^2}{d} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{104} \\
 & -\frac{bcx \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{-x^4-d} d \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}}{d} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}} - \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3e(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcx \left( -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{d(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{6e\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (b*c*x*((-2*e*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/(d*(c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - (2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])])/d^(3/2)))/(6*e*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 104 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 107 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(m + 1) + b*c*f*(n + 1) + b*d*e*(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + n + p + 3], 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || SumSimplerQ[m, 1])`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5760

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(2*e*(p + 1))), x
] + Simp[b*c*(x/(2*e*(p + 1)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)/(x*S
qrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 276 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(bc^2d^3 + (bc^2de^2 + be^3)x^4 + bd^2e + 2(bc^2d^2e + bde^2)x^2)\sqrt{-d} \log\left(\frac{c^4d^2 - 6c^2d}{(c^4d^2 - 6c^2d)^2}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/12*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*d^2*e
+ b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-d)*log(((c^4*d^2 - 6*c^2*d*e + e^2)*x^4 - 8*(c^2*d^2
- d*e)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*
sqrt(-d) + 8*d^2)/x^4) + 4*(a*c^2*d^3 + a*d^2*e + (b*c^2*d^3 + b*d^2*e)*ar
ccsc(c*x) - (b*d*e^2*x^2 + b*d^2*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c
^2*d^5*e + d^4*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 + d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^3*e^
3)*x^2), 1/6*((b*c^2*d^3 + (b*c^2*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^2*
d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*((c^2*d - e)*x
^2 - 2*d)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*sqrt(d)/(c^2*d*e*x^4 + (c^2*d^2 - d*e)*x^2 - d^2
)) - 2*(a*c^2*d^3 + a*d^2*e + (b*c^2*d^3 + b*d^2*e)*arccsc(c*x) - (b*d*e^2
*x^2 + b*d^2*e)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d))/(c^2*d^5*e + d^4*e^2 +
(c^2*d^3*e^3 + d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e^2 + d^3*e^3)*x^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2)**(5/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{ex^2 + d}a + 3\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{acsc}(cx)x}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}dex^2 + \sqrt{ex^2 + d}e^2x^4} dx\right) b d^2 e + 6\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx\right)}{3e(e^2x^2 + d)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e + 6*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**2*x**2 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**3*x**4)/(3*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.159 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1350
Mathematica [N/A]	1350
Rubi [N/A]	1351
Maple [N/A]	1351
Fricas [N/A]	1352
Sympy [F(-1)]	1352
Maxima [F(-2)]	1352
Giac [N/A]	1353
Mupad [N/A]	1353
Reduce [N/A]	1354

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x(e x^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{ex^2+d} a d^2 + 3\sqrt{ex^2+d} a d e x^2 + 3\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}-\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2 + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}+\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a d^2}{x(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2 + 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*log
((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(d)*log
(sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*l
og((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(
d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 - 6*sqrt(d
)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 - 3*sq
rt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 3
*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**3 + sq
rt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**5 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*
**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**4
*e*x**2 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*
e*x**3 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**5),x)*b*d**3*e**2*x**4)/(3*d**3*(d**2 +
2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

$$3.160 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1355
Mathematica [N/A]	1355
Rubi [N/A]	1356
Maple [N/A]	1356
Fricas [N/A]	1357
Sympy [F(-1)]	1357
Maxima [F(-2)]	1357
Giac [N/A]	1358
Mupad [N/A]	1358
Reduce [N/A]	1359

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 16.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e^3*x^9 + 3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^5 + d^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**3/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/((e*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x^3), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^3 (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^3*(d + e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.74

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^3 - 20\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 e x^2 - 15\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d e^2 x^4 - 15\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{x^3 (d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^3/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**3 - 20*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 15*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 30*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) - sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**3*x**6 + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e*x**2 + 30*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(d) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**3*x**6 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**5 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**7),x)*b*d**6*x**2 + 12*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**5 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**7),x)*b*d**5*e*x**4 + 6*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**5 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**7),x)*b*d**4*e**2*x**6)/(6*d**4*x**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`



$$3.161 \quad \int \frac{x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1360
Mathematica [N/A]	1360
Rubi [N/A]	1361
Maple [N/A]	1361
Fricas [N/A]	1362
Sympy [F(-1)]	1362
Maxima [F(-2)]	1362
Giac [N/A]	1363
Mupad [N/A]	1363
Reduce [N/A]	1364

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^6*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^6}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^6*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^6)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^6}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^6*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^6/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^6*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^6*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.00

$$\int \frac{x^6(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a d^2 ex + 40\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ad e^2 x^3 + 6\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^3 x^5 - 30\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^6*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(30*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d**2*e*x + 40*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e**2*x**3 + 6*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**3*x**5 - 30*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**3 - 60*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 30*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e**2*x**4 - 5*sqrt(e)*a*d**3 - 10*sqrt(e)*a*d**2*e*x**2 - 5*sqrt(e)*a*d*e**2*x**4 + 12*int((acsc(c*x)*x**6)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**4 + 24*int((acsc(c*x)*x**6)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**5*x**2 + 12*int((acsc(c*x)*x**6)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**6*x**4)/(12*e**4*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

$$3.162 \quad \int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1365
Mathematica [N/A]	1365
Rubi [N/A]	1366
Maple [N/A]	1366
Fricas [N/A]	1367
Sympy [F(-1)]	1367
Maxima [F(-2)]	1367
Giac [N/A]	1368
Mupad [N/A]	1368
Reduce [N/A]	1369

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^4*arccsc(c*x) + a*x^4)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^4}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^4/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^4*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.61

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{ex^2+d}adex - 4\sqrt{ex^2+d}ae^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad^2 + 6\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad^2 + 6\sqrt{e} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d} + \sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad^2}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x - 4*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(e)
)*log((sqrt(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 6*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt
(d + e*x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(e)*log((sqrt(d + e
x**2) + sqrt(e)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d +
e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),
x)*b*d**2*e**3 + 6*int((acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d
+ e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d*e**4*x**2 + 3*int(
(acsc(c*x)*x**4)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sq
rt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*e**5*x**4)/(3*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**
2*x**4))
```

**3.163** 
$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1370
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1371
Maple [F]	1375
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1375
Sympy [F(-1)]	1376
Maxima [F]	1376
Giac [F]	1377
Mupad [F(-1)]	1377
Reduce [F]	1377

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 273

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bcx^2\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{3d(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x^3(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{bc^2x\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}E(\arcsin(cx)|-\frac{e}{c^2d})}{3e(c^2d+e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{bx\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx),-\frac{e}{c^2d})}{3de\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*b*c*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+
1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+1/3*b*c^2*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*
(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1
/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*b*x*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/
d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d/e/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( a(c^2d + e)x + bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}(d + ex^2)} + b(c^2d + e)x \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{3d(c^2d + e)(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}x\right) \mid -\frac{c^2d}{e}\right)}{3d\sqrt{-\frac{e}{d}}(c^2d + e)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x^2*(a*(c^2*d + e)*x + b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(d + e*x^2) + b*(c^2*d + e)*x*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*d*(c^2*d + e)*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(e/d)]*x], -((c^2*d + e)/e)))/(3*d*Sqrt[-(e/d)]*(c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 373, 326, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5762

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \mathbf{373} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d+e} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{326} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d+e} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{323} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{(c^2d+e) \sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{c^2d+e} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{323} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e) \sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{321} \\
 & \frac{bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e) \sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{331}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{330} \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x^3(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & bcx \left( \frac{x\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arcsin(cx) \middle| -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{ce\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3d\sqrt{c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (b*c*x*((x*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d + e)*sqrt[d + e*x^2]) - ((c*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]) - ((c^2*d + e)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d])*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(c*e*sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(c^2*d + e))/(3*d*sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 323  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) * x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) * x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$
- rule 326  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b * c - a * d) / d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$
- rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 330  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) * x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b/a) * x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 331  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2] / \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) * x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + (d/c) * x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$

rule 373

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,
m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((bc^3d^2e + bcde^2)x^3 \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + (ac^3d^2e + acde^2)x^3 + (bcde^2x^3 + bcd^2ex)\sqrt{d + ex^2})}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
1/3*(((b*c^3*d^2*e + b*c*d*e^2)*x^3*arccsc(c*x) + (a*c^3*d^2*e + a*c*d*e^2)
)*x^3 + (b*c*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) +
((b*c^4*d*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^4*d^2*e*x^2 + b*c^4*d^3)*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x)
, -e/(c^2*d)) - (b*c^4*d^3 + (b*c^4*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*x^4 + b*d^2*e + 2*(b*c^
4*d^2*e + b*d*e^2)*x^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c^
3*d^5*e + c*d^4*e^2 + (c^3*d^3*e^3 + c*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + c*d
^3*e^3)*x^2)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/3*a*(x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*e) - x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d*e)) + b*integrate(x
^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sq
rt(e*x^2 + d)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^2}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^2/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} a e^2 x^3 + \sqrt{e} a d^2 + 2\sqrt{e} a d e x^2 + \sqrt{e} a e^2 x^4 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\operatorname{arccsc}(c/x)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d^2 + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 + sqrt(e)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(e)*a*d*e*x**2 + sq  
rt(e)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt  
(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**3*e**2 + 6*int  
((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + s  
qrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3*x**2 + 3*int((acsc(c*x)*x**2)/(s  
qrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2  
*x**4),x)*b*d*e**4*x**4)/(3*d*e**2*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))
```

**3.164**  $\int \frac{a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d+ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1379
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1380
Rubi [A] (verified)	1380
Maple [F]	1385
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1385
Sympy [F(-1)]	1385
Maxima [F]	1386
Giac [F]	1386
Mupad [F(-1)]	1386
Reduce [F]	1387

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bcex^2\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{3d^2(c^2d + e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2x(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{bc^2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}E(\arcsin(cx) | -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{3d^2(c^2d + e)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d})}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}\sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*c*e*x^2*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(
1/2)+1/3*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/d^2
/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*b*c^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*EllipticE(
c*x,(-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*d+e)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(1+e
*x^2/d)^(1/2)+2/3*b*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(1+e*x^2/d)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c*x,(
-e/c^2/d)^(1/2))/d^2/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( -bce \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x(d + ex^2) + a(c^2 d + e)(3d + 2ex^2) + b(c^2 d + e)(3d + 2ex^2) \csc^{-1}(cx) \right)}{3d^2 (c^2 d + e) (d + ex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{ibc \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x \sqrt{1 + \frac{ex^2}{d}} (c^2 d E(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x}) | -\frac{e}{c^2 d}) + 2(c^2 d + e) \operatorname{EllipticF}(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x}), -\frac{e}{c^2 d}))}{3\sqrt{-c^2 d^2} (c^2 d + e) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d + ex^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(-(b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*(d + e*x^2)) + a*(c^2*d + e)*(3*d + 2*
e*x^2) + b*(c^2*d + e)*(3*d + 2*e*x^2)*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*d^2*(c^2*d + e)*(d
+ e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((I/3)*b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*
(c^2*d*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))] + 2*(c^2*d + e)*El
lipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], -(e/(c^2*d))]))/(Sqrt[-c^2]*d^2*(c^2*d +
e)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.550$ , Rules used = {5752, 27, 402, 27, 399, 323, 323, 321, 331, 330, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5752

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2 + 3d}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1} (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{d + ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{2ex^2+3d}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(ex^2+d)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 402 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(ex^2c^2+3dc^2+2e)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{d(c^2d+e)} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{ex^2c^2+3dc^2+2e}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d+e} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + 2(c^2d+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{ex^2+d}} dx}{c^2d+e} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 323 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{2(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{c^2d+e} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 323
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& bcx \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} dx}{c^2d+e}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 321 \\
& bcx \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{c^2d+e}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 331 \\
& bcx \left( \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{ex^2+d}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 330 \\
& bcx \left( \frac{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \\
& \frac{3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{2x(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{x(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3d(d+ex^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d+e)\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin(cx), -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{c\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} + \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d+ex^2} E\left(\arcsin(cx) \middle| -\frac{e}{c^2d}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{ex^2}{d}+1}}}{c^2d+e} - \frac{ex\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}}{(c^2d+e)\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right)$$


---


$$3d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*d*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]) + (b*c*x*(-((e*x*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))) + ((c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]) + (2*(c^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (e*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[ArcSin[c*x], -(e/(c^2*d))])/(c*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]))/(c^2*d + e))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 323 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`



rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 330 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2] Int[Sqrt[1 + (b/a)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 331 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] +  
 Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]))))`

rule 402 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))  
 Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 5752 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && (IGtQ[p, 0] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2(ac^3d^2e + acde^2)x^3 + 3(ac^3d^3 + acd^2e)x + (2(bc^3d^2e + bcde^2)x^3 + 3(bc^3d^3 + b$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*(a*c^3*d^2*e + a*c*d*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^3*d^3 + a*c*d^2*e)*x + (2*(b*c^3*d^2*e + b*c*d*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(b*c^3*d^3 + b*c*d^2*e)*x)*arccsc(c*x) - (b*c*d*e^2*x^3 + b*c*d^2*e*x)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d) - ((b*c^4*d*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^4*d^2*e*x^2 + b*c^4*d^3)*elliptic_e(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)) - (((b*c^4 - 3*b*c^2)*d*e^2 - 2*b*e^3)*x^4 + (b*c^4 - 3*b*c^2)*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e + 2*((b*c^4 - 3*b*c^2)*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*x^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(c*x), -e/(c^2*d)))*sqrt(-d))/(c^3*d^6 + c*d^5*e + (c^3*d^4*e^2 + c*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + 2*(c^3*d^5*e + c*d^4*e^2)*x^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(5/2), x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*(2*x/(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(e*x^2 + d)^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{(ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(d + e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ex^2 + d} adex + 2\sqrt{ex^2 + d} ae^2x^3 - 2\sqrt{e} ad^2 - 4\sqrt{e} ade x^2 - 2\sqrt{e} ae^2x^4 + 3\left(\right)}{(d + ex^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*a*e**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(e)*a*d*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(e)*a*e**2*x**4 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**4*e + 6*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 3*int(acsc(c*x)/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d*e*x**2 + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e**2*x**4),x)*b*d**2*e**3*x**4)/(3*d**2*e*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4))`

### 3.165 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1388
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1389
Rubi [A] (verified)	1390
Maple [F]	1394
Fricas [F]	1395
Sympy [F(-1)]	1395
Maxima [F]	1395
Giac [F]	1396
Mupad [F(-1)]	1397
Reduce [F]	1397

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 585

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 = & \frac{be \left( e^2(15 + 8m + m^2)^2 + 3c^2de(3 + m)^2(42 + 13m + m^2) + 3c^4d^2(840 + 638m + 179m^2 + 22m^3 + m^4) \right)}{c^5 f(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)(5 + m)(6 + m)(7 + m)\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{be^2(e(5 + m)^2 + 3c^2d(42 + 13m + m^2)) x(fx)^{3+m}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{c^3 f^3(4 + m)(5 + m)(6 + m)(7 + m)\sqrt{c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{be^3x(fx)^{5+m}\sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{cf^5(6 + m)(7 + m)\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^3(fx)^{1+m}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(1 + m)} \\
 & + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{3+m}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(3 + m)} \\
 & + \frac{3de^2(fx)^{5+m}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(5 + m)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{7+m}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(7 + m)} \\
 & + \frac{b \left( \frac{c^6d^3(2+m)(4+m)(6+m)}{1+m} + \frac{e(1+m)(e^2(15+8m+m^2)^2 + 3c^2de(3+m)^2(42+13m+m^2) + 3c^4d^2(840+638m+179m^2+22m^3+m^4))}{(3+m)(5+m)(7+m)} \right)}{c^5 f(1 + m)(2 + m)(4 + m)(6 + m)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

b*e*(e^2*(m^2+8*m+15)^2+3*c^2*d*e*(3+m)^2*(m^2+13*m+42)+3*c^4*d^2*(m^4+22*
m^3+179*m^2+638*m+840))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^5/f/(2+m)/(3+m)/
(4+m)/(5+m)/(6+m)/(7+m)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*e^2*(e*(5+m)^2+3*c^2*d*(m^2+13*m
+42))*x*(f*x)^(3+m)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/f^3/(4+m)/(5+m)/(6+m)/(7+m)/(c^2
*x^2)^(1/2)+b*e^3*x*(f*x)^(5+m)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/f^5/(6+m)/(7+m)/(c^2*x
^2)^(1/2)+d^3*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f/(1+m)+3*d^2*e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a
+b*arccsc(c*x))/f^3/(3+m)+3*d*e^2*(f*x)^(5+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f^5/(5+m)+
e^3*(f*x)^(7+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f^7/(7+m)+b*(c^6*d^3*(2+m)*(4+m)*(6+m)/(
1+m)+e*(1+m)*(e^2*(m^2+8*m+15)^2+3*c^2*d*e*(3+m)^2*(m^2+13*m+42)+3*c^4*d^2
*(m^4+22*m^3+179*m^2+638*m+840))/(3+m)/(5+m)/(7+m))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], c^2*x^2)/c^5/f/(1+m)/(2+
m)/(4+m)/(6+m)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
&= x(fx)^m \left( \frac{ad^3}{1+m} + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{3+m} + \frac{3ade^2x^4}{5+m} + \frac{ae^3x^6}{7+m} + \frac{bd^3 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{1+m} \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{3bd^2ex^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3+m} + \frac{3bde^2x^4 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{5+m} + \frac{be^3x^6 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{7+m} \\
&\quad - \frac{bcd^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{3bcd^2e \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(3+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{3bcde^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(5+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{bce^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^7 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, \frac{9+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(7+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```

x*(f*x)^m*((a*d^3)/(1+m) + (3*a*d^2*e*x^2)/(3+m) + (3*a*d*e^2*x^4)/(5
+m) + (a*e^3*x^6)/(7+m) + (b*d^3*ArcCsc[c*x])/(1+m) + (3*b*d^2*e*x^2*
ArcCsc[c*x])/(3+m) + (3*b*d*e^2*x^4*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5+m) + (b*e^3*x^6*Ar
cCsc[c*x])/(7+m) - (b*c*d^3*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/
2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((1+m)^2*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]) - (3*b*c*
d^2*e*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3+m)/2, (5+m)/
2, c^2*x^2])/((3+m)^2*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]) - (3*b*c*d*e^2*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*
x^2)]*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5+m)/2, (7+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((5+m)^
2*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]) - (b*c*e^3*Sqrt[1-1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^7*Hypergeometric2F
1[1/2, (7+m)/2, (9+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((7+m)^2*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]))

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5762, 2340, 1590, 363, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2)^3 (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5762} \\
 & bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m \left( \frac{e^3 x^6}{m+7} + \frac{3de^2 x^4}{m+5} + \frac{3d^2 ex^2}{m+3} + \frac{d^3}{m+1} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{d^3 (fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3d^2 e (fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2 (fx)^{m+5} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{e^3 (fx)^{m+7} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(fx)^m \left( \frac{e^2(3d(m^2+13m+42)c^2+e(m+5)^2)x^4}{(m+5)(m+7)} + \frac{3c^2d^2e(m+6)x^2}{m+3} + \frac{c^2d^3(m+6)}{m+1} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{c^2(m+6)} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+5}}{c^2f^5(m+6)(m+7)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{f^3(m+3)} +$$

$$\frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 1590

$$bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(fx)^m \left( \frac{d^3(m+4)(m+6)c^4}{m+1} + \frac{e(3d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840)e^4+3de(m+3)^2(m^2+13m+42)c^2+e^2(m^2+8m+15)^2)x^2}{(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx}{c^2(m+4)} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+5}}{c^2(m+6)} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{f^3(m+3)} +$$

$$\frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 363

$$bcx \left( \frac{\left( \frac{c^4d^3(m+4)(m+6)}{m+1} + \frac{e(m+1)(3c^4d^2(m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840)+3c^2de(m+3)^2(m^2+13m+42)+e^2(m^2+8m+15)^2)}{c^2(m+2)(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{e\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+5}}{c^2(m+4)} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^3(fx)^{m+1}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2e(fx)^{m+3}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} +$$

$$\frac{3de^2(fx)^{m+5}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3(fx)^{m+7}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 279



$$bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e^4 d^3 (m+4)(m+6)}{m+1} + \frac{e^{(m+1)} (3c^4 d^2 (m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840) + 3c^2 d e (m+3)^2 (m^2+13m+42) + e^2 (m^2+8m+15)^2)}{c^2 (m+2)(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$


---

$$\frac{d^3 (fx)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2 e (fx)^{m+3} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2 (fx)^{m+5} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3 (fx)^{m+7} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{d^3 (fx)^{m+1} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{3d^2 e (fx)^{m+3} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{3de^2 (fx)^{m+5} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} + \frac{e^3 (fx)^{m+7} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^7(m+7)}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{e^3 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1} (fx)^{m+5}}{c^2 f^5 (m+6)(m+7)} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2-1} (fx)^{m+3} (3c^2 d (m^2+13m+42) + e(m+5)^2)}{c^2 f^3 (m+4)(m+5)(m+7)} + \frac{e \sqrt{c^2x^2-1} (fx)^{m+1} (3c^4 d^2 (m^4+22m^3+179m^2+638m+840) + 3c^2 d e (m+3)^2 (m^2+13m+42) + e^2 (m^2+8m+15)^2)}{c^2 f (m+2)(m+3)(m+5)(m+7)} \right)$$


---

input

```
Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
(d^3*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f*(1+m)) + (3*d^2*e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f^3*(3+m)) + (3*d*e^2*(f*x)^(5+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f^5*(5+m)) + (e^3*(f*x)^(7+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f^7*(7+m)) + (b*c*x*(e^3*(f*x)^(5+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*f^5*(6+m)*(7+m)) + ((e^2*(e*(5+m)^2+3*c^2*d*(42+13*m+m^2))*(f*x)^(3+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*f^3*(4+m)*(5+m)*(7+m)) + ((e*(e^2*(15+8*m+m^2)^2+3*c^2*d*e*(3+m)^2*(42+13*m+m^2)+3*c^4*d^2*(840+638*m+179*m^2+22*m^3+m^4))*(f*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*f*(2+m)*(3+m)*(5+m)*(7+m)) + (((c^4*d^3*(4+m)*(6+m))/(1+m) + (e*(1+m)*(e^2*(15+8*m+m^2)^2+3*c^2*d*e*(3+m)^2*(42+13*m+m^2)+3*c^4*d^2*(840+638*m+179*m^2+22*m^3+m^4)))/(c^2*(2+m)*(3+m)*(5+m)*(7+m)))*(f*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/(f*(1+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*(4+m))/(c^2*(6+m)))/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 279

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a+b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1+b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1+b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 363

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m+2*p+3, 0]
```

rule 1590

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (
c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(f*x)^(m + 4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(
q + 1)/(e*f^(4*p - 1)*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(m + 4*p + 2*q
+ 1)) Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)*((a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - c^p*x^(4*p)) - d*c^p*(m + 4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2), x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p,
0] && !IntegerQ[q] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]
```

rule 2340

```
Int[(Pq)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1
)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x
_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Sim
p[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIn
tegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) |
| (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m
+ 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e^3*x^6 + 3*a*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*a*d^2*e*x^2 + a*d^3 + (b*e^3*x^6 + 3*b*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*b*d^2*e*x^2 + b*d^3)*arccsc(c*x))*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

a*e^3*f^m*x^7*x^m/(m + 7) + 3*a*d*e^2*f^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 3*a*d^2*e*f^m*
x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + (f*x)^(m + 1)*a*d^3/(f*(m + 1)) + (((b*e^3*f^m*m^3*arcta
n2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 9*b*e^3*f^m*m^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 23*b*e^3*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)
) + 15*b*e^3*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))x^7 + 3*(b*d*e^2
*f^m*m^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 11*b*d*e^2*f^m*m^2*arct
an2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 31*b*d*e^2*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 21*b*d*e^2*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x -
1)))x^5 + 3*(b*d^2*e*f^m*m^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 13
*b*d^2*e*f^m*m^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 47*b*d^2*e*f^m*
m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 35*b*d^2*e*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))x^3 + (b*d^3*f^m*m^3*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sq
rt(c*x - 1)) + 15*b*d^3*f^m*m^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) +
71*b*d^3*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 105*b*d^3*f^m*arc
tan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))x)x^m + (m^4 + 16*m^3 + 86*m^2 + 17
6*m + 105)*integrate(-(b*d^3*f^m*m^3 + 15*b*d^3*f^m*m^2 + (b*e^3*f^m*m^3 +
9*b*e^3*f^m*m^2 + 23*b*e^3*f^m*m + 15*b*e^3*f^m)*x^6 + 71*b*d^3*f^m*m + 1
05*b*d^3*f^m + 3*(b*d*e^2*f^m*m^3 + 11*b*d*e^2*f^m*m^2 + 31*b*d*e^2*f^m*m
+ 21*b*d*e^2*f^m)*x^4 + 3*(b*d^2*e*f^m*m^3 + 13*b*d^2*e*f^m*m^2 + 47*b*d^2
*e*f^m*m + 35*b*d^2*e*f^m)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*x^m/(m^4 + ...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^3 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((e*x^2 + d)^3*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^3 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(f**m*(x**m*a*d**3*m**3*x + 15*x**m*a*d**3*m**2*x + 71*x**m*a*d**3*m*x + 105*x**m*a*d**3*x + 3*x**m*a*d**2*e*m**3*x**3 + 39*x**m*a*d**2*e*m**2*x**3 + 141*x**m*a*d**2*e*m*x**3 + 105*x**m*a*d**2*e*x**3 + 3*x**m*a*d*e**2*m**3*x**5 + 33*x**m*a*d*e**2*m**2*x**5 + 93*x**m*a*d*e**2*m*x**5 + 63*x**m*a*d*e**2*x**5 + x**m*a*e**3*m**3*x**7 + 9*x**m*a*e**3*m**2*x**7 + 23*x**m*a*e**3*m*x**7 + 15*x**m*a*e**3*x**7 + int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m**4 + 16*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m**3 + 86*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m**2 + 176*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3*m + 105*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**6,x)*b*e**3 + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m**4 + 48*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m**3 + 258*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m**2 + 528*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2*m + 315*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*d*e**2 + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m**4 + 48*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m**3 + 258*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m**2 + 528*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e*m + 315*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d**2*e + int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m**4 + 16*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m**3 + 86*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m**2 + 176*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**3*m + 105*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**3)))/(m**4 + 16*m**3 + 86*m**2 + 176*m + 105)`

### 3.166 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1398
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1399
Rubi [A] (verified)	1399
Maple [F]	1403
Fricas [F]	1403
Sympy [F]	1404
Maxima [F]	1404
Giac [F]	1405
Mupad [F(-1)]	1405
Reduce [F]	1405

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 371

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{be(e(3+m)^2 + 2c^2d(20 + 9m + m^2)) x (fx)^{1+m} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{c^3 f(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(5+m) \sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2 x (fx)^{3+m} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}{cf^3(4+m)(5+m) \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2 (fx)^{1+m} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2de (fx)^{3+m} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(3+m)} + \frac{e^2 (fx)^{5+m} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(5+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{b(c^4 d^2(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(5+m) + e(1+m)^2 (e(3+m)^2 + 2c^2d(20 + 9m + m^2))) x (fx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + c^2x^2}}{c^3 f(1+m)^2(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(5+m) \sqrt{c^2x^2} \sqrt{-1 + c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
b*e*(e*(3+m)^2+2*c^2*d*(m^2+9*m+20))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c^3/f
/(2+m)/(3+m)/(4+m)/(5+m)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+b*e^2*x*(f*x)^(3+m)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(
1/2)/c/f^3/(4+m)/(5+m)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d^2*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f
/(1+m)+2*d*e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f^3/(3+m)+e^2*(f*x)^(5+m)*(a+b*
arccsc(c*x))/f^5/(5+m)+b*(c^4*d^2*(2+m)*(3+m)*(4+m)*(5+m)+e*(1+m)^2*(e*(3+
m)^2+2*c^2*d*(m^2+9*m+20)))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/
2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], c^2*x^2)/c^3/f/(1+m)^2/(2+m)/(3+m)/(4+m)/(5+m)/(
c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= x(fx)^m \left( \frac{ad^2}{1+m} + \frac{2adex^2}{3+m} + \frac{ae^2x^4}{5+m} + \frac{bd^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{1+m} + \frac{2bdex^2 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{3+m} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{be^2x^4 \csc^{-1}(cx)}{5+m} - \frac{bcd^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2bcde \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(3+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\left. - \frac{bce^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^5 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{7+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(5+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `x*(f*x)^m*((a*d^2)/(1+m) + (2*a*d*e*x^2)/(3+m) + (a*e^2*x^4)/(5+m) + (b*d^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(1+m) + (2*b*d*e*x^2*ArcCsc[c*x])/(3+m) + (b*e^2*x^4*ArcCsc[c*x])/(5+m) - (b*c*d^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((1+m)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (2*b*c*d*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3+m)/2, (5+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((3+m)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (b*c*e^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5+m)/2, (7+m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((5+m)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 1590, 363, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\int (d + ex^2)^2 (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5762

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e^2(m+1)(m+3)x^4 + 2de(m+1)(m+5)x^2 + d^2(m+3)(m+5))}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e^2(m+1)(m+3)x^4 + 2de(m+1)(m+5)x^2 + d^2(m+3)(m+5))}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{(m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15)\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

↓ 1590

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\int \frac{(fx)^m (c^2(m+3)(m+4)(m+5)d^2 + e(m+1)(2d(m^2+9m+20)c^2 + e(m+3)^2)x^2)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{c^2(m+4)} + \frac{e^2(m+1)(m+3)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+3}}{c^2 f^3(m+4)} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

↓ 363

$$\frac{bcx \left( \frac{\left( c^4 d^2(m+3)(m+4)(m+5) + \frac{e(m+1)^2(2c^2 d(m^2+9m+20) + e(m+3)^2)}{m+2} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}(2c^2 d(m^2+9m+20) + e(m+3)^2)}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{c^2(m+4)} + \frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( c^4 d^2(m+3)(m+4)(m+5) + \frac{e(m+1)^2(2c^2d(m^2+9m+20)+e(m+3)^2)}{m+2} \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}} + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+1}(2c^2d(m^2+9m+20)+e(m+3)^2)}{c^2f(m+2)} \right) \frac{1}{c^2(m+4)}$$


---


$$\frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{(m^3+9m^2+23m+15)\sqrt{c^2x^2}e^2(fx)^{m+5}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{d^2(fx)^{m+1}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{2de(fx)^{m+3}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \frac{e^2(fx)^{m+5}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^5(m+5)} +$$

$$bcx \left( \frac{e^2(m+1)(m+3)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+3}}{c^2f^3(m+4)} + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2-1}(fx)^{m+1}(2c^2d(m^2+9m+20)+e(m+3)^2)}{c^2f(m+2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(fx)^{m+1}(c^4d^2(m+3)(m+4)(m+5))}{c^2(m+4)} \right)$$


---

$(m^3+9m^2+23m+15)\sqrt{c^2x^2}$

input

`Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output

`(d^2*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f*(1+m)) + (2*d*e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f^3*(3+m)) + (e^2*(f*x)^(5+m)*(a+b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f^5*(5+m)) + (b*c*x*((e^2*(1+m)*(3+m)*(f*x)^(3+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*f^3*(4+m)) + ((e*(1+m)*(e*(3+m)^2+2*c^2*d*(20+9*m+m^2))*(f*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*f*(2+m)) + ((c^4*d^2*(3+m)*(4+m)*(5+m)+(e*(1+m)^2*(e*(3+m)^2+2*c^2*d*(20+9*m+m^2)))/(2+m))*(f*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,(1+m)/2,(3+m)/2,c^2*x^2])/(c^2*f*(1+m)*Sqrt[-1+c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*(4+m)))/((15+23*m+9*m^2+m^3)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1590 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(f*x)^(m + 4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*f^(4*p - 1)*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - c^p*x^(4*p)) - d*c^p*(m + 4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[q] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

rule 5762

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[a + b*ArcCsc[c*x] u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) | (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

output

```
int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((a*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^4 + 2*b*d*e*x^2 + b*d^2)*arccsc(c*x))*(f*x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*e^2*f^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 2*a*d*e*f^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + (f*x)^(m + 1)*a*d^2/(f*(m + 1)) + (((b*e^2*f^m*m^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 4*b*e^2*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 3*b*e^2*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))*x^5 + 2*(b*d*e*f^m*m^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 6*b*d*e*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 5*b*d*e*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))*x^3 + (b*d^2*f^m*m^2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 8*b*d^2*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 15*b*d^2*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))*x)*x^m + (m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)*integrate(-(b*d^2*f^m*m^2 + 8*b*d^2*f^m*m + (b*e^2*f^m*m^2 + 4*b*e^2*f^m*m + 3*b*e^2*f^m)*x^4 + 15*b*d^2*f^m + 2*(b*d*e*f^m*m^2 + 6*b*d*e*f^m*m + 5*b*d*e*f^m)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*x^m/(m^3 - (c^2*m^3 + 9*c^2*m^2 + 23*c^2*m + 15*c^2)*x^2 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15), x))/(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^2 (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^2*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^2*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^2 (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{f^m (x^m a d^2 m^2 x + 8x^m a d^2 m x + 15x^m a d^2 x + 2x^m a d e m^2 x^3 + 12x^m a d e m x^3 + 10x^m a d e x^3 + x^m a e^2 m^2 x^3)}{1}$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output

```
(f***m*(x***m*a*d**2*m**2*x + 8*x***m*a*d**2*m*x + 15*x***m*a*d**2*x + 2*x***m*
a*d*e*m**2*x**3 + 12*x***m*a*d*e*m*x**3 + 10*x***m*a*d*e*x**3 + x***m*a*e**2*
m**2*x**5 + 4*x***m*a*e**2*m*x**5 + 3*x***m*a*e**2*x**5 + int(x***m*acsc(c*x)
*x**4,x)*b*e**2*m**3 + 9*int(x***m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**2*m**2 + 23*int(x
***m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**2*m + 15*int(x***m*acsc(c*x)*x**4,x)*b*e**2 + 2*
int(x***m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e*m**3 + 18*int(x***m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*
e*m**2 + 46*int(x***m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*d*e*m + 30*int(x***m*acsc(c*x)*x**
2,x)*b*d*e + int(x***m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**2*m**3 + 9*int(x***m*acsc(c*x),x)*b
*d**2*m**2 + 23*int(x***m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d**2*m + 15*int(x***m*acsc(c*x),x)*
b*d**2))/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15)
```

### 3.167 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1407
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1408
Rubi [A] (verified)	1408
Maple [F]	1411
Fricas [F]	1411
Sympy [F]	1411
Maxima [F]	1412
Giac [F]	1412
Mupad [F(-1)]	1412
Reduce [F]	1413

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{bex(fx)^{1+m}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}{cf(6+5m+m^2)\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d(fx)^{1+m}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(1+m)} + \frac{e(fx)^{3+m}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(3+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{b(e(1+m)^2+c^2d(2+m)(3+m))x(fx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{cf(1+m)^2(2+m)(3+m)\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
b*e*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/c/f/(m^2+5*m+6)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)+d*(f*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f/(1+m)+e*(f*x)^(3+m)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/f^3/(3+m)+b*(e*(1+m)^2+c^2*d*(2+m)*(3+m))*x*(f*x)^(1+m)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], c^2*x^2)/c/f/(1+m)^2/(2+m)/(3+m)/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= x(fx)^m \left( -\frac{bcd\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{(1+m)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\frac{(3+m)(d(3+m)+e(1+m)x^2)(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{1+m} - \frac{bce\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, c^2x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{(3+m)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `x*(f*x)^m*(-((b*c*d*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2])/((1 + m)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])) + (((3 + m)*(d*(3 + m) + e*(1 + m)*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(1 + m) - (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, c^2*x^2])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3 + m)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5762, 27, 363, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2) (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5762$$

$$\frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e(m+1)x^2 + d(m+3))}{(m^2 + 4m + 3)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bcx \int \frac{(fx)^m (e(m+1)x^2 + d(m+3))}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx}{(m^2 + 4m + 3) \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
& \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \left( \frac{e(m+1)^2}{c^2(m+2)} + d(m+3) \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}} dx + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^2 + 4m + 3) \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
& \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{e(m+1)^2}{c^2(m+2)} + d(m+3) \right) \int \frac{(fx)^m}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^2 + 4m + 3) \sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \\
& \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} \\
& \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{d(fx)^{m+1} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f(m+1)} + \frac{e(fx)^{m+3} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{f^3(m+3)} + \\
& \frac{bcx \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (fx)^{m+1} \left( \frac{e(m+1)^2}{c^2(m+2)} + d(m+3) \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, c^2x^2\right) + \frac{e(m+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}(fx)^{m+1}}{c^2 f(m+2)} \right)}{(m^2 + 4m + 3) \sqrt{c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `(d*(f*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f*(1 + m)) + (e*(f*x)^(3 + m)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(f^3*(3 + m)) + (b*c*x*((e*(1 + m)*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*f*(2 + m)) + (((e*(1 + m)^2)/(c^2*(2 + m)) + d*(3 + m))*(f*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2])/(f*(1 + m)*Sqrt[-1 + c^2*x^2]))/((3 + 4*m + m^2)*Sqrt[c^2*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 5762 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x)]*(b_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f*x)^(m*(d + e*x^2)^p], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) u, x] + Simp[b*c*(x/Sqrt[c^2*x^2]) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(x*Sqrt[c^2*x^2 - 1]), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && ((IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] && GtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])) || (ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 1)/2, 0] && !ILtQ[(m - 1)/2, 0]))`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) (d + ex^2) dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*e*f^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + (f*x)^(m + 1)*a*d/(f*(m + 1)) + (((b*e*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + b*e*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*x^3 + (b*d*f^m*m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 3*b*d*f^m*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))*x)*x^m + (m^2 + 4*m + 3)*integrate((b*d*f^m*m + 3*b*d*f^m + (b*e*f^m*m + b*e*f^m)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)*x^m/((c^2*m^2 + 4*c^2*m + 3*c^2)*x^2 - m^2 - 4*m - 3), x)/(m^2 + 4*m + 3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d) \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2) (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{f^m (x^m a d m x + 3 x^m a d x + x^m a e m x^3 + x^m a e x^3 + (\int x^m a c s c(c x) x^2 d x) b e m^2 + 4 (\int x^m a c s c(c x) x^2 d x) b e m}{m^2 + 4 m + 3}$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `(f**m*(x**m*a*d*m*x + 3*x**m*a*d*x + x**m*a*e*m*x**3 + x**m*a*e*x**3 + int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e*m**2 + 4*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e*m + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d*m**2 + 4*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d*m + 3*int(x**m*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d))/(m**2 + 4*m + 3)`

**3.168**  $\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	1414
Mathematica [N/A]	1414
Rubi [N/A]	1415
Maple [N/A]	1415
Fricas [N/A]	1416
Sympy [N/A]	1416
Maxima [N/A]	1416
Giac [N/A]	1417
Mupad [N/A]	1417
Reduce [N/A]	1418

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d), x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d+ex^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`



**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 39.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{d + ex^2} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{ex^2 + d} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d),x)`output `f**m*(int(x**m/(d + e*x**2),x)*a + int((x**m*acsc(c*x))/(d + e*x**2),x)*b)`

**3.169** 
$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1419
Mathematica [N/A]	1419
Rubi [N/A]	1420
Maple [N/A]	1420
Fricas [N/A]	1421
Sympy [F(-1)]	1421
Maxima [N/A]	1421
Giac [N/A]	1422
Mupad [N/A]	1422
Reduce [N/A]	1422

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d+ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^2, x)`

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{e^2 x^4 + 2de x^2 + d^2} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*a + int((x**m*acsc(c*x))  
/(d**2 + 2*d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**4),x)*b)`



### 3.170 $\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1424
Mathematica [N/A]	1424
Rubi [N/A]	1425
Maple [N/A]	1425
Fricas [N/A]	1426
Sympy [F(-1)]	1426
Maxima [N/A]	1426
Giac [N/A]	1427
Mupad [N/A]	1427
Reduce [N/A]	1427

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left((fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)
```

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]
```

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*arccsc(c*x))*sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (ex^2 + d)^{3/2} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int (fx)^m (d + ex^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = f^m \left( \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^2 dx \right) be + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) bd + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} x^2 dx \right) ae + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx \right) ad \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x)*x**2,x)*b*e + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x),x)*b*d + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*x**2,x)*a*e + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*a*d)`

### 3.171 $\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$

Optimal result	1429
Mathematica [N/A]	1429
Rubi [N/A]	1430
Maple [N/A]	1430
Fricas [N/A]	1431
Sympy [N/A]	1431
Maxima [N/A]	1431
Giac [N/A]	1432
Mupad [N/A]	1432
Reduce [N/A]	1433

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \text{Int}\left((fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

#### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[(f*x)^m*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(f*x)^m*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex^2} (fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

input `Int[(f*x)^m*sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 54.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)) \sqrt{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(e*x**2+d)**(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))*sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ex^2 + d} (b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a) (fx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m, x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) dx = \int (fx)^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \left( a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) \right) dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (fx)^m \sqrt{d + ex^2} (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)) dx = f^m \left( \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) dx \right) b + \left( \int x^m \sqrt{ex^2 + d} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(e*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a+b*acsc(c*x)),x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2)*acsc(c*x),x)*b + int(x**m*sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*a)`

**3.172** 
$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1434
Mathematica [N/A]	1434
Rubi [N/A]	1435
Maple [N/A]	1435
Fricas [N/A]	1436
Sympy [N/A]	1436
Maxima [N/A]	1436
Giac [N/A]	1437
Mupad [N/A]	1437
Reduce [N/A]	1438

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[d + e*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{e x^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 23.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f*x)**m*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/sqrt(e*x^2 + d), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{d + ex^2}} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d}} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*a + int((x**m*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(d + e*x**2),x)*b)`

$$3.173 \quad \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1439
Mathematica [N/A]	1439
Rubi [N/A]	1440
Maple [N/A]	1440
Fricas [N/A]	1441
Sympy [F(-1)]	1441
Maxima [N/A]	1441
Giac [N/A]	1442
Mupad [N/A]	1442
Reduce [N/A]	1443

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`



**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[((f*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x^2 + d)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x)**m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)(fx)^m}{(ex^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x)^m*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*(f*x)^m/(e*x^2 + d)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{(ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f*x)^m*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(d + e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(fx)^m (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{(d + ex^2)^{3/2}} dx = f^m \left( \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex^2} dx \right) a \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \frac{x^m \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{\sqrt{ex^2 + d} d + \sqrt{ex^2 + d} ex^2} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((f*x)^m*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `f**m*(int(x**m/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*a + int((x**m*acsc(c*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x**2)*d + sqrt(d + e*x**2)*e*x**2),x)*b)`

**3.174** 
$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1444
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1445
Rubi [A] (verified)	1445
Maple [F]	1448
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
Sympy [F(-1)]	1449
Maxima [F]	1450
Giac [F(-2)]	1450
Mupad [F(-1)]	1451
Reduce [F]	1451

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 401

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^{11}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx = & -\frac{4b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}{15c^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} + \frac{7b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(1+c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{90c^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\ & -\frac{13b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(1+c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{150c^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(1+c^2x^2)^{7/2}}{70c^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \\ & -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(1+c^2x^2)^{9/2}}{90c^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\ & + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} \\ & - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} \\ & + \frac{4b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+c^2x^2})}{15c^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^{13}/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x+7/ \\
& 90*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(3/2)}/c^{13}/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x-13/15 \\
& 0*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(5/2)}/c^{13}/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x+3/70*b \\
& *(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(7/2)}/c^{13}/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x-1/90*b*(- \\
& c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c^2*x^2+1)^{(9/2)}/c^{13}/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x-1/2*(-c^4*x^ \\
& 4+1)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arccsc(c*x))/c^{12}+1/3*(-c^4*x^4+1)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*\arccsc(c*x)) \\
& /c^{12}-1/10*(-c^4*x^4+1)^{(5/2)}*(a+b*\arccsc(c*x))/c^{12}+4/15*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{( \\
& 1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/c^{13}/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x
\end{aligned}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{105a\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(8 + 4c^4 x^4 + 3c^8 x^8) + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}x\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}(768 + 36c^2 x^2 + 78c^4 x^4 + 5c^6 x^6 + 35c^8 x^8)}{-1 + c^2 x^2} + 105b\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}}{3150c^{12}}$$

input

Integrate[(x^11\*(a + b\*ArcCsc[c\*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4\*x^4], x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/3150*(105*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]*(8 + 4*c^4*x^4 + 3*c^8*x^8) + (b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 \\
& - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]*(768 + 36*c^2*x^2 + 78*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6 \\
& *x^6 + 35*c^8*x^8))/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + 105*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^4*x^4]*(8 + 4*c^4*x^ \\
& 4 + 3*c^8*x^8)*\operatorname{ArcCsc}[c*x] + 840*b*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt} \\
& [1 - c^4*x^4]])/c^{12}
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 1388, 2331, 2123, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5770} \\
& \frac{b \int -\frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(3c^8 x^8 + 4c^4 x^4 + 8)}{30c^{12} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx}{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))} - \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{c}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(3c^8 x^8 + 4c^4 x^4 + 8)}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}} dx}{30c^{13}} - \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(3c^8 x^8 + 4c^4 x^4 + 8)}{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx}{30c^{13} x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}(3c^8 x^8 + 4c^4 x^4 + 8)}{x}}{30c^{13} x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx - \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2331} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}(3c^8 x^8 + 4c^4 x^4 + 8)}{x^2} dx}{60c^{13} x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{5/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \\
& \quad \frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2123}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \left( 3c^2(c^2x^2+1)^{7/2} - 9c^2(c^2x^2+1)^{5/2} + 13c^2(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2} - 7c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{x^2} \right) dx^2}{60c^{13}x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{5/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{10c^{12}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{3c^{12}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^{12}}}{60c^{13}x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}$$

$$b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -16\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) + \frac{2}{3}(c^2x^2+1)^{9/2} - \frac{18}{7}(c^2x^2+1)^{7/2} + \frac{26}{5}(c^2x^2+1)^{5/2} - \frac{14}{3}(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(x^11*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4], x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/c^12 + ((1 - c^4*x^4)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(3*c^12) - ((1 - c^4*x^4)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(10*c^12) - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(16*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] - (14*(1 + c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + (26*(1 + c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/5 - (18*(1 + c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/7 + (2*(1 + c^2*x^2)^(9/2))/3 - 16*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(60*c^13*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 1388

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))
```



rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2123 `Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && (IntegersQ[m, n] || IGtQ[m, -2])`

rule 2331 `Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*SubstFor[x^2, Pq, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^2] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b))))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{-x^4c^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(x^11*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^11*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(35bc^8x^8 + 5bc^6x^6 + 78bc^4x^4 + 36bc^2x^2 + 768b)\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} - 840(bc^2x^2 - b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^4x^4 - 1}\right) + 105(3ac^{10}x^{10} - 3ac^8x^8 + 4ac^6x^6 - 4ac^4x^4 + 8ac^2x^2 + (3bc^{10}x^{10} - 3bc^8x^8 + 4bc^6x^6 - 4bc^4x^4 + 8bc^2x^2 - 8b) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 8a)\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}}{(c^{14}x^2 - c^{12})}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3150*((35*b*c^8*x^8 + 5*b*c^6*x^6 + 78*b*c^4*x^4 + 36*b*c^2*x^2 + 768*b)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) - 840*(b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arctan(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^4*x^4 - 1)) + 105*(3*a*c^10*x^10 - 3*a*c^8*x^8 + 4*a*c^6*x^6 - 4*a*c^4*x^4 + 8*a*c^2*x^2 + (3*b*c^10*x^10 - 3*b*c^8*x^8 + 4*b*c^6*x^6 - 4*b*c^4*x^4 + 8*b*c^2*x^2 - 8*b)*arccsc(c*x) - 8*a)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1))/(c^14*x^2 - c^12)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**11*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^{11}}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^11*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*a*(3*(-c^4*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)/c^12 - 10*(-c^4*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^12 + 15*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)/c^12) + 1/30*(30*c^12*integrate(1/30*(3*c^10*x^11 + 3*c^8*x^9 + 4*c^6*x^7 + 4*c^4*x^5 + 8*c^2*x^3 + 8*x)*e^(-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^10*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1)) + sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^10), x) - (3*c^8*x^8*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 4*c^4*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 8*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x - 1))*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*b/c^12`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^11*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^11*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a c^8 x^8 - 4\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a c^4 x^4 - 8\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 30 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^{11}}{c^4 x^4 - 1} dx \right) b c^{12}}{30 c^{12}}$$

input `int(x^11*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 3*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a*c**8*x**8 - 4*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a*c**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 30*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsc(c*x)*x**11)/(c**4*x**4 - 1),x)*b*c**12)/(30*c**12)`

**3.175**  $\int \frac{x^7(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1453
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1453
Maple [F]	1456
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1457
Sympy [F(-1)]	1457
Maxima [F]	1458
Giac [F(-2)]	1458
Mupad [F(-1)]	1459
Reduce [F]	1459

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{x^7(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}}{3c^9\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(1+c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{18c^9\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} - \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(1+c^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30c^9\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+c^2x^2})}{3c^9\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x}}$$

output

```
-1/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^9/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/18
*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/c^9/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/30*b*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)/c^9/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/2*(-c^4*x^
4+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c^8+1/6*(-c^4*x^4+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/
c^8+1/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/c^9/(1-1/c^2/x^2)
^(1/2)/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \frac{15a\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(2 + c^4x^4) + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(28 + c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4)}{-1 + c^2x^2} + 15b\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(2 + c^4x^4) \csc^{-1}(cx) + 30b}{90c^8}$$

input `Integrate[(x^7*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4], x]`output `-1/90*(15*a*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(2 + c^4*x^4) + (b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(28 + c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4))/(-1 + c^2*x^2) + 15*b*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(2 + c^4*x^4)*ArcCsc[c*x] + 30*b*ArcTan[(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]])/c^8`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 7272, 1388, 1579, 517, 25, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

↓ 5770

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(c^4x^4 + 2)}{6c^8\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{c} + \frac{(1 - c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(c^4x^4 + 2)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2} dx}{6c^9} + \frac{(1 - c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{7272} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(c^4x^4+2)}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{6c^9x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow \text{1388} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(c^4x^4+2)}{x} dx}{6c^9x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow \text{1579} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(c^4x^4+2)}{x^2} dx^2}{12c^9x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow \text{517} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int -\frac{x^4(c^4x^8-2c^4x^4+3c^4)}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{6c^{13}x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{x^4(c^4x^8-2c^4x^4+3c^4)}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{6c^{13}x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow \text{1584} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \left(-c^4x^8+c^4x^4-2c^4+\frac{2c^4}{1-x^4}\right) d\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{6c^{13}x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{(1-c^4x^4)^{3/2}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^8} \\
& \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(1 - c^4 x^4)^{3/2} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)) - \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4} (a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{6c^8} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -2c^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) + \frac{c^4 x^{10}}{5} - \frac{c^4 x^6}{3} + 2c^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{6c^{13} x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}$$

input `Int[(x^7*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/c^8 + ((1 - c^4*x^4)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/(6*c^8) - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-1/3*(c^4*x^6) + (c^4*x^10)/5 + 2*c^4*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] - 2*c^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(6*c^13*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 517 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(e^m/d^(m + 2*p + 1)) Subst[Int[x^(2*n + 1)*(-c + x^2)^m*(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 1579 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m + 1)/2]`



rule 1584 `Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5770 `Int[((a_) + ArcCsc[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 7272 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(x^(n*FracPart[p])*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(n*p)*(1 + a*(1/(x^n*b)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{-x^4c^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{(3bc^4x^4 + bc^2x^2 + 28b)\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1} - 30(bc^2x^2 - b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^4x^4 - 1}\right) + 15(ac^6x^6 - a^2c^4x^4 + 2ac^2x^2 - 2b)\operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - 2a\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}}{90(c^{10}x^2 - c^8)}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/90*((3*b*c^4*x^4 + b*c^2*x^2 + 28*b)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1) - 30*(b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arctan(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^4*x^4 - 1)) + 15*(a*c^6*x^6 - a*c^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*x^2 + (b*c^6*x^6 - b*c^4*x^4 + 2*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*b)*arccsc(c*x) - 2*a)*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1))/(c^10*x^2 - c^8)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**7*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^7}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*((-c^4*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^8 - 3*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)/c^8) + 1/6*(c^8*x^8 *arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) + 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^8*integrate(1/6*(c^6*x^7 + c^4*x^5 + 2*c^2*x^3 + 2*x)* e^(-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^6*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1)) + sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^6), x) + c^4*x^4*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)) - 2*arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))) *b/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^8)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^7(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^7*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^7*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a c^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^7}{c^4 x^4 - 1} dx \right) b c^8}{6c^8}$$

input `int(x^7*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 6*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsc(c*x)*x**7)/(c**4*x**4 - 1),x)*b*c**8)/(6*c**8)`

**3.176**  $\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$

Optimal result	1460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
Rubi [A] (verified)	1461
Maple [F]	1464
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1464
Sympy [F]	1465
Maxima [F]	1465
Giac [F]	1465
Mupad [F(-1)]	1466
Reduce [F]	1466

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx = -\frac{bx\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}{2c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} + \frac{bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}{\sqrt{-1+c^2x^2}}\right)}{2c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*x*(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2)-1/2*(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/c^4+1/2*b*x*arctan((-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)^(1/2))/c^3/(c^2*x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx = \frac{\left(a-bc\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x-ac^2x^2\right)\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}-b(-1+c^2x^2)\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}\csc^{-1}(cx)+(b-bc^2x^2)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{2c^4(-1+c^2x^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `((a - b*c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x - a*c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4] - b*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*ArcCsc[c*x] + (b - b*c^2*x^2)*ArcTan[(c*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]])/(2*c^4*(-1 + c^2*x^2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {5770, 27, 1896, 1388, 243, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5770} \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}}{2c^4 \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2} dx}{2c^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1896} \\
 & -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}}{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx}{2c^5 x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{x} dx}{2c^5 x \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{x^2} dx^2}{4c^5x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx^2 + 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{4c^5x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4-1}{c^2-\frac{1}{c^2}} d\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{c^2} + 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right)}{4c^5x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}(a+b\csc^{-1}(cx))}{2c^4} - \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} - 2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \right)}{4c^5x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]*(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]))/c^4 - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2*Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2]]))/(4*c^5*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 1896 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e^IntPart[q]*((d + e*x^mn)^FracPart[q]/(1 + d*(1/(x^mn*e))))^FracPart[q])/x^(mn*FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m + mn*q)*(1 + d*(1/(x^mn*e))))^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, mn, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n2]`



rule 5770

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsc[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*(u_), x_Symbol] := With[{v = IntHide
[u, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x]) v, x] + Simp[b/c Int[SimplifyIntegran
d[v/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[v, x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{-x^4c^4 + 1}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}b - (bc^2x^2 - b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}\sqrt{c^2x^2 - 1}}{c^4x^4 - 1}\right) + \sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}(ac^2x^2 + (bc^2x^2 - b) \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) - a)}{2(c^6x^2 - c^4)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b - (b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arctan(sqrt
(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*sqrt(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^4*x^4 - 1)) + sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*(a*c^
2*x^2 + (b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arccsc(c*x) - a))/(c^6*x^2 - c^4)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a + b*acsc(c*x))/sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c**2*x**2 + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*c^4*integrate(1/2*(c^2*x^3 + x)*e^(-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(c*x - 1))/(c^2*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(c*x - 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1)) + sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^2), x) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan(2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1)))*b/c^4 - 1/2*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*a/c^4`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{(b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a)x^3}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)*x^3/sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{cx}))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*asin(1/(c*x))))/(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \csc^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsc}(cx) x^3}{c^4 x^4 - 1} dx \right) b c^4}{2c^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*acsc(c*x))/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 2*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsc(c*x)*x**3)/(c**4*x**4 - 1),x)*b*c**4)/(2*c**4)`

$$3.177 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1-c^4x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1467
Mathematica [N/A]	1467
Rubi [N/A]	1468
Maple [N/A]	1468
Fricas [N/A]	1469
Sympy [N/A]	1469
Maxima [N/A]	1469
Giac [N/A]	1470
Mupad [N/A]	1470
Reduce [N/A]	1471

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x\sqrt{-x^4c^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(c^4*x^5 - x), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x*sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c**2*x**2 + 1))), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*a*(log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) - 1)) + b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*x - 1))/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x), x)
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1}x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*x), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x\sqrt{1 - c^4x^4}} dx = - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{c^4x^5 - x} dx \right) b + \frac{\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{\operatorname{asin}(c^2x^2)}{2}\right)\right) a}{2}$$

input

```
int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsc(c*x))/(c**4*x**5 - x),x)*b + log(tan(asin(c**2*x**2)/2))*a)/2
```



$$3.178 \quad \int \frac{a+b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1-c^4 x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1472
Mathematica [N/A]	1472
Rubi [N/A]	1473
Maple [N/A]	1473
Fricas [N/A]	1474
Sympy [N/A]	1474
Maxima [N/A]	1474
Giac [N/A]	1475
Mupad [N/A]	1475
Reduce [N/A]	1476

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

### Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]), x]`

**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

↓ 5772

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCsc[c*x])/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^4*x^4]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Maple [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{-x^4 c^4 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*(b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(c^4*x^9 - x^5), x)`

**Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 82.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)(c^2 x^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x**5/(-c**4*x**4+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acsc(c*x))/(x**5*sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)*(c**2*x**2 + 1))), x)`

**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/8*(c^4*log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) + 1) - c^4*log(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1) - 1) +
2*sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)/x^4)*a + b*integrate(arctan2(1, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(c*
x - 1))/(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^5), x)
```

**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*arccsc(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(-c^4*x^4 + 1)*x^5), x)
```

**Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^5*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*asin(1/(c*x)))/(x^5*(1 - c^4*x^4)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(cx)}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^4 x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} a - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^4 x^4 + 1} \operatorname{acsc}(cx)}{c^4 x^9 - x^5} dx \right) b x^4 + \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{\operatorname{asin}(c^2 x^2)}{2} \right) \right) a c^4 x^4}{4x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*acsc(c*x))/x^5/(-c^4*x^4+1)^(1/2),x)`output `( - sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*a - 4*int((sqrt( - c**4*x**4 + 1)*acsc(c*x))/(c**4*x**9 - x**5),x)*b*x**4 + log(tan(asin(c**2*x**2)/2))*a*c**4*x**4)/(4*x**4)`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions . . . . . 1477  
4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS . 1495

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```



```

    Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
    If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
    If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
    If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#                    if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#                    see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
            convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
            convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```



```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file